THEIR BIOGRAPHIES.

Brief Sketches of the Lives of the Republicans Nominated

ON THE STATE TICKET YESTERDAY.

How Delamater, Watres and Stewart Spent Their Youth and

THE OFFICES THEY HAVE FILLED.

A Column of Matter That Will Interest Every Penngylvunian. Brief sketches of the gentlemen named at

Harrisburg yesterday for the three important State offices are appended. Why Delamater and Quay are so intimate is told in the sketch of the Gubernatorial candidate.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE.] HARRISBURG, June 25 .- Following are brief biographical sketches of the candidates named yesterday:

Senator George Wallace Delamater, the nominee of the Republican party for Governor of Pennsylvania, was 41 years of age on March 31 last. He was reared in the law, but abandoned the legal arena soon after his admission to the bar for the more congenial pursuit of banking. The Senator has been generally represented as a man of millions, whose purse was without limit, and open to all demands of party boodie. As a matter of fact, his fortune is limited, although his expectations are great, but his liberality with what he has has not been overestimated. Senator Delamater is worth proba-bly \$50,000 in his own right. His father, who sat in the State Senate before him, is, however, one of the wealthiest oil and iron producers in the State, and perhaps is several times a millionaire.

VERY AGREEABLE SOCIETY.

Socially Senator Delamater is one of the most agreeable of men. His manner is gen-tle, and he is most companionable. His personal honor has never been questioned, either in public or private life, and be is free from affectation, is natural and makes friends easily. The Senator keeps his face always closely shaved, except upon the upper lip, where he wears a florid mustache considerable proportions, but not quite so flowing as that of his friend, State Treasurer-elect Boyer. He thus looks quite as young as his years, if not a few years younger. His residence, at Meadville, is

ladder. He picked coal on the culm dumps of the anthracite region, t en drove a team, clerked in a store, worked on a farm, weighed coal for the Delaware and Hudson Coal Company and filled the positions of postmaster's clerk, deputy sheriff and teller and cashier

in a bank. Customary Eulogy-Some Lengthy Opin-He studied law with John Handy and was admitted to the bar in 1878. He has been County Solicitor of Lackswanna and in 1882 became the Republican candidate for State Senator in the Twentieth district, which comprises in a large degree the mining portion of Lackawagna and Luzerne counties. Although the district is Democratic, Watres' personal popularity won him an election by a handsome majority. He was re-elected in 1886 by an increased

pany A, of Scranton, of which he is cap-tain. When he took charge of the department there were only 1,300 marksmen in the National Guard. Under his supervision the number has increased to 4,300. Senator Watres is largely interested in business enterprises in his district, and has a record at Harrisburg as an earnest worker and an able

THOMAS J. STEWART,

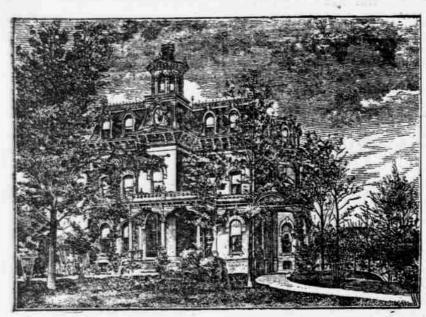
who was renominated as Secretary of Internal Affairs, was born near Bel ast, Ireland, September 11, 1848. He came with his parents to Norristown when an infant. He was educated in the public schools and at the Quaker City Business College. At the age of 16 he enlisted as a private in the One Hundred and Thirty-eighth Pennsylvania Volunteers. From 1870 to 1882 he was engaged as a manufacturer and dealer in win-dow glass; from 1882 to 1883 was Assistant Adjutant General of the Department of Penn-Assistant Adjutant General of the G. A. R. of the United States. He was a member of the Pennsylvania House of Representatives in 1885-6. Since 1869 he has been connected with the National Guard, and has been Adjutant of the Sixth Regiment since 1877.

Mr. Stewart was one of the commission to

ocate and establish the Pennsylvania Soldiers and Sailors' Home and afterward served as a member of the Board of Trustees of that institution, and as secretary of the

TERROR IN A TEXAS TOWN. Cowbays Capture the Place and Resist Al Efforts to Arrest Them.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE. Twonig, Tex., June 25 .- A reign of terror has existed here since last Friday. Twenty cowboys came in from Hill & Rumel's ranch, and they have run the town to suit themselves since J. W. McGinnis a merchant was shot. A messenger summoned McNeil's rangers and they captured



THE DELAMATER RESIDENCE.

he brush.

Those who escaped returned and released

the prisoners and shot all the windows out of

the house of John Nicholson, the station

agent who sent the message summoning the rangers. The latter are now in pursuit of

WHO GAVE IT AWAY?

SERIOUS CHARGES MADE AGAINST OFFI-

CERS OF THE COURT OF APPEALS.

The Decision in the Sugar Trust Case Made

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

Wall street men that the substance of the

decision was prematurely made known as

long ago as last Friday to certain operators,

who used the information to make the

raid on the trust certificates, which

broke the price on Saturday from 77 to 69

There were peculiar circumstances also con-

nected with the actual giving out of the de-

cision at Saratoga on Tuesday, and withal the officers of the Court of Appeals are seriously compromised

by the affair. Two or three preminent men at the head or big Wall street financial in-

stitutions were quoted yesterday as saying that John C. Sheehan, Secretary of the

Aqueduct Commission, called upon them

last Friday morning to negotiate or the use

of premature knowledge of the decision, which he claimed to preserve

in one case to induce the gentleman visited

to operate for their joint account in the market on the strength of the information

It is reported that he was rather curtly

repulsed in two instances, and that when he visited some prominent

sugar people they refused to take any stock in his alleged in ormation

the names of operators who finally secured. The information and made use of it in the

which he claimed to He is said to have

ne claimed to possess.

market are not made public.

NEW YORK, June 25,-A serious scandal

Said to Be Implicated.

one of the handsomest in the interior of the State, and here he deals out a fine hospitality, assisted by a charming wife, whose wide circle of friends has been no small aid in advancing her husband's political fortunes, The outlines of Senator Delamater's career in politics are well known. Mayor of Meadville (1876), Senatorial delegate to the State Convention (1878), Chairman of Crawford County's Republican Committee (1878). Garfield election (1880), and Sen-ator (1886-90). His ability as a political manager is undoubted. The Senator's enemies flaunt his youth and alleged inexperience in h.s face. Those who know him best, however, know him for a man of wisdom in emergency-wise and shrewd, and altogether a man of superior ability in political warfare.

HIS HOLD ON QUAY.

Many stories to account for the hold he has upon Senator Quay's regard have been told, and it has been openly stated that at a critical moment he advanced the Senator a the decision of the Court of Appeals upon the Sugar Trust was made large amount of money. This story is not entirely baseless, and it is a fact, in addition, that Senator Delamater did give the National Committee a lift last year, when



Mrs. G. W. Delamater.

its coffers were empty, but he was paid back upon this occasion, at least.

But the real secret of the Senator's hold on Quay is the aid which he extended to the latter when he was a candidate for the nomi nation for State Treasurer, and after he had been elected. Delamater, with a fact and management which excited Quay's admiration, handled the Northwestern delegates for Quay in the convention, and a terward quieted the opposition of the oil producers when the campaign was hot, and when an independent movement on the part of Emery, Lee and others in that section might have started a fire of opposition which would have

been dangerous.

It is now said that Senator Delamater failed to keep his pledges made to the producers in this fight, and that he and Quay allowed the Billingsley bill, which the producers say is what was promised them, to be defeated when they could have saved it. This is said to be the secret of ex-Senator Lee's emphatic opposition to the nominee The Senator has not as yet said his say upon this point, but may do so later.

LOUIS ARTHUR WATRES Louis Arthur Watres, named for second place on the ticket, was the choice of the Republicans of Northeastern Pennsylvania for the nomination of Lieutenant Governor. Ever since his election to the State Senate he has been in the field as an active condidate for that office and had a creditable showing of friends in the list of delegates. Senstor Watres was born at Mt. Vernon, Lackawanna county, April 21, 1851. He is one of the most successful young men in business and politics in that section of the State. He started in life at the bottom round of the

ions Upon State Taxation-Payment of the Border Raid Claims Demanded. HARRISBURG, June 25 .- The following s the full text of the platform adopted by the Convention: Once more the Republicans of the Common majority. In 1887 he was appointed In-spector of Rifle Practice for the National Guard by Governor Beaver on account of the record for marksmanship made by Com-

Once more the Republicans of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in convention assembled, send fraternal greetings to their party brethren throughout the nation and congratulate them and ourselves upon the victory won in 1888 by the purity of Republican principles and the patriotism of Republican citizenship.

In keeping with the sympathy and the duty of our party we make the following declaration of principles for the betterment of political government and the benefit of our fellow citizens: We believe that every lawful voter has the right to cast a free ballot at every public election, and have it properly counted and certified, and we call upon Congress to adopt such legislation as will prevent a suppression or falsification of the votes of our fellow citizens at elections for officers of National Government, and will end political slavery throughout the nation.

EVERYBODY INDORSED.

Pensions for All Until They Dis. Our care for the welfare of those who, upon the field of battle, carried triumphantly the principles of Republican fatth will end only when the last loyal soldier of the Civil War shall have entered into his honored rest, and shall have entered into his honored rest, and we ask Congress to grabt a per diem service pe sion to every Union soldier and sailor who served in and was honorably discharged from the army or navy of the United States.

The claim which the citizens of the border counties of our Commonwealth make upon the General Government for reimbursement for the loss they sustained in their homes and property at the hands of the enemy during the late war is one which national patriotism should respect and honor, and we urge ugon our Congressmen the use of every proper effort to have it quickly and completely satisfied.

We indores the tariff bill called the "McKinley bill," in the form in which it was passed by

we indorse the tarif bill called the "ACKInley bill," in the form in which it was passed by
the House of Representatives, and we denounce the criticism passed upon that bill in
the English Parliament as an unwarranted interference by a foreign nation with the right of
the American people to protect American industries.

Protection Demanded for Everybody. We reaffirm one of the earliest principles of our party when we declare that American workers should. like American manufacturers. receive national protection, and we request of the general Government the strictest enforce-ment of the laws forbidding entrance into and the employment in this country of pauper and

the employment in this country of pauper and contract laborers of foreign nations.

We urge upon Congress the immediate necessity of passing such legislation as will prevent the importation and sale of eleomargarine and of intoxicating liquors in this Commonwealth, contrary to our acts of assembly regulating and restricting the same, and empower every State to enforce its local laws relating thereto in the manner and in accordance with the intent and purpose with which they were enacted. Ballot reform is and will remain the watch

word of our party in every State, and we especially congratulate our political brethren in New York upon the fact that although their Democratic Governor could deform, he could not wholly defeat their efforts to secure a free ballot for every American voter throughout

To Provide for a Secret Ballot. We charge the members of the next General Assembly with the duty to pass such laws, and,

if necessity should arise, to provide for such changes in the Constitution of our State as will if necessity should arise, to provide for such changes in the Constitution of our State as will insure to every voter perfect secrecy and freedom in axercising his right of suffrage.

For almost 30 years the finances of this State have been under the control of our party. During the time we devised a system of taxing corporations, which serves as a pattern for, and has been taken as a guide, by many sister States in their efforts to collect revenue for public purposes. We have paid off the debt which the Democratic party of this State created during a time of peace; we have almost extinguished the debt which the Democratic party of the Southern States inflicted upon us during the Civil War, and years ago we lifted from the lands and homes of all our fellow citizens the burdens of State taxation. But the depression under which our agricultural interests now suffer has made the present system of taxation bear too heavily on them, and we therefore pledge ourselves to lighten that burden and as far as possible to equalize taxation. To that end, we recommend that the surplus revenue derived from State taxation be used to lessen the taxation now laid upon real estate for local purposes, by applying it, so far as it will in legislative wisdom avail, to the increase of the appropriation for the support of the common schools, and to making appropriation for the care of the indigent insane, for the expenses of the jury system, and of holding the general elections.

Further Taxation of Corporations If thereby there should be necessity for en arging our surplus revenue, we favor a just larging our surplus revenue, we layor a just and equitable increase in the taxation of prop-erty of corporarions. We recommend that the local system of taxation be so reformed as to permit the taxation of money capital for local purposes to such an extent as to enable the local authorities to reduce the rate of taxation upon real estate to an equitable basis.

We require of the General Assembly vigilance in making appropriations of the public money, and of our charitable institutions receiving State aid the strictest economy in ex-

penditures. The phenomenal increase in our population The phenomenal increase in our population and of our commerce, foreign and domestic, with the decrease in the circulation of our National banks, renders it imperatively essential to the general good, in our judgment, that there shall be a speedy and substantial increase in the currency of the country. Uncompromisingly hostile to monometalism, whether of gold or silver, and earnestly favoring the use of both as coin metals, the Republican party of Pennsylvania demands the enactment by the Congress now in session of such legislation as will, while securing the fullest use of silver as money, most certainly secure and maintain a parity between the two metals. Known to Wall Street Operators Five Days Before Delivered-John C. Sheehan involved in the manner in which public. There is no doubt among

Indorsing the Present Administration. We heartily indorse the administration of President Harrison and declare that its wise conservatism, its undoubted integrity and its manifest efficiency, deserve the unqualified approval of the whole nation. We gratefully record the continued confidence of the Republicans of Pennsylvania in the wisdom, integrity and statesmanship of the Hon. J. Donald Cameron, our senior Senator at Washington, so emphatizally manifested in his past services, and we accept them as po-litve assurance of his faithfulness and efficiency in the future. For the chairman of our National Committee, Mr. Quay, we feel a lasting sense of gratitude for his matchless services in the last Presidental campaign and commend his bearing under the slanders which his successful leadership of our party has purchased for him. As a citizen, a member of the General Assembly, as Secretary of the Commonwealth under the two successive administrations, as State Treasurer by the overwhelming suffrages of his fellow citizens and as Senator of the United States, he has won and tetains our respect and confidence. conservatism, its undoubted integrity and its

dence.

We commend the course of the Hon. Thomas
B. Reed, Speaker of the National House of
Representatives, in manfully preventing the
obstructions of legislation and the waste of obstructions of legislation and the waste of public time and money, and we tender him the congratulations and thanks of the Republican party of Pennsylvania.

We express our gratification with the administration of Governor James S. Beaver, and congratulate him upon the fact that his course has been marked by wisdom, integrity and that devotion to the welfare of all the people which will entitle him to the esteem and gratitude of the citizens of the State in all coming years.

Light Fines Imposed Upon the Prize Fight-

ers-Kilrnin's Bluff.

PURVIS, MISS., June 25.-The cases

against Muldoon, Cleary and Donovan were

called in the Circuit Court to-day,

when pleas of guilty were entered,

each asking clemency of the Court, Muldoon stating that he was sorry for having violated the law, but he had the

manhood to stand the consequences. Judge Terrell stated that he was glad defendants

Terrell stated that he was glad defendants had adopted this course. A fine of \$250 was entered against Muldoon, and Cleary and Donovan eached fixed \$100. The fixes were paid and the prisoners released.

Kilrain was present and stated that he had chailenged Sullivan to fight to a finish,

either with bare knuckles or light gloves, Loudon prize ring rules, the fight to come

off in Fort Worth, Tex., for the purse of fered by the Fort Worth Athletic Club.

QUARANTINE ESTABLISHED.

Great Fatality in Cholera Cases Reported

to the Spanish Government.

all Spanish ports have established a ten

proved fatal.

MADRID, June 25 .- The authorities at

VOODOOISM IN THE SOUTH. ALL PLEAD GUILTY.

possess

A Deladed Victim Cuts Down a Shade Tree to Discover the Charm.

NEW ORLEANS, June 25 .- That voodo ism is not wholly dead in New Orleans is proved by a suit recently brought against John Sandmaker, a railroad man living in this city, who has been in bad luck and bad health lately. A triend induced him to visit a fortune teller, who declared that he had been voodooed by an enemy. The charm was in a certain tree, she said, and until that tree was cut down, or the charm discovered, he, Sandmaker, would continue to suffer. Sandmaker went at once to his home at the corner of Claiborne and Fourth streets and began work on the tree. It was a tall magnolia. In the very heart of the tree, in the center of a mass of wood, the gri-gri charm was discovered—toe nails and Sandmaker's—these being the materials usually employed by the voodoos in bringing bad luck on an enemy.

The discovery created great excitement among the neighbors, particularly among the pegroes.

the negroes.

Next morning he was served with a war-Next morning he was served with a warrant from the First Recorder Court, charging him with malicious mischief, sworn out
by Mrs. Burke, who owns the house in
which he lives. The case, however, was
settled in court without further proceedings.
Sandmaker offered to make good any loss
he might have caused, and Mrs. Burke
withdrew the charge.

All Spanish ports have established a ten
days' quarantine against vessels arriving
from Candis and Valencis. If there be
cholera aboard a vessel the quarantine is
extended to 15 days.

The total number of cases of cholera in
Valeria to date is 196, of which 113 have
proved famil.

EDITORIAL OPINIONS.

VIEWS OF LEADING STATE PAPERS UPON TULL TEXT OF THE STATE REPUBLICAN THE TICKET. PLATFORM. Protection and a Free Ballot Receive the

The Independent Journals Take Strong Ground Against Delamater-Regular Republican Sheets Usually Express the Most Unbounded Satisfaction. ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCEL1

PHILADELPHIA, June 25 .- In a long editorial on the nomination of Delamater the Times to-morrow will sav: If there are those who assume that Delamater

will be a weak candidate and easily defeated, they would do well to unlearn that lesson speedily as possible, Delamater is mittedly Quay's candidate, but he is much more than the mere reflex of Quay. Hastings, Stone, Montooth, Osborne and McCormick all sought and hoped to be Quay's candi-date, and all therefore stood upon equal ground with Delamater as Quay men, but Delamater is one of the two men of the contest who grew in stature every week during more than a year of con-stant trial. He and Hastings were the men who started least known and sized up to every who started least known and sized up to every occasion in the conflict until they thoroughly enthused their friends and extorted the respect of their foes. Had Hastings been the favorite of Quay, as he hoped to be he would have been chosen instead of Delamater, but Delamater was the favorite of Quay from the start, and Hastings grew as a clever second, and gave an inspiring climax to his greatness as his tall plume towered over the convention.

Strongly Supports the Ticket. The Inquirer will say editorially to-mor-

The Republican State Convention has made no mistake in placing George Wallace Delamater at the head of the ticket. He has won his spurs fairly and honestly, after a contest with half a dozen candidates, any one of whom would have been an ornament to the party and an invincible standard bearer. It is no disparagement to the others that Mr. Delamater has been selected. He made a brilliant canvass; he attracted the most delegates to his banner and he won.

That tells the whole story. Mr. Delamater will

That tells the whole story, Mr. Delamater will make a strong candidate and a wise Governor. His record is a good one, both in private and in public life, and his training in the Legislature will prove valuable to him as the occupant of the Governor's chair. No scars have been left by the contest. There are no sores to heal. The rivals of Senator Delamater are no longer rivals, They stand together on the same Republican platform, and their votes and their voices will help to swell the Republican victory in November. The nominee of the convention is the nominee of the people.

The Choice for Second Place. The choice of Senator Louis A. Watres, of Lackawanna county, for Lieutenant Governor, s a wise one. Long service in the State Senate qualifies him for its presiding officer. He is qualifies him for its presiding officer. He is well and favorably known, and the nomination comes to him with the good wishes of everybody. With Thomas J. Stewart, of Montgomery, as the renominated candidate for Secretary of Internal Affairs, the ticket is complete. There is a tower of strength in the platform, and the Republican party of the great Keystone State will jump into the campaign confident in its power to win by an overwhelming majority.

The Press will say editorially toward.

The Press will say editorially to-mor-

Tow:

The ticket nominated at Harrisburg yesterday is one which all Republicans can support. That it is the strongest which the convention could have submitted to the people we don't believe, but a majority of 80,000 is mighty and must prevail. That Senator Delamater will make an able and efficient Governor no one questions. The opposition to him was based almost wholly on doubts of his ability to rally the full Republican vete. Now that the convention has, in a manner, resolved these doubts, we look to see all the candidates and their friends turn in and give him their hearty allegiance. allegiance. A Democratic Utterance.

The Record will say: In the nomination of Hon. George W. Dela-

mater as the Republican candidate for Gov-ernor Senator Quay has obstinately pushed through his programme to the end in spite of warnings from friends and threats warnings from friends and threats from enemies. Senator Quay knew full well that if he should abandon Delamater he would lose a large body of his own friends who would accuse him of weakness while he could not conclitate his personal foes. He preferred, therefore, to take the chance of being defeated with his party in Jnne. From the standpoint of a practical politician and party boss with whom personal considerations are always paramount, there is no doubt of the entire correctness of this decision. In the contest before the people the cision. In the contest before the people the qualifications or demerits of Mr. Delaunater, whatever they may be, will probably be as little in issue as they were before the nomination. at whatever may be the personal merits demorits of Mr. Delamater these will all be overborne by the one consideration that he is the candidate of Chairman Quay. The question is whether Mr. Quay, as a party boss and spoils distributor, shall fill at his sovereign will and pleasure the high and honorable office of Governor of Pennsylvania with one of his

THE TIDE OF REVOLT.

Signs Now Much More Apparent Than in the Year 1882.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. READING, PA., June 25 .- The morning Herald to-morrow will say that the nomination of Delamater was forced upon the Republican party in the face of a protest such as has never been heard in its history. The signs of revolt at this stage of the proceedings are much greater than in 1882. It is doubtful whether even with the political acumen and sagacity that Quay is reported to possess, he can stem the tide of revolt that will begin to-morrow.

All Shoulders to the Wheel.

PRECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. ERIE, June 25 .- The Dispatch will say o-morrow: "The nomination is what we have predicted for some time past, is a judicious selection, and all loyal Republi cans will put their shoulders to the wheel in rolling up the usual majority at the polls next November.'

WHITE AND BLACK.

Trouble Brewlog Between the Ruces South Carolina. SEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR I

COLUMBIA, S. C., June 25 .- There is rouble between the races near Bamberg, in Barnwell county. It began on Saturday, when a party of negroes took a boat belonging to a white man and went fishafter being ordered not to use When they returned the negroes were set upon by the whites and one of 'the white men was injured. Two nights ago Robert Kearse and a number of his friends went to the house of the negro who appeared to be the leader of the party. The negroes were in ambush near the house, evidently expecting an attack, and fired upon the whites, eight of whom were wounded, but none dangerously.

The negroes then fled. Joe Glover, sup-

posed to have been in the party, has since been captured and severely whipped. It is expected that if those who took an active part in the shooting are arrested there will be further trouble.

A NOBLE'S SON FOUND DEAD.

The Son of Wealthy Parents Suicides Be-

cause of Poverty. PHILADELPHIA, June 25 .- Victor de Bules, said to be the son of a distinguished German count, was found dying in his room at a boarding house in this city this afternoon, a suicide. De Bules came to this country about ten years ago. He was an expert chemist, but had lost his position. The room in which the man died was clothing showed that at the time of his death he had just 1 cent. DeBules had told his landlady that his father was a wealthy nobleman in Germany.

TALKING AND VOTING

Continued from First Page. man beeded the call. Through storm and ob-struction he reached the crest of the Alle-ghenies and saw what was the horror-wonder of

The General's Work at Johnstown. There he went and there he worked, saving the living from themselves and gaunt starva-tion; succoring the wounded and giving to the mangled and dead a Christian burial in that blood-washed valley of the Conemaugh. Going to the wrecked city a humanitarian, he remained an indefatigable Christian worker, and when the work had been done and succor and relief had been fully extended, he returned to his home a modest hero and the people's candidate for Governor. [Applause.]

He is a man who from penury and poverty has worked him elf into the very front rauk of the foremost men of the country, and who has, withal, preserved his personal honor unsullied and spotless. Fellow citizens, we should nominate a candidate whose success does not depend upon whom or how the enemy may nominate [applause for two minutes]; for whose public record no apology or explanation is required, and whose private life will stand scrutiny the most exacting. General Hastings' history has been studded by trials, by hard work, by privations, by the kind of crucible that tried and tested the lives of Lincoln, Grant and Garfield. Mr. Chairman, I name to this convention Daniel Hartman Hastings.

There was a magnificent outburst, with flags, hats, caues, fans and arms swinging in to the wrecked city a humanitarian, he reflags, hats, capes, fans and arms swinging in flags, hats, caues, fans and arms swinging in the air when Mr. Orlady finished. The old axiom was evidently repeating itself. The applause was one man's, while the nomina-tion was another's. W. J. Shaffer, of Del-aware county, seconded the nomination of General Hastings. He said he was proud to take part in the glorious task of this con-vention. No State can boast of such a galaxy of Republicans as this grand old

galaxy of Republicans as this grand old A Comparison of Meade and Quay. He recalled Gettysburg with the great Meade, and years afterward, when the man-hood that saved the country again needed a leader, they found him in Matthew Stanley Quay, who reinstated the Republican party n power. Coming from a Hastings man this was a direct line thrown out for votes favorable to Quay. Shaffer contended that Hastings' name was synonymous with a great event. In the greatest calamity of modern times, the Johnstown flood, the finger of destiny pointed to a leader of men. The stricken Conemaugh Valley was demoralized, chaos reigned everywhere. General Hastings stepped to the front, martial law was declared, and he became the ruler, not only in a military sense, but one whom the people respected and loved to obey.

After the Johnstown flood he was

people's candidate for Governor. The young men asked for this man; his name is an inspiration to them. He is a candidate that will set Pennsylvania on fire. Mr. Shaffer proved to be an able colleague of Lawyer Orlady. He is young, full of fiery eloquence and dashing in style. Undoubtedly the Hastings people possessed the orators of the day.

Osborne's Philosophic Oratory.

Alfred Darte, of Luzerne county, non inated Congressman Osborne. His remarks leaned toward philosophy, finally coming out of the darkness of metaphorical illum-inations with the statement that this convention is the opening of the campaign of 1892. He sketched the military and civic history of General Osborne, which he declared was equal to that of any Pennsylvanian. The nomination was seconded by C. T. Halsey, of Wilkesbarre, who pleaded for the recognition of soldiers. Not much noise was made over the nomination of Mr. Osborne, for the reason that his delegates were few and that the contingenty of a com promise candidate was out of the question. Mr. Halsey retired to the rear, and Chairman Lyon observed Major William C. Moreland, of Pittsburg, standing on the floor

with uplifted hand. "Mr. Moreland, of Pittsburg," announce the Chairman.

A request came from the body of the House that Mr. Moreland go upon the plat-form so he could be better heard. The genial City Attorney complied with this in-vitation, and as he faced the audience a murmur seemed to run over the surface of faces as though something good were expected. Beginning in his usual manner the Major allowed his flow of eloquence to gradually rise until he had enchained the attention of every man present. He cap-tured the audience in an entirely different way than any preceding speaker had done.

The Skillful Rhetoric of Moreland. Orlady's fierce manner and burning declarations had aroused the people to boisterous ness, but Moreland's skillful rhetoric, full, musical voice and commanding appearance

made a decided impression another way. He perhaps had the most attentive audience of any of the orators. He said: Gentlemen of the Convention: Such a splendid audience; such a rare and

matchless occasion should command a power utterly foreign to me. I can best commend myself and the cause and the man I have the honor of presenting to this convention at this time by extreme brevity. I am admonished by the speeches which have been made that I am left an exceedingly barren field, one in which the reaper cannot gather and he that bindeth the sheaves shall not garner the grain. I shall

the sheaves shall not garner the grain. I shall not consume your time in an effort to imitate the brilliant and almost matchless oratory to which you have had the pleasure of listening this afternoon, nor seek to challenge your attention by pointing you to that grand old State of Allegheny and presenting geographical considerations to this convention.

You have met in an interesting and an important time. You have come to the bar of judgment and the bar of conscience in a mass, Your work begins to-day, our's after the sun shall have gone down to-night, and to-morrow breezes from the Delaware to the Ohio watt the name of the man who receives your votes. You are to present to us a man equipped for the high office. No invidious comparisons should move you against conscience and judgfor the high office. No invidious comparisons should move you against conscience and judgment, but if they all be equal in the splendid manhood presented to you this afternoon, then if there are geographical considerations you ought to enter into, I may then have the pleasure and the privilege of presenting them. Do you want a Governor in the prime and full blossom of manhood? Do you want a scholar who fieds recreation with his books? Do you want a lawyer whose indefatigable industry has helped him to forge to the fore front of his profession? Do you want a man devoted to his home, devoted to be country and true to his God? A man who occause of birth, education and impulse, desire and motive is an American from head to foot.

His Record as a Soldier.

His Record as a Soldier. Do you want for Governor a man who, when his heart was young and his brain had scarcely

heard the roll of the drum and sound of the cannon, took upon his shoulder a musket and marched to the front, knowing but the unsullied flag and the life of the nation? Do you want a man who, when afmed treason summoned the loyal North to that contest infinitely blooder than Marsalia's bloody field, was among the first to respond to his country's call? Do you want a man whose deeds upon the field have crowned him for his chivalry, whose efforts as a citizen has endowed him with dignity, education and honor? If you want that man you have him with all the area. the field have crowned him for his chivary, whose efforts as a citizen has endowed him with dignity, education and honor? If you want that man you have him with all the qualities that I have described, in the person of Edward A. Montooth, of Allegheny. [Ap-

plause.]
When this party can stand at the head of the roll call of our country, let me ask you to turn your eyes to the western slope of the Alleghenies. Let me ask you for a moment when you are passing to keep before your eyes the grand old State of Allegheny, which has for over 100 years kept in the love front of the nation's

state of Aliegheny, which has for over ito years kept in the fore front of the nation's progress; that has never gone wrong; has always stood by the grand old Republican party, the very birthplace and home of which it is, and to-day stands before the world as the banner Republican county of the nation, and yet has never in its history been honored with the Governorship of Pennsylvania.

Is there nothing for Aliegheny county, with her 20,000 majority? God forbid that a single unkind word should be uttered against any man. Allegheny county could not be anything but loyal to the Republican party without being false to her faith, false to her history, false to her conscience, false to her péople and faise to her industries; but in the name of the county, in the name of fair play and justice, I ask for her recognition of what she has been and what she will be. She has a strong claim upon this convention. I take pleasure in presenting to you the name of that brilliant and accomplished man, the peer of many and the fireside companion," as Cicero said, "of the very purest and the best"—Edward A. Montooth.

No Second to the Nambeation.

the floor to nominate Charles W. Stone, of his county, for Governor. His speech was commonplace, simply being a biographical sketch of his favorite candidate. The second address for Secretary Stone was by all odds more able. It was delivered by ex-Congressman Brown, of McKean county.

To-day is as cool as manufactured ice com-pared with some of the days we will have to pass through before the ides of November if we are not careful of what we do here this aftwe are not careful of what we do here this afternoon. Every man who is a candidate has a right to urge his claims. I like a fight, but I want to be sure that I have a real enemy in front of me, not one that is simply put up to knock down again. It would be better for some of these men who are so anxious for the office if they would wait till the clouds roll by. I am here to second the nomination of the most quiet candidate in the field, one whom you never hear from as making a racket. There is no question of his election—that is beyond all doubt. He is already in the Gubernatorial chair. All you have to do is to repeat his name to-day in an official way.

One of the Dark Horses.

One of the Dark Horses. Congressman McCormick, of Williams-port, was placed in nomination by Emerson Collins, of Lycoming county, in an address entirely eulogistic of McCormick's record in the National House of Representatives. Collins was another oratorical novelty, being

a mere boy in appearance, actually only 27 years old. He was chuck full of vim, however, and made quite a hit.

A buzz now broke out in the audience.

The last candidate had been named, and the people hoped that balloting would be com-menced. Chairman Lyon announced that the convention was ready to proceed with business. It took Secretary Leach some time to get his rolls in order, and by the time he was ready the teeming multitude below was in a perfect uproar.

The Chairman rapped for order and when it was found that Leach had his pencil ready for work the people became quiet

willingly enough. In a few minutes the stillness became as impressive as the noise was loud a short time before. The counties were called in alphabetical order, beginning with Adams county, taking Allegheny county second, but not reaching Philadelphia county until pretty well toward the

Interest in Allegheny and Philadelphia. This, of course, divided the interest, be-cause it was realized that much of importance was centered on both what Allegheny and Philadelphia counties had done, and as one was at the beginning and the other at the end, it prolonged the interest in the roll call. On the first ballot every Allegheny county man voted for Montooth.

The Philadelphia delegation was reached amid breathless silence, and it was remembered by everybody what the boasts of the night before had been as to the strength the night before had been as to the strength of Delamater and Hastings in the delegation. When the thirty-ninth name from Philadelphia had been called it was found that from the Quaker City Delamater received 13 votes; Hastings, 24; Montooth, 1; Stone, 1, thus tallying pretty closely with the conservative estimate given in The DISPATCH.

Wire pulling began in earnest when the last name on the roll was called. State Chairman Andrews had been keeping a private tally of his own, so that he knew the result long before it was announced. Frequently be compared it with a private memoranda book. He wrote two telegraphic messages and sent them flying to the tempo-rary office of the telegraph company. Messengers came flying in at every Through the main entrance several well-known politicians bustled down among the delegates in the parquet. The air was resonant with the buzz of voices. Lots of peruasion was being used.

yet come, or else the scheme had missed fire. G. Hering, Flynn, Forging, Foster, and even Josiah Speer, remained staunch to

Montooth. Lyon Breaks Away to Delamater.

The next name called was that of Walter Lyon, of the Seventh district, the Chairman of the convention. He replied calmly and deliberately, "Delamater." Somebody deliberately, "Delamater." Somebody tried to raise a cheer, it was cried down, and distinct hiss prevailed among the specta tors of the upper gallery. Lyon did not let it appear that he heard it. John S. Robb and Nathan S. Williams concluded for the Allegheny delegation with their votes for Montooth. Seventeen counties were called in order, but no changes were noted, but when Delaware county was reached, E. S. Hickman, who had voted for Stone, now

voted for Delamater.

A few minutes later Louis Armstead, of Fayette county, a Montooth man, on the first ballot voted for Delamater. It began to look as though the stampede was beginning. In Lehigh county G. G. Blumer dropped Montooth and took Hastings. Finally Philadelphia county was reached and the clerks took a fresh drink of ice water before they entered upon their absorbing task. Six names were called before any change occurred, then W. J. Pollick, of the Sixth district, announced Delamater as his choice instead of Montooth. J. S McKinley changed from Stone to Deladeserted Hastings and took to the Crawford county boat. So did George J. Elliott.

The Beginning of the End. As each man voted vell after yell rent the the air. People raised on their feet, chairs were cast aside on the stages, benches upset and the stamping of feet began, continuing to such an extent that the clerks ceas their work until order was restored. It was vident from the enthusiasm of the Delam ter forces that the break in the Philadel phia ranks had been most disastrons to Hustings' interests. In Somerset county J. Swank voted for Delamater instead of Os

orne.
Altogether Montooth lost three delegates in Allegheny, one in Fayette, one in Lehigh, one in Philadelphia, three in Washington and one in Westmoreland. Stone carried his own and contiguous counties on the last ballot with two of the Washington delegates, Messrs, Taylor and Thompson. Osborne and McCormick retained Luzerne and Lycoming counties to the last. The second ballot resulted as follows: Delama tar, 99; Hastings, 61; Montooth, 20; Stone, 16; Osborne. 5; McCormick, 3. The com-plete roll at this juncture stood as follows:

The Delamater Shouters. DELAMATER-Adams, John C. Lower, George D. Thorn; Allegheny, R. W. Gilliford, W. J. McDonald, Walter Lyon; Armstrong. John F. Whitworth, Joseph R. Henderson Beaver, S. P. Stone, John A. Elliott; Berks Charles M. Plank, Alfred W. Giass, George H. Valentine, D. S. Brumbach, Jesse F. Brechtel Bucks, Evan R. Penrose, Elias Eastburn, fi her recognition of what she has been and what she will be. She has a strong claim upon this convention. I take pleasure in presenting to you the name of that brilliant and accomplished man, the peer of many and "the fireside companion," as Cicero said, "of the very purest and the best"—Edward A. Montooth.

No Second to the Nomination.

It had been originally intended that J. F. Taylor, of Washington county, would second the nomination of Major Montooth, but for some reason this arrangement fell through. There was no second, the fact causing more or less comment.

W. Montzer; Cambria, George T. Swank, F. H. Barker; Clarion, A. L. Ivory, L. C. Boyd: Columbia, James C. Brown, C. E. Geyer; Crawford, S. Siccum, John J. Carter, Oliver Saeger; Dauphin, Lyman Do. Gilbert, John M. Heagy, T. M. Williams: Delaware, E. S. Hickman, John S. Rogers; Elk, J. H. Mc-Ewen: Eric, First district, E. D. Carter, Second district, J. C. McLane, William M. Brown; Fayette, Lewis Armstead; Fulton, J. J. Cromer; Indiana, John H. Richards, John P. J. Carter, Ohiver Saeger; Dauphin, Lyman Do. Gilbert, John M. Heagy, T. M. Williams: Delaware, E. S. Hickman, John S. Rogers; Elk, J. H. Mc-Ewen: Eric, First district, E. D. Carter, C. McLane, William M. Brown; Fayette, Lewis Armstead; Fulton, J. Cromer; Indiana, John H. Richards, John P. Lewis Armstead; Fulton, J. Cromer; Indiana, John H. Richards, John P. Lewis Armstead; Fulton, J. Cromer; Indiana, John H. Richards, John P. Lewis Armstead; Fulton, J. Cromer; Indiana, John H. Richards, John P. Comer; Indiana, John H. Richards, John P. Lewis Armstead; Fulton, J. Cromer; Indiana, John H. Richards, John P. Lewis Armstead; Fulton, J. Cromer; Indiana, John H. Richards, John P. Comer; Indiana, John H. Richards, John P. J. Cromer; Indiana, John P. Lewis Armstead; Fulton, J. Cromer; Indiana, John H. Richards, John P. John S. John P. John S. John P. John S. John P. John

ston, George D. Brown; Lehigh, D. R. Horner Mercer, Daniel Williams, C. M. Derrickson, George H. Caldwell; Mifflin, Samuel S. Woods; Monroe, T. C. Walton; Montour, W. M. Gearhart; Northampton county, Aaron Goldsmith, B. Lehman, T. H. Howell; Northumberland, W. H. Hackenberg, W. C. McConnell; Philadelphia county, Joseph L. Nobre, Harry Hunter, James B. Anderson, William J. Pollock, Samuel F. Houseman, S. Hoxie Godwin, Samuel Ripp, John S. McKinley, John A. Gwinner, David B. Scott, David H. Lane, Thomas Wilson, William H. Randle, A. S. L. Shields, John T. Baird, Charles R. Knowles, Joseph W. Thompson, George J. Elliott, Potter F. C. Leonard; Schuylkill, W. H. Lewis, E. C. Price, F. B. Kantuer, C. N. Brumm, S. H. Edwards, Reuben Barto; Snyder, William K. Miller; Somerset, J. Swank; Sullivan, T. J. Ingham; Tloga, H. J. Landrus; Charles S. Mather; Venango, Charles F. Cooper, W. J. Matten; Wayne, C. W. Simons, M. M. Treadwell.

For the Other Candidates

HASTINGS-Blair, A. G. Morris, John K. Patterson; Bradford, E. Pomeroy, L. Putnam, Patterson: Bradford, E. Pomeroy, L. Putnam, Jr., D. G. Sweet; Center, Edward C. Humes, James P. Coburn; Chester, Hiram L. Buckwalter, Levi C. McCauley, Alex H. Ingram. Joseph C. Paxson; Clearfield, E. A. Ervin, Cyrus Gordon; Clinton, W. C. Kress; Cumberland, E. B. Watts, E. N. Mosser; Dauphin, F. M. Ott; Delaware, W. I. Shaffer; Huntingdon, Charles Connor; Juniata, J. K. Robison; Lebanon, B. F. Hean, Henry Loose; Lehigh, A. N. Uirich, G. G. Blumer; Montgomery, W. B. Craford, William O'Brien, Joseph W. Hunter, Abram S. Resemberger, J. Morton Brown, Perry, John Wister, Philadelphia county, Amos M. Slack, Chas. Fulmer, Alfred Gratz, Wm. R. Leeds, John Mundelj, Theo, B. Stulb, Jacob Wildemore, Samuel E. Cavin, Edward J. Adamson, David Martin, Horatio B. Hackett, James R. Hogan, Joseph M. Adams, Wilbur F. Short, Thos. W. Outh, Chas. A. Porter, Joseph H. Winters, George S. Graham, Wm. Bartley, Pike, James S. Orake, Susquehanna, W. A. Southwell, C. M. Taylor, Union, J. O. Giover, Washington, D. M. Anderson, Wyoming, Wm. I. Avery, York, A. C. Fulton, James Sharon, James A. Stahley, J. M. Curran. M. Curran.

M. Curran.

Montoorh—Allegbeny, W. D. Porter, Chas.
Simon, J. O. Brown, A. E. McCandless, Wm.
McCleary, H. H. Byram, F. H. Gearing, Wm.
Flinn, Thos. Fording, D. J. Foster, Josiah
Speer, John S. Robb, Nathan S. Williams, Fayette, C. H. Livingstone, Lloyd Johnston,
Greene, Wm. Parry; Jefferson, Geo, W. Ellis,
Westmoreland, W. H. Saam, W. M. Jordan,
W. S. Vandyke,

After the voting ceased District Attorney Geo. S. Graham arose and changed his vote from Hastings to Delamater. This was greeted with wild cheers.

Progress of the Stampede. Another Philadelphian followed suit. Then Foster, of Luzerne, passed from Os-borne to Delamater, and a Lycoming man jumped from McCormick to Delamater. Greene county's delegate changed from Montooth to Delamater. Six of the Philadelphia delegates jumped from Hastings to Delamater and one Fayette delegate flopped from Montooth to Delamater. A Delaware man went from Stone to Delamater, and a Franklin man from Hastings to Stone. Hastings gained one in Lehigh and one in Luzerne, while Delamater took one from Hastings in Pike, two from Oaborne in Somerset and one from Hastings in Union.

Corrected by these alterations, the final official count was as follows: Delamater, 105; Hastings, 58; Montooth, 19; Stone, 15; Osborne, 4; McCormick, 2. Mr. Flinn, of Allegheny, seconded by Watts, of Cumberland, and Shaffer, of Delaware, moved to make the nomination unanimous, and it was carried with a rush.

The convention was now in a pande-monium, and recess was taken until 7 L. E. STOFIEL.

THE HARRISBURG TICKET AS VIEWED BY THE REPUBLICANS OF WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA.

voking new antagonism, and while they do not seem to fear they do not seem to fear the result in November they are evidently timid. If what these people say now is ad-hered to throughout the campaign it is thought Senator Quay's harmony scheme is a failure in Indiana county.

Huntingdon Expected It.

PRECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR ! HUNTINGDON, June 25 .- The nomination of Senator Delamater for Governor was regarded by the local Republicans here as a foregone couclusion, and consequently awakened no outward manifestation of enthusiasm. The local Hastings adherents, who were all along the most vociferous of any of the various candidates' followers, had strong hopes of the Adjutant General's suc cess, and they are naturally much dejected. There is a slight teeling of disquietude among the Hastings men here, but it will not outlive the November election.

No Bolters at Uniontown.

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. UNIONTOWN, June 25. - Delamater's omination meets with almost universal approval here among Republicans, There are a few soldiers who preferred either Hastings or Montooth, but there will be no bolters. Interviews with members of both wings of the party here to-night strongly indicate this. J. K. Ewing, Jr., of the Evening Standard, A. R. Honewood, Esq., Postmaster, I. R. Patterson, and many others interviewed heartily indorse the

Washington Not Surprised. INPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

WASHINGTON, June 25 .- The news of Delamater's nomination has been received, but comparatively few persons heard it, There is little no comment upon the re-sult. Some influential Republicans have said to-night that the nomination will be acceptable, although others are not so well pleased. The nomination had been conceded and created no surprise.

Little Enthusiusm at Greensburg. (SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) GREENSBURG, June 25 .- The Republic cans here to-night are not very enthusiastic over the nomination of Delamater. The leaders of the party, who are here to-night, have very little to say, but assert that the nomination suits them. An occasional Republican is outspoken against the choice of the convention.

New Castle Took It for Granted.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE. NEW CASTLE, June 25 .- There was no de onstration on receiving the news in this city. The people took it for granted weeks ago. Prominent politicians are about evenly divided as to Delamater. If the Democrats put Pattison in the field a number of Republicans will flop at the fall election.

Universal Satisfaction at Waynesburg. SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. tion of Delamater for Governor gives uni versal satisfaction bere, so far as can be learned. A large number of persons were asked to express their opinion, and there MADE TO ORDER.

Continued from First Page. rival candidates, and sow seeds of dissension. Let us behave like men in this emergency, full of courage and hope. Let us remember united we stand, divided we fall. Then, no matter who may be chosen as the standard

A Strong Plen for Unity. Let us go from here determined that howver divided in our choice before noming made. This will enable our party to move on in her majestic progress, scattering her enemies and triumphing over her foes until in the year 2000, looking backward, we shall see other monuments to victories won. There will then monuments to victories won. There will then appear to the observer a monument on which is written: "Every ballot equal and every ballot counted in the South and in the North." And on another: "The victories of protection over the allied tariff reformers and free traders." On another: "The triumph of the right of every State to enforce within her borders such police regulations as she may deem necessary for the welfare of her citizens, whether in restraint of sales of oleomargarine or original packages." And on another: "Commemorating what she has done for the free schools of America and the cause of education." And on another: "Prohibition upon the importation of pauper labor."

Resolutions were offered by Shields, of Philadelphia, in relation to rules; by John Elkins, oi Indians, in relation to resolutions, and by Williams, of Allegheny, lay-

tions, and by Williams, of Allegheny, lay-ing out the order of business. Dave Lane, of Philadelphia, moved for a committee of seven on contested seats. Humes, of Center county, immediately renewed his objection, when it was cut off by the chair, who said that when the report came from the commit-

Hastings Not Given a Show. On this committee but one Hastings man

as appointed-George Orlady, of Huntingdon. Then a recess was taken for com-mittee work. The Committee on Contested Seats is understood to have had a lively ses-sion, and it was not until 12:45 that the convention reassembled to hear its report. The committee reported in favor of seating the five slated delegates and its report was accepted with a considerable minority vote against it.

against it,

The Committee on Organization reported that it had selected Walter Lyon, of Pittsburg, Permanent Chairman, with the following vice presidents, temporary secretaries being continued: W. J. Pollock, Thomas Smythe, John A. Gwinner, George J. Eiliott, Samuel E. Cavin, Alfred Gratz, John Mundel, Wilbur F. Sharp, John S. Rogers, P. W. Minster, Jesse F. Bechtel, William O'Brien, R. Blickenderler, John M. Heagy, T. H. Howell, W. D. Daniels, C. D. Forster, G. M. Davis, T. J. Ingham, W. H. Southwell, W. C. McConnell, J. A. Stahl, W. H. Lewis, Reuben Barto, John Wister, E. N. Musser, W. Barton, J. P. Coburu, A. J. Morris, L. C. Boyd, W. M. Jordan, G. Fleeger, Charles W. Simons, W. H. McCleary, Josiah Speer, F. K. Gesring, J. A. Elliott, G. W. Johnson, J. C. Mo-Lean, Oliver Z. Saeger. Pittsburg, Permanent Chairman, with the

Lean, Oliver Z. Saeger.

A committee was appointed to escort
Walter Lyon to the chair, and this time the
olive branch was handed to the Hastings and Stone forces. James Coburn, of Center county, and W. W. Brown, of McKean county, being the appointees

The East and the West. As Walter Lyon stepped upon the plat-form Mr. Graham took his hand, and in transferring the chair to the president-elect, spoke of the significance of the East and the West—Philadelphia and Pittsburg—clasp-ing hands as typical of what support the ticket should receive in the result of this convention. Mr. Lyon spoke in substance

The Result of the First Bullet.

There was no election on first ballot, the votes trading Delamater, 84; Hastings, 64; Montooth, 30; Stone, 15; Osborne, 8; McCormick, 3.

The Chair announced that 204 votes had been cast, and that 103 being required to elect, there was no nomination and the convention would proceed to a second ballot. Plenty of semantion was expected on the second ballot, and intense excitement prevailed when Secretary Leach began calling it the roll of delegates. Only four names had been called when "a change came o'er the spirit of the dream."

R. W. Gilliford, of the Second District, alleghenve county, voted for Delamater instead of Montooth. W. J. McDonald's name was called when "a change came down from the left hand gallery. The Hastings people were, however, airaid to hear the Allegheny county delegation continued, but as sort of a suppressed jeer came down from the left hand gallery. The Hastings people were, however, airaid to hear the Allegheny county delegation continued, but as Leach called, "1.0. Brown," the response came, "Montooth." McCandless was next called. He stuck to Montooth, "Nocandless was next called. He stuck to Montooth, "This restored confidence. The break had evidently not be people were, however, airrie louder than usual, "Edward A. Montooth." This restored confidence. The break had evidently not be people wore the beneration of the great was an an opinion. The seem that the constraint was been called. He stuck to Montooth, standard the constraint of the decay. The seem of the conventions of convention. Mr. Lyon spoke in substance as follows: Gentlemen of the Conventions. Allow make the best the total threatings and left and make.

Hastings' Admirers Dejected — Indiana (County of the Measure of the Democratic Namination and the conventions. The Second of the State of Quay's Harmony Scheme as a follows: Gentlemen of the Conventions. The Second of the State of County of the West which gave to continue a popolicion for the very consider and act on all the great conning t as follows:

A Sudden Change of Heart. It now seemed as if the convention was ready to get down to business, but some-thing quite unexpected happened. Pre-viously, when a recess of half an hour had been taken to let the committees perform their duties, some person had pro-posed an hour and a half recess. This was objected to very strongly by Mr. Graham, who ruled that the order of business already adopted had fixed simply half an hour. But now, although it was only 11:15, Mr. Grs-ham no sooner left the platform than he proposed to take a recess until 1 o'clock for dinner. Some of the delegates called his attention to the fact that he objected to wasting time before, and the proposition for such a long recess met with cries of "No

from all parts of the house. A vote was quickly put, and, in spite of the fact that a plain majority on a viva voce ballot voted against the motion to adjourne Chairman Lyon declared it carried. It was quite plain the adjournment was necessary for some purpose. Once out on the street, the delegates very quickly found that it was the attempt of Mayor Fitler, of Philadelphia, to reorganize the delegation for Hastings hat caused the trouble. The Philadelphians were somewhat panic stricken, and the Delamater people were afraid to let pro-ceedings go on until the trouble was fixed up. Had an adjournment not taken place

it is hard to tell what might have occurred. L. E. STOPIEL. ALL EXPECTED IT. NEWS OF DELAMATER'S NOMINATION AT

Republicans Think He Will Secure the Usual Off-Year Party Majority-Democrats Expect Aid From the Kickers-A

Talk With Culbertson.

(PROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT, 1
WASHINGTON, June 25.—So many Republican members of Congress from Pennsylvania are out of the city this evening that it was almost impossible to find one from whom to get an opinion in regard to the Pennsylvania nomination. Those who could be found were unanimous in their belief that Delamater will poll the usual Republican majority. Colonel Bayne said: "Of course, as I have favored the nomination of Delamater all along, I am rejoiced at his victory, but I am not surprised. I was well aware that he had strong lead all the time, which could have been made stronger had it been necessary. Delamater is a brilliant young man, who has already won his spurs, and he will make a good and

popular Governor."

Representative Scull said that it was a foregone conclusion that Delamater would be nominated, and so none of the defeated condidates could be greatly disappointed. Delamater would doubtless be elected by a

good off-year majority.

Mr. Culbertson said he would have been astorished had the convention made any other commission. Delamater had worked up his own canvass thoroughly, and tris, with the knowledge that Senator Quag favored him, was enough to give him a round majority. There was no doubt of his nomination.

The voice of several Democrats who were

seen was unanimous that it was all Quay's doings and the people of the State would now see whether the kicking Republicans

o professed such antagonism to the Sen-or would make good the protests at the