WEDNESDAY

AUGUST

enth District Republican Congressional Convention assembled in Music Hall, Lans-

SENATOR WATSON'S SUCCESSOR.

Hon. C. W. Stone Mentioned for the Place

by Leading Politicians.

INPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE.

succeed Senator Watson is the all absorb

ing question among politicians, and so far as your correspondent has been able to learn, there is but one man upon whom all

factions seem to be able to unite, and that is

the Hon. C. W. Stone, the present Secre-tary of the Commonwealth. There seems to be a shortage of timber of the right kind in the Republican

caused many of his political friends to look upon his position with distrust, and make it exceedingly doubtful as to whether he

stexceedingly doubtful as to whether he could carry it even if nominated. Mr. Stone, on the contrary, is very popular throughout the oil country.

It is not believed that there will be an

THE STARS ARE NOT THERE.

Brice and Campbell Stay Away From the

Ohio Democratic Convention.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

SPRINGFIELD, O., August 26 .- Much

disappointment is felt by the farmers who

came to attend the Democratic State Con vention here at the absence of Governo

The district meetings were held to-night

and the various committees selected. John H. Thomas, who was defeated for the Senate

by Brice, is on the committee in the Eight-eenth district. The McConnell faction of Jefferson county held a meeting by them-

AN ACTIVE CANVASS

The ex-Governor held an informal con

versation with his callers, during which he expressed his belief that the canvass would

he a very active one after the middle of September, until which time he did not ex-pect to enter the fray to any great extent.

WEST VIRGINIA NOMINATIONS.

The Democrats Name Candidates for Con-

green in Two Districts.

WHERLING, August 26 .- The Third Con

ressional district Democratic convention

to-day renominated John D. Alderson for

In the Fourth district the Democrats non

He Declines to Accept a Renomination for

Congressional Honors.

WASHINGTON, August 26 .- Represent

to accept another nomination for Congress

was final. He appreciated very highly the honor done him by a fourth nomination yes-

terday, but in justice to himself and his fam-ily he finds that he must give personal at-

CAN'T AFFORD THE HIGH LIVING.

Californian Declines the Nomination for

Congress for Several Reasons.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 26 .- W. W

Morrow declines the nomination for Con

Fuller Boomed for the Pre sidency.

PERCHAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

DENVER, August 26.-Democrats in

Western Colorado have just adopted a series

of resolutions indorsing Chief Justice Fuller

AUSTIN, MINN., August 26 .- The Re-

oublicans of the First Minnesota Con-

CONFERENCE REPORT ACCEPTED.

The Sandry Civil Appropriation Bill Get

Through the Senate.

to-day adopted the conference report on the

sundry civil appropriation bill. Mr. San-

ders criticized the paragraph which reserves

meant to be understood that he (Mr. Reagan) had knowingly any connection with a trust or defended a trust, such a statement could

only come from an untruthful and malig-

EVERYBODY con vote on Popular Topics during the Expe

WASHINGTON, August 26 .- The Senate

sional district to-day on the first ballot minated Congressman Dunnell.

Mark Dunnell Renominat

or the Presidency in 1892.

tention to his private affairs.

the next Governor, as the

Campbell and Senator-elect Brice.

NEW CASTLE, August 26 .- Who will

27. 1890.

FORTY-FIFTH YEAR

## A COMPLETE TIE-UP

Of All Chicago Railways Liable to Result From the Stock Yards Trouble.

A BIG STRIKE PREDICTED

By Alton's General Manager, Who Says the Roads Have Combined

TO FIGHT TO THE BITTER END.

New York Central Knights of Labor Hold an Enthusiastic Mass Meeting.

SPEECHES BY POWDERLY AND OTHERS

A greater railroad strike than that on the New York Central is imminent, All roads entering Chicago may be tied up if the striking switchmen at the stockyards persist in their demands. The railroad managers held a meeting, discussed the situation and decided to make no conces-

IMPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR.) CHICAGO, August 26 .- A strike that will tie up all Chicago roads, and perhaps all the roads in the country, is threatened, should the striking switchmen at the stockyards persist in their demands. None of the roads are disposed to make concessions, and the men show small disposition to

There was a rumor on the streets to-day that the strikers had given in, and had asked to be taken back by the Switching Association, but it proved to be unfounded, The packing houses are still idle, and likely to continue so.

CROWDING THE MOURNERS.

The strike of the engineers and firemen had just been settled, when the switchmen last night decided to quit. Mr. Chappell, the General Manager of the Chicago and Alton, said to-night that there was no disposition on the part of any of the roads to vield to the strikers, and that all threats were useless. He believed a general strike was imminent. This is the way he talked:

"This matter was discussed at a meeting of general managers last night, after word had been received that the stock yards' switch-men had struck. The general managers of nearly all the roads were present, and they were fortified by the presence of many Presidents and Vice Presidents. All were authorized at a previous consultation to enter into an agreement to

FIGHT TO THE END. no matter what the results may be. And agreement, which is that all Chicago railto oppose the unjust demands made upon the Stock Yards Switching Association, or npon any of the interested railways.

"It is the first time that the railways ever united. They will stand firm as a rock, however, if is ties up every road in the country indefinitely, and bankrupts all of those waging the war. It has come to a question of the roads being bankrupt by irresponsible employes and the roads decided to fight right here. I expect every Chicago road will be tied up. How much further the war will extend no one can foretell. But the fullest scope of stagnation has been canvassed thoroughly and our course is laid

WHY THEY COMBINED.

"Our course, as agreed upon, has been made necessary by the demands and lawless conduct of the men. They quit work without a moment's notice, leaving thousands of dollars' worth of freight to perish on the tracks. They do not meet us first in arbitration, but inflict injury that is beyond calculation in dollars and cents. There seems to be no power in the courts to check these men. To get that power is the reason of the combine entered into by the railways.

"As to their last unwarranted demand I will say that it means the advance of pay of every switchman in the country. The present wages of the switchmen is \$75 per month for night foremen of crews; \$70 for night helpers; \$70 for day foremen, and \$65 for day helpers. These figures are on a basis of ten hours per day for 26 days.

GOOD WAGES EARNED.

"Over time and Sundays are paid for at an advance of over the scale. The men all earn from \$85 to \$95 per month. This scale of wages was given the men in settlement of the strike of 1881. It is the standard scale and extends all over the country. This small cloud threatens to develop into the biggest cyclone the railway interests have ever known."

The roads have dissolved their Switching Association, declaring the strikers dis charged, and say that each road will here after do its own switching. The great prob-lem now is: Will the employes of the various roads consent to do this work, formerly done by the strikers, or will they declare that they are taking the place of strikers in doing this switching and refuse to enter the yards? If the latter position be assumed by the employes of the various yards, every road entering Chicago may be tied up before 48 hours, as there is no doubt to-morrow will see every road attempting to

do its own switching. SUPPORT MAY FAIL THEM.

The ground for hope that a general strike may not be declared is found in the fact that the switchmen last night struck in an altogether irregular, and, according to their by-laws, illegal manner. They should have first presented their demand for higher wages to the association, and, on its rejection, called a meeting of the proper committee of the trainmen's organization to determine whether a strike should be declared or not. In the event of a strike being ordered after this formal proceeding, they would then be entitled to the assistan and co-operation of the organized trainmen of every road entering Chicago.

This formality was not observed, how. ever, and the companies are confident that for that reason, if for no other, the switchmen will find themselves without support from the railway employes of the various

THE STRIKERS' PARADE. DEMONSTRATION OF DISCHARGED CEN-TRAL EMPLOYES.

An Address by Powderly a Part of the Pro gramme-He Says the Knights Are Fighting for a Great Principle-Others Make Speeches.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. New York, August 26.-There was a mass meeting of Knights of Labor at Union Square to-night. Powderly and other big Knights were present. The discharged em-ployes of the Central marched to the Square in a body, preceded by a drum corps. They bore numerous transparencies with mottoes like these: "Solid as a Rock;" "Our Battle is for Principle;" "Never Give Up the Ship;" "Pinkerton's Hirelings Un-American," and a lot more of similar

Socialist Orator Wakeman stood on the platform at the upper end of the square, and talked to the crowd for awhile. Policemen were present in force, 250 standing opposite the speaker's stand. Powderly was called upon, and on responding was cheered loud-

You may feel disheartened because the Terre Haute convention did not declare a general strike. Your Executive Board did not expect that it would. All we expected was to have their support, and they are with us, horse, foot and artillery. [Cheers]. They believe, they know, we are right, and they have stated their opinion boldly. They say our battle must go on, and go on it will. The Central Railroad officers may talk about goods being delivered, but they den't tell the truth. There are many merchants in New York who know differently, and surely some of these merchants are your friends, or are in sympathy with you. Have one of these merchants asked for his goods? The railroad company must give them to him or have its

The strike which we have inaugurated is not only the strike of the people of the State of New York, but of the people of America. The meeting then listened to a fiery pre-

amble followed by resolutions which de-nounced the New York Central officers as "arbitrary and tyrannical." The people are advised to take political action to the end of Government management of the railroads, and the hiring of Pinkerton armed men is to be made a State prison offense by statute. Several local

speakers followed, and at 10 P. M. the meet-

ing broke up. ASK TO BE REINSTATED.

New York Central Strikers Want Their Old Pinces Once More.

SCHENECTADY, August 26 .- Nine Delaware and Hudson yardmen went out on strike here to-day because the Delaware and Hudson Company was taking New York Central freight. Their places were filled by new men, and business continues.

The New York Central pay car was here to-day, and paid all strikers in full to August 8, the day of the strike. The car left the city about 2.45 P. M., and several of the discharged employes at once made ap-plication for reinstatement,

A TOBACCO HOUSE SYNDICATE

To be Composed of Americans and Having \$5.000.000 Capital. LOUISVILLE, August 26.-Ex-Congress man Albert Willis returned here from New

York this morning, where he has been in the interest of the company which is seeking to secure con-trol of the 20 tobacco warehouses of this city and Cincinnati. He says the syndicate which he represents is made up of ways will stand together as one individual American capitalists. The stock of the company is to be \$5,000,000. The firms will all retain their firm names, and the but it will be for sale to any purchaser, so that a tobacco grower may be a stockholde in the company which sells his crop.

Expert accountants are now on their way to Louisville and Cincinnati to determine the value of the property which the com pany is to purchase. After the examina ital stock may be place than \$5,000,000 as the stock is to be fully

SONS OF VETERANS' PARADE.

Large Number of Delegates and Visitor Assemble in St. Joe. ST. JOSEPH, Mo., August 26 .- Neve before in the history of the Sons of Veterans

have such great efforts been made to secure the attendance of the rank and file at the national encampment of the order. Efforts have proved successful, and 25 States are represented by about 3,500 delegates and visitors. To-day was given up to receiving new arrivals and the parade Five thousand men were in line, about 2,50 Sons of Veterans and an equal number of the G. A. R. posts, and various organizations in this city and vicinity. A unique feature of the parade was the presence of an organization of ex-Confederates from Mis-souri which was given a prominent position.

The business of the Grand Encampmen to-day was of an entirely routine nature. The Ladies' Aid Society met this afternoo with 75 delegates present. Mrs. Ella L. Jones, of Altoona, Pa., presiding.

HELD UP BY STAGE ROBBERS

They Were Looking for Gold; but it Wa

Not There. DALLAS, COL., August 26,-The stage running between here and Telluride was held up yesterday by road agents near Haskell. Nothing valuable held secured excepting what was WES possibly in the registered mail. There were but two of the robbers, both young men and masked. They were armed with revolvers and a Winchester rifle. David Wood, pro prietor of the stage line, has offered a reward of \$100 for the arrest of either or bot

of the robbers.

There is no doubt that their object was to secure the retorts from the King gold mine, 11 of which were sent out yesterday morning, but by a different route. There is a strong suspicion that the robbers had confederates here. The value of the retort was over \$80,000.

THE FLAG CAME DOWN

British Gunbonts Compel a Venezuela Captals to Lower His Colors.

MONTERAL, August 26.-A private dis patch received to-day by Mr. Barnet Law rance, Consul for Venezuela, state that the British gunboat Read from Demarara with Commissione McTurck on board, arrived at Barims at the mouth of the Orinoco and ordered the captain of the Faro, a Venezuelan war, to haul down his colors. The captain ubmitted to superior force. The Venezuelan Government has sent a commission to the

spot to investigate.

A dispute has existed for some time be tween England and Venezuela as to a portion of the territory between British Guian outlet for the produce of the country.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, August 26. - Th tenth annual session of the Farmers' Congress began here to-day. The Opera House was crowded. Addresses were made and papers read, after which arrangements were made for a Denver excursion. ORIGINAL PACKAGE MEN

ON TRIAL FOR SELLING WITHOUT LICENSE AT WASHINGTON, PA.

Pendergnat's Case Considered-The Judg Charges That the Laws Refute the Claim of the Defendant-The Decision of the Jury Awalted. "SPECIAL TRUBGRAM TO THE DISPATCH."
WASHINGTON, PA., August 26.—The

original package cases were taken up in court this morning. First on the docket appeared the name of William J. Pendergast, agent for P. Gavin, of Wheeling. The case was called and its prosecution opened. Mr. Pendergast was charged with selling liquor without license, furnishing it to men of known inemperate habits, and to minors. A separate indictment was made out in each case Witnesses were called and in substance tes tified to having purchased liquor in original eschages from the defendant. Testimony was taken in proof of the charges of selling o men of intemperate habits, and to minors, and the case of the prosecution was made out strongly.

out strongly.

The defense opened by calling the defendant, whose testimony bore out in fact that of the prosecution. He admitted having sold liquor, and said it was as the agent of P. Gavin, of Wheeling. Constable William Redman was next called, and testified that he had been engaged for a short time in pointing out persons of intemperate habits, and minors. The case was argued for the defense by John S, Robb, of Pittsburg, and by District Attorney Parker for the prosecution. Mr. Attorney Parker for the prosecution. Mr. Robb was assisted by his son and Judge charge to the jury was a concise review of the evidence, and instructions to them as to the points bearing on the case. His charge

was as follows:

The defendant being indicted under the Brooks law for selling, furnishing liquor to men of intemperate habits and to minera, and having by his testimony admitted the sales, such as sworn to by the Commonwealth, rested his defense upon the ground that his principal was a citizen of another State. We have on the one hand the provision in the United States Constitution, the right to regulate commerce between the States, and, on the other hand, the session to the States, the right to make police regulations, and it in the apparent conflict the Court must consider. The right of a citizen of another State to import and sell in the original package is conceded, but the Commonwealth claims that in this case the defendant has not shown the bona fide exercise of this right by the citizen of another State. The Commonwealth claims that the following circumstances refute the claim of the defendant, and bear upon the good faith of his claim:

First—Upon his own oath, and he does not bring his principal to prove his right. Second—The liquors were furnished in small bottles, and not in the way usually known to commerce. Third—The indiscriminate manner in which the sales were made.

All this bears upon the question of the defendant's good faith—whether this was a mere trick or the bona fide agent. The question of the agency is for you, and these are matters for you to consider.

The case of Joseph Sweihart, agent for the Bridgeport Liquor Company, was nex-called. Mr. Sweihart was charged simply with selling without license. Testimon was introduced to show that liquor had bee was introduced to show that liquor had been bought there, though there was no at-tempt to show that he had no license. Several witnesses were called for the de-fense, who testified that he had sold liquor sense, who testined that he had sold liquol only in original packages. The arguments were based upon what constitutes an origin-al package, testimony having been intro-duced that the sealed bottles had been shipped in boxes, and that the boxes were broken. The Judge's charge was the same as the one delivered in the case of Pende-gust. At a late hour no decision had been

TESTED ON THE OCEAN.

Lively Run Made by the New Cruiser Say

BRARA Anon eruiser San Francisco, which left San Francisco harbor at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon to have an official trial in Santa Barbara channel, arrived off Santa Barbara at 11 o'clock this morning, having made the run of nearly 300 miles in about 22 hours, at an average rate speed of a fraction over 13 knots an hour. The run was made without a slip of machinery, and when the cruise came to anchor there was no indication tha the could not have continued the run in-

The San Francisco will lie at anchor her this afternoon and to-night, during which time her machinery will be thoroughly cleaned and every preparation made for the morning.

A CANDIDATE'S ACCOUNTS SHORT.

The Probibition Aspirant for the Governo ship of Alabama in Trouble.

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR. CHATTANOOGA, TENN., August 26 .- A profound sensation has been caused through out Northern Alabama by the report of the Jackson county grand jury this morning, charging that L. C. Coulson, present County Clerk and Prohibition candidate for Govern-or, is \$5,000 short in his accounts. Jackson s the second richest county in the State.

Conlson belonged to one of the oldest and st of Alabama families and he was mak ing a fine canvass and would have polled an

TRUCE TO EXPIRE TO-DAY.

An Effort Being Made to Induce Genera

Exeta to Sign a Protocol. CITY OF MEXICO, August 26 .- The Guatemalan Minister here says that General Ezeta having refused to ratify the peace protocol signed by Dr. Galinde, July 8, Guatemala ordered her forces to again advance on Salvador, but that the diplo matic corps requested four days' more truce to try to induce General Ezeta to sign the

The truce expires to-morrow. Several members of the diplomatic corps have gone to Salvador.

BOYCOTTERS BICKERING

nakers Are Already Charging Enc Other With Violating the Agreeme NEWBURG, N. Y., August 26-There i ension among the brickmakers who have pledged themselves to boycott the New York market. H. C. Rose, who makes 40.-000,000 bricks annually, is charged with violating the agreement. Bose says he signed with the proviso that he should fill existing contracts. This he is doing, and he savs others are.

MAKING MONEY PLENTIFUL

ecretary Windom Will Continue the Par

chase of Silver for Cash. WASHINGTON, August 26. - Secretar indom says that as he desires to release a present from the Treasury all he can he will ontinue to buy silver, if the offers are reas nable, without regard to the quota propor tion for the month.

First Pranes of the Sensor BAN FRANCISCO, August 26.-The fire carload of California prunes of the seaso was shipped to Chicago to-day from Santa Rosa, by C. W. Pike, of this city. The first carload of California dried grapes of the season's curing was dispatched this

PRIZES for omateur writers are offered by Exposition season. See an Fourth page of this usue.

HE SAYS IT IS A GO.

Significant Speech on the Tariff Bill by Major McKinley at

HIS NOMINATION FOR CONGRESS.

Ex-President Cleveland and the Democratic Party Scored.

PARMERS ARE DISAPPOINTED IN OHIO. Country.

Major McKinley was nominated yesterday as the Republican candidate for Congress from the Sixteenth Ohio district. Great enthusiasm prevailed at the convention. The Major's speech was a masterly effort. He stated that the House bill would positively be passed.

MPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1 Massillon, August 26.—Major Mc-Kinley to-day became the Republican candidate for Congress in the new Sixteenth district, composed of Stark, Wayne, Holmes and Medina counties. The Republican authority which conferred the honor was a mass meeting of the party in the district. Delegations accompanied by brass bands came from each of the counties. The convention was called to order in the Opera House at 2 o'clock this afternoon. gressman Smyser introduced Judge Munson, of Medina, who made the speech ominating McKinley. He reserved Me-Kinley's name to the last, and as it was pronounced, the cheers and shouts that arose fairly shook the bouse. When the vote was called for by Smyser the walls quivered with one mighty "aye" that went up and the crowd cheered and cheered again. Major McKinley then followed with his speech of acceptance, which was a masterly effort. Speaking of the tariff he said:

REMARKS ON THE HOUSE BILL. Another purpose we declared in Chicago, another pledge we made to the people, to revise the tariff on the line of protection. How? Let me draw the matter: By such revision as will tend to check imports of such articles as are produced by our people, the production of which gives employment to our labor, and re-lease from import duty those articles of for-

lease from import duty those articles of foreign production (except luxuries) the like of
which cannot be produced at home. No one
questions but that the House has kept that
pledge in every respect in the bill
which it sent to the Senate of the
United States. It has lowered duties when
they were in the interest of the people, and it
has had the courage to raise them when to do
so was to inaugurate or promote great industries and enlarge the field of employment for
American men and women. If any doubt ever
existed that the House tariff bill was a piece
of American legislation for the benefit of the
American people, and in the line of the country's largest prosperity, that doubt must have
long since been removed by the manifestations of opposition which have come from
the leading and competing nations of the
world.

FOREIGN RIVALS. "We said in our platform of 1888: 'We are un

sed tarifi bill, must have conviproposed tarifi bill, must have convinced the most ignorant or incredulous that our foreign rivals regard the bill not in the interest of Europe, but in the interests of America. They see nothing in it but a diminution of their American trade and a corresponding gain to our own producers. Of course, it does not please other nations; it was not framed after that fashion. The Mills bill did.

SAYS IT WILL PASS. "President Cleveland's free trade message re ceived only condemnation and bitter denun-ciation. That is the precise difference. It was not made to please other nations; it was framed for the people of the United States as a fence to their industries, as a security to their ests and investments, as a protection to the labor of their hands, and as a safeguard to the happy homes of American workmen. If it shall be enacted into law, I venture the prediction, which will be fully verified and which thoughtful men everywhere will confirm, when I declare that it will bring to this country a prosperity unparalleled in when I deciare that it will bring to this country a prosperity unparalleled in the history of the world. And let me assure you the bill will become a law. A Republican Sen-ate will pass it and a Republican President will put upon it his seal of approval as soon as it shall reach him, and another great pledge of the Republican party will have been kept and fulfilled.

DROOKED WORK OF AGENTS. "The Congress has passed a law that is known as the "customs administrative bill," a part of the great tariff system of the country hich protects the honest importer in the United States against the unscrupulous, which United States against the unscrapulous, which protects our own producers and citizons from the under valuations which have been too common, and which it is hoped will take the great business of importing into this country out of hands of the dishonest men and place it where it once was—in the hands of honest merchants. It looks also to the protection of the revenues of the country, for it is a notorious fact that for 5 years past, by a system of consignments and under valuations and the establishment of agencies on this side, we have not collected within 25 or 50 per cent of the true valuation of the merchandise imported."

Upon the conclusion of the Major's speech the following telegram to the Chairman of the convention from Blaine, at Bar Harbor. was read:

I trust your convention to-day will nominate Major McKinley for Congress. He has been tried and true for 20 years. On many occasions he has helped the Republicans of Maine, and they want to acknowledge their obligation and help him by their interest, their sympathy, and their friendship.

Resolutions were adopted indorsing Mc-Kinley, the McKinley bill, the Federal elec-tion bill, President Harrison's administration, and Congressman Smyser's record.

WORKING IN SECRET.

Independent Republicaus Concest Their Intention of Meeting at Altoons.

PRPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR. PHILADELPHIA, August 26 .- The Inde endent Republicans who are opposed to the election of Hon. George W. Delamater. the Republican Gubernatorial candidate. will hold a meeting to-morrow at Altoona The place and time for a couple of weeks have been kept a profound secret.

A sort of mystery has surrounded the movements of those who are credited with being interested in the affair, the admitted desire of the originators being that managers should not know the names of those who are to oppose Senator Delamater until after the meeting. It has also been part of the programme to keep secret the time and place for the gathering. It was said that it was deemed best to have it somewhere in the interior of the State and not in the city of Philadelphia or Pittsburg, as it was feared the parties interested would be interiered with in their plans. Those who received invitations to attend the conference were obligated to say nothing as to the meeting, so that publicity would be avoided.

Nominated by Acclamation. LANSDALE, PA., August 26 .- The Sev- page of to-day's DISPATCH. ATTACKED BY A MOB.

dale, this morning at 11 o'clock and nomi-nated by acclamation, Itving P. Wanger, ex-District Attorney of Montgomery county, for Congress. Delamater was present and made a speech to a big gathering. Ten Thousand Roughs Make a Raid Upon a Meeting of Socialists.

HORRIBLE CRIME OF A FARMER.

Preparing to Receive the Czar of All the Russias in Berlin.

PRINCESS VICTORIA'S ROTAL DOWRY.

Healy's Mothed for Relieving Famine-Stricken Ireland.

A Socialist meeting in Berlin was broken the right kind in the Republican party. Lewis Emery has turned to the Democrats, and is not mentioned as a successor to the late Senator here, while Mr. J. W. Lee is as silent as the grave as to where he stands, and has repeatedly refused to be interviewed. Still, the fact that he is a bosom friend of Emery, and, as many think, assisted that gentleman in preparing his broadside to be fired at Delamater, has caused many of his political friends to look up by a mob of toughs, and a fierce battle was waged until the police quelled it with sabers. A jealous farmer kills his wife and then suicides. The Czar is expected in Berlin, and preparations are being made to receive him. IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.

BERLIN, August 26. -An exciting incident that bordered very closely on a riot occurred here last night. A large number of ocialists held a meeting in the Friedrichsheim brewery and the grounds about it on Monday. The usual speeches were being It is not believed that there will be an election for the successor to Mr. Watson until the general election in November, owing to the shortness of the time and the expenses attending an election. In the Democratic camp there is considerable hustling for a candidate for Congress, and it is probable that Hon. A, A. Plummer will be the nominee. He is a popular man, and his friends believe that if he is nominated, and the Republicans get into a squabble over a candidate, he could easily be elected. made and the enthusiasm kept the crowd intact until very late. During this time a mob had been gathering outside the gates and frequently interrupted the Socialist proceedings by loudly asking admittance. This was refused, and the gradual growth of the outside crowd was not noticed until the streets in the immediate vicinity were impassable, and it was estimated that 10,000 roughs were gathered. When they reached these proportions they made a concentrated and victous attack upon the Socialists, broke down the fences and invaded the park. They were met, however, by the Socialists, and a desperate fight followed, clubs, sticks and pistols being freely used. So deter-mined was each side that nothing but the arrival of a body of mounted police prevented the riot from becoming a serious

> When the police rode into the mass of fighters they were received with a shower of tones. The police replied by splitting the neads of a few with their swords, and finally put the disturbers to flight.
>
> The Anarchists at the meeting explained

> the emente by saving that the mob was incited to its attack by blatant agitators of the radical branch of the Anarchists not in sympathy with their methods. HARD ON LANDLORDS.

Jefferson county held a meeting by themselves and appropriated all the committees.
The delegates from the other counties of the
district held a meeting later and selected
the old central committeemen. Mr. Dierdik
filled the other places and they were recognized. The Committee on Permanent Organization has selected L.T. Neal, of Chillicothe,
for Permanent Charman. The Committee on
Resolutions is in session late to-night, and
will report on national issues and condemn
the McKinley and election bills.
The probable ticket will be Cromley, of
Pickaway. for Secretary of State: Okey. Healy Says the Starving Irlshman Who Pays Rent is an Assassin. ted Press.] Pickaway, for Secretary of State; Okey, of Columbus, for Supreme Judge, and Keifer, of Miama, for Board of Public Works. DUBLIN, August 26.-At a meeting of the National League here to-day Mr. Timo-

thy M. Healy, referring to the potato blight, said that nothing stood between the people and starvation during the coming winter. "We said in our platform of 1888: 'We are uncompromisingly in favor of the American system of protection. We protest against its destruction as presented by President Cleveland and his party. They serve the interests of America.' We have given legislative shootion to this declaration in the bill which has passed the Heuse with a fidelity of purpose which even our enemies will not question.

The public meetings when have been field in England, and the exhibitions of temper which have been witnessed in some of its great manufacturing centers, and in the parliamentary bodies of other nations protesting against our proposed tarifi bill, must have convinced the The Government was represented as being his family to starve would be little better

than an assassin. Was Ireland, he asked, to be placed aga in in the position of a mendicant before Europe and America? If it should be found ecessary to appeal to America and Australia, no part of the assistance thus obtained ought to go to any man who had paid rent during the last twelvemonth. Let the landlords support the rent-pavers. The farmers ought to give an earnest of their intention to grapple with the impending distress by paying contributions to the cen-

Then Himself.

Congress. Ex-Governor E. W. Wilson was a candidate, and withdrew in favor of Alder-ALL FOR LOVE. A Jenlous Farmer Kills His Wife and

inated James A. Capehart, of Juckson county, after a hot contest. Judge Jackson, who was unseated by the present Congress, was a candidate, and bitterly fought Capehart. The Camden Democrats also opposed him. Capehart is a farmer. IBT DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY, 1 HAMBURG, August 26 .- A farmer named Heinrich Bruns, who lived in the village of Westerwich, having cause to suspect his wife, called her and their children to the cellar of their house, barred the door, accused her of unfaithfulness and declared that she must die for her crime. Then he made her kneel down and pray for forgiveness of her sins, and after that repeat the prayer tor the dying. This done, tive Morrow of California said to-day that he bound her to a wooden bench, and with his determination announced a year ago not an old cavalry saber he backed her head off.

> from his pocket and blew out his brains. The screams of the children attracted the attention of the neighbors, who broke open the door and found the little ones bespattered with their mother's blood, and the eldest girl lying in a dead faint across her

Then, with great coolness, drew a revolver

ALL FOR THE CZAR

Making Preparations to Receive Him Right gress from the Fourth district. He gives as Royally to Berlin. a reason that he cannot afford to live in Washington, and his income from his pro-fession has suffered, as most of his time has been devoted to Congressional duties. (BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY, 1 BERLIN, August 26 .- Although the Russian press has thought well to deny the intended visit of the Czar and the Czarina to this city, the fact that they will come here is generally believed and is strengthened by the elaborate improvements now being made

in the building occupied by the Russian Embassy, located on Unterder Linden. The building is having a large extension added to it the stable is being made much more commodious, the rooms are receiving entirely new furniture and decorations, and all on a scale that woud be warranted only by a visit from royalty.

THE GRIP AGAIN. It is Breaking Out in England and on

ORY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY. LONDON, August 26 .- The influenza which has lingered in the city through the nummer, the result of the several weeks of wet weather, is again becoming very prevalent, and is causing a great deal of anxiety lest it be the forerunner of another epi-

from entry all reservoir sites heretofore made or hereafter to be made.

Messrs. Reagan and Teller had a tilt, in which the latter declared that the former was in favor of delivering over the interests of the miners of Montana into the hands of the American Lead Trust.

Mr. Reagan said he had been charged by the Senator from Colorado with defending the American Lead Trust. If that Senator meant to be understood that ha (Mr. Reagan) Reports from the Continent announce that similar outbreak has occurred in Vienna, in Austria and in Hungary; the only difference being that this is accompanied by symptoms of cholera and diarrhea instead of se of affections of the lungs.

LIPPE'S LUCK

He Will Receive a Nice Dowry With His Wife Princess Victoria. [BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.] BERLIN, August 26 .- The Princess Vicoria, sister of the Emperor, who has but I been pelsoned in Constantinople.

recently recovered from her love for Prince TRIED TO LYNCH HIM. Ferdinand, and who is shortly to be wedded to Prince Lippe, has just been endowed by the Government with a douceur of £50,000 eash and an annuity of £5,000 for life.

LAW OF NATIONS

Being Revised in Liverpool, Rogland, by a Conference Association.
[BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY]

LIVERPOOL, August 26.-To-day the Conference Association, whose object is the ratification and reform of the Law of Nations, opened its session at the town hall. The chief subject for consideration will be the propriety of revising what are known as the York and Antwerp rule. The subject is one of great importance to all in-

terested in shipping.

The question of international arbitration will also be discussed, on which David Dudley Field, of New York, will read a paper. The conference will debate the questions of territorial waters and fishing

THE NOBLE DEAD.

Unveiling a Memorial to the English Sold-iers Who Died at Waterioo.

JBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY, ] BRUSSELS, August 26.-Field Marshal H. R. H., the Duke of Cambridge, the Commander-in-Chief of the British Army. to-day unveiled the stately memorial erects in the rural cemetery, three miles bey the Louvaine Gate of Brussels, over to remains of the soldiers slain in the battle of

The ceremony was of the simplest characer and the religious part consisted of the meral service of the Church of England, There was no display of flags and no music. The King of the Belgians was represented by a general officer.

THE BASSO'S BOOTS.

aventien of an Opera Singer to Ald Mountala Climbers. [ BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.] LONDON, August 26 .- Signor Abramoff,

ne primo basso of the Carl Rosa Opera Company, who made a great success about four years ago in America, has patented an invention for the ascent and descent of steep inclines. It consists of a pair of boots so made that the support for the feet remains horizontal, even when the sole may be inelined at an angle of 50 degrees, and a row of strong spikes prevent the wearer from

Several experiments have been made in ountaineering with the invention, and all ave proved successful.

IRELAND MAY STARVE An Official Report on the Potato Crop Pre-

sents a Gloomy Picture. IBT DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANT.1 DUBLIN, August 26.-The Irish Land Commissioners have just issued their report on the condition of the potato crop all through Ireland. It confirms the statements of the newspapers that the blight is universal. In Donegal there is only half a crop. In West Cork the yield is far below the average. In the poorer districts of Mayo the crop is a

total failure. The continued wet weather increases the loom of the picture, and the situation threatens to repeat the horrors of 1848.

ENGLISH JUSTICE.

A Man Who is Admittedly Not Guilty is Punished Anyway. New York, who is charged in the Police Court here with stealing the jewels of Miss Eastlake, the actress,

argued that as the valuables had been ound on his person he should at least be The Court accepted this view of the case, and the prisoner was accordingly mulcted

the prosecuting solicitor admitted that Mr.

Clyde was not guilty of the theft, but

HIS HEAD TORN OFF.

An English Murderer Horribly Mangled by

the Hangman's Rope. INT DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY. BIRMINGHAM, August 26 .- A dreadful Frederick Davis, who was sentenced to death for the murder of his wife, was executed. His head was half torn off and the windpipe and carotid artery were severed

and blood spurted all over the scaffold. The hangman explained that this unusual occurrence was the result of the fact that Davis was a man with a long neck, the consequence of which was that the man was given a six-foot drop.

HEADING IT OFF.

Trying to Stop the Progress of Asiatio Cholera in Silesia.

[BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.] BERLIN, August 26 .- Advices from Silesia say that the authorities have recognized cholera symptoms in the case of tw natients who have just died. Immediate precautions were taken to confine the disease to these persons, the bodies were buried at night, the clothes burned, and the relatives of the deceased who were in contact with them have been isolated.

CABLE CLICKS.

Short Items of Interest Flashed From Across the Ocenn.

QUEENSTOWN, August 26.—The steamship Teutonic, of the White Star Line, arrived this afternoon at 6:16, after a passage of 6 days 2 hours and 45 minutes, being 2 hours and 30 ntes later than the City of New York, Her daily runs were 457, 438, 434, 468, 458, 440 and 106,

Terrific Torondo in Italy.

ROME, August 26.-The city of Perugia and the surrounding country have been visited by a tornado. The wind blew with terrific force. Four churches in the city were blown down and many bouses were wrecked. A large number of persons were injured. English Iron Experts Coming.

LONDON, August 26.—It is decided that 300 members of the Iron and Steel Institute shall

leave London shortly to attend the mee

the fron and steel industry in New York in Smallpox in Persambuce. PARIS. August 25.—At a meeting of the Hygienic Committee to-day Dr. Proust read a telegram from Perambuco, stating that there are 4.000 cases of smallpox in that province, and that there is an average of 20 deaths daily.

Disentisfied Workingmen LONDON, August 22.—There is much dissatis-faction among the dockers at Southampton and a great strike is imminent. The sriking miners in Belgium now number 18,000.

Paris, August 26.—A rumor is current here that Ismail Pacha, ex-Khedive of Egypt, has

THREE CENTS.

A Hungarian's Narrow Escape From a Mob's Rope at Duquesne.

PLUCKY FIGHT BY A CONSTABLE

Who Brought His Prisoner to the Jail.

More Dead Than Alive.

AN ARM ALMOST CUT OFF BY THE HUN.

Whom a Frenzied Mob Beat and Kicked Insensible for Using a Knife.

A Hungarian named Frank Bodak was nearly lynched by a mob yesterday at Duquesne for almost severing John Thomp-son's hand from his arm with a knife. The trouble was caused by a fight over a keg of liquor that a party of Huns was trying to get away with on Mr. Thompson's place.

Frank Bodak, a Hungarian living at Duquesne, is in jail, suffering from injuries received yesterday at the hands of a mob that wanted to hang him, and one of its number procured a rope to do the derrick it with, when the man was rescued by a stable and some more sober-minded ome with his left hand cut clear

9 o'clock yesterday morning a number of his countrymen asthing like a combination by which & s formed, and the people in the con a original package of beer pose of L or whisk After securing the package and breaking it, the combiners adjourned to the rear yard of John Thompson's place of busi-

The men got pretty noisy, as the 60-day stuff warranted to give one visions of a 30 day sentence to the workhouse gratis with each bottle began to get in its work. Mr. Thompson was annoyed and ordered the men to leave the place. They retused to do so and resisted Thompson's efforts to force them out.

SLASHED ON THE WRIST. Bodak, who was about the noisiest of the

crowd, pulled out a big knife and, with an oath, jumped on Thompson. He made a slash at Thompson's breast, and to ward off the blow, the latter threw up his arm. The knife descended and eaught arm. The knife descended and eaught Thompson on the wrist. The sharp blade entered the flesh and cut clear into the bone, severing the tendons and smaller bones, and causing the blood to spurt out in large quantities. Thompson was felled to the ground by a blow from one of the Hungarians, and his son, who ran out to assist him, was also knocked down and beaten. Bodak then jumped over the fence, and with his commanions ran down to the Allewith his companions ran down to the Alle-gheny Bessemer steel works, where they were employed. From there Bodak went to his boarding house and secreted himself in a bed, where he was found later and pulled

Constable Wisser, of Duquesne, heard of the row and set out to arrest Bodak. He found the Hungarian in bed at the latter's boarding house, and hauled him out. Bodak was all covered up and hidden from sight between mattresses. The constable took him before Justice Gwinn for a hearing, while Thompson was taken to a physician to have his wounds dressed. When LIVERPOOL, August 26 .- In the case of Thomoson's friends came up and attempted Neil Clyde, the Quartermaster of the City of to take the prisoner from the constable They threatened to beat Bodak, but the constable implored them, in the name of the law, not to do the prisoner any violence.

The constable might as well have told the river to stop flowing, as his words only aggravated the mob, and they were deter-mined to "do him." Several of them

> kicked him about the head and body. INSISTED ON A LYNCHING. While the man was lying on the ground, and the constable was trying to rescue him, one man, a stalwart fellow, over 6 feet tall, yelled, "Lynch the 'Hun!" "String him up!" "He killed Thompson!" etc., etc.

year ago, was the excitement so great, and the people worked up to such a frenzy. Two of the men grabbed Bodak and tried to drag him away, for the purpose of taking him to the outskirts of the town and lynching him. over, a man was seen running toward the prisoner with a rope. The latter is an ordinary clothes line, about 25 or 30 feet in length, but as soon as the man saw the prisoner still in

dak was taken before Justice Gwinn eccived. He was committed to jail by the

He Used Other People's Thousands in His PHILADELPHIA, August 26.-Emil V.

Koester was arrested in this city to-day charged with embezzling \$7,000 from a number of societies in Minneapolis, Minn., of which he was Treasurer. At a hearing this afternoon the prisoner acknowledged being an embezzler, but claimed the amount taken was only \$2,000. He had used the money in his own business with the hope of repaying it, but, finding himself unable to do this, decided to run away. He went to Europe, but returned to this country about two weeks ago, and came to Philadelphia to live. The Chief of Detectives telegraphed to Minneapolis that Koester had been arto Minneapolis that Koester had been ar-rested, and at a hearing this afternoon, the prisoner was held to await a requisition from the Minnesots authorities.

A B. & O. Train Dashes, Wrecking a Car and Killing an Engineer.

BALTIMORE, August 26 .- The Chicago No passengers were hurt. By 7 o'clock

regularly. MORE LAND FOR SETTLERS. Bill to Open the Fort Maginniss Military

Reservation in Montana. WASHINGTON, August 26 .- Senator

tary Reservation in Montana under the homestead and mining laws.

Six hundred and forty acres are to be granted the State, to be selected so as to em-brace all the buildings and improvements on the reservation, to be used for educational

at the wrist to the bone, the latter that holds the hand to the arm.

ness and began to consume the contents of the package. .

jumped on the Hungarian and beat and

Not since the days of the strike, over The constable and several citizens, who the latter had called to assist him, fought for the prisoner and prevented the mob from dragging him away. After the fight was

the hands of the constable, he threw the rope away. and given a hearing. He was in a pitiable condition. His head, face and body were bruised and swollen from the blows, and be was covered with blood. It was feared that he has been injured internally, by ktcks he

WESTERN EMBEZZLER CAPTURED.

INTO AN OPEN SWITCH

express on the Baltimore and Ohio Bailro ran into an open switch near Point of Rocks about 5 o'clock this evening. The engine and postal car were wrecked, and the engineer, David Ziler, was killed. The fireman

the road was clear and trains were running

Power to-day introduced a bill to provide for the disposal of the Fort Maginniss Mili-