A CALL FOR ACTION.

Allegheny Citizens Very Anxious to Hasien the Metamorphosis to a Second-Class City.

CITY COUNCILS ARE PETITIONED.

A |Change Must Come, but Just How, Develops Many Knotty Problems, Which Even Lawyers Cannot Crack.

HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS LOOMING UP.

Some of the Men Who Will Appear in the Scramble for Municipal Honors.

The people of Allegheny are ready and willing to become citizens of a city of the second class. Ever since the census was taken this feeling has increased, until now it is almost demanded. It was expected at the last meeting of Councils that some step would be taken to hurry the matter, but as no action was taken by them, the citizens yesterday inaugurated a move to hurry matters. A petition was circulated, asking Councils to take some action, the burden of which was as follows: To the Councils o the City of Alleghenv:

WHEREAS, The official count of the United States census, just taken, shows that population—several thousand more than is required by law to constitute a city of the second class; therefore, we, the dindersigned, respectfully request your honorable body to pass appropriate resolutions asking the Governor to issue a proclamation declaring that Allegheny is now a city of the second class, in order that the proper preparations may be made in time for holding the next city election.

AMONG THE SIGNATURES.

The petititions were numerously signed, among the well-known names which appeared as subscribers being those of Mayor James G. Wyman, E. Maginn; the cracker manufacturer; S. K. Biber, of Biber & Easton; James A. Steele, Captain H. M. Dunlap, T. M. Latimer, Frank E. Aikins, J. T. McIntosh, Alfred J. Smith, H. E. Littell, Max Klein, A. J. Kaercher and A.

The question has been a complicated one in Allegheny. Councils were apparently willing to sek the Governor to take action in the matter, but did not know the feeling of the citizens, and, on account of the political gymnastics with which Allegheny has been entertained for some time past, each man felt afraid to make a move for fear he would put his foot in it. They also feared it would affect consolidation with Pittsburg. Some agreed that to become a city of the second class would place Allegheny beyond the reach of Pittsburg, while others argued that to make both city governments alike would bring both Pittsburg and Allegheny closer together than ever. In fact, just before the last meeting of Councils Clerk of Common Council Dilworth drew up a resolution requesting the Governor to take action in the matter. When Mr. Dilworth offered the resolution to a councilmen to present it, a caucus of several members was held, and the clerk was told the matter would be attended to at the proper time.

DON'T LIKE IT BURIED. The resolution was buried, and such promises did not evidently satisfy the people, as the petitions circulated yesterday plainly show.

Said one of the men who was getting signers for the petition yesterday: "There does not seem to be the least oppostion to the iden. I only talked to one business man who hesitated about signing, and he refused because he said his head was so full of his private business affairs that he could not understand just all the petition meant, and he did not want to put himself on record. Nearly all the city officials are in favor of Allegheny becoming a second-class city, but as many of them are out for the new offices to be created. They hesitated for fear it would be said they were trying to push matters in their own behalf. Clerks White and Dilworth both favor it, but being clerks of the body to which the petition was addressed, they did not think it in good taste for them to sign."

Beyond this there are more perplexing questions. One is: "Is it mandatory for Allegheny to become a city of the second class?" Major Hunker was interviewed on this subject and said: "Although I am in flavor of a second class city I don't how favor of a second class city, I don't know that Allegheny will have to take a place in that class. At present Allegheny should be a city of the third class, if the act of May, 1889, had gone into effect. But Allegheny is not now in the third class. She is still operating under her charter of 1870, and if it was not mandatory to become a city of the third class, will Allegheny have to become a city of the second class? I don't believe it will, unless the people so decide."

WHAT MIGHT HAVE BEEN.

The act of May, 1889, provides that all eities in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania having a population of 100,000 and under 600,000 shall constitute the second class. The text of the second section of the act is

The text of the second section of the act is as follows:

The classification of said cities, respectively, shall be ascertained and fixed by reference to their population, according to the last preceding United States census, or any municipal census taken later, and whenever it shall appear by any such census, that any city of the second or third class has attained a population entitling it to an advance in classification as herein prescribed it shall be the duty of the Governor, under the great seal of the Commonwealth, to certify the fact accordingly; which certificate shall be entered at large upon the minutes of the Councils of such city and recorded in the office for the recording of deeds of the proper county. At the municipal election, occurring not later than one month after the date of such certificate, the proper officers shall be elected, to which the said city will become entitled under the change in classification, and upon the first Monday of April next succeeding thereto the terms of all officers of said city then moffice, whose officers are supersoded by reason thereof, shall cease and determine, and the city government shall be duly organized, and shall thereafter be controlled and regulated by the laws of this Commonwealth, applicable to the same under the respective classification hereby fixed and appointed.

The best legal authoration in the city are

The best legal authorities in the city are cape-if escape were a thing to be desiredfrom being a city of the second class. The only part optional is that of taking a special count of the people between cen-sus years. It is held that it is sus years. It is held that it is mandatory for Allegheny to bow her head and enter the second class position. The announcement of the ceasus settles the question completely, although the metamorphosis may be a long time delayed, and the troubles connected with the change promise to be unending. This is because the act does not go far enough, and because the "transition bill," which was intended to supplement the "classification bill," was shelved at the close of the last session of shelved at the close of the last session of

A PUZZIE JUST NOW. The results which will follow this are that no one knows whether the heads of the departments, to be created by the change of class, will be elected by the present Councils or by the new Councils which will have to be elected ander the new order of things. The act says that at the municipal elections the proper officers shall be elected. As the Councilmen are the only officers to be elected by a popular vote, it is held that they are the only

offices that can be filled then, and it is an open question whether the present or the new Councils shall elect the heads of departments. Good lawyers say it is impossible to determine the question, because the law does not specify.

Then, as the law now reads, the Governor is not required to issue a certificate of change of class at any specified time. He can

of class at any specified time. He can wait until the officials at Washington are ready to notify him, and then he can use his own discretion as to the time the certifi-cate shall be sent out. If the Governor wishes to do so, he can withhold his procla-

mation for months.

Clerk Dilworth says the present Councils will have the power to elect the heads of departments, and the new Councilwill not have anything to do with the matter. Mr. Dilwort further said: "The change in the classific

further said: "The change in the classification will necessitate the redistricting
of the city. The present classification of wards would only give
13 members of Select Council.
The representation would not be fair.
The Tenth ward would have as much power
in Council as all the Second ward, which is
big enough for three or four wards. Allegheny is big enough to have 26
wards. The redistricting of the city, however, would not need to interfere ever, would not need to interfere
with our going into a city of
the second class. It would require a
vote of the people to divide any
ward. In case of such action a petition to that effect would have to be presented at court and the Judge, after looking into the matter, could appoint a board of five viewers to examine into the necessity

of such changes. The Board of Viewers would have to report at the next term of court, and then the Judge, if it met his approval, would order the Mayor to fix a day for a vote of the people on the question and notice of such elec-tion to be posted 60 days before the date fixed. The wards could not therefore be

PICKING OUT THEIR PLACES. The fat offices that are a part of a city of the second class have already brought a number of lovers and the campaign for the heads of departments has been practically commenced. The greatest struggle will be for the office of Chief of the Department of Public Safety. Chief of Police Murphy is now in the lead for the position. The Chief says he is out to win, and will not withdraw any account. He is closely followed by on any account. He is closely followed by ex-Mayor Richard T. Pearson, who cisims a strong following. Rubbing up close to him is ex-Councilman Thomas Brown, of the Fourth ward, who has a plumbing establishment on Federal street. T. C. Harbison, of the Third ward, also lays a claim to the office. Mr. Harbison was candidate for the Senatorial nomination in the Forty-fourth district at the recent Re publican primaries, and he is now a member of Common Council. The First ward, too, has a champion in the fight. He is D. T.

The scramble for Chief of the Department of Public Works also promises to be inter-esting. Superintendent Edward Arm-strong, of the Water Works, is considered a leader, with City Engineer Ehlers as an an-tagonist. Common Councilman E. A. Knox, of the Sixth ward, has also declared himself in the push, from start to the finish. Several others are expected to

enter the lists against them.

For the Department of Charities Major
W. P. Hunker, the present clerk of the
Poor Board, claims the right of eminent domain, from his long experience in his pres-ent capacity. For awhile he was alone in the fight, but lately it has been understood that D. T. Mulvey, of the First ward, had deserted the fight for Chief of the Department of Public Safety, to try his chances against the plucky little Major for the right to take care of the poor. It is expected that a number of the "front office men" will find seats as police inspectors, and that among them will be Detectives Kornman and Steele and Glenn. The candidates for police magistrates have not yet appeared in the field. The friends of Chief Jones say he will be out for Super-intendent of the Bureau of Fire. Chief Jones was interviewed on the matter, but said he did not care to talk. It is not known to whom the seat of

uperinter understood that Captain Bell will not lose anything by the change in the city's class.

NO LONGER A DIPLOMAT.

Ex-Governor Hubbard, of Texas, Makes a Plen for Deep Water Along the State Const-His Experience as United States Minister in Japan,

Ex-Governos Hubbard, of Texas, also ex-United States Minister to Japan under Cleveland, passed through the city last evening going to New York. He was Temporary Chairman of the convention that nominated Grover the first time. He has turned his attention to railroading, and is now President of the Alexandria and Northwestern road, a proposed trunk line to run through Texas into Colorado. His business in New York is to see about money matters connected with his road and to arrange for the publication of his experi-

ences as a diplomat in Japan. Mr. Hubbard sat for two years in the International Conference of Nations at Tokio which tried to make commercial treaties with Japan. He says that Mr. Blaine told him that he intended to have the proceedings published shortly. For two years he heard Republicanism denounced by the Euheard Republicanism denounced by the European nations and by England in particular,
Russia was friendly as it always has been,
but the Czar hates democracy, and he objected to taking any steps that would promote it. England, Mr. Hubbard adds, is
America's hereditary enemy, and the English ambition is to interfere as much as
americal with the American commercial possible with the American commercial

possible with the American commercial growth.

"The Japs," he continued, "are the Yankees of the Orient, and the trade with them has increased from \$14,009,000 to \$28,000,000 annually. They are anxious to trade directly with America, and they chafe under the \$150,000,000 tribute which they pay to England yearly.

Touching on national politics the Governor said: "The people in the West and Southwest are interested in having deep water along the Texas coast. Senator

water along the Texas coast. Senator Plumb has shown that about \$600,000,000 of farm products are wasted every year because they can't be taken to market. The cost of transportation is too great, and if we had 30 feet of water at Galveston it would had 30 feet of water at Galveston it would cut off 1,300 miles of transportation for the farmers in the 14 imperial States. That is, they would be that much nearer to deep water. This issue and the tariff question are fast uniting the people of the West and South. The war is over, we all come from the same stock and have the same destiny. We are not free traders, but preter to see luxuries taxed rather than the necessities. In the South there is a strong feeling for Cleveland, but we are not wedded to him as a political god. The Democrats desire to nominate a man who will win."

HAPPY HORSESHOERS.

Thousands of Merry Wights Attend the Attend the Rock Point Picnic.

Horseshoers' Union No. 9 held its annual cienie yesterday at Rock Point. About 3,000 persons were present and the day was one of enjoyment, nothing happening to mar its pleasure. The features of the day were various games, comprising tootball, baseball, racing and other athletic sports. A baseball match was played between members of the union, sides being chosen from residents of Pittsburg and Allegheny. The Allegheny nine, managed by Fred Winsel, President of the union, won the game.

The feativities were varied by an address by President Winsel, who presented the objects of the union and its benefits to the trade. Detective McClure, of Allegheny, had charge of the police arrangements and preserved excellent order, no disturbances occurring during the entire day. 3,000 persons were present and the day was

GREAT IS PITTSBURG.

Flattering Opinions of the City Given by Cleveland Drummers.

ONE OF THE BEST JOBBING PLACES. The Crowded Streets and Business Enter-

prise Surprised Them. A DAY SPENT IN SEEING THE SIGHTS

A goodly company of "drummers" from the village of Cleveland arrived in the city yesterday, and were the guests of local traveling salesmen. They registered at the Seventh avenue hotel, and spent the morning driving around the city and seeing the sights. Some time was spent in the East End, where the men from Cleveland were surprised with the beautiful homes and fine grounds of Pittsburg's wealthier people. "We didn't have time," remarked one of

them last evening, "to see the great iron mills and glasshouses of your city, but we drove past them and asked questions with the drummer's usual loquacity, and I can assure you that I think I now know something about Pittsburg. It is 'out of sight,' and a magnificent business center. That is all I have to say."

About six weeks ago Cleveland salesman entertained their Pittsburg coadjutors in the Forest City, and the compliment was returned yeserday by the local men. They have a great ball team, as the score in the afternoon's game will show. I. J. Mittelberger, the Cleveland manager-an old Pittsburger, by the way-claims to have the champion drummers' team in America, and he states they are open to play all comers in their line of of business.

WHAT THEY THINK OF US. After the Cleveland men had seen as much of Pittsburg as they could in a day, a DISPATCH man appeared among them to get their opinions of the city. Mr. Mittelberger was the first one approached, and he said: "Well, you know Pittsburg is my native city, and I never could go back on it. I left here about ten years ago, and in that time, I must say, it has grown and improved very much. I remember when the East End was a woods, and now it is covered with as beautiful homes as can be found. covered with as beautiful homes as can be found anywhere. Not many of the boys in our crowd sell goods in this city, but I assure you we would like to, and it is not our tault. We travel in other directions. This is by all odds the best jobbing city in the United States, and the drummers who come here say that it is a good place in which to sell goods. It is a magnificent business center, one of the best in the country. Of course, Cleveland prides itself on its Euclid avenue and its homes. It is a city of wealth, but it and its homes. It is a city of wealth, but it is tied up, and the people are afraid to venture. Not so in Pittsburg. Your busi-ness men have enterprise and get-up. They 'get a move on' often, and to their ad-

vantage."

M. Rohrheimer was one of the Cleveland boys who comes to Pittsburg, and his opinion is flattering in the extreme. Among other things he remarked: "Pittsburg doesn't lay strong claims to beauty, but she is a hustler. I place this city next to New York and Chicago. This is a strong state-ment, but I will venture the assertion that there is more enterprise displayed here than in Buffalo, Cleveland and Detroit put

together. ALWAYS WIDE AWAKE.

"I represent a novelty advertising company, and I only travel in enterprising cities. The merchants here, and the busi-ness men, are wide awake, and they never hesitate to adopt a new idea or a good thing as soon as they see it. Your men in business are shrewd buyers, which is one of the burg, great manufacturing enterprises, and the general appearance of the people indi-cates their energy and activity. The very life to be seen on the streets and main ave-nues is inspiring, and is the first thing noted

by strangers."

L. Zeibert was one of the baseball players, but he left off in a funny account of the game long enough to say that Pittsburg was his style of a city, and he liked to sell

goods bere.
"Do you meet with much opposition from ac-"Do you meet with much opposition from Eastern men?" was asked. "We acknowledge no competition," he replied, proudly waving his hand over the crowd around him, and his sentiment was roundly applauded. "Pittsburg is a bustling place, my boy," is what he kept saying, and in fact that little adjective was used the most in their descriptions of the Gas City.

Mr. Myers said that Pittsburg reminded him a little of Cincinnati. He noticed the people were thrifty, and the bustle on the streets was to him a sufficient indication of

the business enterprise.
"Don't discount the buildings in Pitts-

burg," spoke up P. C. Eichborn. "I saw some mighty fine ones to-day. There are few cities in the country that can boast as a whole a better lot of business structures. AN EVENING OF PLEASURE.

It was a wide-awake and jolly party that started from the Seventh Avenue Hotel, last evening, to view the city by moonlight from Mt. Washington. The party was composed of the members of the Pittscomposed of the members of the Pitt-burg and Cleveland Drummers' base-ball nines, who had "pounded the sphere" to their satisfaction at Re-creation Park in the afternoon, and were now out to revel in the greatness of the Gas City, and compare it with the City of Bridges. There were just 35 in the party, and anyone that has tried to pilot so large a company of drummers can imagine what trouble it was to get them started and keep trouble it was to get them started and keep them together, but Chief Hustler A. L. Brunn, of the Pittsburg Committee, and his assistants were equal to the task, and soon

the whole party was on the incline, speed-ing up to the top of Mt. Washington. The evening was a beautiful one for a The evening was a beautiful one for a view of the city, the clouds only forming a background for the thousands of lights which defined the streets of the city. It generally takes something very impressive and grand to rivet the attention of a travel-ing man who is constantly in and about the cities of the country, but the scene from

possible to thread your way through the throng. In Cleveland on a Saturday night the crowds are only found on two or three streets. Cleveland seems to be more conservative, so to speak, and has less push. Everyone in Pittsburg is hustling after the almightly dollar, and they get it, too. Pittsburg reminds me of New York more than any other city I vasit in the

JUST HIT THE MARK. "You're right there," spoke up C. H. Perrenhage. "There is no city in the country better to settle down in than Pittsburg. There is a big opportunity for business here. If you don't believe it just look around at some of the firms that have started up with hardly any capital, and have now a rative business

jects of the union and its benefits to the trade. Detective McClure, of Allepheny, had charge of the police arrangements and preserved excellent order, no disturbances occuring during the entire day.

DR. B. M. HANNA. Eye, car, nose and throat diseases exclusively. Office, 720 Pann street, Pittsburg, Pa.

S&Su

lucrative business.

W. Carroll Lawrence, Secretary of the Cleveland Commercial Travelers' Association, said he was surprised at the numbers of new buildings springing up in Pittsburg. He said that looked as though Pittsburg had been so busy making money in the past that it had neglected big improvements, until, all of a sudden, it

it was found that the coffers were overflow-ing, and it commenced to looking around for investments of a character that would

A number of the visitors were heard to ask: "Why doesn't Allegheny join Pittsburg? The two cities are in reality one." Another point struck the visitors as very queer, when they crossed the Smithfield street bridge. They could not understand why it should be necessary to pay toll. "Why," said one, "we have miles of bridges connecting the different sections of Cleveland and they are all free. It seems very strange to pay toll on bridges from one part of the city to another."

CROWDS ON THE STREETS. In connection with the frequent remarks

made by the drummers about the number of people on the streets, it may be said that more were out last evening than at any time more were out last evening than at any time this fall. A reporter met Manager Harry Williams, who said his house was so jammed that he had been crowded out himself, and he had gone out to see where the people came from. While he was talking a stranger asked him if he could direct him to Harry Williams' Academy. The him to Harry Williams' Academy. The veteran manager smiled and said he could, but it was useless for him to go there as he couldn't get in on account of the crowd.

The visiting party was composed of A. K. Le Quesue, L. Ziebert, M. Rohrheimer, C. G. Myers, L. J. Mittelberger, W. O. Pitts, H. C. Davis, D. C. Gillman, P. Eichhorn, I. Thurman, W. Carroll Lawrence, C. H. Perrenlage, Mrs. Wilson, Mrs. Gillman, Mrs. Pitts and daughter.

Mrs. Pitts and daughter.

A. L. Brunn was Chairman of the Pitts burg Entertainment Committee. He was assisted by Fred Ewart, E. W. Hancher, John Warnock, C. P. Stewart, Claude Coyle, C. H. Adams, R. C. Schenck and R. On returning from Mt. Washington the

drummers banqueted at Keller's cafe, where the latest stories of the road were exchanged

WRECKED AN EXPRESS.

Fishplates and Spikes Removed From a Rail on the Panhaudle Road-The Engine and Four Cars Derailed, but No-

body Was Isjured-More Ruscality. The night express, westbound on the Panhandle road, was wrecked near Bulger tation yesterday morning. Somebody renoved the spikes and fishplates from a rail, and when the engine struck it the train was derailed. The locomotive plunged along the ties, dragging two postal cars and as many coaches with it. The air connec-tion fortunately was broken, and stopped the train almost instantly, terrifying the passengers, but injuring no one except a postal clerk, who had his head cut. Neither the engine or any of the cars toppled over, and

the road was soon opened.

An investigation showed that the rail had been tampered with as described. At the Panhandle telegraph office last evening no further information could be given. Superintendent Miller is determined to run the raseals down, and it is believed by railroad men that the same gang is responsible for the Osceola wreck on the Baltimore and Ohio. The job was done so dettly that only trained section hands, it is claimed, could have performed it, but this fact proves

Engineer Bannon states that just before the accident occurred he looked out over the rails and the track was clear. He lidn't notice anything wrong with the rails. He adds also that from the peculiar action of the engine he knew the rails had not pread. One strange fact connected with he wreck is that 15 minutes before it happened a frieght train passed over in safety. A siding was nearby, and in an bour's time the cars not derailed were transferred, and the train started west again with another engine. The cars were crowded with passengers, and their escape is miraculous. A thorough investigation will be made to-morrow by the Panhandle officials, and they state no ex-pense will be spared to unearth the villains.

YOUTHFUL TRAIN ROBBERS

Brought to the Bar of Justice by Special

William Musgrove, Henry Brown, Lewis Johnston, John Irwin and Frank McGinnis will have a hearing Tuesday afternoon before Alderman Donovan to answer a charge of larceny, preferred against them by Special Officer C. W. Cook, of the Pittsburg and Lake Erie Railroad. The defendants are boys from 14 to 18 years of age. It is said that they are parties to a systematic robbery of tobacco and other goods from the cars of the railroad company that are side-tracked

at Chartiers.
For several weeks since cars containing obacco have been side-tracked at Chartier station and in the night have been broken into and considerable of the cargo has been stolen. Special Officer Cook was placed on guard and says that the boys arrested are but a few of those who have been guilty of the robbery. He has the names of a number of other boys and has made information against them but their arrest has not yet against them, but their arrest has not yet been made and their names are withheld. Those who have thus far been arrested seured bail for their hearing.

PREPARING FOR THE PRIMARIES.

Shirns' Friends Confident of His Nomination in the Twenty-Third District.

The primaries in the Twenty-third (Allegheny) Congressional District will be held Saturday week, in accordance with the decision of the Republican County Committee, and both the candidates are hustling. George Shiras III. had an informal conference with a number of his active supporter yesterday afternoon, and they assured him that his working organization is perfect, and that he will be ab easy winner, if he does not have a virtual walk-over for the nomi-

Colonel W. A. Stone, Mr. Shiras' oppo-nent for the congressional nomination, is not letting any grass grow under his feet,

DIED FROM HIS PAIN

The Terrible Sufferings of a Man End

to the West Penn Hospital, where it was found necessary to amputate both legs.

He suffered intensely from the operation, and at 8:30 yesterday morning he died.

Borke was 27 years old, married and lived on South Tenth street.

BETRAYED THE SECRET.

nother Hardware Employe is Arrest and Locates More Swag. Joseph Reddick, another employe o

Logan, Gregg & Co., was arrested yesterday by Detective Robinson and locked up in the Central station. Reddick told the officer where more of the stolen goods were concealed, and six revolvers were found. Inspector McAleese had entered informs ions against those under arrest for larceny, A thorough investigation of the case will b

EXCITED THE CROWDS.

Unusual excitement was occasioned among

he throngs on the streets, last night, when the alarm sounded from box 2 about 10 o'clock. A slight fire started in the machine shop of Wharton McKnight, on Penn avenue, near First street.

The fire was caused by an overheated pipe and was extinguished with a bucket of

OF FREEDOM. EDICT

The Official Announcement of King Leopold's Proclamation.

MANY GLASSWORKERS AFFECTED.

The Trades Council Preparing for the Great Labor Day Parade.

HINT TO EMPLOYERS OF HODCARRIERS

Arnold Schneider, the local consular agent of Belgium, has received an official announcement of the proclamation issued recently by Leopold II., King of the Belgians, by which all deserters from the Belgian army are relieved from all penalties, together with a copy of the proclamation. It is of much interest to many local glassworkers, and other tradesmen, as it is estimated that nearly 1,000 Belgians in and about Pittsburg will be favorably affected

by the order. On July 21, King Leopold celebrated the twenty-fifth agniversary of his ascension to the Belgian throne. It is the custom in monarchies to grant an anmesty to criminals on such occasions, and King Leopold had no desire to deviate from the established rule, although nothing of the kind had ever been done by his predecessors for the people of Belgium. On the day of the celebration he issued a proclamation declaring all deserters from the Belgian army freely pardoned and relieved from all penalty, upon the condition that they make personal application to proper officers for certificates setting forth the facts that they are entitled to the benefits accorded by the proclamation, and giving a complete record of their military service.

THOUSANDS BENEFITED.

Many thousands will be benefited by this generous edict, as it covers all time in Belgian military history. Those deserters in Belgium are given one month's time in which to make application for the proper papers; those in the countries touching Belgium, three months; all in other European countries, six months, and those in transatlantic countries one and a half years. The proclamation is broad and liberal, and is considered to be one of the most humane acts ever performed by any European coun-

try. Mr. Schneider also received a letter from the Prince of Chimay, the Minister of For-eign Affairs in Brussels, asking him to give the proclamation all the publicity possible, so that the Belgians in this city might ap-ply for the certificates, which Mr. Schneider is also authorized to issue. Some have already made their applications and certificates will be issued in a few days. The Belgians are mostly glassworkers, and in this locality are formed in colonies. They are located chiefly at Noblestown and McDonald, in Washington county; Tarentum, Butler, Ford City and Cochran station, where they are engaged when they station, where they are engaged when they are employed as plate-glassworkers. To say that all of these men are deserters and are to be benefited by King Leopoid's amnesty, would be an injustice, and would create a wrong impression in regard to the race; but it is admitted that many of them will come under its provisions, and not only those who simply deserted will be exempt from punishment, but also those who stole uniforms and other military effects, if possessed of the proper papers can return to Belgium at any time with perfect, safety and without fear of prosecution.

On the same day upon which this procla-mation was issued King Leopold made a will bequeathing the sovereignty of Congo to his country, saying in spirit, if not in words, that the country and not men should be sovereign after his death. This announcement was hailed with great delight by the people, and Leopold's name will be

A LITTLE ABOUT LEOPOLD. Leopold, whose full name is Louis Phillip Leopold, whose full name is Louis Phillip Maria Victor, is the King of the Belgians, Duke of Saxony, the Prince of Saxony-Coburg-Gotha and Sovereign of the Independent State of Congo, in Africa. He was born in Brussels April 9, 1835, and succeeded his father, Leopold I., July 21, 1865. In speaking of the proclamation and the effect it will have on his people here, Mr. Schneider said vesterday. "This is Schneider said yesterday: "This is the very best thing that could have been don for the encouragement of our people in America. Many of those who deserted the Belgian army are industrious workmen and are proving to be substantial producers. Some of them have, through careful econo-my, acquired some wealth and would enjoy a trip to their native country, but heretofore did not dare to do so. Our people make good citizens when educated and encour-aged in citizenship. I have had at least a dozen applications within the last week from men desiring to buy real estate and erect their own homes. A very large per-centage of all the Belgians who come here are competent workmen in some trade, and they are not the people to interfere with the wages of American workmen, either."

TRADES COUNCIL'S WORK

Electricians Ask for More Stringent Supervision of Dynamo Men.

The Central Trades Concil met last night, with President Stuart in the chair and Jerry Boullt acting as Secretary. A communication was read from Harmony L. A. 2516, of Binghamton, N. Y., to the effect that 2,000 eigarmakers were on a strike for nearly eight weeks, and that a year and a half ago the manufacturers cut the wages of the men down and refused to raise them when business revived. They appealed for the support of all trades councils. A com-munication was received from Electrical Union 3696, American Federation of Labor, in regard to the dynamo men and the electrical men generally work-ing without eards. The matter was re-

Pinioned beneath the grinding wheels of a freight train on the Pittsburg, Virginia and Charleston Railroad Friday pight, near South Thirtieth street, James Burke was crushed in a terrible manner. He was taken There was also read from the Brewery Workmens' Union No. 22, A. F. of L., giving a list of union and non-union breweries and requesting that only the union breweries be patronized. The Secretary was notified to send all local assemblies a list of the union and non-union breweries. There was also a communication from the Bakers' Union, stating that the boycott on Bakers' Union, stating that the boycott on Fleishman's yeast was still on. A circular rom Arthur B. Smyth, acting General Secretary of the National Marble Cutters' Union of America, relating to the proposed organization, was indorsed by the council. A communication from the Musical Association, 1583, relative to the trouble between the two organizations was referred to the secretary, who was instructed to send the organization a circular instructing them what the Trades Council wished them to do in the matter.

what the Trades Council wished them to do in the matter.

The committee having in charge the matter relating to the McGaw trouble reported progress, and will hold a meeting to wind up the difficulty. Notwithstanding the reports in the morning papers that the matter would be settled, the committee stated they were not ready to report and saked for another week's time, and said they would probably make a final report at the next meeting. Mr. McGaw was present and stated that he would be present at the next meeting of the committee. meeting of the committee

THINKS HE HAS MORE SENSE pecial Agent Jewell Has a Little Bill of Ex-

Special Agent Jewell, of the Brotherhoo of Painters and Decorators, takes exception to the statement that as a result of a conversation between himself and Delegate pipe and was extinguished with a bucket of water.

pipe and was extinguished with a bucket of water.

pipe and was extinguished with a bucket of water.

pipe and was extinguished with a bucket of water.

pipe and was extinguished with a bucket of kirk, of the Knights of Labor painters, there is not likely to be any further trouble between the two organizations. Mr. Jewel states that the Brotherhood painters anticipate no trouble, and hope to have the other painters judges of the beverage.

UNEQUALED for refreshment is Wainwright's beer. All good saloons keep it.

Try it.

WAIHWRIGHT'S beer is praised by all judges of the beverage.

soon on the Brotherhood roll in Pittsburg and Allegheny. "I do not want the Brotherhood painters

to think I am endowed with so little sense as to interfere with such an important ques-tion affecting the interest of the Brother-hood as a body."

WARNING TO CONTRACTORS.

The Trades Council Opposed to Non-Unic the Labor Parade - No Politicians Indorsed by the Organization.

The regular meeting of the Building Trades Council was held last night, with President Jones in the chair. A grievance was received from the Hodcarriers' Union No. 1 and referred to the Executive Board. After the meeting the board, held a session and decided that all contractors employing non-union had car-riers would be dealt with as was Contractor Balph unless they should agree to employ only union men, or the non-union men join the union. It had been claimed that Mr. Balph had been discriminated against, but this action was taken to put all other contractors on the same footing with him.

The Council also ordered that all organizations represented in it be instructed to guard against the employment of non-union lathers who might be engaged to work on the buildings on which the members are at work

bers are at work. The committee on the Labor Day cele-bration reported that among others who would speak in the park at the demonstra-tion would be P. J. McGuire, Secretary of the Brotherbood of Carpenters and Joiners; W. J. Dillon, of the Flint Glassworkers; A. C. Robertson and William Robertson. A platoon of police has been secured from each of the two cities to head the parade. A prominent place in the procession will be given to the members of the Working Girls' Progressive Club, who will work at various trades on floats. A labor organizatians are requested to send representatives. Marshal Swartz, of the building trades division, announced his

building trades division, announced his staff. They are:
Adjutant, W. H. Jewell; Chief of Staff, Jos. Nutchell; aides: Carpenters—J. A. Beck, J. H. Madden, W. J. Riffle, R. Kennedy, George McNulty, Thomas Hastings, J. J. Snyder, J. R. Strand, T. W. Sallada, W. H. Woodward, E. E. Wilkinson, J. Westwater, A. J. Sias, Peter Gek, R. A. McCluskey, J. Lobag, Gus Adams, John Pitts, John Means, George W. Smith, George Watzek, G. S. Bell, Robert Tappen, Philip Seibert.
Painters — M. P. Carrick, C. Conant, E. Mourck, C. H. Nessler, R. Fisher, Anthony Ward, James G. Cupp, H. Ruther, A. J. Donnell.

Plasterers - Charles Baughman, William Piasterers — Charles Baughman, William Volf, D. McIntosh.
Tinners-P. F. Jones.
Hodearriers—J. W. Jones—F. A. Champ, W. Brooks, John Glautering, John Brown.
Slaters—A. J. McFadden, J. C. Schultz.
Plumbers—John McCormick.
Electricians—Jacob Zimmer. D. Bare.
Bricklayers—Ambrose Murray, A. J. McDondd, J. Mawhianey.

All organizations not having aids are requested to name them and report them to the Marshal the morning of the parade. The final arrangements will be concluded at

the meeting.

During the meeting one of the delegate arose and began the subject of indorsing a candidate for Congress to oppose John Dalzell. President Swartz immediately silenced the delegate, and announced that the council would not inderse any politician, and that it was a violation of one of the rules of the hody. The delegate had no word to say and sat down.

The Situation Unchanged. The machinists' strike remains unsettled The officials of Wilson, Snyder & Co. and their employes held another conference yesterday, but the result was not made public. Chairman Kirk says the statement that Mr. Westinghouse intends to starve his men into submission leads him to believe he has aban-doned the idea of removing his works to

The Plasterers' Fight. It was stated yesterday by a journey plasterer that about 200 men are now at work About 30 bosses want the journeymen to sign an agreement forbidding them to work for any but master plasterers, but the journeymen still refuse to do so.

HUGGED THE WRONG WOMAN.

A Man Knocked Down for Too Much Fa miliarity With Another's Wife.

Last evening while B. B. Baungarter was waiting for his turn to get shaved in a barber shop on Second avenue. Soho, he barber shop on Second avenue, Sobo, he saw David Hauley come along and throw his arms around Mrs. Baungarter, who was on the sidewalk with her child. Hauley was intoxicated, and her husband rushed out and knocked him down.

A fight followed and both men were ar-

rested and placed in the Fourteenth ward police station, where a charge of disorderly conduct was made against them. Magis trate Hyndman was made acquainted with the facts in the case and he ordered Baun garter's release.

SHOT IN THE NECK.

A Cataract in a Child's Eye. Mrs. Nick Retter, Rankin, Pa., noticed something wrong with her child's eye five months ago. The eye became red and the pupil whitish. In June she consulted Dr. pupil whitish. In June she consulted Dr. Sadler, 804 Penn ave. Iritis was present and the pupil adherent to a cataractories lens. The supposed cause was a stray bullet hitting her in the back of the neck, glaneing under the skin, lodged over the shoulder and was removed. The doctor operated for the cataract on Friday. She has had no pain and doing well.

COME AND GET ONE.

Our Offer to Sell Men's Good Business Suits for \$6 and \$8 Still Open. Don't be the last one, but take the oppor-tunity while it's here, and if you need a business suit buy one of our \$6 or \$8 bar-gains. They are dandles. P. C. C. C. Pitts-burg Combination Clothing Company, cor. Grant and Diamend streets, opposite Court House.

Bargains.

You Are Invited To examine our stock of Kranich & Bach and Stultz & Bauer pianos, personally selected at the factories; also James M. Starr and McCammon pianos. Easy payments.

LECHNER & SCHOENBERGER,

AMERICAN ginghams, were 12½c and 18c, now at 8c and 10c a yard, on bargain counters. Hugus & Hacke. TTSSU Exposition Notes. Mattings, linoleums, oli cloths and car-pets made and laid on shortest possible notice. Muslins, sateens and silk draperies in stock and put up at short notice. HOPPER BROS. & Co., 307 Wood street.

EXAMINE the bargains offered on center ounters, Market street entrance.
HUGUS & HACKE.

Dabus, the photographer, says people should have their pictures taken when they are feeling and looking their best. This UNEQUALED for refreshment is Wain-wright's beer. All good saloons keep it. Try it.

VICTIM OF A MAD DOG.

A Knoxville Resident Afflicted With a Pacaliar Illass.

THE SYMPTOMS OF HYDROPHOBIA.

It Requires the Combined Strength Seven Men to Hold Him.

DR. I. N BOYD TALKS OF THE CASE

Knoxville residents are considerably excited over a peculiar case of sickness in their midst, which has the appearance of being hydrophobia. It is that of J. S. Alles, a glassworker, who lives at 118 Knox avenue, and who is now lying in an exhausted condition as the result of his ravings. Mr. Alles was bitten by a mad dog years ago and has since been subject, each year, to spasms similar to those noticed in persons suffering with hydrophobia. His case has created great interest among the medical fraternity and is now being watched in the interest of science.

Last Tuesday evening Mr. Alles was sitting in the drawing room at his home, when he suddenly noticed the peculiar sensations from which he has grown to learn that he was about to have one of his spasms. He immediately called to his wife to stay away from him and to run to the neighbors for assist ance. Mrs. Alles knew just what to do in the emergency, and in a moment had called in some men. Alles told them to tie him fast with ropes, and to take care that he did not bite them while they were doing so. In meeting of the committees from the various labor organizations will be held at 2 o'clock this afternoon at No. 537 Smithfield him. He frothed at the mouth and snapped at

those trying to hold him, all the time making a barking noise. It required seven men to hold him, and their combined strength was not enough to keep him lying down on the bed. Dr. I. N. Boyd, who lives near, was immediately sent for Mr. Alles had been telling him a few days previous about his case, so that he was in a seasure prepared when the time came that his services were needed. Dr. Boyd applied hypodermic injections and other mode of abating the spasm, or series of spasms, which lasted two hours. During that time Mr. Alles came near biting a number of those attending, and altogether made things lively.

WHAT THE DOCTOR SAYS. Some of the neighbors sure that there was s case of hydrophobia in their midst, became frightened and were more and more alarmed as they talked it over, in small groups. They knew nothing of the circumstances, and thought that there was a possibility of some one suffering harm at Mr. Alles' hands. Dr. Boyd would not talk about the case until he had had an opportunity to study it a little more. Yes-terday he was seen at his office, and said, in reply to a question:
"Mr. Alles' case is a peculiar one, and of

interest to the medical profession. I would not say that he has hydrophebia, and yet the circumstances and his condition would not say that he has hydrophobia, and yet the circumstances and his condition would indicate that such is the case. Thirteen years ago he was bitten by a mad dog in the calf of the leg. He is now 24 years old, and each year since he was bitten he has been subject to these spells, which, up to the present time, have attacked him between July 1 and 10.

"He has had these spasses for

"He has had these spasms eight consecutive years. Two
years he was stricken with typhoid fever
and smallpox, and escaped the spasma. The
other three years the poison seems to have
shown itself in another way. Three years
his whole body broke out in eruptions which THE FINEST AND "I was called to see him last Tuesday. I

found him tied and seven men trying to hold him, some holding his arms and others his head and body. He was suffering from an excessive spasmodic condition. He was snapping and trying to bite his attendants, and making a kind of sparling nose. Saliya was running from the corners of his mouth. The spasm was intermittent during a period

CANNOT SEE WATER. "During the time of the spasm he asked for water, but when it was brought in sight it excited him and he would go into another spasm. He could not swallow any fluid, or anything of a food nature. An abated form of this spasmodic condition lasted for two days, and is gradually wearing away. He says he can tell when these spells are coming on. He feels a strange sensation of loneliness, and wants to be alone. He is

MARSHELL,

THE CASH GROCER,

WILL SAVE YOU MONEY.

We will not only save you money, but we will make you money.

> GROCERIES GIVEN AWAY FREE.

How does that strike you? Now, don't call this a "Fake Ad." It is straight business.

Send for our large Weekly Price List and learn how you can get your Groceries Free.

Orders packed and shipped free to points within 200 miles.

MARSHELL.

79, 81, 83 and 95 Ohio street,

Cor. Sandusky street,

ALLEGHENY.

the least of all

morose, sullen and very irritable, and feels his jaws begin to work as though he would like to bite. He always tells his would like to blue. He always tells his wife to keep away from him and to have someone tie him. He warns those who come near him to look out or he will bite them, and, when he is in the spasm, he tries

Dr. Boyd said that there was no danger of Mr. Alles doing anyone any harm, as he always knows just when to expect the spasms, and then knows long enough beforehand to have someone tie him before he has become violent. This year the arrival of the spasm was past the usual time, but Mr. Alles has been expecting it. His case has caused widespread interest among the medical profession wherever heard of, as it is generally understood that a person afflicted with hydrophobia dies during one of the spasms, but Dr. Boyd says such is not always, though the ratio of

COLDER THAN THE DAY BEFORE

The Mercury Keeps Up Its Race for the Bettom of the Bulb.

aths is about 99 per cent.

Yesterday eclipsed the previous day's record for coldness, by three degrees. The mercury succeeded in dropping within one notch of the coldest weather in August of last year. The indications for to-day favor spring overcoats and a general overhanling of last year's heavy underwear will be es-sential for the comfort of those who venture

out this evening.

At 8 o'clock yesterday morning the thermometer registered 57°, and rose until 11

A. M., when the highest point, 63°, was reached at that hour. Noon showed the bulb 1° lower, and at 2 o'clock it was at the 60° mark. The coldest period of the day was at 6 A. M., the mercury at that hour being down to 51°, 1° higher than on the 12th of August last year.

Hugus & Hacke.

CLOSING WEEK -OF OUR-

Summer Clearing Sale,

EXAMINE THE

Unparalleled Bargains of Woolen and Wash Dress Fabrics on Center Counters, Market St. Entrance.

100 Combination Dress Patterns, \$5 each; just ne-third the actual value.

All-wool French Challis, choice designs, at 35c a yard; were 50c, American Ginghams, Tolle Du Nords, etc., were 12½c and 18c, now 8c and 10c a yard. Scotch and French Zephyr Ginghams, the very best makes, now 20c a yard.

All remnants and dress lengths that have ace cumulated during the season, placed on these counters at less than half regular prices. Also, a superb line of New Fall Dress Goods

Latest Colorings and Novelties in Broad-cloths, English Suitings, Plaids, Stripes, Serges, Cheviots, Diagonals, etc., etc. Cor. Fifth Ave. & Market St.

NEW FALL GOODS.

LARGEST STOCK OF :C:A:R:P:E:T:S:

Ever brought to this city.

STYLES ENTIRELY NEW

Prices Lower Than Ever. Our new stock of Carpetings are all on exhibition. The stock is an immense one, and consists of all grades, finest to the cheapest grades.

Parties desiring to furnish houses this fall will do well to call now and make selections while the stock is complete. The

goods will be stored free of charge until you want them laid. **EDWARD**

GROETZINGER.

627 and 629 Penn Avenue. All goods jobbed at the very lowest East-

NEW FALL DRESS FABRICS.

88-inch Jamestown fall dress fabrics just re-ceived. These are in ombre stripes, neat checks and bold plaids. The price is 40c, and we recommend them as one of the most dura-ble and stylish materials in the market at a

One case Camel Hair dress fabrics in newest shades for fall. They measure 42 inch, and the

An extra grade genuine Camel Hair costume material. They measure 45-inch, and while ap-parently winter weight, are so soft and pliable as to suggest comfort is midfall weather.

One case each, just received 40-inch All-Wool Henrietta Cloth at 50c and 65c. They are soft textures, mediu a weight and a genuine bargain for early fall. They embrace the newest color-ings, Dahlie, Salome, India Red, Caronde, Iris, Pansy, Lava Ore Red, London Brown, etc.

One case, 40-inch, All-Wool Henrietta, just received, at 75c. Also, one case, extra fine grade, at \$1. Newest fall colorings.

One case Drap D'Alma. They are All-Wool, Medium-Weight Diagonals. They will ge quick, we think, at 65c.

BIBER & EASTON, 505 and 507 MARKET STREET.