Although the precise question before the court was not ruled upon in that case, the Court says it thinks it was virtually involved in the Brown case and also the Bowman case, in which an act of the State of Iowa, forbidding common carriers to bring intoxicating liquors into the State without first being furnished with a certificate as prescribed in the act, was declared invalid because estated in the act, was declared invalid because estated in the act, was declared in the act, sentially a regulation of commerce among the States.

RESERVED IN ITS TERMS.

The opinion of the Court, delivered by Justice Matthews, and the dissenting opin-Justice Matthews, and the dissenting opinion, delivered by Justice Harlan, discussed the question in all its phases, and while the determination of whether the right of transportation of an article of commerce from one State to another includes by necessary implication the right of the consignee to sell it in unbroken packages at the place where the transportation terminates, was in terms reserved, yet the argument of the majority conducts irresistibly to that conclusion. This decision is quoted at length.

sistibly to that conclusion. This decision is quoted at length.

The court then takes up the case of Peirce, agent. New Hampshire, which has been one of the chief authorities of those advocating the validity of the lows statute. The defendant in this case was fined for selling a barrel of gin which he had imported from Massachusetts and sold contrary to the laws of New Hampshire. In this case Chief Justice Taney held that the State had the right to make such a law for the protection of its inhabitants and

shire. In this case Chief Justice Taney held that the State had the right to make such a law for the protection of its inhabitants and that the more grant of power over inter-State commerce to the general Government cannot be construed to be an absolute prohibition to the exercise of any power over the same subject by the States.

"But," says the Court, "conceding the weight properly says the court, "conceding the weight properly to be ascribed to the judicial utterances of this eminent jurist, we are constrained to say that the distinction between subjects in respect of which there can be of necessity only one system or plan of regulation for the whole country and subjects local in their nature, and, so far as relating to commerce, mere aids rather than regulation, does not appear to us to have been sufficiently recognized by him in arriving at the conclusions announced. That distinction has been settled by repeated decisions of this court and cannot longer be regarded as open to re-examination. The authority of Peirce agent. New Hampshire, in so far as it resign on the view that the law of New Hampshire was valid because Congress had made no regulation on the subject, must be regarded as having been distinctly overthrown by numerous cases." distinctly overthrown by numerous cases." The court quotes from a large number of these. WHEN IT IS VOID.

"Whenever," says the opinion of the Chief Justice, "a law of a State amounts essentially to a regulation of commerce, as it does when it inhibits, directly or indirectly, the receipt of an imported commodity, or its disposition before it has ceased to become an article of trade between one State and another, it comes in conflict with a power which, in this particular, has been exclusively in the general Govern-ment, and is, therefore void. Undoubtedly it is for the legislative branch of the State govis for the legislative branch of the State gov-ernments to determine whether the manufac-ture of particular articles of traffic will injuri-ously affect the public, and it is not for Con-gress to determine what measures a State may properly adopt as appropriate or needful for the protection of the public morals, life or safety, but notwithstanding it is not vested with supervisory power over matters of local administration, the responsibility is upon Conadministration, the responsibility is upon Con-gress, so far as the regulation of inter-State commerce is concerned, to remove the restric-tion upon the State in dealing with imported articles which have not been mingled with the

articles which have not been mingled with the common mass of property therein.

"Whatever our individual views may may be as to the deleterious qualities of particular articles, we cannot hold that any articles which Congress recognizes as subjects of inter-State commerce are not such, or that whatever are thus recognized can be controlled by State laws amounting to regulations while they retain that character; although at the same time, if directly dangerous to themselves, the State may take appropriate measures to guard against injury before it obtains complete jurisdiction over them.

WHAT IT WOULD CONCEDE

To concede to a State the power to exclude.

directly or indirectly, articles so situated, without Congressional permission, is to concede to in the State Legislature the power to regulate

a majority of the people of a State, represented in the State Legislature the power to regulate commercial intercourse between the States by determining what shall be its subjects. When that power was distinctly granted to be exercised by the people of the United States, represented in Congress, its possession by the latter was considered essential to that more perfect unson which the constitution was adopted to create. Undoubtedly there is difficulty in drawing the line between the principal powers of the one government and the commercial powers of the other, but when that line is determined, accommodation to it without serious inconvenience may readily be found in a frank and candid co-operation for the general good. "They (the importers) had the right to import this beer into that; State, and in the view which we have expressed, they had the right to sell it, by which act alone it would become mingled in the common mass of property within the State. Up to that point, then, we hold that in the absence of Congressional permission to do so, the State had no power to interfere by seizure or any other action in prohibition of importation and sale by the foreign or non-resident importer. The decision of the Supreme Court of Iswa is reversed."

THE MINORITY OPENION. The dissenting opinion of Justices Grav. arlan and Brewer, in giving reasons for ent, states the effect of the decision as fol-

ing the sale of intoxicating liquors within critory, are to be held inoperative and void pplied to liquors sent or brought from period to inquors sent or brought from
her State and sold by the importer in what
called original packages, the consequence
ast he that an inhabitant of any State may,
under the pretext of inter-State commerce and
without license or supervision of any public authority, carry or send into and sell in any or all
of the other States of the Union intoxicating
lignors of whatever description, in cases or liquors of whatever description, in cases or kegs, or even in single bottles or flasks, despite any legislation of those States on the subject, and although his own State should be the only one which had not enacted similar laws.

MADE THE BRIDGE STRONGER.

Engineers Pronounce the Ninth Street

Structure Safe at Present. The Ninth street bridge was closed to craffic yesterday morning, and the Pleasant Valley cars only ran to the junction of Robinson and Sandusky streets, and from there the passengers were transferred across the Seventh passengers were transferred across the Seventh street bridge in the old horse can. The closing of the bridge was only tempolary, however. During the day the bridge was strengthened, and engineers pronounced it perfectly safe, and at 6 o'clock last evening the electric cars were started over it again.

Whether the cars will be run continually until the bridge is rebuilt cannot be stated. It is understood that the feeling between the Pleasant Valley Company and the Seventh Street Bridge Company is not the most pleas-

Street Bridge Company is not the most pleasant. Mr. Henry said last night that the company would take no risks with the bridge, and whenever they are satisfied the structure is un-

whenever they are satisfied the structure is unsafe they will abandon it.

The directors of the Pleasant Valley Company did not meet yesterday, owing to Mr.
Henry's time being entirely taken up with the
road. The meeting will probably be held today or to-morrow, when the difficulty between
the company and the Knights of Labor is expected to be settled.

MANY NAILS BEING MADE.

Alongo Loring Doesn't Think the Present

Depression Will Last Long. Alonso Loring, the Wheeling nail manufac turer, was seen in the lobby of the Anderson last evening. He says many nails are being made, but the business is unremunerative. He doesn't think the present depression in the iron business can continue much longer. He says if the siver bill is passed it may produce infiation, and for awhile it might help matters. Mr. Loring is not one who believes that tariff salk horse trade. talk horts trade.

One of the causes of depression he thinks is over production. At present prices prevailing across the ocean no foreign iron or steel is imported. The Americans have their own mar-

ported. The America ket, and it is glutted. Wanted to Cut Her Heart Out. Sarah Smith, who lives on Frances street acie an information before Alderman Richards resterday charging Lewis Hill with surety of the peace. Mrs. Smith alleges that Hill threatened to "cut her heart out" with a rasor.

On the Faces of a Number of City Officials, Nowadays.

SOME CORDIAL RELATIONS

THE CAUSES OF THE COOLNESS

There is a shade of worry on the faces of the chief city officers during these joyous May days. The pretty shade trees that throw their sweet branches, luxuriant with leaves, against the windows of City, Hall, are gaily green, but within the building the prevailing color is blue. The cordial relations which, a few weeks ago, existed between the Mayor of Pittsburg and the heads of the several city departments have been broken off, and there are monitions of a more serious condition of affairs. Indeed, appearances in City Hall indicate that, while there is at this time no direct clash between the Mayor and the chiefs, a serious disagreement is imminent.

When the recent municipal campaign was on, the advocates of the election of Judge Bailey asserted that if he were elected he would be a Mayor in fact as well as in name, and would exercise that power of directing the chiefs of departments conferred upon the head of the city government by the charter of June 14, 1887. They opposed the election of Mr. Gourley because they feared, or claimed that they feared, that he would sit in the Mayor's chair rather as an ornament than as a dynamic power. What they desired Judge Bailey to do Mr. Gourley, much to their surprise as well as to the bewilder-ment of the men who elected him, is proceeding to do.

OUTCROPPINGS OF HIS POLICY. For several weeks there have been out-croppings of the new Mayor's policy, what the boys out in Colorado used to call face-tiously "pyrites of indications." He has discovered a radical intention to act up to the full extent of the charter's language. The trouble now beginning grows out of the various interpretations put upon the twentyfirst section of the new charter, which sec-tion reads: "The Mayor shall have general supervision of all the departments, with power to direct their officers within their duties, under the law and ordinances." The specter of this awful twenty-first sec-

tion stalks in the corridors of City Hall and shakes its bony finger, with fateful "power to direct," at every official, great and small. The Mayor indicated his determination to investigate, oversee and direct, during the Monday meeting of the Board of Awards. The personal disagreement at that meeting between him and Chief Elliot brought the whole situation under inquiry, and investigation showed a very uneasy state of things.

Last Thursday Mayor Gourley addressed a note to each city officer and each head of a city department, asking for a statement of the number of employes, their duties, salaries and hours of labor.

WHAT WAS EXPECTED.

From words spoken by the Mayor, it was soon said around the Hall that His Honor intended to use the reports as bases for the dismissal of certain employes. He expressed to several people, but not to a reporter for this paper, the opinion that both Chief Brown and Chief Bigelow had men on the naveralls of their departments. on the pay-rolls of their departments who were not earning their salt.

A reporter for THE DISPATCH was sent to see the Mayor yesterday, but that gentle-man refused to see him. The general reports as to his utterances were, however, carried to the chiefs of departments, and were calculated to make them feel anything else than friendly to Mr. Gourley. Recently the Mayor removed from spacious quarters on the first floor into two small rooms in a corner of the second floor.

small rooms in a corner of the second floor. It is said that he agreed reluctantly to this change. It seemed to carry with it a peculiarly distasteful significance. After being installed upstairs the work of furnishing the new rooms was begun, but a few days since it was suddenly stopped. It appears now that Mr. Bigelow had entered into a contract to have the rooms repainted. He received on Monday a note from the Mayor informing him that the work could not be done without advertisement and regular disposition of the matter by the Board of Awards. Mr. Bigelow thereupon drepped the painter with whom he had contracted and advertised for scaled proposals for painting the rooms to be received at the Controller's office until 2 o'clock next Monday afternoon.

ALSO AN ADVERTISER. Down on the first floor Chief Brown occupied the Mayor's roomy and pleasant quarters, and prepared to fit them up. He received a similar warning, and has advertised for sealed pro-posals for fitting up the offices, to be received at the Controller's office until Saturday, May 24.

Chiefs Brown, Bigelow and Elliot, on receiving the requests from the Mayor last Thursday, prepared at once to furnish the information required. Similar requests for lists and details were sent to the City Controller, Treasurer, Clerk, Assessor, etc. One of those officers said yesterday that the charter gave the Mayor no authority over them, but, in the language of the twenty-first section, only over "the departments."

the twenty-first section, only over "the departments."

Chief Brown, of the Department of Public Safety, handed his reply in to the Mayor's office yesterday. The Chief said of it: "It contains nothing that is not in my last annual report, but gives all the information asked for by the Mayor; the number of employes of the Department, their duties, saiaries and hours, the number of horses and buggles in the department, and by whom used. I suppose the Mayor wanted the figures for his report to Councils. My annual report containing them is in the hands of the printers, so that he could not have access to it. I am perfectly ready to give the Mayor all the information he asks. It is my plain duty to do so, We are running this department on open business principles."

ONE PRACTICE STOPPED.

ONE PRACTICE STOPPED.

On Monday Mr. Gourley wrote to Chief Brown, asking if it were true that persons arrested by police officers and taken to the stations were released without trial by order of chief, superintendent or inspectors. The Chief admitted that such discretion was at rare intervals exercised by the officials of the Police Bureau, but said that it would be discontinued. Yesterday Chief Brown instructed the inspectors that no more prisoners should be released except on furnishing ball or by due course of hearing and discharge by a police magnitude.

course of hearing and discharge by a police magistrate.

Chief Bigelow, of the Department of Public Works, said yesterday, when questioned concerning the alleged disagreements: "I have a great deal of work to do, and am doing more work in the department, and in a better way, than was ever done in the history of the city. I am glad that the Mayor is taking an interest in the matter, and am glad to give him information on all subjects. I have received a communication from him, asking for a list of the employes of my department, their salaries, their work and number of hours of service, and the aumber of horses and buggies, and by whom used. My answer will probably be finished to-morrow.

ALWAYS OPEN TO INSPECTION. "I will give him all the information I have o with the Department of Public Works, ever going beyond the limit of law, That is my position. As far as the public is concerned, this office is open to inspection, everything connected with it, at any time, without notice." Charities, said that he and the Mayor had had a personal disagreement, but that there was no disagreement between them concerning his de-partment. He has answered the Mayor's in-

quiry.

The elective city officials, after consultation, decided to furnish the information asked for. This will do nobody any harm, they say, and is only an act of codrtesy to the Mayor.

What the heads of the departments fear is that the Mayor will order the dismissal of a number of employes. This will result in a direct contest of authority. The tinber is dry,

DON'T trust to luck for a good room when you go to New York, but telegraph or write to the Sturtevant House, the most centrall located in the city. Twenty-ninth st. and Broad-

NOT ENTIRELY PLEASED.

Members of the W. C. T. U. Argue in Paver of a Change-High School Commencement on June 26-Central Board Meet-

The regular meeting of the Central Board of Education was held last night. Mrs. Worth, of the W. C. T. U., was accorded the privilege of addressing the board. Mrs. Worth stated that they were present in the interest of the books on physiology and hygiene which the W. C. T. U. had recommended for use in the public schools. The books in question were Mrs. Hunt's Union series. The Committee on Text Books and Course of Instruction had retained on its list for the ward schools Smith's Primer of

list for the ward schools Smith's Primer of Physiology and Hygiene and Smith's Elements of the same, and had added the No. 1 book of the Union Series. Mrs. Smith wanted the Union Series substituted for Smith's Primer. She read numerous extracts from the different books on physiology.

Mrs. Hughes, of the W. C. T. U., added the suggestion that the board should provide for a system of furnishing free text books for the pupils, for the reason that the parents of many were too poor to buy books.

The report of the committee on the books recommended for the ensuing year was then taken up. As the committee had retained both of Smith's books, and added the No.1 book of Mrs. Hunt's, leaving it optional with the teachers and local boards to use either Smith's Primer or Mrs. Hunt's No. 1 book, the report of the committee was adopted. Sheriff McCandless remarked that the matter of corporal punishment was a matter for the local boards themselves to pass on. The resolution was referred to them.

punishment was on. The resolution was referred to them.

The report of City Superintendent Luckey, for the month of April, showed the enrollment of pupils to have been 26,428 and the average, attendance 22,778. The report of Principal Wood, of the High School, recommended the admission to the High School of two pupils who had passed for the Commercial Department, and two who passed for the Academical Department. Secretary Reisfar reported the amount of the warrants drawn since the last meeting to have been \$37,345 25.

The report of the High School Committee recommending that the commencement exercises take place on June 26, and the examination for admission to the High School, on June 23, 24 and 25, was approved.

TRYING TO SAVE SMITH.

The Colored Wife Murderer Will be Examined This Evening-No Assistance Wanted From White People-Colored Citizens May Go to Harrisburg.

Wife Murderer Smith, who is now in the county jail awaiting execution, will be examined this evening and a report made as to his sanity.

Yesterday afternoon Attorney McIlroy, counsel for the condemned man, called upon the murderer in his cell, and had a talk with him. Smith acted so queerly that the attorney thought there was something wrong with him. When asked if Mr. Mc-Ilroy could do anything for him, Smith only stared. After looking at his visitor for quite awhile Smith slowly said he did not want any assistance from the white people were interested in his case, and they would make a move in a few days. It was inferred make a move in a few days. It was inferred from what he said that a committee of colored citizens would go to Harrisburg and see if something could not be done for him. There was also some talk of a public meeting of colored people.

The attorney then watted upon Sheriff McCandless and questioned him in regard to Smith. The Sheriff thought the colored man's actions were strange, and for some time past he had acted as if he was out of his mind. The Sheriff thought the colored man's actions were strange, and for some time past he had acted as if he was out of his mind. The abstraction of thought only came at intervals,

abstraction of thought only came at intervals although between times the man was all right The attorney then asked if it would not be The attorney then asked if it would not be a good idea to have a commission on lunacy appointed to examine Smith, and the Sheriff thought there would be no objections.

The attorney then hunted up Drs. Wylle and Ayres, both well-known mind specialists. Dr. Wylle was one of the staff at Dixmont Asylum for a number of years, and had considerable experience with lunatics. Dr. Ayres also has had many years of experience with crazy people, and Smith's case, it is said, will be handled by men of ability. The two physicians will meet at the jail at 8 o'clock this evening and will examine into Smith's condition.

A WORSHIPER LOCKED UP.

Patrick Lynch Raises a Disturbance in

Parish Residence. Yesterday evening. Patrick Lynch one of the Fourteenth, street was arrested and placed in the Twenty-eighth ward station, but so violent was his conduct that the sergeants found it necessary to restrain him by the use of the muffler." and it took several officers to ac-

"muffler." and it took several officers to ac-complish that.

Lynch was atteding the mission service in the church, but retired during the ceremonies and went to the house of Rev. Father Gal-lagher, which is adjoining the church. There his language became so bolsterous, and all his actions were so violent that the assistance of the police was called to take him away.

ABLE TO RESUME WORK.

The Duqueene Company's Wilkinsbur Brauch Being Pushed Agnin. Work has been resumed on the Duquesn traction road on Penn avenue, Witkinsburg. It was stopped for lack of ties last week, but large consignment arrived from the West early yesterday morning, and was at once utilized. A force of 150 men were set to work, 50 more than were employed before. A steam crusher will be put to work to-day, and the men who have been slowly breaking stones with a hammer by hand will be given more profitable occuration. This line will be finished before any other

the Duquesne Company's in the city, by the lat of July, according to contract.

THE HOSPITALS REPUSED HIM.

Officer Lawlus so Violent That He Had be Confined in Jail. James Lawlus, the police officer who became nsane yesterday morning, is now confined in the iail. Lawlus was taken from his home on his mind shortly after going off duly, to the his mind shortly after going off duit, to the Nineteenth ward station. From there he was taken to the Mercy Hospital, but they refused to take him en account of him being too vio-ient. They also refused to receive him at the West Penn Hospital and he was taken to jail. Lawlus had been on the police force since March. He has been a sufferer from a chronic disease for some time.

MOVING HIS QUARTERS.

Captain Wishart Arrests Twenty Beave Falls Residents.

Captain Wishart has gone to Beaver Falls and opened fire against illegal dealers. Yesterday ne raised quite a sensation there by having Constable Surls, of Beaver, arrest 20 merchant for selling cigars, confectionery, drygoods, notions, etc., on Sunday.

The information was made before Justice Moore, of Beaver, by Wishart. The accused gave ball for a hearing next Saturday.

CANNOT GET THE BOOKS.

The Depositors of the Lawrence Bank Afraid to Give Them Up. The depositors' committee of the defunct the self-imposed duty a hard one.

*When the list was handed over to the committee by the Fidelity Company, there were about 400 names on it. The members of the

THEY RATIFIED THE LEASE.

Stockholders of the La Norla Mining Com pany Hold a Meeting. A special meeting of the stockholders of the A special meeting of the stockholders of the La Noria Mining Company was held in the hall of the Citizens' Insurance Company, Fourth avenue, yesterday afternoon. There was a good representation of the stockholders present. The meeting was called to ratify the lease of the company's property to the Motolina Consolidated Mining Company, which was done. The meeting was only in session a short time.

There was a joint meeting of the Wilkinsburg Association Gymnasium Association last even societies. There was a great deal of discussion but no definite understanding was reached The members of the two associations have divergent views on many minor points. There is no reasonable doubt, however, that the two

WILL BE PAID TO-DAY. Works, will be ready for a blast by the middle WALLACE MEN TALK

The National Tube Works' Strikers Evidently Out to Stay.

MACHINISTS HAVE NO GRIEVANCE.

Colonel W. P. Rend is Not Importing Southern Colored Workmen.

BOILERMAKERS TO MEET IN NEW YORK The strike of the National Tube Works at McKeesport remains the same. Nothing of importance has developed, any more than that 3,500 men who went out are idle. The company had a lap welding, a bending, a nut weld furnace in operation last night, and operated them yesterday by the assurance of the welders who are under three and five year contracts, and have doubled up in operating these furnaces. General Manager E. C. Converse says the works are open for any of the employes who desire to resume work, and that the company is paying as high rates as it can, and will positively not pay any more. He says also the works are in operation and will so continue.

The following letter was received at THE DISPATCH office last night relative to the position occupied by the machinists at Mc-

Keesport:

Keesport:

We, the undersigned committee of McKeesport Lodge No. 60, National Association of Machinists, wish to make the following statement of the position we have taken in the present dispute at the National Tube Works Company of McKeesport: At a meeting held by the machinists employed at the above works it was unanimously

Resolved, To continue at work and take no nart whatever in the present agitation, for the following reasons: First, we are controlled by the National Association of Machinists of America. Secondly, we have made no demands, and at present have no grievances to cause us to suspend work. Thirdly, we are receiving the standard wages and working the same number of hours as machinists in our district. The letter is signed by William G. Davis, Fielding Scott, Enoch Barciay, John M. Kincaide, Harry Rider and George Zook.

The finishing department of the National Mills stopped work at noon simply because the place is stacked with iron and the output which would be used at the National Tube Works were it not for the idleness there, cannot be stacked up as there is no place to put it.

An official of the company speaking of the situation, said it was out of the question to ask for more wages, as no tube works in the country were paying more than the National, and there were too many paying less. During the day the men met in groups at different points along the streets and discussed the situation. Some of the departments are arranging to hold meetings, and it is thought that something will be developed very soon. be developed very soon.

To-day at 10 o'clock is the time set for the

men to meet on the Diamond and march to the tube works office to receive their wages. A brass band has been engaged to escort the parade. There is no excitement and the best of order is maintained.

MINERS ARE SCARCE.

Colonel Rend Denies That He is Importing Southern Colored Men. Colonel W. P. Rend, the Chicago coal operator, was at the Anderson Hotel last evening. He denied most emphatically that he was bringing colored men from the South to work in his mines. He said miners are so scarce in this section that they are hiring every man that came along, and he had put a few colored men came along, and he had put a few colored men at work. The river operators have been employing a large force of men, and when the rivers get low the Colonel thinks there will be more men wanting employment.

He verified the statements published in THE DISPATCH a few days ago that Pittsburg coal had been driven out of the Chicago markets. He says the trouble is not with the freight rates or inter-State law; they are reasonable enough, but the Indiana and Illinois operators have so cheapened the production of their coal that they can put it in Chicago at a very low price. In addition, the river operators, when the market is glutted in Cincinnati, ship their coal to the Windy City from that place at a cost of \$2.75 per ton, while it costs Pittsburg operators \$3 and more. But this competition only lasts about three months in the year. The Colonel says there is no immediate remedy at present.

D. A. 3, K. OF L., GROWING.

to Over 800. A meeting of L. A. 9863, K. of L., composed of corkworkers, met last night and initiated 102 new members. This makes 285 the assembly has taken in since Armstrong Bros. & Co. decided that their factory should be a union

In this connection it may be said the membership of D. A. 8 is rapidly increasing. At the bership of D. A. 3 is rapidly increasing. At the last district meeting the reports showed a total membership of about 1,500. If the district increases at the present rare the next reports will nearly double that number.

The corkworkers are considering the matter of forming a national organization of their own. A representative has been sent to other cities to visit the unions for the purpose of working up the matter. If a national union is formed the men will withdraw from the K. of L. and Federation, to which the various unions are now attached.

ALL UNION BREWERIES NOW.

Pler & Dannals and Herman Straub Grant Their Employes' Demands.

Pier & Dannals, the brewers, have declared their establishment a union brewery, and their men have made application to join the union. Herman Straub has also granted his employes their demands for ten hours a day and off Sun-

day.

The men are jubilant over this result. Last The men are jubliant over this result. Last fall when a committee, representing the union, called on the brewers, the latter argued that a reduction in hours would rain their business. Now all the brewers begin worg at 7 o'clock in the morning, instead of 6, and admit the system is a success.

TINNERS AND PLUMBERS.

Very Little Change in the Strike With Both

Sides Firm. There was no change in the situation regarding the plumbers' or tinners' strike. The tinners held a meeting yesterday, but nothing of importance was done. It is understood a cor will be held to-day, and it is said the prospect will be need to-day, and it is said the prospects are good for an early settlement.

The plumbers are still firm and argue that in a few days more the condition of the trade will win the strike for them, whether they work or not.

John Costello, a member of the General Ex-ecutive Board of the Knights of Labor, said yesterday he did not think there will be a strike of the miners, but said if they should ask for a reduction of hours he thinks they can get it with but little trouble.

Mr. Gillesple Gets a Contract. Thomas A. Gillespie, formerly manager of the Philadelphia Gas Company, has been awarded the contract for laying the new pipe line from Hays' station, on the Pittsburg, Vir-ginia and Charleston Railway, to Bellevernon. The Pressed Ware Scale.

There was a conference yesterday between committees representing the American Flint Glass Workers' Union and the manufacturers on a difficulty which has arisen over the pres ware scale. The matter was amicably settle Amalgamated Association Funds. The financial statement of the Amalgamate

Association is being sentlout in printed form to the various delegates who will attend the June convention. The document shows a large in-crease over the funds on hand last year. Lieutenant Fitch, of Braddock, has peen in strumental in organizing a company that in-tends building a factory at Rankin's station for the manufacture of locomotives and special machinery. It will be an immense plant.

Tilelayers to Meet. The Marble, Slate Workers' and Tilelayers' Union will meet to-night, and it is said important business is to be discussed.

Chimney Shop Resumes Work. The Fort Pitt Glass Company started up their chimney house yesterday. It had been idle for several weeks.

Rendy in the Middle of June. Furnace "L" at the Edgar Thomson Steel

BOILERMAKERS' CONVENTION. Chairman Watson Gives His Ideas on The American Association Will Meet in

New York July 1-Union Boilers to be Stamped-Wages May be Reduced. Secretary A. T. Douthett, of Allegheny, Secretary of the American Boilermakers' Association, has received and announced the result of a peculiar ballot taken to determine the time and place of the next meeting, which was adjourned indefinitely from the meeting held in this city at the Hotel Anderson, on October 15, 16 and 17. So great a diversity of opinion existed as to the time and place of the next meeting that it was finally determined to leave the

matter to a ballot by letter, in which each member of the association should express preference as to location and time. An imnense amount of mail has been received by Mr. Douthett in connection with the ballot, and after all had been heard from and tabuated, it was found that New York City as the place and July 1 as the date, had a clear majority of the votes cast. The President of the association is Mr. James Lappan, of Pitts-Some very important matters will come up at the forthcoming meeting. The placing of an invariable stamp upon all boilers made by members of the association was the most important measure adopted at the Pittsburg meeting last October, and an exhaustive re-

members of the association was the most important measure adopted at the Pittsburg meeting last October, and an exhaustive report of the first workings of the plan is to be presented at the meeting. It is claimed that inferior boliars will be driven out of the market eventually by the use of the stamp upon association manufactures, the public always manifesting a decided preference for well-authenticated goods.

A special committee will present an elaborate report upon the best brands of iron and steel for boiler manufacturing, following out the instructions of the association which were to make exhaustive examinations and tests of all boiler plate manufactured with a view to deciding upon the best, and the adoption of some brands to the exclusion of others is said to be an embryo sensation. All concerned are reticent, but it is hinted that Pittsburg iron and steel boiler plate has held its own, and more too in the tests prescribed.

A committee is also charged with duty of reporting upon the best methods of caulking and rivetting, in line with the very positive declarations of the association upon the necessity of adopting every possible precaution to insure safety and a minimum of the accidents so unfortunately prevalent in times past. All classes of boilers are included in the demand for greater safety to life and limb, so far as the goods manufactured by the association are concerned. Not the least interesting report is that expected from the Committee on "Topical Subjects," which is expected to present matters for zeneral debate.

The question of boilermakers' wages will come up, and it is whispered that reductions are to be made m almost all lines of employment. Joined with the wage question is the matter of labor-saving machinery. The meeting will be the most important and most numerously attended of any in the history of the organization.

Harmony Out of Discord. The Executive Board of the Central Trades Council will meet to night to consider the diffi-culty existing between the Musical Mutual Protective Union and the Knights of Labor. It is thought matters will be arranged so that no troubles will arise in the future over the engagement of bands from either organization.

A FEW MINOR ACCIDENTS.

The Mishaps and Casualties Reported in This Vicinity Yesterday.

The unknown man who was taken to the Homeopathic Hospital at midnight Monday, remained unconscious all day yesterday and up to midnight of last night. When found lying on the Pittsburg, McKeesport and Yough-ingheny tracks on South Ninetsenth street, he was bleeding from several bad wounds about the head, and when taken to the hospital others were found about his arms and body.

As he was being moved from the ambulance to the hospital, a man on the sidewalk was heard to say, "That's Jim Richards, of Homestead," but nothing more is known of him.

A horse attached to a peddler's wagon, owned

A horse attached to a peddler's wagon, owned by an Italian named Victoria, took fright and ran off on Pennsylvania avenue, Allegheny. A boy who was on the wagon was thrown out and his leg fractured. James Fox, who lives in Shanghai Row. Wood's Run, fell down a flight of stairs, and fractured his left leg. An accident occurred at the Ohio connecting An accident occurred at the Onlo connecting bridge pesterday morning, by which three men were injured. While a number of workmen were hauling a large timber to the top of the trestle work a guy rope broke and the load came down where six men were standing. Five

came down where six men were standing. Five jumped off the trestl; into the river. Gus Jansen was caught before he could jump and badly crushed. Two others who happened to get in the way were struck and knocked senseless. Had they fallen into the river they would undoubtedly have been drowned. John Mullen and John Dunlevy were the men injured. Mullen and John Dunlevy were the men injured.

John Merteue, an Italian boy who lives on Soho street. Thirteenth ward, fell from a dirt cart at Oakland. The wheel passed over his right leg, breaking it at the knee.

John Werfy, a Hungarian employed in the Edgar Thomson Steel Works at Braddook, was brought into the Homeopathic Hospital with a burned foot, produced by a flash of metal.

THE CREDITORS GOT SCARED.

Mr. Orlady Says the Huntingdon Car Works Will Pay Its Debts.

George B. Orlady, one of the atterneys for the Huntingdon Car Works, arrived here last evening. Mr. Orlady held a conference with Sol. Schoyer and S. B. Schoyer at the Anderson about the affairs of the company. be fought and a motion for their dissolution had already been made and would soon be arhad already been made and would soon be argued. The company is all right financially and will be able to pay its debts. He says some of the creditors were frightened and descended on the company. The works will be operated as usual. The Iron Car Company, of which the Huntingdon plant is a feeder, has 6,000 cars on railroads and is a weelthy concern.

Mr. Orlady blames Mr. Sully for trying to wreck the company. He says the man Hayworth, to whom \$100,000 worth of stock was transferred, is either a drayman or a harkeeper in New York. He thinks the affairs of the company will soon be straightened out.

Mr. Orlady is a red hot Hastings man, and he says the General will be nominated.

STRUCK A ROARER.

An 800-Pound Gas Well Comes to the Front in Charlerol.

The Bellevernon gas field came to the front yesterday afternoon with the biggest well yet developed, Charleroi No. 1, located in the heart of the new plate glass town, Charlerol. The promoters of the town and the residents were jubilating numerously last night, and a bushel of telegrams were received by Pittsburg and Philadelphia parties interested in the town. M. J. Alexander, manager of the Charlero Land Company, telegraphed to Mr. W. D. Hart-upee last night that the well was an 800-pound upee last night that the well was an su-pound rearer, and was even ahead of the Daly No. 2 which chused a sensation in the field about two months ago. The statement was later confirmed by H. S. Stewart, who bored the well, and who said that it was four feet in the sand and hall sains hantifully. and behaving beautifully.

The well is located between the railroad and

The well in located between the railroad and the river, on a level plateau about 39 feet above the water level, and is opposite Third street, as laid out in the town plan. The well is not over 500 feet from the huge buildings of the glass works, and the fact that it belongs to the company is conceded to be a great thing for the town. The Local Light and Heat Company will immediately commence piping the streets.

CAPTAIN M'CLELLAND HONORED. He Will Represent This City on the World's

Fair Commission. Captain William McClelland, the well-known attorney, was yesterday appointed one of the commissioners for Pennsylvania on the World's Fair Committee. Some time ago it was stated in THE DISPATCH, the Captain had been sein THE DISPATCH, the Captain had been selected as one of the members of the commission. The following telegram from Harrisburg yesterday confirms the statement:
"Commissioners to represent Pennsylvania at the World's Fair in Chicago were appointed to-day by Governor Beaver as follows: John W. Woodside, of Philadelphia; William McCleiland, of Pittsburg; John H. Hailock, of Erie, and R. Bruce Ricketts, of Wilkesbarre, alternate. Alonzo Shotwell, of Philadelphia, is commissioner at large,"

They Object to Their Assessment, Joseph Horne & Co. yesterday filed an appeal with the Board of Assessors on the assessment made for their wholesale business for this year. made for their wholesale business for this year. They were assessed at \$4,500,000 last year, but claim they only did business to the extent of \$4,321,300 and they object to an assessment of \$5,000,000 this year. The board will probably reduce the assessment, which was only an estimate, the firm having failed to send in its statement.

Not Been Withdrawn.

the Democratic Outlook. A SHREWD PARTY LEADER NEEDED

A Simon-Pure Democrat Wants to See the True Blues Stand Up.

THE STORY OF BLACK AND PATTISON

It was reported yesterday that a meeting of the Democratic County Committee had been called for Saturday afternoon, but inquiry of Attorney H. T. Watson, Chairman of the committee, showed the report to be false. Mr. Watson said he had not decided when to call the committee, but would probably call it for Saturday, May 24. On that point he will consult other members of the committee. Mr. Watson favors a late convention, that is, only a short time before the State Convention, believing that a better expression of public opinion is thereby ob tained. He was asked how he stood as between ex-Senator Wallace and ex-Governor Pattison. He replied: "I am divided in my ideas. I feel that

for a short time yesterday. The Duquesne Theater will be opened Thursday, October 2, with a play in which 150 people will take part. Mr. Henderson said he had the entire season Wallace would make the better Governor, but Pattison the better candidate. Our booked with first-class attractions. He thinks that Pittsburg is one of the greatest theatrical party in this State needs a thorough politithat Pittsburg is one of the greatest theatrical towns in the country, but one that has been neglected. There has been a monopoly in the business, and not enough competition.

He proposes to have fine dressing rooms for his people and the stage lights will be a marvel in their way. There will be more than used in other theaters, and all the latest colored lights will be introduced.

There are some details yet to be worked out. The present front of the building is tine enough, and will be retained, outside of the two openings now in use, another one will be added and the doors will be raised by a few marble steps above the streets. The stage will be arranged in the most modern style. Mr. Henderson left for New York last evening, to have a further conference with his architect. cian at its head, a shrewd organizer to com-pete with Quay. Wallace is not only a politician, but a statesman. Pattison is a business man rather than a politician. He made an honest, good Governor, and would do so again, but he would not see through the machinations of the wily Republican ringsters, who would throw their tentacles around every department of the State government. Wallace would allow nothing of that kind. I have no idea what the action of this county will be. I favor the election of representative men as delegates who shall

AN ORGANIZER NEEDED.

A Democrat well-known as a Wallace man, said last evening: "The Democratic party in this State needs an organizer. We want a shrewd politician to watch that man want a shrewd politician to watch that man Quay. A fellow can't run a Bible class and be a successful politician. Wallace is the man needed. Pattison is all right, but he is not our sort. When he got in there was a big revolt against the Republican ring and there was a Wolfe in the field. Any decent Democratic casdidate could have been elected. He went out with a majority of 80,000 Republican. That's what he did for the party, after the opportunity he had. He fired very few Ropublicans out, and that's why the Republicans spoke well of him. Why, he gave his administration away when he got off the train and walked up town to be inaugurated, carrying his gripsack in his hand. That caught some of the grangers, but it won't do in these days. A man, in these times, has no right to walk unless he can't help it. He wants to hire a double team, drive them to a fall-down and then hire another. Time is the essence of the contract nowadays.

IT MAKES HIM TIRED. footing up the ballots cast. There were two tickets in the field, differing but alightly, but the difference caused animated voting in a good-natured sort of way.

The following ticket was successful: President, John W. Chalfant; Vice Presidents, Wm. Metcalf and John Walker; Directors, C. L. Fitzhugh, J. J. O'Donnell, C. L. Cole, W. J. Lewis, Geo. T. Oliver, E. M. Ferguson, Robert Pitcairn and A. W. Mellon, Memberahip Committee, John B. Jackson, P. C. Knox, John H. Hampton and H. S. A. Stewart.

IT MAKES HIM TIRED. "This talk about Pattison makes me tired "This talk about Pattison makes me tired. I would like to see the real Democrate in this State stand up once and be counted. Look at the splendid organization that Quay has. These outside feliows can raise all the howl they please, but when they get right down to the State convention they'll look like an albino side-show outside of Barnum's big circus. We want to get down to such an organization. "I don't believe that Chauncey F. Black went to Washington and talked nice about Pattison. When Pattison was Governor and that West Penn business was up, he sent for Black to go to Harrisburg and write a veto for him. Old Jerry wrote the veto but it was never used, and from that day Black and Pattison never spoke until the old Judge's death. I don't believe that Black would forget his father's treatment."

MR. DALZELL'S CONVENTION.

The Elequent Congressman Will Speak the Opera House, Assessor Frank Case said yesterday that al

Assessor Frank Case said yesterday that all of the 170 delegates who will compose the Republican convention for the Twenty-second Congressional district had been selected, and there will be a full convention. Mr. Case has engaged the Opera House for 10 o'clock Tuesday forencon, June 3. A large number of ladies will be present, and the house will be tastefully decorated.

Congressman Dalzell will be present this time, and will deliver a ringing Republican seech. Two years ago he was not able to be in the city on the occasion of his nomination. costumes; our own importation and much below the usual prices; thin woolen stuffs, in cream white and delicate shades, in most fashionable weaves, in wool and in silk, and wool mixtures. Mohairs, in plain assortment of qualities, including some special values not to be had elsewhere; broadcloths, in the widest range of colorings,

in the city on the occasion of his nomination Arrested for Beating His Wife. Joseph Theis was arrested and lodged in the Seventeenth ward police station, last night, to await a hearing this morning on a charge of assault and battery. The information was made by his wife before Magistrate Leslie.

He variety of choice obsered here is unequaled in this city, and prices most reasonable. Send for samples if you live out of town.

JOS. HORNE & Co.'s

Penn Avenue Stores.

BEWARE OF STENCIL PIANOS. What Are Stenciled Planes?

There are pianes sold in Pittsburg and Allegheny—especially in Allegheny, for which the high price of \$350 is exacted and which are nothing more nor less than ordi-nary "stencil" instruments—which means that the name of the maker printed on the name board is a fictitious, trumped up name no such person being in existence; and that therefore such stencil pianos cannot possi-bly be relied upon, as no actual responsible maker by that name exists to fall back upon in case the machine goes wrong or the local agent should die without visible means to make good his guarantee.

Why not rather go to H. Kleber & Bro.'s 506 Wood street, who will sell you a splendid full-sized "Cabinet Grand Opera piano," with three pedals and warranted for eight years, and all for the low price of \$350, payable in easy, small, weekly payments. The able in easy, small, weekly payments. The wonderful Opera pianos are made by Peek & Son, New York; their name appears in full upon the name board of each instru-ment. That firm has been making pianos for over 50 years, and their warrantee, as well as that of the Klebers, 18 as good as a United States bond. Those who desire invest a little more money will find at Klebers', 506 Wood street, the peerless Steinway and the splendid Conover pianos that are not equaled by any other make in this world; also, the popular Burdett and the phenomenal Vocalion church organ—all at prices which defy competition, and on the easiest possible payments. Kleber & Bro.'s

is the best and most reliable music house. Announcement. We have this day sold our business and stock to J. R. Weldin & Co., and will at once have a clearance sale. Pictures, pottery, leather goods, inkstands, faney goods and miscellaneous books will be sold at prices that are seldom offered, and this sale will be a rare opportunity for those who wish to pick up a choice article, or good book, or set of books. H. WATTS & Co., 431 Wood st.

MAY 12, 1890.

A Mighty Suit Sale

At \$10 will keep everyone interested for the next few days. Imported cassimeres, diagonals, widewales and fancy worsteds cut in sacks and entaways, making the most desirable suits for men, at \$10. Many light colors, days, grays, fast blacks in the light colors, dawn, grays, fast blacks in the selection. We can guarantee you a saving of \$7 to \$9 on a suit. P. C. C. C. corner Grant and Diamond sts., opposite the Court House.

NEW parasols in immense choice, for ladies, misses and small children, cheapest at Rosenbaum & Co's. WTHSSU Summer Weights in Mourning Dress Goods Largest assortment in both all-wool and in silk and wool fabrics at closest prices. Jos. HORNE & Co.'s

Infants' Furnishings. Handsome line of our own make long and short dresses for infants at \$2, \$2 25, \$2 50, \$3 50 to \$7 50. These goods are not

A. G. CAMPBELL & SONS, 27 Fifth ave. ELECTRIC Portrait Copying Company, 10 and 12 Sixth st., copy and enlarge photos in crayon, water colors, etc.; best work; lowest prices. MRS. SCHENLEY SATISFIED.

A. M. Murshall Says the Offer of Land Has

A GOOD THEATRICAL TOWN.

But Manager Henderson Says That Pittsburg

Has Been Neglected.

David Henderson, of Chicago, was in the city

THE DUQUESNE CLUB ELECTION.

Its Result Ascertained by the Tollars Yes-

terday Afternoon.

The annual meeting and election of the Du-quesne Club was held at the club on Monday

evening, and the result was announced yester day at 4 o'clock. The voting was heavy, and

the tired tellers had several hours' work in footing up the ballots cast. There were two

A Complete Dress Goods Departme

Including, as it does, all the best makes of summer wear dress fabrics—all the new-

est weaves in the colorings most in vogue

grays, wood browns, tans; in our celebrated standard French cashmeres; all the im-ported novelties in stuffs adapted for sea-

values ever offered in fine French robes, at \$8 00, \$12 00 and \$15 00, really

worth twice as much, if bought elsewhere genuine Scotch cheviots, tweeds and home

spun suitings, for steamer and yachting

medium weights, habit cloths, extr

wide and fine English serges, mountain

flannels, in plain and fancy stripes—in fact, the variety of choice offered here is un-

You can play the grandest overtures and symphonies, all kinds of operatic music, the most beautiful ballads and waltzes in per-

A week's practice makes you competent to

rival the greatest performer in the world.

Accept our cordial invitation and come and see this wonderful instrument. On ex-

hibition at Mellor & Hoene's, 77 Fifth

A Mighty Suit Sale

the next few days, Imported cassimeres, diagonals, widewales and fancy worsteds out in sacks and cutaways, making the most desirable suits for men, at \$10. Many

light colors, dawn, grays, fast blacks, in the selection. We can guarantee you a saving

P. C. C.C., corner Grant and Diamond sts.,

EVIL AIR

From bad sewerage or undrained

swamps deranges the liver and un-

dermines the system, creates blood

headache, billousness and constips

cured by the use of the genuine

tion, which can most effectually be

Dr.C.McLane's celebrated

Liver Pills.

Price, 25c. Sold by all druggists, and pre-pared only by Fleming Brothers, Pitts-burg, Pa. Get the genuine; counterfeits are made in St. Louis.

TEA SETS.

(SILVER PLATE.)

At no time in our history have we had so large an assortment of Tea Sets as now. So many new shapes and ornamentation. We sell you any number of pieces from complete set, with urn or swing kettle, or five-piece set, and, if you prefer, only sugar, cream and spoon holder. Prices are moderate, Quality the best. Special display in silver department. No trouble to show you.

E. P. ROBERTS & SONS,

PIFTH AVE AND MARKET ST.

J. A. R. & CO.'S AMIGAS.

Clear Havans \$7 00 per hundred.

JOHN A. RENSHAW & CO.,

Fancy Grocers, cor. Liberty and Ninth sta.

mh8-ws

CIGARS—J. A.R. &CO'S.

CUBAN HAND MADE.

The best cigar for the money.

34 50 per bundred.

JOHN A. RENSHAW & CO.

Fancy Grocers, cor, Liberty and Ninth a mbs.

jy8-MWF

eases and eruptions, preceded by

At \$10 will keep everyone interested for

fect imitation of an orchestra.

avenue.

selection. We can so of \$7 to \$9 on a suit.

opposite the Court House.

No musical education necessary.

tions of Early Pittsburg. Dr. Hugh Arters, of Meadville, the oldest A call was made last evening by a DISPATCH reporter on A. M. Marshall, President of the Western Pennsylvania Institute for the Blind, Odd Fellow in Pennsylvania is at the Seventh Avenue Hotel with his son, John, the well known oil man. The old gentleman came down and the gentleman asked in reference to the withdrawal of Mrs. Schenley's offer of the the valley yesterday to make his first visit to Pittsburg after a long time. He is 82 years old and has been an Odd Fellow for 60 years. Mr. Arters is hale and handsome in his old age, and loves to talk of the "wayback" days when he Center avenue site. He said: "While we have received no communication from Mrs. Schen-ley that she had withdrawn her offer of the Center avenue property, Mr. Torrens, who rep-resents the estate, informs us that Mrs. Schen-ley will donate the Forbes avenue property. came to Pittsburg at the age of 8. His remem-brance of those days of his childhood and youth ley will donate the Forbes avenue property. The committee favored the Center avenue ground, and we had every reason to believe that this would be the place where the institute would be erected until Mr. Torrens acquainted the board as to Mrs. Schenley's withdrawal of her first offer.

"We had the necessary documents drawn up for the trensfer of the property, and sent them to Mrs. Schenley for her approval. As yet we have heard nothing further from England. The last communication we received was to the effect that she assented to the transfer of the Center avenue site. W. A. Herron sent the lady a plan of she grounds. She returned this also with her approval. As we are beggers, we cannot of course be choosers, and we have no other recourse but to accept whatever is offered to us."

brance of those days of his childhood and youth is keen. At the hotel last evening, sitting in an arm chair in the lobby, with his round chin nestled down between the points of his high linen collar, and his broad-brimmed hat pushed back from his kindly countenance, he entertained a circle of friends with stories of the old times, when Pittsburg was a little town and only ferries crossed the rivers.

He dilated on what he called the Hattle of the Plains of Allegheny, when the Duquesne Greys, of which Dr. Arters was ensign, and a militia company commanded by Constable Mackey, came into rivairy and bayonet conflict on the Haymarket Square in "Allegheny Town."

THE OLDEST ODD FELLOW HERE.

Dr. Arters, of Meadville, and His Recolled

TIME TO WEED THEM OUT.

Booth & Flinn's New Policy Heartly In-

dorsed in Wilkinsburg. In view of the expressed determination of Messrs, Booth & Flinn to discharge all their Italian laborers and employ colored men inavenue, Wilkinsburg, yesterday, is significant, A 13-year-old boy is employed to carry drinking water to the men. He did not respond immediately to the demand of an Italian, named Pietro Saviani, and thereby provoked the ire of the foreigner, who aimed a blow at the boy's head with his pick. Fortunately, a fellow laborer seized the implement in mid-air, and tore staway. Pietro then fell upon the boy and hammered him furiously with his fists until he was dragged off. The foreman discharged the Italian at once

the Italian at once.

The boy, after having his face bathed and being allowed to lie down for an hour or two, was able to resume work. A gentleman who saw the assault, remarked to a DISPATCH reporter: "It was just about time Booth & Filan found other laborers than Italians." Quarreled While at Work.

Pasquali Richie, an Italian laborer employed by Booth & Fline, was arrested yesterday on a charge of assault and battery preferred by Petro Benedito, a companion workman. The suit was the result of a quarrel while at work. Richie was held in 5300 ball for a hearing be-fore Alderman Richards.

JOS. HORNE & CO.'S

PENN AVE. STORES.

PITTSBURG, Wednesday, May 14, 1890,

ported novelties in stuffs adapted for sea-shore and mountain costumes, new effects in the popular silk and wool gloria cloth, a perfect fabric for traveling dresses; a new assortment of 50 and 52 inch summer weight suitings in modish stripes and check pat-terns; high novelties from French looms in figured grenadines, in single patterns, imported exclusively for this department; the largest assortment of fine all-wool French challies, in newest designs, in dark and light colorings; some very attractive novelties in plain and fancy twilled striped woolens for tennis and outing wear; the best values ever offered in fine French SUMMER MILLINERY

Continues a grand success a triumph of the modistes over the feminine affections of these cities. To-day 50 Paris Models that came too late for yesterday's exhibit,

Children's Day

SATURDAY.

Good India Silks at very low price probably more styles and colorings than were ever shown in any one Silk Department in this country, without a The wenderfully large demand for fancy Painted Silks last season caused manufacturers to flood the market with India Silks, good, bad and indifferent,

of course, in dollars and cents, other wise the dearest goods anyone ever But we haven't any of these goods, though we have the largest stock of printed and plain India Silks that can be

largely the latter two qualities-cheap,

We have some very excellent Printed Japanese Silks, 27 inches wide, at 75c, and the assortment we offer at \$1 a yard includes the newest designs and latest colorings, on a fine quality of cloth, that never fails to give satis-

factory service.

Extreme high novelties in Printed Sarines Printed Surahs, Printed Indias and Printed Crepe de Chenes all shown here in styles and colorings exclusive to

These very elegant Silks are especially adapted for effective and elegant Summer Costumes, having all the charm that belongs to a gown made of an ultra Our advance sales of all varieties of Summer Silks have been very large, and now that the season for these goods has opened we are better prepared than at any former season to give the best

values and the advantage of the largest

India Silks at 40c and 50c that at the

We still have a few lots of Printed

choice for selection to our silk custom-

price are great bargains. Hundreds of styles in the best quality of fancy Habutai Wash Silks at 75c a yard, well Also a large assortment of Cheviot Stripe Wash Twilled Silks, fast colors,

In Stripe and Check Surahs we have some special values, new colorings, at Glace Check and Plaid Silks, new

best quality only, at \$1 a yard.

styles and fresh goods, at 70c, in colors and black and white. Plain colors in India Pongee Silks, in

a large variety of shades, from 50c to 11

Best quality of Cream White Japanese Silks, of finest finish.

Canton Crepes, in delicate tints and cream white, for graduating dresses and evening wear-in fact, everything in desirable Silks, of the good to finest qualities for the present season's use, is here and in largest variety.

JOS. HORNE & CO.

600-621 PENN AVENUE.