PITTSBURG. MONDAY.

JULY 21.

aim is to control the production of the en

DISTINGUISHED VISITORS.

Large Party of Mexicans Inspecting the

United States.

are in this country for the purpose of be-

coming better acquainted with its business methods and furthering the mercantile in-terests of Mexico. One of these, R. P. Ser-

rano, of Altar, represents the fruit-growers of Sonora. Mr. Serrano is the most promi-

neut man engaged in that industry in the State, his groves being said to out-fival any in California or Florida. He hopes to establish a house in Chicago, and claims that the exhibit of Sonora oranges at the World's Fair will be a revelation to the United States.

All of the party are young men represent-ing the wealthiest and most enterprising

class of Mexico's northwestern coast. Rela-tives of some of them lived in California before it became a part of the United States, and hence quite a number were sent to San Francisco to be edicated. It is the inten-

tion to devote the entire week to a thorough

study of these industries to be found here,

after which the trip may be continued to New York. St. Louis will be visited on the

A WEST VIRGINIA TRICK.

The Bark of a Walnut Tree Placed Upon

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE.)

PARKERSBURG, July 20 .- A Gilmer

county lumber man is \$106 ahead, but has

gotten himself in serious trouble through

the trick, which advanced his bank ac-count but depleted his conscience. Walnut lumber is very scarce and very valuable, and the Gilman county man, having a fine walnut tree on his land, cut it down and

wainut tree on his land, cut it down and sold it for a handsome sum to an Eastern man who bought it on the ground. Before shipping the log the Gilmanite peeled off the bark carefully and laid it aside. After the walnut log was taken away he cut down a big

black oak of the same dimensions as the walnut, which he carefully measured, and

taking the bark from its place of conceal-ment carefully and dettly tacked it on the

The job was so well and artistically done

that no one but an expert could have told the difference. He then shipped it with other logs to Cincinnati where he sold the

oak log for walnut for \$106. He then left for home, but he had not been gone long before the Cincinnati firm discovered the fraud, and started after

night for Gilmer county, where they expect to overtake the slick lumbermap and make him refund, or prosecute him for fraud.

A WOMAN WHO SPLIT MATCHES

For Economy's Sake Leaves a Tidy For-

tune, Which is Speedily Appropriated.

PRECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR.

NEWARK, N. J., July 20 .- The heirs of

Mrs. Martha Ann Bogart, of Elizabeth, who

died about a month ago, have been sur-

prised by the discovery of her hidden wealth. Mrs. Bogart was believed to be

in needy circumstances during the latter years of her life, and her sisters frequently

gave her financial assistance. In an old fashioned valise and a number of tobacco

bags have been found rolls of bank bills. The money was placed in a satchel and peo-

ple who saw and counted it say there was \$7,000 in bills. Several days ago the satchel and money disappeared, and as the woman's husband, John Bogart, is also missing, it is believed that he has taken the

money and gone to the far West to live with

No will has been found and the impres-

sion is that the old woman made no pro-vision for the disposal of her estate. Bogart was her second husband. It is said that

NO STATE CONVENTION

Will be Called by the Democrats of Ne

York This Year.

PERCHAL TRINGRAM TO THE DISPATOR I

ALBANY, July 20.—The Hon. Edward Murphy, of the Democratic State Commit-

There will be no Democratic State Convention this fall. This decision is in accord with that arrived at the close of the last State Convention in Syracuse. The State Committee

tee, when interviewed to-day, said:

They left this city, it is reported, last

To Witness the Performances of the

CHICAGO, July 20.—There arrived in this city a distinguished body of men, rep-resenting several Mexican industries, who Who Made an Effort to Prevent the Running of Sunday Trains.

Perfect Comfort

nent yesterday. Thousands of visitor athered to gaze at the white tents and blue on in an attempt to keep warm.

stifling dusk, they manage "to do it pretty well. Such is the scene at Camp Hartranft to-day. It is estimated that Clarion and the surrounding country contributed between 12,000 and 15,000 visitors to the camp.

wall and Lebanon Railroad ran trains every 30 minutes between the two points, and at times it was impossible to get on board the ears. It was expected that the members of the Guard would leave camp and go to Lebanon, but none of them cared to do so, on account of a strong guard out to prevent

The ministers of Lebanon sent a petition The ministers of Lebanon sent a petition to Superintendent Irish of the railroad, asking him not to run any trains on Sunday on account of probable trouble. It was thought the soldier boys might come into town and raise merry war, and the ministers wanted to take all precautions against it. The loud demand for transportation to the

The principal attraction to-day was the brigade dress parade at 7 o'clock. The maneuvers were made on the large parade ground, near Mt. Gretna station. Battery B, of Pittsburg, covered itself with glory by the way they handled the pieces. The Pittsburg battery participated in the dress

THE SENIOR BATTERY.

Owing to the promotion of Captain Staf-ford, of Battery A, and in the absence of Captain Dennett Horne, of Battery C, Battery B is the senior battery of the battalion. It takes the post of honor in all formations. It was inspected this morning and received praise for the neat conditi

At 4:30 o'clock the chaplain of the regi ment, Rev. L. McGuire, pastor of the Fifth avenue M. E. church, held divine services, There was a large turnout of the regiment to ents and conducted the ceremonies, assiste by Captain R. W. A. Simmons, of Company by Captain R. W. A. Simmons, of Company B, who had charge of the music. The choir was composed of M. L. Richards, William McCullough, William Morris, W. C. Ebbert, H. C. Loy, W. J. Loy, A. F. Leslie, R. H. Thorn, K. Ross and O. L. Reeves. The Eighteenth drum corps also contrib-

the Eighteenth drum corps also contributed in the way of accompaniments to the hymne sung by the choir. In his sermon, which was neither too long nor too short, Chaplain Milligan gave some good advice to his boys. The drift of his remarks was to the effect that physical strength without moral courage was of no use to them. It order to win the battles of life they must Combine the two, he dided the eases of Mapoleon, Washington, the prophet Nathan, Columbus and others. He advised them to stand truthfully, houestly and patriotically in the perseverance of their duties as soldiers. He cautioned them about drinking too much beer, and many of them will take

AN HONOR FOR DAVIS

At the inspection of the quarters of the Eighteenth, Colonel Smith awarded the honor of having the cleanest street to Captain W. H. Davis, of Company H. Adjutant General Hastings and Brigadier General Argles rode through the camp while the inspection was going on.
Over in the camp of the United State

ork in the regular army on Sunday, and cards, etc., and not a great many were found reading their dibles.

Assistant Adjutant General North will leave for Cape May Wednesday morning to personally invite President Harrison to

visit the camp on Thursday. Major Gen-eral Schofield will be here on that day, aceral Schofield will be here on that day, ac-companied by Secretary of War Proctor. Adjusant General Hastings is enthusiastic over the way the Cornwall and Lebanon railroad has handled the troops. To-day he paid a high tribute to Robert H. Coleman, owner of the road; Allen D. Hoffer, treas-

A SWORD PRESENTATION.

commandant of the camp, also made the THE CHAMPION GHOST rounds and personally inspected all the kitchens of the different regiments.

The reports of the surgeous show there is very little sickness in camp. Drs. Brumbaugh and Robeson, of the Eighteenth, have had very little to do so far. Steward Egered in New Jersey. gers, of the hospital, is getting fat on account of having nothing to do. About 30 straggling members of the Eighteenth Regiment, in charge of Major Kay, Captain Gus Bochert, of Company E, and Lieutenant William Doak arrived in the morning with the Boak arrived in the morning with the Fourteenth. The boys were detained in the city and could not get away from their work until Saturday night. With them came Samuel Harper, ex-Captain, who will remain in camp several days as a guard. Some mischief maker cut the telephone wire running from the First Brigade to distinct the second several days.

it cannot be spliced. As a consequence, a loss of \$600 will be entailed on the State. TRACKING THE VANDAL.

vision headquarters last night. The wire was cut in the coils, and in such a way that

Col. North, Assistant Adjutant General, is on the track of the vandal and says he is on the track of the vandal and says as will send him to the penitentiary. Two of Chief Brown's "finest" officers, Bell and Terry, are running the commissary in Captain A. E. Hunt's quarters at Battery B. Quartermaster Marshall, of Battery A, was thrown from his horse to-day and seriously The Philadelphia regiments arrived in

camp at 2 o'clock this morning and caused the chilly night air to be illuminated with phosphorus by the kicking of the men who had been awakened out of a sound sleep. It is so cold here at night that it is necessary to sleep with one's clothes on to hecessary to sleep with one's clothes on to keep warm, notwithstanding the fact that there are plenty of blankets to be had. The only other regiment outside of the Fourteenth and Eighteenth to hold divine services were the Sixth, of Philadelphia, and the Twelfth, of Lock Haven.

McSwigan.

THROUGH GROUND SACRED

Will be Built. ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE. NEW YORK, July 20 .- A part of the

To Faith Cure Believers a Railway Line

Lehigh Valley Railroad Company's new road through Greenville is going to be built on ground which faith cure believers all over the country considered sacred. It is a part of the property which Sister Annetta Jackson, the woman faith cure leader, says the Lord showed her in a vision, and on which he commanded her to establish a church. She had the vision eight years ago, after she had been raised eight years ago, after she had been raised from what she and all her friends thought was her deathbed. She searched through the country to find the place she had seen in the vision, and finally decided it was this spot on the shore of the bay at Greenville. With der husband, Pastor Hancock and a few others, she founded the present faith cure church. Two years ago the old huildings on the site were found to be in-

When the railroad company decided to of the faith cure people's land, but Sister Jackson did not think any amount of money could compensate the church for the loss of ground miraculously selected. The railroad men said they had to have it, and if they could not get it peaceably they would ap-ply to the courts and have the property condemned. The church people have has consented to move the chapel toward the bay free of expense to the believers. The money received for the land will be de-voted to the spread of the faith cure doc-

LOST HIS OWN LIFE

In Saving Four Girls From Death Under th

Locomotive's Wheels. PERCIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. NEWARK, N. J., July 20 .- A distressing secident occurred on the canal bridge at West Bergen late yesterday after-noon. Conductor Kennedy's train was rapidly approaching the Hackensack bridge when the engineer saw a man and four girls walking on the track. He blew the whistle, reversed his engine and put on the air brakes as quickly as possible, but his efforts were of no avail.
The man cast a horrified glance
over his shoulder and saw the engine
almost upon him and with a sweeping
motion of both arms threw all four of the girls from the track and down the back. A moment later he was a corpse. He saved the girls, but sacrificed his own life. The man was John Farquhar, of Jersey

Death of the Well-Known Editor of th

Washington Sunday Gazette. WASHINGTON, July 20. - Colonel

after a brief illness. He was born in Shelby county, O., the son of a minister. When a boy he entered the Union army as a private in the Fifth Ohio Volunteer Infantry and was subsequently promoted to be a commissioned officer for gallantry on the field of battle. At the close of the war he served for a time ngainst the Indians as an officer of the Eleventh Cavalry. Resigning from the army he came to this city after a short journalistic experience in Chicago, and purchased the Sunday Gazette, which he edited until a few months ago. He leaves a widow and

RECEIVING BOYAL WELCOMES.

The New York Independent Shooting Corps in Bavaria.

NEUSTADT, BAVARIA, July 20 .- An im mense crowd witnessed the procession here to-day in honor of the New York Independent Shooting Corps. The procession was led by mounted riflemen, then came a band of music, and then the Neustadt Riffes: After these came the American riflemen, Messrs. Webber and Diehl, riding in carriages lestooned with flowers.

The visitors were loudly cheered along

the whole route. In the evening a dinner was given at the headquarters of the Neustadt Rifles, and this was followed by a concert, displayed by fireworks and a grand

JOINED THE GREAT MAJORITY.

Unexpected Death of an Emineut Germa

Divine at Cincinnati. CINCINNATI, July 20 .- Jacob Krehbiel. D. D., a noted German divine of the Methodist Episcopal Church, died here at 5 o'clock this afternoon. His malady was erysipelas, from which he had been suffering a fort-night. His case was not thought danger-ous. He was the successor of the late Rev. Dr. Nast as editor of the Christian Apologist, a German weekly paper published by

THREE CENTS.

QUAKER CEMETERY HAUNTED

By a Boy With a Movable Head and a Transparent Body, Who Makes

SPECIALTY OF ELECTRIC SHOCKS

dents of Camden.

Thrilling Experience of a Couple of Well Known Rest-

Two citizens of Camden, N. J., are cerain that they have encountered a veritable ghost. Their experience with the wraith, as related by them, is of a very thrilling nature, indeed.

PERSONAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. CAMDEN, July 20 .- Several occurrences hat have happened in t at few days in the immediate vicinity amden Cemeery, in South Camdet ave no doubt the minds of iny residents this section that haunted. Camden Cemetery and he Friends' Cemetery, that adjoins it, are both in South Camden. Last Thursday evening, during the terrific storm of wind, rain and hail that swept over a portion of the city and Camden, Louis Rathkugle, residing at 215 Benson street, was returning

The storm broke in fury just as he reached Mt. Vernon street. He ran along toward the Friends' meeting-house, intending to find shelter under the horse sheds at the eastern end of the edifice. When he reached the gate he found it locked, and while he was making the attempt to erawl through the slats he was astonished by some one lifting his hat from his head.

A HEADLESS BOY

Looking up he saw what looked like a headless boy. Demanding his hat he got no reply, and on attempting to pull the supposed boy off the gatepost, to his horror the boy completely vanished from view. Young Rathkugle is credited with having no lack Rathkugle is credited with having no lack of manly courage. He said: "Up to this time the thought or fear of the possibility of anything supernatural had never entered my mind. But when I saw that boy sitting on the gate oost dissolve before my very eyes I began to feel my hair stand out like bristles. Just then I heard a low, harsh laugh on my left, and on turning I was more than astonished to find the vanished boy perched on the opposite gate post. In his right hand he held my hat and was tauntingly waving it toward me. Again I demanded my hat, which evoked a mocking laugh from the phantom. Taking my cane I dealt the boy a heavy blow. The cane passed clean through and striking my hat battered it out of all semblance of shape. After the blow was struck I noticed that the phantom no longer possessed a head, but in its place

A TINY BLUE PLANT rose above its shoulders. At this I became

so thoroughly alarmed that I no longer thought of seeking the horse sheds for shelter. I started to go down Mount Vernon street toward Tenth street, but found every step I made gave me an electric shock, while large quantities of ball lightning rolled about the ground, crossing and recrossing my path. Thoroughly terrified I broke into a dead run. I was flying along at a rapid rate, and was just about crossing the railroad track where it crosses the Mount Ephraim pike at the intersection of Mount Vernon street, when I ran into some one, and we both fell sprawling on as we were both sufficiently recovered to speak I discovered that it was my friend Sam Harris, a norse jockey. I acquainted him with the strange occurrence that had just happened to me. He ridiculed the whole thing. So sure was he that I had been mistaken that I at last reluctantly consented to go back with him to the gate leading into the Quaker graveyard." 'Hist,do you see that?" and Harris grabbed me by the arm. Sure enough, sitting on the eastern side of the gate perched on the top of the post was the strange phantom. It was as I had first seen it, pale and shadowy, yet sufficiently well outlined to note all its limbs.

WHIPPING THE GHOST. "Harris thought he knew the boy, and

cheerily called him by name. Receiving no answer he took his whip and gave the he answer he took his whip and gave the lad a stinging blow. This caused him to instantly disappear. Looking at the oppo-alte post I saw the same boy sitting as be-fore. He again emitted a low, chuckling laugh, at the same time displaying a double row of white teeth. Harris, not yet alarmed, and still believing it to be a darky boy, took his whip and began to rain a dozen or more blows on the poantom who sat motionless. It was observed that the whip passed right through the phantom and fell heavily on the gate post. By this time Harris had begun to experi-ence a change of feeling. He desisted from whipping the phantom and attempted to pull it from its perch when he received an electric shock and fell senseless at my feet, "While I was trying to revive my friend, the phantom hopped down from the post and plucked off its head, danced around me, holding its head in its right hand while the same small blush flame leaped from the extremity of its neck. Working its way around to windward I could distinctly detect the smell of burning sulphur. My friend soon came around again. He sat for a time rubbing his eyes and blinking at the phantom as it gyrated around us.

HE HAD ENOUGH.

"Presently he got up and trembling as with an ague asked me to see him sale home. With a wild mocking laugh the phantom replaced its head. Suddenly the pale blue flame was seen to come out of each of its heels and it slowly walked around us describing a large circle and when it was completed we stood trembling in the center of a ring of fire. Stepping just inside the circle the phantom spoke in a commanding voice, and said, 'now go,' and we went Just as we crossed the circle of blue flame we both received an electric shock, and the chantom pulling off its head threw it after us. Thoroughly frightened, we both started off on a dead run and reached our nomes without further mishap,

AN OVERDOSE OF MORPHINE

Sudden Death of a Well-Known Newspape Man at St. Louis. Sr. Louis, July 20 .- Charles A. Taylor,

well known for many years to the newspaper profession of the West and Southwest as an able writer, was found dead in his room at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon. His death resulted from an overdose of morphine

At one time Mr. Taylor was night editor of the Globe Democrat and was lately employed on the Republican. There is nothing known that would seem to indicate suicidal intent. His widow survives him.

leorge W. Boyd, of the Pennsylvania Railroad, called with his wife. Mr. Boyd is an old friend of the Harrison family, having

SURE TO BE A FARCE.

FORTY-FIFTH YEAR.

A Prominent Republican Ex-Congressman From the South Says That the

FEDERAL ELECTION BILL

Can Never be Put Into Force Even if It Gets Through the Senate.

FINANCIAL INTERESTS AT STAKE.

Fate of the Original Package Industry to be Decided To-Day.

BEGINNING OF THE BIG TARIFF TALK

General J. Hale Sypher, formerly a Republican Congressman from Louisiana, says that the proposed Federal election law is certain to be a farce. He thinks the Northern love for the Southern dollar will prevent the rigid enforcement of the measure. Voorhees is expected to open the tariff debate in the Senate to-day. The House will vote upon the original package bill this

(FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.) WASHINGTON, July 20 .- There is in this city at least one Republican of the Old Guard who is a thorough pessimist on the subject of Federal election bills and Republican regeneration by means of the McKinley measure, and that is General J. Hale Sypher, ex-Congressman of the days of Reconstruction from a district in Louisiana, which included nine wards of New Orleans. and a Republican almost fierce in his

"It will be a farce if it be passed," said the General to-day to THE DISPATCH correspondent, speaking of the Federal election bill, "Even if it were all that it ought to be to seenre honest elections, which it is not, it would fail of its purpose, because the sentiment of the North would demand that it be left a dead letter.

SURE TO RESENT IT.

"I am a Northern man," exclaimed the General with great emphasis. "I was born in Perry county, Pa. I studied law under Thad Stevens. But I have lived in the South long enough to know that the South will bitterly resist the operation of such a law, and that the bitter resistance on their part will at once make the North too cowardly to enforce the law. The North is dominated by love of the dirty but almighty dollar. If ever a demand for justice touches In Order to Avert the Just Wrath of Their the pocket of a Northern man he will hum

and haw and try to see if there is some way out of it without the sacrifice of a cent. "Let me tell you bit of history. When I was living on my plantation near New Orleans, in the days of Reconstruction, some Northern newspaper correspondents came I was needed to the day that Mr. Hemphill, of South Carolina, offered an amendment the effect of the day that Mr. Hemphill, of South Carolina, offered an amendment the effect of the day that Mr. Hemphill, of South Carolina, offered an amendment the effect of the day that Mr. Hemphill, of South Carolina of the day that Mr. Hemphill, of South Carolina, offered an amendment the effect of the day that Mr. Hemphill, of South Carolina of the day t down there to investigate the howl that was going up from the the South and the Democrats of the North against ea: pet bag government. I dined them and wined them, and drove them about in carriages, and they slept under my roof and mingled with my

family. They went away with nothing but WORDS OF HONEY in their mouths about the plan reconstruction in vogue. They found nothing to complain of. But they went back to their papers and at the command of their editors wrote the most villainous lies ever conceived about myself and other Northern men. They were really eent out for that purpose. Some merchants of the North wanted to sell their wares to the South and some wanted to buy Southern cotton. They wanted an era of reciprocity and brotherly love inaugurated that they might add dollars to their bank accounts. These influenced a portion of the press, and the press saw circulation and advertising in taking up the cry, and so,

to conciliate the ex-Confederates, they began to lie upon and crush out the Northern men there, in and out of office. "They succeeded even better than they ex peeted. They scared the administration and many Republican leaders. Grant mur. wamped. After being at the head of the South when the army surrendered, he surrendered everything, and virtually joined in

the fight against the "carpet bag govern-

THE SOUTHERN POLICY. "Encouraged by these attacks, the South determined to drive the Republicans out by fraud or force. The famous Packard Nichols war came soon after. Packard was driven out of his Governorship at the point of the bayonet, and when Grant was asked to interfere and protect the lawful Governor with United States troops he replied through Suiffen, his private secretary, that while he would lend United States troops to keep the peace he did not feel justified in allowing them to support one side or the other in the dispute. I have that letter in my possession now, and it is the letter which made the South solid as a rock for the Democrats.

The New York newspaper which led in the fight increased in circulation and advertising amszingly in the South, and has made millions of dollars out of its dastardly but successful lies. Northern merchants who had taken a hand in the fight established themselves on a solid footing in the South and have made millions. More than ever the love of the dollar controls the situation, and if the election bill be passed its operation will be blocked by this influence,

A QUESTION OF DOLLARS.

"You can see it working everywhere now. The loss of dollars is threatened against the people of the North, and immediately the North becomes cowardly, and those having profitable trade relations with the South are demanding that the question shall be dropped. The South has got its grip on the North as effectually as in slave days, and it will keep it there,

soThe administration and Congress will at the next election be turned over to a long lease of Democrate rule as sure as night follows day, and not all the Quays and Harrisons in the world can prevent it. The last election was carried by playing on the fears of Northern men in connection with the

Democratic successes are to be enhanced by playing on the fears of the North that if hands are not kept off the South dollars will be lost to the people of the North. There is no sentiment, no patriotism, no love of justice intermixed with the love of the dollar in the Northern people, and by this sign the Republican party is doomed.

SOME STRONG LANGUAGE. It is simply infernally disgusting. The completeness of this victory of the South over the North is all on account of the love of the latter for the possession of wealth. The Southern question has been mismanaged ever since the surrender at Appomatox. There was one man in the country who had the right idea and that was old Thad Stevens. He would have wiped out State lines and cut up the whole Confederacy into territories, and kept them territories until the last man of the generation of the war was dead or had repented in sack cloth and ashes.

LIGHTNER.

VOORHEES THE FIRST. HE WILL OPEN THE SENATE TARIEF DE-BATE TO-DAY.

a Portion of the Time-The Vote on the Original Package Bill to the House-

Riection Contests WASHINGTON, July 20 .- The debate on the tariff bill is expected to begin in the Senate to-morrow. The understanding is that in the morning hour the Indian appropriation bill shall be taken up and considered until 2 o'clock, and then give way to the tariff bill, consideration of the former to be resumed on succeeding days in the morning hour, if necessary. Senator Voorhees has stated his intention to deliver a general speech on the tariff at 2 o'clock or Monday. The Parablana and and continued to the state of th on Monday. The Republicans do not intend under the present arrangements to en-gage in general debate on the bill, therefore cratic Sepator will make the open ing speech. Republican members of the Finance Committee have been informed

a fomal report against the passage of the No effort will be made this week to secur consideration of the river and harbor bill, but if the debate on the tariff bill proves to be protracted, its managers will consent to set aside the bill informally to permit the river and harbor bill to come before the Senate. Nothing definite has been decided respecting a Republican caucus upon the elections bill, which is being prepared by the majority of the Committee on Privileges and Elections. It is said as soon as it is ready for inspection and discussion the caucus will be called to determine what shall be

In the House this week the programme of business has been partially outlined by special order. To-morrow the votes are to be taken on the amendments to the original package bill and the measure itself. The bankruptcy bill is to come up next in order, and will occupy the time up to Thursday. There is a disposition to debate at length the conference report on the District of Co-lumbia appropriation bill, and it it is taken up for co sideration on Thursday or Friday it will probably occupy the remainder of the week. Otherwise the Elections Commit-tee may be expected to fill in the time with the pending Virginia and South Carolina

contested election cases.

CHANGED THE RECORD

PRPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. WASHINGTON, July 20 .- During the recent discussion and vote upon the Federal lina, offered an amendment the effect of which would have been to eliminate the most radical and objectionable features of the bill, the roll call disclosed the absence of a large number of members who, it was afterward found, were not paired, many of them in the city, some within a stone's throw of the capitol building. The result of their neglect was that the Democrats missed a great oppor-tunity to nullify the bill at the start. Several Democratic papers undertook on the day following to vote to read the errin members a lesson in party discipline, and severely rebuked them for leaving the House without being paired. One member

has resented the rebuke by threatening to kill a correspondent.

One or two of the New York delegation were particularly guilty in this regard. Strangely enough, when the Congressional Record appeared the next morning it bore testimony to the apparent fact that these members had been unjustly accused, for every one was accounted for either by pair or a vote. The Record on this occasion as on a great many others, certified to an untruth. The fact is that the members who were scored by their party papers were guilty as indicted. They were absent without being paired, but before the Record went

to press their colleagues had straightened

HELIOGRAPH TELEGRAPHY An Interesting Series of Experiments Con

ducted by Regular Army Officers. INTECTAL TRLEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR. WASHINGTON, July 20 .- An interesting series of experiments in heliograph communication has just been completed in the Department of Arizona by Major William J. Volkman, of the army, and others. This is the first attempt made at long distance work and is important as developing the adaptability and value of heliographs. The plan occupied two weeks, during which time communication was slmost uninterrupted, although the weather was hazy and often times cloudy. An interesting novelty was the successful use of the heliograph on a moonlight night. The general chain of heliograph communication extended from Whippie Barracks, Ariz., to Fort Stanton, N. M., and covered, with the 23 intervening stations and their respective

connections, an aggregate line of over 2,000 miles.

The longest range maintained was 100 miles, between Mt. Graham and Lookout Peck, the operations being maintained throughout the test. Other attempts at long distance work failed, save that messages were read by the aid of a glass between Mt. Reno and Mt. Graham, a distance, by the flash, of 125 miles. The efficiency of the operators and the capacity of the line were evinced by the numerous test messages sub-mitted. One message of 186 words in verse was returned from seven repeating stations, containing as few "bulls" as would have occurred in telegraphic transmission of like

TOOK BOTH MONEY AND MEN.

Ranchers Dispose of Two Well-Kno

Business Men Held fur Ransom. Harris, who elaimed that Spinney owed him \$2,000 for a bunch of eattle he had purchased of him. Since that nothing has been heard

of Spinney. Mr. Harrington, brother-in-law of Spinney Mr. Harrington, brother-in-law of Spinney, raised the requisite sum recently and went into the mountains to pay the ransom, but he, too, has disappeared. The Texan said that he would hold Spinney ten days and, the money not fortheoming in that time, he would kill him. It is feared that he has carried out his threat.

WHEATON'S BOLT CONDEMNED BY THE UNION RAILWAY

Course Pursued by the Ex-Chief-No Just Cause at All for a Secession Move-

ISPACIAL THEBGRAM TO THE DISPATOR PHILADELPHIA, July 20.—The secession rom the Order of Railway Conductors of ex-Grand Chief Conductor C. S. Wheaton and his friends was condemned in strong terms this afternoon by a large union of representatives of the order. Ten divisions were represented at the meeting, which was one of the largest and most harmonious union meetings of the order ever held in this city. Pennsylvania, Maryland, Delaware and New Jersey sent delegates. After a general discussion of the action of the seceders, a preamble and resolutions were offered and adopted by a unanimous vote, as

seceders, a preamble and resolutions were offered and adopted by a unanimous vote, as follows:

The members of this meeting view with indignation the unwarrantable action of a few former members of the order in seceding, and without just cause establishing a separate organization, at the head of which is placed the recreant C. S. Wheaton, retiring grand chief conductor of this order, in opposition to his official enunciated principle of yielding cheerful compliance to the will as a legally constituted majority. There is not now, nor has there been occasion for secession from our ranks, and we deem it but proper that an expression of the members of this meeting be given in order that all doubts as to their loyalty to the order may be removed, therefore be it resolved, that.

First—We will do all in our power to prevent the secession movement from gaining a foothold in our localities, and that we distinctly disclaim any sympathy with their movement.

Second—That the position of the Order of Railway Conductors is most favorable for all conservative members continuing their connection with it, and we pledge our honor in the assurance to all that the order is not on a strike basis, nor can any of its actions be properly construed in that way, and that we reaffirm our continued loyalty to the order that claims our affections and our best efforts.

Third—That we send greeting to all divisions and members of the order, distinctly declaring our position and assuring them that so long as our acts are lawful, and while we carry out the principles of the order and abids by its laws, we have no fear whatever of the results, and that we feel certain of receiving the moral support of all true and honorable men.

William J. Maxwell, who presided, said that the secession movement would not

William J. Maxwell, who presided, said that the secession movement would not amount to anything. He said: "The Order of Railway Conductors has a membership in the United States, Canada and Mexico of more than 16,000, while the secessionists do not claim more than 2,000 members. C. S. Wheaton, who is at the head of the seceders. was for many years the Grand Chief Con-ductor of our order. His excuse for seceding is that we changed our constitution at our Rochester convention by striking out the clause prohibiting strikes, but his real reason is that he was not re-elected as Chief Grand Conductor. I have no hesitation in saying that if Wheaton had been re-elected to his old position he would have remained with the order notwithstanding the change

in the constitution.

WILL NOT WED ANYBODY. Mrs. Leslie Denies the Existence of

Slightest Matrimonial Intentions. ISPECIAL TELLGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. NEW YORK, July 20 .- Mrs. Frank Les lie, who arrived by the City of Rome today, sat in her apartments at the Gerlach to-night, and told the reporters that there was absolutely no truth in the stories which have been printed alleging that she had engaged herself to marry the Marquis De Leuville. Mrs. Leslie made the denial as strong and sweeping as possible, and con-cluded it by the statement that she had not

slightest intention of marrying anyinterfered with my digestion. My trip did not do me much good, because the news-paper men harrassed me so. During my stay abroad I was the subject of much dis-agreeable gossip, and just before I sailed for home a correspondent interviewed me in my home a correspondent interviewed me in my cabin at 8 o'clock in the morning. This was decidedly unpleasant, you know, because I could not know what he said about me for

seven days, or until the homeward journey was over."

WOULD DRINK MORE BEER New York Secialists Promise to Make

Plenie Quite Profitable. PECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH NEW YORK, July 20 .- The Central Labor Union was in a hub-bub to-day over an at tempt of the Socialists to get the park which the union had engaged for its Labor Day picnic. The picnic committee reported to day that the owner of the nark had been approached by a delegation of Socialists who asked him to break his promise. When who asked him to break his promise. When he asked the delegation what they meant, they are said to have replied: "Well, in the first place, we can drink more beer than those fellows; then we'll spend more money. Besides this their committee is not a representative one and is not responsible for what it does."

It does."

The park owner said he would stick to his word. The report created a great deal of indignation among the delegates. The delegates decided that they would take no official

ognizance of the existence of the federa-WILL GIRDLE THE ISLAND.

Railroad Construction in Australia Will be Greatly Increased. MELBOURNE, July 20 .- The Premier has introduced in Parliament a railway bill providing for the construction of 1,077 miles of country lines and 39 miles of suburban lines, the whole to cost £12,500,000, beside a grant from the Treasury of £2,000,000. He said that the scheme was necessary in

order to meet the growth of the population, which, as the census proved, was increasing faster than the population of America. The bill was well received. WILL RECEIVE BULGARIAN SUPPORT.

The Sultan Wins the Approbation of the Balgarlans. CONSTANTINOPLE, July 20,-Premier tambuloff, of Bulgaria, has thanked the Sultan for appointing Bulgarian bishops in Macedonia, and has assured the Porte of the support of the Bulgarians should

The Austrians Gerson and Mejor, re-cently seized by brigands near Tsmidt, have been released. CAUSED BY A COW.

Past Train on the Monon Ditched and the

Engineer Killed. INDIANAPOLIS, July 20, - About 2 clock Sunday morning the northbound None of the passengers were injured. The track was cleared in a few hours.

EAU CLAIRE, WIS., July 20 .- A poor

THE STANDARD GRIP

Relentlessly Fastened Upon a Large

Area of Ohio Oil Territory.

WORTH OF LIMA CRUDE DECRIED

To Enable the Octopus to Secure Valuable Property Cheap. EXPOSURE OF PECULIAR METHODS

Suits Threatened by Ohio Citizens Who Claim The

Were Swindled.

There is much indignation among oil producers and land owners in Ohio against the methods used by the Standard to get possession of valuable territory. It is said the Lims product is being refined by the Standard people themselves, although they have always maintained it was worthless. except for fuel.

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) OIL CITY, July 20.-THE DISPATCH correspondent to-day had a very interesting interview with a prominent producer and refiner of Lima oil. The gentleman had just arrived from Toledo, where, he says, matters in general are becoming rather torrid for the Standard Oil Company, on account of the manner in which they have deluded the producers and farmers in securing control of production and territory of the Ohio field. He also gives an interesting history of the situation on Lima refined, and says that the great industry in Ohio is now comparatively in an embryonic state. Following are

his statements: "In March, 1887, the Pitt process of refining Lima oil was patented. During that year Mr. George H. Van Vleck, of Buffalo, built a small refinery in that city at a cost of \$5,000, and about the 1st of June commenced experimenting on refining Lima oil, and continued for several months with the most

gratifying results.

THEY GOT THE SECRET. "The Standard had a knowledge of what Mr. Van Vieck had accomplished in refining and deodorizing this oil, as is fully shown by these facts: George F. Southard, Super-intendent of Atlas Refinery, at Buffalo, which was owned and operated by the Standard Oil Company, made the statement in March, 1888, that he had a perfect knowledge and knew just what had been accom-plished in refining Lima oil by the Pit-process. Mr. Southard's statement is cor-roborated by the fact that he had obtained possession of Mr. Van Vleck's refinery long

enough to make two runs of about 20 "The Standard made most strenuous ef-"The Standard made most strendous el-forts to obtain control of the Pitt patent, but were unsuccessful. In the following Sep-tember, 1888, Mr. Van Vleck and his asso-ciates built a large refinery at Toledo of 3,600 barrels still capacity, which capacity, by the way, they are now doubling and have since been refining Ohio oil in success-ful competition with any other crude prod-uct in the world. For the audacity of one of the proprietors in having made public the fact that Ohio oil could be refined in competition with Pennsylvania oil, P. C. Boyle, at the instigation of the Standard Dil Company, in October, 1888, published in the Derrick a severe attack upon George H. Van Vleck, F. W. Mitchell and F. W. Mitchell & Co., though at the same time the Standard had a perfect knowledgethat Ohio oil could be successfully refined.

A PART OF THE PLAN. "But this tirade of abuse against the honin keeping with the policy of the great monopoly. Besides, it was altogether a different story by which the Standard was deluding the producer and farmer while buying up production and territory. They gave

ma" could be used for no other purpos than fuel. "Some time in 1889 the Inter-State Commerce Commission subpœnaed the Standard Oil Company to give testimony in regard to making pipe lines common carriers. John D. Rockefeller, John D. Archibald and H. D. Rockefeller, John D. Archibald and H. M. Flagler were the members of the company who appeared before the Commission. In response to the question by the Commission as to whether Lima oil could be refined in competition with Pennsylvania oil, Mr. Rocketeller and Mr. Archibald were non-committal and declined an answer. H. M. Flagler, the next witness, did testily that there was no known process by which Lima oil could be refined, and the reason that the Standard built a pipe line from the Ohio field to Chicago was that the price of Lima oil was so low that it could not be

used for no other purpose than fuel, BUYING UP TERRITORY. "This seems like a very strange statement n face of the fact that Mr. Southard, Super-ntendent of the Standard Refinery at Buffalo, had made the declaration more than a year previous that Lima oil could be re-Mr. Southard acquired his knowledge in Mr. Van Vleek's refinery that Lima oil could successfully be refined and the time of the meeting of the Inter-State Commerce Commission, the Standard invested millions of dellars in having of dollars in buying up production and teinity. The most of their purchases were

acquired on the market price of 15 cents per barrel, and it is alleged that they now con-trol more than one-half of the production of the Ohio field, which, in the aggregate, is estimated at from 40,000 to 45,000 barreis per lay.
"The Standard are refining Lima oil by the Canadian process, but so far they have failed to make a merchantable oil, and it is falled to make a merchantable oil, and it is an indisputable fact that it can only be successfully refined by the Pitt process. At Chicago they are building the largest refinery in the world, which will have a still capacity of 56,000 barrels, and when finished the plant will cost \$4,000,000.

the plant will cost \$4,000,000.
"I have no hesitancy in saying that from
the success attained by the Paragon re-finery at Toledo and the knowledge gained
in refining Lima oil that it is equal to Pennsylvania oil of like gravity for refining pur-EXTENT OF THE INDUSTRY.

count of the advantage in freights. The Standard Oil Company are in bad repute in the Ohio field, and it would repute in the Ohio field, and it would be simply impossible to find words to express the feeling of the people against this monopoly which has acquired possession of most valuable property by representing that Ohio oil was good for nothing but fuel. Many of this class are contemplating bringing suits of recovery ou the ground that their property was obtained by the Standard under false pretenses. Their possessions in the Ohio field are enormous. In some localities they own almost

CROWDS VISIT CAMP soon drop. At present there are held in iron tanks, and almost entirely owned by the Standard. about 20,000,000 barrels; their

. Brave Soldier Laddies.

VAIN APPEAL OF THE MINISTERS.

DOINGS OF PITTSBURG'S CONTINGENT. inst a Little Too Frigid About Midnight

Dress parade and divine service were the entures of the National Guard Encampuniforms. The boys sleep with their clothes

IFROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT, 1 CAMP HARTRANFT, Mt. GBETNA, July 20.

Sunday in the camp-a restless army of 20,000 soldiers and civilians, moving from point to point over thousands of acres of land, stretching away for miles. The sun beats down upon hundreds and hundreds of white canvas tents, the tops of which glisten and reflect in the faces of the people, the hot rays of old Sol. The dust kicked up from the roadway by the vast moving army, rises in clouds like steam, settling over everything, blinding and choking all around. The people are out to enjoy the day, and notwithstanding the fierce heat and the

CHEDITABLE ENTERTAINERS.

The soldier boys had little to do except entertain and they did it in a way credita-ble to themselves and the State. The Cor-

camp, however, prevailed with the superin-

of the camp.

Lieutenant C. M. Marshall, of Battery
A. was the officer of the day.
The Fourteenth Regiment, under the
command of Colonel P. D. Perchment, morning at 9:30 with 449 men, after a ride of 12 hours, with flags unjuried, but with a heavy step upon which the music did not have much effect. The boys, who were weary with their long ride, marched to

Mrs. Bogart was so miserly that she would split large lucifer matches, making one match do for use two or three times. their quarters. The latter are right close to the railroad and in a delightful, shaded clump of trees.

The parade grounds is sheltered from the sun and the location of the camp gives general satisfaction. The following other officers are at the camp: Lieutenat Colonel W. J. Glenn, Surgeons A. E. McCandless, William M. Johnston and D.G. Foster, Adjutant J. F. Robbe, Quartermaster J. W.

Hubbard, Inspector of Bifle Practice, W. S. Brown. The latter is acting in the absence of W. S. McClain who is ill. STNDAY SERVICES. hear him. The Eighteenth regiment also held divine services. After the inspection of quarters, Chaplain Milligan assembled the boys in a shaded gien in front of the officers'

Convention in Syracuse. The State Committee was then empowered to nominate a successor to Judge Earl, in the Court of Appeals, and as that is the only nomination to be made it would be a needless expense to hold a convention from which no additional benefit would accrue. I understand that this will be the plan of the Republicans also. I shall issue the call for the assembling of the State Committee at Saratoga during the first week in August. The work of the committee, in addition to the nomination of a candidate for the Court of Appeals, will chiefly consist in the adoption of resolutions calling upon the voters of the State to put forth their best efforts in the direction of electing Congressmen in order to insure the defeat of the iniquitous "force bill" with its federal bayonets gleaming behind it, and to strive to gain a majority in the next Legislaure and elect a Democratic successor to Senator Evarts. County committees will also be notified to instruct voters in the operation of the new election laws. BISMARCK TOO OLD FOR OFFICE,

And Says He Has No Desire to Return to Official Lite. DRESDEN, July 20 .- The Nachrichten emphatically declared that he had no desire to return to office as he was too old to

to maintain a peaceful attitude by means of concessious, but he (Bismarck), believed in fighting them as blackmailers. The sooner they were defied the better. The time would come when Socialism would be found to be a military question, and in place of the present mild state of siege there would

WARNED AGAINST THE A. O. H.

Scores the Secret Societie DUBLIN, July 20 .- In his sermon in the Cathedral at Armagh to-day, the Rev. Mr. McNeece denounced secret societies. He referred especially to the Ancient Order of Hibernians. He said that this society, which was founded in America, was seeking new members in Ireland, and he warned all Catholics against having anything to do

regulars it was as quiet as a Pittsburg speak-easy. Under a recent general order issued by President Harrison prohibiting under the green trees over their camp, the boys rested from their labors. Some of them put in the time playing base ball,

General Hastings says, is the largest sine the organization of the Guards.

Lieutenant and Quartermaster Algernon
Robbins, of Battery A, was presented with
a beautiful and costly gold-mounted sword
by Captain Stafford, on behalf the other
officers of the buttery. Surgeon General
Colonel L. W. Reed, Major Greenleaf and
Lieutenant Colonel Egle, made a tour of
the camp to-day, and found everything in
first-class condition. General Snowden,

buildings on the site were found fo be in-adequate, and a chapel was built on the southwest corner of the property facing the

City, and two of the girls were his daught-

CROSSED THE DIVIDE.

Thomas Goode Morrow, until recently the editor and proprietor of the Sunday Gazette of this city, died at his residence here to-day

one son.

Bow the Harrisons Spent the Day. CAPE MAY, N. J., July 20.-President Harrison attended church to-day. Mr.

been quite intimate with them when they lived at Indianapolis. The President will leave here on Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock.

Monon vestibule train struck a cow near COLORADO SPRINGS, COL., July 20. Lennox. The engine was ditched, and En-Three weeks ago Mr. B, F. Spinney, a busiurer and superintendent of the grounds; Red Irish, general superintendent, and J. D. Henderson, general passenger and freight agent. The movement of the troops, with the organizati gineer William Strope, of this city, caught beneath it and crushed and scalded to ness man of this place, and a large ranch owner in South Park, was kidnapped and STOLE AWAY IN THE NIGHT. taken into the mountains by a Texan named

"With the knowledge I possess I am of the opinion Pennsylvania will in the future be materially affected by Ohio oil. The product of the Paragon refinery is sold at the same price as Pennsylvania refined, and in some instances higher prices are obtained. At present there are about 15,000 barrels of Ohio oil refined daily, which chiefly find a market in the Weston account of the advantage in freights. The

says that Prince Bismarck, in an interview.

assume the cares of state. He said that if he decided to visit England he would go to some seaside place in September.

Bismarck denied that there was any hostility between the Emperor and He was a loyal adherent of the Hohenzoil-erns, although he differed with the Emperor on the question of socialism. The Emperor had decided to try to induce the Socialists

Rev. Father McNeece, of Dublin, Roundly

Russins Explorers Corraled by the Chinese Their possessions in the Ohio field are enormous. In some localities they own almost entire counties, and in other parts, townships by the wholesale. There is no question but the refiners could pay a much higher price for Ohio crude, and then make a better profit than is made on Pennsylvania oil at present prices.

"I don't think, however, that the price of Lima will be advanced soon, as this would stimulate production and the market would