### PITTSBURG DISPATCH. FRIDAY, MARCH 21, 1890. THE

Of the Inside Secrets of His Now

Notorious Divorce Case

READ AS EVIDENCE AGAINST HIM.

the Grand Jury.

Jary by Saturday.

# FLACK'S OWN STORY A SOCIAL SENSATION

## Caused by the Commencing of a Crimina Libel Suit in Cipcinnati-A Vice-The Ticket-of-Leave Plan About to President of the Standard Oil Company the Complainant. CINCINNATI, March 20 .- A sensation was created in social circles to-day by the THOSE GUILTY OF SMALL OFFENSES arrest of Howard Saxby, editor of th Are to be Given Freedom as Long as They

NO MONEY TO BUILD MORE PRISONS And a Crowded Penitentiary Make This Experiment much surprise, especially as his engagement to Mrs. Briggs had not been announced.

Then, too, Mrs. Grundy had unauthorita tively announced, as she usually does, that Mr. McDonald was to have married another lady. This report, of course, caused the gossips to prick up their ears and discuss what they thought was a choice and dainty morsel as a shadow of a breach of promise suit looming up in the distance. Meantime if Mr. and Mrs. McDonald, happy in the utter unconsciousness of the unwarranted talk their marriage has called forth, sailed away to Cuba and thence to Spain, where, after spending a delightful honeymoon of six months or more, they re-

aby at home in the old Kellogg residence in Avondale, and, surrounded by pleasant friends and all the luxuries of life that money could purchase, they settled down to the enjoyment of life. It was then that an anonymous letter writer began his the boy up. The boy went to St. Paul's sneaking and contemptible work. Mr. and school and sang in the church choirs. His Mrs. McDonald had hardly moved into their new home when a lady in the neigh-borhood whose social standing is unquestionable read a scurrilons epis-tle attacking the characters of Mr. McDonald and his charming wife. The letter contained no definite accusation, but it was evidently the intention of the writer by vague insinuation to poison the

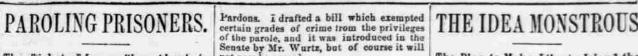
similar letters were received, and finally the same insinuations appeared in print. This

ordered. It was found that Woodruff had denosed Woodruff from office

of Woodruff. The officials of the Life and selves.

CUT TO THE QUICK.

be built or provision made for the county



been released on parole.

IF HIS LIFE IS SPARED.

Refute the Accusations Against Him-

The Verdict to Be Ren-

dered To-Day.

tained ill feeling toward Bishop Dubs.

LUCKY MORGAN MURDERED.

A Rich Old Bachelor Killed by His Own

Fireside.

EVERTON, Mo., March 20.-The murder

of "Lucky" Morgan, at Dodeville, a small

knocking him into the fire. His face was

burned to a crisp. His throat had been cut from ear to ear. He was a rich old bach-

elor, and the murder was doubtless commit-

ted for the money which he was known to

TROOPS IN THE STRIP.

The Boomers Did Not Walt for Them, But

Got Out.

CLOSING THE BREAK.

Mississippi Levees.

GREENVILLE, MISS., March 20.-The

end of the break of the levee has been se-

Some little difficulty is being experienced

in caching the broken levee, as it is off from

the river. The Government steamers, with

their men and equipments, have gone to the

scene of the disaster to be of assistance in the work, and a combined effort will be made to close this break in short order.

GLASS MEN KICK.

Resolutions Passed Condemning the Tariff

CHICAGO, March 20.-Seventy representa-

Bill Now Pending.

bill is the association urges that the rates

on china and earthenware in vogue prior to

THREE BODIES RECOVERED.

The Fire in the Germania Mine Finally

IRONWOOD, MICH., March

shaft No. 2.

red-head.

is about \$10,000,

Subdued.

bodies of the remaining three miners,

Waller, Sullivan and Banks,

were recovered from the Germania

mine to-day. They were found together be-

hind a large tool chest at the bottom of

The fire has been extinguished. The loss

KNOCKING OUT LOTTERIES.

Kentucky's Legislature Will Try to Cancel

Their Charters.

LOUISVILLE, March 20 .- Bills repealing

the Frankfort, Henry County and Grand

Lodge lotteries passed the Kentucky House

of Kepresentatives to-day. The anti-lottery men form a strong major-

ity in the Legislature, and will use every

Harrison Hunts Duck.

BALTIMORE, March 20 .- President Har-

rison, accompanied by General William J.

Sewell, ex-Senator from New Jersey; Messrs.

Benjamin A. Knight, E. C. Knight, Sr.,

E. C. Knight, Jr., R. Dale Benson, Edward S. Clarke and Alford Fells, of Philadelphia,

went duck hunting to-day. He shot one

A Printer Jumps to Death.

ST. PAUL, March 20 .- Peter Pierson, a

printer, who recently came here from Chi-

cago and secured work, to-night jumped off

the Robert street bridge, killing himself in-

stantly. He had been sick for some days

and became despondent.

effort to suppress the lottery.

20.-The

for use.

of the line to-day but

verdict will be made up.

body at the bottom of his well.

carry with him in large amounts.

READING, March 20 .- This morning's

not now be passed. "The Court of Pardons will largely look The Plan to Make Liberty Island the to the Prison Inspectors and officials for the information on which to grant the parole. The intention is to grant the privilege to young convicts and first offenders whose be-Immigrants' Landing Place DOES NOT SUIT BARTHOLDI A BIT. havior indicates that they are deserving of clemency.

It Would Disfigure the Spot Which Should SAID TO WORK WELL ELSEWHERE. "Among our 1:008 convicts 144 are under be Surrounded 20 years of age, 268 more are between 20 and 25 years, while 825 are serving their first

ONLY BY THE IDEALLY BEAUTIFUL. sentence. Upon many young men who per-haps committed an assault when under the

influence of liquor, two months of prison life will have as wholesome a restraint as He Proposes a Grand Park for Symbolizal and National six months, and to expose them longer to associations with hardened criminals would be an injury. While the Court of Pardons would hesitate about giving ab-Statuary.

M. Bartholdi, who designed the Statue of solute freedom to such persons, it would be willing to try the experiment of freedom during good behavior, with the power to Liberty for Bedloe's Island, does not like the idea of landing immigrants at the feet of that tall monument. His reasons for send the offender back to prison if he broke his pledge, and give him an additional punobjecting are set forth at length.

ishment. The system works well in the States where it has been tried, and Michi-gan is about to join New Jersey in adopting PARIS, March 20 .- M. Bartholdi, the designer of the Statue, of Liberty, was the parole." Senator Pfeiffer introduced a bill to apvisited by a correspondent of the New York World, who told him of the order relating propriate \$100,000 for building a new wing to the use to which it is proposed to put to the State Prison, but it will not be acted Liberty Island.

"The plan," he said, "is a monstrous one I always hoped that Americans would see the splendid use that is to be made of that island as I see it, namely, to turn it into a Pantheon for New York City, and by that reason for the whole United States. That is what it is clearly destined to be-a shrine of the histories and glories of the United States, serving the same purpose as Westminster Abbey for England, the Pantheon for France, the Acropolia for Athens, the Pincio and the Capitol for Rome. It should be a kind of ideal resort where should be kept alive the memories of all that is glori-ous in the history and geography of the United States.

THE DESIGNER'S IDEA.

Thus around the base of the Statue of Liberty there should be grouped em-blematic statues of the United States of America. In different parts of the island, laid out like a Greek grove, the statues of all the heroes of America should be placed. There should be statues of all the great men This afternoon a big batch of documentary evidence was introduced in support of the allegations against the Bishop, and his who have made America what she is, so that people going there would find themwritings and public speeches were ex-tensively quoted and numerous letters read to sustain the charges. Testimony was also introduced to show that he always entersetves transported into a kind of American Walhalla.

"No more beautiful setting for such a park as I have in my mind's eye could be found than in the harbor of New York This evening Rev. W. F. Heil, of Leb-anon, addressed the Examining Committee which springs out against the background of the island, with all its bustle and traffic of modern life. Amid its solemn, reverent for over two hours, as attorney for the prose-cution, after which an adjournment was silence would be this ideal home of the great taken until to-morrow morning, when the glories of America.

"The people of America do not sufficiently take into consideration what a great part an ideal plays in the happiness of a nation. In Liberty Island, by its situation, the Americans have a spot unique in the world for the home of a temple to the glorification of their wonderful nationality and the ideal-ization of the strong poetry of their race,

AN UNPARALLELED WORK.

town near here, has just been discovered. "For the American race has a poetry of Morgan had been missed by his friends for its own, which few, the Americans least of a day or two, and a search discovered his all, see-poetry in the cohesion into one mighty mass of elements so widely diverse, The circumstances surrounding the crime poetry in the work they have achieved in the creation of a nation-a work unparshow that he was sitting before the fire when his murderer struck him from behind,

alleled in the history of the world. "All other nations have grown up in the places of their birth, whereas the Ameri-can people has formed itself into a nation on foreign soil. I say that Liberty Island is obviously destined to be made into a pleasure ground for the soul of the Ameri-can people, a place of pilgrimage for citizens of the whole nation, a national museum of the glories and memories of the United States. There are uo museums in America such as we have in Europe in ditferent towns. Certainly there are buildings GUTHRIE, I. T., March 20 .- The troops in which, at the cost of limitless dollars, art

treasures have been brought together, but

an eminent degree by Liberty Island if it were transformed into what I had always

hoped to see it transformed. It should b

preserved as a precious jewel and be the

park, promenade and pilgrimage of the Na-

people approaching America-for whatever

always remain the portal for us-the expla-nation of the glories of the land they are

visiting and the presentment of its glorious

DOWNRIGHT DESECRATION.

"Every chapter in its magnificent history of the War of Independence would have its

memorials here, set in the midst of the movement of the great nodern city. All this will tell you how bitterly I shall be disappointed if the monstrous plan of trans-

forming Liberty Island into a landing place

What idea can have inspired the originators of this absurd scheme? Is it by way of

placing under the protection of the personi-

European tyrannies on their first arrival on

the shores of the New World? Is it hoped

that the torch of the statue will purify them of their Old World evils?

I am lost in conjectures as to what the reason of this plan can be. I do not see

the slightest necessity for such a step in the first place. Could not Governor's Island be

preferably chosen for an immigrant landing station. Or if not Governor's Island, there

are scores of suots close by which could be

"I consider that to turn Liberty Island to

such use is a downright desecration, and the throwing away of one of the best chances America has for her own glorification by

CAN'T STAND THE NEW TARIFF.

Canadians Must Have Continental Free

Trade or be Ruined.

TOBONTO, March 20 .- The Globe (Lib-

eral), commenting on the proposed changes

The effect of imposing these taxes will either

be to wipe out Canada's whole export trade to

the States, on "animals and their produce"

and "agricultural produce," or to force our

farmers to accept prices from 15 to 20 per cent

less than they now obtain for some \$20,000,000 worth of what they have to sell. Not only so,

but the surplus which we now sell to the States,

will, if thrown on the home market, reduce

the prices of all products that farmers sell.

Their annual loss will thus mount up to many

Their annual loss will taus mount up to many inillions, and the value of their lands and plants, a value which decreased \$5,000,000 last year and fully \$100,000,050 during the last de-cade, will be encormously diminished. Every merchant, every bank, every loan company, every holder of mortgages, every mechanic mast suffer with the farmers, and all alike should join in agitation to avert the disaster by foreing the Government to seek continental free trade.

YOUNG IVES' SPECIAL CAR

Goes to New York to Bring Back to Cin-

clauati the Wrecked Napoleon.

A special car of the Cincinnati, Hamilton

and Dayton road occupied a side track at

the Union depot last evening. The

coach is now claimed by Vice Presklent

Wade, a son of the late Chief Justice, but the

car last night was bound on a strange mis-

ion. It was en route to New York to meet

young Ives, who has been released from prison under bail, and take him to Cin-

nati, where a compromise will be attempted.

RICHMOND, VA., March 20.-Fearing

that an attempt will be made to lynch the

negro Henry Musco, in jail at Charlotta-ville, convicted of the murder of a police-

man and sentenced to be hanged, a military

company is now guarding the prison.

Military to Protect a Mardere

means of this ideal National park."

in the American tariff, says:

used for the purpose.

fication of American liberty the victims of

"But what can be the meaning of this?

for immigrants is carried out.

nay be said or done of New York City will

Thus transformed it would be to the

"Such a character would be po

tional character.

ion.

history.

# BLAIR'S BILL BEATEN. body, relating to the floods in the Mississippi river, a copy of a report from Colonel C. B. Comstock, Corps of Engineers, President of The New Bampshire Senator Meets the Mississippi River Commission, which an Overwhelming Defeat SUV5: In my opinion the Mississippi River Co sion has as much money as can be winely used in the protection of Government levees, works IN THE HOUSE OF HIS FRIENDS. and plant, so far as the same may be pra and plant, so far as the same may be prach-cable, during the present flood, unless there should be further heavy rains. In that case \$150,000 additional would be needed. Thus far, though the river at several points is higher than ever before, but four serious breaks in levees are reported to me, and from them the danger to life is not great. But any additional rise would cause widespread disaster, and, even as it is, the danger of disaster is very great. Seven steamers and many barges could be sup-plied to give aid to those in peril. Many Republicans Aid the Democrats on

further response to the resolution of that

TO TAX SPECULATION.

In

the Final Vote.

QUAY AND CAMERON BOTH AGAINST IT.

An Amusing Incident at the Clasing Hours of the Long Debute.

By a vote of 37 to 31 the Senate yesterday defeated the Blair educational bill. Its nuthor moved a reconsideration. Senator Quay and Cameron, while not present, were paired against the measure.

IFROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT. ]

WASHINGTON, March 20 .- The Blair order to move a reconsideration. This re- the necessity of leaving unimpaired, as far for the reason that many Republican leaders have doubted the expediency of passing the bill at this time. They appreciated the fact that if it ever got over to the House it would probably find a large majority there as to warrant the large appropriation demanded by this bill.

DEFEATED BY REPUBLICANS. Consequently they deteated it in the Senate, and to this end Messrs. Sherman, Ingalls, Frye, Hale, Aldrich, Davis, Hiscock, Dixon, Farwell, Hawley, Jones of Nevada, Pierce, Plnmb, Sawyer, Spooner and Wolcott all voted nay on the question of its passe ge. Both Senators Quay and Cameron, of Pennsylvania, were paired against the bill. The representatives of Virginia, Virginia, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama and Florida were all in favor of the bill, showing that public sentiment in the South has changed considerably since the bill was first introduced, when scarcely a Southern vote was

cast for its passage. There was a rather ludicrous incident in connection with the final hours of the bill. Mr. Bate had spoken in opposition to it, but remarks were not lengthy, and he had finished by 2:30. No one clese manifested a desire to speak, and Mr. Blair rose to bring the debate to a conclusion. Mr. Hawley then suggested that it had been understood that voting should not be commenced until 3 o'clock

BLAIR IN A DILEMMA.

There was an awkward pause for a moment as Mr. Blair glanced around the Senate to see if no one would help him out of his dilemma. It would never do for the Senate to sit around doing nothing for a half hour. Mr. Hawley smiled a trifle maliciously at the pit he fancied he had dug Hawley for the Senator from New Hampshire, for surely after he had filled 229 columns of the Record he had nothing further to say in support of the bill.

But Mr. Blair was equal to the occasion, and, diving into his desk, he produced a lecture on the subject which he had prepared to deliver at some negro meeting, and proceeded to read it in order to occupy the unexpired time. Mr. Hawley did not stay to hear it, but retired to the cloakroom and communed with himself, while the Senate was treated to fatherly admonitions as to the duties of the black man and to frequent al-

on the bill and amendments. The first vote was on three amendments offered by Mr. Moody, of South Dakota, to the effect that the illiterates among the Indians shall be included in the calculation. Mr. Blair said that there was no objection to the amendments.

Representative Butterworth Speaks Favor of His Bill Concerning Options-He Says it is Demanded by the Legitimate Trade. WASHINGTON, March 20.-Representative Butterworth to-day appeared before the House Committee on Agriculture in supbill was to-day defeated in the Senate by a port of the bill levying a tax upon dealers vote of 37 to 31, eight Democrats voting for in options and traders in puts and calls. the bill and 17 Republicans voting against He gave an accurate description of their it, including Mr. Blair, who did so in methods of doing business, and spoke of

sult has been anticipated for some time, and as possible, the operation of the laws of suphas been brought about, as well from the ply and demand, in order to secure a fact that the bill itself has been losing its | healthful condition of trade and commerce. popularity with Republicans, principally He went on to explain the effects which operations in the grain pit at Chicago and other cities had upon the legitimate traffic in farm staples. He explained why it was that sellers had an advantage in the pit and why prices were beaten down as a result of the trade in what is known as wind wheat in its favor, and they did not think that the financial condition of the country was such no existence except in name. He said that there was more wind wheat sold in the pit at Chicago each year than was produced in the whole world. Of course, the market value of an article is regulated by laws of

supply and demand, and these transactions paralyzed legitimate trade. Mr. Butterworth proposed to the commit-tee to so amend the bill as to leave un-

touched legitimate transactions, while those which are merely gambling speculation would be left subject to the law. This, he said, would be a difficult matter, but he held that the injury which resulted from this un-restricted gambling was so great as to justify the passage of the law which might to a limited extent inconvenience legitimate transactions.

Henderson, of lows, and a number of mem-bers of the House have signified their intention of addressing the committee in support of the measure, and Mr. Butterworth stated that not only agricultural interests demanded its passage, but that he had received scores of letters from merchants, millers and commercial traders in large cities commending his course.

Railroad Controversy.

measures before that body.

Representatives Peters, of Kentucky,

the city charter.

# IN THE DISTANT FUTURE.

# No Legislation This Session on the Pacific

WASHINGTON, March 20 .- At a confer-

This conclusion has been reached atter a free talk with the Speaker and Republican members of the House and a conference with Senators. No particular reasons have been assigned for such delay, but it is very evident that a majority of the House Commit-tee could not be obtained for any one of the

the board might be prepared to fill the vacancies, Mr. Potter deemed it advisable to notify several of the principal stock-holders in advance. This information evidently leaked out and increased as it spread. until it spread in proportions large enough to create a sensation in commercial circles

ence of the Republican members of the House Committee on Pacific Railroads it was decided that it is not expedient to pass any legislation at the present session for a settlement of the pending controversy between the Government and the Pacific Rail-

BOOMERS MUST WAIT. Insidus to his recent "condition of servitude." After debate the Senate proceeded to vote The Cherokee Strip Will Not be Opened for

HERR MOST AT BUFFALO. ed People Listen to

CHAIRMAN POTTER WILL RESIGN. Mrs. Raymond at various places where she boarded, and he took some meals there. He Will No Longer be at the Head of the The people might have thought them husband and wife, and he never disabused their Illinois Steel Company. minds. He paid the boy's expenses in school. the directors of the Illinois Steel Company. in New York, during the latter part of this month, O. W. Potter will formally resign from the Chairmanship of the Executive Committee. His son, Mr. E. C. Potter, will entire truth?" "Yes." at the same time resign from the office of the

ning proceedings. The gas bill is the provocation, and be hind it all are charges of boodle. It is said that before the 90 cent bill was passed over "SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. NEW YORK, March 20 .- The defense in the Mayor's veto certain persons ap-proached a representative of the gas comthe Flack case will be opened to-morrow in the Oyer and Terminer court room. Sheriff pany and said that it was generally under-Flack may not go on the witness stand, but stood by the "boys" that Mayor Noonan was \$100,000 better off than he was before the veto was written, and that while they for the first time his version of the case was

TO IMPEACH A MAYOR.

The Chief Official of St. Louis Likely to

Get Into Trouble-The Veto of

a Gas Bill Causes a

Very Big Row.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1

cerning the impeachment of Mayor Noonan

which have been heard with more or less

frequency ever since the passage of the

elevated bill, seem to have crystallized, and

it is now said that impeachment proceed-

ings are to be begun within a few days, and

that the occasion for it is the veto of the 90

cent gas bill. The rumors do not disturb

the Mayor at all, but he continues to at-

tend to his official duties with the same cool

ness and unconcern that has marked all his official life. To what extent the opponents

of the Mayor have gone is uncertain, but

that they have been diligently working to secure his removal is sure, and they are still

endeavoring to obtain the assurance of two-

thirds of the members of the Council that

they will vote for the removal before begin-

ST. LOUIS. March 20 .- The rumors con

made public to-day in the shape of the statedid not object to that, they wanted a portion of it. The threat was made that it half of it ment he made before the grand jury. The testimony taken during the forenoon was chiefly a corroboration of that previously was not distributed among them they would pass the bill over the Mayor's veto. They given pass the bill over the Mayor's veto. Incy were met only with assurances that the Mayor had received nothing, and that his action was prompted only by his honest con-cern for the city's welfare.

After recess parts of Sheriff Flack's state ment before the grand jury were read as evi-dence against him. The statement contained these interesting points: The Sheriff be-came acquainted with Sarah Cherry 15 But that they believed this, there is room for doubt; at any rate they passed the bill over the veto in spite of in-timations that if they did there would be a years ago. She was in his employ a year or two, and he paid her regular wages. Four-teen years ago she gave birth to a boy, whom he adopted. It was his intention to bring

searching investigations into the records of some of the gentlemen who occupy public positions. Another charge is that the Mayor is interested in the Municipal Electric full name is Edward J. Raymond. He was born in the house of a Mrs. Pritchard, in New York. Mr. Flack said he was not in-

Lighting Company, which is a violation of troduced as Mr. Raymond. He visited

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. 1 CHICAGO, March 20 .- At the meeting of

A VOLUNTARY STATEMENT. He was asked: "Is the grand jury to understand that this statement is entirely vol-untary?" He replied, "Yes." "And if they ask you, you will state the

Second Vice Presidency. Both resignations will take effect on April 1. In order that

He testified that Mrs. Raymond had saved some money at a time when her family were keeping boarders, but he did not know of her having any other source of independent income. He had sent money to her since she left New York. He had sent money to her several times, but did not know where she was now. Getting down to the subject of divorce, he testified that the matter had been in his

and materially depress the market price of mind for 10 or 12 years. When asked why he had waited so long before he had put his the stock of the company. The resignation of Mr. Potter from the plan into execution he replied that he was tender hearted and did not want to cause active management of this company is only carrying out a course that was adopted his wife any unnecessary suffering. She was usually in such bad condition that he when the present company was organized, and the necessity thereof confirmed by his could not talk to her. He did finally tell medical adviser last summer. Mr. Potter has been the managing head of this institu-tion from the infancy of the North Chicago her one morning when she seemed capable

of understanding him, but she became so much excited that he deferred the more im-Rolling Mill Company, covering a period of 33 years, during which he was unable portant part until a later day. to absent himself from his duties for any length of time. This const nt and con-THE FAMILY SKELETON. "I have been trying," he said, "to keep this skeleton from the world since her mother died." In the first part of April he was surprised one morning to find from sevnuous strain upon his nerve forces has made it injudicious for him to continue in made it injudicious for him to continue in the active management of this gigantic concern any longer. The announcement that either of the retiring gentlemen has disposed of his stock in the company is

was scrprised one morning to had non-sev-eral questions that she addressed to him that she was in an unusually sensible and quiet condition. She evidently, he said, understood all that he said to her. He told her that it would be better if they were be done. He said that the laws in New A Colored Man Does Some Carving, and is

York were very strict in regard to divorce

want to be called to any lawyer's office, and

wanted to know what questions would be

ONE LAWYER FOR BOTH.

She was afraid she might be in a dif-

Porcupine, on the charge of a criminal libel preferred by James McDonald, the mil-All of the Principal Charges Confessed to lionaire and Vice President of the Standard Oil Company. Less than a year ago James McDonald was quietly married in THE DEFENSE WILL BE HEARD TO-DAY. New York City to Mrs. Carrie Briggs. Mr. McDonald is the brother of Mr. Alex Mc-Donald, of Clifton, and is associated with bis brother in the management of the Stand-ard United Tank Line Company. Mrs. Briggs, the daughter of Mrs. John Rule, is from one of the oldest and well-known families of this city, and And the Celebrated Case Will Probably Reach the In the prosecution against Sheriff Flack was temporarily residing in New York at the time of the marriage. The marriage of such a confirmed bachelor and popular gen-tleman as Mr. McDonald naturally created in New York yesterday his own statement before the grand jury was produced and entered as evidence against him. The defense will open their case to-day, and the matter may be in the jury's hands to-morrow.

# of good behavior.

turned to this city. It was not long before they were comfort-

pris

mind of the lady to whom it was directed against her new neighbors. She turned the letter over to her husband, who in turn showed it to Mr. McDonald. Many more

caused the libel suit of to-day.

FLED WITH HIS TYPEWRITER.

A Buffalo Insurance Official Leaves Town With the Sheriff in Pursuit.

BUFFALO, March 20 .- A sensation was caused in this city to-day when it was currently reported that J. W. Woodruff, ex-President of the Life and Reserve Insurance Company, had hurriedly left town, leaving anxious creditors behind. For nearly eight years Woodruff had been associated with the Life and Reserve Company, but the fact of his running heavily in debt became known in the office and created unpleasant ters, experience the bad effects of this overcomment. An investigation was recently crowding in all its force. Governor Abbett, in his inaugural ad-

purchased a lot of land and had contracted o build 14 houses thereon, the money for which was taken from the funds of the company. The Board of Directors thereupon Woodruff had a pretty blonde typewriter, with whom he fell violently in love, and it is believed that the couple have fled together. The Sheriff has started in pursuit

Reserve Company say they haven't lost anything, having taken care to protect them-

New Jersey has more convicts than can conveniently be housed in her penitentiary. She is unable to enlarge the prison, because she has no money. Therefore, she proposes to release some of the offenders on promise

> TRENTON, N. J., March 20 .- The New Jersey State Treasury being empty, and the Legislature unable to raise the \$100,000 needed to provide additional accommodations for the rapidly increasing criminal classes of the State, the ticket-of-leave plan is about to be adopted in order to empty the here a state with the ticket of leave plan is about to be adopted in order to empty the prison of old offenders to make room for new ones. A bill of this character has been

be Tested in New Jersey.

Behave Properly.

Necessary.

passed by both Senate and House, and now awaits the Governor's signature before be And in His Own Time, Bishop Esher Will coming a law. The system is a new one in this part of the country, and the experiment will be watched with interest by persons concerned with prison reform although it has worked satisfactorily in Ohio and Illi-

trial of Bishop Esher, of Chicago, for unnois, where it is now in force. Some measure of relief is absolutely chistian conduct was mostly taken up with needed for the State prison at Trenton. The a reading of the extensive correspondence institution has cell accommodations for 706 between the Committee on Investigation prisoners, and now has 1,008 confined within and the Bishop, in which they invite him its stone walls. This necessitates doubling up over 300 prisoners, and, as the law re-quires that convicts shall be kept in soli-tary confinement in the workshop, the to come to Reading. He curtly refused, saying: "Of the seriousness of the charges I will speak in my own time. If God spares my life that time will come." He n authorities are obliged to set the law sent back the copy of the charges and reat defiance. fused to submit to a second examination.

THE PENITENTIABY CROWDED. In the old wing, where the cells were made large enough to accommodate three persons, four are now obliged to sleep. But this can hardly be called overcrowding when it is compared with the condition of affairs in the east wing. There the cells are 9 feet long, 5 feet wide and 7 feet high,

thes the other, and when one man paces the cell floor for exercise the other must lie in bed.

The prison authorities do all in their power to mitigate the condition of these miserable creatures. Nearly all of them are out of the cells in the daytime employed in the workshops, and only feel the effects of the overcrowding during the night. But those who are not so fortunate as to be en-gaged in the workshops, and are obliged to spend day and night in the cramped quar-

barely affording room for the healthful ac commodation of one adult. But yesterday two persons were locked up in each of 83 of boxes. The cots are ranged one above

dress, in speaking on the subject said: "If the people of the State knew, as do those in

charge of the prison, the result of this

rowding of prisovers and the placing of

more than one prisoner in a cell, there would

e an imperative demand for legislation

that would carry into effect the law requir-ing separate confinement of prisoners.

A NOVEL REMEDY.

"If the Legislature will investigate this

subject a condition of things will be found

o exist which should not be tolerated on

moment beyond the time necessary to remedy

the evil. Intermediate State prisons must

# HAWLEY'S FIGURES.

Mr. Hawley, in opposing the bill, read a table of appropriations to be made for the next fiscal year, showing an aggregate of expenditures of \$523 000 000 against an immainte revenue of \$450,000,000, making a deficit of \$53,000,000.

The Senate then proceeded to vote on the third reading and engressment of the bill. When the vote was concluded and it was known that it resulted against the bill. Mr. Blair changed his vote from aye to no, so as to make a motion to reconsider. The result was then announced as yeas 31,

navs 37, as follows:

Yeas-Republican: Messrs, Allen, Allison Chandler, Cullom, Dawes, Solph, Edmunds, Chandler, Cullom, Dawes, Dolph, Edmunds, Evarts, Higgins, Hoar, McMillan, Manderson, Mitchell, Moody, Morrill, Pettigrew, Platt, Squire, Standford, Stewart, Stockbridge, Tel-ler, Wilson, of Iowa. Democrats: Barber, Col-guitt, Daniel, George, Hampton, Hearst, Pasco, Purgh-31. quitt, Daniel, Pasco, Pugh-31.

Pasco, Pugh-31. Nays-Republicans: Aldrich, Blair, Davis, Dixon, Farwell, Frye, Hale, Hawley, Hiscock, Ingalis, Jones, of Nevada: Pierce, Plumb, Sawyer, Sherman, Spooner, Walcott, Demo-crats: Bate, Berry, Blackburn, Blodgett, Cock-rell, Coke, Faulkner, Gorman, Gray, Harris, Jones, of Arkansas; Kenna, Morgan, Payne, Reagan, Turpie, Vest, Voorhees, Walthall and Wilson, of Maryland-57.

The following pairs were announced: Messrs, Butler, Vance, Paddock, Casey, Gibson, Brown and Call, who were for the bill, with Messrs, Quay, McPherson, Eustis, Ransom, Washburn, Beck and Cameron, who were against it. Mr. Blair made a motion to reconsider the vote, which motion was entered, and after an executive session the Senate adjourned. LIGHTNER.

# NO CHANGE NEEDED.

Arguments Against the Proposed Revision of the Immigration and Naturalization Laws-The Present Regula-

tions Said to Be Sufficient. WASHINGTON, March 20 .- A hearing

was given this morning by the Committees of the House and Senate on Immigration and Naturalization, sitting jointly, to persons opposed to changing the laws on these subjects. Mr. Edward Rosewater, editor of the Omaha Bee, was the first speaker. He said he represented a number of German and other societies in the West, and he proposed to tell the committee of the views they hold. He reviewed the history of immigration since the Declaration of Independence, and stated that the question naturally follows: To what extent shall the right of immigration be extended or abridged by the United States? Mr. Rosewater said he believed that the present laws on the statute books were sufficient for all practical purposes to keep out undesirable classes. All that was needed was a more rigid administration of the laws, and a closer inspection at the ports Every class that was sought to of entry. be excluded by the bills before the committee was already excluded ; by existing laws. Richard Bartholdi, who was chairman of the conference of delegates of Geman-American societies, who met in Washington this week, was the next speaker. He read first the protest adopted by that body. Mr. Bartholdi, in his remarks following the protest, argued especially against the con-

sular inspection proposition. Mr. Simon Wolff, of Washington, one of the speakers appointed by the German delegates conference, closed the case so far as they were concerned, speaking along the general lines of Mr. Rosewater's argur that no change in the present laws was either necessary or desirable. The committee goes to New York to-morrow morning.

## UNLESS THERE IS MORE RAIN

## Thore is Not Much Danger in the Miss Volley.

WASHINGTON, March 20.-Secretary Proctor to-day transmitted to the House, in

Some Time Yet AERANSAS CITY, March 20.-C. F. Davis, sent out by the Interior Department to investigate the situation on the Cherokee Outlet, arrived here last night. He is in-

terviewing the cattlemen and others to-day. He said to a reporter; "I am here to find out the exact situation and to ascertain in what respect the orders of the President are disregarded, both as to the invaders of the strip and also as to the orders to the cattlemen not to unload or drive in any more cattle on the strip "

Mr. Davis will to-morrow go to Guthrie to communicate with the War Department and learn what their orders are. Asked if he had any instructions in re-

gard to taking the names of "Sooners," he answered in the negative. He said that he had no distinct idea as to when the strip would be opened, but it would be at least from 30 to 60 days yet, under the most favororable circumstances.

# SENATOR DAVIS INDORSED By the Minnesota G. A. R. for His Dependent

## Pension Bill. MINNEAPOLIS, March 20 .- In the session of the State Encampment of Minnesota,

G. A. R., to-day the pension question was discussed at length, and resolutions were adopted indorsing Senator Davis' dependent pension bill.

The election of officers resulted as follows: Department Commander, James Comp-ton, of Fergus Falls; Senior Vice Com-on the bench. His Honor's charge to the mander, Charles Parker, of St. Paul; Junior Vice Commander, L. M. Lang, of Worth-ington; Medical Director, P. D. Miles, of Glencoe; Chaplain, W.F.Stanley, of Austin.

# THINK IT IS A MURDER.

## His Parents Will Investigate the Death of Fred Price at Denver.

BOSTON, March 20 .- Mr. and Mrs. Robert E. Price, of Cambridge, have learned that their son Fred, 19 years of age, who went West some time ago for his health, died in Denver, March 11, under circumstances that cause them to believe he was murdered. The

He had been working in that city. The doctors found his back broken and skull fractured, and state that he told them he had been beaten by some (ellow workmen. His father intends to have the body exhumed and the affair investigated.

# FEMALE PRIZE FIGHTERS. Two Factory Girls Battle With Bare

## Knuckles for a Lover. WEST PORT, CONN., March 20 .- Annie

Loveric and Mamie McDermott, two young women employed in Lee's cotton factory, last evening fought a stand-up fight with bare knuckles in an old building. The fight was the outcome of a quarrel over the at-tentions of a young man. There were no seconds, but John Daly

was timekeeper and Elias Shaw was referee A dozen others were present. Neither side had much advantage until Miss Loveric landed a stinging blow on Miss McDer-mott's face, which settled the affair.

# SPARKS FROM THE WIRE.

STANLEY will leave Egypt April 7. THE Czarowitch is to have a court of his own MUTUAL pools in Paris are to be suppressed. ITALY will crect a monument to Mazzini in Rome.

Boston Italians will present the city a statue of Columbus in 1892. FOUR hundred and seventy foreigners landed. in New York yesterday.

LISBON is easier since England disavows occupation of the Shire district.

THE new White Star liner Majestic is proparing for her trial trip at Belfast CONGRESSMAN PIDCOCK'S brother Fishe

has failed for \$50,000 at White House, N. J. ROBERT RICHARDSON GARDNER has re-

signed his seat in the British Parliament. He represented Windsor and is a Conservative. sets of 5.

the Agitator.

unfounded.

speeches.

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) BUFFALO, March 20 .- Over 500 disciples of anarchy were in attendance at the lecture given in Harmony Hall by John Most of New York, this evening. The demonstration surprised many people who had heretofore thought that there was

an irrepressible conflict between water and put to her and what she would have to say. Anarchists. Most's remarks were of a genferent mood when the time came. She eral character. He began by drawfinally consented upon his promise that ing a comparison between young America and old Europe. He she would be spared all annovance.

JUSTICE FOR LYNCHERS.

County Grand Jury.

thought it was everyone's right to work for political, religious and social free-Mrs. Flack did not have a separate lawyer dom, but the rule seemed to be, "make money, make money, make money, and if

other than Monell. Monell had been his lawyer before. He employed Monell for you are not smart enough to make money She told him she did not want any then you have no place in this land." stranger and did not want anything known. Then he spoke against the Sunday law Monell prepared the papers and he told him that the action was for absolute divorce on the and the Government, and closed by urging laboring men to stand firm and demand their rights. He said that the executed ground of adultery. He gave the name of the co-respondent as Reynolds, for the reason Chicago Anarchists were murdered, and, in that he did not want to have certain persons fact, made one of his characteristic with whom she was acquainted know the

facts. facts. Flack was asked: "When Ambrose Monell appeared for Mrs. Flack, was he yet your attorney?" He replied: "Yes, he was my attorney." The Charge of the Judge to the Barnwell

He intrusted the whole matter to Monell, and was assured that Judge Bookstaver ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1

would appoint a friendly referee. He gave AUGUSTA, GA., March 20 .- The Court of the name of Reynolds to Monell to insert it General Sessions of Barnwell county, S. C., in the papers. Mrs. Raymond and he discussed the divorce matter and the part she on the bench. His Honor's charge to the was to take in the proceedings. He knew he could do the right thing by Mrs. Raygrand jury was full and forcible of the nond and the boy without getting a divorce, recent lynching of eight negro prisoners. but he wanted to get a divorce so as to get rid of the woman with whom he could live

## no longer. HIS PLANS ALL FORMED.

He said: It is with great regret and pain that I must speak to you of the enormous, outrageous vio-lation of law committed in this county since the last term of this court. Eight men, safely confined in jail to stand their trials, were taken from the protection of the law by a body of lawless men and shot to death. Such a cold-blooded butchery is without precedent in the history of this country. If the perpetrators of so foul a murder can be discovered, let it be done and the law be vindicated. No people can flourish who have organized mob law. The harm done by such acts is incalculated. When men ro to fail and take prisoners away and put He knew that if a man was divorced in this State for his own offense he could not get married again, he said, but he could go to Jersey City and get married. He considered the divorce all right, and his conscience never troubled him. Mr. Flack narrated he history of his domestic troubles. Atter The consequences cannot be calculated. When men go to jall and take prisoners away and put them to death they inflict a frightful blow on Mrs. Flack's mother died she was an invalid at intervals for about two years. She had severe fits of nervous prostration and was under treatment from the family physician their State and community. Such lawlessness should be deprecated, should be checked; and 1 hope there is sufficient patriotism and love o about all the time.

hours as a days work. It will say:

Shot His Young Wife.

Steamship Arrivals.

law and order to check such crimes. One day the latter said there was no us of his coming any longer, as he could not NIHILISTS KILL A SPY. cure her and it was only throwing away noney. The doctor said the only thing it They Entice Him |Into Their Room, Beat her case was to put her in an asylum. He told the doctor he could never do that. Him Insensible and Rob Him.

### TORONTO, March 20 .- Charles and Louis Schocherels vesterday decoved Morris Gold-PREPARING FOR THE FIGHT.

stein into their premises and beat him into insensibility, after which they robbed him Trade Unions Getting Rendy for the Inauof \$200. Goldstein has 35 wounds on his guration of the Eight-Hour Movement. head, and his recovery is doubtful, CHICAGO, March 20 .- The Rights of The police say the prisoners are Nihilists, Labor, in its next issue, will publish a and believe there is something more than robbery behind the attack. They think that resume of the situation throughout the coun-Goldstein may have been a Russian spy, and

that the object of the attack was revenge. AN APPEAL TO THE COUNTRY

### out the country. The work is being done Will Result if the Manitoba Anti-Catholic School Bill is Vetoed.

out the country. The work is being done quietly, but none the less surely are the great and httle trade unions placing themselves in position to meet the draft that will be made upon their treasury on May 1 when the eight-hour day for the building trades will be inau-gurated. There is no indication that the in-destrial conters of the country will be that WINNIPEG, MAN., March 20 .- It is reported that, acting under inspiration from Sir John Macdonald, Lieutenant Governor ustrial centers of the country will pass thr such an exciting period as that produced Schultz will refuse his assent to the bill just the labor convulsions four years ago. Employ-ers and employes have both been taught a lespassed by the Legislature abolishing the French language and separate Catholic son by the events, tragic and otherwise of 1886 schools. If he does the Greenway Government will

be forced to resign, hopeless confusion will ensue and an appeal will be made to the country, in which event the Government

will doubtless be triumphantly returned. Tennis Champion Campbell.

## ST. AUGUSTINE, FLA., March 20.-Oliver S. Campbell and Stuart G. Smith, today, won the national tropical tennis championship, in the doubles, by defeating Henry Trevor and Rodman V. Beach in 3

Arrived at lsiand......New York..... Devonia New York. Lahn Southampton N Cotto Queenstown N Sighted at Loudon-Wisconsin and Gre New York; Nederland from Philadelphia

expected to live.

Stehmer.

Still at Large.

and there was only one way in which the A fight took place last night in Clark's object could be accomplished in this State. He told her that he had an attorney that court, off Seventh avenue, between Cal Gray and Joseph Brown, both colored, in which he had known 15 years ago who would at-tend to the matter for him. He would take the former got stabbed in the stomach. The everything on his own shoulders and keep wounded man was removed to the Homeoit from being known. Mrs. Flack did not

pathic Hospital, where his injuries were pronounced not necessarily dangerous. Mrs. Martha Gunning, the sister of Brown, and lessee of the house where the trouble occurred, said last night that she had ordered both men to leave the house, as they had been quarreling. Brown made his escape in the confusion which followed the stab

bing, and up to midnight had not been captured.

# BLUFFTON'S BIG BID. It Gives \$500,000 to Secure the M. E.

University of the Southland. TECUMSEH, ALA., March 20.-Bluffton,

Ala., makes the gift of \$500,000 to the Methodist Episcopal Church for the location of the educational institution known as the University of the Southland. Rev. C. L. Mann, D.D., who has it in charge, says that \$1,500,000 will be expended on the main building, which will be 300 feet by

300 feet and seven stories in height, with an inner court 200 feet square. The material to be used is white marble, granite and sandstone. Ground will be broken on April 15, and work on the building pushed rapidly.

FROM NEW YORK TO OTTAWA. Vanderbilt and Fingler Will Build a Rail-

rond Into Canada. MONREAL, March 20 .- W. K. Vanderbilt, J. H. Flagler and Dr. C. J. Gounse,

of New York, have been in Montreal in connection with a project for a railroad from New York to Ottawa via Poughkeepsie bridge The line, it is stated, will form a direct route connecting Ottawa with the Canadian Pacific, and will be 40 miles shorter than

any other route. From Schenectady it will run along the base of the Helderbergs and and Catskills to Highland, thence it will cross Poughkeepsie bridge and run directly to New York City, where it is said fine ter minal facilities have been secured.

**HE DEPRECATES STRIKES.** 

# President O'Neill, of the Packing Hous Employes, Asks for Arbitration.

CHICAGO, March 20 .- President O'Neill, The case may go to the jury on Saturday. of the Packing House Employes' Union. sent a communication to-day to the proprie-

> tors of the packing houses in Chicago asking the appointment of a conference committee of the employers to meet a similar committee of employes. The purpose of the meeting is stated to be the consideration of methods for arbitrating the demands of the men for an eight-hour

try in the proposed movement for eight day and other desired concessions. dent O'Neill says he deprecates strikes and At present there is much activity in the field asks the packing house owners to meet the of organization among the trade unions throughworkingmen half way.

WANT THE FACE VALUE.

NEW YORK, March 20 .- The stockholder of the Cameron Iron and Coal Company decided to-day to bring the matter of their hypothecated bonds into court.

Some time ago several bonds of the com pany were hypothecated in order to obtain a loan, and those who hold them are now NEW YORK, March 20.-John Spence, 20 years of age, shot his 18-year-old wife to- | suing to enforce the payment of the face night, and she is lying in the hospital not value of these bonds, which they bought for

25 per cent reduction. Increasing the Actors' Fund. .Stettin

...Glasgow New York New York recce from added \$2,481 25 to the fund. The receipts were \$2,505 25 and the expenses only \$24.

institutions to care for certain classes of criminals, or there must be an extension arrived at Boggy Creek, on the strip, at about 6 o'clock, and immediately went into not one of these has its distinctive or naof the State prison so as to afford additional room. camp. They proceeded about 12 miles

These suggestions of the Governor are renorth enforced by the statements of the State encountered no actual settlers. Several Prison Inspectors, who declare in their last report, after reciting the deplorable over-"Prarie schooners" were met going south, but their occupants all said they were bound crowding of the prison, the population of the institution being increased 116 in a

for Oklahoma. The troops will make Pond Creek toyear, that "the moral condition of the pris-oners demands that expedient efforts be morrow, and from there scouts will be sent to ascertain where boomers may be located. made for the care and safety of the unfor-Cattlemen from the north say that all the tunates who are compelled to undergo imboomers, without exception, have left the prisonment. eastern end of the strip,

But the Legislature has gone to work in a novel way to remedy the evil. Instead of adopting the suggestions of Governor Abbett and making the prison accomodations sufficient for the criminals of the State, it Working Hard to Repair the Break in the has determined to make the number of crim inals fit the accommodations of the prison. CONDITIONAL FREEDOM. Offuts break has widened to 400 feet. One

This is a much cheaper plan, but it re mains to be seen whether it will be to the cured and the other nearly so and the caving best interests of the people. Under the provisions of the ticket-of-leave or parole stopped. Three piledrivers will be ready for use to-morrow and material gotten ready system, as it is known among prison author-ities, the number of convicts in the Trenton prison can speedily be reduced 200 or 300 by turning the prisoners loose on their promise

of good behavior. The success of the parole system will largely depend on the care with which it is administered. Assemblyman Morris, of Union county, is the author of the bill now before the Governor, and as the power to grant a parole can only be exercised by the Coart of Pardons, which could grant unconditional freedom to the convicts, if it saw fit, the friends of the

system expect to see parole wisely adminis-tered. The Court consists of the Governor, tered. The Court consists of the ives of firms in the wholesale crockery and the Chancellor and the three lay Judges o glassware trade of the West and Northwest the Court of Errors and Appeals, and it is given authority by the bill to grant a written effected the organization of a national assolicense to any convict to be at large in the State of New Jersey or in such part of it as ciation at a meeting here to-day, and unanimously adopted resolutions regarding the may be allowed by the license during the re-mainder of his term of imprisonment. tariff bill pending in Congress. The resolutions oppose the bill, particu-

The Court may demand bonds for the faithful observance of the terms of the lilarly the section imposing duty on the cov-erings of packages, etc. If, however, the cense, and may impose such conditions the license as it may think proper. 1885 be also reinstated. TERMS OF THE PAROLE.

Prison Inspectors and principal keeper. The Attorney General held that this authority

GOOD RESULTS EXPECTED.

the court sees fit, but there can be no fear o

in such a conservative body as the Court of

It will be stipulated in all cases, however,

that the license shall be forfeited if the holder shall be convicted of any offense; if he shall fail to report at the times and places required by the rules; if he shall change his

place of residence without giving written notice thereof, or go outside the prescribed bounds, or if he shall fail to produce his license when required. It is also provided that paroled prisoners

shall not habitually associate with persons of ill-repute, tramps or thieves, and shall not idle life without visible means of lead an support. In all cases where the parole shall be violated any member of the Court of Pardons can forthwith order the recommitment of the prisoner to serve out the portion of his sentence remaining unserved at the

and the parole was granted and three months additional. A bill similar to this proposed law was passed by the Legislature of 1889, but was declared unconstitutional because the power of granting parole was given to the

could only be exercised by the Court of Dispute Over the Redemption of Camero Pardons. Iron and Steel Company's Bonds.

"I expect good results to follow from the adoption of the parole system," Principal Keeper Patterson declared yesterday, in speaking of the proposed law. "There need be no fear that it will open the prison doors for murderers, burglars, embezzlers and other offenders who richly merit imprisonment. If the Court of Pardons desired to turn such people loose on the community it

could do so now, without the aid of this bill. There is no limitation to the grade of crime or the proportion of term served be-fore the parole can be granted. A prisoner PHILADELPHIA, March 20 .- The benefit convicted of manslaughter may be paroled in the first year of his imprisonment if for the Actors' Fund of America, at the Chestnut Street Opera House this afternoon, the power being abused so long as it is vested