Liquor in Original Packages and in the Regular Army Occupies the

ISSUE OF THE HOUR.

# ATTENTION OF THE SENATE.

Earnest Arguments Made for and Against the Wilson Bill.

THE FAILURE TO REACH A VOTE.

A Demand for the Reopening of the Clayton Murder Case.

BRECKENRIDGE AFTER MORE EVIDENCE

The Senate again discussed the original package bill vesterday, but failed to reach a vote. Blair asserted that the usually dignified body was in no condition to decide a temperance question. The constitutional points of the measure were argued at length.

WASHINGTON, May 28 .- In the Senate to-day the bill subjecting imported liquors to the laws of the several States was again taken up, and Mr. Morgan made an argument against its constitutionality. Mr. Faulkner expressed himself as in favor of doing something, of passing some bill that would relieve the situation which now confronted Congress.

The question had been discussed as if it only affected Iowa and other prohibitory States, but it affected all those States in option prevailed. It he understood correctly the decision of the Supreme Court, it involved the question whether or not a State could collect a revenue from the license system, or could permit its citizens to have local option, or could prohibit the traffic in intoxicating liquors.

AN ADVOCATE OF LICENSE.

He believed (as the people of his State did) that the high license system was the true method of dealing with the question. He had given notice of an amendment (somewhat similar to the substitute since reported by the Judiciary Committee) providing that as soon as the article of spirits was delivered to the consignee at the place of destination all its characteristics as an article of commerce should cease, and it should become subject to the State laws.

The substitute as reported differed from his amendment in some respects, and in those respects he criticised it. He objected, for instance, to the use of the word "prohibition" in the substitute; and he suggested that the object could be attained by the use of the word "regulation."

THE IOWA IDEA.

Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, did not agree with Mr. Faulkner, and argued in favor of the substitute. Mr. Pugh argued in favor of the bill. The defeat of the bill would leave the States in a most serious predicament. He believed that the States had the power (without any legislation by Congress) to control the sale and use of intoxicants within their limits. The exercise of that sion of the Supreme Court, but its ex-

Mr. Turpie said that Senate of the United St

measure its value. [Laughter.] A discussion in criticism of the phraseology in the substituted report from the Judiciary Committee sprang up, in the course of which Mr. Edmunds had occasion to refer to Canadian whisky and Kentucky whisky, and he said that if he was forced to trink either he would stick to Kentucky all

the time. [Laughter.] After further debate a motion to adjourn disclosed the lack of a quorum. The motion was renewed with a like result. Mr. Blair again moved to adjourn, remarking that the Senate was in no condition to pass a temperance bill. The motion was agreed to, printed. and the Senate adjourned.

RAILROAD LEGISLATION. DEMAND FOR STATE AND NATIONAL

### UNIFORMITY. Statistics Showing the Number of Passes

gers and Employes Killed and Isjared-A Comparison of Great Britain and the United States. WASHINGTON, May 28 .- A national con-

vention of railroad commissioners met here which the systems of high licenses and local to-day. The subjects which it was called to consider relate to railroad legislation, uniformity in railway accounting, railway construction, etc. Judge Cooley, the Chairman of the Inter-State Commerce Commission, called the convention to order and made a brief opening address. Judge Cooley was elected Chairman, and Mr. E. A. Mosely Secretary. The report of the Committee on

Legislation, appointed at the last meeting, was then read. The report states that there were two causes for the lack of uniformity in railway legislation in this country-the first cause was the want of harmony between the legis-lation of Congress and that of the State Legislatures, and the second cause was the want of harmony in the legislation of the different States. The report recommended that the main features of the inter-State commerce law be made a part of the laws of the different States. It was also urged that laws be enacted by Congress securing uniformity in the various details of railroad equipment and management with a view to the greater safety and comfort of employes and the public. The recommendations of the report were ordered to be printed.

The day's session was consumed in discussing a series of resolutions embodying the views expressed in this report. During the session a statement compiled by the stat-istician of the Inter-State Commerce Com-

mission was submitted to the convention. showing the number of persons killed and injured in railway accidents in the United States during the year ended June 30, 1889. This statement shows that during that time, 5,823 persons were killed, and 26,309 injured. Of the number killed, 1,972 were employes, 310 were passengers, and 3,541 were denomi-nated, "other persons," Of the injured, 20,within their limits. The exercise of that invaluable right had been suspended by the and 4,135 were "other persons." The stateand 4,135 were "other persons." The state-ment further says: The railways of the United States carries 672,173,345 passengers during the year covered by this statement, from which it appears that 1 passenger in every 220,024 was injured. For the year 1888 the rate of casualty in England to passengers from railroad accidents was 1 pas-sengers from railroad accidents was 1 pas-senger in 6,942,836 killed, and 1 passenger in 527,577 injured. In judging of the above fig-ures, it should be noted that passenger mileage for a given cumber of tickets sold is much greater in the United States than in England, a fact which mitigates somewhat the severity of judgment upon railway management in the United States disclosed in the above com-parison.

	10 Proceeding
If the provision reported by the conference committee is not whipping the devil around the stump, I must say that I never saw that process before. The proposition to leave the control of the question to local legisla- tion seems indefensible, and so far as the Senate is concerned it would be a great deal more manly, more straight orward, more defensible to relinquish the whole thing ab- solutely and have the thing struck out, rather than have it mutilated and emascu- lated. Mr. Allison withdrew the report, and said he would call it up to-morrow morning. The consideration of the bill as to liquors in prohibitory States was resumed, and Mr. Call concluded his argument. Mr. Pierce criticised the arguments of some of the Democratic Senators, and made an argument in support of the bill.	atternoon until Monday. Decoration Day ceremonies will take a number of member out of town for two days, and it is felt that the House has carned a holiday after it prolonged assions on the tariff. <b>CALL'S PECULIAR SCHEME</b> . <b>Nipped in the Bud by One of the Clerks of</b> the Senate. <b>SPECIAL TRIEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR.1</b> WASHINGTON, May 28.—A pretty little plan arranged by Senator Call was frue trated to-day by one of the clerks of the Senate. Senator Call was true trated to-day by one of the clerks of the Senate. Senator Call is at pres- ent engaged in a very bitter personal controversy with W. D. Chipley, the Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, of Florids. Mr. Chip- ley sent to each Senator a pamphlet, giving
Mr. Turpic said that in his opinion the Senate of the United States had under the Constitution no duty whatever to perform on this ophicat and under the	ley sent to each Senator a pamphlet, giving an exhaustive review of Mr. Call's public record. The pamphlet contains some very bitter charges and scandalous attacks of a

Constitution no duty whatever to perform on this subject, and with respect to the personal nature, and naturally caused Mr. shadowy, thin, transparent, gauzy essence, or image of an essence, that is called "the moral sentiment behind prohibitory legisla-tion," he did not believe that we have the denomination of coin small enough to

The sked permission in open Senate to have his reply printed as a miscellaneous document under cover of a misleading de-scription. Without noticing the novelty of this request the Senate granted it. Mr. Call theremony stranged for the Call thereupon arranged for the printers a mass of manuscript about a foot thick. The matter contained in it had no reference whatever to any sub-ject before Congress. It was simply the Senator's reply to Mr. Chipley's pamphlet, and was more personal and abusive in its character than even that document. The

clerk who received this manuscript read it with amazement and reported the case to Vice President Morton. It will not be

# VAUX A CONGRESSMAN.

#### He Takes the Oath and Receives a Very Handsome Floral Tribute.

WASHINGTON, May 28 .- The House was called to order this morning by Speaker Reed. An immense floral tribute, fully four teet in height, adorned a front desk in honor of Mr. Vaux, Mr. Randall's suc-

cessor, who was present and the recipient of many congratulations and friendly greetings. After the reading of the journal Mr. O'Neill, of Pennsylvania, presented the credentials of Mr. Vaux and escorted him to the bar of the House, where the latter gentleman qualified as a Representative from the Third district of Pennsylvania.

Mr. Vaux affirmed, and as he took his seat he was greeted with applause. BOYCOTTING THE PENNS YLVANIA.

# Dealers in Southern Fruit and Vegetables

Will Use Other Ronds. TEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1

PHILADELPHIA, May 28 .- Thirty receivers of Southern fruits and vegetables met at the Produce Exchange to-day and decided to request shippers in the South to send all consignments to this city by way of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad and the Savannah and Clyde line of steamships, rather than by the Pennsylvania Railroad. The circular, of which 5,000 copies will be mailed, concludes as follows: In all cases where it shall be found practica-

In all cases where it shall be found practica-ble shippers will forward their consignments by the Atlantic Coast line and by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, by the Savannah and Clyde line steamships rather than by the route via the Atlantic coast line and the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. The Pennsylvania Rail-road Company new requires full payment of freight charges upon perishable freight and if a receiver will not pay the freight the company will receive no more perishable freight coa-signed to him without prepayment.

The receivers say that the great traffic in Southern truck which the Pennsylvania Railroad enjoys, was built up by them-sclves. General Freight Agent Joyce and General Agent Latta suggest that inspectors be appointed at Southern shipping points to see that the product is in fit condition for transportation before it is forwarded to the change on Monday next.

#### 1890. THE PITTSBURG DISPATCH

# THE EXILES' WO

# Briles.

BUFFALO, May 28 .- Mr. George Kenn who is npw in this city, was asked by a porter to-day whether he had anything say with regard to the recently publish interview in which Mr. Dunston, Vice C sul General of the United States in Russia,

seem to have the most rudimentary knowledge of the subject upon which he talks. He says that he has lived in Russia for 30 years, and it is therefore fair to presume that he reads the Russian language. If he official reports of the Russian prison administration for the last decade he would never have made, I think, the reckless and preposterous statements attributed to him. Even Mr. Galkin Vrassky, the Chief of the Russian Prison Department, will smile when he reads the assertion so confidently made by an American Consular officer that in many respects the Russian prison system is better than our own,

A SENSATIONAL STATEMENT.

"The most sensational statements that ] have made with regard to Russiah and Siberian prisons are quoted directly from the official reports of the Russian Prison De-partment and its officers. In my article upon "Russian Provincial Prisons," which Mr. Dunston, apparently, had not done me the honor to read, I crowded the text with foot notes to show that nearly all my information was derived from official sources. "That article has been more than two for years in print, and neither the Russian Government nor any of its defenders has ventured to dispute or question my refer-ences to official documents. If Mr. Dunston desires to counteract the pernicious influ-ence that I am supposed to be exerting in the United States he would do well to qual-ify himself for the task by looking through the published reports of the Russian Prison Department. He might, at least, save him-

self the humiliation of a discovery that he is denying the truth of facts long ago admitted and repeatedly admitted by the Russian Government itself over the signature of its chief prison officer. A RUSSIAN OFFICIAL QUOTED.

"As for the Siberian prisons in particu-lar I do not know what Mr. Dunston can possibly know about them, since he has pistol shot w of the back. reports of officers who have inspected them. He thinks that I misrepresented and exag-gerated their evils. It is unnecessary to discuss that question since their condition has been fully and frankly described by the Governor General of Eastern Siberia in the official reports to the Tsar, copies of which are in my possession. In the first of these reports Governor General Anutchin says; During my journey to Irkoutsk I inspected a great number of prison institutions, and I

PITTSBURG DISPATCH,	THURSDAY, MAY 29,	1
THE EXILES' WOES	the Russian prison system, they are not likely to be of much value to American merchants."	
Unce More the Subject of Discussion by George Kennan.	DESIRABLE IMMIGRANTS. CONSULAR INSPECTION FAVORED IN OR- DER TO SECURE THEM.	1
UNNECESSARY TO EXAGGERATE,	Potter Palmer on the Subject-An Ex-Con- anl Says a Good Word for the Be-	0
As His Statements Are Well Founded on Official Report.		C
A RUSSIAN OFFICER TELLS A STORY	tion resumed its sessions to-day. Potter Palmer, Esq., was the first witness. He	6
Of the Hardships and Privations of the Unfortunate Exiles.	thought that immigrants should only be allowed to come from certain specified ports in each foreign country, and at which ports they should be subjected to strict Consular	T
George Kennan, for some time a resident in Russia, interviewed on the charge of	investigation. He was opposed to fixing any educational qualification for admission to thus country.	W
Vice Consul Dunston that he exaggerated the condition of the exiles. Mr. Ken- nan modestly denies the allegation and quotes a Russian official's words in proof.	Charles Jonas, of Bacine, Wis., formerly United States Consul at Prague, Bohemia, was the next witness. He said he considered	y d s
BUFFALO, May 28Mr. George Kennau,	into this country. Not more than 2 per cent of them would be barred out by an educa- tional availation price birth by considered	2
who is npw in this city, was asked by a re- porter to-day whether he had anything to say with regard to the recently published	very desirable. He favored the exclusion of Polish Hebrews. He considered a consular	81 81
interview in which Mr. Dunston, Vice Con- sul General of the United States in Russia,	grants both practicable and desira- 1	te si

sul General of the United States in Russia, necused him of making exaggerated and sensational statements concerning Siberian prisons and the exile system. "I have little to say," replied Mr. Kennan, "except that Mr. Dunston does not rom making capital of the ignorance of the recently landed immigrant.

Mr. Owen, of the committee, in the course of Mr. Anderson's examination, took occasion to give the Immigration Inspector at Castle Garden a rap. He said: "I have that he reads the Russian language. If he timed the inspection at Castle Garden my-had taken the trouble to look through the self, and the inspection averaged 30 seconds to the immigrant. Such an inspection is of course nonsensical."

## DEFENDED HIS HOME

Against a Band of White Caps, Eager to Whip His Daughter.

SEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. AUGUSTA, May 28 .- A gang of Georgia White Caps were dispersed last night by a negro who defended his home and daughter at the peril of his own life with an axe. At Spring Place, shortly before midnight, a band of regulators visited Burtly Davis to administer a whipping on his daughter for having a quarrel with a white girl who lived near by. Davis was informed by some one that the White Caps were ng to visit his home, so he prepared give them a red-hot reception. When white Caps tapped at the door admittance Davis leaped from his d, grabbed his shotgun and fired barrels into the crowd. No however, was struck by the scattering

The crowd, after Davis had fired all his amunition away, surrounded the house and broke through the doors and windows. Davis, seeing that his fight had just begun, seized a pole axe near at hand and used the deadly weapon freely over the heads of his assailants. He struck and it is

#### THE BLUE AND GRAY. AN IMPERTINENT MANIFESTO. nele Wants the Newfoundland Dispu Settled the Way He Suggests. A Peculiar Reunion Held at the Chief PARIS, May 28 .- Deputy Deloncie, in an article in the Siecle on the Newfoundland City of Mississippi. dispute, calls the Newfoundland Legisla-

THE INFERIOR NAVY OF FRANCE.

More Ship Building is Needed and the Crews

Strengthened.

PARIS, May 28 .- The Budget Committee

to-day discussed M. Reache's report on the

condition of the French navy. The report

says that the navy is inferior to the navies of the Dreibund, and it attributes the

deficiency to the mode in which the credits

STRIKERS BECOME VIOLENT.

They Force Their Way Into Factories and

Cut Loom Warps.

VIENNA, May 28 .- The strikers at Pross

aitz are becoming desperate and are resort-

ing to violent measures. To-day they forced their way into several factories and cut the

Damaged by Fire and Water.

o-day on the White Star line steamer

Ceutonic, which is announced to sail to-

morrow for New York. The hold had to be flooded in order to extinguish the flames.

The damage to the cargo is believed to be

persons to-day. The murderer had been refused permission to visit a bull fight and

A New Consulate General.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 28 .- The Russian

The Pope Takes a Neutral Stand.

ROME, May 28 .- The Pope gave audience

-day to the Minister of Brazil. He prom-

KNOX MAKES QUAY LAUGH.

Ist's Visit to Washington.

For the purpose of coppering this re ward

the Colonel freighted himself in. He found

Colonel Quay in the Inter-State Commerce

Committee room. The meeting was cordial

in the extreme. The Senator pressed upon

him his pocketbook and a corner lot in the

NEW RELIGIOUS SECT.

the Way of Calves.

A new colony of strange people is farm-

ing on the reservation about 20 miles south-

who will not be one of them in their midst,

and all attempts to gain any information

SENATOR WOLCOTT'S BRIDE.

He First Met the Fair Baffaloulan at Colo

New York Press 1

rado Springs Years Ago.

Senator Wolcott and his bride are at the

ashington Herald.;

laugh.

this led to the commission of the crime.

Consulate at Ispahan, in Persia.

Mardered Five Persons.

strengthen the craws.

oom warps.

extensive.

ture's address to the Queen an impertinent manifesto, to which, he says, Lord Salisbury will send a fitting answer. It proves, how-ever, he continues, the urgent necessity for a solution of the question. If England only had the courage to make the proposals which he results unsult in angle to ORATORS FOR BOTH SECTIONS. Colonel Hooker Told of the Present Feeling had the courage to make the proposals which he recently suggested-namely, to submit the dispute to arbitration, to compensate the French fishermen and to give France some indemnity, such as territory in Africa, in return for her surrender of her diplomatic rights, together with an additional proposal reserving to France the right to buy bait in Newfound-land for the Great Bank fisheries, her over-tures would be favorably received and setin the South, While

GEN. KOUNTZE SPOKE FOR THE NORTH.

The Best of Feeling Was Exhibited by the Velerans of Both Armies.

tures would be favorably received and set-tlement would easily be arranged. General Kountze and Colonel Hooker Only let the two cabinets open negotia-tions seriously and the Colonial authorities would see that the hour for recrimination had passed, and that it would be to their im-mediate interest not to hinder the diplomacy of the home Gourgeneration were the orators at the Vicksburg reunion yesterday. Both delivered eloquent addresses. The most fraternal feelings were shown by both Union and Confederate veterans. of the home Government.

VICESBURG, May 28 .- The soldiers swarmed over the hills this morning in search of the scenes of their former glory, and there being nothing on the programme to require their presence in the city, the streets were comparatively quiet until 3 P. M. At that hour a large audience assembled at the pavilion to hear Hon. C. E. Hooker and General Kountze, the orators of the day.

C. E. Hooker's address was one of his are expended and to the general administra-tion of the Naval Department. most finished orations, and won the hearty applause of the entire assembly. While in no respect apologetic, it was a manly asser-tion of the sincere faith of the South in the ustice of its cause, at the same time according the honesty of purpose to others. TIME'S WONDROUS CHANGES.

General Kountze, in reply, complimented Colonel Hocker, and said he wished his re-General Kountze, in repir, complimented Colonel Hooker, and said he wished his re-marks could be heard in every city in the North. He then addressed the audience: Comrades who wore the blue and comrades who wore the gray, I thank you more than I have words to express for this generous recep-tion. I did not come here to make a speech, but to visit old scenes once more, to set foot upon ground so familiar to us all during those eventful days of 1563 and which has been consecrated by the blood of so many brave men. How hard to realize the swiftness of the flying years; more than a quarter of a century has passed since the blue and gray met in deadly conflict upon the historic fields. I am glad to be here andthank God that there no serious differ-ences to divide us; that the terrible struggle in which we were participants ended in a blessing for all, victors and vangulshed, and I rejolce in the good feeling dominant here to-day, that the love of country has grown so strong and the ties of union and friendship have been so firmly cemented that we who, 27 years ago, opposed each other upon the fields, meet to-day with no feelings other than good fellowsfip, save that of patriotism and the love of ar common country, the noblest and freest under the sun. VICKSBURG BATTLES BECALLED.

VICKSBURG BATTLES RECALLED. General Kountze then related at consider

able length thrilling incidents of the cam-paign on the Federal side in the vicinity of Vicksburg. Preceding the final surrender, he said:

Government is negotiating to establish a Consulate General at Balfrush, and a I need not tell you what a pleasing sight we ised to maintain a neutral attitude toward the Brazilian Republic. The Secret of the Sombrero-Covered Hamor Colonel J. Armoy Knox, one of the humorist writers for the Pittsburg DIS-PATCH came to town by slow freight the

other day. It appears that a few days prior to the opening of our tale Colonel Knox was swapping stories with Dr. De-

# A GROWING SOCIETY.

Reports Received at the Convention of Christian Scientists.

DEMANDS FOR MORE PREACHERS

7

And Cheaper Literature to Aid in the Progress of the Sect.

QUITE A NUMBER OF CHILD CONVERTS.

An Appeal to Rusiness Men to Identify Themselved With the Movement,

The Christian Scientists now in session in New York, are very enthusiastic. They have received reports from various sections of the country which they regard as highly satisfactory. The propaganda will be pushed.

IMPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE.

NEW YORK, May 28 .- The second day's session of the national convention of Christian Scientists met in the Lenvox Lycenm to-day. General Erastus N. Bates, of Chicago, presided. The special order of business in the forenoon was the consideration of the propagandist publications of the science, and as there was a considerable surplus in the treasury it was decided by a vote to devote this to cheapening the price of the books and tracts.

In the alternoon the exercises were led by for provisions which, it says, are far too heavy, and suggests an increase of the credits to expedite ship building and to Science in the world. These were among the testimonials delivered from the plat form.

GROWTH OP THE SECT.

CHICAGO-There are 817 Christian Scientists in the city and one organized church, besides in the city and one organized church, besides several smaller bands who meet in halls or private houses. There is a dispensary where healing is done and literature of the science dispersed. What is needed is a greater self-abnegation. Animal magnetism must be met and overcome. The nothingness of educated evil must be demonstrated, and a national Christian Science publishing house must be maintained. There should be less taiking and more curing of the sick.

mulntained. There should be less taiking and more curing of the sick. PRORIA-There are 25 members of the band of Scientists here. There is a great need of preachers. There have been many acquisi-tions from the ranks of church members. QUINCY-There are 20 believers here. Thirs teen of these have left the churches they be-longed to and have joined the Church of the Christian Scientists. BLOOMINGTON-Fifty have taken instruction in the science, and with few exceptions are LIVERPOOL, May 28 .- A fire broke out

biooxinoroa - Filty have taken instruction in the science, and with few exceptions are abiding in the truth, tired of feeding on husks of orthodoxy. The press is favorable but the pulpit is hostile to the science. The resding of these reports was followed by "practical talks," "A plea for children" MADRID, May 28 .- A farm servant at Cordoba murdered his master and four other

was the subject of a paper by Mrs. Amelia Chess, of Louisville. Children can under-stand the science of health much better than adults trained in a misguided way. Mrs. Chess said:

### CHILD CONVERTS.

Miss Annie Dodge, of the Murray Hill Hotel, related instances of children's knowledge of Christian Science that were warmly applauded. These are some of the stories:

stories: An article was lost by a child, who, while jooking for it said: "I am asking for under-standing to find it." It is needless to say it was found. A person was sick and a child visited the bedside and said: "Let me treat you." "What can you do?" said the Doctor. "I can do nothing" said the child. "God can do every-thing." The person was healed.

"Christian Science and business men," was the subject of Mr. George W. Delano's talk. "It is the habit of business men the world over," said Mr. Delano, "to drawa line between the business man at work and the business man on Sunday. He has no right, however, to make his minister act as a safe deposit wault in which to store his Christianity for the six business days of the week. All the churches the world around are suffering from lack of spirituality and they don't know how to get it. If business

one, however, was struck by the scattering shot. Davis next emptied every bullet from his seven-shooter, but again his aim was

istence had not been affected.

Mr. Call expressed his entire sympathy with the idea that the States had absolute control of the question of the traffic in intoxicating liquors and was willing to vote for almost any bill which would attain that Mr. Call yielded the floor to Mr. Allison, who presented the conference report on the army appropriation bill.

Mr. Ingalls inquired what had been done in regard to the Senate amendment prohibiting the sale of alcoholic liquors, beer or wine at canteens.

#### A MODIFIED PROVISION.

Mr. Allison said that the provision had been modified so as to read: "That no alco holic liquors, beer or wine shall be sold or supplied to enlisted men in any canteen or post trader's store in any State or Territory in which the sale of alcoholic liquors, eer or wine is prohibited by law."

Mr. Paddock-That "gives away" the whole proposition.

Mr. Blair-I suppose that the Senator from Iowa means to be understood that the Senate conferees found it necessary to yield to h House conferees.

Mr. Allison-I do so wish to be under-

Mr. Blair-And, of course, no one will fail to understand that this is an entire surrender of the proposition,

Mr. Ingalis-It is a surrender of the control of the army of the United States to the of the investigation and examination of a different States in which troops may happen to be located.

#### A CONCESSION TO THE HOUSE.

Mr. Allison-I do not wish to go into the question now, as I promised my colleague (if the report occupied any time) to withdraw it so as not to interfere with my colleague's bill. I will say, however, that the House conterees were unanimous in their persistency that the proviso inserted by the Senate should not remain in the bill. The phraseology adopted by the conference committee is the same that was proposed, sup-ported and maintained in the House by those who desired to restrain the liquor the army.

Mr. Ingalls-The statement is not in or-Mr. Allison-Then I withdraw it. When

the Senator from New Hampshire and the Senator from Kausas say that the committee surrendered the whole question, I must be permitted to disagree with them. 0: course, this provision only applies to States and Territories where the prohibitory law prevails-as it does in South Dakota and in some other States where troops are garri-

Mr. Paddock-I think it is within the bounds to state that ninetcen-twentieth of the troops are outside of States and Territories where the prohibitory law is in force.

#### NOT A GOOD EXAMPLE.

Mr. Allison-Our attention was called to the fact that there are a great many troops stationed in the District of Columbia, when Congress has exclusive jurisdiction, and where there are said to be between 500° and 1,000 saloons. The conferees on the part of the Senate did the best they could in the matter, and if it is a surrender, then it is a surrender

Mr. Blair-It strikes me that the language adopted is a substantial surrender of the Senate provision and that the army canteen will remain in substantially full force, and if so, it should be understood by the coun-

try. Mr. Allison-And if not, I hope it will not he so understood.

Mr. Ingalis-The more this matter is studied, the more obnoxious it appears to me. Either the control of the army (so far erned) ought to be in the United States, or it ought not to be. Some soldiers ought pot to be allowed to have access to the flowing bowl and the festive canteen, and other soldiers denied it. The army ought to be subjected to one system of control. Congress ought either to say that all soldiers shall have an

OPPORTUNITY OF GETTING DRUNK.

SALOON MEN NOT WANTED.

The Ohio Grand Lodge K. of P. Change Their Constitution.

CLEVELAND, May 28 .- At the meeting of the Ohio Grand Lodge of Knights of Pythias, held here to-day, the constitution of the order was amended in reference to the admission of members, as tollows:

CAUSED BY LOW SALARIES.

Change Business Relations.

Door, and May Die.

ARRESTED FOR MURDER.

May Prove an Alibl.

A BOYCOTT AT AN END.

of Warren, Ind., at Peace.

sailants are in jail.

Sailor's

an alibi.

barm

No persons shall be initiated into a lodge who is under 21 years of age, nor unless he be a white male person of good moral character, sound in health, mind and body, and a believer in the Supreme Being, and not engaged in the trafficking in spiritu-ous, vinous, malt or any intoxicating liquors, and the phrase "trafficking in intoxicating liquors," as used in this section, means the buying, or the procuring and selling of, or manufacturing intoxicating liquors, un-less such selling buyon. No persons shall be initiated into a lodge The number of railway employes in the United States is given as 704,736.

### DEMAND FOR MORE LIGHT. FRESH EVIDENCE OFFERED IN THE

ARKANSAS CONTEST. less such selling be upon the regular prescrip tion of a reputable physician in active practice or for known medicinal, mechanical, pharms Breckloridge Anxious That the Clayto ceutical or sacramental purposes.

Murder and His Election Shall be More Fully Investigated - Garland Present His Plen to the Committee. WASHINGTON, May 28 .- Representative Lacey's sub-committee of the House Com-

mittee on Elections, which has been investigating the election of Representative Breckinridge, of Arkansas, to-day received a

formal application from Mr. Garland, the attorney for Breckinridge, for a prolongation number of witnesses. The application recites the fact that certain precincts in Woodruff county have been dealt with by the commitpany's service as a result of the recent cut in

tee, although the United States Court had affirmed the correctness of the returns, and the detendant had not presumed that an attempt would be made to deprive him of the small contingent of colored votes there received. The application reads: entirely alone.

> ATTACKED THE EVANGELIST. Pupil Orator Assaulted at the Church "SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

small contingent of colored votes there re-ceived. The application reads: As the proceedings of the committee, how-ever, indicate that an intermon to reverse the findings of the election officials and of the United States District Court by the testimony of the few negroes defendant had voting for him, how exposed to the proscription of their Church and race if they confessed in public how they voted, and to cast out these precincts except in so far as the votes may be proved up anew, it is desired to prove up the defendant's vote. It is true the change in the small Democratic negro vote, apparently proposed by the committee, does not defend defendant, but if they propose to cast ont the white vote and only houd on to the Republican vote, that would defeat him. He asks, therefore, to prove up his vote at these precincts, provided it is contemplated by the committee to refuse the reports of the officials and findings of the United States Court which tried and acquitted these officials and poll hooks and all other evidence before it. If it is pro-posed to count, the Republicans who did not vote at Monroe townshin (where no election was heid), defendant requests that the Demo-crats be also polled, and that he be permitted to prove that the failure to hold an election was due to the Republicans. Other matters that it is desired to prove are that the Democratic party usually receives 10 per cent of the colored vote in Woodruff county; that colored men who desired to vote the Democratic incident were prevented from doing so by church influence or denied voting in that were made by the Democratis to detect the

so by church influence or denied voting in that way from fear of race proscription; that efforts were made by the Democrats to detect the murderer of John M. Clayton; that colored Democrats in Cornerstone had difficulty in voting their ticket, and that Powell Clayton be examined relative to his written request that race troubles be reported to him for campaign uses.

Evidently the defense is not satisfied with the conclusion of the sub-committee that the theory of Clayton's murder by Hooper is groundless, for Mr. Garland asks that further testimony be taken on that point from the Sheriff o' Los Angeles, and other persons in California.

A Bill for the Bank. WASHINGTON, May 28 .- Rep resentative Hitt, of Illinois, to day introduced in the House the bill to carry into effect the recommendations of the International American Conference for the incorporation International American Bank.

A DETERMINE A DETERMINE A DE LA DESTRUCTION DE L

An Adjournment Until Monday. WASHINGTON, May 28 .- It is the inten-

tion of the Republican leaders in the House or that none shall have the opportunity, to secure an adjournment from Thursday with the "chibition.

regret to have to say that with the exception of the prison eastles in Krasnoyark, Irkoutsk and Etapes they are all in a lamentable condition. The Etapes are par-

ticularly bad.' "In a later report the Governor General declares that notwithstanding the longpracticed exile of criminals, the exile system is in the most unsatisfactory condi-

tion. A BAD SYSTEM.

"The Etapes forwarding prisons and other prisons, with the very fewest exceptions, are tumble-down buildings in bad sanitary condition, cold in winter, saturated with miasma, and to crown all, affording very little security against escapes. The prisons in Nizhoi, Udinsk, Chita, Nerchinsk, Blagoveschehinsk and Nikolaevsk, astound one by their bad condition. The reasons for such a melancholy condition of the prisons are many. They are had because all the prison buildings in the Empire, except the principal ones recently built, are bad, and specially because they were built rapidly, with insufficient means and almost entirely without supervision, either administrative Two Well Known Express Companies or technical."

"Speaking in the same report of the life exiles on the road the Governor General says: Parties of prisoners, under guard of a con-voy command, go on foot to Etapes, and are CHICAGO, May 28 .- Mr. A. B. Wygant for many years general agent of the United States Express Company, stated to-night ble months on the way, while the hard that he would in a few days sever his conlabor convicts, who must go to the upper Amoor, do not reach their destination in less nection with the company, to engage in other business. Mr. Wygant said a number of the employes were also leaving the comthan a year from the time when they enter Eastern Siberia.

#### CONDUCIVE TO DEBAUCHERY.

A report, apparently well founded, was "In the Etapes the criminals and their friends who voluntarily accompany them are kept as far as possible in separate cells, in circulation this evening to the effect that nereafter the Wells Fargo Company and the Northern Pacific Express would be but they spend the greater part of the day operated entirely independent of one another. The idea is the Northern Pacific now teels gether The scenes of debauchery to be witnessed here cannot possibly be described. All the shame and conscience that a prisitself in a position strong enough to work

oner has left is lost here completely. "Here go to ruin also the families that

voluntarily accompany criminals into exile without regard to age or sex. The subsistence of the prisoners on the road is very expensive to the Government, but the exiles nevertheless are badly fed. Receiving food soney, in the shape of cash in hand, they rarely have warm food and are very scantily HILLSDALE, MICH., May 28 .- At the subsisted. Although innumerable rules have been established by law for the regulaclose of a religious meeting which O. C. Nash, of this city, was conducting at tion of the exile system, such rules become, for the most part, dead letters from the very day of their enactment, on account of their Moshersville, this county, he was pounced upon at the church door by Moses Ackles and impracticability and the absence of super-Robert Ingalls, of that place, and knocked down. Then one of them sat on the preaches while the other pounded him with a club.

AN ODIOUS COMPARISON

At first his hurts were not supposed to be "In the light of these extracts from official serious, but the doctors say Nash was injured eports of the Governor General of Eastern Siberia to the Czar, I should like to ask Mr. internally and will probably die. His as-Dunston in what respect he thinks the Russian prison system is better than our own, and what raises the prison's description by Governor General Anutchin to an equal

plane with any in our own country? Wealthy Farmer Charged With the Crime "But perhaps he thinks the Governor Gen-

eral of Eastern Siberia is also a sensation-alist given to exaggeration. Such is not the AUGUSTA, ARK., May 28 .- Walter Daniels, a well-to-do farmer of Jackson opinion of a better informed and more competent judge than the American Vice county, has been arrested for the murder of Harrison Sailor, colored, at Riverside last Consul General.

"On the very report from which I have just Sunday night. At the examining trial to-day a negro quoted, the present Czar, Alexander III., has indorsed in his own handwriting the woman testified that she recognized Daniels significant words, 'A melancholy but not a new picture.' Will Mr. Dunston try to as one of the mob of ten who entered house when he was shot and his wife was wounded. It is the opinion that maintain that the Czar of all the Russias Daniels will have no difficulty in proving is also a sensationalist given to exaggeration of the defect of his own system of govern ment?

WISE TO MAKE A CHANGE.

"The Montreal Herald, in an editorial sug-

The Farmers' Alliance and the Business Mer gested by Mr. Dunston's statements, re-marks pertinently that if long residence in DECATUR, IND., May 28 .- The boycott St. Petersburg has the effect of making an American citizen a defender of the system scently instituted by the Farmers' Alliance of Government in Russin, it would seem wise on the part of the United States to against the business men of Warren, Ind., which esused widespread interest, has been change the sphere of their officials' duty at reasonable intervals.

declared at an end aud now all interests are "I would only add that if Vice Consu harmonious. The News of that place, which suspended, will resume publication, and the tri-county fair managers have determined to go ahead General Dunston's reports to the Consular Bureau with regard to trade and commerce in Russia are made with as little knowledge of the subject as his statements concerning

few blocks and the locality is one visited by almost every stranger who wishes to see the sights of New York. The profits at Daly's house are often as

high as \$20,000 or \$30,000 in a single day. When the game is opened at night the dealer starts in with no money in the drawer, and the first money that is deposited there is that passed in by the player who first buys checks. The dealer has several thousand dollars in cash in his pocket, but he does business in this way in order to avoid the

# WAIST DEEP IN MONEY.

uess With Circus Devotees.

paper stating the amount thus abstracted is placed in the drawer. It is always easy, therefore, for an observer to tell whether or not the house is ahead or behind on the Tom Kelly, Barnum's ticket seller, goe through the whole process of receiving night's play. If it is ahead the drawer is filled with bills; and if it is behind the the money, giving the ticket and making

drawer is empty. THREATENED WITH LYNCHING.

Murderer of Two Men Strongly S of Killing His Wife. SEDALIA, MO., May 28 .- The discovery made to-day that John Williamson, unde arrest for the murder of Jefferson Moore and his son. Charles Moore, was also the probable murderer of his own wife, has aroused a storm of indignation against the prisoner. Sheriff Smith to-day received

information that a lynching party was being organized out of Moore's neighb orbood, and that an attack would probably be made upon the jail to-night or to-morrow night. Sentries have been placed on the roads entering the city. The watch at the jail has been doubled and all the guards armed to resist the anticipated attack.

### A WARNING TO COMEDIANS.

suit for Damages Brought Because of an Alleged Local Joke.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATCH. 1 Sr. Louis, May 28 .- Jeff Storts, a lawyer of this city, has sued the management of the 'Pair of Jacks" troupe, which played here last week, for \$300 damages for libel. Comedian W. L. Russell perpetrated several local

"gags" during his performance. One of them coupled Stort's name with that of a lady, and the lawsuit was a speedy result. Bonds were furnished, and the case will be tried in a week.

### HE EMBEZZLED \$20,000.

Wayward Confidential Clerk Captured in Marquette, Mich.

KANSAS CITY, May 28.-Information was received to-day at the office of the Austin Investment Company, that Elba Allen, the confidential clerk who ran away with \$20,000 of the company's money, has been captured by the detectives at Marquette, Mich., whence he will be brought back to this city for trial.

### Royalty Expected at the Falls.

NIAGARA FALLS, May 28 .- The Duke and Duchess of Connaught and party will arrive at the Clifton House here on Saturday afternoon and remain until Monday morning, when they will visit Buffalo to spend the day, the Duchess being desirous of seeing an American city before returning to England. The party will leave Buffalo Tuesday afternoon for Montreal, Ottawa

and Quebec. To Flood the Mines.

PITTSTON, May 28 .- All attempts to exinguish the fire in, No. 4 shaft at Port Blanchard, which has been raging for the past three weeks, have proven futile, and at a meeting of Pennsylvania Coal Company officials it was decided to flood the mine. This method of getting control of the fire, although costly, is the only sure one, and the officials hope thereby to save the mine from total decided from total destruction.

answered from the hills by the guns of the Warren Light Artillery. The veterans of the Coufederacy banqueted the late soldiers of the Union at the Southerners' armory this evening. To-morrow the city will be deserted for the battlefield of Port Gibson and Champion Hill. necessity of keeping books. If the bank loses before enough money has been taken in to pay the amount lost it is taken from the bank roll, and a piece of How the Lightning Ticket Seller Does Busi-

town of Beaver, both of which were de-clined with thanks. He then asked him to run for Governor of Pennsylvania on the New York Press, 1 Greenback ticket, which, owing to previous engagements, Colonel Knox, was also compelled to decline.

"I understand, my dear Senator," said change in three movements with the regu-Colonel Knox, playing on his sympathetic register, "that you have not laugh larity of clockwork. The ticket window is my esteemed cotemporary, Colonel Bill Nye, about four feet above the bottom of the in a rash and unguarded moment in a New wagon. Mr. Kelly sits upon a high stool, York paper, wrote certain articles reflecting with a large sum of money in dollars, upon your ability to pack a town caucus halves and quarters piled upon a shelf on and to count up a quorum at a Monday night's session of the Legislature." his right. A corresponding shelf on the "I have not laughed since then," ejaculeft is covered with tickets and half tickets. All this is arranged before the window is opened. A line of several hundred impalated the Senator, solemnly. "Well, my dear man, this thing must not go on. Paresis, Bright's disease softening of tiently clamoring people wait outside, Mr. Kelly climbs upon his stool, takes a the brain, indigestion, are bound to come. You must laugh with me. Positively you long, deep breath and opens the window. Money is received in his right hand and must laugh with me; the salvation of the country depends on your laughing with me. dropped upon the floor. The thumb of the left hand has in the meantime pushed a I have brought down a joke with me in my valise. Fortunately my valise is at the door. I will get the joke. Ha! Ha! Ha! It is a new joke. I told it to Henry Carey ticket from the pile, and the right hand has selected, mechanically; the change and presented it to the purchaser. No attempt is made to pile up the money received. It is Lea, of Philadelphia, and, he laughed so much that he actually went and wrote that literally dropped, and when the show com open letter. Harrison wants another term. Ha! Ha! Ha!" mences Mr. Kelly sits like a buoy sur-

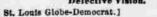
rounded by a sea of money, the crests of whose waves mount up to and press closely "Harrison wants what?" "Another term. Ha! Ha!" around his waist and almost on a level wit Harrison wants another term?" screamed Senator Quay. Ha! Ha! Ha! Best joke Harrison wants another term?" the window ledge. After the performance commences, and no

of the century. Ha! Ha! Ha!" It will thus be seen that Colonel J. more people want tickets, Mr. Kelly closes the window and steps carefully over this bed of money. Then, and not till then, is Armoy Knox's visit to Washington was not any attempt made to count and assort this in vain.

sum, which amounts to several thousand dollars in pieces of all denominations. A Colony That Is Given to Burnt Offerings in

### TROUBLES OF THE EYES.

The Habit of Reading in Bed is a Cause of Defective Vision.



east of Pierre, S. D. It seems that they Poor eyesight is becoming more prevalent are the nucleus of a new and fanatical with each succeeding generation. This is religious sect. They are under the leadership of a woman, and hold their property not because the human race is deteriorating, all in one common lot. The woman is but because the eye is abused more. Sleepless and nervous people have a habit of reading themselves to sleep after they have rather handsome and of commanding presence, and rules over the colony of about retired to bed. More eyes are injured by this habit than by any other cause. A per-200 in a rather despotic manner. Their religion savors somewhat of the Mormon son in a reclining position can not get the right focus without straining the eye, and and some of the old Jewish religion, and on Saturday last they offered burnt offerings in the way of calves, etc. They positively refuse to allow strangers this is what hurts.

### A GRUMBLER'S JOKE.

from them by the ordinary means have tailed. They have called their town Moab. Tired of Running His Elevator, but Equal to the Humorous, Nevertheless.

An old gentleman who runs an elevator not far from the city postoffice is a chronic grumbler. He is always complaining about

the long hours and the confining work. The other day he was taking a party up and airing his grievances as usual. "Do you have to run this car up all day

long?" asked a sympathizer. Gilsey House. There has been considerable "No," replied the man, in a good old rich brogue, "I run it down half the day." curiosity in the East to know how and when and where the Colorado Senator became ac-

#### quainted with the fair Buffalonian. It was THE UNITED PRESBYTERIANS. at Colorado Springs that they first met. The

lady's first husband, ex-Congressman Bass, was there for his bealth. He died there, I beleive. He and Senator Wolcott were old Thirty-Second Annuni Assembly in Session nt Buffale.

BUFFALO, May 28.-Two hundred churchfriends, and as the Senator was at the Springs often a warm friendship sprang up between himself and Mrs. Bass, which men were in attendance at the opening session to-night of the thirty-second General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church ripened into a warmer affection after her husband's death. I am told that Mrs. Bass is a woman of beauty and intellect, who will shine in Washington society. of North America. The Assembly will continue about ten days. Three hundred delegates are expected.

pew in the Grand Central depot, when the men will give Christian Science careful doctor incidentally mentioned that there study I am bold to declare that they will bewas a standing reward of \$500 in gold for come Christian Scientists." the man, woman, or child who could make Senator Quay, the chairman of the Re-

red since

There was a reception in the evening given by the students of the science in New publican National Committee laugh, a York and Brooklyn.

### GILLESPIE'S PHANTON OXEN.

#### An Experience That Explains the Average Ghost Story Very Easily.

Punxsutawney Spirit.] D. C. Gillespie, Esq., of Big Run, was driving along a county road in a buggy early in the morning, when he caught up to and passed an ox team. After driving on some distance further he looked up and saw in front of him the same, identical ox team, He looked closely at it and observed many letails that had previously escaped his tice. His first imgression was that it was nother ox team, but as it kept precisely

the same distance ahead of him no matter

how fast he drove, he began to suspect that

It kept on in that way for fully half a

mile before it finally dissolved from his

view and so real was the vision that Mr. Gillespie got out of his buggy and examined

the road critically to see if it had left any track. It had rained the night before and

his was the first vehicle on that part of the road, so that he had no difficulty in satisfy-

This was plainly the result of the impres-

sion made upon the retina of the eye by

looking at the real ox team. Everyone has

not often see, with our eyes tightly closed.

perfect photographs of objects and scenes that were probably witnessed days, perhaps

sion on the retina as the one above related

proves that the effect of external influences

on nerve vesicles is not necessarily transi-

impressions are recorded upon it to be re

CO-OPERATIVE PRINTING.

A Society in Gid Engiand That Has Had

The twenty-first anniversary of the Co-

operative Printing Society has just been

celebrated here. In 1869, a few working

men in Manchester, mostly connected with

operative Printing Society. About the

middle of that year suitable premises were

obtained, and business was commenced. In 1872, a branch was established in

Newcastle, where the question of new

premises for an increasing trade is now a matter of urgency; and still more recently,

under the same auspices, a printing works has been opened in London. As illustra-

tive of the progress of the threefold concern, it is stated that, between 1879 and 1889, the

trade at Manchester has increased 113 per cent, and that at Newcastle 75 per cent;

cent, and that at Newcastre to business of while at the London branch the business of 1889 exceeded that of 1888 by 17 per cent.

Society, at the coming-of-age of that institu-tion, have clearly substantial ground for

When the Body is Tired From

Overwork, Use

**ROGERS' ROYAL** 

NERVINE

To Cure Pimples, Blotches and

Eruptions, Take

**ROGERS' ROYAL** 

HERBS

satisfaction and self-congratulation

the printing business, laid their heads to-gether, and decided to commence a Co-

Phenomenal Succoss,

tory. The mind is like the phonograph;

Do we

ing himself that it was only a vision.

had somewhat similar experience.

years, before? Such a duration of

it was a phantom.

produced at will.

lewcastle, Eng., Chronicle.]