FORTY-FIFTH YEAR.

DEMAND THE BALLOT.

The Toilers of Belgium Threaten a General Strike on September 1

FOR UNIVERSAL SUFFRAGE:

Grave Fears of Serious Trouble and Possible Bloodshed.

GREAT PROGRESS OF SOCIALISM

The London Trades Unions Now Controlled by the Radicals.

RUSSIA'S EFFORTS TO STIR UP STRIFE

The most remarkable strike ever known will be inaugurated in Belgium September 1. The entire laboring classes will quit work until they are given the right to vote. The Government may endeavor to suppress the movement, making bloodshed probable. In the meanwhile socialism is making rapid strides in England.

FRY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH.

LONDON, August 16 .- [Copyrighted]-Students of international politics have arrived at the conclusion that serious trouble is in store for Belgium in connection with the question of universal suffrage, the agitation of which is now coine on. It is very grave and important and may even lead to revolution before long. Belgian workmen have solemnly declared in conference asscrubled that there shall be a general strike on September 1 unless universal suffrage shall have been conceded by that time.

The scheme savors of insanity, but the workmen seem to be in earnest, believing it would coerce the bourgeoisie into a concession of sweeping reforms. The movement is the more dangerous, says our Brussels correspondent, in that there is not the slightest love of Fatherland among the Belgian workmen, who would not budge an inch from their position even to save their country from the intervention of foreign

A LACK OF PATRIOTISM.

They are aware that whereas Belgium has remained politically unchanged since 1830, all other States have been moving forward. They see that universal suffrage practically prevails in France and Germany, and that in those countries men of all classes are liable to military service, but in Belgium the burden of military service is borne by the masses, and the workmen seem to be as far removed from political privileges as the Russian personts

The result is that there is no devotion to the Belgian flag, and no patriotism among moment fear may drive them to repressive action, which must involve much shedding of blood. There is some talk of the present clerical Government asking Parliament to pass a reform bill, but such a measure would certainly be a sham, and an attempt to pass it would probably still further embitter the political strice.

TROUBLE IN ANOTHER LOCALITY. The great vailway strike in Wales has re sulted, as has been predicted, in the victory of the men. The struggle between the dock owners and their laborers, which had been deferred pending the result of the railway dispute, has now commenced and may be long and bitter.

Bin Tillett, the able voung workman who was John Burns' chief lieutenant during the famous fight in London, is organizing the Welshmen, and Sir William Lewis, agent to the Marquis of Butte, heads the group of stubborn capitalists who declare that they will spend millions to secure the defeat of men who have dared to dely and threaten them.

Lewis is a pig-headed man of the stamp of Norwood, chairman of the London Dock Committee, but with more brains. Lord Butte, who owns docks, collieries and land in South Wales worth many millions, has left the conduct of the struggle to Lewis, to whom he has given carte blanche.

A RELIGIOUS FEATURE.

Years ago the Marquis joined the Roman Catholic Church, of which he has since been a most devout son. As Cardinal Manning is taking a keen interest in the Welsh struggle, and is anxious to have the points in dispute submitted to arbitration, the religious belief of the Marquis-one word from whom would stop the strike-is an im portant factor.

While this is being cabled, news comes from Cardiff to the effect that Sir William Lewis has promised work Monday to several hundred men whom he locked out vesterday. He has evidently heard from his noble master, but whether his complaisance to-day presages complete surrender to the men will not be made clear until next week. By a curious coincidence, the London dockers will celebrate to-morrow the first anniversary of the memorable triumph of organized, noskilled labor over capital.

Nearly all the London trades will take part in the demonstration, and the various processions will probably aggregate 100,000

PROGRESS OF SOCIALISM. The Socialists and their allies among the

extreme radical section have captured the London Trades Council, whose members represent some 80,000 workmen. The council met Thursday evening to select delegates to the Trades Union Congress and after a long and excited struggle between the moderates and extremists a resolution was passed by 62 votes to 30 instructing the delsgates to vote at the Liverpool Congress for the legal eight hours a day.

The result is full of significance, attesting as it undeniably does, the progress made within a few months' by the Socialistic propaganda, of which one of the chief points is an eight-hour working day legalized by

The action of the Trades' Union Congres prou this matter is still uncertain. Should it follow the example of the London Conneil, Liberal leaders like John Morley and Charles Bradlaugh who have from the first webemently opposed the eight-hour a day will be placed in an awkward position.

FESTIVAL OF CO-OPERATION. A remarkable scene has been witness

to-day at Crystal Palace, where 40,000 people, mostly working men and women, have taken part in the third national cooperative festival. The programme included a superb flower show, the majority of exhibits coming from workmen's gardens, an exhibition of some industries embracing wonderful specimens of the skill of workmen in their own trades, amateur work and work of women and children, an exhibition of co-operative productions from workshops

in which the workers participate in the profits, and singing by a choir of 5,000 voices, all drawn from the working classes. It is claimed that no other country in the world could show a gathering like this, and anti-Socialists point to it as proof of the ability of the people to work out their own salvation without the aid of the State.

A RELIGIOUS SENSATION. CAUSED BY THE WISH TO BURY NEWMAN

AT WESTMINSTER. A Special Act of Parliament Would be Nec-

canny to Authorize the Ceremony-Too Late in the Session for Such a Move Now. IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY, 1

LONDON, August 16 .- An extraordinary proposal emanating from certain influential people has worked a good deal of feeling not confined to religious circles throughout the whole country. The proposal is nothing less than that the remains of the late Cardinal Newman be buried in Westminster Abbey, and to carry it into effect the passing of a special act of Parliament would be required. In accordance with the laws which govern the Roman Catholic Church, the dead Cardinal's remains can be buried only with the rites of that service, so that for the time being the Abbey would be turned into a Roman Catholic place of wor-

There are certain places in which services in accordance with the customs of the Roman and Protestant forms of worship may be held in the same building, but under no circumstances whatever would it be possible to allow a Roman Catholic priest to conduct a service in Westminster Abbey. Not even the late Dean Stanley, who was remarkable for the liberality of his views, would have been permitted to pro-

pose anything of the sort.

The idea of passing a special act of Parliament at this late period of the session is considered highly ridiculous, but it is nevertheless seriously urged by many of the ad-mirers of the dead man. So strongly does the feeling of affection run that it has been openly stated that if the religious difficulty could only be got over, the idea would find universal approval.

TIED UP THE ESTATE.

The Duke of Munchester Rather Particular About His Will.

THY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY,] LONDON, August 16 .- The will of the late Duke of Manchester, which has just been proved, does not give much latitude either to the beir to the estate or to the widow. The present Duke, who is better known by his former title of Lord Mundeville, is bequeathed a third share of the estate for life, so long as he shall not become a bankrupt or seek to anticipate the navment of his portion. This protects Lord Mandeville against creditors and money lenders during the rest of his life. The present Duchess of Manchester, who was formerly Miss Consuella Yzuaga, of Rayens-

wood, La., is not mentioned at all in the The widowed Duchess, who will for the future be known as the "Dowager Duchess," is bequeathed a share of the property for the working classes. The governing classes life, but 'only as long as she remains my are beginning to realize this, and at any widow, "adds the document. This is regarded as a cruel provision, for it is a we fact that the Downger Duchess and the Mar quis of Hartington are very much attached each other, and a marriage has already been talked of between them. The Duke's son, William Angus Drogo, who now suc-ceeds to the title of Lord Mandeville, is a boy of 13 who was formerly known as Lord Montague of Kinbolton.

KICKING ON FUNERAL EXPENSES.

The Radical Members of Parliament Make Another Attack on Royalty. [BY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH.]

LONDON, August 16.-Kaiser Wilhelm having promised to visit Osborne every year, Queen Victoria has been compelled to enlarge the accommodation there, for which, the place being her personal property, she will have to pay out of her own pocket. A fine banqueting hall, now being built, will have cost £20,000 by the time it is fitted and furnished. It is many years since the Queen has dipped so deeply into the privy purse for such a purpose, the taxpayers having generally been called upon, upon one pretense or another, to find the money.

But the House of Commons yearly be-

comes more radical and by consequence less subservient to royal demands, Only this week certain members dared to object to voting £180, the cost of burying the Queen's aunt, the late Duchess of Cambridge, and Mr. Convbeare, the beloved representative of the humble Cornish miners, had so little sense of shame as to declare that £10 should be sufficient to bury anybody. The Torics literally howled with indignation, and the the mission of Sir Liuton Simmous to the calmuess and firmness of the Chairman alone prevented a free fight in the sacred House of

MICHAEL DAVITT'S PLAN

Te Relieve the Distress Caused by the Cruel Potnto Blight.

[BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.] LONDON, August 16 .- Michael Davitt writes to the papers suggesting that something shall be done quickly toward replacing the blighted potato crop by other vegetables between now and March. He says that estable neurishing roots, such as broccoli cabbages, could be planted and made to produce the necessary nourishment by the spring of 1891. He advises a consultation between the priests, Protestant ministers and others, and urges that help may be obtained by building railways to meet the magnitude of the threatened calamity. He further says that whatever is done should not be of the ordinary and demoralizing relief order, such as was associated with the last period of distress.

KING OF HOLLAND ILL.

Fears Expressed That He Will Not Recover

From the Attack. THY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH. LONDON, August 16.-There is reason to believe that the King of Holland is in a dangerous condition of health. The Dutch newspapers are not permitted to discuss the matter, but it is known that the King suffers from a combination of disorders which his constitution, enfeebled by age and past excesses, cannot shake off.

His young wife, Queen Emma, is almost worn out by the long nursing of a peculiarly ractious and ungrateful patient, but she re-

HAIL SIX INCHES DEEP.

The Vineyards in Lower Austria Ruised by

a Farious Storm. BT DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY. VIENNA, August 16 .- Districts in lower Austria and Southern Moravia, the most important in the Empire, were visited to day by a terrific hailstorm, which totally ruined the vaneyards.

The hallstones were of unusual size and lay six inches deep on the ground. The distress in the country is great.

THE CZAR IS ANGRY

BECAUSE OF THE FAILURE OF HIS PLANS IN BULGARIA

The Situation is Ripe for Russian Occupation of Armeula, However-The Visit of the Kaiser-Political Matters Certain to

IBY CABLE TO THE DISPATOR I LONDON, August 16.-The health of the Russian Empress is said to be so unsatis-factory that the Czar would gladly have canceled the invitation to the Kaiser had he not been restrained by motives of state policy. Meanwhile the Marine Palace in the Crimea is being prepared for the imperial family, who will start South as soon as the German Emperor's visit has been concluded. The two monarchs will meet tomorrow, and the tame delights of Osborne reviewing and maneuvering. As Chancello Caprivi accompanies the Kalser and M. De Giers will be in the Czar's suite, it is evi-

tics as well as inspect troops.

The Czar will not be found in good humor, for the Kaiser's arrival coincides with the receipt of news from Bulgaria pe-culiarly offensive and irritating to the great autocrat. It is a Russian contention, to be found alike in newspapers and diplomatic notes, that the Bulgarians are disgusted with Prince Ferdinand and years for an opportunity of getting rid of him. But during the last few days the people have been celebrating the anniversary of Ferdinand's accession with remarkable enthusiasm. The Prince himself has been the remade patriotic speeches worthy of a born Bulgarian. If the people really detest the Prince they manage to hide their feelings very cleverly. The truth is, Russian agents have utterly failed to stir up strife in the Balkans, and diplomatic intrigues have been equally futtle at Constantinople.

The Czar has a more promising field in Armenia, and he may be permitted to enter it. Turkish misgovernment and tyranny stand confessed before the world, and the oppressed Christians are crying aloud to Russia for deliverance. It would be a good thing for the triple alliance if the Caar's attention could be turned for a while from the Balkans to Armenia, and there is not one power in Europe that would venture more than a mild remonstrance should Russian troops be moved into the Province. If, as is not improbable, the Kaiser should give the Czar a hit to this effect autumn will witness stirring events in Asia Minor. Russia has a mobile force of a hundred

SUNDAY NOW OBSERVED IN PARIS.

thousand soldiers of all arms along the frontier, while the Turkish troops are scat-tered, disorganized, unpuid and mutinous.

But Not Yet lu a Style to Sult a Law an Order Lengue.

IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY, 1 PARIS, August 16 .- What may be termed the English method of observing Sunday is rapidly gaining ground on the continent. and especially in this city, so far as abstaining from labor is concerned. In all the more fashionable parts of the gay city the majority of the shops are now closed on the first day of the week; the railway companies have lately agreed not to reckon Sundays in charging for the rehousing of goods, and after September 1 the postoffice will close at 6 in the afternoon, instead of 8, both even-ing letter deliveries being abolished.

The inauguration of the new order of things will work a decided change in the domestic arrangements of many Parisians, and give needed relief to a large class of

FALSIFYING THE LOG BOOK.

Charge Entered Against the Record-TBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.]

QUEENSTOWN, August 16 .- The official ecord shows that the Inman Line steamer the City of New York passed Roche' Point on Thursday, August 7, at exactly 1:30 P. M., Greenwich time, and that the White Star steamer Teutonic passed Roche's Point on the same afternoon at precisely 1:47, also Greenwich time

The official abstract of the loca published w both companies show that the City of M., and the Teutonic at 2:15 P. M. Thus the log of the City of New York agrees ex actly with the official record, while the los of the Teutonic makes out that the ship left 28 minutes later than she really did.

NO IRISH CARDINAL

Likely to be Appointed to Succeed the Dead English Preinte.

LBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY. ROME, August 16 .- In spite of the repre sentations made at the Vatican, it is not probable that any Irish bishops will be at present raised to the Cardinalate. It is understood that the vacancy made in the sicred college by the death of Cardinal Newman will probably be filled by the selection of some distinguished German scholar and prelate.

His Holiness, the Pope, has expresse himself as greatly displeased at the attacks made in the English House of Commons on Eternal City, and is also indignant at the attitude of the Maltese press toward the Bishop of Malta.

A PLACE OF MIRACLES.

Crowds Visit the Place Where the Virgin Mary Once Appeared.

(BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.) LONDON, August 16, -The anniversary o "The Feast of the Assumption of Our Lady," which was celebrated on Friday, was, as usual, the occasion of a great pi grimage to the Church of Knock, in Ireland, where the Virgin Mary is said to have appeared a lew years ago, and where, it is reported, many remarkable miracles have ince taken place

From early on Friday morning pilgrims were pouring in from all parts of the country, and it is estimated that between 600,000 d 700,000 visited the shrine during the day, among them being many distinguished English, Scotch and American visitors.

HORSE MEAT IN BERLIN.

It is Now Having an Extensive Sale Among the Poorer Classes.

[BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.] BERLIN, August 16 .- The late scarcity of butchers' meat, and its consequent dearness, has had its natural result in the opening during the past week of two restaurants de voted to the sale of appetizing dishes made

from horse flesh.

They have been largely patronized by the working classes, and sell a sufficient cinner of roast or fricasseed horse for the sum of 5

MRS. HARRISON'S MUSICALE.

She Entertains Some Friends in the Cottage by the Sen.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] CAPE MAY, August 16 .- A musicale was given at the Presidental cottage this afternoon to a few invited guests. Among those present were: Mrs. General W. J. Sewell, Miss Helen Sewell, Miss Benjamin, of Philadelphia; Miss Heyl, of Washington; Miss Minnie Collius, of Germantown, Mrs. Douglass, Dr. and Mrs. Stewart, Mrs. B. K. Jamison, of Philadelphia, and Miss Willard,

o Washington.
The Rutgers College Quartet entertained the guests with songs.

PITTSBURG. SUNDAY. AUGUST 17, 1890.

FIGHT TO THE DEATH Between Senator Quay and the Rabid

Force Bill Advocates. A KNOCK-DOWN FOR THE LOTTERY.

The Measure to Destroy It Passes the House Without Division.

RIVERS AND HARBORS PROVE WINNERS.

Edmunds Says That the Treasury Will be \$50,000,000

Short June 30. Quay called up his now famous resolution in the Senate yesterday, but Republican objections prevented a vote. A lively time is expected in the next few days. The House yesterday passed the anti-lottery bill and the Senate the river and harbor measure, During the debate on the latter Edmunds

said the Treasury would soon be \$50,000,000

IFROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT. WASHINGTON, August 16 .- If anybody was in doubt before in regard to the earnestness of Senator Quay in pressing his resolution looking to a vote on the tariff bill within a fortnight, and the cessation of consideration of all other legislation excepting appropriations bills, and the forestry and lottery bills, they cannot doubt after to-day. The Senator asked leave this after-

noon to reintroduce his resolution. Objection was made by Senator Edmunds The resolution will go over till Monday. It will be brought up again then, according to present intentions, and under the rule, will go over one day. The vote will be taken, almost beyond a doubt, on Tuesday.

A DETERMINED INDIVIDUAL. Senator Quay is determined to press the matter to an issue, and discover if the imbecile rules supported by Edmunds and in that State, thanked God that his people Senator Quay is determined to press the others who have dominated the Senate for years, will continue in vogue or whether a ray of common sense will momentarily light up the somber precincts of the Senate Chamber. If the majority refuse to accept Senator Quay's resolution of the snarl in which the Republicans find themselves entangled through the rule of the antique, and the tariff bill and other legislation fail on account of it, the disaster will not be the

fault of the Pennsylvania tactician. The situation is intense and dramatic, and the outcome is awaited here with more interest than has attached to any other measure of the session. The stories of Reed's opposition, and of the bitterness against Quay of the advocates of the elections bill, are the

most unmitigated bosh. Nearly every advocate of that measure ecognizes the impossibility of passing it at this session, and the antagonism of the Quay resolution in the Senate springs from no enthusiasm for the elections bill, but from sheer jealousy of Quay, who they think should be snubbed for his assurance in offering a reasonable and sensible way out of a distressing dilemma.

STILL IN THE RING.

Incapable of even suggesting a way out the antique crowd and its admirers can only oppose that of which they could not conceive, simple as it is. It is a square fight between fogyism and practical common sense, and the logies, though they are not as pretty as

re, are still in the ring. Monday or Tuesday will doubtless witsess one of the most unique battles that have been fought in the Senate, but it is not by any means a fight for life and prestige on the part of Senator Quay. Should he be victorious the tariff and other impera-tive bills will be passed within a tew weeks. Should he be defeated, legislation outside of the appropriation bills will be ended for on, and the fossils of the Senate will be responsible, while the Pennsylvania Senator will be able to point clearly to what might have been. LIGHTNER.

THROUGH THE SENATE. THE RIVER AND HARBOR BILL PASSES

WITHOUT TROUBLE.

It Will Now Go to a Conference Committee -Edmunds Asserts That the Treasury Will be \$50,000,000 Short June 30. 1891-A Reply From Frye.

WASHINGTON, August 15 .- The river and harbor bill was debated to a finish today. In the course of a discussion on an amendment offered by Mr. Bate as to an improvement in Tennessee Mr. Edmunds expressed the idea that an appropriation in bulk of \$13,000,000 (half of the amount carried in the bill) would, with the \$5,000,000 unexpended out of the river and harbor bill of 1888, be amply sufficient for all really national works of internal improvement. He expected that it turn out that on the 30th of June, 1891, the Treasury would be \$50,000,000 short, even if the duty were not taken off sugar. In that state of things he was quite un willing to bear his one-eightyfourth part of the responsibility of sending to the President a river and harbor bill appropriating \$26,000,000 when there was al ready \$5,000,000 unexpended out of the bill of 1888. He had intended to submit a proposition such as he suggested, but he was convinced that it would be only wearing the patience of the Senate without any

Mr. Frye (in charge of the bill), replied to Mr. Edmunds and gave some facts and figures to prove the immense advantage to the commerce of the country which had followed the deepening of rivers and harbors. The army engineers in charge of the severa works had reported that \$46,565,000 ought to be appropriated this year for rivers and harbors. The chief engineer has reduced that estimate to \$38,532,000 and to that sum was to be added \$8,346,000 estimated for by the Mississippi and Missouri river commissions. The pending hill covered two years; and, if it did carry \$26,000,000, that was not over one-third of the chief engineer's estimates, and not over one-fourth of that of the local engineers. In view of the commerce of the country; in view of the commerce of the great lakes; in view of the increase in the size of vessels and of the necessity of an increased depth of water he asked whether \$13,000,000 a year was an extravagant expenditure for 364 rivers and

The bill was then reported to the Senate. All the important amendments adopted by committee of the whole were agreed to and the bill was passed. A conference was asked and Messrs. Frye, Dolph and Ransom were appointed conferees on the part of the

Oliver or the Capital. WASHINGTON, August 16 .- Harry W. Oliver, ot Pittsburg, was at the Capitol today looking after the fron interests in the

members of the Senate Finance Committee The McKay Bill Passed Again. WASHINGRON, August 16 .- In the House to-day the vote recurred on he Nat McKay bill, and the bill was passed-yeas 83, nays 65-the Speaker counting a quorum.

tariff bill, and had a conference with several

FIRED ON THE CROWD.

WITHOUT A DIVISION THE ANTI-LOTTERY BILL IS PASSED BY THE HOUSE.

Louisiana Member Denounces the Octopu in Strong Terms, and Charges it to Reconstruction - An Emphatic Voice From North Dakota.

WASHINGTON, August 16 .- The antiottery bill was taken up in the House to-day. Mr. Wilkinson, of Louisiana, in supporting the measure, admitted the pollution which the Louisiana lottery had wrought upon his State, but attributed the birth of that pollution to the days of recon struction. The people of Louisiana looked with gladness to the time when lotteries would be probibited in that State,

would be prohibited in that State, but the revenues to the State had been too great to be resisted without a struggle. When the Louisiana Legislature met the very elements themselves conspired to give the Louisiana lottery a charter. The floods had borne down from North and West. The lottery company could afford to pay for a new charter far better than the State of Louisiana could afford to accept it. The price had not been accepted and he thanked God for it. All sense of honor and shame in his State was not dead.

He had been asked how the lottery company had secured two-thirds of the Legis-

pany had secured two-thirds of the Legis-lature in favor of submitting the question to a Legislature to be held two years hence. Every solitary Republican member had voted in favor of that proposition. There had been other members who had thought it their duty to submit the matter to the people. That some members of the Legislature had been bought and sold, he had not the shadow of a doubt, but he believed that he could count those members on the fingers of one hand. He was as confident as he was that he stood here that the lottery

he was that he stood here that the lottery scheme would be overwhelmingly de'eated, and that this blot upon the State of Louisiana would be wiped off the statute books.

Mr. Evans, of Tennessee, advocating the bill, dropped into statisties and stated that the chance of a ticket holder in the Louisiana lottery to draw the capital prize was 1 in 67,005. Mr. Hansbrough, of North Dakota, favored the bill, and in reference. had not yet reached that condition of pov-erty that they were willing to sell their honor and manhood. The bill was then passed without division.

STOPPED A WATER FAMINE.

Prompt Action of Philadelphia Against th Schuylkitt Navigation Company.

PHILADELPHIA, August 16-General Louis Wagner, Director of Public Works, prevented what might have resulted in a most terrible catastrophe and suffering to 150,000 people living in Germantown, Mt. Airy, Manyunk, Roxborough and other portions of the Twenty-first, Twenty-second and Twenty-eighth wards. General Wagner reached the city from Boston early in the morning, and was starting from a seashore bound train when he received word from the Rozborough pumping station at Shawmont that the sluices of Flat Rock were opened by the Schuylkill Navigation Company, and that water was flowing through by millions of gatlons, and that in a few nours the pumps would have to cease work General Wagner knew that the reservoir three-quarters of a mile from the pumping station contained hardly 36 hours' supply. He realized that if prompt action was r taken Monday afternoon might see the falls of Schuylkill, Chestnut Hill, Manayunk, Germantown, Roxborough and and other towns powerless to fight fire; it would see the mills shut down and the famine. General around to the offices of the Reading Railroad, which owns the Schuylkill Navigation Company, but failed to see any of the officials and got the impression that they were intentionally absent. He quickly succeeded in securing an injunction, an after quite an argument succeeded in stop-

RAN AMUCK ON THE STREET.

A Crazy N. w York Butcher Creates Au Amount of Excitement.

PRINCIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE. NEW YORK, August 16 .- A madman ran amuck this morning in First avenue and created no end of excitement for a quarter of an hour. He flung seltzer syphons all over the street, bit a mau, knocked s child down with a bottle, cleaned out a restaurant, tore a lew doors off and ended his terrorizing career in a police station, after a vigorous struggle with three policemen. Henry Hertzel is a butcher and he has a wi'e and five sons He is 40 years old, dark visaged and subject to crazy spells. He has been to the asylum

three times, and is known to the neighbors as "the crazy man." Hertzel is universally liked in the neighborhood when his head don't trouble him, but when his spells come on people keep clear of him. The neighbors say he once fired a house in Brooklyn while he had a spell, and another time he tried to kill a man with a carving knife. He was worse to-day than ever before. The neighbors say the spell has been coming on him for about nine days. There was a wild time on First avenue until the police managed to over-power him and lock him up. He will be sent to an insane asylum.

SWEPT BY A STORM.

Lightning Deals Out Death and Destruction

In the West. KANSAS CITY, August 16 .- A terrific thunder storm visited this city this evening. The storm approached from the Northwest driven by a high wind, which did considerable damage to shade trees and loose

signs. The lightning was particularly de structive. It struck a coal shed at 1620 Olive street and killed Archie Trimble and severely in-jured Ben Diamond, two young boys who had taken refuge there. Many houses in other parts of the residence portion of the city were struck by lightning. The cupols of the Alamo building was struck by lightning. The fluid played around the roof for a time and then descended to the ground, where it prostrated a dray horse and ren dered a car conductor insensible. Several other downtown buildings were struck.

A'GREAT TIME AT MT. GRETNA.

The Arrangements Nearly Completed for the First Farmers' Encampment.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE. Mr. GRETNA, August 16.-The final ouches are being put to the grounds for the farmers' encampment, which promises to be successful beyond the most sanguine expectations of its originators. Trains of ma chinery have been arriving for days, and the exhibits now on the ground exceed in number and variety those of any of the pionics held at Williams' Grove.

An auditorium capable of senting 3,000

people has been completed. Acres of plat-forms, miles of avenues, over 1,000 tents, increased railway facilities and scores of amusements attest the extent of the prepara tions for the encampment,

He Failed to Die. CINCINNATI, August 16 .- Detective

James Grigsby, of a private agency in this city, jumped from the suspension bridge into the river to-day and was rescued badly injured. Cause, despondency.

The Pinkertons Entirely Too Handy With Guns at Albany.

CITIZEN SHOT IN HIS YARD.

Whole Volleys Sent After a Playful Boy Who Threw a Stone.

THE LOCK-UP FILLED WITH GUARDS. Knights Happy Over the Result at Albuny and Pow-

derly Hopeful.

The introduction of Pinkerton men in the New York Central strike is likely to result disastrously. At Albany last night they shot on inoffensive citizen, and poured volleys in the direction of a small boy who threw a stone. Powderly will call on Vice President Webb to-morrow. The Knights are jubilant at Buffalo.

ALBANY, N. Y., August 16 .- The situation of the strike here to-night is apparently the same as yesterday, except that the road is losing time on the passenger trains.

The Knights are jubilant. The greatest excitement resigns among the strikers and the public generally over a fracas between the Pinkertons and a crowd of people. A freight train was run down the grade from West Albany about 7 o'clock. The car had two Pinkertons on it, and as they got down to the Van Woert street crossing a small boy fired a stone striking one of the guards. Instantly the fellow brought his rifle to his shoulder and fired. The ball missed the boy, but struck a man named John McCarthy, who was in his own yard, in the leg. Instantly the other Pinkertons who lined the track opened fire on the inoffensive crowd near the station. THOUSANDS ON THE SPOT.

As if by magic the place suddenly swarmed with strikers but almost as quickly a squad of blue-coated policemen came upon a run. The crowd was kept back with difficulty, Chief of Police Willard ordered the arrest of five Pinkerton men, Robert Taylor, Thomas O'Connor, Edward Kenny, Charles Parkhurst and Joseph Lewis. All were locked up and telegrams were sent out to intercept the train and arrest the man who fired the first shot. So excited was the crowd that the Pinker-ton mea to the number of 15, became so scared that they attempted at the station house to be locked up. The Knights of Labor issued a bulletis calling on their

members to stay away from the railroad and preserve the peace. ARRESTED BY THE DOZEN. A little later Henry Douglass, another Pinkerton man, was arrested at West Al-bany for flourishing a revolver. Had the police not arrested him he would have been torn to pieces by the crowd. Later five Pinkertons were arrested for encroaching on city property with loaded rifles. All were

Shortly after the shooting affray at the Van Woert street crossing, Edward Canary, a Pinkerton man, assaulted Christopher Lang with a club, and he was taken into custody. Another Pinkerton man, named Charles Paulins, who was walking up the tracks at that point swinging a loaded gun and revolver, was arrested and jailed. The man McCarty is in the hospital. The ball entered the leg just above the ankle and came out on the other side.

THE JUBILANT KNIGHTS.

pects of the Strike. BUFFALO, N. Y., August 16,-To say

that the local striking Knights of Labor are jubilant would be to put it mildly. They are overjoyed at the turn affairs have taken, and seem more confident of success than ever. They held an important meeting this afternoon for the purpose of discussing the situation. Major Horner, of the Edecutive Commit-

tee, says: "Buffalo is considered the key to the situation and we will do our best to hold it. I made one prediction and that materialized, so I will make another: Inside of five days you will see steps taken by the railroad company looking toward arbitra-

live stock shipments from this point, despite the assistance given by the West Shore, Lackawanna and Erie are at least a week behind.

It was learned to-night that the switchmen on the Central and West Shore peti-tioned for Chicago wages before the strike in the East; they asked that an answer be returned to their petition on or before Monday, August 18. No concession has been received. "Therefore," says one of the labor agitators now in town, looking on and encouraging the strike, "the switchmen were ready to strike next Monday anyway if his had not been precipitated. As it is now the switchmen declare that their men must

be taken back and the wages of all raised, The police are all sleeping at the station houses to-night, ready for a call to quell a disturbance at any moment. Up to a late

hour everything was quiet. WHAT POWDERLY SAYS.

He Will Hold a Sennce With Vice President Webb To-Morrow. NEW YORK, August 16.-The members of the Executive Board of the Knights of

Labor were in conference all day.

night General Master Workman Powderly said:
"We have endeavored to find out why the officials of the New York Central and Hud-son River Railroad dismissed our members from the service of the company, and so far as our members are concerned we have their ide of the case. I will not communicate

To-

with Mr. Webb until Monday. "We have been doing all we can for a speedy and satisfactory ending of the mat-ter. On Monday I expect to have a quorum of the General Executive Board, and such ction as we may then take will be legal.

AFTER THE NICKEL PLATE.

Secret Meeting at Fort Wayne to Take Action Against it Next.

FT. WAYNE, IND., August 16 .- A secret neeting of all the trainmen on the Nickel Plate road has been called for to-morrow, to take place at Bellevue, O. The meeting will include engineers, firemen, witchmen and brakemen. It cannot be ascertained for what purpose the meeting has been called, but as the Nickel Plate is a part of the Vanderbilt system, it is surmised that matters pertaining to the strike on the New York Central will be discussed. The men themselves refuse to state th bject of the meeting, and the officials of the road are equally in the dark.

BLOCKED AT ERIE.

the Rig Labor Trouble is Interfering With Lake Shore Traffic. (SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.)

ERIE. August 16.-The strike on the New York Central and West Shore is complicating matters on the Lake Shore. Nothing is going East but the perishable and live stock All the other New York Central traffic is seing sidetracked between Erie and Buffalo. The railroad employes on the Lake Shore are fearful of trouble.

PROBABLY A MURDER. MIDNIGHT CUTTING AFFRAY IN LAW

Samuel Reinsachter and J. N. Kreme Brothers-in-Law, Quarrel Over Family Matters-A Knife Was Used and the Former Will Die.

A cutting affray occurred about 11:30 o'clock last night in Lawrenceville that will probably terminate in a murder. Samuel Reinsachter and J. W. Kremen are brothers-in-law, and reside at No. 4903 Penn avenue, both occupying parts of the same house with their wives and families. About 11 o'clock last night they returned to their homes, and both were considerably under the influence of liquor. A quarrel over a family matter arose and led to a fight during which Reinsachter was stabbed by Kremen, who used a large pocket

knife. The knife blade penetrated the left

shoulder and entered into the lungs, inflicting a wound that will prove fatal. Drs. Espy and Smith were summoned, but stated that Reinsachter could live only a short time. His deposition was taken, in which he lays the blame of the cutting on his brother-in-law. Kremen was arrested and sent to the Seventeent station. Reinsachter is 26 ye sound and has three children.

HIS MOUTH TOO LARGE.

HIS MOUTH TOO LARGE.

Why the Tabernacie Trustees Would Not Take a Bust of Talmage.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATORAL NEW YORK, August 16 .- Deacon Wood, of Talmage's Brooklyn Tabernacle, is a defendant in a lawsuit brought in the Supreme Court which will probably afford some fun when it comes to trial. He is sued for \$300 dam-ages by J. Schwartz & Co. for failure to fulfill the conditions of a contract for the manufacture of 50 busts of Talmage in manufacture of 50 busts of Tailmage in terra cotta at \$6 each. It was suggested to Dr. Tailmage last spring that a bust of him-self would sell like wild fire after the re-markable experiences of the learned doctor in Palestine, Mars Hill in Athens, and other places in his trip abroad last summer. Tailmage thought so, too, and a contract was made with Schwartz & Co. The firm's sculptor visited Talmage, and the preacher gave him a sitting. The sculptor made a clay model, and counsel for Schwartz & Co. declare that Talmage saw the model and expressed his hearty approval of it. Later on the trustees of the Tabernacle decided that the bust was not a good like-ness. It made Talmage's mouth too large,

pulpit. The busts had been finished, how-ever, in April, but Deacon Wood refused to take them off Schwartz & Co.'s hands. WRECKED FOR ROBBERY.

A Negro Proved to Have Derailed a Passer ger Train.

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) LEXINGTON, KY., August 16. - News eached here to-night, that the midnight rain when within two miles of Winchester, Ky., was wrecked for the purpose of robbery last night. The spikes had been pulled and the rails spread, but although several cars were derailed, no one was burt. Shortly after things became quiet around the wreck, a negro came into one of the coaches and stole two valies the property

of a negro passenger.

The thief was arrested to-day in Winches ter and proved to be an ex-convict. Evidence has been discovered which shows be wrecked the train. He says his name is

Mack Sullivan. The Purpose for Which the Reading Is

Building the Extension. PHILADELPHIA, August 16 .- The prin cipal purpose for which the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company will use its new extension, known as the Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Pittsburg Railroad, will be as a bituminous coal feeder. The con-tractors who are building the link of eight to fill the gap between Bowmansdale

the road by January I.

An officer of the Reading explained today that it is the intention of the management largely to increase its bituminous coal traffic. At present its only source of supply is the Beech Creek Railroad, and its soft coal tonnage is an insignificant factor of its

and Harrisburg are under bond to complete

A DOMESTIC TRAGEDY.

Dissipated Life Closed With a Murder and Salcide. LAWRENCE, MASS., August 16 .- Edward Worswick and his wife have lived unhappily together for some time in this city.

is a prudent, industrious dressmaker

and he was a worthless fellow, jealous and a hard drinker To-night Mrs. Worsick met Worsick, who was drunk. He asked her if she were com ing home, and upon receiving a negative reply, drew a revolver and shot her through he head and then shot himself, from the ef fects of which he died soon after. Mrs.

Worswick is fatally injured. THE DISPATCH DIRECTORY.

Contents of To-Day's Issue Classified for the Render's Convenience. The issue of THE DISPATCH to-day consist of 20 pages, made up in three parts. The first part contains the news of the day. The

PART IL

others contain the following:

Page 13.

Racing in England A...

Ladies Who Whistle. .

Scenes at Cresson.......L. E. STOFIEL
Art Students of ParisDEWOLF SCANLAN My One Gorilla GRANT ALLEN Day Out of TownCHARLES T. MURRAY A Gladstone Evening. The Power of Gems MARK F. GRISWOLD Too Modest by Half . Page 11. Everyday Science. To Let Column. Page 12. Society's Doings. Dramatic News Militia Gossip

Secret Society News. Local Trade News. Page 14. Clara Belle's Chat rage 15. Reefing the SalisTHE COUNTRY PARSON No Good Can Result.

Late News in Brief

PRINGLE

... TENNIE DALTON

Amusement Notices. Part III. Thieves Strung Up FRANK G. CARPENTER

Page 18. Colorado Railroads.....JAMES NEWTON BASKETT Reading Bad Books Page B. A Fairy Story... PAYSIE Astronomy for Children F. K. R. WADE The Fireside Spainx E. R. CHADBOURN Pains of the Body REV. GEORGE HODGES True to Tradition Page 20. Fashious From Abroad SHIRLEY DARK

NO DOUBT ABOUT IT.

Wolfe Writes Chairman Stevens That

Because the Church People Are Not With

QUAY'S COLORED MESSENGER MISSING.

The Reading Knights of Labor Announce That They

Charles S. Wolfe has sent a letter to Chairman Stevens, of the Prohibition Committee. In it he tells why he will drop the third party and vote for Pattison. A meeting at Reading announces that the organ-

any political party. INPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE.

tion State Committee, in which he says the Dio de of the great body of Unristians

Dio de ,ve any reasonable chance of The defeat of Quay crowd he earnestly desires, and on account of his relations with these people he believes he could be more potential for good by doing open battle for Pattison. In view of the course of church people in not making common cause

> which gives no hope of success. The Christians, of whom he complains, he says need no light but the disposition to de the right thing. He expresses sympathy with the objects of the Prohibitionists and says he may be in Harrisburg during the meeting of their State convention next

with the party Prohibitionists he says

He May Have Been Drowned and Buried

they declared; and furthermore it did not look half so majestic as Talmage does in the HARRISBURG, August 16 .- The mystery of the disappearance of Warren Jackson, colored, who was the repository of many of Senator Quay's political secrets, remains to be cleared up. Jackson was last seen in this city about five weeks ago. A week before that time he exhibited evidences of having been on a protracted debauch and a colored friend employed at the Pennsylvania Railroad station here had him cared for at his house, with the understanding that as soon as he had sufficiently recovered from the results of his spree, Jackson would re-

> ury Department. Three days subsequently the body of a upposed Italian was found in the Walnut street lock in the Pennsylvania canal. The fact that the man found had on a blue suit and a white necktie, such as Jackson wore, has led to the belief among many of his Harrisburg friends that he was the drowned man fished out of the lock. Jackson's color was not any darker than that or most Italians, and this circumstance is considered in the light of additional evidence that he was

the drowned man hurried to the almshouse

KNIGHTS NOT FOR SALE.

ing at Reading. (SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) READING, August 16 .- A joint commit-

cided to communicate with the Executive Board of the Knights of Labor on the subject. The resolutions have this to say: White we recognize the fact that in the past ertain pretended leaders of the organization certain pretended leaders of the organization have proven themselves traitors to the cause by selling out to the various political parties, and while we do not claim that this cannot and and while we do not claim that this cannot and will not be accomplished again, we do certainly condemn such folly as has been indulged in by certain parties who should have better sense than to assert that the votes of the K. of L. as an organization can be delivered over to any one political party by such black sheep as have heretofore blotted the name of organized labor.

MAHONING COUNTY DEMOCRATS

Favor the Aust rallan System and Denounce the Force Bill. I SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) eratic County Convention was held here today, William A. Maline presiding. Resolutions were adopted favoring the Austral-

ian ballot system and denouncing the pending election bill. The following ticket was nominated: Sheriff, D. W. Justice, of Poland; Treasurer, J. W. Smith, of Youngstown; Probate Judge, Elliott M. Wilson, of Youngstown; Clerk of Courts, L. W. Raver, of Austintown; Prosecuting Attorney, James P. Wilson, of Youngstown; County Commis-sioner, C. F. Brenner, of Youngstown; In-firmary Director, Thomas B. Jones, of

Republicans Have Close Contests in Select

PRECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR BELLEFONTE, August 16.-The Republicans of Center county held their primaries to-day. They were very quiet in the main, a small vote being polled. The following will probably be the nominations, judging from present indications: Assembly, Prof. W. G. Mattern; Sheriff, John A. Wolf; Treasurer, A. Tyson; Recorder, J. F. Harter; Register. George Fisher. For Commissioner there are two candidntes, and it is very hard to tell who will obtain the coveted prize, as there will have

to be one Republican elected, and they all

The County Convention Hold and a List of Candidates Chosen-

want that chance.

WHEELING, August 16 .- The Republicin County Convention met this afternoon

He Will Support Pattison.

FIVE CENTS.

TIRED OF THE COLD WATER CAUSE

the Prohibitionists.

Are Not for Sale.

ized labor of the State can not be bought by

HARRISBURG, August 16 .- Charles S. Wolfe has written a letter under a recent date to Chairman Stevens, of the Prohibisuccess. and his

he does not propose to waste his time, money and energies in a prohibition campaign

QUAY'S MESSENGER MISSING.

ne n Pauper. PERCIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR 1

turn to Washington, where Senator Quay had secured a position for him in the Treas-

The Resolutions Adopted at a Labor Most-

tee of Reading's Trade and Labor Council, which is composed of the city's trades unions and the Knights of Labor met here and adopted resolutions denying that the Knights of Labor had sold the order to the Republican party, in the State. It was de-

Youngstown, August 16 .- The Demo-

Youngstown. Ten delegates were elected to the State Convention.

CENTER COUNTY PRIMARIES.

WHEELING REPUBLICANS.

"SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH."

in the City Hail and nominated the following ticket: Clerk of the County Court, Richard Robertson, who is now editor of the News-Letter; Clerk of the Circuit Court, Captain S. L. Brice; Legislature, Charley