## WORDS THAT COUNT.

The Potency of Mild Language in Overcoming Adversaries.

QUARRELING ALWAYS USELESS.

An Impossibility to Drive Men to Become Christians.

### SALVATION THROUGH THE HEART

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. CINCINNATI, August 24.-Dr. Talmage, who is in this city to-day, discourses on a power which, if it had been used as extensively as Christ intended it to be used, would

ing is his sermon:
When Solomon said this he drove a whole volume into one phrase. You, of course, will not be so silly as to take the words of the text in a literal sense. They simply mean to set forth the fact that there is a tremendous power in a kind word. Although it may seem to be very insignificant, its force is indescribable and illimitable. Pungent and all-conquering utterance: "A

soft tongue breaketh the bone." If the weather were not so hot, and I had time. I would show you kindness as a means of defense; kindness as a means of psefulness: kindness as a means of domestic harmony; kindness as best employed by governments for the taming and curing of criminals; and kindness as best adapted for the settling and adjusting of international quarrels; but I shall call your attention only to

two of these thoughts. And first, I speak to you of kindness as a And first, I speak to you of kindness as a means of defense. Almost every man, in the course of his life, is set upon and assaulted. Your motives are misinterpreted or your religious or political principles are bombarded. What to do under such circumstances is the question. The first impulse of the natural heart says: "Strike back. Give as much as he sent. Trip him elevated in their soul as firmly as in his clutched in their soul as firmly as in his back. Give as much as he sent. Trip him into the ditch which he dug for your feet. Gash him with as severe a wound as that which he inflicted on your soul. Shot for shot. Sarcasm for sarcasm. An eye for an eye. A tooth for a tooth," But

THE BETTER SPIRIT in the man's soul rises up and says: "You ought to reconsider that matter." You look up into the face of Christ and say: "My Master, how ought I to act under these difficult circumstances?" And Christ instantly answers: "Bless them that curse you, and Then the old nature rises up again and says:
"You had better not forgive him until first
you have chastised him. You will never
get him in so tight a corner again. You will never have such an opportunity of in-flicting the right kind of punishment upon him again. First chastise him and then let him go." "No," says the better nature, "hash, thou foul heart. Try the soft tongue that breaketh the bone." Have you ever in all your life known accribity and acrimonious dispute to settle a quarrel? Did they not always make matters worse, and worse,

Many years ago there was a great quarrel in the Presbyterian family. Ministers of Christ were thought orthodox in proportion as they had measured lances with other clergymen of the same denomination. The most outrageous personalities were abroad. As in the autumn, a hunter comes home with a string of game, partridges and wild ducks slung over his shoulder, so there were They began to explain away the difficulties; they began to forgive each other's faults, and, lof the great church quarrel was settled, and the new school Presbyterian Church and the old school Presbyterian Church and the old school Presbyterian Church became one. The different parts of the Presbyterian order, welded by a ham-mer, a little hammer, a Christian hammer that the Scripture calls "a soft tongue." QUARRELING WITH NEIGHBORS.

You have a dispute with your neighbor.
You say to him, "I despise you." He replies: "I can't bear the sight of you." You say to him: "Never enter my house again."
He says: "If you come on my door sill I'll kick you off." You say to him: "I'll put you down." He says to you: "You are mistaken; I'll put you down." And so the contest rages; and year after year you act the un-Christian part. After a while the better spirit server you and one day you go over You have a dispute with your neighbor. spirit seizes you, and one day you go over to the neighbor and say: "Give me your hand. We have fought long enough. Time is so short, and eternity is so near, that we lingdom of God. A March northeaster You win his admiration, and you get his apology. But if you have not conquered him in that way, at any rate you have won the applause of your own conscience, the high estimation of good men, and the bonor of your Lord who died for His armed ene-

"But," you say, "what are we to do when slanders assault us and there come acrimon-ious sayings all around about us, and we are abused and spit upon?" My reply is: Do not go and attempt to chase down the slanders. Lies are prolific, and whele you are killing one, 50 are born. All your demonstrations of indignation only exhaust you'self. You might as well, on some sum-mer night when the swarms of insects are coming up from the meadows and disturbing you, and disturbing your family, bring up some great "swamp angel," like that which thundered over Charleston, and try to shoot them down. The game is too small for the gun.

HOW TO CONQUER. But what, then, are you to do with the abuses that come upon you in life? You are to live them down! I saw a farmer go out to get back a swarm of bees that had wandered off from the hive. As he moved amid them off from the hive. As he moved amid them they buzzed around his hands, and buzzed around his feet. If he had killed one of them they would have stung him to death, But he moved in their midst in perfect placidity until he had captured the swarm of wandering bees. And so I have seen men moving amid the annoyances, and the vezations, and the assaults of life in such calm, Christian deliberation, that all the buzzing tian deliberation, that all the buzzing around about their soul amounted to nothing. They conquered them, and above all, they conquered themselves. "O," you say, "that's a very good theory to preach on a hot day, but it won't work." It will work. It has worked. I believe it is the last Christian grace we win. You know there are fruits which we gather in June, and others in July, and others in August, and others in September, and still others in Oc-

we hear a great deal about the bitter tongue, and the sarcastic tongue, and the quick tongue, and the singing tongue; but we know very little about "the soft tongue that breaketh the bone." We read Hudibras, and Sterne, and Dean Swift, and the other awastless of agrimony, but give little other apostles of aerimony, but give little time to studying the example of Him who was reviled, and yet reviled not again. O that the Lord, by His spirit, would endow us all with "the soft tongue that breaketh

CHRISTIAN KINDNESS.

uention, or through the maltrentment of professed Christian people, or through prying curiosity about the future world, there are a great many people who become akeptical in religious things. How shall you capture them for God? Sharp argument and sarcastic retort never wen a single soul from skeptician to the Christian religion. White powerful books on the "Evidences of Christianity" have their mission in confirming Christian people in the faith they have already adopted, I have noticed that when skeptical people are brought into the kingdom of Christ, it is through the charm of some genial soul, and not by argument at all.

Men are not saved through the head; they Men are not saved through the head; they are saved through the heart. A storm comes out of its hiding place. It says: "Now we'll just rouse up all this sea;" and it makes a great bluster; but it does not succeed. Part of the sea is roused up, perhaps one-half of it, or one-fourth of it. After a while the calm moon, placid and beautiful, looks down, and the ocean begins to rise. It sively as Christ intended it to be used, would have saved the church and the world from infinite discord and sorrow—the power of kindness. His text is "A soft tongue breaketh the bene." Proverbs xxv, 15. Following is his sermon: that while all your storms of ridicule and storms of sarcasm may rouse up the passion of an immortal nature, nothing less than the attractive power of Christian kindness can ever raise the deathless spirit to happiness and to God. I have more faith in the prayer of a child 5 years old, in the way of bringing an infidel back to Christ and to heaven, than I have in all the hissing thunderbolts of exclassistical controversy. of ecclesiastical controversy.

WASTED ARGUMENTS.

You cannot overcome men with religious argumentation. If you come at a skeptical man with an argument on behalf of the man with an argument on behalf of the Christian religiou you put the man on his mettle. He says: "I see that man has a carbine. I'll use my carbine. I'll answer his argument with my argument." But if you come to that man, persuading him that you desire his happiness on earth and his eternal welfare in the world to come he can-

not answer it.
What I have said is just as true in the reclamation of the openly vicious. Did you ever know a drunkard to be saved through clutched in their soul as firmly as in his have been delivered, then a ray of light will flash across his vision, and it will seem as if a supernatural hand were steadying his staggering gait.

his staggering gait.

A good many years ago there lay in the street a man dead drunk, his face exposed to the blistering noonday sun. A Christian weman passed along, looked at him, and said: "Poor fellow." She took her handkerchief and spread it over his face, and passed on.

The man roused himself up from his debauch, and began to look at the handkerchief, and, lol on it was the name of a highly respectable Christian woman of the city. He went to her, he thanked her for her kindness; and that one little deed saved him for this life, and saved him for the life that is to come. He was afterward Attorney Gen-eral of the United States; but, higher than all, he became the consecrated disciple of

Exind words are so cheap, it is a wonder we do not use them oftener. There are tens of thousands of people who are dying for the lack of one kind word. There is a business man who has fought against trouble until he is perfectly exhausted. He has been thinking about forgery, about robbery, about suicide. Go to that business man. Tell him that better times are coming and tell him that you worrself were in DYING FOR KIND WORDS. ing, and tell him that you yourself were in a tight business pass, and the Lord delivered you. Tell him to put his trust in God. Tell him that Jesus Christ stands besides every ducks slung over his shoulder, so there were many ministers who came back from the ecclesiastical courts with long strings of doctors of divinity whom they had shot with their own rifle. The division became wider, the animosity greater, until after a while some good men resolved upon another tack. gospel. He feels like a shipwrecked mari-ner looking out over the beach, watching for a sail against the sky. O, bear down on him. Tell him that the Lord waits to be gracious to him, and though he has been a

great sinner, there is a great Saviour pro-vided. Tell bim that though his sins are as scarlet, they shall be as snow; though they are red like crimson, they shall be as wool. one kind word.

There used to be sung at a great many of the pianes all through the country a song that has almost died out. I wish somebody would start it again in our social circles. There may not have been very exquisite art in the music, but there was a grand and glorious sentiment:

## "Kind words never die, never die; Cherished and blessed."

THE WAY TO TEACH.

cannot afford any longer to quarrel. I feel will bring out more honeysuckles than fretyou have wronged me very much: but let fulness and scolding will bring out Christian us settle all now in one great hand-shaking, and be good friends for all the rest of our lives." You have risen to a higher platform than that on which before you stood. deal of usefulness. There is no need of coming out before men and thundering to them the law unless at the same time you preach to them the gospel. Do you not know that this simple story of a Savior's kindness is to redeem all nations? The hard heart of this world's obduracy is to be broken before that

story. There is in Autwerp, Belgium, one of the most remarkable pictures I ever saw. It is "The Descent of Christ from the Cross." It is one of Rubens' pictures. No man can stand and look at that "Descent from the Cross," as Rubens pictured it, without having his eyes flooded with tears, if he have any sentiality of all. any sensibility at all. It is an over any sensibility at all. It is an overmaster-ing picture—one that stuns you, and stag-gers you, and haunts your dreams. One afternoon, a man stood in that cathedral looking at Rubens' "Descent from the Cross." He was all absorbed in that scene of a Saviour's suffering when the janitor came in and said: "It is time to close up the cathedral for the night. I wish you would depart." The pilgrim looking at that "Descent from the Cross," turned around to the janitor and said: "No, no; not yet. Wait until they get Him down."

THE SOFT TONGUE. O, it is the story of a Saviour's suffering kindness that is to capture the world. When the bones of that great Behemoth of iniquity which has trampled all nations shall be broken and shattered, it will be found out that the work was not done by the hammer of the iconoclast, or by the sword of the conqueror, or by the torch of prosecution, but by the plain, simple, overwhelming sorce of "the soft tongue that breakets the bone."

And I now ask the blessing of God to come down upon you in matters of health, in matters of business; that the Lord will deliver you from all your financial perplexi-ties; that He will give you a good liveli-hood, large salaries, healthful wages, suffi-cient income. I pray God that He may give you the opportunity of educating your chil-dren for this world, and, through the rich grace of our Lord Jesus Christ, of seeing tober; and I have to admit that this grace of our Lord Jesus Christ, of seeing tober; and I have to admit that this grace of Christian forgiveness is about the last fruit of the Christian soul.

We hear a great deal about the bitter tongue, and the sarcastic tongue, and the sarcastic tongue, and the sarcastic tongue, and the soft tongue who have not yet attended to the things of their eternal interest, in this, the closing part of my discourse, I implore them here we know very little about "the soft tongue with Him. O, we want to be gathered to-gether at last in the bright and blessed as-semblage of the skies, our work all done, our sorrows all ended. God bless you, and your children, and your children's children. And now I commend you to God and to the word of His grace, which is able to build you up and give you an inheritance among all of them that are sanctified.

I name now to the other thought that I desire to present, and that is, kindness as a means of usefulness. In all communities you find skaptical men. Through early set. Fleming & Son's, Market st.

STAGE SCRAPS.

THE music of the "Passion Play" at Ober-THE music of the "Passion Play" at Oberammergau is supplied by on grehestra of \$5 members and a choir of \$2,7 sopranos, 7 altos, 5 tenors and 5 basses; all of the musicians are inhabitants of the village; the orchestra is placed underground; the singers learn their parts entirely by rote; the execution is accurate and colored, a fact which it is easy to account for when it is known that \$8 full rehearsals were beld under the direction of Schoolmaster Gruber, who is the conductor of the music.

Mr. Gustav Hinrichs' summer season at Mr. Gustay Hinrichs' summer season at

Philadelphia with his American Opera Com-pany has passed through 12 weeks of great sucpany has passed through 12 weeks of great success, which is likely to continue for the remaining five weeks. Besides a new opera of the lighter order by Mr. Hinrichs himself, entitled "Onti-Ora," "Ernanı," "Rigolette," "Masked Ball," "Mignon," "Daughter of the Regiment," "Martha, "Huguenots" and other standard operas have been given, "Carmen" and "Lobengrin" are also to be put on before Mr. Hinrichs betakes himself to New York as conductor for Mr. Hammerstein's promising enterprise of giving permanent opera in English to the metropolis.

Fon a period covering 20 years Louis James has held a prominent place in the history of the American stage, and during that time he has, as leading man, supported such prominent stars as Clara Morris, Charlotte Cushman, Fanny Davenport, Edwin Forrest, Lawrenge Barrett and many others. For the past seven years Mr. James has been engaged in portray ng as a star the leading characters in our best tragedies. He has long since overcome the natural opposition to all new exponents of classic roles, and the admirers of his originality and vigor have grown from hundreds to thousands in every important city in America. Mr. James' reportary this season consists of "Othello," "Hamlet," "Julius Casar," "Macbeth," "Richelleu," "Virginiua," "Ingomar and "Marble Heart," His Pittsburg engagement commences Monday night, September 1, at the Grand Opera House and continues one week. The epening bill will probably be "Othello," which is one of Mr. James' strongest characters. tragedies. He has long since overcome the

A NEW YORK comic opera manager says: While the Rialto and the agencies can, with an hour's notice, supply actors and actresses enough to fill a score of dramatic troupes, there is an amazing scarcity of chorus people for opera companies. The wages run from \$10 to opera companies. The wages run from \$10 to \$20 a week, with transportation paid and costumes provided. A dozen managers of operatroupes are in town searching for choristers, and most of them were in despair. It has generally been their custom to engage only experienced singers, but with the present lack of material they are glad enough to get raw recruits with good voices. Just think of the list of operatroupes organizing now or already organized—the Francis Wilson, McCaull, Hammerstein's, Hopper's, Minnie Palmers, Coarled's, Duff's, Carlton's Corinnés, Marie Greenwood's, Bennett and Moulton's and a dozen others I could mame. These troupes employ from 15 to 49 persons each in the chorus. Besides, the farce, comedy and burlesque companies are continually hiring the cleverest of the choristers for small solo parts, and even in the specificular productions use is now made of singers. Probably there are I,000 persons who make a living as chorus singers, yet I can't fill my troupe to my satisfaction.

Francis Wilson appears to have scored the

FRANCIS WILSON appears to have scored the greatest success known since "The Mikado," by the admirable performance given of his new opera, "The Merry Monarch," at the Broadway Theater, New York, last Monday night. Without a single exception, the New York papers have credited the opera with being the best and most laughable work of the kind seen in this country in many years, and in consequence the Broadway Theater is crowded to the doors nightly. The hit appears to be even greater than that scored by "Erminie," for that opera made no such impression on the opening night as "The Merry Monarch" is reported to have made. Beside being intensely funny, possessing a fine dramatic story and excellent music, the new piece has been placed upon the stage in an elaborate manner, bordering on extravagance. Hoyt's scenery is said to be magnificent, and Hawthorne's and Dazian's costumes, made from sketches by Percy Anderson, of London, are described as the handsomest dresses ever shown in a comic opera FRANCIS WILSON appears to have scored the derson, of London, are described as the hand-somest dresses ever shown in a comic opera production. Unfortunately the opera cannot remain in New York this fall longer than seven weeks, when it will go on a tour, but Manager Sanger has already booked time for it for his Broadway Theater covering nearly all of next year, beginning early in the fall of 1891.

DANCERS are more in demand nowadays than they have been in years. Premieres Cornalba, Qualitz and Paris command something like \$150 a week. Carmencita, who is the metropolitan hit at Koster & Bial's, weekly takes in 300 simoleon. Dancers like Ida Heath, Kate Seymour, Lillian Ramsden, Emily Vivian-have salaries ranging from 375 to \$100 a week. Stacological the Additional Company of the Addi cione, the skirt dancer, who will trip around "The Hustler" this season, passes the hundred limit. Good specialty dancers are very scarce. Barney Fagin, one of the best authorities on the subject, says that most women have aptitude for dancing but are lazy. Tote Du Crow, another authority, says that women confine themselves to one dance, and never learn a new dance more than once in five years. Jennie Williams, who according to report, is to wed Lord Petre, notoriously danced one dance and that let her out. The advent last year of Sylvia Grey and Letty Lind among us, and their terpsichorean success, was productive of a shoal of imitators. Florence Miller, Violette Mascatte and Marie Cahill are among these inflatory skirt dancers. The prevalence of black skirt dareing has given rise to a lot of male parody skirt-dancing. Martinetti and Collier, John Kernell and Max Arnold. Donnelly and Girard, Evans and Hocy are adepts in the burlesque of this style of female skirt-dancing.

## LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

The Condition of Business at the East Libert Stock Yards.

Stock Yards.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURG DISPATOH.

SATURDAY, August 22, 1880.

CATTLE—Receipts, 1,842 head; shipments, 1,564 head; market nothing doing; all through consignments. Twenty-three cars cattle shipped to New York to-day.

HOGS—Receipts, 2,850 head; shipments, 1,900 head; market active; selected cornted, 84 4002, 4 50; best cornted Yorkers, \$4 3024 40; grassers, \$4 0024 25; pigs, \$3 5003 75. Fifteen cars of hogs were shipped to New York to-day.

SHEEP—Receipts, 2,400 head; shipments, 1,800 head; market nothing doing.

By Telegraph.

CHICAGO—The Evening Journal reports; Cattle—Receipta, 2,000 head; shipments, 1,000 head;market stronger;natives, 23 5025 10;butchers' stock and Texans steady; no rangers on said. Hogs—Receipts, 17,000 head; shipments, 3,500 head; market lower; common and heavy packers, 23 8024 60; prime heavy, \$1 1024 20; light, \$4 1024 25. Sheep—Receipts, 2,000 head; shipments, 500 head; market steady; natives, \$4 0024 25; stockers, \$8 5024 00.

St. 1. COUIS—Cattle—Receipts, 700 head; shipments, 700 head; market strong at advances; good to fair native steers, \$4 25@4 70; fair to good, \$3 90@4 80; stockers and feeders, \$2 25@3 80; Texans and Indians, \$2 40@8 60. Hogs—Receipts, 1,200 head; shipments, 1,200 head; market steady; fair to choice heavy, \$4 00@4 15s mixed grades, \$3 90 @4 00; light fair to best, \$8 5%4 10. Sheep—Receipts, 200 head; shipments, 1,200 head; market steady; fair to choice, \$4 00@6 00.

fair to choice, \$4 00@5 00.

CINCINNATI—Hogs active and higher; common and light, \$3 15@4 30; packing and butchers, \$4 15@4 40. Cattle in light demand but steady; common, \$1 00@2 25; fair to choice butcher grades \$2 50@4 25. Sheep in fair demand and firm; common to choice, \$2 50 @4 75; stock wethers and ewes, \$4 00@5 00; extra fat wethers and yearlings, \$5 00@5 25. Lambs, spring in light supply and firm; good to choice shipping, \$5 00@6 00; common to choice butchers, \$3 00@5 00 per 100 lbs.

Pentures of Saturday's Oil Market. Corrected daily by John M. Oakley & Co., 4 Sixth street, members of the Pittsburg Petro leum Exchange:

Average runs. 10.

Refined. New Yors. 7.35c.

Refined. London. 5½d.
Refined. Antwerp. 17.

Refined. Liverpool. 5 11-16d.

Refined. Bremen. 6.00m.

A. B. McGrew, No. 115 Fourth avenue, quote
Puts, 33½; calls. 35.

All are entitled to the best that their money will buy, so every family should have, at once, a bottle of the best family remedy. Syrup of Figs, to cleanse the system when coative or billious. For sale in 50c and \$1 00 bottles by all

S. W. HILL, Pittsburg Meat Supply Company, corner of Church avenue, Ander son street and P., Ft. W. & C. R. W., Alle gheny, Pa., sold for Messrs. Nelson, Morris & Co., of Chicago, Ill., for the week ending August 23, 1890, 188 carcasses of beef, average weight 597 pounds, average price \$5 72 per 100 pounds.

Expedition Notes. Mattings, linoleums, oil cloths and car-pets made and laid on shortest possible notice. Muslins, sateens and silk drapertes in stock and put up at short notice. HOPPER BROS. & Co., 807 Wood street.

# A REVIEW OF TRADE

The Upward Movement of Hides Comes to a Standstill.

WEAKENING TENDENCIES APPEAR.

Harness Leather Still Active and Prices Are Advanced.

CEREALS AND GROCERIES STEADY

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURG DISPATCH, | SATURDAY, August 28, 1890. The upward movement in hides and calfskins noted a week ago has been arrested. The reaction which conservative dealers predicted is here and prices are already off from the highest point reached. Buyers and sellers are somewhat apart in their views of values, but it is an admitted fact that there has been a decline from the highest point. Markets are not yet established. The seller, however, who is forced to unload finds that prices have fallen %c per pound from rates obtained a week or wo ago. Tanners are not ready to give what deal-

ers ask, and, while the decline is not more than ke per pound, the drift is plainly down-ward, and the situation in favor of the buyer, which was not the case last week.

The harness leather trade continues very active and prices have advanced 2c per lb in the week past. The weekly output of the Alleweek past. The weekly output of the Allegheny harness leather tanneries is in round numbers 8,500 sides. All the tanneries are working up to their full capacity, and the finished product goes out as fast as it is ready for the market. A representative of one of the leading firms said to-day: "Our regular customers take all we can turn out, and we are frequently obliged to refuse orders. We accept no orders for future delivery. All orders booked are on the condition, that prices ruling at the time of shipment are to be paid." Sole leather has not shared in the upward movement of harness leather, but demand is fair. Oak sole leather is le per lb higher than a week ago, but there is no change in hemlock.

The late advance in harness leather and calf skins led regular dealers to lay in much heavier stocks than is their custom. Anticipating higher prices consumers bought beyond their regular wants. The speculative feature then entered into markets, and as regular consumers are well stocked up there has come the natural lull and a general weakening. Conservative dealers predicted this situation at the height of the boom, and they have not proved false prophets. But, notwithstanding the present lull, there is a strong undertone of confidence among dealers, and when the present reaction is over, which will be soon, there will be, no doubt, a healthy fall trade.

In Produce Lines.

per busnet above prices at the beginning of the week. Rye is very scarce in this market, and prices are 10c per bushel above quotations of last Saturday. The future of cereals is very un-certain, and buyers and sellers are alike very cautious in view of the uncertainties.

Busy Sunday About the Wharf-River men See Where They Made a Mistake-The Present Stage of Water Not Expected to Last Very Long.

The movement of towboats yesterday, com-bined with the usual Sunday excursion traffic, gave the harbor a busier aspect than on any previous Sunday since the flowers bloomed. Rivermen are making the most of this oppor-tunity to do business, as the present stage of water will likely be of short duration, and the snow will be flying before another chance like this presents itself. Coal operators are put out because they did not make the best of the high stage about three weeks ago. They now realize that the boats which left for emp-ties Saturday, may in all probability be com-pelled to remain below, as the reports show that the present rise will run out before the boats can make this port again, and if they had sent their boats out on the first rise they would have come up on this high water and go out with loads on the fall rise. Extensive shipments will likely be delayed as a result of this but it is of no great consequence to most of the shippers, as they have large supplies in the lower markets, bringing fair figures, and early shipments would decrease the value at Cincinnati and Louisville. But those who have no coal at lower ports are quietly kicking themselves for not sending after empties on the early rise.

Notwithstanding that the weather in the city was as pleasant as could be desired, great crowds of people preferred going out on the excursion loads. Two packets left the wharf with good loads of freight and passengers. The Monongabela dropped seven inches from 6 r. M. Saturday to the same hour yesterday evening. The marking stone read 7.6 at Market street, falling slowly, and 7.2 in the Ohio at Davis Island dam. Arrived: James G. Blaine, from Brownsville; H. V. Bedford, Wheeling. boats can make this port again, and if they had

W. H. BROWN'S tug Corsair was taken off the dock at New Orleans, yesterday. CLERK THOMAS BOND, of the Buckeye State, has eft for Cincinnati again, to resume his duties. THE Venus came down from Brownsville yester-day, where she was on the dock, and resumed in the Chartier's packet trade. THE City of Pittsburg made hourly trips be tween the wharf and McKee's Rocks, yesterday, and had big crowds on each trip.

CAPTAIN W. H. BROWN arrived from Louisville last night, where he was negotiating for building of an electric street railway. A STEAMBOATMEN'S Protective Association will be organized in New Orleans this winter. It will be similar to the organization in this city. THE Mayflower left with a crowd that took up all the room that spacious steamer affords. A brass band played classical and sacred selections. THE James G. Blaine left for Brownsville with a heavy load of freight. Arriving there her cargo was transferred to the Adam Jacobs, and she went through to Morgantown.

THE Lower Mississippi packet Teche beasts of having the eleverest clerk of them all. His name is Antoine Amirati. Despite the affliction of be-ing deaf and dumb, he is quite efficient. THERE will be no boat to Brownsville this more

THE Big Sandy and Pomeroy packet Telegraph laid up at Cincinnati yesteraay, after 14 years of profitable service. No attempt will be made to repair the boat and she will be dismattled. Another boat will be built, taking the same

LOWER Mississippi river pilots request that a

buoy be placed on the upper rock pile, above the iron Mountain road incline, near Bird's Point. This is one of the worst places the pilots have to contend with. The shirting of the water necestates this precaution.

THE workmen at the Manchester ways still held out and refuse to resume work unless their hold out and refuse to resume work unless their demands are compiled with, and the firm remains equally obdurate, and says the men shall not dic-tate to them. Meanwhile the Brownsville dock companies come in for the trade that would other-wise go to Reed & Krepps.

BOATS in port yesterday were the C. W. Batch-ellor. John Morn, Little Fred, Neille Walton, George Roberts, George Wood, Joseph F. Wal-ton, Joseph Nixon, Coal Valley, James Gilmore, Horner No. 2 Diamond, Beaver, Smoky City, Lud Keeter, Sam Miller, Joseph B. Williams, Iron Duke, Sam Brown, Iron Age, Harry Brown and Jim Wood.

MARKETS BY WIRE.

In Unsettled Feeling in the Grain Pit-Wheat Active and Higher - Corn Bobs Up and Cats Steady-

Pork Sarrow and Quiet.

CHICAGO—Wheat—A large speculative business was again transacted, and an excited market at times was witnessed. The opening was decidedly unsettled, with first sale anywhere from %c to 1%c higher than yesterday's closing advanced ke more and then declined

market at times was witnessed. The opening was decidedly unsettled, with first sale anywhere from %c to 1%c higher than yesterday's closing, advanced %c more and then declined %c, fluctuated frequently with several changes and closed %c higher for December than yesterday, while September closed %c higher.

Corn was quite active within narrow limits and the feeling developed was alltitle unsettled. The ovening was a %2%c advance, but offerings were heavy, and especially of May, which had a depressing influence on the other futures, and the market sold off %c. A better demand then sprang up, shippers buying September and this and the strength on the cash market had a stimulating effect on values, and the market advanced %6%c, ruled easy and closed with a slight advance.

Oats were quiet and without important features of interest. Trading was lighter and price changes confined to %c range, and the close was about the same as yesterday.

Mess Pork—Trade was mederate within a narrow range of prices. Prices ruled 2%65c higher early, but settled back again 7%cillo and closed quiet.

Lard—A fair trade was reported. Early sales showed a slight advance in prices, but a weaker feeling was developed later and prices receded 2%c65c, the market closing quiet at medium figures.

Short Rib Sides—Trading was moderate. Fluctuations in prices were confined within a small range and closed at medium figures.

The leading rutures ranged as follows:

WHEAT—No. 2. August, \$105%21 09%61 0

NEW YORK-Flour firmer; held 10@15c

Cheese strong and moderately active; part skims, 465%c; Ohio flat, 567c.

PHILADELPHIA—Flour dull but firm. Wheat bullish; speculation in the West influenced an advance in this market of 362c per bushel; No. 3 red in grain depot. \$1 01: No. 2 red, August, \$1 0661 06%; September, \$1 08%c 0108%; October, \$1 07%c 010%; November, \$1 08%c 0108%; Nov heese strong and moderate kims, 4@5%c; Ohio flat, 5@7c.

print, extra, 258/29c. Eggs scarce and firm; Pennsylvania firsts, 20.

ST. LOUIS—Flour steady and in fair demand. Wheat—Trading was active and the feeling healthy. The opening was at an advance of 3/6/2c, but on receipt of bear news declined 4/6/2c, but on receipt of bear news declined 4/6/2c. Later there was an up turn, and the market closed firm and 3/6/3/2c higher than vesterday. No. 2, cash, \$1 01/4/2l 01/3/; September, \$1 01/3/ nominal: December, \$1 01/3/ May, \$1 13/3/ asked. Corn—The volume of business was fair in September and May and the feeling rather weak. At the opening prices were a triffe higher, but later they declined, and the close was 1/6/2/2/2 off; September, 3/6/2c May, 50/4c. Oats—Lower, dull and depressed; No. 2, cash, 37c; September, 38c; May, 40c. Rye—No. 2, 69/4c bid. Flasseed easier at \$1 33. Pork, \$11 75. Lard, \$5 00/26 10. BALTIMORE—Wheat—Western firm; No. 2 easier at \$1 33. Pork, \$11 75. Lard, \$5 00@6 10.

BALTIMORE — Wheat — Western firm; No. 2 winter red, shot and August, \$1 044@1 0456; September, \$1 05@1 65%; October, \$1 05%; December, \$1 10@1 10%. Corn—Western quiet; mixed spot, 56c; August and September, 55% 55%; Cotober, 55% 55%

Minneapolis—Receipts of wheat were 113 cars. Shipments, 66 cars. The inspection shows new wheat arrivals grade 26 cars No. 1 Northern, 17 cars No. 2 Northern, 2 cars No. 3, 2 cars rejected and 1 car no grade. Cash wheat was strong and higher to-day. Closing quotations: No. 1 hard, August, \$1 11; on track, \$1 15; No. 1 Northern, August, \$1 07; September, \$1 09; it December, \$1 07; on track, \$1 07@1 12; No. 2 Northern, August, \$1 06; on track, \$1 01@1 08. Northern, August, \$1 00; on track, \$1 01@1 03.

CINCINNATI—Flour firm. Wheat strong;
No. 2 red. \$1 01\(\superscript{\text{\text{O}}}\) 02\(\superscript{\text{C}}\) Corn barely steady;
No. 2 mixed, 63@533\(\superscript{\text{C}}\). Oats easier: No. 2
mixed, 83\(\superscript{\text{C}}\). By in good demand and scarce;
No. 2, 72c. Pork nominal. Lard firm at \$8.
Bulkmeats and bacon steady. Butter firm.
Sugar steady. Eggs steady at 16@16\(\superscript{\text{C}}\). Cheese
firm.

Mil.WAUKEE—Flour firm. Wheat firm; No. 2 spring, on track, cash, \$1 02@1 04; September, \$1 08½; No. 1 Northern, \$1 07. Corn firm; No. 2, on track, 50½c. Oats firm; No. 2 white, on track, 57½g3Sc. Rye firm; No. 1, in store, 60c. Barley easy; No. 2 in store, 60½c.

TOLEDO—Wheat dull; cash and August, \$1 04; September, \$1 65; December, \$1 69. Corn quiet; cash and August, 520; September, 51½c. Oats quiet; cash, \$20; August, 40c. Cloverseed dull and firm; cash, \$4 50; October, \$4 65; December, \$4 80. MILWAUKEE-Flour firm. Wheat firm; No.

cember, \$4 80.

DULUTH—Wheat ranged considerably higher to-day in sympathy with stronger markets elsewhere. Closing prices are: August, \$1 123, September, \$1 0854; December, \$1 0956; No. 1 hard, \$1 12; No. 1 Northern, \$1 08; No. 2 North-

New York Drygoods Market. New York August 28.—The jobbing trace was quite active during the foremon but business with agents was restricted principally to orders by mail and telegraph, transactions on the spot being light as usual on Saturdays. There was no new feature or change in the

When haby was sick, we gave her Castoria, When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria, When she had Children she gave them Castoria

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

Short Supply of Choice Dairy Products and Firm Prices.

APPLES AND MELONS ARE PLENTY. The Cereal Situation Unchanged, but

Markets Are Steady.

ACTIVE MOVEMENT OF GROCERIES

OFFICE OF PITTSBURG DISPATCH, SATURDAY, August 23, 1890. Country Produce-Jobbing Prices. New York and Ohio cheese have come together, a thing unusual this early in the season. The advance of late has been confined to Ohio The advance of late has been confined to Ohio cheese. Our markets are very bare of choice dairy products, and outside quotations are readily obtained. Eggs are scarce and higher. Choice nearby stock in single cases brings 20c per dozen. Potatoes are firm. Water-melons are dull since the arrival of the cool wave. Apples are in good supply, and prices show a downward drift. There is, however, little choice stock on the market. Huckleberries and mountain blackberries are still on the market, but their day is nearly over. Grapes are good stock at quotations. Supply is light and quality much improved over earlier receipts.

18 fight and the process of the proc BERRIES—Huckleberries, \$1 40 a pail; grapes, \$1 00@1 25 a basket.

BEANS—Navy hand-picked beans, \$2 40@2 45; marrowfat, \$2 70@2 75; Lima beans, 6%@6%c.

BEESWAX—23@30c \$1 h for choice; low grade, 22@25c. grade, 22@25c. CANTALOUPS—\$3@5 a barrel; watermelons, \$10@25 a hundred.

NO@25 a hundred. CIDER—Sand refined, \$7 50; common, \$4 00@ 4 50; crab cider, \$8@9 \$\text{parrel}; cider vinegar,

CIDER—Sand refined, \$7.50; common, \$4.00@4.50; crab cider, \$369 \$ barrel; cider vinegar, 10@12e \$ gallon.

CHERSE—Naw Ohio cheese, \$4.6c; New York cheese, \$9.4c; Limberger, 10@113/cc; domestic Swetzer, 12@113/4c, Wisconsin brick Swetzer, 12%@13/4c; imported Swetzer, 22c, Eggs—18@196 \$ dozen for strictly fresh. FEATHERS—Extra live geese, 50@60c; No. 1 do, 40@45c; mixed lots, 30@35c \$ h.

MAPLE SYRUP—75@85c 2 can; maple sugar, 9@10c \$ h.

HONEY—150 \$ h.

POULTRY—Spring chickens, small, 30@40c a pair; large, 60@75c a pair; dressed, 11@12c a pair; large, 60@75c a pair; dressed, 11.612c a pair; large, 60@75c a pair; dressed, 11.612c a pair; large, 60@75c a pair; dressed, 11.612c a pair; large, 60@75c a pair; dressed, 60@75c; turkeys, 8@9c \$ h.

TALLOW—Country, 35c; city rendered, 4c, SEEDS—Recleaned Western clover, \$4.50@ \$ 25; country medium clover, \$4.00@4 15; timothy, \$1.60@1 70; blue grass, \$1.50@1 55; orchard grass, \$1.20; millet, 70@75c.

TROPICAL FRUITS—Lemons, choice, \$5.50@ \$6.50; sorrento oranges, \$5.00@5 50; bananas, \$1.50@2 00 firsts, \$1.25 good seconds \$ bunch; california peaches, \$2.00 \$2.50 \$ box; California peaches, \$2.00 \$2.50 \$ box; California peaches, \$2.00 \$2.50 \$ box; California peaches, \$2.00 \$3.50 \$ \$9 barrel; Southern sweets, yellow, \$4.00@4 50 \$ \$0 \$ barrel; green onloss, \$1.25 a bushel; Egyptian onloss, \$4.50 \$ for 180 \$ basket; green beans, home-grown, \$1.00@1 15 \$ basket; green beans, home-grown, \$1.00@1 15 \$ basket; cucumbers, \$1.00@1 25 \$ crate; longe-grown tomatoes, 75c a bushel; celery, 30@35c a dozen bunches.

ANNABA OHL—No. 1 winter strained, 432-5c.

Reallon; summer, 382-36c; lard oil, 55-65c.

SYRUP—Corn syrup, 32-634c; choice sugar
syrup, 37-625c; prime sugar syrup, 32-633c;
strictly prime, 35-635c; new maple syrup, 99c.

N. O. Molasses—Fancy, new crop, 50-65cc;
choice, 49c; medium, 38-624c; mixed, 40-62c.

SODA—Bi-carb in kegs, 33-633c; bi-carb in
185, 53-6c; bi-carb assorted packages, 53-68c;
sal-soda in kegs, 13-c; do granulated, 2c.

CANDLES—Star, full weight, 33-c; stearine,
Rece—Head Carolina, 73-675c; choice, 63-66c.

By set, 33-c; paraffine, 11-612c.

RICE—Head Carolina, 73-675-c; choice, 63-66c.

STARCH—Pearl, 33-c; corn starch, 53-67-c;
gioss starch, 53-67-c.

FORRIGH FRUITS—Layer raisins, \$2-65; London layers, \$2-75; Muscatels, \$2-50; California Muscatels, \$2-50; California Muscatels, \$2-60; corn starch, 53-66-4c; Turkey prunes, 63-67-c; French prunes, 66-66c; Turkey prunes, 63-67-c; French prunes, 66-67-c; Sicily filberts, 12c; Smyrna figs, 12-615c; new dates, 66-66c; Brazil nuts, 13c; pecans, 93-60-10c; citron, 98-66-10c; Bi-67-c; Emon peel, 16c 9-65-c; French prunes, 66-66c; Brazil nuts, 13c; pecans, 93-60-10c; citron, 98-66-10c; Bi-67-c; Bi-67

fiberts, 12c; Smyrna figs, 126013c; new dates, 36
files Brazil nuts, 13c; pecans, 94,40c; citron, 36 h, 18619c; lemon peel, 16c \$\pi\$ h; orange peel, 17c

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, sliced, per \$\bar{B}\$, 6c; apples, evaporated, 15619c; peaches, evaporated, pared, 22633c; cherries, pitted, 22c; cherries, unpitted, 556c; raspberries, evaporated, unpared, 25625c; cherries, evaporated, 28635c; blackberries, 8684c; huckleberries, 19612c.

SUGARS—Cubes, 64c; powdered, 64c; granulated, 65c; confectioners A. 64c; standard A. 65c; soft white, 5566c; vellow, choice, 5566c; yellow, good, 54655c; yellow, fair, 5566c; yellow, good, 54655c; yellow, fair, 5566c; yellow, good, 54655c; yellow, fair, 5566c; yellow, dark, 55665c; dark, 5566

Grain, Flour and Feed. Sales on call at the Grain Exchange, 2 cars

No. 2 white oats, 42c, 5 days; 1 car same, 413cc, September delivery. Receipts as bulletined, 39 cars, By Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railway, 8 cars of oats, 1 of rye, 2 of corn, 1 Railway, 8 cars of oats, 1 of rye, 2 of corn, 1 of feed, 1 of mait, 1 of barley, 4 of flour. By Pittsburg, Cincinnati and St. Louis, 3 cars of hay, 9 of corn, 1 of oats, 1 of bran. By Pittsburg and Lake Erie, 1 car of corn, 2 of oats, 3 of wheat, 1 of flour. Total receipts for the west ending August 22 300 cars, against 335 cars last week, and 210 for the corresponding week last year. In the receipts of a year ago were 100 cars of oats, against 65 cars this week. The cereal situation has developed no new features since last reports, Markets are steady. Sellers are cautious in view of future uncertainties. The undertone of markets is rong. Prices are for carload lots on track:

WHEAT—No. 2 red. \$1 06@1 07; No. 8, \$1 03@1 04; new wheat, No. 2 red. \$1 02@1 05, CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 62@03c; high mixed ear, 60@03c; No.2 yellow, shelled, 55½@56c; high mixed shelled corn, 54@55c.
OATS—No. 2 white, 42@42½c; extra, No. 3, 41½ 042c. 

2 do, \$9 00@9 50; loose, from wagon, \$12 00@ 14 00, according to quality: No. 2 prairie bay, \$7 50@8 00; packing do, \$7 00@7 50; clover hay, \$7 50@8 00. \$TEAW—Oat, \$6 75@7 00, wheat and rye, \$6 00 @6 2).

Previsions.

Sugar-cured hams, large, 11½c; sugar-cured hams, medum, 11½c; sugar hams, small, 12c; sugar-cured breakfast hacon, 8½c; sugar-cured shoulders, 7½c; sugar-cured boneless shoulders, 5½c; skinned shoulders, 8c; skinned hams, 11½c; sugar-cured California hams, 9c; sugar-cured dried beef flats, 11c; sugar-cured dried beef flowed flowed beef sugar-cured dried beef flowed beef flowed

#### THE FEELING EASIER.

The Demand is Small and Prices Are Drooping - A Small Raily, With Close Dall and Heavy-The Money Pinch Over.

NEW YORK, August 23.-It became known that the acceptances of bonds yesterday aggregated about \$8,300,000, and the feeling on the monetary situation was perceptibly easier this morning, and while there was little attention paid to the threatened strike, the chances that there would be one were believed to be small. Little demand for stocks appeared, however, and the opening prices were irregular as com-pared with those of last evening, the changes xtending to 1/4 per cent either way. The gen eral expectation was to the bank statement, as it would not reflect the purchases of bonds for the past two days, would show a further loss in the reserve, and the local operators were in-clined to take the short side again for a turn, with the result that prices were drooping throughout the greater part of the session. No special weakness appeared except in Sugar Re-fineries, Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati and St. Louis and Chicago Gas in declines of 1%, 1% and 1% per cent respectively were forced. The losses in the rest of the list extended to only % per cent, and before the close of the only % per cent, and before the close of the first hour a substantial rally occurred. Externed duliness then intervened, and lattle or no change took place until after the issue of the bank statement, which reflected a deficit of \$2,500,000 in the surplus reserve, and the drooping tendency was resumed. The close was therefore duli and heavy at fractional losses for the day in most cases, though there were some advances, and Sugar Refineries is down 1 per cent.

per cent.

Railroad bonds were very dull, the sales being only \$245,000, and while there was a generally heavy tone most of the active bonds show gains, Leuisville Southern firsts rising 5 to 91. Government bonds were active and steady. State bonds were neglected.

The following table shows the prices of active stocks on the New York Stock Exchange yesterday. Corrected daily for THE DISPATCH by WHITNEY & STEPHENSON, old Pittsburg members of New York Stock Exchange, 57 Fourth avenue:

Closing Bond Quetations.

U. S. 4s, reg. 125
U. S. 4s, coup. 125
U. S. 4s, coup. 125
U. S. 45s, reg. 104
U. S. 45s, reg. 104
U. S. 45s, coup. 165
Pacific 6s of '95. 113b,
Pacific 6s of '95. 113b,
Northern Pac. 126. 114
Louisianastamped4s 37b,
Missourt 6s. 105
Tenn. new set. 6s. 105
Tenn. new set. 6s. 105
Tenn. new set. 8s. 104
Tenn. new set. 8s. 104
Tenn. new set. 8s. 105
Tenn. new set.

Philadelphia Stocks. Closing quotations of Philadelph's stocks, furnished by Whitney & Stephenson, brokers, No. W Fourth avenue. Members New York Stock harhange: Reading Buffalo, Pittsburg & Western. Lenigh Valley Lehigh Navigation Northern Pacific preferred Northern Pacific preferred Mining Stocks.

NEW YORK, August 23.—Mining quotations: Alice, 255; Adams Consolidated, 125; Bodie, 106; Caledonia B. H., 190; Choliar, 310; Crown Point, 275; Consolidated California and Virginia, 450; Commonwealth, 250; Eureka Consolidated, 425; Homestake, 1000; Horn Silver, 350; Mexican, 330; Ontario, 4100; Plymouth, 300; Sutter Creek, 115.

HOME INTERESTS. Too Many Wet Blankers for the Good of the Stock Market. A dull week in the stocks closed Saturday without a transaction. This was mainly due to labor troubles and high rates for money East.

There was some easing up in this direction Saturday, and the feeling was somewhat more assuring, but it will take several days to get

things on their feet again.

Most of the price changes of the week were Most of the price changes of the week were declines, stocks showing the greatest losses being Philadelphia Gas, Central Traction, Pleasant Valley and Electric—the latter leading the procession. The greatest advance was in Luster, which closed five points better than the opening on Monday, Citizens' Traction improved a fraction.

Pennsylvania Water Company, which supplies Wilkinsburg and adjacent towns, made its first appearance on the list yesterday, receiving a bid of 40½ for the preferred stock.

t is in Good Supply and Moderate Deman at Usun! Rates.

There was an easier feeling in the Eastern money market Saturday, which was reflected here to some extent in widening the line of acBerlin Letter to the Dispatch.

New African Money.

DIAMONDS AT THE RESORTS.

Ladies That Sport Them Are Not Always the

Proprietors of the Jewels.

A great deal of the jewelry worn at the summer resorts is rented for the season. A

gentleman just returned from Bedford Springs, says he was in a Philadelphia shop

in June and saw ladies dickering on the price for a set of diamonds for use during the summer season. He saw the same ladies at the Spring sparkling all over with hired

The German East African Society has sent me some five copper pfennig pieces just struck in the Imperial Mint for exclusive circulation in the German-African Dominion. They bear the Imperial eagle on one side and some Arabic design on the other. They are very pretty and I only hope that the outlook of the society is as bright as its



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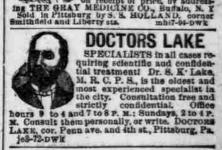
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