MADE A BIG JUMP.

Continued from First Page.

limits end and those of the county begin. In 1880 there were in the same limits about 292,000, being an increase, in the decade, of about 47 per cent. At the same ratio of increase in the past decade the population of the same area would be about 425,000. In 1880 the population of the county was, by the census of that year, about 356,000. It is evident that the overflow into the county from the cities has been much greater in the last decade than the preceding one, but taken as a factor the per cent of increase in the decade 1870 to 1880, it is probable the county will show in 1890 a population of about 525,000. I should not be surprised to see it above that number.

HIS ESTIMATES ON THE CITIES.

"Taking these general summaries as factors of computation, I am inclined to think the population of Pittsburg proper will be shown by the census of 1890 to be from 210,000 to 235,000, and that of Allegheny City from 110,000 to 125,000. That will somewhat depend on the industry and efficiency of the enumerators."

"What about the increase of business?" "I should rather not venture any figures on that subject. As I have said, the whole county is being largely occupied with manufactories, the business offices of many of which are located in Pittsburg. The large number of six, eight and ten-story office buildings erected in the past few years, and the demand for more, indicate how rapidly the magnetic business advantages of Pittsburg are concentrating in and around its manufacturing and mercantile establish-ments. I doubt whether the census will exhibit the full growth of the city in that particular. It never has,

INFORMATION HARD TO GET.

"In two especial capvasses, made by myself for publication purposes, each occupying several months, I found it difficult to obtain any absolutely correct information, although personally known to most of the business men, and receiving the informa-tion confidentially. I fear the census enumerators will not succeed much better. I trust they may. I can only say that some 30 years ago, in a statistical publication relating to Pittsburg, after stating the natural and artificial advantages of the city at that time, I ventured the asser tion that 'henceforth Pittsburg will be one of the most progressive cities of the Union.'
I have no doubt that if the census of 1890 is correctly taken, it will bear out the asser-

tion. "It is unfortunate for any prestige to the city from its population rating, that what is really the community of Pittsburg, is divided into so many separate cities, towns and boroughs, that the twin cities of Pittsburg and Allegheny do not make the prominent showing they are entitled to. Pittsburg, with clearing house returns that place it the fifth or sixth in the country, in business exhibit, by census figures falls far below that rank in population. The whole county is practically Pittsburg, and might be well consolidated under the city charter. If there is any prestige or business advantage to be attained by population rank certainly the two cities of Allegheny and Pittsburg should be made one."

AMONG THE BUSINESS MEN. HOW DIFFERENT LINES HAVE GROWN IN TEN YEARS.

Some Branches That Have Increased 100 Per Cent-Others Three Times as Great, With Profits One-Third as Big-Estimutes on Population.

T. C. Jenkins, the large wholesale grocer, when asked for an estimate on the increase of the grocery business since 1880, said: "I could give no reliable figures on the advancement of the grocery trade, as it would never made comparisons to any extent." When asked if the business had increased 33,000,000. Besides this there is a vast amount of supply coal that never gets into not." He would not make a guess on the population

A representative of Arbuckle & Co. thought the grocery and coffee business had increased in such a manner from 1880 that it was now three times larger in Allegheny county than a decade since.

E. H. Myers, the Liberty street pork packer, in speaking of the progress made in his line since the census of 1880, said: "Of course, our business has increased in proportion to the population, but our profits are not near as large as they were ten years ago. Western competition has been largely instrumental in depreciating our profits, and many others have embarked on this line with more or less success, thus dividing up the business, whereas ten years ago the trade was confined to a very few houses. NOT SO HIGH AS SOME.

"It is hard to estimate the population of Allegheny county," he said, when asked to give an estimate, "but I think it will reach in the neighborhood of 425,000." J. D. Bernd, the wholesale millinery

goods importer, in discussing the advancement of millinery business since 1880, said: "The business has unquestionably increased 100 per cent since 1880, and is still increasing every day. I suppose," he continued, "that Allegheay county has a population of at least half a million. The country boroughs have increased in an extraordinary manner, as can be readily seen in the way business has grown."
L. H. Smith, who imports woodenwa-e

extensively, in commenting upon his business since the last census, remarked: "Our lipe has made very fast progress, and I have no doubt that the wooden ware business in the past ten years has increased to such an extent that to-day it is at least three times

HOW PRICES HAVE DROPPED. "The prices on wooden novelties have had a corresponding decrease, and to-day you can purchase a fine basket for \$1 that could

J. J. McCaffrey, who has an extensive retail business in the feed line, said: "Why, I suppose the grain business has increased 25 per cent since the last census was taken, but I could give you no reliable statistics. I suppose the business has kept apace with the growth of the city. I think there will be about half a million people found in the county after the enumerators complete their

GLASS, IRON AND COAL. THREE OF THE THINGS THAT MOST

MAKE THE GROWTH.

What the Census Will Show in the Manufacturing Line-The Demand for Wrought Iron Pipe-The Prospects for the Present

both in number of mills and the volume of production, Mr. Ralph W. Carroll, of the American Tube and Iron Company, said: "Ten years ago there were 12 manufacturers of wrought iron pipe and tubes in the United States. They were the National Tube Works, the American Tube and Iron Company, Morris, Lasker & Co., Spang, Chalfant & Co., Alli-son & Co., Reading Iron Works, Syracuse Tube Company, Conshohocken Tube Com-Works), Curtis & Co. and Crane Brothers. The daily capacity at that time is estimated to have been about 1,200 tons daily, and the average output about 1,000 tons. The developments of new oil fields in Warren county, Pa and Cattaraugus and Allegany counties Y., early in the importance, equaling, if not exceeding that of salling, and while it throws '80'z, caused an incre 'mand for pipe, 'Bo'z, caused an incre 'mand for pipe, '

and 1883 by the commencement to utilize natural gas largely in these sections. Later, say from 1884 and up to the present, there has been a very large development of the natural gas industry around Pittsburg, and also through Indiana, Ohio and Kentucky. Through this time the wrought iron pipe trade received a wonderful impetus, and a large number of new mills were erected to supply the increased demand, and the old

nes added to their capacities. NEW MILLS IN TEN YEARS.

The new mills erected since 1880 are: The American Tube and Iron Company at Youngstown, O.; Oil City Tube Company; e and Iron Company at Paige Tube Company, Warren, O.; Riverside Iron Works, Wheeling; Tyler Tube Company, Boston; Pittsburg Tube Works; Continental Tube Works, and the Duquesne Tube Works. Tube Works. The daily capacity of the mills of the United States is now about 2,000 tons, and the demand at times has been so active as to tax their capacities. Just now there is barely enough demand to keep the mills comfortably filled, and the present average output could be largely aug-mented. The greatest amount of the in-creased demand is due to natural gas, and from the present outlook the wrought iron pipe manufacturers will secure a large business through the same channel for years to

come.

"There have been millions of dollars invested in oil lines during the past ten years. The largest continuous lines of wrought iron pipe in the world are the two six-inch lines of the Standard Oil Company running from Olean, N. Y.. to Bayonne, N. J., a distance of over 350 miles and the eight-inch line from Lima, O., to Chicago, which is estimated to have cost \$1,500,000."

Jacob Painter, Jr., of J. Painter & Sons Co. regarded the subject of too much mag-Co., regarded the subject of too much mag-nitude to attempt a detailed expression. The iron business has increased enormously. Mr. Painter and: "The prospect for the present year is not good just now, owing to an advance in metal without a proportionate an advance in metal without a proportionate advance in manufactured iron. Compar-ing a period of five years with any other similar period, I do not think there is very much variation in the industry except the natural increase occasioned by a propor-tionately increased demand. A few years ago when steel took the place of iron in many instances, the iron industry was temporarily crippled, but it is recovering again and is now on an onward march."

JUST ABOUT DOUBLED.

E. M. Byers, of A. M. Byers & Co., said the iron industry has about doubled within the past 10 years. The consumption of pig iron alone was 7,748,817 tons last year, while it was only 3,409,211 in 1879. But it was also nearly doubled in the previous decade, and more than doubled in the decade beginning with 1859, when it was only 827,609 tons. It is because the American manufacturer has been so encouraged that he is able to furnish structural iron and materials of all kinds for buildings that the consumption has so greatly increased. Out bring \$100,000 more than it would a year of the entire increase in consumption per capita during the last 30 years, which has been 200 pounds per capita, about 170 pounds, or nearly seven-eighths, has been neither in rails, domestic or foreign, nor in other forms of manufactured iron and steel

imported, but in forms other than rails. A. Garrison, of the A. Garrison Foundry Company, has watched the development of the foundry business very closely for the past 30 or 40 years, and at no time has the industry increased as it has in the decade just closed. Of course, as the iron industry increases, the demand for mill supplies must increase, and in proportion to the advance in the manufacture of iron and steel,

has the foundry business increased.

The coal industry has grown to an enormous extent, according to Mr. Alex Dempster, agent for the Pittsburg Coal Company. The output of anthra-cite and bituminous coal in Pennsylvania alone has increased at the rate of nearly 5,000,000 tons annually. In 1886 the output of anthracite was 32,136,362 tons and that of bituminous was 27,000,000. In take some time to figure it out, and I have | 1888 the anthracite amounted to 38,000,000 while the bituminous output reached the returns. Pittsburg has the largest bituminous coal market in the United States, and among the largest in the world.

> GROWTH OF THE GLASS INDUSTRY. The glass industry has advanced in two ways. The capacity for production, according to the statement of T. O'Leary, Jr., of O'Leary Bros., has been more than doubled and the standard of quality has been raised on an equal, if not superior plane with the French production. Mr. O'Leary said:

"There have not been so many new glass houses built in Pittsburg during the last ten years, but several additions have been made to those already up, and taking the country at large the business, I am sure, has more than doubled itself. Cunningham & Wolfe, Howard & Co., O'Leary Bros. & Co., R. C. Schmertz and Ihmsen & Co., have all increased their capacity, and S. McKee & Co. converted their bottle house into a window house. That is about the extent of the increased capacity belong-ing distinctively to Pittsburg. Of course the big plate glass works at Tarentum. the big plate glass works at Tarentum, Jeanette and Ford City have all been erected in the last decade, and there have been many improvements in the way of manufacturing. The abandonment of cars in lears and the introduction of rod lears has been a great advantage both to the manufacturer and the laborers. The workmen make more money in this district than in any other in the United States. It is due to Pittsburg plate glass to say that to-day it real estate have been crippled, as money surpasses any other in the world. It is prepaid better in other business, but now surpasses. ferred in all markets to French plate." Charles R. Dilworth, of Dilworth, Porter & Co., said there are now about a dozen mills in the country. Their own mill has

been in business for 35 years and has now an enormous daily capacity. Mr. Porter said that while the Edgar Thomson works made enough rails per day to lay 14 or 15 miles of road, their mill turned out enough

GREAT GROWTH IN REALTY. WHAT A TRIP AMONG THE REAL ESTATE MEN DEVELOPED

Prices of Property Several Times More Than They Were in 1880-An Immense Increase in the Business of Agents and Brokers.

A number of interviews have been secured with real estate dealers and brokers concerning the growth of the city, these gentlemen being so situated that they are able to size up the situation. They know what the prices of property were a decade or more ago, and what are now demanded, and points to the growth of a place more definitely than the extent to which

real estate is in demand. D. P. Black, of Black & Baird, opened by stating that if the population of the city had increased as the trade in realty has done since 1880, it would now have a population of 3,000,000, for he said real estate trading had increased 900 per cent. In 1880 Herron & Sons did fully half of all the business, and while their operations have kept pace in growth with other houses, they now have less than one-tenth of the tetal. At that time they found sufficient room on a floor on Wood street, and rented deskroom to an inwood street, and rented deskroom to an in-surance agency, and to an oil brokerage firm that did a large business, and yet they were not crowded. He instanced the like growth in the opera-tions of Samuel W. Black, now S. W. Black & Co. Black & Baird were not in the swim then but for a long time

not in the swim then, but for a long time they have made an average of two sales a day, which is more than an average of all sales made by all houses ten years ago.

which was augmented considerably in 1882 | find it very remunerative, and landlords have grown to appreciate its vanteges as much as do agencies. Landlords immersed in had been increased from \$600 to \$2,700 a year and a part of his room taken from him, and he still finds it cheaper to pay four and one-half times as much than to move. But the advantage has not occurred solely to landlords and agencies. The business being conducted systematically and repairs made more cheaply than when landlords were their own agents, and made with more discrimination: People wanting to rent can, in an hour, determine what they want from the information furnished, and frequently save many dollars in time and much vexation, compared with the old system of house-hunting.

Mr. Black estimates that the renting done by agencies has grown 2,400 per cent in the last three years. He thinks we will never reach our full capacity for development until the entire county is taken into the city. DOUBLED IN VALUE,

Samuel W. Black stated that real estate in Pittsburg has on an average doubled in value since the last census was taken, while in some localities, both for business and residence purposes, the advance has been considerably more than 100 per cent, and what was termed activity in 1880 would be snailpaced at present. One great stimulant has been the cheapening of money, caused by its accumulation at this center. People are buying now who in former years expected to

flation, as the investments are made on business principles, with a confident expectation of good returns and are not speculative, and the city is also fast becoming one of homes, like Philadelphia and Baltimore.

George Johnston stated that the real estate agency business had mainly grown since he went into it, 12 or 13 years ago, and yet the then established houses had not been hurt by the rivalry, but on the contrary, they had grown, along with their rivals. Then an agent rubbed his hands and indulged in visions of future greatness when he concluded a \$10,000 sale. Now one of \$100,000 did not elate him nearly so much. In 000 did not elate him nearly so much. In that time prices have increased 400 to 500 per cent in some localities, notably in the Second, Third and Fourth wards, almost uniformly so below Grant street. In that area, ten years ago, there were properties that scarce yielded taxes, and some 20-foot lots that were on the market at \$3,000 to \$4,000, and that have since been sold at \$20,000 to \$25,000. "I have a piece of property in my bands," said he, "that the owner would have sold at \$20,000, and he now refuses to take \$54,000 for it. The Hotel Bover could have been bought five years ago

James W. Drape said: "The growth of Pittsburg during the last 10 years has been without parallel in its history. It is equal to that of any 30 years' previous growth. Other cities grew rapidly previously, notably Chicago and other Western towns, but in this city it was not extraordinary, and the bulk of the increase of the last 10 years has been in the last five. I time it by the date when I went to Europe. The impetus was mainly given by the utilization of nat-ural gas. By this an immense impetus was given to pipe manufacture, and this in turn stimulated all other enterprise. Values have kept pace with the increase of popula-tion, and much of it is not apparent to the casual observer, as it is represented largely by mortgages made to secure betterments." Mr. Drape considered the present busi-

John W. Herron, of W. A. Herron & Sons, said: "No other investors have made so much money since 1880 as those who, with good judgment, put their money into real estate. The growth of the city has caused a steady advance. Buyers have steadily realized profits which have induced them to reinvest. Improved property has paid a large interest rate during the entire

MAKES THEM WORK HARD. Talking of growth, Mr. Herron said that 14 years ago his father and himself had done the business entirely themselves, and were not obliged to work nearly so hard as at present, when, in addition to the three members of the firm, 12 clerks and bookkeepers were employed, and this force is exclusive of commission workers. They do not employ them as some houses do, though they work through them to a considerable extent. One thing that adds largely to the bookkeeping department making all the force of a large bank neces-sary, is the large holdings of non-residents, who have been attracted of late years by the

did such business through lawyers. Mr. Herron thinks investments here for the future promise well on account of the great growth of capital. Heretofore the plus capital must have an outlet, and it has found a profitable one. Pittsburg has not yet appreciated the value of economy in building. Lots in many parts of the city are too large, and people are too squeamish, wanting to live separately. In Philadelphia 16 or 18 feet front answers for lots, and elegant houses are joined together, and miles of road, their mill turned out enough spikes to lay 45 to 50 miles. He thinks the business has at least doubled itself in the timber lands and get material at base prices. There narrow lots save street improvement expenses, and houses can be sold or rented cheaper than here. Then capital is and has been plentier and cheaper in Philadel-phia than here, there being so many trust companies who must find sale investments and must give inducements that will attract. Accordingly, a builder with \$100,000 can invest it in lots and houses, costing say \$5,000 to the establishment. As soon as these are finished he can get 20 time mort-

> WANT IT IN A LUMP. Here money lenders refuse to give such nortgages, and a man's money is tied up five to ten years. They want their money in a lump, or they think 30 per cent margin for safety too narrow. In conclusion Mr. Herron said that from investigation he had learned that the improvement of realty gave Philadelphia the greater part of its busi-ness, and here will in future give an impe-tus to manufacturing and all other avocations. He has no notion that the limit of expansion will be reached for years to

> C. Beringer, at 156 Fourth avenue, one of the oldest agents in the business, said that during the past ten years there had been a greater change in real estate business than for 25 years before, as business was then done by sellers hunting up the agents to sell for them, while now the agents hunt up the sellers as well as the buyers, by having canvassers over the cities and suberbs, and while agents then were but very few, they are now as plenty as fleas in a pigpen; agents were then looked upon with suspicion; a large portion are now called upon to make sale investments for moneyed mea, as well to handle their property, as many find real estate the salest and most profitable investment in the long run.

INCREASE IN THE DRUG TRADE.

has increased, the territory which any one tion whatever to the enumerators, and he stated that this would not be tolerated under

for it, for no matter how humble a home it may be, a man and his family feel happier and will have more comforts about them than when living in rented houses, and with present high wages almost any man can have his own home and be independent of the landlord, as there are many places yet around our cities where property can be bought cheaply. But the greatest change is in its present style and durability of both business houses as well as in its dwellings, as the designs are as well as in its dwellings, as the designs are both handsome and durable, which will stand for generations to come; and, judging from the past, Pittsburg and its surroundings are just beginning to feel their strength. That growth will be much more rapid than heretofore, and many will be surprised at our growth during the past ten years when the census is taken, but a more rapid growth will show itself during the next ten years than the past, for no clouds are visible in the commercial sky that forebode storms, and no middle-aged man will ever see an-other panic like the one in 1873.

Have 266,500 Population. The present population of Pittsburg is estimated by City Controller Morrow at 266,500. This is the highest estimate made by any person encountered by THE DIS-PATCH reporters. Mr. Morrow obtains his figures by multiplying the number of resident taxables by five. The same method of computation would give Allegheny a popu-

partment purposes we have been estimating the population at 245,000, but I think it will go over that." Chief Brown now has 35 municipal buildings under his control. In 1880 there were eight police stations in the city. Now there are ten stations and three patrol stations, while an eleventh sta-tion is in course of construction. In 1889 there were 14 engine and hose houses. This number has increased by three and another

was only 1,389 out of the way. This year his estimate is 230,000.

ESTIMATE BY THE MAILS.

Show Below 250,000. an increase of 100,000 since 1880. From 1880 to 1885 the population did not increase much, but since then a number of people have flocked in, attracted by the gas boom. In general the business of the postoffice in ten years has increased four fold, not in the revenues of the office, because the mailing rates have been reduced, but the volume of business done has been greatly swelled.

"It the growth in the postoffice can be taken as an indication of the development of the city, then it has certainly made big

of the city, then it has certainly made big strides. But the increase in business cannot be taken strictly as an indication that the population has increased in proportion. should be remembered that territory has been added to the city since

orised. "In 1878 the gross yearly earnings of the postoffice were \$213,961, in 1880 they had in-creased to \$245,729, but since then the postage has been reduced, and the revenues now are not a fair criterion."

Those Who Refuse to Answer all the Onestions Will be Severely Dealt With, How-Satisfactory Outlook.

and that everything was in readiness to push the work forward with accuracy and rapidity. The telegrams were in response to messages sent out from Washington yesterday. All the supervisors heard from reported that no trouble has as yet

were apprehended.

Mr. Porter intimated very plainly this evening that so far as the chronic disease questions were concerned it was not the in tention of the office to endeavor to bring to punishment those who were reluctant to make answer, but as to the "mortgage" question, he held language not quite so cheering for those who have determined not to answer this part of the schedule, though the probabil-ity is strong that nothing will be done with recalcitrants on this matter. He expressed himself very earnestly, however, with re-gard to bring the law to bear upon those who willfully refuse to answer any and all questions put to them by the enumerators. They will be compelled to answer, he said, or to take the consequences of their refusal. He thought there was a possibility that members of the crimi-

Catarrh to Consumption.

Catarrh in its destructive force stands next to and undoubtedly leads on to consumption. It is therefore singular that those afflicted with this fearful disease should not make it the object of their lives to rid themselves of it. Deceptive remedies concocted by ignorant pretenders to medical knowledge have weakened the confidence of the great majority of sufferers in all advertised remedies. They become resigned to a life of misery rather than torture themselves with doubtful palliatives.

But this will never do. Catarrh must be met at every stage and combatted with all our might. In many cases the disease has assumed dangerous symptoms. The bones and cartiage of the nose, the organs of hearing, of seeing and of tasting so affected as to be useless, the uvula so elongated, the throat so inflamed and irritated as to produce a constant and distressing cough. SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE meets every phase of Catarrh, from a simple head cold to the most loathsome and destructive stages. It is local and constitutional. Instant in relieving, permanent in curing, safe, economical and never-failing.

Each package contains one bottle of the RADICAL CURE, one box Catarrhale, with treatise; price, \$1.

Potter DREG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, BOSTON. Catarrh in its destructive force stands next to

OLD FOLKS' PAINS.

fight made against the diseases, and mortgage questions to refuse any informa-

Mr. James Wardle, acting Chief Clerk o. the Census Bureau, who took the census in Brooklyn ten years, went to New York last night to watch the situation during the first week, and to advise the Supervisors in the three big cities what course to pursue in case of trouble.

All claims not consistent with the high character of Syrup of Figs are purposely avoided by the Cai. Fig Syrup Company. It acts gently on the kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the system effectively, but it is not a cure-all and makes no pretensions that every bottle will not substantiate.

Great Cut in Prices Of coats, wraps and jackets; also, summer dresses, Monday morning. KNABLE & SHUSTER, 35 Fifth ave.

One Thousand Dollars Forfeit if I fail to prove Floraplexion the best medicine for liver complaint, dyspep-sia, nervous debility, biliousness, consump-tion. It cures where all other remedies fail. Ask your druggist for it. Sample bottle sent free. FRANKLIN HART, New York.

Half Price! Half Price!! All remnants of dress goods, ginghams, challies, silks, sateens and ribbons to go at half price on Monday.

KNABLE & SHUSTER, 35 Fifth ave.

Monday Morning. Best qualities of India silks, \$1 and \$1 25 grades, 25 inches wide, to go at 59c a yd. KNABLE & SHUSTER, 35 Fifth ave. Sacrifice Sale

To begin on Monday morning, June 2, at Knable & Shuster's, 35 Fifth ave.

BARR-On May 31, 1890, CATHERINE, widow of the late Samuel Barr, in the 90th year of her Funeral from the residence of her son-in-law, T. B. A. David, Rural avenue, near Negley. East End, on MONDAY, June 2, at 2 P. M. Interment private.

BLAIR—On Saturday morning, May 31, 1890, at 7:15 o'clock, EDWIN MOSSMAN, oldest son of the late Oliver P. and Maggie C. Blair, aged 20 years,
Funeral services will be held at the residence of his grandmother, Elizabeth Carson, near Wilmerding, MONDAY MORNING at 10 o'clock,

and at the Reformed Presbyterian Church, Eighth street, at 2:30 P. M. Interment private at a later hour.

FITTON—On Sunday, June 1, 1890, at 12:30 A.

M., WILLIAM E., son of James and Mary E.

Fitton, aged 2 years 11 months.

Funeral from the parents' residence, 2702

Penn avenue, on MONDAY, at 2:30 P. M. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. GEOGHEGAN—On Sunday morning, June 1, 1880, at 12:20 o'clock, Annie Jackman, relict of the late Thomas Geoghegan. Funeral from the late residence, No. 25 Crawford street, on Tuesday Morning, at 8:30 o'clock. High mass of requiem at St. Brid-

KUMMER—On Sunday, June 1, 1890, at 2:30 P. M., WILLIAM F. KUMMER, aged 38 years, 6 months and 12 days, at his residence, No. 1915 Carson street, Southside. 'Tis hard to break the tender cord When love has bound the heart.
'Tis hard, so hard, to speak the word,

get's Church at 9 o'clock.

We must forever part. Dearest loved one, we must lay thee In the peaceful grave's embrace, But thy memory will be cherished 'Till we see thy heavenly face.

Funeral Tuesday, June 3, at 2 P. M. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. KEENAN—At her late residence, Bradduck, Pa., on Sunday, June 1, 1890, Mrs. MARY KEENAN, wife of George Keenan, aged 22 years. Funeral from her late residence on TUESDAY MORNING, at 9 o'clock. Interment at Brad-dock cemetery. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. MILLER-On Sunday, June 1, 1890, at 3:45 P. M., I. W. MILLER, in his 70th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 182

Federal street, Allegheny, on MONDAY, June 2, at 12 o'clock. Interment at Brookville, Pa., McKOWN—On Saturday, May 31, 1890, at 7 P. M., Ewing McKown, aged 65 years.
Funeral from his late residence, Grovetown, Pa. on MONDAY AFTERNOON.

NURSE-On Sunday, June 1, 1890, at the Northsine Hospital, at 12 o'clock M., Mrs. E. TILLIE M. NURSE, wife of H. M. Nurse. Funeral services at 10 o'clock TURSDAY, June Interment private at a later hour. O'CONNOR-On Sunday, June 1, 1890, at 1

P. M., MARY ELLEN, youngest daughter of Thomas and Ellen O'Connor, aged Il years, 10 months, 13 days.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her parents, Carnegie avenue, near Fifty-fifth street, TO-DAY (Monday), June 2, at 4 P. M. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

POWER-On Sunday morning, June 1, Jo-SEPH M. POWER, son of J. S. and Elenor J. Funeral services at the residence of his parents, Turtle Creek station, P. R. R., Mon-DAY, the 2d instant, at 2 o'clock. Interment private in Allegheny Cometery at a later hour. RIESECK-On Saturday, May 31, 1890, at 12:30 P. M., BARBARA, wife of George Rieseck in the 5tth year of her age.

Funeral from her late residence, 52 Main street, Allegheny, on TUESDAY, June 3, ar 2 . M. Interment private.

RILING—At Bolivar, Pa., Sunday, June 1, 890, at S.A. M., CAROLINE BAUER, daughter of John and Mary Riling, in her 22d year. Notice of funeral hereafter. [Canton, O., papers please copy.] ROEMHILD—On Sunday, June 1, 1890, at 2:15 P. M., ANNA M., relict of Henry Roem-nild, aged 72 years 6 months, 16 days, Funeral on TUESDAY, at 2 P. M., from the

residence of her son, August Roembild, No. 2015 Carson street, Southside, Pittsburg, Pa. riends are invited. RICHARDS—At the residence of his father-in-law, Max Letzkus, No. 164 Washington ave-nue, Thrty-first ward, Southside, Saturday evening, May 31, 1890, at 8 o'clock, James F. RICHARDS, aged 35 years 11 months 6 days.

Funeral Monday, June 2, 1890, at 8:30 A. M. Requiem high mass at 9 o'clock A. M., at St. George's R. C. Church, Thirty-first ward, Alentown, Interment at St. Philomena's Ceme tery, Ross township. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. SIEFFERT—At her residence, Woodland avenue, Eleventh ward, Allegheny, on Sunday, June 1, 1880, at 9:30 A. M. Mrs. BARBARA SIEFFERT, wife of Joseph Steffert, aged 78

Requiem mass at St. Joseph's Church, Fulton street, Allegheny, on TUESDAY, June 3, at 9 A. M. Interment private. M. Interment private.

SELLERS—On Sunday, June 1, 1890, at 2 o'clock P. M., IDA MAY SELLERS, adopted daughter of Ulysses and Annie Emmerick, aged 9 months.

Funeral from parents' residence, Washington street, near Fountain street, on Monday (to-day) at 2 o'clock P. M.

ANTHONY MEYER, (Successor to Meyer, Arnold & Co., Lim.,) UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER. Office and residence, 1184 Penn avenue. Tele

FLORAL EMBLEMS. ORCHIDS AND ROSES OF RARE BEAUTY. A. M. & J. B. MURDOCH, 510 SMITHFIELD ST.

DECORATION DAY! Place early orders for our LOVELY FRESH FLOWERS, which will be furnished in any desired style. Telephone 239, JOHN B. & A. MURDOCH, 508 SMITHFIELD ST

REPRESENTED IN PITTSBURG IN ISC ASSETS . 29.071,696 33.

Insurance Co. of North America.

Lesses adjusted and paid by WILLIAM L
JONES. 84 Fourth avenue. in:20-82-D NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STERLING SILVER.

SHEAFER & LLOYD.

JEWELERS, essors to Wattles & Sheafer

37 FIFTH AVENUE.

LATIMER'S

CARPET STORE.

This for quality is goods sold all round us at 750 INGRAIN SALES.

CHINA MATTING.

Odd Lace Curtains, 50c. And up to any grade you wish, now at the tail-end of this season.

T. M. LATIMER,

138 and 140 Federal St., 45 and 46 South Diamond

OUTING GARMENTS.



crease in all kinds of athletic sports in this country brings with it acontinued improvement in the garments worn in the field, and instead of the ill-fitting garments, unattractive patterns of seasons past, we are showing Coats, Trousers and Shirts in the softest fabrics, perfect fitting,

in artistic and quiet

lazers, Imported English Flannel in all the club colors......\$3 50 Excellent Flannel Shirts...... 1 50 Imported Flannel Caps..... Fine English Flannel Trousers..... 5 00

In addition we carry the finest line of Men's Summer Neglige Shirts, in India Gauze, Cheviot, Spun Silk and Ceylon, at much lower prices than the same goods are sold in New York. Ladies' Imported Sailor Hats from the world-renowned houses of

Knox, New York, White & Heath, of London. Also, Ladies' Blazers in all shades.

441 Wood Street.



ONLY AN ADVERTISEMENT

300 DOZEN UNLAUNDRIED SHIRTS

50 CENTS EACH,

These Shirts are made of Utica Nonpareil Muslin, good Linen Bosoms, Reinforced Felled Seams, and are of extra quality. The usual price is 75c, but we are selling

AS AN ADVERTISEMENT. Fleishman & Co.,

PITTSBURG, PA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

B. & B.

JUNE

Shall beat all records as to volume of sales if choice goods on a show more styles, more designs and experience what our small profit basis has done-built up a very large business. Our sales the first 5 months of this year, 1890, have so largely exceeded any correspondbusiness, which is to our customers' advantage as well as our own.

To start vigorously this "month of June" business, 1,000 yards 27 to 45-inch White

EMBROIDERED PLAITED SKIRTINGS

for Ladies', Misses' and Children's \$3 24. Dresses at

HALF PRICE.

\$2 00 goods at \$1 00, \$1 50 goods at 75, \$1 oo goods at 50.

Elegant and dainty 24, 27 and 45-inch Hemstitched and Embroilered Skirtings, 25c to \$2 50.

Fine and medium Embroidered

Edges, Insertings and All-overs, 5c to 75c a yard—designs and values both of which are exclusive to these stores, particularly the bargain

45-inch black-dotted Silk Fish Net, 6oc a yard; this superior and desirable bargain speaks for itself.

A special importation-45-inch Plain Black, All-silk Fish Net, 60c; what is the use of paying \$1 or even 75c for same goods—perhaps not as good a quality as this remarkable bargain at 6oc.

Black Chantilly LACE FLOUNCING.

65 inches wide, \$2 a yard; good value at \$4; but when we buy a bargain our customers are just as sure to get the benefit as they are to get 36 inches for a yard at these

stores. Double width

PLAIN MOHAIRS

In plain colors, 50c goods,

AT 25c. Double width English Suitings,

Checks and Stripes, 25c. Double width Striped Mohairs, 25c; just half the price that the importer intended they should retail for; we bought them at halfmarked, but a small profit moves

them promptly. 50-INCH MOHAIR STRIPED GLORIAS AT 50c.

ever been retailed-tariff or no handles, and all prices from tariff-over-production and excessive importations bring down the price, and we bought large lots at great concessions from Silks to French Satines; Scotch Zephyr best quality of Windsor, with Ginghams and Challies, Fine Dress silver and wood handles, and Goods, Paris Robes and Suitings this week that will interest you.

INDIA SILKS, 22 INCHES,

The choicest styles and best qualities you ever saw sold for the 27-inch Indias, 50c, 75c, \$1 and

Black Grenadines, Black Surahs,

Black Indias,

Black Hemstitched Surahs and Grenadines.

Boggs & Buhl,

Allegheny.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DANZIGER'S

Ladies' Blazers

Shirt Waists.

We have struck the popular taste vith our novelties in Blazers, Shirts, Blouses and Waists for Ladies. We small profit basis will accomplish more fabrics than any other two this end, and we know from past houses in the city, while many of our styles cannot be duplicated, our buyer having just returned from New York and brought many new, choice and novel styles along with ing season that we are emboldened him. We are thus placed in such to further effort in the same di- a position that we are far ahead of rection-small profits and a larger all competition in this particular

NOTE THESE PRICES:

Striped Blazers, \$1 74 to \$8. White Flannel Blazers, \$3 49 to \$6. White Flannel Blazers (Blue Revere and Cuffs), \$5 49, with cord and tassel.

1 74, \$1 98 and \$2 24. The New Norfolk Flannel Blouse. Wash Waist (with Belt), \$1 24

"Estelle Clayton" Shirt Waist,

and \$1 49. White Flannel Blouses, 48c to \$4 "The Demarest" Sateen Shirt,

Also a choice line of Ladies' Wrappers and Tea Gowns. Children's Dresses, age 4 to 12 years, in every style and fabric manufact-

NOTE .- See our display of these goods in the large Sixth street window.

DANZIGER'S,

Sixth St. and Penn Ave.

Pittsburg, Pa. UMBRELLAS

We have a very choice line 24-inch Umbrellas that can be used for rain or sun. These goods are the newest in the market, and all the best colors -Black, Blue, Brown and Cardinal-and the stocks are

Special bargain in 24-inch Umbrellas. We have a lot that we offer at a special bargain this week. They are in all colors, suitable for rain or shine, and have not before been offered for less than \$5; will sell them at \$3 each. They are all pure silk, fine natural wood sticks and very

stylish. Don't fail to see these, In 26-inch Umbrellas we

In 28-inch for gentlemen we have a very fine line of silver and wood handles, and these are new patterns and range in price from \$5 to \$10 each. Then we have a special good line of Gloria, with imitation silver on wood handles, at \$3 each. These are special good value.

PARASOLS.

We have still a good line of Parasols in all qualities and prices. We have a special line of striped at \$2 50 each, the very best value offered at this price. In Black Nett and Black Lace Parasols we have a large stock and very best qualities. In Children's Parasols we have them all sizes,

ment when convenient and see these goods.

Don't fail to visit the Um-

brella and Parasol Depart-

HORNE & WARD, 41 FIFTH AVE.

THE DISPATCH BUSINESS OFFICE HAS BEEN REMOVED

not be had for \$3 ten years ago. I would put the population of Allegheny county in the neighborhood of 400,000."

A large number of other business men were seen by DISPATCH reporters, but very few wished to go on record as hazarding any predictions as to the growth of the city or

Few industries have made the progress in the last ten years that the wrought iron pipe business has. In speaking of advancement,

business frequently know not the value of their property as rent producing, and an instance was given where a tenant's rent had been increased from \$600 to \$2,700 a

Samuel W. Black stated that real estate buying now who in former years expected to die renters. Capitalists have also found that there is an equal and safer return in real estate investment than in some kinds of manufacturing. In this Mr. Black sees no inflation, as the investments are made on busi-

EFFECTS OF RAPID TRANSIT. Rapid transit, while not injuring the value of downtown business property, has greatly increased that in the suburbs. This s especially marked along the line of the Central Traction Railway. Lots held at \$30 a foot front, but which could scarce be given away, will now sell readily at \$75 to \$100."

promise of good return from investments here. This clientage is scattered from Maine to California. These, also, formerly

gages each o: \$3,590 at a low rate of interest payable in installments of \$500 or \$1,000 each per year. This gives him \$70,000.

house covers, decreases.

The largest drug house in the world is said to be in St. Louis, and the trade of that house is confined to a few surrounding States. Mr. Kelly once shipped to Mexico, but his shipment to such a distance now can be counted with little difficulty. His own theory as to the cause of this is, that as the country developes, the center of distribution changes, and because he is confined to smaller territory now than ten years ago his trade has grown in proportion to the increase in population and demands of the district to which he has been confined. It is so with the trade generally.

Commendable There is also a great change in the last few years, says Mr. Beringer, by efforts of mechanics and day laborers to get homes of their own, instead of paying rents all their lives, and in the end have nothing to show for it, for no matter how humble a home it

SEVERAL OFFICIAL ESTIMATES.

Controller Morrow Thinks Pittsburg Will

ation of 126,800. Chief J. O. Brown, of the Department of Public Safety, estimates the population of Pittsburg at 260,000. He says: "For de-

is now building.
Crosby Gray, Chief Clerk of the Department of Public Safety, estimated the population of Pittsburg in 1880 at 155,000. He

fr. Stephen Collins Thinks Pittsburg Won't Stephen Collins, Superintendent of Mails, said: "My estimate of the population of Pittsburg would be 250,000. It may be more, I hardly think it will be less. That is an increase of 100,000 since 1880. From 1880

1880, and a number of the neighboring towns have grown rapidly. Their business is ted through Pittsburg, and this has swelled the trade of the city. However, I think when the result of the census is an-nounced that we will all be agreeably sur-

THE OBNOXIOUS QUERIES. PORTER SAYS THAT THEY WILL NOT BE INSISTED UPON

ever-The Supervisors Report a Very WASHINGTON, June 1 .- Mr. Robert P. Porter, Superintendent of the Census, has received telegrams from about a hundred of the Supervisors stating that they were thoroughly prepared to enter upon the work of taking the census to-morrow morning

nal classes might take advantage of the

We have added to our extensive stock during the last week some of the finest and most unique designs in Butter Plates and Spreads, Orange and Coffee Spoons, Salad and Oyster Forks, Ice Cream and Berry Sets, Asparagus Tongs, Cheese Scoops, and many other odd pieces. Some of the above are gilt and very attractive. We invite inspection.

- AT -

100 DOZEN SMYRNA MATS, 50c. And rugs of all kinds and sizes and prices. 5,000 Yds. Tapestry, 55c

This week larger than ever. Prices and quality

What a line for prices not yet heard of. \$4, \$5, \$6 and \$7 per roll.

Allegheny.



patterns and at prices even lower than was paid for inferior goods years ago. Below we give a few prices:

All-Silk Belts..... All-Silk Sashes...... 1 50

PAULSON BROS.

Or \$6 a Dozen.

MANUFACTURERS AND MERCHANTS INS. CO., 417 Wood st., Pittsburg Pac Capital. 9350,000 60 Assets, January I, 1800. 370,244 70 Directors—Charles W. Batchelor, President, John W. Charlant, Vice President: A. E. W. Painter, Robert Lea, M. W. Watson, John Wil-son, Joseph Walton, Wm. G. Park, A. M. By-ers, James J. Donnel, George E. Painter, John Thompson. Wm. T. Adair, Secretary; James

\$2 24.

ALWAYS THE CHEAPEST,

PARASOLS.

the finest natural wood with silver.

have a very choice line of No such desirable bargain has black, natural wood and silver the lowest to the highest.

colors and prices.