

SEEKING A SUBSIDY. Capitalists See No Other Way to Engage in the Manufacture of Tin Plate in This Country.

NOW AT WORK WITH CONGRESSMEN Endeavoring to Secure More Advantages Than They Would Have Were the McKinley Bill a Law.

THEY FEAR THE ENGLISH COMPETITION That Might Inundate the States With the Product on Passage of the Act.

It transpired yesterday that there are certain capitalists who do not think that the proposed duty of 2.20 cents on tin plate will be sufficient to encourage mill owners to engage in the manufacture of that commodity. They argue that no manufacturer would embark in the business on the chance of earning the problematical profit which that duty would allow him in competition with the foreign product, and they hold that the only way to promote the tinplate industry in this country is by the Government subsidizing the plants which engage in it until they experience the same conditions which have learned how to produce plate so cheaply as to underbid the foreign market.

WHAT IS PROPOSED.

The proposal of these capitalists is to induce Government to subsidize mill owners that undertake the manufacture of tinplate, until, having familiarized themselves with the process and got into fair working order, they would be able to compete with the foreign article. For there are those that believe that the tinplate industry is being developed by the American mechanic, and would in a very short time be readily reduced to the cost of manufacture by aid of machinery for operations now performed by hand, which would place the American manufacturer in a position to compete with his English rival, tariff or not.

It is argued that the mere duty on the imported article will not be sufficient to induce an industry in this country, and that the most important in the country, and that to properly develop the young plant it must be assisted in its growth from the beginning. It is also argued that, looking at the millions by which the country would benefit by making its own tinplate, the industry may as fairly claim to be encouraged as the building of a marine, the manufacturing of sugar or the carrying of mail under the American flag. To this end the Government is looked to for aid, and it is said that the Congressmen in both branches already approached have given the promoters very assuring encouragement.

MR. MEYRAN'S VIEWS.

The foregoing facts were developed in an interview yesterday with Mr. Charles Meyran, President of the Germania Bank, and also President of the Cannonsburg Iron and Steel Company, who returned within the last few days from a tour of inspection in the Eastern States. While refraining from mentioning names, Mr. Meyran said that the men promoting the subsidy scheme included some of the best known Eastern iron and steel manufacturers, brokers and jobbers. He said that he was unaware of any Pittsburgh men being interested in it, and, outside of himself, he did not know of any Pittsburgher had been approached.

THE PROPOSITION TO SUBSIDIZE ANY BRANCH OF TRADE.

"The proposition to subsidize any branch of trade," said Mr. Meyran, "seems rather preposterous, but it is not surprising that it should be made in this country, which puts it out of comparison with other industries, and requires for it something exceptional in the way of protection. It is not surprising that any manufacturer in this country would engage in making tinplates under the sole protection of the proposed tariff. The moment it would point to operation, Englishmen would begin to flood this country with tinplates, and send in such a supply as would suffice for probably a year's trade. Following this they would cut prices so as to do enough to make it possible for any manufacturer to be ready for market, hoping to discourage the makers from pursuing the trade.

DOESN'T GO FAR ENOUGH.

"The opinion among iron men with whom I have conversed is that the McKinley bill will not go far enough to protect the tinplate industry, and that it is impossible for Englishmen to undercut the market. The proposed duty protects, but it protects what? It is an industry, work established, but that yet has to be built up in this country. If the industry were now in full swing, I grant you the duty would be sufficient, but it does not suffice to protect to the degree of encouraging men to embark capital in a business the profits from which would be very problematical.

"Speaking for myself, I will say that my company will not undertake to go into the business, being rather inclined to let others lead the way and test the results of the protecting influence of the tariff. And this is the opinion of many I have spoken with on this subject."

"When recently at Washington, there were there at the time a number of well-known iron men from the East who were interesting Senators and Representatives in a proposal to subsidize the manufacture of tinplate until it obtained a thorough foothold. They argued that the proposed duty of 2.20 cents on tinplate was insufficient to give a quality unless manufacturers were given some guarantee that the capital they invested in the business was not lost in a fruitless attempt to compete with a well-known English competitor. This guarantee would be best secured by the Government undertaking to pay a premium on the output until, by experience in the manufacture, such success could hold their own with the foreign rival. The promoters met with much interest, and received encouraging assurance from the Congressmen they saw."

Regarding Senator Spooner's amendment, continued Mr. Meyran, "it looks to me like a free trade dodge. It would be quite impossible for the manufacture of the plate to reach such a stage in the time named as would yield a supply equal to half the amount now imported. Its effect would be in killing the trade at its inception, and ultimately throwing open the country to free tin plate."

Mr. W. Lewis, of the Charities Iron

COUCHES IN CLOUDS.

Mayor Gourley is the Recipient of a Hot-Weather Suggestion.

A WONDERFUL SCHEME ON PAPER.

Relief for Warm and Weary Citizens Who Can Pay the Price.

A PECULIAR LEGAL QUESTION RAISED.

Mayor Gourley has been the recipient of a hot weather suggestion over which he is now seriously pondering. While other people are at watering places and other places of resort, his Honor stays in his office to guard the interests of the city and to devise schemes for the relief of suffering humanity. The latest idea has an appearance of being a money-maker, but it will require quite an extensive capital to put it into execution. The man with the suggestion is willing to let a few capitalists in on the ground floor, and feels that with the indorsement of the Mayor of the metropolis of Western Pennsylvania he will have no difficulty in securing financial backing.

The terrific spell which this community has been suffering for the past two months have proven that the average citizen is willing to pay a high price for a cool place in which to sleep. The inventor's heart aches for the man of means who can afford to roll and perspire all night long, and arises in the morning feeling limp and tired. It is not only the fat man who suffers. The thin individual is annoyed, to say the least, when he awakes with a start from a dream in which he is the central dish at a supper of deviled bones given by a party of facetiously gay demons.

THE MAIDEN'S TEARS.

Then there is the untold agony of the belle who, the night before the picnic, puts up her bangs in crimpers and arises with the dawn to find that her hair is as straight as the path duty. This will cause any rightly-constituted girl to weep, her nose becomes red, and while she may be a spectacle for the gods, she does not add lustre to a picnic party, and therefore stays at home. Niobe was most beautiful when weeping, but that is where she differed from the modern girl. The inventor could stand a good deal, but he succumbed to a maiden's tears.

ALL IN THE SOUP.

A Lamentably Painful Three-Course Dinner in Which the Soup Began to Boil.

George Eihman received a turtle from some friend in camp and was displaying it to the admiring gaze of the neighbors on Sarah street, near South Twenty-third, last night, when Ernest Weibe happened along and set to work on the turtle and listen to Eihman describe its good qualities to the interested crowd about him. Eihman told the spectators that he proposed to have some fine turtle soup to-day. At this statement Weibe's appetite for turtle soup got the best of him, and he attempted to take it from Eihman, who naturally objected to the proceeding, and a scuffle which ensued. Eihman got hold of the turtle's tail, and Weibe held fast to the foreleg of his turtle-pie.

The turtle about this time became thoroughly disgusted with the proceedings, and it sailed in and took part in the fight. It first took the finger of Weibe in its mouth and held it there tightly that Mr. Weibe had all heart in the fight and would have gladly withdrawn his claim without further parley, if the turtle would let go. It did not, but only to catch Weibe's leg when he tried to get away. In fact, the turtle held on tenaciously, for some time.

The fight had attracted a large crowd, among others a policeman, who took charge of the trio, and they were sent to the Twenty-eighth ward station house, where a charge of disorderly conduct was placed against the turtle and its owner. The policeman dressed the turtle-bite on Weibe's face.

Sergeant McQuade, to avert further trouble, and to save the turtle, had the turtle for dinner, decided he had better keep it himself.

MAY INTERFERE WITH THEM.

Grand Army Men Afraid the New York Central Strike Will Delay Them.

The passenger men of the Pennsylvania road have not been notified that the strike on the New York Central will interfere with the Grand Army men going to Boston. From New York the company uses the New Haven and Hartford road to the "Hub," which is a fact which the Hudson River bridge for a few miles out of New York, and the agents are afraid that they will have some trouble at this point.

A great many G. A. R. men, with their families, started yesterday evening for Boston on both the Baltimore and Ohio and Pennsylvania roads. Some of them were afraid the strike would delay them along the road, and the road agents are afraid that they will have some trouble at this point.

WHAT PEOPLE ARE DOING.

Some Who Travel, Some Who Do Not, and Others Who Talk. Rev. M. O. Leichter and family, of Lehigh, Pa., who have been attending their cottage, 512 Vine avenue, Chautauqua, since June 8. Their guests are Rev. J. McCloskey, John H. Kirby, all of Homestead.

Father Fejler and Prof. Gallion, of Milwaukee, two German priests, members of the St. Cecilia Society, arrived in the city last night, and will be visiting the cathedral here in the morning.

The many friends of Bishop J. Boyd Vincent, of Cincinnati, formerly rector of Calvary Church, this city, will be greeted by him in his lying in state at Watch Hill, R. I. His physicians state he is threatened with typhoid fever.

Miss Nettie Roosa, of Ridge avenue, has gone to Manchester-by-the-Sea and Bass Rocks, two fashionable watering resorts in Massachusetts, to visit her relatives, Mr. and Mrs. Granville Way, of Boston.

Commercial Agent Mathews, of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy road, went to Long Branch last evening. Mr. Mathews was threatened in the North-west.

William A. Lynch, a Canton lawyer, is registered at the Anderson. He represents interesting Senators and Representatives in a proposal to subsidize the manufacture of tinplate until it obtained a thorough foothold.

Henry Carpenter, the Union station ticket agent, left for Denver yesterday to attend the annual meeting of the International Association of Ticket Agents, which is being held in Denver.

Miss Susie G. Case, of the Minererville School, has been elected instructor of penmanship and drawing in the Forbes School.

J. P. S. Hendricks, of Allegheny, leaves tomorrow evening to attend the Photographers' Convention in Washington, D. C.

Miss Ella Boice, of Sarah street, Allegheny, and Miss Nettie Watt, of Brighton Place, are visiting friends in Ohio.

The Stamp Hunting and Picking Club will go into camp at the Erie Bay this week. They will remain there three weeks.

Mr. James Gallagher and daughter Maggie have gone to Philadelphia and will visit at the residence of Mrs. J. J. Gallagher.

Miss Vida McCullough and Miss Minnie Myers, of Allegheny avenue, have gone to Chautauqua.

Mr. Jacob Baer and two children are on a three weeks' trip to Old City and Chautauqua Lake.

WHOLESALE POISONING.

SEVEN PERSONS BROUGHT NEARLY TO THE POINT OF DEATH.

The Deed Attributed to Rivalry Between Second-Hand Clothing Dealers—Two Arrests Made—A Devoted Wife Inconspicuously Sees Poison to Her Husband's Fate.

Seven persons were poisoned yesterday, and for a time it looked as if several of the victims would die. While the police have not yet fully developed a theory as to the motive of the crime, they believe it resulted from business jealousy.

Mrs. Bessie Schmidt, of No. 1219 Penn avenue, in the absence of her husband, William Schmidt, who is in jail on a charge of poisoning, operated a goods store, a second hand clothing store. On Friday she made a large pot of coffee, and left it on the kitchen stove, the Hebrew religion forbidding cooking on Saturday. Yesterday she invited some of her friends and neighbors to partake of the coffee, and as a result they all became violently sick. Like a good wife Mrs. Schmidt sent some of the victims to the hospital, and had her own very close call. In addition to Mr. and Mrs. Schmidt the victims were Leo Taylor, Astor Coblinsky, William Coblinsky, Jacob Levor and Samuel Greger.

As soon as the evidence of poison became apparent Officer Oliver Peoples, who lives nearby, was sent for, and he, with Detective Jones, worked up the case. Mrs. Julia Levi, who lives at 1223 Penn avenue, was fixed upon as the possible perpetrator of the deed, and she was arrested and sent to the Central station, where she is being held. She wanted to know if she was to be hanged right away. The police claim to have witnesses who will testify that Mrs. Levi was seen to put a small amount of poison in a tin of coffee on Friday night, and that she jumped through the window in endeavoring to avoid recognition. Her 15-year-old son Jacob was also granted the petition, and the police entered while his mother went into Schmidt's house.

Dr. C. Lange had a hard time working with the victims, but at a late hour last night he brought the report for the physician. The physician obtained some of the coffee, and from a cursory examination he thinks the stuff was doctored with either oxalic acid or potash.

IMPROVING THE FORCE.

Superintendent Weir Talks About the Need for Additional Patrolmen—A Comparison Between New York City and Pittsburgh—A New Prison Van to be Purchased.

The Department of Public Safety is arranging for the purchase of a van to convey prisoners to the jail, and being taken to the Central station. The van is to be constructed something after the style of an omnibus. It is to be in two compartments, the forward and smaller one being for female prisoners. This will furnish a safe mode of transportation, and at the same time prevent any possibility of escape while in transit.

SUPERINTENDENT WEIR.

Superintendent of Police Weir, in speaking of the escape of prisoners from officers, said there had never been a case known where a prisoner had escaped from an officer to whom he was handcuffed. Mr. Weir, in speaking of the agitation for the covering of patrol wagons, further said that there may be a few parades in the city, but the first city in the country to adopt them. They are not used on some of the wagons in the summer because they are ugly and cumbersome.

WHAT THEY PREFER.

Mr. Reese, replying, said he would sooner close his works and lose money than have his name in connection with a strike. He would settle individually with any of his employees who had a grievance. These terms were also refused. The following is an incomplete list of the firms that have sought to settle with the following firms: The Pleasant Valley Railway Company, the Hall Pump Works, Lewis Foundry and Machine Company, Pittsburgh and Allegheny River Bridge and Construction Company, Carnegie, Phipps & Co.; R. D. Nuttall & Co.; Pittsburgh Tube Works; Pennsylvania Tube Works; Pittsburgh Specialty Company; Butler & Gardner; Linden Steel Company; Wharton McKnight; Blair & Gieseler; Robinson-Rose Manufacturing Company; Marshall Foundry and Construction Company; H. B. Brown & Co.; Totten & Hogg; Pittsburgh Foundry and Machine Company; S. H. Manufacturing Company; Carolan & Porter; Withrow & Gordon; William Harrison & Son, and Atwood & McCaffrey.

SOME OTHER OFFERS MADE.

Dilworth, Porter & Co., offered an increase of 2 1/2 cents per hour. This was refused. It was reported that there are yet other offers to be made. The strike of the Pleasant Valley machinists is likely to be followed by a turn-out of the other mechanics employed by the city. This was reported last night, would occur early next week.

THE GENERAL RATES OF WAGES IN THE WESTINGHOUSE MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S SHOPS.

The general rates of wages in the Westinghouse Manufacturing Company's shops is from \$25 to \$32 a day, the highest paid to the skilled mechanics receiving \$18 per week. The strike is likely to be prolonged, as the whole body of machinists last night gave notice of a strike. The particular shop, and will assist the men as far as they can. It was stated that no similar mechanics who were employed at the shops can be obtained.

SWITCHMEN COMING IN.

General Organizer John Downey Says His Men Will Strike. John Downey, Grand Master of the Switchmen's Mutual Aid Association, is at the Schlosser. He is here to organize the men in this neighborhood. Mr. Downey says his order has nothing to do with the strike on the New York Central. It is in the hands of the Knights of Labor, and, as they are strong in Eastern New York, he expects to see them make a detour into this city. The order will be moved if they take a notion, and the usual mob on the outside that always creates the trouble for which the men are blamed will be there.

CLARK'S COURT RAIDED.

A Wagonload of Prisoners for Trial Before Judge Gripp To-day. Clark's court, at the corner of Grant street and Seventh avenue, was raided last night about 11:30 o'clock. Raymond Magdon, Beckey Raymond, and Mrs. Jackson were there arrested, charged with keeping a disorderly house, on information made against them by Inspector McAleese before Magistrate Gripp. Eleven persons were also arrested at the court when the raid was made.

THIEVES ARRESTED FOR STEALING GOODS FROM FREIGHT TRAINS.

Night robberies in Homestead called Special Officer Cook, of the Pittsburgh and Lake Erie road, to that place several weeks ago. Goods were frequently stolen from freight trains, and the thieves always managed to cover up their tracks. Last week they were caught getting away with watermelons. They were John Thomas and Frank Chester. They will have a hearing before Alderman King, of the Thirtieth ward, on Monday.

LOCAL ITEMS, LIMITED.

INCIDENTS OF A DAY IN TWO CITIES CONDENSED FOR READER'S GUIDANCE.

At the North Avenue M. E. Church, the pastor, Rev. T. J. Leak, will preach the morning on "Joy," and in the evening on "Bethel," in the series on the "Cities of the Bible."

The Delaware Republican Club of the Eleventh ward, held a meeting in the evening at the residence of Mrs. J. J. Leak, where they will organize a marching club and elect officers for it.

LAKE CURTAINS, lace curtains—We are showing a line of exceptional values from \$1.00 a pair. HUGOS & HUCKER.

A Charge That Master Plasterers Are Trying to Win Over Sand Men.

Recording Secretary Thompson, of the Plasterers' Union, said last night that his men were still maintaining their negative position with regard to the Association matters. He said that Carter Brothers had work taken from them last week by the owner and given to McGahan & Lindsay because it was standing still. He said that the Association matters were now warning the men who furnish the sand to the Association that they would not deal with them if they continued to furnish the non-associated masters with materials. The sanders were now trying to get their work done by the apprentices, who number about 100. Their work, he said, was not giving satisfaction.

Mr. Andrew Traister, of Allegheny, a member of the Master Plasterers' Association, denied last night that he intended conceding the journeymen's demands as it had been reported.

Charged With Stealing a Wheel. A colored man named Peyton was arrested last night by Detectives Robinson and Fitzgerald and sent to the Central police station. He is charged with stealing a bicycle from the Keystone Bicycle Club.

Remember the Excursion to Atlantic City Next Thursday, August 14, via the B. & O. R. R., by Washington, D. C., Baltimore and Philadelphia. Rate, \$10 the round trip. Tickets good for 10 days.

Remember the Excursion to Atlantic City Next Thursday, August 14, via the B. & O. R. R., by Washington, D. C., Baltimore and Philadelphia. Rate, \$10 the round trip. Tickets good for 10 days.

MILLS FOR CAMPBELL.

He Thinks the Buckeye Governor Will Make a Good Running Mate WITH CLEVELAND IN FIRST PLACE.

Free Trade With Europe as Well as South America Demanded.

THE FARMERS OPRESSED BY TAXES.

Congressman Roger Q. Mills, the Texas free trader, was one of the many passengers on the Eastern express, last evening. Grand Army men, with their wives and daughters, surrounded him, but he paid little attention to them. He was on his way back to Washington after a visit to his constituents. He is generally affable to newspaper men, but sometimes has a cranky spell. Last evening he was good-natured, and talked freely.

BELIEVES THE TICKET WILL WIN.

Mr. Mills is for Cleveland for President, as he always has been, and he thinks Governor Campbell will be a rising young man and would make a good Vice President. He prefers him to Boies, the Iowa man who was indorsed by the State Democrats for the position.

THE TAXPAYERS' ASSOCIATION OF THE TWENTY-NINTH WARD HAS ISSUED AN ADDRESS TO THE CITIZENS OF THE SOUTHIDE IN RELATION TO THE MONONGAHELA WATER COMPANY AND THE SOUTHIDE WATER SUPPLY.

The taxpayers' Association of the Twenty-ninth ward has issued an address to the citizens of the Southide in relation to the Monongahela Water Company and the Southside water supply. In the address the association says the complaint of impure water is of many years' standing. Upon the matter, they say, depends much in regard to the life, health and good of the community, and it should receive the attention of every citizen. At present it is impossible for the Monongahela Water Company to give a purer supply of water. The reasons given are that the water taken from the old pipes is from the pool formed by Dam No. 1, which holds back more or less refuse matter dumped into the Monongahela river, and it is thus drawn into the pipes.

THE CITY, THEY ASSERTED, HAD ALSO BEEN NEGLECTED IN NOT FILLING THE MAIN LAID ON CROWN STREET, WITH WATER, AS THEY AGREED TO DO.

The city, they asserted, had also been negligent in not filling the main laid on Crown street, with water, as they agreed to do. They would have helped the matter, especially in case of fire, and has treated the question with indifference. Some action, it was said, is necessary, and every citizen should aid the committee of Councils to solve the problem. Each of every ward of the Southside should form associations and elect representatives to assemble and discuss the question, and devise means and measures to bring about a better water supply. Communications are desired to be addressed to William J. Pritchard, secretary of the Taxpayers' Association, Twenty-ninth ward, 100 South Third street.

SOME OF HIS REASONING.

"The American people are taxed beyond all reason, and the farmers in particular are the sufferers. Is there any wonder that they are organizing and complaining all over the country? If we had free trade with England we could sell many of our agricultural implements in that country. Even if English wares are lower than the American, we can still make these implements for less than the cost of the English. The time is now an opportunity to get rid of their products at a good profit and go into the markets of the world and buy what they need without being taxed by Europe. The time is now at hand when free trade is bound to prevail in this country, and the next election will show that the people believe in this doctrine."

THE TIME HAS COME.

When all our medium and light-weight suits must be sold. To-morrow we'll offer extra bargains in men's suits and overcoats. Suits that we've sold up to last night for \$12—and very cheap at that—will go to-morrow for \$10. Just take a look at the men's suits over \$10.00. We have 100 suits and overcoats. Other clothes advertise them very cheap at \$12—all we want for them is \$8. Don't take our word for it, but come and be convinced. Sale starts at 8 o'clock to-morrow morning.

PITTSBURGH COMBINATION CLOTHING CO., P. O. C. C., Cor. Grant and Diamond streets, opposite the Court House.

THE TRESTLEWORK THREATENED.

Firemen Make an Ineffectual Attempt to Put Out Burning Waste. For over a week past the waste lime and cinder pile near the river bank between Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth streets has been burning. Last night two members from Engine Company No. 7 were detailed to throw water on the burning pile and attempt to quench the flames. The lime and cinder form a mound nearly 100 feet long and quite deep and is the waste from neighboring mills.

The officials of the Junction Railroad appealed to the fire department yesterday, stating that the fire, if it burned longer, would do a great deal of damage to the parallel with the mound. Two men from Company No. 7 were therefore put to work last night to extinguish the flames, but the water had little effect on the fire, and, as the fire is burning in a trench, it is probable that some other mode of putting the fire out will have to be tried.

THE REPOINTER DIDN'T KNOW HIM.

How Mr. Ricketson Spelled a Good Him. John H. Ricketson and Postmaster McKean went to Cresson yesterday to spend Sunday. Mr. Ricketson told a good story on a new depot reporter. The hustler had been in the town for several weeks, and didn't know Mr. Ricketson was a native. He took him for a business man from a distant city, and after he had asked him numerous questions about trade in his town and received satisfactory replies he inquired of Mr. Ricketson where he came from. "Pittsburg," was the reply.

REBOLS, McMURRAY & CO.

Upright pianos, \$75, \$100, \$200, \$250. Sewing machines, \$20, \$25, \$100, \$125. Organs and melodians, \$20, \$30, \$40, \$50, \$60, \$75, \$100, \$125, \$150, \$200, \$250, \$300, \$400, \$500, \$600, \$750, \$1,000, \$1,250, \$1,500, \$2,000, \$2,500, \$3,000, \$3,500, \$4,000, \$4,500, \$5,000, \$5,500, \$6,000, \$6,500, \$7,000, \$7,500, \$8,000, \$8,500, \$9,000, \$9,500, \$10,000.

REMEMBER THE EXCURSION TO ATLANTIC CITY NEXT THURSDAY, AUGUST 14, VIA THE B. & O. R. R., BY WASHINGTON, D. C., BALTIMORE AND PHILADELPHIA. RATE, \$10 THE ROUND TRIP. TICKETS GOOD FOR 10 DAYS.

REMEMBER THE EXCURSION TO ATLANTIC CITY NEXT THURSDAY, AUGUST 14, VIA THE B. & O. R. R., BY WASHINGTON, D. C., BALTIMORE AND PHILADELPHIA. RATE, \$10 THE ROUND TRIP. TICKETS GOOD FOR 10 DAYS.

REMEMBER THE EXCURSION TO ATLANTIC CITY NEXT THURSDAY, AUGUST 14, VIA THE B. & O. R. R., BY WASHINGTON, D. C., BALTIMORE AND PHILADELPHIA. RATE, \$10 THE ROUND TRIP. TICKETS GOOD FOR 10 DAYS.

REMEMBER THE EXCURSION TO ATLANTIC CITY NEXT THURSDAY, AUGUST 14, VIA THE B. & O. R. R., BY WASHINGTON, D. C., BALTIMORE AND PHILADELPHIA. RATE, \$10 THE ROUND TRIP. TICKETS GOOD FOR 10 DAYS.

REMEMBER THE EXCURSION TO ATLANTIC CITY NEXT THURSDAY, AUGUST 14, VIA THE B. & O. R. R., BY WASHINGTON, D. C., BALTIMORE AND PHILADELPHIA. RATE, \$10 THE ROUND TRIP. TICKETS GOOD FOR 10 DAYS.

REMEMBER THE EXCURSION TO ATLANTIC CITY NEXT THURSDAY, AUGUST 14, VIA THE B. & O. R. R., BY WASHINGTON, D. C., BALTIMORE AND PHILADELPHIA. RATE, \$10 THE ROUND TRIP. TICKETS GOOD FOR 10 DAYS.

REMEMBER THE EXCURSION TO ATLANTIC CITY NEXT THURSDAY, AUGUST 14, VIA THE B. & O. R. R., BY WASHINGTON, D. C., BALTIMORE AND PHILADELPHIA. RATE, \$10 THE ROUND TRIP. TICKETS GOOD FOR 10 DAYS.

REMEMBER THE EXCURSION TO ATLANTIC CITY NEXT THURSDAY, AUGUST 14, VIA THE B. & O. R. R., BY WASHINGTON, D. C., BALTIMORE AND PHILADELPHIA. RATE, \$10 THE ROUND TRIP. TICKETS GOOD FOR 10 DAYS.

REMEMBER THE EXCURSION TO ATLANTIC CITY NEXT THURSDAY, AUGUST 14, VIA THE B. & O. R. R., BY WASHINGTON, D. C., BALTIMORE AND PHILADELPHIA. RATE, \$10 THE ROUND TRIP. TICKETS GOOD FOR 10 DAYS.

REMEMBER THE EXCURSION TO ATLANTIC CITY NEXT THURSDAY, AUGUST 14, VIA THE B. & O. R. R., BY WASHINGTON, D. C., BALTIMORE AND PHILADELPHIA. RATE, \$10 THE ROUND TRIP. TICKETS GOOD FOR 10 DAYS.

REMEMBER THE EXCURSION TO ATLANTIC CITY NEXT THURSDAY, AUGUST 14, VIA THE B. & O. R. R., BY WASHINGTON, D. C., BALTIMORE AND PHILADELPHIA. RATE, \$10 THE ROUND TRIP. TICKETS GOOD FOR 10 DAYS.

REMEMBER THE EXCURSION TO ATLANTIC CITY NEXT THURSDAY, AUGUST 14, VIA THE B. & O. R. R., BY WASHINGTON, D. C., BALTIMORE AND PHILADELPHIA. RATE, \$10 THE ROUND TRIP. TICKETS GOOD FOR 10 DAYS.

REMEMBER THE EXCURSION TO ATLANTIC CITY NEXT THURSDAY, AUGUST 14, VIA THE B. & O. R. R., BY WASHINGTON, D. C., BALTIMORE AND PHILADELPHIA. RATE, \$10 THE ROUND TRIP. TICKETS GOOD FOR 10 DAYS.

REMEMBER THE EXCURSION TO ATLANTIC CITY NEXT THURSDAY, AUGUST 14, VIA THE B. & O. R. R., BY WASHINGTON, D. C., BALTIMORE AND PHILADELPHIA. RATE, \$10 THE ROUND TRIP. TICKETS GOOD FOR 10 DAYS.

REMEMBER THE EXCURSION TO ATLANTIC CITY NEXT THURSDAY, AUGUST 14, VIA THE B. & O. R. R., BY WASHINGTON, D. C., BALTIMORE AND PHILADELPHIA. RATE, \$10 THE ROUND TRIP. TICKETS GOOD FOR 10 DAYS.

REMEMBER THE EXCURSION TO ATLANTIC CITY NEXT THURSDAY, AUGUST 14, VIA THE B. & O. R. R., BY WASHINGTON, D. C., BALTIMORE AND PHILADELPHIA. RATE, \$10 THE ROUND TRIP. TICKETS GOOD FOR 10 DAYS.

REMEMBER THE EXCURSION TO ATLANTIC CITY NEXT THURSDAY, AUGUST 14, VIA THE B. & O. R. R., BY WASHINGTON, D. C., BALTIMORE AND PHILADELPHIA. RATE, \$10 THE ROUND TRIP. TICKETS GOOD FOR 10 DAYS.

DROPPED OUT OF SIGHT.

Two Men Disappear Suddenly From Their Homes and Families.

Two disappearances were reported to the police yesterday. George Scrimshaw, of North Dallas, and a member of the firm of Bartlett & Scrimshaw, contractors, is not to be found. A number of civil suits have been entered against the missing man before Alderman Means.

NO REST FOR SPEAK-EASIES.

Inspector McAleese Makes Twelve Informations Against Illegal Liquor Sellers.

Inspector McAleese has renewed his war against the speak-easies. Some of the proprietors thought the crusade was merely a spasm of reform, such as Pittsburgh has seen in days gone by and has started up again. In order to show these people where they are wrong, Inspector McAleese yesterday made 12 informations against the proprietors of places where he has reasons to believe liquor is being illegally sold.

1200-Gallagher's-1106 Penn. Ave.

Guns, guns, guns, guns, guns, guns, at Gallagher's, 1200 and 1106 Penn. ave. wa

To clear out all Summer Lines in