MORE ANSWERS

# PITTSBURG, MONDAY, MAY 19.

# Another Scene in the Bayne-

Bynum Battle Expected To-day.

At the Disgrace Heaped Upon Their Big Indiana Colleague.

WILSON WILL TAKE THE FLOOR

To Reply to the Statements Made in the

THE GLASS WORKER STILL IN THE RING

The conflict in the House will hardly subside without further trouble. Wilson, of West Virginia, will attempt to reopen the battle to-day. The Democrats are eager to revenge the censure meted out to Mr. Bynum. More exciting scenes are, therefore, probable.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE, I it were possible a resolution to call Bayne before the bar of the House to-morrow would be offered by the Democrats, but that is not

WILSON TO THE PRONT.

son, of West Virginia, to rise to-morrow to a point of personal privilege, and discuss the Campbell letter and Colonel Bayne's connection with it, but if he does it is no probable he will provoke a row, for Mr. Wilson has always shown himself to be a gentleman of a very refined type in his conduct on the floor of the House, a very model of calmness and courtesy. The Campbell affidavit put him and Bynum in the same box, but two men more dissimilar in impulse and action could hardly be found.

If Mr. Wilson speaks, it is expected that he will, while reiterating his denial of the charges of Campbell, comment severely on the use that has been made of the matter on both sides of the House, and deprecate personalities either from one member to another or on the part of a member toward s layman, who has no defense and who can be insulted and blackguarded with impunity.

ANOTHER SCENE PROBABLE. It is also the intention of McMillin, of Tennessee, who was mentioned in the Campbell letter, to get the floor if possible for a personal explanation, and if he does there may be another scene, though he is usually parliamentary even while he is most furious. Many Republicans think Bayne equally guilty with Bynum, and fully deserving of censure. Mr. McKinley intimated in his speech vesterday that if Mr. Bayne's words had been taken down be

for speaking in contempt of the dignity by making an effort to expel the bold man from Indiana for uttering this dramatic definance of the Speaker, for though the remark was audacious, it cannot be made to appear unparliamentary or in contempt of that indefinite thing known as the dignity

of the House. REED BECOMING WEARY.

Speaker Reed is sick and tired of the the Speaker's famous nerve, and there has been much comment on his surrender to the Democrats when the members of the minority gathered about Bynum in front of the bar of the House, and refused point blank to take their seats. Reed did not have the courage to make the fight on them which every one was expecting him to make, and he abandoned the field and left the minority

Surprise is expressed that the Speaker did not direct the Sergeant-at-Arms to shoulder the big mace and march through the hall, ordering members to take their seats. If he had done so every Democrat would have respected the symbol of authority, and order would have been restored. Reed's nerve appeared to have failed him, and he suffered Mr. Springer, whom he detests more than any of the other Democratic leaders, to say: "We won't do it," when the Speaker called upon the members standing in front of the Chair to resume their sents.

EMBRYO DEMOCRATIC LEADERS. This Bayne-Bynum episode has brought to the front a number of the Democrats who are likely to contend for the leadership of their side of the House, with an eye to the Speakership of the Congress in case their party can secure a majority therein. During Mr. Carlisle's absence Mills and Springer have been the leaders of the minority, the former taking Mr. Carlisle's place and the latter doing the active work

It was Springer's fighting qualities which kept the Democrats up to their work in defense of their colleague. He showed himself more than a match for the Republicans in parliamentary tactics, and for seven

superior numbers he marshaled the minority and marched them down to the open space in front of the Chair and by taking a bold stand there treated the committee to report the bill from the Committee of the Whole to the House country to the novel scene of Tom Reed's backbone in a state of collapse. Now that Mr. Carlisle is going over to the Senate, Springer is likely to become the leader of the Democratic forces in the House, and this means that he will be a formidable candidate for the Speakership.

HAVE A LITTLE COMBINATION. Mills and Springer seem to have an understanding by which the latter is to go for the Speakership and the former fall into his old place as Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee and leader of the

actors in the little drama, are both strong men, and either of them is likely to push forward to the leadership. Bynum has a reputation as a fighter, being a man of great physical courage and strength. As Speaker of the Indiana House of Representatives he quelled two or three Republican insurrections, and gave evidence of the possession of nerve and ability fully equal

Outhwaite, of Ohio, who also was promi nent in the scrimmage of yesterday, is a rising man and a possible candidate for Speaker. Judge Crisp, who is generally recog-nized as one of the ablest men of the minority and likely to be Springer's strongest rival for leadership, was ill yesterday and unable to take part in the battle.

CAMPBELL'S STATEMENT. Ex-President Campbell, of the Window

Glass Workers' L. A. 300, does not seem auxious to indulge in any continuation of the acrimonious proceedings which diversified Saturday's session of the House of Representatives. He said, last night, when asked what he thought of Mr. Bynum: "Mr. Bynum's gross and unwarranted at-tack upon Colonel Bayne could only be expected from an Indiana Democrat, and that Democrat, Bynum. His brazen attitude when he received the formal censure of Speaker Reed reveals the moral obtuseness which enabled him deny the paternity of his expression about \$15 a month. But there is nothing to be gained in prolonging the discussion. I may go to Washington, but cannot say for certain."

"The Trades Council threatens to oppose

Colonel Bayne because of his defense of you Mr. Campbell. "That will be a great piece of good for-tune for Colonel Bayne. But the entire occurrence cannot but be construed in Colonel Bayne's favor. To have his opponent in an altercation called up and censured is more glory than the average Congressman reaps in a life time. The real truth of this matter is that the Democrats brought the matter up just before the Jean-nette case was tried in order to affect the jury. I saw William J. Brennen in Washington two weeks ago and I should not wonder if he had something to do with it. As to my reputation, as the opposite of what Mr. Bynum characterized me, I don't feel called upon to say anything. Here is a letter never before published which may in-terest the public:"

The letter is from General Master Workman Powderly to President Harrison, and treats of some private matters. A quotation from it is as follows:

I have known Mr. Campbell for many years and can heartily recommend him as a man of sterling honesty and good executive ability. He is a tried man in labor ranks and a staunch protectionist. His record stands without blemish; not even the suspicion of a misdeen

### SOUTHERN DEMOCRATS WORKING THE WIRES AGAINST A FEDER-AL ELECTION LAW.

Trying to Effect a Combination With the Free Colunge Advocates-Some of the Western Members Are Willing to Sac rifice Everything for Silver.

PERCIAL TRINGRAW TO THE DISPATOR WASHINGTON May 18 -The Democrats of the House and Senate have been nutting their heads together and have informally arranged a course of action on the silver question, by which they feel confident of their ability to defeat enactment of a federal election law. The Senate will probably pass a practrically tree coinage bill, but without the aid of the Democrats in the House the bill cannot become a law. It is well known that Speaker Reed is opposed to the 'ree coinage of silver, and up to the present time no measure of importance has passed the House unless sanctioned by this autocrat

from Maine.
The Republicans in the House are divided on this question. The Democrats generally favor free coinage, but, much as they desire to obtain it, they do not propose to vote for it unless the free coinage Republicans pledge themselves not to vote for a federal election law. Western Republicans and Western Democrats are anxious to pass the free coinage bill, but owing to the antagonism of Mr. Reed and Eastern Republicans, the bill will fail unless Southern ocrats vote for it. The latter appreciate the advantage they have and intend to profit by it. While personally they favor profit by it. While personally they favor free coinage, as do their constituents, they are prepared to take a stand against it and to go to the stump and say to their people: "We have voted against this bill, and we have done it in order to prevent the passage of a federal election law. Which would you rather have—free coinage or federal control

This is the position the Democrats have taken. Western Senators, as a rule, care little for the federal election bill, but they care a great deal for the silver bill, and they will not be willing to face their people and admit that the defeat of free coinage was due to a partisan desire to fasten on the Southern people federal interference in State elections, a condition which they would hardly like to see in their own States. As far as can be learned no formal agreement has been entered into, but the Republicans are well aware of the fact that if they persist in foisting their obnoxious election law upon the people of the South, the Democrats will undoubtedly defeat the free coinage of silver.

# SILVER IN THE SENATE.

POSSIBILITIES OF THE COMING WEEK IN CONGRESS.

Election Case Which Will Probably be the Cause of Some Trouble-Opposition to the Wool Sections of the Tariff Bill. WASHINGTON, May 18 .- Silver will be the principal topic of discussion in the Senate again this week. Senator Stewart has given notice of his purpose to address the Senate on this subject Wednesday. The addresses in memoriam of the late Representative W. D. Kelley, of Pennsylvania, will be delivered on Tuesday afternoon, and Saturday will be devoted to the calen-dar. These are the only probable interrup-

tions of the silver debat The Naval appropriation bill will, it is expected, be reported early in the week, but it will not be called up for action until the silver question has been disposed of. If the Finance Committee can find suitable opportunity the Tariff bill will be taken up in committee for consideration, so that an early report may be made thereon to the Senate, but as the members of that committee are all more or less interested in the silver de-bate it is doubtful if any progress will be made on the tariff until after the Silver bill

Wednesday, when yea and nay votes, de-pending in number upon the number of amendments made to the bill, will be in order. The wool sections are to be the subject of attack again in this way, and, altogether, the proceedings promise to consume considerable time unless a special rule is reported from the Committee on Rules to hasten the conclusion.

The Elections Committee intends to call

up the Alabama contested election case of McDuffie versus Turpin immediately after the tariff bill is disposed of, and, as the report of the committee in favor of the con-testant involves the inversion of an apparent majority of 8,000, a bitter resistance is ap to be developed. The river and harbon people are also waiting the first opportunity to call up their appropriation bill and get it through the House.

### SENATOR BECK'S WILL

No Husband of His Daughters Allowed to

Share in the Estate. ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. WASHINGTON, May 18 .- The will of the late Senator Beck has been filed, and Woodbury Blair, of this city, appointed administrator, being required to give bond in the sum of \$30,000. The Senator made this will over 30 years ago, and by its terms all property is left to his wife during her life. He then makes provision for his children in the case of the death of their mother, and the daughters' shares are so protected "that no husband of any of my daughters may or shall have the power to spend or appropriate the estate so as to dispossess my said children, or any of them, from the benefit of

it."

In concluding he makes his wife executrix and says: "I desire her to be governed in the management of my estate by the advice of my friend, John C. Breckinridge, but that is optional with her." All the parties directly interested in the will, which was made yearly 35 years ago, are dead, executmade nearly 35 years ago, are dead, excepting a son and daughter of the testator. It is understood that while nearly all of the personal property of the deceased, not exceeding \$20,000 in value, is located in this district, the realty is in Kentucky.

### A CASE OF MOTHER-IN-LAW DIFFERING SOMEWHAT FROM THE USUAL FAMILY ROW.

Husband Who Eloped With His Wife's Maternal Parent at the End of the Honeymoon - The Descried Partner Takes it Philosophically.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATCH. HARRISBURG, May 18 .- The story of a very queer elopement comes from Sullivan county, at the upper end of the Loyalsock valley. Pounce Bailey, a lumberman, and a man 65 years old, whose wife died last winter, fell in love a few weeks ago with a comely young German girl, who was working as a domestic for a farmer who lived near Bailey's. The girl had recently arrived in this country, spoke but little English, and was 18 years old. Pounce was so ardent in his wooing that he won the girl and they were married last month. The girl's mother, Mrs. Katherine Kline,

was at the time acting as housekeeper for a German in Potter county. She knew nothing of her daughter's marriage until a marriage was approved of by her. Mrs. Kline is described as an elderly woman, very fleshy and by no means prepossessing in appearance. For all that she had not been she had gained his regard to such an degree against the conduct of her husband and her

They ignored her protests and she one day last week told her mother that she must leave the house. Mrs. Kilne did so on Fri-day, but she took her daughter's husband with her, or at least he followed her as soon as he heard that she was gone. The pair are now together in Potter county. Kline cannot speak a word of English and Bailey knows no German. The deserted wite is said to have taken the affair philo sophically, and has disposed of her husband's personal property and gone back to work at the farmer's where Bailey got acquainted with her.

# RESULTS OF MERCER PRIMARIES.

A List of the Names of the Probable Suc SEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH &

MERCER, May 18 .- The Republican primaries were held on Saturday, after one of the most thorough canvasses ever made in the county. The result will not be known officially until Tuesday. Present indications are that the following are nominated: McDowell, Congress; Hall, Fruit and Harshaw, Assembly; Burnett, Sheriff; Havwood, Prothonotary; Downs, Clerk of Courts; Biel, Treasurer; Law, Recorder Templeton and Babcock, County Commis

The Soldiers' Orphan School syndicate fight against the Hon. Henry Hail, resulted placing him in the lead on the Assembly ticket, and with Fruit and Harshaw, he will be nominated on the first ballot at the county convention, to ratify the vote Tues The delegates to the State Convention will go for Delamater, with Stone a second choice. The poll was unprecedented in Mercer at a primary.

### MONEY, MACHINERY AND AGENTS. Archdencon Smith Prenches Before the

Charities and Correction Conference. BALTIMOBE, May 18.-The National Conference of Charities and Correction, Dr. Byers, the President says, has been a de-

cided success, both in the number of attendance and the characters of the papers read, and from all appearances bids fair to so continue to the close. The usual Sunday sermon by Archdeacon

Alexander McKay Smith, D. D., of New York, was largely attended. He said in his sermon, "Church members rely too much on money, machinery and agents in the work of charity. I do not underrate the value, power, gifts and zeal of the church, but a great deal is wasted yearly and many call that which is nothing more than self indulgence by the saintly name of charity. Men are not like cattle, and I plead for more of that Christ-like interest in humanity. As Madame Roland said of liberty many years ago, so might we say of charity, 'How many sins are committed in thy name.

### TWO IMPORTANT LABOR MEETINGS. Horsesboers and Machinery Constructors : Meet at Cleveland.

PHILADELPHIA, May 18.-Two im portant meetings affecting the interests of organized labor will be held during the week at Cleveland. The Horseshoers' Union and the Machinery Constructors' National Trades Assembly each commence their annual meeting on Monday.

These two organizations having expressed their willingness to co-operate and assist hours was the leader of a spirited and brilliant campaign. At the close of the contest when the Democrats were beaten by

made on the tariff until after the Silver bill is out of the way.

The first three days of the week in the House will witness the closing scenes in the the file and rasp makers, it was deemed advisable by the Executive Committee of the Filemskers' National Trades Assembly to send a delegate to attend both meetings. CHANGE OF POLICY

Very Decided Signs of a New Era in the German Government.

Mild Words Only.

Gathered by an American Militar Attache in Europe.

is not trying to rule with a rod of iron. Instead he has caused great surprise by courteously reasoning with his opponents. The colonial enterprises in Africa will not be abandoned, however.

IBY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH. past week's debate in the German Congress mark the beginning of a new era in her Parliamentary life-not simply that members much as the unusual sensation ing, and who, in short, treats the remarks of his opponents as entitled to respect.

Caprivi has opened his career by prope ing to increase the expenditures in East Atrica, and add millions of men to the peace footing of the army, both measures unpopular in so far as increased taxation always is, and intensible on the ground of national ecessity.

for any such ventures, but now that they were committed, thanks to his predecessor he might have said, of course their honor, that much-abused word, would not allow them to retreat. Bamberger, one of the Lib-eral leaders, made a forcible speech against the Government, and Caprivi answered him with the courtesy that parliamentary usage demands, but which Bamberger had never

bert, of the great general staff, a gentleman who we may characterize from personal knowledge as well qualified to describe what he sees intelligently and truthfully.

THE DARK CONTINENT. His report gives the most cheering hope

impression. The result of his report was, however, to give the Liberals the right to private individuals go and develop it? Why must our treasury be saddled with further burdens?" To this natural query no satisfactory reply was made. To the proposition for increasing the army Dr. Barth, whose two visits to the United States have confirmed his dia trust of military rule, made a vigorous protest on the ground that ever since 1874 the Government had been screwing up the de-

Caprivi here, as before, treated such ob-Barth, as well as Bamberger, the novel sen sation of being answered without a provoce tion to insult. One conservative member s far preserved the spirit of the last Parliament as to sneer at Bamberger as being Hebrew; but, with this gross exception, the tone of parliamentary debate has been so much that of sweet harmony as to quite startle those who have lived under the iron

A near kinsman of Emin Pasha in Ber lin informs us that his family are taking every possible means to gather together such material as can serve to illustrate his work in Africa, either letters, memoranda or pic tures. They are daily hoping for some thing from him of a complete nature, but these hopes are liable to disappointment, for in a letter dated April 1, from Bagamogo to the Leipsig publisher, Brockhaus, he denies having anything yet ready for a book.

In this letter he requests the purchase for him of a copy of Stanley's book, a request that does not suggest the existence of cor dial relations between the two great explor-ers. When Emin's book does appear we may expect a side light that will illumine

AN EARNEST INVESTIGATOR. Captain Zalinski, the perfector if not the inventor of the dynamite gun, has com-pleted his study of European military ar-rangements and will sail for New York year abroad making reports upon what he has seen in England, Spain, Italy, Switzer land, France, Belgium, Holland, Sweden Denmark, Russia, and, above all, Germany He has gained access to establishments jeal-ously guarded from ordinary military at taches, has worn out the physical and mental endurence of all the officers detailed by the Government to watch over him, and has shown a restless energy in the study of de tails affecting the soldiers' comfort and effi-ciency in the field that must prove of great value to us if his letters are not all pigeon

It is not too much to say that Zalinski has seen more soldier life in Europe than all the rest of our military attaches put togeth er, and has done so because his previous record in our Civil War has made him a welcome guest in quarters where a newly fledged graduate from West Point would have been treated as an intruder.

### A FIRST-CLASS FUNERAL Is the Way Bismarck Jokingly Alludes His Retirement.

PARIS, May 18 .- The Matin publishes ar account of an interview had with the French iournalist Des Soux, who recently spent a few days at Friedrichsruhe and was entertained at dinner by the ex-Chancellor. Prince Bismarck referred to his resignation as a first-class funeral, but added that he was quite alive still. He did not under stand the French law compelling retirement

from public service at 60 to 65 years of age. He had been forced to retire at 70, but he was too young to do nothing. His resignation was absolutely final.

He defended himself against the charge of barbarity in having caused the bombardment of Paris. He declared that Germany would never attack France or provoke France to attack her. Germany well understood that Russia would interfere to protect France if attacked, just as Germany would France if attacked, just as Germany aid Austria if Russia attacked her.

Alarmed at the McKinley Bill. BERLIN, May 18 .- The McKiuley tariff bill in the United States Congress alarme exporters of textiles generally and exporters of hops. In 1889, 76,000 centners of hops went to America, and an advance in the tariff of from 8 to 15 cents per pound would be ruinous to the German market.

# A FIREMAN'S HEROISM.

HE RESCUES A YOUNG GIRL FROM A BLAZING HOTEL.

A Fire Shortly After Midnight in One of Atlantie City's Large Hostelries-All of the Gurate Manage to Escape Without In-

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] ATLANTIC CITY, May 18 .- Shortly after 1 o'clock this morning fire was discovered in a storeroom in the rear wing of the Osborne House, a large hotel at Arkansas and Pacific avenues, and by the time the fire department reached the scene the entire wing was enveloped in flames and a dense mass of smoke was pouring through the halls of the main building, which was apparently doomed to destruction. The house was only opened for the season yesterday, and fortunately there were only 15 guests in it at the time. The volunteer firemen got promptly to work and the fire was soon extinguished, having been confined to the wing of the building in which it originated.

All the guests were gotten out safely, though there were several exciting rescues of people blinded by smoke and unfamiliar with the location of the stairways. The most exciting was that of Miram, the 13-yearold daughter of J. H. Hopper, of 913 Arch
street, Philadelphis. Mr. and Mrs.
Hopper and their son were in
the parlor when the flames were
discovered, while the child was aleeping in room 22, on the third floor. She was awakened by the smoke, and fell fainting on the floor of the hall. Mr. Hopper made several attempts to reach her, but was driven back by the smoke, and the girl would undoubtedly have perished had not her groans attracted the attention of Fireman F. C. Pettit, who was engaged in clos-ing the windows along the corridor to shut off the draught.

Lifting the child in his arms the brave

fireman carried her through the smoke down to the front porch, where her parents were almost frantic, having given her up for lost. She was tenderly carried for, and to-day suffers no ill effects from her terrible experience. The fire attracted an immense crowd, and the firemen were repeatedly cheered for their bravery in piloting the bewildered people through the smoke to places of safety. Those in the hotel at the time, beginning the amplement of the hotel at the time, beginning the amplement of the house and Manual of the complexes of the house and the complexes of the sales, Inose in the note: at the time, besides the employes of the house and Mr. Hopper and family, were John Whipple. Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Atwood, Mrs. P. T. Stucke and daughter, William G. Wheeler, Mrs. M. Saunders and Miss Clara Saunders, all of Philadelphia; H. Johnson Falls, of Schwilkill. George Coates L. of Schuylkill; George Coates, Jr., of Johnstown, and Miss Annie Gerhu, of Egg Har-

# CARLISLE'S SEAT IN CONGRESS

Kentucky Democrats.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. COVINGTON, Ky., May 18 .- The little affair at Frankfort last week which resulted in the election of a United States Senator was a mere diversion beside the tempest already raging in Carlisle's district. There are at least 30 candidates and combinations and cliques abound on all sides. Kenton county, which has now the bulk of the good things in the way of offices, is a target for all the rest of the district, and the rural counties, some eight or nine in number, are "agin" both Campbell and Kenton counties, in which are the cities of Newport and Covington. The rural counties can nominate the new Senator's successor if they can combine on a man. At this writing Hon. Mort. D. Gray, of Grant county, is the most formidable of the rural candidates. In Campbell county George Washington is in the lead, with Major Al. Berry, of Newport, a close second. Judge Perkins, President of the Latonia Jockey Club, Hon. Theo. Hallan, Judge Cleary and Judge O'Hara are the leading Kenton county candidates.

WILL NOT ATTEND THE TRIAL The F clesiastical Hearing of a Minister Charged With Theft and Falsehood.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] READING, May 18.—The ecclesiastical rial of the Rev. M. L. Fritch, of Reading, widely known minister of the Reformed Church, on the charges of theft and falsehood, will begin at 10 A. M. tonorrow at Womelsdorf, before the Lebanon Classis. The case is one of the most extraordinary on record. Fritch had hitherto always born a high reputation in the community. It is strange to imagine a well-to-do minister of the gospel stealing pocket knives, but that is exactly what the Rev. Mr. Fritch is charged with doing. The Rev. Mr. Fritch has thus far failed to

I will not attend the trial, as I have resign I will not attend the trial, as I have resigned from the Classis and severed my relations with the church. The haste with which the trial has been hurried forward is unbecoming clergymen in their treatment of a brother minister. They should await the result of the civil trial and then I would have appeared before them, and the ecclesiastical trial could then have gone on in decency and without malice. I have not decided upon any definite course. I have been greatly annoyed by the persecutions of enemies, but am trying to bear up.

# RAIROAD GRIEVANCES.

Employes Threaten to Make Trouble for the Baltimore and Ohlo.

IMPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) PHILADELPHIA, May 18 .- A conven ion of representatives from the different organizations of railroad employes of all roads centering in Philadelphia, was held this evening. There were delegates present representing District Assemblies 212, 81 and 151 of the Kuights of Labor, taking in the following towns: Sunbury, Renovo, Kane, Altoona, Philadelphia, Keyser, W. Va., Baltimore, Washington and numerous others, representing in al over 13,000 railroaders. The object of the convention was to take action in endeavoring to secure a reasonable adjustment of grievances which it is claimed the men have against the different companies by which they are employed.

General Secretary John W. Hayes, be-

fore adjournment, made an address, in which he stated that their order was going ahead in the matter, and that while there were grievances on the roads of the various companies, those of the men of the Balti-more and Ohio Railroad Company, on account of their glaring character, would be

English Syndicate Negotiation

QUINCY, MASS., May 18 .- An English syndiente is negotiating for the purchase of the granite business of this city. It is said EXPRESSING HIS THANKS.

# TRAIN IS ON TIME

The One and Only George Francis Arrives at New York on His

FLYING GLOBE-GIRDLING TOUR.

All Records Beaten Out of Sight by the Pamous Philosopher.

VERNE CHARGED WITH PLAGIARISM n the Fall an Attempt Will be Made to Cover the D

> George Francis Train arrived at New York yesterday, 60 days out on his trip around the world. He is very enthusiastic over the success of the tour, and asserts that he will start next October to make the circuit of the globe in 421/4 days.

tance in 42 Days,

PRPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1 NEW YORK, May 18 .- Citizen George

Francis Train came incon the Etruria this morning 60 days from Tacoma, Washington, on his trip around the world. He has beaten all globe circling records so soundly that he thought he could afford to take a day off in town to-day. He will resume his journey at 6 o'clock to-morrow by the New Cantral route to Chicago, where he will take the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad to Tacoma. He expects to reach Tacoma, which was his starting point, next Saturday at noon, thus completing the circle of the globe in 65% days.

The Citizen is looking brown and hearty and is greatly elated over his achievement He calls himself Phileas Fogg, and says that in beating the time of Jules Verne's hero he is now having his revenge out of the novelist for having stolen from him the idea of the novel "Around the World in Eighty Days.'

VERNE A PLAGIARIST. "That was my ides," said he. "I went around the world in 1870 in 80 days and Jules Verne caught up the idea and made a fiction of it without giving me credit. But

where's his 80 days now? The Citizen then went up town to his usual headquarters, the Continental Hotel, and registered himself in blue pencil, thus: George Francis Train. Around the World in 59 days. Special \$20,000 train four days." The clerk assigned him to room 59, in honor of his achievement, and this pleased the Citizen greatly. Citizen Train is travelling around the world at the expense of the hustling young city of Tacoms, which is enjoying a boom just at present and hopes to attract attention by Train's exploits. The idea was the Citizen's. He wrote from

Boston proposing it, and Tacoma raised \$4,000 to start him off. S. W. Wall, editor of the Tacoma Ledger, accompanied him.
They left Tacoma March 18 at 6 in the
morning upon the Canadian Pacific steamer
Abyssinia to Yokohama, arriving there in Train expected to take the North German

Lloyd steamer General Werder at that point for Hong Kong, but it had sailed. Citizen for Hong Kong, but it had sailed. Citizen Train was not at all disconcerted. He simply paid the agent's price to have the steamer stopped at Kobe, 300 miles south. The agent telegraphed the desired order and the Citizen went to Tokio, where he secured passports for himself and Mr. Wall from the American Minister.

SUBMOUNTING DIFFICULTIES. He went by train to Ko steamer was waiting. This was done just in the nick of time, for the day after they started was a holiday, and the next day the Government took hold of the railroad to transport troops. At Hon Kong the Citizen caught the North German Lloyd steamer, Preussen, to Colombo, where he intended to take the Peninsular and Oriental mail steamer, Arcadia, to Port Said. But here a new exigency arose. The Arcadia did not intend to start for 18 hours, and Citizen

aday. There appeared to be nothing to do but to charter the Preussen to go on with him. This was no sooner thought of than done, and the Preussen took him through the Suer faster steamer, overtook them, and the Citizen and his companion boarded her and in four days more found themselves in Brin-

At this point Train became fearful that if he depended upon scheduled trains and steamers, as originally intended, he would reach Queenstown too late to take the Etruria. The Citizen telegraphed for a special steamer and train for London. A special India mail train took him to Calais n 52 hours and a special steamer carried him over to Dover without the loss of an hour. The regular trains took him to London and Queenstown, where he found him-self in good time for the Etruria.

INTERESTING THE PASSENGERS. On the passage over the Atlantic Citizen Train made himself very interesting to the passengers. He had a huge bundle of big maps of Tacoma, and on the back of one of them he had made an illustrated chart of his trip. The chart needed a great deal of ex-plaining, and explaining it became his chief occupation. A big circle was the central figure in the chart, and pictures of hotels, steamers and of the Citizen himself were pasted all over it. In the center of the circle was this announcement: "Tacoma's grand victory. Short route, Europe to Japan, China, India, introducing 125,000,000 Pan-Americans to 800,000,000 Asiatics. Columbo Cathay dreams realized. Paris to Pek-

ing 20 days. After breakfast every morning Train went up on deck, spread out his chart and began to explain it. He was at once surrounded by a crowd of passengers. At meal hours he would stop explaining long enough to eat the scanty vegetable repasts on which he maintains an exuberant life. His explanasions upon any subject, which entertained his hears mightily. Occasionally he would devote a few hours to talking specially to the ladies in the cabin, but whether to men or women Citizen Train talked to someone every minute he was not asleep. HIS HELMET A FEATURE.

He were a brown suit and a huge two-story cork helmet, which looked like a big mushroom or a little circus tent. It was white and had inscriptions in good sized black letters on the front. The lettering on the top story of the helmet spelled out the Citizen's full name. On its ground floor was the motto, "Round the world in 60 days." Underneath this mammoth helmet he wore a red fez, the unexpected appearance of which rather startled people when he removed the helmet. The Etruria was met at 6 o'clock this

morning at Quarantine by the tug F. W. Devoe, with some of the Citizen's friends aboard. Among them were Milton C. Roach, Eastern Passenger Agent of the Roach, Eastern Passenger Agent of the New York Central; H. A. Gross, General Eastern Passenger Agent of the Chicago and Northwestern road; E. D. Harrington, Passenger Agent of the same road; J. M. Miller, who represented Tacoma, and a DISPATCH reporter. They had a permit to take the Citizenoff, and they got him at 615 Sciology. Train was inhibitant him at 6:15 o'clock. Train was jubilant when he caught sight of the tug. He waved his huge helmet and shouted to his friends that he was not going to stay in town an hour, and that a \$20,000 special train must start westward with him at once. A good many passengers leaned over the steamer's rail and shouted goodby to him as he climbed down the side into the tug.

"This is very thoughtful," said the Citi-

zen, shaking hands with himself heartily or everyone of the party that met him. 'Halt the British Empire dresses in noth-

ing but stovepipe hats and strings. This is a great ad for Tacoma, isn't it? I'm in spiendid health?"

The tug and the big steamer came up the harbor together, but the tug landed her passengers first. Citizen Train stepped on shore at 6:52 o'clock, and insisted on taking all his friends to breakfest at the Aster. all his friends to breakfast at the Astor House. He said he'd learned to swear while away. He had found travelers "so— slow of comprehension" when he talked that he was forced into a habit which he admitted was low and vulgar. He said that next October he was going round the world in 42% days. He produced his chart and exhibited this programme for the proposed exploit, as follows: "Days, Tacoma to Yokohama, 10½; Yokohama to Hong Kong, 3½, Hong Kong to Singapore, 3½; Singapore to Colombo, 2; Colombo to Aden, 4½; Aden to Suez, 4½; Suez to Port said, ½; Port Said to Brindisi, 2½; Brindisi to Southamaton, 2; Southamaton, to New

NOT A NOVELTY FOR HIM. "It is no novelty to me to circle the earth," said the Citizen. "I've been round before. Wall opened his eyes when he heard me talk the language of every coun-

try we went through. I speaks 20 different anguages." Train rehearsed his adventures to crowds of interested listeners at the Continental Hotel in the afternoon. Those who counted up the days of the trip on the calendar made and 1 hour when Train stepped on Vesey street dock from the tug this morning. He claimed that it was 59, days because the steamer was really due on Saturday night. If Train had started west at 6 o'clock last

# DISASTER AT HAVANA.

A FIRE AND EXPLOSION CAUSES DEATH AND DESTRUCTION.

One Handred Persons Injured-The Explosion of a Barrel of Gunpowder Kills Thirty-Two People and Injures One Hundred-Noted Men Among the Dend. HAVANA, May 18 .- At 11 o'clock last night a fire broke out in Ysasis' hardware store. In a short time the flames reached a barrel of powder in the building and a terrific explosion followed. The whole structure was blown to pieces and 22 persons were killed. Among the dead are four chiefs, Senores Musset Zensoviech, Oscar Conill, Francesco Ordonez and the Venezuelan Con-sul, Senor Francesco Silva, who happened to be in front of the building at the time of the explosion. In addition to the killed

over 100 persons are injured.

The explosion caused the wildest excite ment throughout the city and thousands flocked to the scene of the disaster. The Governor General, the Civil Governor and all the principal authorities of the city were promptly on the ground and did everything in their power to aid the injured and calm the grief-stricken relatives of the victims. Several houses adjacent to the wrecked

building were damaged by the explosion.

Yssai, the proprietor of the wrecked hardware store, has been arrested. It is feared that there are several more victims in the ruins. Over the theaters and the Chamber of Commerce and many other buildings flags are hanging at half mast. Everywhere are signs of mourning. Up to the present time the number of dead is 34.

# By a Philadelphia Music Teacher Who Was Annoyed By Him.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. PHILADEPHIA, May 18 .- James War hurst, an irrascible music teacher of this city, 24 years of age, took it upon himself on January 3 last, to beat unmercifully the 8year old son of his neighbor, Thomas Moore, living, at 4152 Lancaster avenue, because h thought the lad had been annoying him. To-day the child died. The mother apin court last Wednesday, and, with tears rolling down her face, said her boy was dying, but Warhurst was not committed, and nobody knows where he is. The court officers thought the

mother exaggerated the story. All last winter the boys tormented Warhurst by pulling his door bell. He pounced out one day and seized the Moore boy, who, with a rope, was pulling another boy on roller skates. He dragged him into his house, shut the door, kicked him and beat him until the lad was in a frightful condition. Warnurst was need in for assault. The boy never left bed after he was taken home. Warhurst ran away on condition. Warhurst was held in \$500 bail was taken home. Warhurst ran away on Wednesday after he heard of the mother's story in court.

# A CHANGE OF CREED.

One Popular Philadelphia Pastor Goes Over

to the Episcopal Church. CEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. PHILADELPHIA, May 18.—The public in general, and church circles in particular, are excited over the resignation to-day of Rev. Edwin A. Gernant as pastor of Zion's Reformed Church. Mr. Gernant declares that he has undergone a change of conviction, and leaves his old church to connect himself with the Episcopal Church. At the conelusion of the sermon Mr. Gernant, in a voice which for a time trembled with emotion, presented his resignation, informing his people that his convictions had under-

gone a change.

Mr. Gernant will connect himself with the Philadelphia diocese, and will be at the dis-posal of the Bishop for work. He cannot be given ministerial orders for six months, but in the meanwhile can be assigned to work. He has been pastor of Zion's Reformed Church for nine years, and has won distinction in the ministerial profession.

# BULLET HOLES IN A VEST.

discovery of a Garment Supposed to Have Been Worn by Sawtelle.

GREAT FALLS, N. H., May 18 .- Interest s renewed in the Sawtelle case by the finding of a vest supposed to have been Hiram Sawtelle's, by a party of fishermen on the bank of Keyes brook, not far from the country road traversed by Isaac on the fatal night, and not more than 300 yards from where one of Hiram's shoes was found.

There were no bullet noles in the front of the garment, but in the back there was a hole that might have been made by a bullet, and the surrounding cloth had the appearance of being burned by powder. The collar was torn in the back and there were dis-tinct blood stains on the front. There was nothing in the pockets save a few matches and a button-shaped whistle of tin.

### THEY ARE NOT WANTED Fifteen Poles and Five Italian Laborers D.

tained at Castle Garden. New York May 18 - Fifteen Russian Poles were detained at the Barge office yesterday. They were bound for Connellsville. Pa., under contract to work in the mines there. The brother of the

owner of the mine where they were to work

was with them and was also detained. It is probable that a civil suit will be brought 4'S ONLY ISSUE.

That Recent Decision Will Make Pro-

hibition Affect Even

THE CHOICE OF CONGRESSMEN.

Original Packages Will Cut a Figure in the Fall Campaign.

AN UNRESTRICTED LIQUOR TRAFFIC.

For the Present, at Least in the Larger Towns, Sure to be the Result.

The original package decision has taken rohibition into politics with a vengeance in Iowa. Even national contests will be affected. The coming campaign will be an interesting one.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE. DES MOINES, IA., May 18 .- The temperance question in Iowa just at present is in a curious condition, and just what will be the utcome of it all is hard to determine. There s no doubt, however, that the sentiment of the people has changed to a considerable extent from the time when the prohibitory amendment was submitted to the people and voted upon, eight years ago next June. It was a non-partisan election, and the amendment carried by 30,000 majority.

The law went into effect almost immediately, but the saloon keepers and brewers fought it to the bitter end, with the result of night, as he might have done, he would having it declared unconstitutional by the have completed his journey in 64 days and State Supreme Court on a technical error in its passage. Nothing daunted, the temperance people, backed by the Republican party, enacted a prohibitory law at the next Legislature, and its weaknesses were cured by succeeding Assem-blies until the present ironclad statute re-sulted. Every device has been resorted to to evade the law in communities where there was a disposition to enforce it, among them being the importation of original packages and the sale of them unbroken. These cases of alleged violation were taken up to the State Supreme Court, and such sales pro-

nounced by it to be illegal. TO THE HIGHEST TRIBUNAL. An appeal in a case from Keokuk was taken up to the United States Supreme Court, with the result of reversing the State court and declaridg the importation of original packages to be inter-State commerce and therefore not amenable to State laws. There has been a wide diversity of opinion as to what this really means, but the general conclusion seems to be that manufacturers in other States can establish agencies in this State, and through them the original packages (meaning anything from the largest to the smallest quantity) can be imported and sold to individual consumers Under this view of the question original package houses are being established in every community, great and small, and soon will be as pleuty as saloons were for-

The only material difference will be that hese original package houses will not be drinking places, especially in places were the enforcing element predominates, and any attempt to establish the old-style saloons will be vigorously opposed. But these will be vigorously opposed. But these original package houses will be surrounded by a victous class, and will be in the nature of supply houses for what are known as "bootleggers," or persons who carry bottles in their pockets and sell the liquor out by

the drink in any convenient place. Previous to this decision the law had bene a dead letter in all the principal towns of the State, and, indeed in some of the towns on the Mississippi and Missouri rivers it never was enforced. While there were no licenses issued, the saloon keepers were made to pay a nominal fine each month, amounting to what a license former-ly did, and thus a number of the larger cities continued to derive a revenue. Unde he Supreme Court's decision and the establishment of the original package houses this revenue will be cut off, and the sale bids fair to be absolutely free and untram-meled, except, of course, that all will be

ONE OF THE FEATURES. Under the State law, before this decision interfered, a great many of the cities and towns were infested with what are known as searchers," and so obnoxious did they become that the people were heartily sick and lature last winter an effort was made to

modify the law so as to get rid of these un-desirable individuals, but it failed, and a

compelled to take out a Government license

trong attempt was made to adopt a high license statute, but to no purpose, as the Republicans stood by the party platform, which declared prohibition to be the "set tled policy of the State." An organization has been formed of antisaloon (also anti-prohibtion) Republicans who will make an attempt to secure enough delegates to the Republican State Convention which meets at Sioux City, June 25, to adopt a plank in the platform declaring for a modification of the law. This organ-ization is composed of representative business men in every important city, and it is more than likely they will succeed in their designs. The Prohibitionists are also on the alert, and the temperance question will

be paramount in this fall's compaign. THE QUESTION OF THE HOUR. The question will figure largely in the Congressional canvass with a view to the election of representatives who will be in favor of a law giving the States the right to control the liquor or any other traffic with-in their own borders. Although the Democratic party in Iowa has always been the license or anti-prohibition party, the Democrats of the State do not seem to be very much encouraged by the decision, the prevailing opinion among them being that it is as much of a blow at license or control of any sort as it is to pr They do not care to have the baleful influences of liquor selling unless some compen-sating benefit can be derived in the way of revenue and lightening of taxation. They also see that the decision does not interfere with the prohibition of the manufacture of liquors, although if the sale of it cannot be controlled there will undoubtedly be a ma-jority of the people in favor of starting up the breweries and distilleries again.

But this cannot be done until the present law is changed, except by common consent. Altogether the question is quite compli-

# SILVER IN NEW JERSEY.

cated, and the people of Iowa will look for the results of this year's campaign with a

A Couple of Female Speculators Who Think They Have Struck It.

MAY'S LANDING, N. J., May 18.-The citizens of Pleasantville, Atlantic county, are greatly excited over the discovery of what is supposed to be a valuable silver mine. The mine is located about three miles above Pleasantville, on the line of the Reading Railroad. The land was recently purchased by Mrs. Charles McGlade and Mrs. Mary A. Riddle, of Atlantic City, who are greatly encouraged with the progress made id have great hopes of ultimately striking rich deposits of silver. Experts who have assayed samples have

Five Italians under contract to work in the potteries at Bethlehem were also detained. All these detained immigrants came in the Etruria.

Experts who have assayed samples have pronounced it to contain sufficient quantities of silver ore to pay working the claim, and a shaft has been sunk about 28 feet with encouraging progress. encouraging progress.

great deal of interest.

FORTY-FIFTH YEAR.

WRATH OF THE DEMOCRATS House. Bynum and Wilson, the chief

Campbell Letter. o Speaker Reed's.

WASHINGTON, May 18 .- Whether Mr. James Campbell will be the main issue tomorrow in the proceedings of the House of Representatives is not decided yet among the Democrats, who are still terribly incensed at the formal censure of Mr. Bynum at the bar of the House, and are ready to take any revenge within their reach. If

admissible under the rules. A resolution will probably be offered to expunge from the Record all that relates to the subject, as though in that way the disgraceful proceeding could be effaced from memory. It is possible that such a resolution would be adopted, for many Republicans would like to see all mention of the occurrence blotted from the pages of the official record.

It is the intention of Representative Wil-

would have voted for censure. There is also talk among the Republicans who were stung to the quick by Bynum's declaration when censure was pronounced upon him, to the effect that he considered his punishment a badge of honor, of moving that Bynum be hauled over the coals of the House. But there is not much likelihood of their carrying the war into Africa

business of disciplining Democrats. The incident of yesterday came near destroying

in triumphal possession.

PRINCE BISMARCK'S IRON RULE Replaced by an Administration Which Uses

COLONIAL ENTERPRISES IN APRICA

Caprivi, Germany's new Prime Minister,

BERLIN, May 18 .- [Copyright.] -The now sit for five instead of three years, as formerly, or that the relative strength of parties has altered since the February elections. These alone would markedly modify the course of events, but not so produced by a Prime Minister who asks money of the people without bully-

A QUESTION OF HONOR. As for the African enterprise Caprivi ractically admitted that he had sympathy

pefore heard from the Government seat.
In fact, so used had the Liberals become to offensive language from the elder Bis-marck, that to be treated without insult, let alone with courtesy, quite embarrassed them, and we need not be surprised if many of them vote with Caprivi for his colonial expenditures out of gratitude for his decent language. In spite of Caprivi's weak support of this measure, however, the Government have got a fairly strong case in the highly favorable report made by Major Lie-

of future prosperity in German Africa, not merely from what he saw of the soil, but week or ten days ago, when she was informed of the fact by a letter from the girl.

Mrs. Kline at once journeyed to the headwaters of the Loyalsock to see about it.

When she arrived at her son-in-law's house guard against manifest blas on the major's control of the search of the s her. Mrs. soldier, was naturally shown about by officials, anxious to produce a repossessing good impression, and, so far as we know, has not an extensive acquaintance with other tropical colonies for purpose of com parison. But all this is far from the suspicion that he would seek to convey a wrong

mands for war, always on the same grounds and always promising that this would be the last time. TRYING MILD LANGUAGE. jections not as coming from personal ene-mies or unpatriotic demagogues, but as proper suggestions of prudence, and gave

some portions of "Stanley's Darkest from Hamburg on May 22. He has, under orders from our War Department, spent a