Another Senatorial Debate on the Race Problem.

THE ABERDEEN OUTRAGE

Condemned by Southern as Well as Northern Senators.

THE DUTY OF THE GOVERNMENT

The negro problem came to the front in the Senate yesterday in a new form. Southern Senators maintained that the Government has no jurisdiction of crimes committed against the laws of a State. Mr. Ingalls and other Republicans confute this argument.

WASHINGTON, January 27 .- The resolution heretotore offered by Mr. Chandler, calling on the Attorney General for the report of the United States Marshal for the Northern district of Mississippi concerning the maltreatment of Henry J. Faunce, at Aberdeen, Miss., was taken up by the Senate to-day for consideration, and Mr. Walthall addressed the Senate. It could not be possibly pretended, he thought, that Congress had any jurisdiction of the subject. It had been re-Kansas (Mr. Ingalis) last Thursday in his (Mr. Walthall's) absence. But from reading the report of the Senator's remarks he saw that he had commented on the hanging in effigy of Secretary Proctor at Aberdeen, and on a brutal and most outrageous assault doubted the power of the Senate to change on a brutal and most outrageous assault committed on the citizen named in the resolution. From what he (Mr. Walthall) had heard of that affair he felt warranted in saying that it was simply the wanton conduct of a few persons, disapproved by the community in which it occurred. He knew that community intimately, but he had never before heard of the persons concerned in that

THE OUTRAGE CONDEMNED.

Speaking for himself, and as presenting the sentiment of the people all over Mississippi and of the South, Mr. Walthall condemned, unqualifiedly and unreserved-ly, that outrage on the Secretary of War, and on the citizen named in the resolution. He felt that the people of the United States would not hold an entire community respon-sible for the action of a few persons.

Passing from that subject, Mr. Walthall proceeded to discuss the question of Federal interference in State elections. He agreed with Mr. Ingalls that the race question was the most formidable and portentous ever presented to a free people for solution. He saw no remedy which Congress could apply that promised any practical result. He believed that arbitrary enactments could not merease the difficulty. He was unable to divine how the evil could be mitigated by any Congressional action, since the laws of mature could not be reversed by the laws of men. The proposition of Federal control of elections was aimed, he said, at the Southern States. Its professed purpose was to secure the fair counting of the negro vote, but the actual object was to count that vote for the Republican party on the assumption that all the negro voters were Republicans. The proposition was such a menace to the rights of the people that it must meet with the condemnation of all men anxious to pre-merve the spirit of the Government.

HAVING THEIR RIGHTS. a proof that the colored people of

Mississippi were not deprived of their rights Mr. Walthall said that the negroes of that State knew that in a single congressional district of Mississippi there were more of that race in office, voted for by the white people, than Mr. Harrison had appointed since his term began. But when the negroes were encouraged by the passing of such bills by Congress to believe that they could rule, when they were invited to array themselves against the whites, there would those relations that seemed now to promise to both races. Prosperity would be hindered, and business enterprises crippled. There would be friction and disquiet, and tain fort even bloody strife (which all deplored); country.

but in his opinion, the result of no Con-gressional election in any Southern State would be controlled by any Federal law that Congress could enact. The white people would be driven into closer co-operation than ever before, for their own protection; because the election of negro Judges and to the dust. Geronimo, the once great warofficers in a State, meant negro domination, and meant death to every interest and hope and aspiration of the people.

WHAT HE URGES.

The speaker could not counsel his people to accept such desolating barbarism without a struggle, nor yet to fice the homes of themselves and their ancestors. He would not counsel them to violate any public law or any private right. But he would urge them, not as a remedy, but as a means of present safety, to unity. He would openly and earnestly impress upon them the value of absolute unity of purpose and action, and the necessity for the closest and most vigilant and constant co-operation for selfection. He would appeal to them, for their own safety, to subordinate all party differences and party divisions to that end and purpose.

hem in any different course.

Mr. Walthall criticised all the proposed Mr. Walthall criticised all the proposed remedies for the race troubles (including bama. General Miles did not accomplish deportation and disfranchisement) as impracticable and impossible. Such colored men as Douglas, Bruce and Lynch were, he said, not types, but prodigies; but some hostile. After all Chatto and his companions of the recent products of the recent products of the recent products. While he had them he did not get a fair fight with the Indians, nor did they kill a hostile. After all Chatto and his companions of the recent products of the meid, not types, but prodigies; but some people at the North, judging the whole negro race by them, did not appreciate the dread in which the Southern people stood in Alabama. The Indian Territory is just of negro rule. The people of the North did not know that these colored men were any amount that they will behave themselve there." difference between them and the average plantation pegro that the Southern people had to deal with as there was between Napoleon and the commonest soldier in the French army.

FRAUDS IN THE NORTH. Walthall alluded incidentally to the practice of frauds and bribery at elections in some of the Northern States, and asked whether these were not more dangerous to the population of free institutions. If, he said, there was show of force on the part of white people to save themselves from negro rule, that was at least evidence of a more honest conviction than the buying of votes.

Mr. George spoke of the resolution as un-paralleled in the history of legislation in this country. It was a simple, bold propo-sition to place on the records of the Senate the report of a United States Marshal, acttacts had been correctly stated by the Sena-tor from Kansas, the other day (perhaps with a little coloring), and he had no hesi-tation in declaring that the transaction was tation in declaring that the transaction was such as demanded of the Legislature of the State of Mississippi an examination and reparation to the man who had been thus

maltreated. Mr. Chandler advocated the resolution If the Senate was not only to be taunted, when wrongs of this kind were committed, by being asked, "What are you going to do about it? You cannot help yourselves; the constitution does not allow you to punish wrongs of that kind;" but was also to be told by the Senator from Mississippi "You have not the right to inquire, and you dare not inquire into outrages of the sort on a "then indeed had the Senate fallen on woeful and lamentable times.

INGALLS' IDEAS. Mr. Ingalls said he had no comment to gnake on the eulogy pronounced on the people of Aberdeen, except to say that it was in evidence that no less than 300 or 400 of them stood by when the castigation was inflicted on Faunce, without a word of protest or without any attempt to interfere. Mr. In-

galls continued:

The victim of this wrong was not a citizen of the State of Mississippi. If he had been I do not know that I should not be willing to have allowed the powers in that State to deal with the transaction as they pleased. He was not a citizen of the State of Mississippi. He was a citizen of the United States and the State of Indiana, temporarily in the State of Mississippi, peacefully pursuing his legal avocation. And we are to be told here that it is beyond the competency and power of the Senate of the United States and of the Government of the United States and of the Government of the United States, to inquire into a wrong inflicted by the people of Mississippi not on a citizen of that State, but on a citizen of another State. I want to say to that Senator that, whenever it is made to appear that the laws of the United States are not strong enough to protect the citizen of Indiana against wrong on the banks of the Mississippi, or that the citizen of New York is not safe in his home on the banks of the Hudson, or that the farmer of the West is not safe in his dug-out on the plains of Dakota—

Mr. Ingalls left the sentence unfinished and went on:

It may be that you will succeed in precuring

Mr. Ingalis left the sentence unfinished and went on:

It may be that you will succeed in procuring a declaration from this body that the Senate of the United States, that the Government of the United States, has no power either to inquire into wrong against its clitzens or to protect them against such invasion of their rights; but I say to that Senator that if Faunce had been a clitzen of the State of Kansas, and if it should appear that the authorities of Mississippi would not avenge that wrong, and if it should appear that the Government and authorities of the United States were powerless to prevent such wrong, I will guarantee to him that the citizens of the State of Kansas would take it into their hands to resent it, and to exact reparation. [Murmurs of disapproval on the Democratic side, and some manifestations of applause in the galleries.]

AN OPEN CHALLENGE.

Mr. George challenged the Senators from jurisdiction of the subject. It had been re-ferred to by the distinguished Senator from Kansas (Mr. Ingalls) last Thursday in his Government, in any of its branches, to pun-ish, or to take jurisdiction of crimes com-mitted within a State, and not against the

an appropriation, with the power of investi-gating the Department of Justice and compelling the Attorney General to produce any paper on file in his department. If the Senate could do that, could it not, by resolution, require the Attorney General to produce this document.

Mr. George repeated his challenge to show the clause in the Constitution that gave the general Government power to take jurisdic-tion of a crime committed against the laws

Mr. Wilson, of Iows, in response to Mr. George's challenge, referred him to section 2, article 4, of the Constitution, in these rords: "The citizens of each State shall be entitled to all the privileges and immuni-ties of the citizens of the several States."

WANT TO BE LET ALONE. Mr. Reagan .condemned the outrage at Aberdeen, but denied the right of the Government of the United States to take juris-diction of it. He spoke of what the people of Texas and other Southern States
were doing in the way of education for the benefit of the colored people, and said that if
sectional agitation would cesse and the
people of the South were permitted to shape their course to the interests of the com-munity, without having to guard themselves from attacks from the outside, there would be much fewer occasions for the violations of law. The people of the South, he said, ought to give legal protection to the colored people, and to secure to them all their rights; and the people of the North ought not to use the race problem as a football for

ctional agitation. Mr. George again took the floor and the resolution went over till to-morrow without action. After an executive session the Senate adjourned.

GOOD INDIANS NOW.

General Crook Thinks That Geronimo and Bis Band Will Keep the Peace in Indian Territory-Red Men's Methods of Warfare.

CHICAGO, January 27,-Western dispatches charge that General Crook has been badly deceived by the Apache Indians, now quartered in Alabama and Florida, who recently told him such tales of their suffering be a serious disturbance of the present conditions, and the troubles of the two races would be greatly augmented. There would be a Western people are said to be all worked up revival of antagonism; an interruption of over this contemplated transfer of Geronimo and his handful of followers. They imagine that the Indians will escaps to their mountain fortresses and again terrorize the

> General Crook said to-day: "I certainly wouldn't form a plan to move the Apaches if there was any probability of their turning like snakes upon the Government. The Apaches are broken in spirit and humbled rior, is now a heap good Injun. He is teaching a Sunday school class, and, as I understand, has lost all hatred of the white people. These Indians would only be too glad to accept this removal as an opportunity to further their civilization and better their condition."

"But the people of Arizona bitterly denounce your scouts, and especially Chatto. as traitors, and claim they prolonged the subjugation of the Indians by revealing all your plans of action."
"That is false. Those stories are being

circulated for a purpose. On the contrary, i it hadn't been for Chatto and the other Indian scouts the Indians would never have been induced to go to Florida. Lieutenant Gale Wood and two Indian scouts met Geronimo and his chiefs and induced them There was no safety for to join their families, whom the ifferent course.

Government had sent to Fort Pickens, S. C. the place for the Apaches, and I will wager

AN INCREASE OF LIVE STOCK.

The Supply of Hogs and Cattle Shows a Decided Improvement.

KANSAS CITY, January 27 .- The American Live Stock Commission Company has received reports from 150 counties in the seven principal live stock producing States relative to the supply of hogs and cattle. The reports show a moderate increase in the number of cattle and hogs in the country and a decided improvement in condition over that of a year ago.

After Stock Taking Bergains in Ladies Gloves.

Fleece-lined silk reduced from \$1 to 25c a pair; fleece-lined kid gloves now 50c, 75c and \$1 50, just half price; cashmere gloves, at 25c, were 50c; a few ladies fleece-lined kid driving gloves at \$1, reduced from \$3. Penn Avenue Sto

FURST FURST! FURST!! At the People's Store.

\$30 mink capes for \$20. \$45 sable capes for \$30. \$50 seal capes for \$38. Persian capes reduced to \$7,50 and \$12. Astrakhan capes reduced to \$4 50.

Directoire cloth capes reduced to \$3 50, \$5

CAMPBELL & DICE. Old-Fashioued White, Fringed Marselller Barenn Covers At 22c-that cost three times that price t

import; center bargain counter. JOS. HORNE & Co.'s Penn Avenue Stores. MR. GRAFF'S ANSWER

He Says the Firm's Property Sold by Assignee Was Worth \$500,000.

OUGHT TO HAVE BROUGHT \$200,000

A School Teacher Convicted of Assault and Battery on a Pupil.

They Want to Put Up a Ten-Story Stone Building

THREE SMITH HEIRS OBJECT TO A SALE

for Offices, In his answer to the suit of an iron company, charging fraud in the assignee's sale of the firm's property, Mr. Graff answers

that he thought the property should have brought \$200,000, but he has no knowledge that any fraud was committed. John Graff, of the firm of Graff, Bennett & Co., yesterday filed his answer in the suit brought by the Cherry Valley Iron Works and other creditors against the firm, Judge Bailey, the assignee, and Messrs. Pickands,

Friend and J. M. Bailey, trustees for cer-

firm's property, allegations of fraud being made. Mr. Graff, in his answer, says: Whether the said sale was fraudulent and void is a question of law which I am not qualified to answer. I know that assertions qualified to answer. I know that assertions were made prior to the said sale that bids would be made for the property so sold, which were not, in point of fact, made, but I have no personal knowledge of the reason why such bids by such proposed bidders were not made. I know also that bids other than by the purchasers were made for said property, but I know personally nothing of the reasons, influence or persuasions which were used, if they were used, to deter them from more advanced bidding. I admit that in my judgment the intrinsic value of the property so sold was \$500,000 over and above all the liens mentioned in the order of court, under which the said sales were made. I do not know that iff ithad not been for the recited alleged acts of the defendants, if committed, the amount realized on said property at said sale would have been not less than \$200,000. I admit that Graff, Bennett & Co. are insolvent, and that the remaining property in the hands of the assignee, together with the proceeds of that already disposed of by him, will not pay and discharge the claims of creditors."

Continuing Mr. Graff said, concerning the other allegations, that he did not know enough about them to either affirm or deny them.

A QUESTION OF POLICY.

Some of the Helrs of Mrs. Smith Object to An argument was heard in the Orphane' Court yesterday, on an application by the ex-ecutor of the estate of Mrs. Martha McD. Smith, for permission to sell property belong-ing to the estate. The estate is valued at from \$800,000 to \$500,000, but is considerably in debt, claims against it amounting to about \$125,000. Some of the heirs, however, are indebted to the estate for money advanced to them on their the estate for money advanced to them on their legacies. B. Wolfe, Jr., the executor and trustee of the estate, recently made application to the Orphans' Court for permission to sell a part of the property belonging to the estate, which consists largely of real estate in Pittsburg and Allepheny, to pay off the debts. The property he desired to sell is located at the northeast corner of Sixth street and Liberty avenue.

berty avenue.

Three of the heirs, however, Luther H., Z. McD. and George H. Smith objected to the executor's policy. They wanted him to sell property in Allegheny instead of that at Sixth street and Liberty avenue, and improve the latter so as to increase the estate's revenue. The improvement they wanted was to build a tenstory stone building to rent out.

The other heirs sided with the executor, and the matter was argued before Judge Over yesterday. The objecting heirs were represented by Attorneys Guthrie and Cunningham, while the executor and the other heirs were represented by Attorney Jennings. The argument rested mainly on the question of policy. Judge Over reserved his decision.

rty avenue

ROUGH ON A TEACHER.

Miss Button Found Guilty of Assnult and Battery on a Papil. In the Criminal Court yesterday Miss Adda L. Hutton, a school teacher in Reynoldton

borough, was convicted of assault and battery on Maude Lauderbach, a 12-year-old pupil hers. The information was made by W. J. Lauderbach, the child's father. The teacher, it was stated, had whinned the The teacher, it was stated, had whipped the girl with a rattan for alleged disobedience in not learning a spelling lesson. The main facts in the case were not disputed, and the case was submitted without argument. Judge Slagle, in his charge to the jury, said that the right of a teacher to correct a child under her care for disobedience was to a certain extent undisputed, but in this case he thought the teacher had exceeded her authority. A verdict of guilty was rendered.

A BRIDGE CHARTER.

One to be Built Over the Monongahela From Thirty-Fourth Street. A charter was filed in the Recorder's office esterday for the South Thirty-Fourth Street

Bridge Company. The company is formed for the purpose of constructing a bridge over the Monoagahela river from South Thirty-fourth street to the intersection of Second avenue and treenfield avenue, Twenty-third ward. The capital stock is \$50,000, divided into 500 shares at \$100 per share. The directors are John P. Walker, 100 shares; Peter Schlernitzauer, Jr., 40 shares; George Walker, 50 shares; Joseph A. Schlernitzauer, 40 shares; Lorenz Walker, 50 shares.

To-Day's Trial Lists.

Common Pleas No. 1-Kraeling vs McCandless et al: Kaufmann Bros, vs Moore et ux: Imperial Coal Company vs Pittsburg, Chartiers and Youghiogheny Railroad; Butler & Gard-ner vs Bardsley et al; Holland et ux vs Dicken et al: Neuchatel Asphalt Company vs the Ursuline Young Ladies' Academy; Hiliman vs Pennsylvania Company; Carnegie vs Graner; Schaffner vs Geif, administrator; McGione vs Cunningham; Wornle vs Jackel et al; Bair & Gazzam vs Hubartt; Maeder vs Freidman; Sterling vs Freidman; Freidman vs

Freidman; Sterling vs Freidman; Freidman vs Maeder.
Common Pleas No. 2—Quinn vs Darragh et al; Rhey vs Oliver Bros. & Phillips; Fleming vs Davison. Gistinger vs Blackmore; Langfitt vs Coggrove et al; Killian vs Safe Deposit Company; Ward vs Bishop; Hemp vs Flaccus; Donnell, for use, vs Donnell; Moore, for use, vs Moore.

vs Moore.
Criminal Court—Commonwealth vs Andrew Criminal Court—Commonwealth vs Andrew
Reige, Arthur Smith, Tim Haley, August Goldstrohm, Aurila Metler, Nora Quilter, William
Reed, Philip Saugen, John Knour (2), Frank
Russ, Finley W. Squibbs, Sadie Kane, G. L.
Drum, John Stergen et al. Martha Green, Albert Sadier, Samuel E. Calhgun, A. W. Smith,
Timothy Monahau, Harriet Kemp, Joseph
Weis, William Wilehy, E., Stroup et al, Rachael
Lels (2).

A Suit for Fees. The suit of Thomas D. Evans against John W. Black and wife and Sarah L. Black, administrators of George and Mary A. Jackson, de ceased, is on trial before Judge White. The suit is an action to recover \$1,800, architect's fees, for preliminary sketches for the Du-quesne hotel. The defendants claim that the plans were merely submitted with a bid, when bids for plans for the hotel were being re-ceived.

To-Day's Audit List. Accountant.

Estate of S. T. Reddick. ...C. O. Reddick, et al. Elizabeth Lauderbach., Wm. Knoderer. Catharine Nichol John M. Edmundson. John O'Dounell. Wm. O'Donnell.

Busanna C. Coats Wm. Cunningham.
Emily A. Hain. Louisa Hankey.

Mary C. Hern. F. H. Eaton. Around the Court House.

THE ejectment suit of Isaac Wall against

Urish Wall, was continued yesterday to enable the plaintiff to amend his statement.

THE ejectment suit of Norman King against Robert Humphries and wife, to recover property in Etna, is still on trial before Judge Stowe In the suit of John Johnson against James Cairns, an action on a contract, a verdict was given yesterday for \$86 42 for the plaintiff. MRS. KATHARINE HALLY yesterday entered suit for a divorce from Richard Haley. She states that they were married on May 17, 1888, and he deserted her on July 6, 1888. In the suit of Christian Siebert against Margaret Dollmeyer for damages for injury to

a verdict was given yesterday for \$500 for the

In the suit of Brown Bros, & Co. agains the Pittsburg Forge and Iron Company, an action to recover for iron furnished, a verdict was given yesterday for \$7,215 93 for the plaintiffs. In the case of W. A. Reed and wife against

Albert L. Klaus, to recover a balance of pur-chase money alleged to be due for a piece of property, a verdict was given yesterday for the defender. THE case of Conrad Tragesser against the Oliver Iron and Steel Company is on trial be

fore Judge Collier. The suit is for damages for the loss of an eye which Tragesser had put out by a piece of iron going through the rolls. In the suits of John J. O'Brien, executor of Susan Kelly, against James and Norah Finn and the Dollar Savings Bank, actions on a mortgage, verdicts were taken by consent res-terday for the defendants in the case against the Finns and for 548 78 for the plaintiff in the case against the Dollar Savings Bank.

CALVIN S. BRICE'S LAST.

He is One of the Lending Stockholders in

NEW YORK, January 27.-Horace Por ter, Russell Sage, John Paton, H. W. Cannon, Edward F. Winslow, T. C. Murray, Jay O. Moss, E. Erquhart, George Cappell, Calvin S. Brice, Edward Rawlings, C. C. Culer and George S. Scott are the organizers of the United States Guarantee Company, a certified copy of whose charter today was filed in the County Clerk's office tain other creditors. The suit was brought to | The company's capital is \$200,000, fully set aside the sale by the assignee of the firm's property, allegations of fraud being made. Mr. Graff, in his answer, says:

paid, and its object is the guaranteeing of the fidelity of persons in places of private or public trust.

Of the 2,000 shares 1,001 are held by the Of the 2,000 shares 1,001 are held by the Guarantee Company of North America. The holders of blocks of 50 shares are Fred L. Ames, Boston; P. D. Armour and George M. Pullman, Chicago; Thomas L. Barrett, Louisville; Calvin S. Brice, Ohio; Morris K. Jessup, J. Pierrepont Morgan, Horace Porter, Russell Sage and George S. Scott.

A STRONG DEFENSE FUND

To be One of the Prominent Features of the New Miners' Organization COLUMBUS, January 27 .- The United Mine Workers concluded their sessions today. The report of the Committee on Defense Fund was received and adopted. It provides that each member of the new organization shall pay into the general treasury 25 cents per month until May 1, and 15 cents per month thereafter, the fund thus collected to be used for no other purpose than for the support of miners who are locked out or on a strike, each member to receive \$3 50 per week while out of employment under such conditions. Local and district organizations have the power to create district funds.

A DYNAMO CURRENT

To be Used for Telegraphing by the Western Union Company.

CHICAGO, January 27 .- The Chicago office of the Western Union Telegraph Company is making changes in its working plant which will mark an era in electrical telegraphy. The innovation consists in doing away with the cumbersome and zinc copper sulphate batteries and using in their place dynamos.

The experiment has been made on a small

scale in New York, but only on main line work. Chicago is the first telegraph office in the world to use a dynamo current for all classes of service.

The Deaf in Ireland Find a Good Thing. DUBLIN, January 27.—But few American inventions have been as readily adopted in Ireland as the invention for deafness of H. A. Wales, of Bridgeport, Conn., called the sound discs, and the result of its use has in many cases been marvelous.

A Charming Winter Home.

With the rapidly increasing facilities for winter travel the attractions of Middle Georgis are becoming more and better known, and a pressing need for good hotel accommodations has become apparent. To supply these wants a few enterprising and publicspirited citizens of Augusta have this year erected a magnificent structure, the Hotel Bon Air, in a most delightful and beautiful location near the city. The climate and its salubrity, situation, the hotel itself, with its excellent appointments and beautiful sur-roundings—everything, in fact, combine to make this establishment an ideal winter resort, as we know from personal observation.

Thirty head of Norman draught horses just received at the stables of the Arnheim Live Stock Co., Lim., 52 Second ave., Pg., Pa., weighing from 1,400 lbs to 1,600 lbs each; some very close matched teams. They have also a good selection of mules, all sizes, on hand. The above stock will be sold at low

Excursion to Washington City. The Baltimore and Ohio will sell excursion tickets to Washington, good to visit Baltimore, limited to 10 days, on Thursday, January 30, at rate of \$9. Call at city ticket office, Fifth avenue and Wood street, early to secure seats in parlor car and berths in sleeping car. Trains leave 8 A. M. and 9:20

HENDRICES & Co., Photographers, Federal st., Allegheny, have reduced their fine work for a short time only. Bring the children. Don't miss this great reduction in photographs.

of the Iron City Brewing Co.'s ale and beer. Competent judges pronounce them the leading brews. All dealers keep them. Auction Sale Japanese Goods

You will be well pleased if you make use

Balance of annual holiday display. Large selection. Goods delivered. No. 10 Sixth street, near Suspension bridge. WM. HASLAGE & SON.

BLAIR'S PILLS-Great English gout and rheumatic remedy. Sure, prompt and effect-ive. At druggists'.

No home is complete without PARKER'S GINGER TONIC, needed for every weakness. PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM is life to the hair.

FOR bargains in cloaks and wraps for lalies, misses and children come to The People's Store. Everything in this line closing CAMPBELL & DICK. out very cheap.

CABINET photos \$1 per dozen, prompt delivery. Crayons, etc., at low prices. LIES' GALLERY, 10 and 12 Sixth st.



Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century, it is used by the United State Government. indorsed by the heads of the great universities as the Strongest, Purest and most Healthful-Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Ammonia, Lime of Alum. Sold only in cans. PRICE BAKING POWDER CO. NEW YORK. CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, my5-82-TTSecsu property and trees, etc., taken from an orchard,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. THE BRAIN PULLS THE STRING.

The reason there are so many weak and diseased hearts, so many sudden deaths; that palpitation is so frequent and cold hands and feet so common, is that the brain exercises control alike over the stomach, liver and kidneys. Who is there that from sudden fright or overmastering anger has not felt immediately a loss of appetite, pain in the bowels or stomach? Many of the worst cases of kidney disease are the result of exhausted nervous energy, which can be prevented and cured by using the great remedy, Rogers' Royal Nervine.

The brain pulls the strings of every organ in the body, and disease in any part is at once telegraphed to it. Study these facts, for facts they are, and you will then understand why that great remedy, Rogers' Royal Nervine, acting primarily on the brain and nerves to strengthen and heal them, has saved so many lives, has averted thousands of cases of heart and kidney disease that would have been fatal otherwise. It is both medicine and food, and is the most remarkable medical discovery of modern times. Here is one of many cases.

MARSHFIELD, MASS., May 8, 1889.

ROGERS' ROYAL REMEDIES CO.

Gentlemen: Your wonderful Nervine has given me sound, refreshing sleep; good digestion, healthy appetite, strength restored, mind clear, nerves firm, muscles strong, daily increasing weight, combine to give a cheerful mind and a freedom from despendency that is like renewing life and defying death for years to come. These are the results to me of using three bottles of your Royal Nervine. It is the best medicine that I have ever used. No family should be without it. Yours'truly,

MOSES F. FEASLEE.

There is no substitute for Rogers' Royal Nervine. Every live Druggist sells it; or it will be sent by the manufacturers. \$1.00 per bottle; 6 for \$5. [Copyright, 1889.]

TAKE Rogers' Royal Herbs (dry or Jiquid) for Constipation, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Sick-headache and Kidney troubles. It is the great Liver and Kidney Cure. Unequalled for producing a fine complexion. Makes the skin fresh and clear by purifying the blood. Sold at Druggists, or sent free by mail on receipt of price, \$1.00. Address Rogers' Royal Remedies Co., Boston, Mass.

FOUR DOCTORS FAIL.

Mr. William Hurley, living at No. 131 Seveneenth street, Southaide, has had an experience that almost baffles description. The dis-

eased condition of his kidneyscaused a puffy appearance under his eyes, his skin was very yellow, his feet and legs would often bloat, he had a very severe pain in his back and kidneys, which at times was so sharp that it seemed asif a knife was cut-

ting through them, and he would often DR. SHAFFR. and he would often feel very stiff and sore in the morning. His urine was high-colored, his appetite poor, and he had belching of gas after eating. His aches and pains continued to grow worse until there was hardly a spot in his body free from pain. He says: "I had four doctors, but all failed to give me any relief. When I began treating with the physicians of the Polypathic Institute I had not been able to work for five mouths, and often was not able to walk or get around in the house, except by crawling on my hands and knees. After taking their medicines for four weeks I became greatly improved, and at the end of two months was entirely cured. I could not ask to feel better than I now do. "WILLIAM HURLEY."

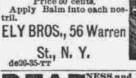
Mr. Hurley is well-known in Pittsburg, and his many friends will gladly testify to his condition and his complete cure. All forms of kidney and urinary diseases, chronic diseases and surgery successfully treated.

Office hours, 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., and 8 to 8 P. M. Sundays, 1 to 4 P. M. Consultation free and strictly confidential. Patients at a distance

Office hours, 10 A. M. 10 a F. M., Consultation free M. Sundays, 1 to 4 P. M. Consultation free and strictly confidential. Patients at a distance treated with success by letter. Write for a ja7-TTS

Is the PUREST, BEST and Clean SOAP made Of all Druggists, but beware of Imitations.

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SUITES WITH FIRE-PROOF VAULTS And Every Modern Convenience.

\$150 And Upward One Magnificent Suite of Three, Main Room 30x67, with two private offices attached ONLY \$2,000 RENT.

CALL AT OFFICE, FIRST FLOOR. ja28-95-TT8 ESTABLISHED 1870

BLACK GIN -FOR THE-KIDNEYS Is a relief and sure cure for the Urinary Organs, Gravel and Chronic Catarrh of the Bladder. Bladder. The Swiss Stomach Bitters TRADE MARKSpecies of Indigestion.
Wild Cherry Tone, the most popular proparation for cure of Coughs, Colds, Brenchitis and

Lung Troubles.

Either of the above, \$1 per bottle, or \$6 for \$5.

If your druggist does not handle these goods write to WM. F. ZOELLER, Sole Mfr., ocs-71-TTS

Pittsburg, Pa

SEEING IS BELIEVING

And we have got them. 64 Tape Worms taken in 52 weeks. Influenza or "La Grippe" cured without fail.



I permanently located in Allegheny City one year ago for the purpose of convincing the people that I have a cure for all the curable aliments of the human family. Since here I have cured 64 persons of tapeworm; the last five I treated and cured were:

December last, and in two hours I rein two hours I relieved him of a tapeworm that, when stretched, measured 184 feet.
On the same day came a lady who had taken 14
doses for tapeworm, but all failed. I cured her
in a few hours. On December 15 I treated
Chas. Lampus and a small child of Mrs. Gross,
of Spring Garden ave., Allegheny, for tapeworm, being successful in both cases; and on
December 29 I removed a large tapeworm from
Charles Maeder, of Bennett station, Pa. They
will all testify to the mildness of my treatment.
In reference to the head of a tapeworm I
will state that it is no cure unless the head is
removed. Come to my office and I will show
you hundreds that I have removed, head and
all. Since I am here I have cured hundreds of
cases of catarrh, stomach, kidney and liver
troubles, and many of Theumatism, falling fits,
paralysis, eczema, hemorrhoids and secret diseases. I also cure cancer without the aid of
knife.

My remedies are 10 in number and will be

knife.

My remedies are 10 in number, and will become standard family medicines whenever they are given a trial. One especially I call your attention to. That is my SYSTEM RENOVATOR, a combination of 19 different roots and herbs that work in harmony on the human system and lay a foundation for the cure of all chronic diseases, and will cure seven cases out of ten of them. Call for Dr. Burgeon's System Renovator at all drug stores. If they have not got it send to 47 Ohio st., Allegheny, Pa., for it, and you will save money, suffering and your lives. I will refund your money if you ever had its

equal in your family. Send stamp for circula to DR. BURGOON.

J. DIAMOND, Optician,

22 SIXTH STREET, Pittsburg, Pa. Spectacles adapted to every defect of sight. Optical, Mathematical, Electrical instruments. Thermometers, Barometers, etc. Artificial eyes inserted. ja25-TTSu "NECTAR."

Our exclusive brand of pure, old-fashioned Rye Whisky. 3 year old, 50c quart. 8 year old, \$1 25 quart. 4 year old, 55c quart. 15 year old, 1 50 quart. 5 year old, 75c quart. 15 year old, 1 75 quart. Mail orders filled same day. No delay, Goods guaranteed as represented. Specially recommended for medical use.

U. E. LIPPENCOTT, 339 Smithfield street, Pittsburg, distiller and wholesale liquor dealer de25-rus



TELEPHONE NO. 1688. WM. E. STIEREN, Optician, 544 SMITHFIELD ST., PITTSBURG, PA.



Practical Optician.

WANTED Salesmen for our Overcoat department. Salesladies for our Cloak department.

Now in Full Blast!

Our counter clearing of Odds and Ends and

Broken sizes of Men's and Boys' Overcoats and Ladies', Misses' and Children's Cloaks which have accumulated during the big rush at our Twenty-five Per Cent Off Sale last week.

Not only have we marked them down away below the prices at which we sold them last week, but will continue to give in addition

A Gash Discount of 25 Per Cent

In order to facilitate matters as much as possible for our patrons as well as for us, all of these odds and ends have been placed on special counters (Cloaks have been hung on racks) and above them we shall suspend big signs telling the people the price of the garments beneath.

This is "The Evening Sun,"

the hat that has suddenly jumped into popular favor in New York. We sold several hundred of them last Satur-

day.
"The Evening Sun" is not only an excellent traveling or knock-about hat, but a dressy and gentlemanly hat as well. It undoubtedly will be worn largely this spring. We show it in brown, blue, black, etc.,

\$1 50, \$2 and \$2 50 according to quality.

DITTSBURG AND LAKE KRIE RAILHOAD COMPANY. Schedule in effect November 17, 1889. Central time. Depart—For Cleveland, 5100, 78:00 s. m., 71:25, 42:20, 79:30 p. m. For Clincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis, 5:00 s. m., 41:35, 79:30 p. m. For Buffalo, 8:00 s. m., 41:30, 79:30 p. m. For Buffalo, 8:00 s. m., 4:20, 79:30 p. m. For Salamanca, 78:00 s. m., 4:20 p. m. For Youngstown and Newcastle, 5:00, 78:00, 10:15 s. m., 71:35, 74:20, 79:30 p. m. For Beaver Falis, 5:00, 7:30, 78:00, 10:15 s. m., 71:35, 3:30, 74:20, 5:20, 79:30 p. m. For Chartlers, 5:00, 76:35 a. m., 5:25, 76:55, 7:15, 7:39, 8:05, 8:30, 79:30, 10:15 a. m., 12:55, 12:50, 10:13 p. m.

p. m.

ARRIVE—From Cleveland, "1:23 a. m., "12:30, 5:40, 7:55 p. m. From Clincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis, "12:30, 7:55 p. m. From Buffalo, "2:55 a. m., "12:30, 7:55 p. m. From Buffalo, "2:55 p. m. From Youngstown and New Castle, "2:55 p. m. From Youngstown and New Castle, "2:50, "5:20 a. m., "12:30, 5:40, 7:55, 10 p. m. From Heaver Falls, 5:53, "8:23, 7:20, "8:23 a. m., "12:30, 1:31, 5:40, 7:35, 10 p. m.

P. C. & Y. trains for Mansfield, 5:30 a. m., 3:30, 5:50 p. m. For Essen and Beechmont, 5:30 a. m., 3:25 p. m.

McKeesport, Elizabeth, Monongahela City Selle Vernon, 6:30, 47:30, 11:15 a. m., 43:30,

GET ONE AND BE IN STYLE.

0-0-0-0-0-0-0

KAUFMANNS

Fifth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL. RAILROADS. From Pittsburg Union Station. PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD -ON AND after November 10, 1800, trains leave Union Station, Pittaburg, as follows, Eastern Standard Trains Run by Central Time.

SOUTH WEST SYSTEM—PANHANDLE ROUTE,
Leave for Cincinnati and St. Louis, d 1:15 a. m.,
d 7:30 a. m., d 9:00 and d 1:15 p. m. Dennison, 2:45
p. m. Chicago, d 1:15 p. m. Dennison, 2:45
p. m. Chicago, d 1:15 a. m. and 12:05 p. m.
Wheeling, 7:30 a. m., 12:06, 6:10 p. m. Stoubenville, 5:55 a. m. Washington, 5:55, 8:35 a. m., 1:55,
3:30, 4:45 p. m. Buiger, 10:10 a. m. Burgettstown, B 11:25 a. m., 5:25 p. m. Mansfeld, 7:15,
9:20, 11:00 a. m., 1:05, 6:20, d 8:20, 2:50 p. m. MoDonalds, d 4 15, d 19:45 p. m.
TRAINS ABRIVE from the West, d 2:10, d 6:00 a.
m., 3:95, d 5:55 p. m. Dennison, 9:30 a. m. Steubenyille, 5:56 p. m. Wheeling, 2:10, 8:55 a. m.,
3:05, 5:55 p. m. Burgettstown, 7:15 a. m., S 9:05
a. m. Washington, 6:56, 7:50, 8:40, 10:25 a. m.,
12:36, 3:55, 9:40 and B 6:30 p. m. Bulger, 1:40 p. m.
NORTH WEST SYSTEM—PT, WAYNE ROUTE.—

Station, Pittsburg, as follows, Eastern Standard Times:

New York and Chicago Limited of Pullman Vestibule daily at7:15 a. m.

Atlantic Express daily for the East, 3:20 a. m.

Mail train, daily, except Sunday, 5:20 a. m.

Mail train, daily, except Sunday, 5:20 a. m.

Day express daily at 8:00 a. m.

Mail express daily at 1:00 p. m.

Philadelphia express daily at 1:00 p. m.

Eastern express daily at 7:15 p. m.

Fast Line daily at 5:10 p. m. week days.

Derry express 5:10 a. m. week days.

All through trains connect at Jersey City with boats of "Brooklyn Annex" for Brooklyn. N. Y., avolding double ferriage and journey through M.

T. City.

Trains arrive at Union Station as follows: Y. City.
Trains arrive at Union Station as follows:
St. Louis, Chicago and Cincinnati Express.

Trains arrive at Union Station as follows:
St. Louis, Chicago and Cincinnati Express,
daily 2500 a. m.
Mail Train, daily 2500 a. m.
Mail Train, daily 7.55 a. m.
Facthe Express, daily 7.55 a. m.
Facthe Express, daily 7.55 a. m.
Facthe Express, daily 9.20 p. m.
Chicago Limited Express, daily 9.20 p. m.
Fast Line, daily 150 and 8.25 a. m. and 4.25 p.
m. without change of cars; 12.50 p. m., connecting at Greensburg. Trains arrive from Uniontown at 9.45 a. m. 12.20, 8.58 and 8.10 p. m., connecting at Greensburg. Trains arrive from Uniontown at 9.45 a. m. 12.20, 8.58 and 8.10 p. m., connecting at Greensburg. Trains arrive from Uniontown at 9.45 a. m. 12.20, 8.58 and 8.10 p. m., onnecting for Hairsville. 6.54 a. m.
Express, for Binisville. connecting for Mairsville. 6.54 a. m.
Express, for Binisville. Connecting for Butter.

Springdale Accomm. 8.20 a. m. 3.20 and 6.20 p. m.
Springdale Accomm. 11.00 a. m. and 5.20 p. m.
On Bunday 11.50 a. m. 3.25 and 8.25 p. m.
North Apollo Accomm. 11.00 a. m. and 5.20 p. m.
Allegheny Junction Accommodation. 8.20 a. m.
Blairsville Accommodation 11.00 p. m.
Trains arrive at FEDERAL STREET STATIO N.
Buller Accom. 9.10 a. m. 4400 and 7.25 p. m.
Buller Accom. 9.10 a. m. 4400 and 7.25 p. m.
Buller Accom. 9.10 a. m. 4400 and 7.25 p. m.
Bringdale Accom. 5.20 a. m., 125, 7.25 and 11.10 p. m.
On Sunday 10.10 a. m. and 7.00 p. m.
Springdale Accom. 5.20 a. m., 150 a. m. and 7.00 p. m.
Springdale Accom. 5.20 a. m., 150 a. m. and 5.50 p. m.
North Apollo Accom. 5.30 a. m. and 5.50 p. m.
North Apollo Accom. 5.30 a. m. and 5.50 p. m.
North Apollo Accom. 5.30 a. m. and 5.50 p. m.
North Apollo Accom. 5.30 a. m. and 5.50 p. m.
North Apollo Accom. 5.30 a. m. and 5.50 p. m. NORTHWEST STSTEM—FT. WAYNE ROUTE.—
Leave for Chicago, d 7:25 a. m., d 12:21, d 1:00, d
5:45, except Saturday II:20 p. m.: Toledo, 7:25 a.
m., d 12:23, d 1:00, and except Saturday II:20 p. m.; Toledo, 7:25 a.
m., d 12:23, d 1:00, and except Saturday II:20 p. m.;
Crestline, 5:65 a. m., cleveland, 6:19 a. m.; 12:46 d 11:05
p. m., and 7:25 a. m., vis P., Ft. W. & C. Ry.; New
Castle and Youngatown, 7:05 a. m., 12:03, 3:45 p.
m.; Youngatown and Niles, d 12:20 p. m.; Meadviiie, Erle and Ashtabula, 7:05 a. m., 12:09 p. m.; Meadviiie, Erle and Ashtabula, 7:05 a. m., 12:09 p. m.; Meadviiie, Erle and Ashtabula, 7:05 a. m., 12:00 p.
m.; Heeling and Bellaire, 6:10 a. m., 12:45,
2:30 p. m.; Beaver Falls, 4:00, 5:05 p. m.; Beaver
Falls 8:20 a. m.; Lectsdaie, 5:20 a. m.
DEPANT FROM ALLEGHENT—Ecohester, 6:30 a.
m.; Beaver Falls, 8:16, 11:00 a. m.; Enon, 2:00 p.
m.; Lectsdaie, 8:00, 9:00, 10:100, 11:45 a. m.; 7:15, 2:20,
4:20, 4:46, 5:30, 6:15, 7:30, 9:00 p. m.; Conway, 10:30
p. m.; Lectsdaie, 8:5, 30 p. m.
Trains annual to the first of the NORTHWEST STSTEM-PT. WAYNE ROUTE.

Springdale Accom. 500 s. m. and 500 p. m. North Apollo Accom. 500 s. m. and 500 p. m. MONONG AHELA DIVISION. Trains leave Union station, Pittsburg, as foilows:
For Monongahela City, West Brownsville and Uniontown, 19:40 a.m. For Monongahela City and West Brownsville, 7:05 and 19:40 a.m. and 4:51 p. m. On Sunday 1:61 p. m. For Monongahela City, 5:40 p. m., week days.
Dravosburg Ac. week days, 3:20 p. m. West Elizabeth Accommodation, 8:20 a.m., 1:00, 6:20 and 11:26 p. m. Sunday, 9:40 p. m.
Ticket offices—Corner Fourth avenue and Try street and Union station.
CHAN E. PUGH. J. R. WOOD.





Sunday only.

The Pittaburg Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences upon orders left at B. & U. ticket office, corner print ave. and Wood st., or sol and GB Smithfield st. CHAS. U. SCULL, Gen. Pass. Agent. J. T. O'DELL, General Mahager.