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Neenta ner week, or including Sunday edition, at 20 cents per week. PITTSBURG, TUESDAY, MAR, II, 1890.

#2-On or about April 1 the BU-INESS OFFICE of THE DISPATCH will be removed to Corner of Smithfield and Diamond

PROOF SHOULD BE CALLED FOR.

A report appeared in the afternoon papers vesterday that some of the Councilmen proposed to call upon the Chief of the Department of Public Safety for the proof of his assertion that the punishment of crime is interfered with by Councilmanie influence. But there was no hint of any such intention in the proceedings of Councils yesterday.

The city statesmen are not disposed to make the error of the man who declared: "Jones soid I was a liar and swindler, and now I'm going to make him prove it." There is no desire on the part of the Councilmen that Mr. Brown shall prove it. On the other hand there is an apparent disposition to eschew any action which might lead to the production of proof, as supererrogatory, indiscreet and meddlesome. The practical declaration of yesterday's meeting is that it is more profitable and satisfactory to pass street railroad franchises.

Nevertheless, in view of the assertion by a city official of high standing that Councilmen have used their influence to prevent the punishment of crime, it would seem very pertinent for some representative of the public to call for the proofs, including the names of the Councilmen.

THE WORLD'S FAIR BILL.

The sub-committee's bill on the Chicago World's Fair seems to meet the requirements in a way to silence the criticisms that have been made concerning Chicago's course. It provides for the progress of the work under national authority when Chicago shall have raised an actual capital of \$5,000,000 with pledges of \$5,000,000 more. This capital is ample and if raised promptly should permit the operations to go on at once. The appropriation for the Government exhibit is fixed at \$1,500,000, which is the nation's full share of the expense according to the original and definite understanding. With regard to the postponement till 1893, that should be left at the option of the commission, to hold it in 1892 if the work can be done, or to postpone it if a creditable exposition cannot sooner be secured. There are twenty-eight months before the fair need be opened in 1892; and if fooling with the matter is stopped and work begun in earnest, a very creditable exposition may be got ready by that time.

NOT THE WAY TO DO IT.

own of the wire-nail mills, which went into effect yesterday, publishes an opinion | coal 130 to 190 miles at 90 or 95 cents, means cutting prices to come into the combine." This illustrates the extreme haziness which prevails concerning the details of combination and restriction of output.

If there are any concerns outside of the that step would be the least likely means to bring them into it. On the contrary it gives other, the combination is justly chargeable them an additional inducement to retain | for the turning of its professed fairness into their independence. They can continue in the rankest injustice. operation, and increase their sales, while their rivals must lose trade and suffer from the idleness of their plants. Hardly any surer way of breaking up a combination could be found than by placing the loss and expense of a shutdown on the members. while they have rivals in the field who can continuing production and taking away the trade of the combination.

We think it will be found that the wire nail combination was smart enough to take | Hayti's real interests. That the Haytian all the manufacturers into the fold, before undertaking to restrict production. Any other course would make the shutdown the death warrant of the combination.

THE SOUTHSIDE'S CLAIM.

The meeting of Councils vesterday afforded an opportunity for Mr. Robertson to renew has declarations of opposition to the improvement of the parks and of fealty to the cause of free bridges. There is no doubt that the Southside is entitled to a share of the good things that are growing out of the era of municipal improvement; but it does not follow that the claims of that section of the city should forbid the city to improve its parks. There is ground for the belief that the most pressing need of the Southside is a pure water supply; and this THE DIS-PATCH has often urged Councils to provide without further delay. If at least that amount of justice is not done the people of that section they will have reason to complain. But it is difficult to see how their case will be strengthened by antagonizing other and legitimate public improvements.

A statement is made with regard to the Le Coney trial in New Jersey, that it cost the State \$8,000 to try the man who was acquitted of the charge of murdering his that tropical region that the inhabitants do niece. That is even more forcibly supple- not know work as a necessity. They have Great Britain, is a keen sportswoman. Not only mented by the statement that it cost the ac- no desire to make labor's acquaintance cused man nearly all the property that he possessed to establish his innocence. The two facts together certainly furnish a striking a very hell on earth. example of the injustice and wrong that can result from the costliness of law.

There is a saying in defense of the expen sive variety of litigation that cheap justice is generally injustice. If that were so, it would be an impeachment upon our civilization, that it cannot provide justice for the common people that will be economical and impartial. More than that, the saying fails by the Government, induces the people interto make out the case from the fact that costly justice is by its very nature injustice. It gives the rich man a vital advantage over the poor one, in every branch of litigation; and in a case like that of Le Coney it infliets the most grotesque wrong under the pretense of maintaining public right. Anyone can be falsely accused of crime; but that the mun who is falsely accused of crime must lose all his modest earnings in order to prove that the agents and attorneys of the State have made a blunder, is a travesty upon the kind of law which is intended to taken a resolution that they will reject all at-

protect the innocent and leave the law-abid-

ing undisturbed in their possessions. The law cannot make good its claim to be an agency of civilization or a support can impoverish a man to secure a deciaration of his innocence it is little better than a relic of governmental barbarism.

A POOR BARGAIN.

A special telegram from Washington reports that the representatives of the Louisiana sugar interests are proposing an alli- ter begins in December. ance with the Pennsylvania iron and steel interests in order to maintain a high tariff for both. They hope, in this way, to defeat the very strong demand for the repeal of the sugar duties, whose chief function at present is to fortify the Sugar Trust. It is to be hoped that the Representatives

dening their cause by tying the millstone of the sugar duties around its neck. The most obvious reason against such a course is exactly the one professed by the Democrats, who wish to retain the vote of Louisiana, that the sugar duties are not protective. Three-fourths of the sugar supply of the country is imported, notwithstanding the 75 any less lofty title than that of scrub-lady. to 80 per cent protection that has been imposed for many years, imposing a needless revenue on the people of about \$60,000,000. The one place where there is protection in the sugar tariff is its protection for the Sugar Trust; and at this late day the Republican party cannot afford to link its fortunes to the chariot wheels of that

monopoly. With prices at the point where Pennsylvania can expert iron to England, there would be additional toolishness, because of its needlessness, if Pennsylvania undertook a pargain for maintaining the burden of the sugar tariff upon the whole people.

THE COAL DISCRIMINATIONS.

The position of the railroads and coal interests of this section turnishes a remarkable example of the way in which some of the corporate theories actually operate. When the effect of these theories is exactly the opposite of their professed purposes, that there is something wrong either in the the Senate and House.

theory or the practice. In the first place, the group rates on coal the freight will bear. The only argument in favor of charging the same rate for a haul of 190 miles as for one of 130 is that the freight hauled the longer distance will not bear a greater charge than that carried the shorter. But, in this case, it has been shown that the freight which is really unable to bear the charge is that mined from the thin vein within the shorter radius; and vet the railroads do nothing to correct the

inequality. An even more remarkable illustration of the emptiness of railroad theories is produced by the recent disclosures of the diserimination against Pittsburg coal and in favor of the Hocking Valley. The existence of the railroad combinations is based on the profession of securing equitable rates and making all the members of the combination adhere

to the prescribed rates. The Central Traffic Association rests its right to exist on the promise of maintaining equal rates and the adhesion of all the railroads in their district to the tariffs agreed upon. Yet it has just come out that for the past year the Hocking Valley roads have been carrying coal to the lakes at a cut of 25 cents, and the Central Traffic Association has never seen fit to make the slightest objection to it. Of A telegram with reference to the shut- course to carry Hocking Valley coal some 250 miles for 65 cents per ton, and Pittsburg

forcing some of the concerns that have been Hocking Valley has disposed of its output. been favorable to investigations for some time Such an adjustment of rates is the grossest past. discrimination between localities. If it were done only by the individual roads, it might not be chargeable to the whole interest. But when it is enforced under the rule combination that ordered the shutdown, of the combination which prevents the Pittsburg roads from competing with each

HAYTI IN HOT WATER.

Sooner or later the Haytian Republic will be in trouble again. The war which ended a few months ago in the victory of Hippolyte did not mend the abuses which have made Hayti an arena for revolutions since reap all the advantages of the shutdown by the end of the last century. The only hope apparently for Hayti is that she may pass into the hands of some strong Government | bert's Legation at Washington. able and willing to rule with justice and for blacks are unable to govern themselves has been proven very clearly since they began to try to do so.

This is not entirely the fault of the African population, who are descended from the slaves imported by the Spaniards at the opening of the sixteenth century, to take the place of the two miliion of aborigines whom Columbus found there and civilization wiped out of existence. Havti's history tells of nothing but the cruelty, rapacity and senselessness of the Spaniards, French and English, who in turn held the island. It was simply a haven for adventurers until the colored population, inspired by the French Revolution, threw off the bonds of slavery. In 1804 Havti was for the first time an independent State, a privilege gained after much bloodshed. Republics, kingdoms, dictator ships and every variety of form of government, have flourished in Havti for longer or shorter, principally shorter, periods during the last ninety years. Most of the rulers have met violent ends. The assassin's knife is still a great deal more powerful there than the ballot box. Hippolyte fate of most of his predecessors. The Havtians are content to take a revolution when it comes as a natural product of their luxuriant land. Nature is so bounteons in either. It is a pititul picture of a people placed in a paradise endeavoring to make it | clever looking terriers which dispose of the

THE plans of Allegheny's new municipal building indicate that the Northside city has oncluded that it is not best to wait for that \$250,000 Government building which it has been expecting from Congress. Perhaps this is the wisest course; but it is a marked departure from the general rule of action, which, whenever there is any hope of getting anything done ested to let the matter go untouched. The record of Government building work affords the promptest way to get it is to build it with out waiting on the Government.

THE Western railroads are cutting passe ger rates in order to drive each other into an dictate. After the fight is patched up they will proceed to lay it all on that bugbear, the

A NUMBER of Poughkeepsie girls have

tentions from any man "who is not intelligent honest, industrious, good-natured, cleanly in person and apparel, healthy, sober, a church member and a total abstainer from liquor. tobacco and profanity." The young wo of human rights until it puts justice within reach of every common man. While it man is "a little lower than the angels." Their standard is too high unless they desire to eschew male society in this world.

> WITH the great blizzard of the last decade and the only sleighing of this season coming in March, there is reason to suspect that the calendar has got a hitch forward, and that it is now an effect superstition to suppose that win-

A SLIP of the pen caused THE DISPATCH to refer to Mr. Stone, of McKeesport, as the man to whose appointment as postmaster, Postmaster General Wanamaker objects on account of alleged indulgence in the great American game. It is hardly necessary to re mark that, as Mr. Stone has not been a candiof Pennsylvania will not be led into bur- date for postmaster, he cannot be charged by the Postmaster General with any reckless proclivities for drawing to a bobtail flush or bet ting his pile on ace high.

> THE anger of Her Majesty of England at being addressed by an uncourtly court preacher as "Madam" is almost as severe as the scorn of the scrubber of floors at being designated by

THE retirement of George A. Kelley, Esq., from the presidency of the Penitentiary Board is announced. Mr. Kelley's connection with that institution furnishes a record of long and honorable work, and his resignation, on ac count of pressure of private business, will be received with regret. The talk of appointing a Democratic member of the Board warrants the remark that the best man for the place should be selected, regardless of party lines.

WE will make the prediction that the reported desire of the ubiquitous British syndicate to gain control of the soda water apparatus business in this country, will prove to have nothing in it but froth.

THE Credit Mobilier of America has appeared in court with a petition for authority to dissolve its organization. This corporation created a sensation in its day, by distributing its stock among Congressmen "where it would do the most good." That course having resulted in the ruin of some promising political reputations, the corporations have improved the public will be justified in concluding on it by electing their own representatives to

IF anyone asserts that the Louisiana are based on the theory of charging what lottery has no pull in North Dakota, the Attorney General of the State can feel of his nose and declare that he has had personal experi ence to the contrary.

> THE declaration of the New York Sun that "neither great deeds nor great thoughts illuminated the administration of President Hayes," indicates a case of political strabismus. The refunding of the debt, the resumption of specie payments, and the restoration of local self-government in the South, will compare favorably with the results of any administration since that of Lincoln.

> NET earnings of \$152,000 for the Junction road proves that line to be steadily filling the public service for which it was constructed. Building railroads which are needed is not a losing investment.

ship has hampered the punishment of crime. that the shutdown "is for the purpose of that Pittsburg shall sell no coal until the The taste of Councilmen has not, as a rule,

PEOPLE OF PROMINENCE.

RUTGERS COLLEGE has recently conferre the degree of Doctor of Literature on Prof. CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW is sick abed with a severe cold, which his physician, Dr. John S. Bas-

sett, says is a genuine case of the grip. THE Empress Eugenie still owns the chateau of Arenenberg, in Switzerland, given her by the late Emperor of the French. There she keens many relies of her days of prosperity. BRONSON HOWARD, writing from Europe to a friend in this country, and speaking not of poker, but of politics, expresses the opinion that the day of kings and queens has passed. THE Marquis Imperialisdi Francavilla, who for several years past has been connected with the Italian Embassy at Paris, has been trans-

ferred to the post of Secretary of King Hum-COURT circles are shocked because the Queen, in her speech to Parliament last month, referred to the Emperor William as the "Emperor of Germany," instead of as the "German

Emperor," which is his correct title. MRS. SENATOR HAWLEY is one of the noticeable figures in Washington society, because of her pure English ways. She is said to have warmed up, if not thoroughly converted,

her husband to equal suffrage. THE Duchess of Mariborough will sail alone by the Teutonic on the 19th. She is coming to England by the Majestic on April 16. The Duke will accompany her as far as Liverpool. SENATOR HOAR is credited with a frank and sapient view of a recently discussed subject. He says Congressional discussions are not reported at greater length because they are for the most part tiresome and uninterest-

CLOT BEY, the founder of modern medicine n Egypt, says that it requires as much surgery to kill one Egyptian as seven Europeans, and there is no doubt that Egyptians bear surgical operations with extraordinary pluck and

WILLIAM LLOYD GARRISON is tall and slim and gray, and bald. He has amassed a considerable competence out of wool and is of a decidedly literary turn of mind. He has a weak voice, which mars the effect of his public

R. C. Woo was graduated from Kenyon stands very little chance of escaping the fate of most of his predecessors. The Hay-Woo won the position of a Deputy Secretary of Foreign Affairs, and is, beside, a vice royal interpreter and a professor in an academy. THE Duchess of Hamilton, besides ranking as one of the most fearless riders to hounds in is she an excellent shot, but she may frequently be seen on her husband's land armed with metal-pointed pole and followed by a few rats which are "bolted" by the pole of Her

NO SUCH MAN THERE.

Alleged Abode. SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, March 10 .- The address given by the green goods man mentioned in a Zanes wille O. dispatch, is a tenement house at 178 Hester street. It is occupied by two families, Smith and Clary, who have lived there nearly two years. Captain McCullagh, of the Sixth precinct, received a letter a week ago from another Western man to whom the green goods dealers had sent a similar letter, and had also given the address 178 Hester street. A pre-cinct detective, who was sent to investigate, reported that all the inmates of the house were

respectable.

To a DISPATCH reporter who inquired about a man named Placerl, whose name was signed to the letter, all the inmates of the house denied that they knew such a man. The house is owned by ex-Assemblyman Smith, who lives three or four doors away. Smith said this afternoon that the two families who live in the house are entirely respectable.

AT THE THEATERS.

and Sullivan's New Opera-Rose Coghlan-Drama and Song. THE Gondollers" is the best comic oper

of the year-of the last two or three

rears. Usually nowadays a comic opera is judged first by the amount of comedy it conains, secondly by its share of tuneful airs and taking choruses;—in the comic opera dragged from the continental stage, pitched into English as to words, washed into decency as to morality, we know too well never to look at the libretto. The actors even look at their lines as little as possible. The popular comedians "gag" interminably-and a little music is often begged, borrowed or stolen to fill out the deficiencies of the score. That is the way with comic opera from the French. German or Austrian. It is not the way with Gilbert and Sullivan's operas. They cannot be passed upon in the usual way. Gilbert's libretto is a wonderfully clever piece of writing; Sullivan's music needs no bolstering up. In "The Gondollers" this holds true. The new opera has a very funny plot; the dialogue is often witty and always brisk, crisp and pointed. The score, while not so full of airs that at first hearing stamp themselves on the memory, abounds in delightful work. There is not the broad humor nor the catchy melodious ness about "The Gondoliers" that made "The Mikado" so popular, but there is a finer kind of wit and music that would not disgrace grand

departure from the joint methods of Gilbert and Sullivan. Whimsical words are set to whimsical music; the tender sentiment of a love song is exquisitely assisted in the tenderness of the accompanying strain; the choruses are managed in Sullivan's usual way, and there is in all their work that wonderful harmony which has put these two authors at the head of the procession. So we rejoice to chronicle the undoubted fact that "The Gondollers" is like undoubted fact that "The Gondolters" is like so many of its predecessors from the same source a thing of beauty and a joy forever. But we confess that one hearing of "The Gondolters" is evidently not enough to comprehend its merits. It will bear several hearings.

The company which played "The Gondolters" last night at the Bijon Theater earned the applayes of a large anglesne. Some of the unit last night at the Bijou Theater earned the applause of a large audience. Some of the principals made the greatest possible use of their opportunities, and a few did not. Undiluted praise can be given alone to the chorus, and to that wonderful stage director, Mr. Richard Barker, to whom the chief credit of a finished and never-lagging performance is due. The excellent taste displayed in the grouping of the chorus, the perfect smoothness of the dance, the quick change to the tableau after the first fall of the curtain—for all these things we must thank Mr. Barker.

The chorus sang as well as it posed and moved. An unusual number of sweet, strong

But "The Gondollers" shows no particular

moved. An unusual number of sweet strong voices appear to be in the chorus. In the ensemble in the second act, in which the castanet and tambourines of the dancers castanet and tambourines of the dancers blended with exquisite orchestration, the chorus shone in every direction. Dance, words and accompaniment all rang truly together. No wonder it was twice encored. It is the sort of thing one could listen to for a night. Cachucha, fandango, bolero or whatever the dance measure is Sir Arthur Sullivan has written, it is redolent of Spain: recks with the juice of the Andaussian grape; echoes with castanet and tambourine, and shines with the bright night-toned eyes of Spain's dusky daughters. The fascination of it is not to be escaped.

W. S. Daboll makes a great deal of fun out of The Duke of Plaza Toro—the Spanish grandee floated as a joint stock company—and Joseph Frankau is a very dapper and grotesque Grand Inquintor. These are both comedy parts, and Guiseppi Palmieri, a gondolier, is the third. Mr. Drew was Guiseppi, and the humor of the character was not entirely lost with him. But the drollery of Guiseppi's lines do not appear to have struck Mr. Drew forcibly at times. Perhaps he has not had time to grasp Mr. Gilbert's conception of the Gondolier turned king yet, for Mr. Drew is a recent acquisition in the company. The Luis of Willett Scaman, Jr., was quite clever. Mr. Dunbar's voice in the role of the second Gondolier showed to advantage, but his acting is still his weakness. blended with exquisite orchestration, the

vantage, but his acting is still his weakness. Miss Addie Cora Reed and Miss Louise Paullin

Iosing investment.

The high water in the Mississippi has resulted in a break of the levees and the flooding of the lowlands in Arkansas and Louisiana. This being the general result of floods in the great rivers, the inference is very strong that a better system must be provided or else steps should be taken to build levees that will stand.

The net outcome of the World's Fair agitation so far seems to be a report to celebrate the four hundredth anniversary of Columbus' discovery 461 years after it took place.

On the whole, the Councilmen are not anxious to call for an investigation of the charge that interference from their membership has hampered the punishment of crime.

The piece is splendidly mounted. Both

The piece is splendidly mounted. Both scenery and costumes are worthy of the opera, and in themselves are worth seeing.

Grand Opera House.

OWING to the multiplicity of excellent attractions only a fair audience gathered at the Grand to greet Miss Coghlan on her first appearance in this city as a star. "Jocelyn," written by Charles F. Coghlan, a brother of the ctress, appears to be a rather disconnected melodrama of the period of 1620. The first act s decidedly uninteresting, but at the close of the second Miss Coghlan has a chance for some very powerful work. The third act also ends in an exceedingly lively manner, and at its con-clusion the leading characters were enthusi-astically called before the curtain, John T. Sullivan, the brave and Prince, fits

John T. Sullivan, the brave and Prince, fits the former part much more realistically than the latter. Frank Lander, as Guston Marcel, the advocate and lover, has a difficult, and at times peculiar task, which he manages admirably, however. E. Tom Webber and Luke Martin, as Michael and Blaisors, deserve favorable mention. Miss Helen Bancroft, as Mme, de Montaigue, the adventuress, seemed to be an especial favoite with the audience, and exhibited considerable power at times. The special seements and advantages and account of the second seements and advantages.

Harry Williams' Academy.

REILLY & Woods' big vandeville combination has returned to this theater for repention of the success it met with and merited on its former visit here. It is assuredly one of the very best companies on the road. Strong language, maybe, but the show is as strong. instance, the programme opens with J. Byrnes and Miss Helene in a neat crayon sketch; ther Millie Price, a "Gaiety" dancer, skips about in a graceful way; Bellonini introduces a number America on family affairs, and will return to of carefully trained dogs; Daniel J. Hart gives his character sketch, "Handsome Dan;" four "Galety" dancers the pose and pirouette in their peculiar way; the Alexandroff Brothers, musical grotesques, follow; then the famous Wood family, with their "Organ crank," beautiful costumes and sweet songs; the brother Byrne in a wonderful gymnaste act, "A Car-riage Ride and its Mishaps," on the Hanlon Brothers' order, precedes Pat Reilly's amusing Irish comody, "Senator McPhee," which con-

A very enjoyable entertainment is furnished by Baker's Bennett-Moulton Opera Company at the above house this week. The or ganization is a rather extensive one, and anpears in a large repertoire, no less than five comic operas to be given during the engagement. At the matinee, yesterday, "Fatinitza" was rendered in an exceptionally pleasing nner. William Wolff was a very fiere Kantschukoff, Beatrice Goldie a strikingly handsome Princess Lydia, and Irene Murphy handsome Princess Lydid, and from another storing sings sweetly and acts prettily the part of Lieutenant Viadimir. The rest of the cast acquit themselves creditably, Frank Rannoy's Mustapha proving a great hit as the comedian's role. The chorus is composed of pretty girls, some of them also quite shapely. "Olivette" is the bill for this afternoon. The night programmes are never the same as those for programmes are never the same as those for the matinee. All of the costumes are good and

Nellie Bly's Lecture. CLEVER Nellie Bly, a favorite of Pittsburg.

returns here Friday evening to lecture in Old City Hall. A bright talk may be expected from a bright girl, as her lectures have been very successful so far, some houses hardly bevery successful so lat, some houses hardly being large enough to hold the people who crowded to hear the famous little Pittsburg newspaper writer tell of her trip around the world.
After the lecture a reception will be given
Nellie by the Pittsburg Press Club, providing
arrangements can be made to have the young
lady remain over. Probably Bessie Bramble
will introduce Miss Bly. It has been suggestel by a number of gentlemen that one lecture will introduce Miss My. In as seen suggested by a number of gentlemen that one lecture
in this city is not enough, but Miss Bly's engagements are such that only one can be given.
All those who wish to hear and see her should
avail themselves of the only opportunity, and
secure their seats at once this morning at
Klebers'. The rush will undoubtedly be great.

CHICAGO, March 10 .- At the weekly meeting of the Methodist Ministers' Association this porning a resolution was passed asking Conmorning a resolution was passed asking com-gress to instruct the proposed commission on the World's Fair to prevent all labor on the Sabbath in the erection of the World's Fair building at Chicago. They also asked that the sale of liquor on the grounds or in the in-closures be forbidden.

ROMANCE OF A RECLUSE.

A Broken-Hearted Widower Seeks the Seclusion of a Railroad Crossing.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. DEDHAM, MASS., March 10,-A strange tale of human misery and despair was revealed at the Probate Court by the filing of an adminis-trator's account. John T. Gorton had been for years a familiar character in the town of Randolph. Of his previous life and history nothing was known. He tended one of the crossings of the Old Colony Railroad for many years, an was always on duty, silent and immovable. He ived the life of a recluse and made but few acquaintances, and was the object of conjectare by the morbidly curious. He was a faithful employe, and that was all that was required. One day in November, 1887, he did not appear at his nost, and was found dead at his use hanging by the neck from the door. His leath was advertised, but no relatives appeared to claim the money he left.
Judge White appointed Erastus Worthingto

administrator of the estate and he proceeded to settle up the few debts that had been contracted. Inquiry about Randolph revealed no clew to any relatives, if they existed. Among the deceased effects was an old desk containing numerous soiled and musty papers. Some time after, while looking them over, Mr. Worthington came to a queer agreement which quick-ened his attention. It was a deed whereby Gorton's son, 7 months old, was given to a certain Nash, of Crafton, Vt., the father resigning al right and title to him. The other papers were then carefully perused, and it was learned that then carefully perused, and it was learned that at some time during his life the deceased had lived at Hopkinton. Thither Mr. Worthington went and by some fortunate chance wandered into the old town graveyard. As he read the various epitaplis his eye finally rested upon an old moss-covered tombstone that told of the resting place of the remains of the "Beloved wife of John T. Gorten, who departed this life September, 1865." Here was a clew, and the administrator searched the records of the town and found that the wife had died the day after giving birth to a son. He then inquired among the old residents, and was informed that a certain man and woman by that name had lived there, and the circumstances of her death were confirmed. It then became evident that the father, under the intense grief occasioned by his wife's death and fear that he couldn't properly care for the baby son, had given him away erly care for the baby son, had given him away in consideration that a comfortable home should be assured. The missing son was found in Grafton, Vt. He was called Charles E. Gorton Nash, and knew nothing of the story of his adoption until told by the administrator of his father's estate.

A \$228,500 COURT HOUSE.

The Contract Awarded to Langhend

Medisette & Co., of Uniontown. UNIONTOWN, PA., March 10 -This afternoon the County Commissioners awarded the con-tract for the building of the new Court House to Langhead, Modisette & Co., their bid being \$228,500. When the bids were opened last Tuesday, the lowest hidder was found to be John D. Car, Stewart of the County Home, his bid being \$225,500. The action of the Board in letting the contract to Langhead, Modisette & Co. at \$3,000 more than Mr. Carr's bid is creating considerable unfavorable comment here. Lang-head, Modisette & Co. are the leading contrac-tors here, and are engaged in building the new jail, and are doing a first-class job.

That's the Question, Why Were They?

From the Albany Journal, 1 Why were not those 15 Swedes and Hun arians, who turned up in Pittsburg on their way to Kansas City, penniless and miserable having been shipped hither from Europe by agents, returned at once as undesirable citizens coming to this country without prospect of sup port, to swell our list of foreign-born paupers; Why were they ever permitted to pass through Castle Garden?

TRIFLES TOUCHED UP.

CHICAGO has been nick-named the "Windy City." Before they succeed in raising the wind the big show in 1892, no doubt the name will be very appropriate.

AN English physician recommends the use of nitro-glycerine instead of alcohol as a stimulant in case of physical exhaustion. The widows of many a tornedo shooter in the oil regions can wouch for the efficacy of nitro-glycerine as an an-

A KENTUCKY hen lays two eggs daily. Ohio is a big State, and B. B. Hayes has some or the finest stock in the State, but his grief must be in-tense when be thinks that none of his chicks can equal the Democratic State. CRAPS, the great Southern game, has struck

Boston. Instead of the boys yelling, "Dis is for de pie," they let the dree slip from their fingers and say, "Here goes for de beans." An exchange says that Corporal Tanner is making \$20,000 a year, but is still kicking. Con-sidering the fact that the Corporal left both feet on a battle field, the assertion that he is still kick-

ng is a base insinuation. publican party and join the Democrats. The un-terrified journals should retaliate and print his speech in full. He will then hate the Democrats so badly that he will stick to his own party.

COLONEL DISTANCE, of Illinois, is a candilate for Commander of the G. A. R. Distance ends enchantment. KING KALAKUA denies the base insinuat

hat he is out of debt. Subscriptions to the relief fund will therefore be continued. THE new postage stamp is somewhat smalle

than its predecessor, but it will carry a letter just as far as the old one.

from the San Francisco Alta. 1 Three bills have been introduced in Congress o prevent any change in the Congressional dis icts which the Republicans have gerryman red in the States. There is a sho the same result. Just pass a law that only Republicans are eligible for election to Congress

and then no matter about the districts.

HE STILL THINKS HE IS RIGHT. Judge Simonton Defers Unwillingly to the Supreme Court's Decision.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. HARRISBURG, March 10 .- The Supreme Court having been asked to compel Judge Simonton, by mandamus, to approve the bond of Jonas wab, who was elected Tax Collector of Wash ington township, this county, and that tribunal having demanded the reasons for the action, the Judge to-day approved the bond with the statement that in his opinion the act of June 25, 1885, so far as it proposes to reculate the collection of State and county taxes in boroughs and townships, is unconstitutional, for the reason that it is in conflict with the Constitution because its title, its provisions concerning the election of collectors, the method of collection, the deduction for prompt payment and the imposition of a penalty for neglect to pay, all relate to boroughs and townships only; whereas these do not embrace the whole of the territorial limits of the authority levying the county and State taxes in Dauphin county, which has within its limits a city containing mentan one-third of the whole population of the county. Judge Simonton adds: "The bonds of the collectors elected in boroughs and townships are required to be approved by, and filed in, the Court of Quarter Sessions, while collectors of the same tax in the city would be appointed by the County Commissioners, by whom the bonds of the collectors would have to be approved. For this and other reasons I believed, and still believe, that the act in question is unconstitument that in his opinion the act of June 25, 1885 elieve, that the act in question is unconstitu-ional if applied to the collection of State and outly tax. But believing upon further con-ideration that the act may be so construed as sideration that the act may be so construed as to apply only to such taxes as are local within each borough and township not including State and county tax, and, that as so construed it is and has been so decided by the Supreme Court to be constitutional, I have approved the bond."

Decapitation Too Good for Him. From the New York Herald.] Decapitation would be a punishment too goo

for the Wilkesbarre mine boss who caused the death of eight miners because he lost his temper and sent them orders to fight the fire instead of fleeing from it. DEATHS OF A DAY.

Dr. A. H. Metz.

Duniel Roker.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., March 10 .- Dr. A. F Metz, a well-known druggist and business man of this city, died to-day from pneumonia, following a bad case of the grip. Dr. Caivin, of Caicutta, a place near here, also died to-day from the same cause, and Mr. John Rowley, a ploneer potter, also died from the same cause. Dr. Metz was well-known throughout Central Pennsylvania.

Daniel Haker, 22 years of age and one of the oldest men in Wilkinsburg, died at the West Penn Hospital yesterday. He was a shoemaker and was well known in the vicinity of East Liberty. He had been at the hospital for two or three weeks

LICENSE A DELUSION.

Joseph Cook Gives His Views on the Liquor Question-He Indorses Scientific Instruction in Public Schools on the Effects o Alcohol.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. 1 ROSTON, March 10. - A very large house of his last Monday noon lecture for the present

b greeted Joseph Cook to-day on the occasion of his last Monday noon lecture for the present year. In dealing with the subject of scientific instruction, Mr. Cook said:

"It is a profound remark of Mrs. Hunt on the platform with me to-day that the star of hope for the temperance cause hangs over the schoolhouse. The white spaces on yonder map of the United States show the extent of compulsory instruction in temperance. When Stanley was on this platform some years ago there were two maps of the Dark Continent-one dating before Lavingston, and the other the map of the latest days. Stanley said they exhibited the contrasts between Africa explored and unexplored. Take a map of the United States of only 15 years ago, and in regard to scientific instruction in temperance in the common schools such a chart would have been a representation of the whole breadth of the foremost Christian Republic of all time. Twenty-seven States now require such instruction, and so does the National Government in all those fields which remain under its jurisdiction.

A Feminine Stanley.

"A Feminine Stanley."

"A lady who has conquered the Legislatures of 27 States, the lady who has accomplished the impossible, I call the feminine Stanley of the dark continent of the temperance cause. That lady is Mrs. Hunt, who honors us with her presence. There were 250

perance cause. That lady is Mrs. Hunt, who honors us with her presence. There were 250 petitions lately presented in the Senate to stop the liquor traffic between this country and Africa. A Congo chief has lately written a letter to the Archbishop of London in which he says: 'The humblest of your servants touches the hem of your garment and begs you touches the hem of your garment and begs you to send to his fellow servants more gospel and less run. I wish to put in the same category with the authorities of Russia, who recently whipped to death a delicate woman, those who are now poisoning Africa by the rum traffic. Says Dr. Storrs: 'Every dollar gained from the Congo rum traffic ought to rattle in the sprittant ear of him who gains it as if dropping on the blazed asphalt that makes the pavement of the infernal regions.'

"What in detail are the large outlines of the triumphs in this movement? First—Great and corrupt Legislatures have been conquered. It is a seventh wonder of the world that Legislatures like those of New York, Pennsylvania, California and Illinois have been brought to enactments requiring temperance instruction,

California and Illinois have been brought to en-actments requiring temperance instruction, and that the execution of the laws is as good as of any laws covering such topics of blazing in-terest. Second—Victory over Congress, Sena-tors and Representatives who were so friendly to Mrs. Hunt, if not to her cause, that she has obtained a national law over the breadth of the Territories under the jurisdiction of Con-gress, Third—She has conquered the great pub-lishing houses.

A Wondrous Victory.

MRS.HUNT was once a Professor of Chemis try, and by the best title has a right to speak now as an expert in every branch of this thing. Here is a battering ram that has broken down the doors of the publishing houses. I mean this petition which I hold up, signed by college presidents, authors, professors, lawyers, ministers. In fact, there is hardly an eminent name in the land that could be expected to be appended to such a document as this that is no here; and this is to the effect that books for nere; and this is to the effect that books for children must now teach total abstinence from alcoholic liquors. This is an enormous victory; it is this great list of names which has brought the publishing houses to terms. The scientific authority of the scientific temperance instruc-tion now extended across the continent is as un-suitable as the luminousness of sunbeams them-selves.

selves.
"What is the duty of Massachusetts on this topic? In 1885 our first law, as passed, gave us a very important advance over previous legislation; but like many laws, it needs a little amendment in its method to bring it up to the advance the reform has made since. Ex-Governor Long has proposed, an act amendment the ernor Long has proposed an act amending the whole act, and yet carrying the provisions no further than those of the national law and that in ther than those of the national law and that of Vermont. It provides that all pupils in all schools shall receive scientific temperance instruction. This is opposed by those who want a law that has in it an evasive provision that the act shall apply to all schools, but not saying 'all pupils.'

High License a Delusion

"M RS. HUNT is laying the basis for great triumphs in temperance legislation. There is no way of bringing up temperance sentiment to the proper level except by sciengratulate all on the effect which this educational measure is to have on legal enactments in time to come. High license is more and more regarded by judicious minds as a delusion. Do not suppress the murders by lie a few murders. You say 14 murders are not as bad as 20 murderers, but I say 14 murder are worse than 20 if you must legalize the 14, The whisky spiders have everywhere spread their webs; you say, 'educate the flies not to go into the webs,' and I say so too, but do not stop with education; down with the webs, and let them be forever buried deep in the earth." After remarks by Mrs. Hunt, who was re-After remarks by Mrs. Hunt, who was re-ceived with great applause, and who made the startling statement that \$900,000,000 would not pay the drink bill of the nation during the past year, Mr. Cook spoke on "The Pope's Veto in Politics," in which he claimed that the free-

TO THE BLUEBIRD.

The bluebird, early in spring, returns to the nest of its ancestors. Dear harbinger of nature's vernal tide, Of leafy woods, green fields, and springtime How could'st thou leave the perfumed Southern

bowers, Where summer all the long sweet year doth bide, Buds ope unchilled, and streams unfettered

And can'st thou sing in such a clime as ours, Where even yet the wintry storm-cloud lowers, Safe from the cold, keen blast, where wilt thou hide? Did mem'ries tender fill thee with unrest, And bid thee fly o'er pathiess way and long

Where thou wert sheltered till thy wings grev Sweet prophet minstrel, say have I not guessed The secret of thy coming, and thy song?
-Elizabeth E. Starkey.

THE BEST OF ALL.

To rear thy brood in one remembered nest,

The Disputch a Welcome Visitor in Every Section of the Country. from the Lancaster New Era.]

Among all the exchanges which make their larly visits to the New Era office, none is more welcome or more eagerly scanned than THE PITTSBURG DISPATCH. nodest, in contrast with the eastern metropoli tan journals, in expatiating on its own merits, the merits are there all the time. In fact, it is not excelled in news enterprise and editorial ability by the best of them. While many of the big dailies are filled on the principle of the dump-cart, THE DISPATCH is always edited with great care, due regard being given to the condensation of matters of minor importance, while the special topics of local or general interest, in which it is never distanced by its cotemporaries, are given in detail. THE DIS-PATCH has been a marvellous success, and the ecret of its success has been its uniform merit and its independent policy, which has earned for it a national reputation. Its large circulation has rendered another of Hoe's great perfecting presses a necessity, which will soon be dded to its already excellent plant.

A FEMALE SOMNAMBULIST. Her Route Lay Through Two Precinct

but no Policemen Saw Her. NEW YORK, March 10.-Policeman John Stuart this morning saw standing at the ladies entrance of the Fifth Avenue Hotel a woman attired in a white night gown, with a wrapper thrown loosely over it. The woman also wor a hat and shoes and carried a riding whip. The officer saw that her eyes stared blankly straight ahead, and that she was fast asleep. At his voice and touch she gave a sudden start and woke up. Then, with a shrick she dropped at

woke up. Then, with a shrick she dropped at the policeman's feet.

When the woman recovered enought to walk, the policeman took her to Captain Reilly's station house, where she was supplied with proper clothing to keep warm. She was nearly benumbed with cold. To the Sergeant she said that she was Mary Case, a professional singer, and lived at No. 21 Great Jones street. The last she remembared was going to bed and to sleep in her own room. In the early morning hour she had evidently arisen, put on her hat and shoes, and gone up Broadway, prohably all the way to Madison Square, without knowing what she was doing and without meeting on her route a policeman to wake her up. Her way lay through two preclucta, the fifth and the nineteenth, and she went over the posts of at least a dozen or 15 patrolmen. The Sergeant sent her home in charge of an officer.

WILEY'S INSPECTION ORDER.

The Pittsburg Guardsmen Will Present

Arms in the Month of May. order of Brigadier General John Wiley, of the Second Brigade, N. G. P., Assistant Adjutant General Charles Miller has issued general order No. 1 in regard to the semi-annual inspections of the companies in the brigade. The inspections will be held as fol-lows:

P. M.
Fourteenth Regiment—Company P. East End.
Pittsburg, May 27, 8 P. M.: Company A. Central
Armory, Pittsburg, May 23, 8 P. M.: Company B.
Central Armory, Pittsburg, May 28, 8 P. M.: Company B.
Company K. Mansfield, May 29, 8 P. M.: Company
C. Oakdale, May 36, 8 P. M.: Company E. Allecheny, May 31, 8 P. M.: Company I. Pittsburg,
June 2, 5 P. M.: Company G. Pittsburg, June 2, 8
P. M.

Sheridan Treop. Tyrone, April 25, 10 A. M. Battery B, Pittsburg, May 10, 8 P. M.

BLOOMERS OUTBLOOMED.

The "strong-minded" petticoat Is bound to make her way

Into every woman's wardrobe At no far distant day. And the man who wants to win the race Or the girl will surely pass him In her bifurcated skirt.

-Marie Overton in Puck. DIEN'T KNOW IT WAS LOADED. I pushed the wavy golden locks From off her forehead fair, And where a frown had lately been

I held the tresses shining fair As yellow buttercup;
"Was that a good kiss, love?" said I,
And she replied, "Bang up." A CLIMATIC HODGE PODGE.

A kiss I printed there.

The seasons have grown so contrary We can't understand them at all; So often the weather doth vary It drives our poor wits to the wall; Defying all rules and all reasons, Time shows how erratic its powers And gives us a hodge podge of seasons, All crammed into twenty-four hours. —New York Sun,

BY AN EXPERT. Little drops of whisky, Poured on broken ice Little grains of sugar, Of lemon peel a slice; Just a dash of Angos-Tura bitters, pray! What we call a "cocktail" In the U. S. A. -Boston Telegram.

RIVAL BASEBALL CLUBS. The time is coming when we'll see About the rival baseball clubs; But only will the fun commence With the public perched upon the fence And calling all the players ''dubs.'' —Chicago Mail. Luckily it was Sunday.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. BELLEFONTE, March 10 .- About 2,000 tons of stone fell like an avalanche, without warning, into Morris' quarries yesterday, at the same place where three men were killed last fall, If it had been any day but Sunday there would have been several killed. This is the fourth time large masses of rock have fallen in the quarries on Sunday in five years, seemingly an act of Providence.

PAYETTE COUNTY GOLD.

Mr. Stauffer Still Believes His Farm Con tains Precious Ores. PERCIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1 SCOTTDALE, March 10 .- Notwithstanding reports to the contrary, gold and silver does exist on the farm of Jeremiah Stauffer, 61/2 miles from this place, according to experts. THE DISPATCH correspondent made an investigaexists in paying quantities or not is the per-plexing question, but it is not improbable that

enough to make mining profitable will be de-termined when the field has been sufficiently Mr. Stanffer was seen to-day and said: "I was very much vexed after I read some of the reports that have been published. Should it be true that there is nothing but limestone in the field before your eyes I would leave this country never to return. I have had different reologists examine bits of the rocks, and they

have all spoken highly of its composition. I have such faith in this field that at this moment I would decline an offer of \$150,000 for it." A company has been formed here to test it, A company has been formed here to test it, and some of our most careful capitalists are taking stock in the concern. The alleged gold and silver mine is about a mile from Woodale, Fayette county, and the rocks supposed to contain gold and silver are found in a drift.

TIRED OF THIS FOOL POLICY.

Hooslers Ronst the Administration for Not Passing a Service Pension Law. ISPECIAL TRLEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

INDIANAPOLIS March 10 .- At the conven ion to-day of the State Pension Association Harrison and the Republican pension policy was roundly denounced. Colonel Tom Benett, of Richmond, was particularly severe apon the backwardness to pass a service pen sion law. He related how he had introduced resolutions at the Republican convention ar that Secretary Halford had beseeched him to withdraw them, as they would embarrass Harrison's campaign for the Chicago nomination He said he would not hesitate now if he had the opportunity to embarrass Mr. Harrison's the opportunity to embarrass Mr. Harrison's administration. He concluded by saying: "I hope this administration will give us justice; if not, we will give it justice."

C. P. Powers, Treasurer of the association and an old dyed-in-the-wool Republican, was particularly severe. He said Indiana was getting more individual pensions than any other State, but it was because the State was close, a mere trick of the administration. "We are

tired of this fool policy." Assets and Linbilities Balance.

rom the New York Times.] The famous Credit Mobilier of America, which played so prominent a part in the construction the Union Pacific Railroad and in the destruction of the reputations of several promi-nent public men, has just presented an application for formal dissolution in the courts of Pennsylvania, where it was organized. The affidavit of the Treasurer is preceded by a state-ment of account, setting forth that the assets and liabilities of the corporation exactly balance, each being nothing.

MAGNATES OFF FOR MEXICO. Leading Officials Start for the South in Palatini Train.

Curroa Go, March 10 .- At 10 o'clock this more ing the finest and most perfectly equipped train that capital and invention has ever produced pulled out of this city, bearing 150 representatives of the great corporate interests of the country, and having as its destination the City of Mexico. The special Pullman vesti-buled train, which has been placed at the disposal of the association by the Pullman Com-pany, consists of a baggage car, composite cars, containing bath-rooms, barber shops, etc., two dining cars, three compartment cars and five leeping cars, with an observation car

The magnates who are to occupy this moving palace for the next four weeks are the general passenger agents of the United States, Canada and Mexico, and their mission is that of cultivating and improving the commercial relations between the three Americas.

CURIOUS CONDENSATIONS.

-One hundred and twenty walnut trees tanding in the forest near Delphi, Ind., were old lately for \$10,008.

-Owing to the ravages of mumps and searlet fever, the public schools at Palouse City, Wash., have been closed.

-English capitalists are on the ground with the intention of buying up all the Columbia river salmon packing houses.

-An American bar and a winter garden on the roof of the new premises of the Pelican Club in Scho is the latest London idea. -The Ventura county, Cal., papers are

rging their readers to plant camphor trees. They are said to grow as rapidly as the enea--Ninety-five men at Kelsevville, Lake ounty, Cal., signed the pledge in one day last

week, and the only saloon in town is now -A writer in the Journal of Medicine, Paris, warmly advocates the adoption of the international language, Volapuk, for medical

-E. C. Kontz, who has recently been elected Auditor of Atlanta, Ga., one of the only 24 years old.

-The 4-year-old son of Frank Nesbitt, of Sacramento, got a bean lodged in his windpipe a few days ago, and death followed in spite of -Dr. Brown-Sequard is still engaged on

his youthful elizir at Paris, and persists in be lieving that his experiment will at last be successfully established. -The moment the people of Phonix.

Ariz., heard of the terrible disaster at Hassa-yampa dam they raised \$700 and dispatched a wagon-load of supplies. -According to a high authority in the English navy, the decision has been made that masts and spars are hereafter to be banished from all fighting vessels,

-Colonel Harper, of Tueson, Ariz., received payment from the United States Gov-ernment last Wednesday for a bill of \$365.50 for forage supplied by him in 1885.

-The English criminal authorities are seriously discussing the advisability of adopting the French system of identifying criminals by anthropometrical measurement -Samuel Hill was sluicing two gravel

picked up a sugget worth \$800. The following day his son worked out several ounces from a -Since the inauguration of a new system of postal wagons for emptying the mail boxes in Berlin, an ordinary city letter reaches its destination in an hour after leaving the hands of the sender.

claims last week in El Dorado county when he

-One of the editors of a Los Angeles paper failed to pay his hotel bill in Coronado last year, and, at the last meeting of the Edi-torial Convention at San Barnardino, his name was ordered taken from the rolls. -"The Court Bureau, Limited," is the

name of a company organized in London under eminently respectable directorship, to act as sort of social clearing house, through which cards may be exchanged and invitations issued -Mrs. Conway, an aged Irish woman of Atlanta, Ga., has put on mourning in honor of ex-President Jefferson Davis and Henry W.

Grady. Her dresses are made from the calico used in draping some of the city windows when these gentlemen died. -A mining claim was taken up recently in Hawthorne district, Nev., and the following notice was posted: "We clame de lege from the law of the American Congress and the united states Begin at these noticia and run 1500 feet to the first day of January."

-The price of shooting at a man has been judicially fixed at Palouse City. W. H. Arthur and Albert Grieggs made targets of each other on the streets of Palouse City recently. The former fired two shots and the latter four, all missing. Arthur was fined \$25 and Griggs \$50. -The various branches of one of the most distinguished Russian families are about to get together at Moscow to celebrate the five-hun-

dredth anniversary of their attachment to the Imperial service. The family includes the Korsakoffs, the Ryusky-Korsakoffs and the Doundoukoff Korsakoffs. -The art of making stained glass windows in this country has within the past few years been attracting widespread attention by its steady and rapid improvement, its high artistic merit and design, its excellence of art workmanship, the novelty of the effects

methods. -Recent observations of the waters of Great Salt Lake prove conclusively that the statements made that no form of animal or plant life exists in the lake are erroneous. No fish or other large form of animal life has been discovered, but the presence of vegetable or-ganisms in the lake may be considered a fact from the abundance of minute animal exist-

-During a thunder storm on last Tues

day the jail at Moulton, Ala., was struck by lightning and a hole torn in the roof. The jailer neglected to repair the damage, and on Friday night five prisoners made their escape through the opening. They obtained a file somehow, filed out of their cells, and by cut-ting their blankers into strips lowered them-selves to the ground from the roof. -A man on a bicycle in California attracted attention by his singular acts. He rode about the street, calling out to all he met,

"Repent, and be saved! The kingdom of God is at hand!" As soon as he had announced this he would hurry on as if he had a certain time in which to announce this to all the people of Oakland. People stared at him, and appeared to agree that he was a mild sort of a linuatic. -J. C. Woodruff, a Warwick, N. Y., farmer, washed his cattle with a preparation of petroleum to destroy vermin. After a fine bull had been thoroughly washed a hired man touched a match to the animal's side. The blazing bull made a bee line for the barn, which was consumed with all its contents. That hired man is rightfully entitled to the

shoes lately worn by the man who didn't know it was loaded. -Smugglers are reaping a rich harvest lown near the Canadian frontier. They purone their unlawful work in houses built on the boundary line, half in Canada and the other half in the United States. Generally these contain a tramway, upon wit containing contraband goods, from one country to the other, States officers make a raid the cars are pushed over into Canadian territory, and vice versa. The Canadian Government will take measures to prevent a continuance of the fraud.

TEXAS SIFTINGS.

Teacher-Which teeth does man get last? Johnny Knowitall-The false ones, of course, "His name is Denis," and he lives in Chicago, and his boy is a Denis-son of the same

A wife is a man's better half, but the fel-

low who clopes with her doesn't always get the better of him. He usually gets the worst.

A philosopher says marriage is like a town besieged. Those who are outside wish to get in, and those who are within desire to get out. "Meet your wife with a smile on your lips," says an exchange. Better wait until the odor of the "smile" has abated somewhat,

Some one has sent us verses beginning, "Oh, give me back my childhood's years!" haven't got your childhood's years. We haven't even got childhood's years of our own. A young farmer wrote to the editor of a country paper asking the best way to "look out for lams;" and the editor told him to keep away from a crowd when a fight was going on.

Proprietor of Country Hotel (to servant)stranger has arrived. Make a fire in No. 14. Servant-Want a big fire? Proprietor-No; he is a little bit of a fellow. Little Benny-Mamma, please let me hold the baby for a minute?

Mother-I am afraid, Benny, you might let her Little Benny-Well, if she does fall she can't fall very far. Teacher-Johnny, how many Presidents has the country had?

Johnny Knowitall.-Twelve.

"You must be thinking of the Twelve Apostles

Now, let me hear you count the President Begin!" 'One, two, three, four''-whack! whack! whacks -All From Texas Siftings. Mose Schaumburg (of Austin, Tex.)-Do on know dot firm of Schwindlemeyer & Co. in dot

New Yorlek?

Ikey Silverstone (of New York)-Vell, I should schmile. Dot was an old, reliable firm. Dey have peen in pishness terventy vears.

Mose Schaumburg. Terventy years in pishness.
Vat his terventy years in pishness? Terventy-dva
years ago I had already failed in pishness sve