FORTY-FIFTH YEAR.

THE VEIL OF SECRECY

Which Has Sheltered the Movements and Aims of the Independents

NOW BOLDLY THROWN OFF.

Chairman Mapes Tells Why He Hopes and Expects to Help Defeat Quay's Candidate

BY AN OVERWHELMING MAJORITY.

The Republican Party Must Be Purified and Reorganized for the Great Struggle of 1892.

BIG DEMOCRATIC GAINS IN VERMONT.

The Green X untain State is Saved, but the Margin is the Smallest Ever Known in Its Political History.

DELAMATER WITH THE WASHINGTON GRANGERS.

Chairman Mopes has taken charge of the Independent Republican campaign. He wants a majority for Pattison so big that no one will ever claim it as an exclusive Democratic victory. He thinks the defeat of Delamater and Quay will be to the permanent advantage of the Republican party.

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) PHILADELPHIA. September 2.-The Independent Republican Committee is at last ready for active work. George E. Mapes, who has been named as the Chairman, served three successive terms in the State Legislature as a representative of Verango county, and was still a member when he removed to Philadelphia in 1882.

Although he has always been a Republean he did not, when in the Legislature, hesitate to do what seemed to be his duty, regardless of liberal banquet. After a visit to the grand the dictation of party managers. He was one of the managers for the state of the prosecution of Kemble, Rumbaugh, Salter, Petroff and others in 1879, for bribery and corrupt solicitation, which resulted in the conviction of Petroff and the entering of a plea of guilty by the others.

The Most Open and Direct Rond. When asked to-day if he was to be Chairan of the Independent Republican State Committee, Mr. , Iapes said: "At the request of a number of prominent Republicans in the State I have agreed to organize the State Committee. I presume I shall continue at the head of it through the campaign, unless somebody who is better qualified will accept the place. In that case I will gladly step down into the ranks, as I have no personal ambitions to serve."

"Will there be an Independent Republican ticket in the field?"

"It is not the present intention to have any. The purpose of this movement is to defeat and rebuke the private-wire bossism which forced Delamater's nomination. It has been deemed best by most of the Republicans connected with this movement to go by the most open and direct road to this result,"

"Which means-?"

Want an Overwhelming Majority. "That we shall try to persuade Republicans who are tired of Quay's dictation, and who do not believe that Mr. Delamater represents either the interests or the will of the party, to vote for Mr. Pattison. We desire to accomplish that result by a majority so large that nobody will ever dream of calling it a Democratic victory. Pattison has been tried once in the Governor's chair. He gave a clean and honorable administration. No good citizen, whether Republican or Democrat, can look back to the four years of that administration and find a dirty spot to put a finger on, nor point out a sinele opportunity which he did not try to use for the advantage of the Commonwealth. Nobody claims he was infallible, or he is incapable of making a mistake, but his conduct satisfied everybody that he strove carnestly always to do what was right, and even the most pronounced Republicans conceded that in the main he did wisely."

"But conceding, Mr. Mapes, that you can elect Pattison, and that he will make a good Governor, what is the gain for the Republican party?"

The Time for Action. "Isn't it better to defeat and rebuke bad leadership in 1890 than to permit bad leadership to defeat the partsein 1892, when the stake is a Presidency? We are Republicans profoundly believing that the prosperity of country depends on the continuation of its great policy of protection to American industries. We won the election of 1888 by a dangerously narrow, margin. Who believes that we could carry the country this tall? When success brings disregood of party principles and pledges, and leaders insolent with power, set up a monarchy within the party, defeat is sure to follow. Is it better to take bitter medicine, or to die of disease? Shall we teach our leaders and the country that those who hold high places in the Republican party must be worthy of them, or shall we wait until the steach of their disrepute so fills the nostrils of the people that the party is altogether overthrown in shame and disaster? The strength of the Republican party as of any party long in power, must lie in its willingness to punish its own rascals and purify its own leadership. If the time ever comes when money is our main dependence for success, and silence our only defense against charges which, if true, cover us with unworthiness and dishonor, what hope have we, and what would an honest man think of the country that would give us any hope of

successial existence?" How Lincoln Would Vote. "Then your purpose is to reluke Quayism by defeating Quay's candidate?" "How do you suppose Abraham Lincoln

of Pennsylvania this fall? What would any one of the fathers of the Republican party feel to be his duty? We are Republicans. We expect to vote for Republican candidates for Congress and the Legislature generally throughout the State. They represent our principles of National policy. Governor Pattison's views on the tariff question have no more to do with legislation on the tariff question than the views of the man in the moon. His influence upon the next tariff bill will be exactly the same, whether he is elected or defeated, and so

will Senator Delamater's." "That is doubtless true, but will not the moral effect of the election of Pattison be to disorganize the Republican party and lead

to its defeat in '92?" Parification Not Disorganization. "Oh no. That ghost doesn't walk this year. Pattison was elected in 1882, and the party was so "disorganized" that it carried the State by 80,000 in '84. Purification is not disorganization. It is reorganization upon such lines that a Republican may take his manhood with him to its convention, independent of arrogant bosses and their mercenary henchmen, and vote for the candidates afterward with pride in their worth and uprightness. It means a party whose high places do not hang on the private wire of any boss. It Quay and his candidate are defeated now the will of the party will have to be respected in future. If they are not defeated the party will have no will hereafter but Quay's will, and men who own and respect themselves no standing room in the party at all."

AMONG THE GRANGERS.

Delamater Spends the Day Pleasantly at the Washington County Fair. ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR !

WASHINGTON, Pa., September 2 .- Senator Delamater, accompanied by Hon. J. B. Finley, Hon. G. B. Lawrence, Hon. J. K. Billingsley, Hon. S. P. White, of Beaver; Hon. J. B. Donaldson, of Canonsburg; A. J. Edwards, Assistant Postmaster of Pittsburg, and D. F. Collingwood, arrived at the fair grounds of the Agricultural Association at 11:15 o'clock this morning. Though the day was very fine, the crowd was not as large as was expected. This due, no doubt, to the fact that not all of the exhibits had been put in place, and the crowd preferred to attend during the latter part of the week. Everything was in a bustle when the distinguished party arrived, and there was no attempt to make any good showing of the exhibits to the visitors.

Mr. Delamater, with his party, was re-

Mr. Delamater, with his party, was received with enthusiasm, when they drove
through the grounds, one cheer after
another following them. To this
the man who is soon to ask
for the people's vote for Governor,
smiled good-humoredly, and raised his hat
repeatedly. Arriving at Exhibition Hall,
the party was taken in charge the the party was taken in charge by a number of Washington ladies and served with a stand and a view of the races, a reception was given at the Hotel Main, where Mr. Delamater had the opportunity of shaking hands with many of the good Republicant of Washington county.

A SURPRISE IN VERMONT. The Usual Republican Majority is Cut

Almost to Nothing. WHITE RIVER JUNCTION, VT., September 2.-This State to-day voted officers, two Representatives to Congress and a full list of State Senators and Representatives. Twenty cities and towns, including Burlingon give Page (Rep.), for Governor, 3,571; Brigham (Dem.), 2,941; Allen (Pro.), 113. In 1888 these towns gave Dillingham (Rep.) 5,686; Shartleff (Dem.), 2,-489; all others, 116. The returns thus received indicate not only that the Republican vote is very light, but that the ticket has been cut. The decreasin the Democratic vote is not nearly as large correspondingly this year as that of the R.

ublicans. The Prohibition vote remains about the same so far. Fifty towns out of 243 in the State give

Page (Rep.), 8,198; Brigham (Dem.), 4,582; Allen (Pro.), 440; scattering 3. The same towns in 1888 gave Dil-longham (Rep.), 12,554; Shurtleff (Dem.), 4,477; all others 372. The Republican majority over all in towns so far as heard from give 3,373, against 7,750 in 1888. If the vote in the remaining towns corresponds with those heard from the Republican majority will be the smallest since the institution of the bi-ennial elec-

STONE OUT FOR WATSON'S PLACE.

Two Republicans Run In the Thirty-Seventh. but No Regular Nominee.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. WARREN, PA., September 2 .- The Judicial conferees of the Thirty-seventh district meet at Tionesta to-day, took ten ballots and adjourned sine die. The Republicans of the district are now without a regular nominee. Higgens, of Warren and Irwit of Tionesta, will remain on the Republican ticket, thus making a three cornered figh in the district, which will assure the election of Noyes, the Democratic candidate,

president Judge.
Hon. C. W. Stone officially announced himself as a candidate for Congress to-day in place of the late Congressman Watson. It is claimed that Stone will carry McKean and Warren counties which will insure his nomination. Should this prove true Allen's chances for the Senatorial nomination will be small as Venango would justly claim that office. All in all political matters from a Republican standpoint are quite complicated.

A LENGTHY CONVENTION.

The Berks County Democrats Remain is Session Eleven Hours.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR. READING, September 2.-The Democratic County Convention met here to-day, and was in session 11 hours before its work was completed. A full county tisket was nominated For the Legislature Cyrenius W. Kutz. S. B. Keppel and F. L. Reber were nominated. While the convention was at its work and the delegates and candidates anxiously looking for the end of were anxiously looking for the end of the struggle for office, an announcement was made in the ab- a circular to the delegates that will again plunge the party workers into another contest for the nomina tion for Congress. came from County Chairman Herbst, and in it he announces himself a

candidate against Congressman Brumer. A FARMER FOR CONGRESS

George Harmon Captures the Republican Nomination on the First Ballot.

PIEDMONT, W. VA., September 2 .- The Republican Congressional Convention of the Second West Virginia district met here to-day, with about 250 delegates in attendance. The Committee on Resolutions re-ported a platform declaring in avor of the McKinley bill; commending Speaker Reed, and calling for an election law, but not mentioning the Lodge bill.

George Harmon, of Grant county, and a farmer, was nominated for Congress on the first ballot, over A. G. Dayton, of Barbonr, who was thought certain of the nominati Harmon was backed by Elkins, Internal Revenue Commissioner Mason and District Attorney Sturges, while Dayton was a Goff would vote, if he were living, and a citizen | man.

GETTING WARM IN MAINE. BOTH PARTIES WORKING TO WIN MON-DAY'S FIGHT.

The Republicans Apparently Have a Sure Thing, But Are Just a Little Scared-The Situation in Reed's District-A Number of Irregularities Alleged.

"SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. PORTLAND, ME., September 2 .- At last he campaign gets warm. From this time until Monday both sides will put in their best work. Still there is an atmosphere of doubt as to what the Democrats can and may de. With Reed and McKinley, Lodge and Greenhalge, Henderson, of Iowa, and Mason, of Illinois, as well as General Henry B. Cleveland and Hon. Herbert M. Heath speaking in this district there is no doubt the Republican side of the case will be well set forth. Mr. Lodge was in town to-day on his way to fill an appointment in Freeport to-night. He said that he was much pleased with his reception here. He has had large audiences, and says the popular feeling seems very encouraging.

Mr. Lodge has no fears whatever as to the result of the First district, and says the danger of any loss from the Saco irregulari-ties is amply provided against by the old and well known decision of the Supreme Court in this State and in Massachusetts. But the Republicans of this district are, as they always have been, a little paticky. Although it is the customary thing for them ust before election to hear that the Democrats are going to have several barrels of money to use, and although this has only once or twice happened, yet the rumor al-ways scared them. They have also been somewhat disheartened this week by the Saco affair, and the fear of similar difficulies elsewhere.

A story gained considerable currency and credence among the Democrats to-day that flaws had been discovered in the preparation of the voting lists at Kittery, by which that town, with its 250 Republican majority, could be disfranchised. A private dispatch from one the best-known citizens of the town says the lists have been regumade and properly posted all formalities complied with. Mr. Reed has a hard week's work before him, which his personal friends regret, as they think he needs rest more than a stumping tour. After his Boston speech Wednes day night he takes the train for this city. Thursday morning at Haverhill, Dover and Salmon Falls he will speak briefly.

LEGISLATURE AND CONGRESS. The Result of the Meeting of the Chester County Republicans.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. WEST CHESTER, PA., September 2 .- Dr. Snyder presided during the preliminary movements of the County Republican Nominating Convention, which met here to-day at 10 o'clock. As Chairman of the Republican County Committee he held the wand of power until the convention was in shape to take care of itself and then Dr. Prizer, of Richland, directed its course in an able manner. There were many local statesmen present from both Chester and Delaware counties. The following resolution went brough with rip roaring applause:

through with rip roaring applause:

WHEREAS, The Republican party of Delaware county under a custom existing in the Sixth Congressional district, by which a representative is alternately selected from that county, having placed in nomination John B. Robinson to represent this district in Congress, therefore resolved that this convention hereby indorses the nomination of John B. Robinson as a candidate for Congress from this district. this district. The Northern district was the first taken

in the Legislative struggle, and Nehe mish C. Venderslice was nominated on the first ballot by a vote of 104. Two bal-lots were required to settle the Legislative question in the Southern district. On the second J. C. West won. In the Eastern district the lative present member, D. Smith Talbot, had it all to himself, and received the unanimous vote of the convention. David H. Branson, the "farmers' friend," was early chosen from from the Western district.

THE REPUBLICAN CLUBS Are Expected to Take an Active Part in the

Congressional Campaigns. PERCIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

SARATOGA, September 2 .- The Executive Committee of the National Republican League met here to-day with nearly every member present. The main purpose of the meeting is to map out a plan of campaign for the fall, with special reference to the election of Congressmen. This work will be done in connection with the Republican National Committee and the Republican Congressional Committee at Washington under the direction o Gen. J. S. Clarkson, he representing the National and the Conressional Committees.

Another object of the meeting is to fix the

date of the next annual convention of the League, which will be held in Cincinnati, probably early in April. Another object is to discuss the feasibility of incorporating both the National and State Leagues.

TEXAS REPUBLICANS FEEL BITTER. Whites and Blacks Peaceful on the Surfa

but Turbulent Within. SAN ANTONIO, September 2 .- The city rapidly filling with Republicans. All eems to be harmoniously enough on the surface, and the whites and the colored brethren seem to dwell together in peace and unity. There is, however, very plainly an under current of bitter feeling between the two factions.

The Republicans will hold a caucus tonight to arrange for the selection of a tem porary and permanent officer. It is proba ole that there will be but two candidates for nomination for Governor, Webb Hanagan and Judge Rector.

LEE COMES OUT AGAIN.

He Wants the Republican Nomination Congress in Watson's District.

PRPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1 FRANKLIN, September 2 .- J. W. Lee has decided to make another try for the Republican nomination for Congress in this district, and has formally announced himself. He fails, however, to make known his position on the Gubernatorial question. An effort is being made to induce Hon. H. . Foster, of Oil City, to be a candidate for ongress against Lee, and, if he will consent to run his friends are confident he can defeat Mr. Lee, as he is very popular and enjoys the confidence of the people to the

OSBORNE DID NOT WANT IT. Luzerne County Republicans Name George

fullest extent.

W. Shonk for Congress. PRECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH] WILKESBARRE, September 2 .- The Luzerne County Republican Convention met here to-day. A letter was read by E. G.

Butler from General E S. Osborne in which he stated that he did not want the nomination for Congress.

Allen H. Dickson, the delegate from Os borne's ward, then nominated George W. Shonk in a glowing speech. Mr. Shonk was nominated by acclamation.

Nominations for Congress. Fourth Minnesota-S. P. Snyder (Rep.), renominated.
Tenth Missouri—W. M. Kinsey (Rep.), re-nominated.
Seventh Mississippi—Hon. Charles E. Hooker (Dem.), renominated.
Twoitth Indians—Judge C. A. O. McClellan (Dem.), renominated.
Second Michigan—Captain Allen (Rep.), re-nominated. Fifth Kansas-Park S. Warran (Dem).

COMBINE OF CAPITAL

PITTSBURG. WEDNESDAY.

To Resist the Progress of the Spirit of Trade Unionism.

SHIP OWNERS WITH \$500,000,000

Organize to Vigorously Oppose the De mands of the Employes.

FRESH OUTBREAKS OF THE INFLUENZA.

Heart of a Guillotine Victim Beats Six Minut After Behendel.

British vessel owners, with a capital of £100,000,000, have combined to fight labor organizations. The influenza, in a very malignant form, is again ravaging Germany. Eighty miners were killed in Galicia owing to to the eagerness of the authorities to save property instead of life.

IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.] LONDON, September 2 .- A meeting of British ship owners, representing an aggregate capital of upward of £100,000,000 sterling, was held to-day. A series of resolutions was put and carried unanimously by the gentlemen assembled. These resolutions were in favor of the federation of the whole of the shipping trade of the British Empire for the purpose of dealing with the labor question of all parts of the world, and, in particular, resisting the demands and actions of the trades unions and their members, for the protection of the officers, crews and servants of the ship owners against compulsion and intimidation of the trade organizations, the indemnification of members who may make personal sacrifices for the sake of the common good, and, generally, to supervise and promote legislation affecting the shipping interests.

The scheme includes a powerful central council, whose headquarters are fixed in London and the formation of strong district committees in the various shipping centers to deal promptly with the cases arising at the outports or abroad. Immediate steps will be taken for the purpose of perfeeting the organization. At the close of the formal business a resolution was passed, partially approving the action of the Australian ship owners in refusing to accede to the demands of the labor unions as being subversive of the discipline on ship board, and pledging the federation to use every means in its power to help them in the struggle. Fresh important adhesions to the federation are expected very shortly which will make it the most powerful anion the shipping trade has ever established.

A COUNTER-CHARGE. Brought by Mrs. O'Shen in the Now Famou

'BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.1 LONDON, September 2.-All sorts of rnmors are current with reference to the action of Mrs. O'Shea in the suit for divorce whom is a well-known society lady, who is now separated from her husband, and at- the claim. other a Spanish lady, formerly in the secret service of two foreign Governments. She

also charges him with cruelty. The right Hon. Sir. James Hannen, presi dent of the divorce court, recently decided that Mrs. O'Shea had not made a proper answer, nor disclosed the necessary documents, and gave her 14 days in which to comply with the court's orders. She has again failed to do this, and last week she was notified that an attachment for her committal would be applied for unless the particulars were promptly supplied. Her solicitors are hurrying up the matter in con sequence of this threat.

THE LABOR CONGRESS

ocialistic Ideas Speedily Voted Down by Large Melority. IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.

LIVERPOOL, September 2.—The members of the Trades Union Congress had a very noisy meeting this afternoon, when an at tack was made on the Parliamentary Com mittee for not carrying out the resolution of the Dundee Congress on the miners' eight-hours bill. This caused a long scene, and virtually a vote censure was moved. Mr. Henry Broadhurst, M. P., for Nottingham, who defended the committee, was himself bitterly attacked, and a stormy personal debate ensued, which was ultimately stopped by the application of the cloture.

The committee's action was approved, and the congress affirmed the principle of State paid labor and its representation in Parliament, and rejected by a large majority amendments favoring the nationalization of land, shipping, railways and all means of production.

AFTER THE KNIFE FELL

The Heart of a Guillotine Victim Moved for Several Minutes.

[BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.] PARIS, September 2 .- Jacques Constant, who was sentenced to death at the Vosges court assizes for murder and robbery, was guillotined yesterday at Epinal. Within one minute after the knife had fallen the the body was handed over to Dr. Gley, Professor of Physiology of the faculty of Paris, and Dr. Conturier, who awaited the arrival of the body in a room close to the scene of exe-

Dr. Gley stated that he was able to observe the heart beating for six minutes after he received the body, his experiments proving that contractions of the ventricles and auricles are independent of each other. This is the first time in the history of science that such an experiment has been made on a human body.

GONE TO THE BOTTOM.

The Steamer Portionse, the Captain Part of the Crew Last.

IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.] LONDON, September 2 .- Advices just re seived state that the steamer Portiense which left Baltimore on August 21, bound for Para, foundered on the Near Anguada, the most northern of the Virgin Islands of the British West Indies, and only 19 of her crew were saved. The remainder are missing and include the captain, the first and third officers, the chief engineer, two stewards, the boatswain, the carpenter and several firemen and seamen.

PROPERTY AND LIFE. The Former Saved at the Terrible Expens

The Former Saved at the Terrible Expense
of the Latter.

(BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.)

VIENNA, September 2.—Details regarding the mine explosion near Borgslay, in

Galicia, reveal the outrageous action of the mine owners that has resulted in the loss of 80 lives. It appears that on Friday last, through the explo-sion of a boiler, the Wolanka

1890.

3.

mine buildings were set on fire. In order to control the conflagration the shafts were closed, the authorities being apparently ignorant or careless of the fact that they

SEPTEMBER

were thus imprisoning 80 of their employes. Yesterday when the shafts were opened only one body was found, the others not having yet been discovered. The 80 are supposed to have been killed by poisonous

NOW WRITING A BOOK.

General Legitime, of Revolutionary Fame, Now in the Paths of Peace.

[BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY,] PARIS, September 2.—General Legitime. Haytı's exiled ruler, purposes the early publication of a book that he is now engaged in writing, in which he will trace the history of the political events that led to his downfall. The General has sought quiet and seclusion during the progress of his work in the pleasant village of Valery-Eu-Caux, in the Seine inferieure, but will soon embark for Jamaica, where he has purchased a large estate.

IN A MALIGNANT FORM The Influenza is Ravaging the Districts

Afflicted Last Year. (BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANT.)

BERLIN, September 2.-The influenza as reappeared in a malignant form at the village of Neu Mecklenburg, where hunreds were stricken down last year, and nany of those who suffered then have been attacked now, with still greater severity.

The Soldiers Working Too Hard. LBT DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.

BERLIN, September 2.-The outbreak of symotic disease among the men in the Glogau garrison has been pronounced by the authorities who have investigated the matter to be due to over-exertion of the soldiers on too short an allowance of food.

The Strike in Belgium About Over-(BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY,) Bussels, September 2.-The strike of the miners at Mous is virtually over, and this morning nearly all the strikers returned

to their work. SACKVILLE DENOUNCED.

Stratford Citizens Indignant at the Actio of Their Lord Mayor. lated Press.]

LONDON-Lord Sackville, as Lord of the Manor of Stratford-on-Avon, has presented to the Town Council a claim for encreachment and rent in respect to the fountain and clock tower donated by Mr. George W. Childs, of Philadelphia. At a county meeting to-day several speakers denounced the conduct of Lord Sackville in the matter. They said the spot on which the fountain stands has not been used as a public market for 600 years. The Council holds that there has been no encroachment unless Lord Sackville can prove his mannow pending, in which Mr. Parnell is orial rights over the middle of the market named as a co-respondent. She has brought square. Lord Sackville's agent writes that a counter-charge against her husband for | if the Council admits the claim, at the same

> THEY ARE AFTER TYRANTS. LONDON-The long projected shipping nion was formed in London to-day. The avowed object of the union is to deal with labor questions throughout the world, and especially to resist the tyranny of trade unions, to protect employes from terrorism and to generally promote the shipping interest. The official report of the me avers that several passenger lines and the bulk of the cargo was presented at the meeting. The union represents a capital of £160.

SHOT AT THE GOVERNOR. St. Petersburg-At Nijni Novgorod to-day a young man named Vludimiroff accosted Governor General Baranoff and requested an interview on the pretense that he had an important secret to impart. The Governor General was about to acquiesce, when the young man suddenly drew a re-volver and fired at Baranoff. The bullet went wide of its mark, however, and before he could fire a second shot the man was seized by bystanders and handed over to the

MEMORIALS OF VICTORY DEDICATED AT GETTYSBURG WITH AP

PROPRIATE SERVICES. Gavernor Curtin Tells of His Part in Secur ing the Ground to the Government-His Compliments to the Veternas-Speecher by Beaver and Chill Razzard.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. GETTYSBURG, September 2.- The Malese cross, the badge of the Fifth Army Corps, so proudly worn by the veterans of the Pennsylvania Reserves, was everywhere present in Gettysburg and on the battlefield to-day. The Reserves still confideatly hope for the realization of their universal desire, a majestic structure jointly commemorative of all their commands. Fully 500 veterans of the various commands of that organization were present at the ceremonies incident to the formal dedication of the memorials of the 13 reserve commands who had taken part in achieving the glorious victory at Gettysburg, among the num-ber being some of the most prominent officers. During the morning three of the monuments were dedicated. At the First Cavalry lot a bronze fig-ure of a dismounted cavalry man on one knee in the act of firing was erected The Tenth Infantry monument, at the head of Big Round Top, is a heroic bronze statue of a soldier and charger, the figure resting on a bronze pedestal in all 15 teet high. At the Sixth Infantry lot a stately obelisk of alternate courses of blue and-red-rock-faced granite was dedicated. At the National Cemetery, where at least 5,000 veterans and visitors had assembled,

ex-Governor Andrew G. Curtin substan tially spoke as follows: I acknowledge the honor of presiding here today. I saw this place long years ago, when
4000 dead and wounded lay on this field. I
bought the ground and made this beautiful
cemetery, asking the other States who had
men buried here to contribute. It never
cost the United States Government one
cent, and was transferred to it with the agreement that they should keep it up forever,
which you see they are doing. Who can pass
down there and look at those 4,000 graves of
the heroes and not feel proud or their record?

Covernor Beauer in his Governor Beaver, in his address presenting the monuments to the Gestysburg Battlefield Memorial Association, emphatically expressed himself in favor of the erection o a reserve memorial hall. He considered it in bac taste to heretofore give his reasons for vetoing the reserve bill, but would do so some time in the future. He then turned the monuments over to the Memorial Association. Colonel Chill W. politics Hazzard, of the Twelfth Regiment, on General S. W. Crawford's staff in this battle in a neat speech, accepted the trust in behalf of the association of which he is a

RUSHING THE TARIFF.

Reciprocity Now About the Only Feature Under Consideration.

SENATE'S FIRST NIGHT SESSION. Reed Leaves the Capital to Look After His

Fences in Maine. A RADICAL DIFFERENCE IN FIGURES.

Allege a Deficit.

Reciprocity was under discussion in the Senate vesterday, a night session being held to give all a chance to be heard. The remainder of the tariff bill will be rushed through at a rapid rate. Figures given by Congressman Cannon show a comfortable treasury surplus, but Sayres of Texas, asserts that there will be a deficit.

PERCIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATCH. WASHINGTON, September 2.-The big I ght in the dome of the Capitol beneath the summer garments, but Mr. Reed made his feet of the Goddess of Liberty blazed out change of costume in anticipation of a visit brilliantly to-night. The Senate held its to his Maine constituents. He has been first after sun-down session since the beginning of the Fifty-first Congresss. The meeting was rendered necessary by the desire of Senators to be heard on the question of reciprocity which came up to-day for the first time. The debate being opened by the brief but rather telling speech of Senator Hale.

A night session of the Senate always attracts a big crowd of spectators, and so it During his absence Mr. Burrows, of Michiwas this evening. The galleries were full long before 8 o'clock, the hour set for convening, and the visitors remained late, although the entertainment presented was not strictly first-class. These curiosity seekers were indeed rather imposed upon, a trick of Senator Dolph, who also made a victim of Senator Vance.

STOLE HIS TIME. The latter has for many years been fixing up a great speech intended to set himself right with his constitutents and with Southern Democrats generally. The Farmers' Alliance has been very active in North Carolina, and the good natured Mr. Vance felt called upon to tackle them with a speech. The night session was ordered especially for Mr. Vance's benefit, and hosts of his admirers, who always enjoyed his characteristic story telling and mirth provoking speeches, were

on hand. When President Ingalls' gavel fell Mr. Vance was ready to go on with the programme, his manuscript was piled high on the desk, a glass of Senatorial water was at his side, and his lips were puckered to say "Mr. President," when the solemn and slender Dolph, of Oregon, areas and, being recognized, began a dry and apparently long-winded speech in opposition to reci-procity with Canada. The surpriseland disappointment of the audience, the Senators and everybody else was painful.

A DISGUSTED SENATOR.

Mr. Vance was indeed indignant and diswaited. To-night only about half the Senaa counter-charge against her husband for unfaithfulness with three women, one of whom is a well-known society lady who is a well-kno of apollinaris on ice. Down in certain committee rooms occupied by Senators who never, never indulge, Senatorial cold tea was on tap for the favored few invited to inspect it.

The scene in the Chamber at 10 o'clock. when Mr. Vance was talking was interesting if not inspiring. There were just 20 Scuators in the chamber and a dozen more in the cloak rooms where they could easily be seen through the open door, and a score more were out of sight in the various committee rooms sampling the smuggled cold tea. No interest whatever was shown in the debate, and everybody appeared much relieved when a motion was made to ad journ. Senators dislike night sessions and

lo not intend to get into the habit of holding them. Though there yet remain about 80 page of the tariff bill which must be got through with during the week if the Senators have to sit all day Sunday, more than 20 pages of that number are included in the internal revenue provision of the House bill, which were struck out entirely by the Senate com-

ALL ABOUT RECIPROCITY. There is really very little of importance yet to consider in the bill as it stands, and nearly all the time that yet remains for dison the reciprocity amendments of Aldrich, Sherman and Hale. There is little or no doubt that some scheme of reciprocity with the South American Republics will be tacked on to the bill, but it is quite apparent that the Canadian reciprocity amendment of Senator Sherman is doomed, with the exception, perhaps, of the portion relat-

ing to coal. This commends itself to the New England Senators because their region can get coal cheaper from Nova Scotia than from Pennsylvania, and they tell the Western Senators that in return for this reciprocity is will enable the fields of Indiana and Onio to furnish fuel for Ontario and provinces west. This little bit of tariff log rolling may enable the Ohio Senators to entering wedge for reciprocity with Canada.

CULLOM HAS A CANDIDATE For the Place Made Vacant by the Resig-

untion of Colonel Clarkson. IFROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT. WASHINGTON, September 2 .- It appears o-day that Chies Clerk Fowler, of the office of the First Assistant Postmaster General. who was puffed yesterday as the coming successor of General Clarkson, is out of the race to-day, notwithstanding he is one of the best endorsed men who ever sought a high position. Filley, of Missouri, is also on the shelf, and none of the many others already mentioned have the least chance, with the exception of Michener, of Indiana, the President's friend and a powerful boss in that State. THE DISPATCH has it upon the best authority, and is the first to an-nounce it, that Senator Cullom is quietly but firmly pushing Hon. A. C. Matthew, of Illinois, First Comptroller of the Treasury, for the place. His appointment would mean that the Senator would have his grip on the postoffice machinery of the State, and could by its use dictate the election of his colleague to succeed Farwell.

The latter is not congenial to Cullom, and as Cullom will have at least two years to

as Cullom will have at least two years to serve with Farwell's successor, he would like to have a hand in his election, to say nothing of paving the way for his own elec-tion early in 1893. It is more than likely, however, that in a high and immensely fluential position like that of the First As-sistant Postmaster General the President will want to have one who is in his confidence, and of all probable candidates no one else seems to fill the bill so thoroughly as Mr. Michener, from the President's own State, and for long years his co-worker in

MURDER OF CLAYTON

Farnishes a Subject for Some Speech-Mak ing in the House.

WASHINGTON, September 2 .- The kansas contest case was taken up by the House to-day. Mr. Cooper of Ohio opened the debate. He described the state of

affairs leading up to the assessination of Mr. Clayton, and said the news of the murder, which was flashed over the country, was answered by a a cry of indignant horror. It was the opinion of the majority that the murder grew directly out of the political methods adonted in that country. In that view the majority but echoed the almost universal sentiment of all sections. Ballotbox stealing and stuffing, intimidation and murder naturally followed each other. Wilson, of Wisconsin, answered this speech, and then the case went over until to-morrow.

AWAY FIXING FENCES. IN THE CHAIR.

The Big Man From Maine Has Gone Home to Make His Calling and Election Sure-Burrows and Cangon to Ran the House in His Absence.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH, 1 WASHINGTON, September 2.-Speaker Reed has laid aside his famous black sash, flannel shirt, gray clothes, russet shoes and straw hat, and arrayed himself once more in the dark clothes and boiled shirt of a statesman. A stranger who had seen the Speaker during the past summer would not recognize him now. The weather is still warm enough in Washington to warrant the wearing of

for the erection of public buildings have been pigeon-holed by order of the Speaker. In their protest the dissatisfied members, in-cluding both Democrats and Republicans, threaten big things unless the Speaker consents to call a meeting of the Committee on Rules and set aside a day for the passage of their bills. During Mr. Reed's absence Uncle Joe Cannon will be in charge of business on the floor, as Major McKinley is also away. As chairman of the common appropriations Uncle Joe appreciates the pressing necessity of rigid economy for the session, and he is not likely to prepare any order satisfactory to the friends of the pro-posed public buildings.

A DIFFERENCE IN FIGURES.

Republicans Claim a Surplus, While the Democrats Allege a Deficit.

WASHINGTON, September 2.-In con nection with the presentation of the conference report on the river and harbor approoriation bill in the House to-day. Chairman Cannon, of the Committee on Appropriations, made an exhaustive statement touching the expenditures authorized in the present session of Cougress. He said that the sum of \$402,134,861 is properly chargeable against the probable revenues of the Government for the fiscal year 1891 and, when deducted from the latter, shows a sur-

plus of \$65,279,475. Following Mr. Cannon, Representative his Democtatic collesques on the committee. It says that if to the ordinary appropriations definite appropriations as estimated by the Secretary of the Treasury, to wit, \$101.628,-453, we will have as an aggregate of expenses for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891, \$461,844,889, as against \$450,414,337, the revenues including postal receipts, as estimated by the Secretary of the Treasury, thus making the excess of appropriations

over revenues \$11,430,442. WHITE REPUBLICANS AGAINST IT.

Congressman Ewart Pleased His Constitu ents by Attacking the Force Bill.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT WASHINGTON, September 2. - Representative Ewart, of North Caroline, returned this evening from a visit to his distriet, and tells the correspondent of THE DISPATCH that he was received with greatest enthusiasm by the white Republians on account of the enslaught he made on the elections bill as a white Republican of the South. He declares that without ex-ception the white Republicans are opposed

to the bill, and his course has, therefo immensely increased his popularity. "But how about the black Republicans? said another representative who had listened to Mr. Ewart's words. "Oh, they don't count. Most of them

don't know there is such a thing as an elections bill." "You meau, then, that you must please the white Republicans at all hazards and the black ones will vote for you because they don't know any better?" "Well, that's about it," was Mr. Ewart's

response. A PROTEST FROM THE WIDOW.

The Case of General Barrandia Called to the President's Attention. WASHINGTON, September 2.-The President has received a cable message from the widow and children of the late General Barrundia, protesting against his assassination by the Gautemalan authorities while a passenger on an American steamship, and calling upon him to exact reparation for the outrage of which they are the inconsolable

State Department for "investigation and re-Acting Secretary Wharton said this afternoon that no direct information whatever in regard to the reported attack upon Minister Mizner by a daughter of General Barrundia had been received, and he is inclined to think the affair very much exagge

rictims. The telegram was referred to the

rated. IN MEMORY OF RANDALL.

Day to be Set Apart in His Honor in the Senate. IFROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT. WASHINGTON, September 2.-Senator Quay gave notice to-day of a motion to de-

vote Saturday, the 13th inst., to memories of Hon. Samuel J. Raudall. This is sufficient to enable the Senators to warning arrange speeches which it is hoped will hold Se ators in the places so that the disgracefu scene in the House during the e House during the eulogies of It will be remembered that on that occasion only a very lew Representatives reattention to the speeches, and of these few the great majority were Republicans.

A Young Lawyer Killed. ISPECIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATCE. PHILADELPHIA, September 2.-L. bewis, Jr., a prominent young lawyer, and a member of a wealthy family, was instantly killed to-day at Frazer, having stepped in front of a train that was backing up to the

Highway Stage Robbery. SUSANVILLE, CAL., September 2 .- Last night the Liegan and Susanville stage was stopped by a lone highwayman near Mil-ford, five miles from here, and Welis, Fargo & Co.'s box taken. The value is unknown. TING FOR A PLAN

CENTS.

THREE

Prices on Glass Without the

SEVERAL SHEMES SUGGESTED

At the Meeting of Manufacturers West of the Alleghenies.

SPEAKER REED LEAVES A SUBSTITUTE THE OBSTACLES TO BE ENCOUNTERED.

Many of the Firms Reiuse to Surrender Their Individual Existence.

The Western glass manufacturers met in convention in Chicago yesterday. They are trying to form a combination to keep up the present prices. Many of them are averse to the idea of a trust, however, and some other plan may be adopted.

SPECIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATCH.1 CHICAGO, September 2.- The window glass manufacturers west of the Alleghenies have been in session to-day at the Auditorium building, for the purpose of forming his Maine constructions have the fight is very warm, particularly where the fight is very warm, particularly in the First District. He left Washi in the first District. He will make a speech at the more evening speeches in his district possibly another on Saturday evening. It is practically an advantage of the meeting. The present meeting one of the meeting. The present meeting acouvention. It is practically an advantage of the convention held here ugust 19. At that time it was agreed ug a trust or combination to keep up prices.

firms, which are anxious to gain a foothold, would start to cutting rates as soon as the market slackened and would contract their product to brokers on terms which would nake it very difficult and perhaps impossible to maintain prices on a paying basis. At the last meeting various schemes were suggested to remedy this defect, but nothng was done, the matter being passed over until to-day, and in the meantime the delegates have consulted with their various firms.

One of the first propositions advanced was the formation of a gigantic corporation ike the United Glass Company, which shall absorb all Western factories not now included in the United Glass Company, and give them stock in return for their plants. This met with little favor.

TOO RADICAL A STEP. It was conceded that it was the one sure neans of putting an end to rainous competi-

ng to make the surrender of their individuality, which this proposition required. The officials of the United Glass Company were there to urge its adoption, but they labored with little effect on the conservative men from Pittsburg, who feared that it might get them into an everlasting tangle. Then it was proposed that the remaining manufacturers should come into the United Company, taking stock in payment for their

plants, but this was open to the same objec-

tion as far as the present firms are con-cerned, but the manufacturers were unwill-

greater favor. That was to organize a central committee, to be chosen by the association, and to place in its hands a fund with which it could buy up the stock of any manufacturer who might determine at any time

to sell below the established market rate. A PECULIAR PLAN. The scheme proposed is that each member of the convention should agree to give this committee the first chance to buy his product in case he found it necessary to sell below rates in order to meet his weekly bills. The committee would buy and pay for it, and hold the glass to be disposed of as quickly as opportunity offered at market rates. Thus it was believed the dangerous competition

f the new factories in the natural gas belt which have been started with insuffic capitol could be got rid of. But this plan, too, had many serious diffi-culties, which could not be met at once. Hence the adjournment until to-morrow. The matter of tariff reduction will doubtless be discussed before the convention ad-

journs, and some action may be taken to prevent any alterations in the existing du-THE CONCERNS ON HAND.

The firm's represented at to-day's meeting were as follows:

Abel Smith & Co., D. O. Cunningham, Cunningham & Co., Limited, D. Campbell & Co., the Ihmsen Glass Company, William McCully & Co., S. McKee & Co., O'Leary Bros. & Co., Phillips & Co., H. C. Schmertz & Co., Thomas Wightman & Co., Wolf, Howard & Co., George Womholf & Co. and Steward, Estes & Co., of Pittsburg, Pa.; Chambers, McKee & Co., Jeannette, Pa.; Bradford Glass Company, of Bradford, Pa.; United Glass Company, of Bradford, Pa.; United Glass Company, of Chicago; Barnesville Glass Company, of Branesville, O.; Crystal Window Glass Company, North Balt-more, O.; Celina Glass Company, North Balt-more, O.; Celina Glass Company, North Balt-more, O.; Celina Glass Company, Marlion O.; Pendleton Window Glass Company, Toledo, O.; S. R. Wells, Massillon, O.; West Park Glass Company, Findiay Window Glass Company, Calcine Glass Company, Manbourg Glass Company, Calcine Glass Company, Manbourg Glass Company, Calcine Glass Company, Manbourg Glass Company, Ind.; Marling, Hart & Co., and O. H. Over, Muncie, Ind.; Clyde Glass Company, Franklin, Ind.; Lewis Biltz & Son, Detroit, Mich., and Syracuse Glass Co., Syracuse, N. Y. Members of the convention insist that the proposed combination is not a trust. were as follows: the proposed combination is not a trust. They say they are merely trying to take care of their own interests by preventing sible for them to be on a paying basis. They say there will be no change in the present price list.

MAKING CANNON TROUBLE.

His Bad Break to the House May Lose Him the Election. SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE.

TUSCOLA, ILL., September 2 .- The effects of the speech made in Congress on Wednesday last by Congressman Cannon and the disgraceful scene following have just begun to be felt throughout his home district. Republicans and Democrats alike him in strong language, and the break he has made will cost him m. votes among the better class of people who feel that the Fifteenth district has who feel that the Finecata by its rep-been disgraced and humiliated by its representative. The outlook at present that he will lose every county that he will lose every county majority in that will be greatly reduced. General Busey, the opposition nominee, will get the soldier vote, as he has a fine war record, and being a farmer, he will also command the votes of that class. There are 14 Republican newspapers in

the district that refuse to support Cannon, and they have a wide influence. Several leading Republicans in the district have declared their intentions of going 'on the stump against Cannon, One feature of the revolt is the stand taken by the women, who, it is claimed, have or-ganized secret clubs for the purpose of getting their husbands and sons to vote against the venerable Congressman. It is believed that Cannon will be beaten by 2,000 majority.