## FORTY-FOURTH YEAR.

An Independent Republican Bolt Receives a Boost.

WHARTON BARKER IN IT.

A Conference of the Leading Spirits Soon to be Held.

MR. BARKER SAYS IT IS A SURE GO.

He Declares That the History of 1882 Will be Repeated.

MUCH DEPENDS ON THE DEMOCRATS

Wharton Barker is quoted as the Eastern leader of a proposed bolt of the Republican State ticket this year. He declares there is an element of the party that will not vote for a cut-and-dried ticket any more than they did in 1882. He says they will nominate a ticket of their own, as was then done, if any man of Senator Quay's selection is nominated for Governor.

PERCHAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATORAL PHILADELPHIA, January 19. - "Any candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania who may be nominated by Senator Quay or his adherents will meet with organized independent Republican opposition." Wharton Barker puts forth this significant assertion in discussing the Gubernatorial situation, but he declines to speak further in explanation of his prophecy, saying: "It

is not time vet." While Mr. Barker will not speak further on this topic, his recent utterances and the threats of a Republican bolt, which have been attributed to ex-Senator J. W. Lee, of Venango county, clearly indicate the import of Mr. Barker's predictions.

BROKEN PLEDGES ALLEGED.

Mr. Barker has also said: "To the ordinary observer of politics it might appear that the process of nominating and electing the Governor was several months distant. On the contrary, a part of the delegates to the Republican Convention of 1890 have already been elected, and they are generally, if not entirely, in the control of Mr. Quay, to be used for the nomination of his the State convention is partly chosen a year | the best plan being adopted." ahead of time is a breach of the substance of the reform arrangement adopted in 1887, and which only the political manipulators had a clew to, and where the issues were not | Pittsburg?" asked the reporter. presented to the people.

A REPORM SETBACK.

the State, and reform has had a setback in be some time next month." Pennsylvania since Mr. Harrison entered the White House, so that the good resolutions of the party in 1882 and 1883 are cheaply held now by the dominant leaders " A gentleman who was closely identified

with the Republican bolt against General Beaver in 1882, and who is one of Mr. Barker's friends, and echoes his views, said today: "Eight years ago General Beaver was arbitrarily presented as a candidate for Governor by Senator Cameron. and the result was the nomination of John Stewart by the independent element in the Republican party, which rose up against the cut-and-dried method of naming candidates. The circumstances now are substantially the same, and if Senator Quay insists upon arbitrarily choosing a man to receive the support of the party, there will be a bolt just as surely as there

NOT BOLTING THE MAN.

"It makes no difference who the man may be, it is the principle of the thing. The Republican party in Pennsylvania will not submit to be dictated to by Senator Quay in this matter. Although we didn't elect eight years ago, we did succeed in defeating Senator Cameron's man, by turning the inde pendent vote over to the Democratic candidate, and in this way we elected Governor Pattison. The spirit of eight years ago is not dead, and Senator Quay may see something that will

definitely what will be done, and the course very largely upon what action the Democrats may take. If the Demograts name a man for whom we can vote we shall turn in lican vote the Democratic party could easily carry the State this year."

A conference of the independents, ineluding Lee, Emery, Phillips and Barker, will be held in this city in a few weeks.

THE DEMOCRATS IN EARNEST. There can be no better assurance to Democratic voters that their party is united and will make a determined effort to win in this year's campaigns than in the number of tax receipts purchased. It is estimated that 30,000 members of the party will need tax receints for the February election. Senator McAleer, ex-Postmaster Harrity and Dallas Sanders, a committee of the party managers, yesterday deposited \$8,500 with the Tax Receiver to pay for tax receipts. This sum will secure 17,000 receipts, and does not represent the purchases made by individuals

## MAURICE BARRYMORE ARRESTED.

Charged With Disorderly Conduct, but He Discomfits a Policeman.

INPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCEL ! NEW YORK, January 19. - Maurice Barrymore attended the usual Saturday night racket of the Lambs' Club. At 4 A. M. to-day he stood in Thirtieth street, near Broadway, with Gus. Thomas, Colonel Alimend, and others, who had just left the club with him. Policeman Adams told Barrymore that he was blocking the side-A dispute arose, and the actor was arrested for disorderly conduct.
Barrymore's friends testified that he told the policeman that he would move on, and that the policeman swore at him. He

started to the station house to complain, and the policeman followed and arrested him. Justice White discharged Barrymore.

SOAKED ON SUNDAY.

Clemens Muller Taxed \$12,000 for Trifling What Was Concealed by the Smoke of With Miss Cammerer's Affections-Colonel Ingernoll Indignant

at the Verdict.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. NEW YORK, January 19 .- There was quite a crowd in Judge Ingraham's court, even if it was Sunday morning, when he Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Comtook the bench to-day to receive the verdict | pany the cannonading was so loud and the in Caroline J. Cammerer's suit against smoke so dense that attention was diverted Clemens Muller for \$100,000 damages for from the real character of the aggressors, breach of promise. The fair plaintiff was and the actual motive for their struggle was not in court. It was said she was sick in bed, exhausted by the excitement of the trial. Dan Dougherty was not there either. trial. Dan Dougherty was not there either, and Mr. Lewis, the junior counsel, looked after Miss Cammerer's interests. The aged defendent was on hand, and so was Mrs. Richter. Colonel Ingersoll looked as though he had had a premonition of bad

The sealed verdict agreed upon by the jury at 10:15 Saturday evening was opened by Judge Ingraham, and read. It found for the plaintiff \$12,000 damages. The spectators wanted to start a demonstration of approval, but it was checked. The court declined to transact any business on Sunday beyond the mere receiving and re-cording of the verdict, and directed Colonel Ingersoll to defer his motion for a new trial etc., until to-morrow.

etc., until to-morrow.

"It's an idiotic verdiet," declared Colonel
Ingersoll, after adjournment. "We were
too high above the jury. If we had been
down nearer their level it would have been all right. We shall carry the case to the

Court of last resort." "Such a verdict is as bad as highway robbery," was the exasperated comment of the aged defendant, who was about to express his feelings freely when Colonel Inger-soll took him by the arm, whispered consolingly in his ear, and calmed him down. "It's just about such a verdict as I ex-

pected," was the comment of Mr. Lewis, nior counsel for Miss Cammerer. The jury at first stood 8 to 4 in favor of Miss Cammerer. The four were won over to the side of the majority before very long, and then it came to a settlement of the amount of damages. The highest figure advocated was \$30,000 and the lowest \$3,000.

## MR. CARNEGIE TALKS.

There is No Quarrel Concerning the Management of the New Library - The Best Plan Will Undoubt-

edly be Adopted. NEW YORK, January 19 .- Andrew Carnegie talked to a reporter to-day about the difference of opinion that had arisen in Allegheny over the management of the fine granite building which he gave that city for a public library, art gallery and music

"There is no quarrel," said Mr. Carnegie, but an interesting discussion is going on as to the best mode of organizing the institution. Some persons favored having it managed by a committee, others wanted to allow the City Council to have full charge. men. Of course, the procedure by which But the discussion will certainly result in

The statement that there was a controversy in Allegheny between the organizaintended to prevent the repetition of such | tion of American Mechanics and those of scandals as had brought the party to the Scotch birth, for the honor of conducting verge of complete disruption. It was the the opening exercises, Mr. Carnegie said understanding of the party then that the was incorrect. Both parties desired and abuse should cease of choosing the delegates | would receive representation on the occa-

"Do you intend making a similar gift to "Yes," replied Mr. Carnegie, "I hope to arrange with the city of Pittsburg to allow "But it is a convenient adjunct to the me to build a building something similar, spoils system, and helps to make it more but on a larger scale there as soon as I get easy for Mr. Quay to name the Governor of the Allegheny gift off my hands, which will

> MERELY AN ACCOUNTING WANTED. Irish National League Members Rather

Auxious to See the Books. SEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE A NEW YORK, January 19 .- The feeling among members of the Irish National League in New York over the delay in calling a national convention is a strong one. The request of President Fitzgerald and Secretary Tutton, of the National League, who said that a New York gentleman would not as a member of an auditing committee to dynamos than the old ones, but the old ones examine Treasurer O'Reilly's accounts is have more capital; and so the fight has got National officers not to call such a conven- | go on longer."

tion at present. Municipal Council said to-day that while they had no reason to doubt that Treasurer O'Reilly's accounts are all right, vet they wanted to know what had been done with the money, and so did the rank and file of the League all over the country. All the contributions of the United States now go they believe a complete accounting should be made annually as the constitution re-

WITH MURDER IN HIS MIND John Law Visits Bis Wife, From Whom He Was Separated.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. ROME, N. Y., January 19 .- A few minsurprise him. It is too early yet to tell utes before 10 o'clock this evening the cry of murder was heard in the house of John of the independent Republicans depends Law, who attempted to murder his wife Phyllis. The couple are English and about 60 years old. She has not lived with her husband for some years, owing to his cruel for him, and with the independent Repub- and inhuman treatment of her. This evening Mrs. Law met her husband, who asked to go in the house with her. She replied: "Not to-night; come around to-morrow." To which he responded: "To-morrow won't do," and he shot her. The ball struck her in the left temple, and she recled to the ground. The would-be murderer then shot at his young son, who stood by, but failed. The police found Law near by. He was in the act of taking his own life, having one hand on the hilt of a pocket-knife and the blade thrust in his throat.

CHICAGO COOPERS TO STRIKE.

Their Demand for Higher Wages Refused by the Employers.

CHICAGO, January 19 .- It is possible that the coopers employed in the shops connected with the packing house at the stockyards will strike to-morrow. Delegates from 40 shops met privately this atternoon and so decided, according to several of the delegates. The men are receiving 30 cents The cause of the proposed strike is the re-fusal of their demand for an increase of 5 cents. This is the busy season and the

A WEDDING NECESSARILY OFF. The Bridegroom Arrested on the Eve of His

Proposed Marringe. ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE. NEW YORK, January 19,-Charles Falkenheim and Charles Fallicky, canvassers in Uties for the Prudential Life Insurance Company, of Newark, were arrested last night on warrants issued by City Judge Gaffoey, of Utica, charging them with

BEHIND A BATTLE.

Legal Conflict-A Bridge Syndicate That Wants to Gobble the Reading.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH, PHILADELPHIA, January 19 .- During the battle lately about the control of the who are deeply in earnest in their effort to obtain control of the Reading Railroad Transformed. Company and its great coal property and consequent heavy coal tonnage. cipal object is to control the Reading in the interest of the Poughkeepsie Bridge Company. The preliminary steps were taken with so much adroitness that the Poughkeepsie bridge syndicate already controls a majority of Reading stock.

At the Reading annual meeting everyone was surprised to see W. W. Gibbs, one of the active workers, among the opposit Mr. Gibbs' action was very significant. He was formerly President of the Poughkeepsie Bridge Company, and is regarded as the ather of the present organization. John S. Wilson, the present President of the Bridge Company, was formerly General Traffic Agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad Com-pany, and he understands full well the advantage it would be to his company to have the Reading as a feeder, supplying anthracite coal to be forwarded to New England.

Through an auxiliary corporation known as the Central New England and Western Railroad Company the Poughkeepsle Bridge syndicate is rapidly acquiring the control of lines of railway on either side of the Hudson river, and already arrangements have been made to connect with the Reading system. An alliance has been formed with the Boston and Maine, giving access to Northern New England, and when the control of the Reading is obtained that road, together with the Baltimore and Ohio, will give the Poughkeepsie Bridge system a continuous line of railway over 4,000 miles long, uniting New England, New York, Pennsylvania and the West.

LAWYERS TO BE LICENSED.

A Scheme to Secure a Quorum in the North Dakota Legislature.

BISMARCK, N. DAK., January 19 .- The House convened vesterday morning before sunrise, and under a call of the House the absentees in bed and at breakfast were summoned to the Capitol by the Sergeant at Arms. The farmers thought they had the best of the lawyers in the unusual hour, but the lawyers made an extra effort and got there on time. The business of the forenoon was the consideration of the revenue bill. Upon the matter of licensing lawyers two reports were brought in, the minority favoring license. Lawyers favored the adoption of the minority report, which was adopted and the bill for license recommended to pass.

The Senate asked the Attorney General to give an opinion on this question: "Is that portion of the main line of the Northern Pacific in this State taxable as other property is taxed?" The railroad company holds it is exempt under the terms of its charter when this was a Territory, and the change of condition has not, in the opinion of the company, removed the exemption.

FORMING AN ELECTRIC TRUST.

New York Light and Power Companies Cutting Each Other's Thronts.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1 NEW YORK, January 19 .- There is talk now of a trust or combination of some sort among the various electric light and power companies doing business in and of one of the smaller companies told a DISPATCH reporter to-night that the companies would have to come to it whether they wished so or not, because of the cutthroat condition of the trade.

"I know one case in Wall street," said he, where one company got a contract for putting its plant into a big office building at a price which left a modest margin of profit, An opposition Company being old and wealthy was willing to do the work at cost, for the sake of keeping it away from the other company. The fact of the matte is that no company has all the good natents. Some of the newer companies have better regarded as indicating the purpose of the down to price cutting. This thing cannot

IN SEARCH OF A HUSBAND. Birmingham Social Circles Excited Over Texas Woman's Story.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. BIRMINGHAM, ALA., January 19 .- This morning a well-dressed young lady arrived through Treasurer O'Reilly's hands, and In the city, and at one of the leading hotels registered as Mrs. Charles R. Miller, Dallas. Tex. She sent for the manager of the hotel and explained that she married Charles R. Miller, of this city, in Texas, seven years She said he deserted her immediately after the ceremony, without a word of explanation, and she heard nothing from him until a few days ago, by accident. Miller is the son of a wealthy banker, and

prominent in business and social circles. He was supposed to be unmarried, and it is reported that he is now engaged to a promi-nent young society lady of a neighboring

REPUBLICANS IN OKLAHOMA

Indorse the Harrison Administration and Welcome Colored Emigrants. ST. LOUIS, January 19 .- The Oklahoma Republican Convention, after a two days' session, adjourned last night. A territorial executive committee of twelve members was and resolutions were adopted indorsing the Republican national platform and the Harrison administration; thanking friends in Congress for their efforts in behalf of Oklahoma. The necessity of an early Territorial Government is urged, and the party extend a hearty and cordial welcome to all honesi and industrious colored men as emigrants to Oklahoma, and pledges to them the enactment of laws, guaranteeing to colored citizens the same rights and privileges as those enjoyed by the whites.

MURDERED BY MEXICANS.

Two Members of a Party of Prospector Killed by Robbers. SAN ANGELO, TEX., January 19 .- A pri-

vate letter from Fort Davis contains the statement that while three prospectors and their families were encamped near that place they were attacked by Mexicans and for her. As I said before, I first learned of vate letter from Fort Davis contains the two of the mon killed. The other man, with the women and

children managed to escape. The murderers plundered the camp, took the horses and es-

THOUGHT IT WAS A BLUFF.

Denver's Sheriff Does Not Succeed in Closing Up the Saloons.

DENVER, January 19 .- Notwithstanding the order issued by Sheriff Barton vesterday that all saloons should be closed to-day, with very few exceptions they remained swindling the company.

Falkenheim was found at the residence of Miss Bley, his intended bride. He was to a number of proprietors will be arrested toA KNIFE IN THE BRAIN

PITTSBURG, MONDAY,

Removes a Tumor and Changes the Patient's Temperament.

The Case of 12-Year-Old Alice Coll, of Oakland, is Interesting.

REMARKABLE SURGERY AT HOME.

It always pays to read a good newspaper. Reading THE DISPATCH has led Plumber Coll, of Oakland, to resort to such heroic surgery as to restore to his household, unimpaired, his 12-year-old daughter, Alice, whose brain and body had both suffered for upwards of 11 years as the result of a tumor on a chief nerve center of the brain. The remarkable surgical operation which has changed her temperament will go on record.

A wonderful surgical operation with wonderful results has been performed in Pittsburg, and Disease falls once more before

In their pleasant Oakland home, on Atwood street near Bates, live Mr. Benard F. Coll and his interesting family, Mr. Coll is at present with the Westinghouse Airbrake Co., and is a member of the plumbing firm of Payne & Coll. Alice, a child of 12 years, is one of his joys, and it was upon the brain of this little girl that this dangerous operation was successfully per-

The surgeon who performed the operation absolutely refused to give any information about the matter, saying that it would injure him among the profession, as it would appear like an advertising scheme. His assistants also refused to give the writer any further light on the subject than an admismission of the fact that the operation had been performed.

FULL PARTICULARS OBTAINED. The father, however, gave the following particulars to the writer: "When Alice was 6 months of age she suffered a fall, striking her head on the corner of the stair. For a week after this accident she writhed in convulsions, and after the convulsions ceased her left side seemed to be partially paralyzed. When she was about 4 years old she began again to have convulsions. They were at first slight, of short duration and not very frequent. But as she grew older they increased in severity, were of longer duration and came oftener.

"These convulsions were likely to come upon her at any time, and we were afraid to allow her out of our sight. Whenever she was attacked, the muscles of her face would begin to twitch, she would shrick, her left arm would begin to work, then her left leg, and then her whole body would likewise. When the convu over she would draw a long breath and collapse, remaining unconscious for probably an hour or more.

A ONE-HANDED PIANISTE. Alice was a bright child. She was very fond of music, and could play the piano with her one useful hand. She could press around New York. An official the keys with her contorted left hand, but ill. The disease progressed very rapidly was taught at home. This left arm and hand, members could be straightened.

"Well, I became aware, through an examination made by the doctor some time ago. that there was something wrong with the child's brain. At that time an attempt was made to reach the trouble with medicine. This, while it helped her, afforded no permanent relief. About seven weeks ago I read in THE DISPATCH of a similar case in Philadelphia, which had been successfully operated upon by Dr. Keen. I commenced to look the matter up then, and determined to have my child relieved of this torture, if possible, and I resolved that, if I could get no surgeon in Pittsburg to perform the operation, I would take my child to Dr. Keen

HOW THEY PERFORMED IT. "One day I met Dr. R. W. Stewart of Allegheny, who had treated the case for some time, and asked him about the operation. The result of this was that an operation was decided upon, to take place a week ago last Wednesday. At the appointed time Dr. Stewart and five other doctors arrived prepared to perform the operation. It lasted about one hour. I witnessed it. After an anasthetic had been administered and my little daughter had lost consciousness, a circular cut was made in the scalp, a 'hinge' being lett and the flap laid back. Then, with the trephine, a piece of the skull, right over the part of the brain in which center the nerves of the face, was removed, disclosing the tumor, the cause of all the little one's sufferings. From Dr. Stewart's diagnosis he had concluded that the tumor was at this spot, and there it was. It was as large as a duck egg. Another piece of the skull, over the parts of the brain in which center the nerves of the left arm and leg, was removed, to make sure that there was nothing on the brain there. It was found to be clean. A rubber drain, to take off any matter that might possibly remain, was inserted in the wound and the latter was

closed up.
"The operation was a success. The little patient is getting along very nicely, her appetite is good, and she sleeps regularly. As you saw, in conversing with her, she has not had a bit of pain, and the wound is nearly healed. The rubber 'drain' is being removed, little by little. I expect her to be out of bed by Sunday. She seems even brighter than she was before, and has control of her arm.

A NATURAL RELIEF. "You cannot imagine how happy I am over the complete success of the operation, and how grateful I am to science. I bea successful operation through the news-

Upon being told that Dr. Stewart would give no information about the case, Mr. Coll said that he would do nothing that he thought would injure Dr. Stewart. "I do not think that this, coming from me, will in any way injure Dr. Stewart or his assistants," said he. Dr. Stewart's assistants were Drs. Joseph N. Diekson, Brockerhoff, Robeson, Ward and Moyer.

This branch of surgery, which is called "regional surgery," is in its infancy. There have been comparatively few of these operations, and this is believed to have been the

stions, and this is believed to have been the

first one in this vicinity. The possibilities of relief to thousands of wretched sufferers

through this new branch of surgery, are

Upon being told that Dr. Stewart would

DR. O'REILLY EXCITED. He Indigenativ Resents Any Imputation on

His Honesty-He Himself Suggested nn Investigation of Land Lengue Accounts.

JANUARY 20, 1890.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR.1 DETROIT, January 19,-Dr. Charles O'Reilly laughed ironically to-day when THE DISPATCH correspondent suggested that an answer to the hint of crookedness in the financial management of the American Land League would make interesting read-

It's very strange that a man wrong in his accounts should call for a committee to investigate those accounts; that to cover up a defalcation there isn't the shadow of an excuse for the intimation that my accounts are not correct. When I returned from Europe I went to Lincoln, Neb., and suggested to the President of the League that as no convention had been called since 1888, a committee should make a thorough investigation of the financial affairs of the League. This demand was made by me because of the fact that incriminations reflecting upon my honesty have been in circulation for more than six months. The purpose is to injure the League. It has been hinted by irresponsible persons, and published in some newspapers, that the League and the Clan-na-Gael are identical; that the League is controlled by the Clan, and, indeed, that the League is connected with that particular wing of the Clan-na-Gael, in the folds of which the public are still looking for the source of the Cronin murder. The fact is the National League is an open organization, whose moneys must be openly accounted for. No member of the Clan-na-Gael, known tation, whose moneys must be openly accounted for. No member of the Clan-na-Gael, known for. No member of the Clan-na-Gael known to be such, has any right to be in the League. They are excluded by a by-law passed in 1885. With a special view to keeping the League from any complicity in the acts of any secret organization, I called for a board of auditors to give a public-accounting of the funds intrusted to me since the Chicago convention. The selection of the cammittee has been left to the President of the League, and it is to be chosen from all parts of the United States and Canada, and I think that when it appears in Detroit or elsewhere the personnel will well satisfy the public as to its character for probi-ty. If a shortage shall be discovered: if it satisfy the public as to its character for probity. If a shortage shall be discovered; if it
shall be shown that the League has been paying money to any organization other than the
League or Ireland, for any other purpose
than the attainment of home rule in
Ireland, then I hope that the auditors will
expose the wrong at once. If they don't, I will.
I shall certainly publish a statement of all receipts and disbursements, and will give this
report to any newspaper that will print it.

Dr. O'Reilly was greatly excited as he talked, and denounced his traducers in no measured terms. He was particularly severe upon a Chicago Republican newspaper which, he said, had been noticeably unfair in the treatment accorded him. Father O'Reilly's talk is in his own language

## ANOTHER VICTIM

Of the Influenza Scourge Succumbs the National Capital-Death of Orlow W. Chapman, Solicitor General of the United States,

WASHINGTON, January 19 .- Mr. Orlow W. Chapman, Solicitor General of the United States, died at his residence in this city at 8 o'clock this morning of estarrhal affection of the kidneys, aggravated by an attack of the grip. His death was peaceful and painless, and he passed away surrounded by his wife, Attorney General Miller, who has been with him almost con-stantly during his illness; Mrs. Miller, the wife of the Attorney General, and Dr. Johnson, the attending physician, who had been at the bedside during the greater part

Mr. Chapman was first taken ill about fice. His exposure resulted in a relapse acaddition to the grip. He suffered from estarrhal trouble of the head and the intense pain in his ears made him restless and prevented sleep. The catarrh extended to the throat and also to the kidneys, aggravating an old trouble from which he

rectly attributed to lumbago. On Friday night he became dangerously could not turn the hand around or straighten from that time until his death, which came out the fingers. Her memory was very good.

We never sent her to school, on five hours. Mr. Chapman leaves a wife but account of these terrible convulsions. She no children. His home was in Binghamton, N. Y., and the remains will be taken there to-morrow for interment. Funeral service over which she had no control, were always | will be held here to-morrow afternoon at the held in a contracted way, except when she late residence of the deceased and will be slept; then the muscles relaxed and the attended by the President, the members of the Cabinet the Instices of the Supreme Court and a few personal friends.

THE UNIVERSITY ASSURED.

Marshall Field Donates the Site for the

New Baptist Institution. CHICAGO, January 19 .- It was announced this evening that Mr. Marshall Field has supplied a site for the proposed New Baptist University. He has done it by donating for that purpose ten acres of land valued at \$100,000. The tract is in the southern part of the city and fronts on Ellis avenue between Fifty-sixth and Fifty-seventh streets. Mr. Field's gift fills the last of the requirements of the originator of the University project, J. D. Rock-efeller, the oil king. Mr. Rockefeller gave \$600,000 to found a university on condition that \$400,000 more should be raised, and that none of the total of \$1,000,000 should be used for the purchase of a site.

The value of Mr. Field's land, together with the money already raised, more than completes the million. It is intended, however, to consider it as no part of that sum, but to complete the round amount regard-

FATALLY SCALDED THEIR BROTHER. Two Boys Dip a Younger Brother in a Tub of Hot Water.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1 BIRMINGHAM, ALA., January 19.-Near Abbeyville, Henry county, Fiday, there was a hog-killing on the plantation of Mr. Charles Martin. His three little boys, from 4 to 10 years of age, were interested spectators of the killing and scalding the hogs. After the work was finished a large tub of hot water was left at the slaughter pen. While the men were all in the house the three boys were playing about the tubs. The two older ones decided it would be a good joke to dip their 4-year-old brother in the water, as they had seen the | to escape imprisonment.

hogs dipped. They did not know hot it was, and plunged the boy in up to his neck. they could get him out be was fatally scalded, and died in a few minutes.

ATE THE FOOD OF A JOSS.

An Insane Chinaman Who Had No Pear of Herenfter. ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. 1 NEW YORK, January 19 .- Ah Jim, a ening attitude. Mongolian, was arraigned at the Tombs Police Court to-day on a charge of insanity. He went into the Chinese Joss house, or

Most street, and ate three pigs' feet from the altar. He was committed. The Joss is a fine, healthy-looking fellow. His people, once every week, supply the table in front of the shrine where he hangs, with all the delicacies of the season. Until two months ago Joss was suppose to stay his appetite by inhaling the aroma of the feast and the smoke of the incense. Every Sunday the stale viands were re-placed with fresh food. One Sunday, when the attendant examined the table, he found

Ah Jim was tound under Joss' table. LONDON, January 19 .- Lord Sa isbury who has been suffering from influenza, will go to the south of France to recuperate.

that half of the roast pig had been devoured

JOHN RUSKIN INSANE

The Famous English Literary Leader Hopelessly Afflicted.

Twin Sons of a Deceased Earl Claim Their Father's Title.

A CORNER MADE IN CANNED SARDINES. Great Disaffection Exists Among the Officers of the Russian Army.

clining for a number of years, is now in a hopeless condition. His friends are very reticent upon the subject. A Russian officer has shot himself to avoid arrest. The situation at Lisbon remains unchanged. LONDON, January 19 .- John Ruskin, he great leader in English critical literature, has become hopelessly insane. There

has been a great deal of whispered talk in

John Ruskin's mind, which has been de-

the upper art circles of London for months past concerning Mr. Ruskin's condition, and the peculiar circumstances by which he is environed. There has been no public comment on the matter because of the general desire among his most intimate friends, Swinburné, Burne Jones and others, to have nothing said about it. Mr. Ruskin's mind has been gradually failing for seven or eight years, The first public suspicion of the fact occurred at Oxford in 1886, when, after delivering several lectures of a series, he broke down during the delivery of one, became incoherent on the platform, and greatly

exercised the feelings of the sympathetic audience. He delivered no more lectures there, and the matter was hushed up. His health improved, and in 1888, on the occasion of his last visit to London, he went to the Academy, Grosvenor and other galleries, in the company of Oscar Wilde, and was never more perspicacious in comment brilliant in conversation. HIS LIFE AT BRENTWOOD.

Of his life at Brentwood very little is known. In July last, however, Miss Kate Greenaway went to visit him, but her stay

was brought to a sudden termination by an unfortunate occurrence. In company with Mr. Ruskin she went out on the moor back of Brentwood to make some watercolor sketches. In the midst of her work she noticed her companion was acting and look-ing strangely and talking incoherently. Suddenly he seized her colors and large brush and angrily daubed paints of all kinds all over her sketches. She ran back to the house and informed Mrs. Severn, who sent an attendant out for him, she having had an attendant in waiting on him ever

since his return.
Since that time Mr. Ruskin has been necessarily confined to his own house. No one outside of Brentwood people has seen him since August. In November reports reached London of his having had a violent paroxysm, during which he broke all the windows of his room. Since that time he has lain in bed continuously. He refuses all except liquid food, and manifests no dethree weeks ago with the grip. He re-covered from this attack and insisted upon immediately resuming his duties at the ofsire to get up. He is steadily growing weaker, and the probability is that if he go out of the house again.

HIS MEDICAL ATTENDANT. His doctor is Charles Powers, a local practitioner of middle age. There has been some rather critical comment among the specialists of London over the fact that so eminent a man, whose conditions undoubtsuffered for some time, but which he incor- edly demand the care of a specialist in mental disease, should have a physician who, while a capable general practitioner, has not the special ability which the case imperatively needs. Mr. Ruskin's family physician is Dr. Aclands, of Oxford, a life long friend, but a difference of opinion between them in 1875, deprived him thereafter f Dr. Acland's services. Mrs. Severn, Dr. Powers and two attendants now have him in charge, and all being reticent in the matter very little is known here as to what goes

> The house is a wonderful treasury of art and other valuables whose value can not be estimated. The owner, in 12 years past, has spent over £100,000 on artistic gems of va- glass in the door. He was followed by H. rious kinds, and these, in addition to his many presents from friends, make a won- smoking revolver in his hand. derful collection. There are contributions from many great English and foreign artists. sketches innumerable, and a collection of precious stones. Among his remarkable ossessions are 300 missals, some of them Unminated, and the rest in grasaille, which are worth a small fortune in themselves, as they comprise one-fourth of the entire

number in existence.

THE DUKE OF AOSTA'S DEATH. He Expires in the Arms of His Brother,

King Humbert. ROME, January 19 .- On the arrival of King Humbert at his brother's bedside yesterday the Duke said: "You see, Humbert, I allowed myself to be tortured with remedies in order to be kept alive to die in your arms." The Duke remained conscious to the last, encouraging his wife and sons, whom he recommended to the care of King

Humbert. By the Duke's own wish the body will not be embalmed, there will be no lying in state, and the remains will be placed in the family tomb at Superga. If there had been a state funeral the German Emperor would have been present.

RUSSIAN OFFICERS ARRESTED.

One of Them Blows Out His Brains to Avoid Coming Imprisonment. TBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY. ] St. Petersburg, January 19 .- Great disaffection is reported as existing among the officers of the Russian army and navy. Many of them have been arrested and orders are signed hourly for further arrests. Colonel Voilikoff, of the Imperial Hors

Guards, blew out his brains with a revolver MILITARY IN READINESS.

Trouble Feared in Connection With the Strikes in Belgium. BRUSSELS, January 19 .- The infantry has been confined to the barraeks to-day in readiness for any emergency in connection with the labor troubles. A squadron of cavalry has gone to Charleroi, where the miners are arming themselves with axes and other implements, and assuming a threat-

Terrific Gale on the Irish Sen. LONDON, January 19 .- A terrific gale, ac companied by thunder and lightning, prevailed to-day on the Irish Sea. Much dam age was done to property along the coast Several persons were killed by lightning and a number were drowned.

Emin Pasha Has an Abscess. ZANZIBAR, January 19 .- Emin Pasha is suffering from an abscess of the exterior of the skull, which has caused partial paralysis of the tongue, He sees no Europeans except a German doctor. Spala Still in Difficulties.

MADRID, January 19 .- Senor Martinez

who was summoned by the Queen Regent to

form a Cabinet, has been unable to accom-

The Price of the Canne To Has Been

Raised in E.

(BY DUNLAP'S CABLE

LONDON, January 19.—T.

tion in business circles here
national corner in sardines. Th. ...nouncement has caused much anxiety among the SECRECY NO LONGER POSSIBLE. ishermen who live by the sardine fishery on the French-Atlantic seaboard. They trem-ble lest the bread be taken out of their

> unite in a sardine syndicate.
>
> The sardines used for tinning are mostly caught on the coasts of France and Portugal, and the headquarters of the market is now Nantes, in which town the secret of preparing and tinning the delicacies is jealously guarded. This accounts for the difficulty in effecting a monopoly or transferring the business to another port. The price of canned sardines is already raised.

A CORNER .

A TITLE IN DISPUTE,

mouths, and English, Belgian and Germans

The Claims of Twins Make a Compromise Arrangement Necessary.

[BY DUNLAF'S CABLE COMPANY.] LONDON, January 19 .- The death of Lord Napier, of Magdala, has given rise to a somewhat curious complication. The deceased nobleman left two sons, twins, Robert and George. After much discussion among doctors and nurses, as to which entered this world first, the family decided that Robert should inherit the title. George thought of contesting this decision, and of appealing to Parliament to divide the

ors, as there are two titles. As a compromise the family council in-fluenced by the fact that Robert, though married, has no child and that George must eventually inherit everything, propose to give George a handsome annuity and one of the titles. There is no paralel case in the history of the British peerage.

PORTUGUESE STILL KICKING.

Protests Against the British Ultimatum Are Being Extensively Signed. LISBON, January 19 .- Protests against the British ultimatum are displayed on tables in the public squares here and have been signed by many persons. A meeting was called for to-day in Camoen's Square to protest against the action of the British Government, but it proved a fiasco. The Government organs deny that changes in

the Cabinet are pending.

The Commercial Association has sent a communication to the King expressing regret at the dispute which has arisen between England and Portugal. A number of British merchants have written to the Traders' Association saying that they hope that the old friendly understanding between the two countries will soon be restored.

BRAZIL'S FINANCIAL PLANS,

Three Government Issue Banks With a Capital of \$250,000,000. LONDON, January 19.-The Brazilian Government has issued a decree dividing the country into three banking districts, and providing for three issue banks with a capital of \$250,000,000 in Government stock, the circulation of each bank's notes to be

confined to its own district. The per cent of the earnings will be applied to the redemption of the capital stock. HE WILL NOT ABDICATE.

The Emperor of Austria Will Hold Fast to His Throne. LAP'S CABLE COMPANY VIENNA, January 19 .- The report of the intended abdication of the Emperor of getting a fixed rate of wages this will come Austria is officially and emphatically de-

nied. The story, though so persistently circulated, has no foundation whatever. Majesty is much annoyed by these rumors.

A BOLD ATTEMPT AT BURGLARY

a Loaded Revolver. CLEVELAND, January 19 .- About 9 o'clock this forenoon a colored man walked up to the front door of the P. L. Miles Jewelry Company store on Euclid avenue, put a board against the door, climbed up and opened the transom, through which he entered. A few minutes later pistol shots were heard and the colored man came

S. Johnson, the porter of the store, with a The colored man and a confederate who had been stationed outside took to their heels and disappeared in the crowd which collected. It was a bold attempt at burglary and but for Johnson's pluck in the use of his revolver it would have Johnson was in bed in the rear end of the store when the colored man entered, and

was awakened by the noise he made.

MRS. FOSTER'S CAMPAIGN.

She Speaks in Favor of the New Non-Partisan Temperance Organization. CLEVELAND, January 19 .- Mrs. J. Ellen Foster, of Iowa, who is here to attend the convention of the non-partisan W. C. T. U., which begins on Wednesday next, addressed two large meetings to-day, in the morning at the First M. E. Church and in the evening at Music Hall. Mrs. Foster explained the object of the new organiza-tion to be the promotion of temperance reform, with no side issues. She said she believed that women should be allowed to vote, and was in favor of dress reform, but these things, she said, would not be sought for by the non-partisan W. C. T. U.

The recent political phase of the W. C.

would profit by the mistakes of the old, and would wish all godspeed in the work STRIKING FOR A SNUG SUM.

George A. Walworth's Suit Against James

T. U. work, she said, had driven many

workers from the old order. The new order

Verner is for \$100,000. ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE. TROY, N. Y., January 19 .- A motion will be made Monday, before Judge Mayham, of Albany, for an order to serve by publication the summons and complaint, in Troy and New York newspapers, of a notice of suit against James K. Verner, of Pittsburg, for \$100,000. The complainant is George A. Walworth, of New York. A spend application for a referee in divorce proceedings will be made before the special erm judge at Albany, on the 28th, with

Verner as co-respondent. For some time parties have been making an effort to serve papers on Verner, but have been unable to find him.

SECRETARY BLAINE MAY RESIGN. The Death of His Son and His Own Health

the Cause.

PRPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1

WASHINGTON, January 19 .- It is gener-

ally believed now, that owing to the death of his son Walker, Secretary Blaine will soon withdraw from the Cabinet. His health has not been good for some time, and Walker relieved him of a large proportion of the exacting duties of the po-

A Large Meeting. Moorhead Hall was crowded last night. The temperance services were conducted by Mrs. J. M. Allen. Addresses were made by Mrs. L. Turney, Mrs. R. H. Jones, J. M. Powell and others. A large number of pledge signers were obtained.

THREE CENTS ALL IN A QUANDARY.

The Master Builders Yet Divided on the Eight-Hour Question.

THEY MAY AGREE NEXT WEEK.

At Their National Convention, Which is to be Held in St. Paul.

PEARS OF A DISTURBANCE OF WORK

All That Prevents Them From Agreeing to Try the Shorter Day.

President Tucker, of the Building Trades' Club of New York, talks of the eight-hour agitation from an employers' standpoint, He sees advantages and disadvantages in the proposed change. He thinks the Master Builders' Association may agree to the eight-hour working day, but not until after a spirited discussion.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE. NEW YORK, January 19 .- The National Convention of the Master Builders' Association of the United States will convene in St. Paul on Monday next. John J. Tucker, President of the Building Trades' Club, of this city, and Mare Eidlitz, both of whom are directors of the National Association, will start on Thursday for St. Paul. In speaking of the convention to-day, President John J. Tucker said that the most exciting topic that would come before it was

the eight-hour work day. He continued: I must confess that I am in a quandary myself over the matter. In the agitation for shorter hours I have never been foremost, only that I have insisted that the workingmen might give us earlier notice of these things than they lo. Some years ago, when they began the nine-hour agitation, we had an agreement drawn up and the signatures of all of us affixed, whereby all of us faithfully promised to con-tinue work for the coming year as we had the past. Pretty soon the cry for nine hours was raised, and a committee called to tell us that they wanted nine hours. Our spring contracts were all made, and it was impossible for us to change them.

BUSINESS PROSTRAED.

The men went away and ordered strikes son business was at a standstill. When work was resumed less than half the men went to work at nine hours. At my suggestion, when next spring came, a conference was called of the workingmen with the builders at the Hotel Brunswick. We there affected a business arrangement that suited both sides. Under it there cannot be any trouble on a building of

there cannot be any trouble on a building of any magnitude.

The stonemasons for years have worked only eight hours a day. The plasterers worked eight for awhile, but of their own volition changed to ten. The bricklayers work nine hours, and so do the laborers. The framers work ten hours, so do the carpenters. So you see that there is all sorts of time for beginning and finishing work on buildings. It is with sight that one set of workmen watch the other depart an hour ahead. I believe that the time should all be equalized, and I think that if the business of the country can stand it, eight hours is as good as any fixed time to work. But the people have got to understand that there is the people have got to understand that there is going to be a good deal of disturbance before the eddies subside and business assumes its normal condition. Anyone can see that it will

SOME DISADVANTAGES. Lessening the hours of labor upon buildings by one hour will increase the cost of construc-

creased cost of the necessaries of life. To men hard and there is no telling how much of it they will stand. But I am also of the opinion that here in this city there should be a change e shorter hours. It is not as it was in the days 50 or 60 years ago, when the city was much smaller than it is and workmen lived close by their employment and could readily get to and fro in short time. fro in short time.

Is there not some talk upon the part of some of the working men of making the day nine and a half hours?

I have not yet talked with any of the work-

reference by talked with any of the workingmen upon the subject. It is too early. When
we get back from the convention will be time
enough, but I have heard that the Knights of
Labor are desirous of working nine and a half
hours. Whether that is the proper time for a
man to work I do not know. It looks very
much like eight now, but I believe that eight
hours will not be carried through the convenours will not be carried through the convention without a great deal of opposition. I have noticed that the Pittsburg builders are red-hot against it, and are going to the con

ALARMED THEM ALL. Engineers on the New York Central Mach Put Out Over Van Tassell's Suspension-The Ex- Secretary Personally Re-

sponsible for the Arrearage.

INPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, January 19 .- The story which appeared to-day regarding the suspension of Engineer George H. Van Tagsell, the Insurance Secretary of Division 145, Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, has alarmed the engineers who work on the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad. Nat Sawver, the chief engineer of the division, says that they may be easy in their minds about the matter. He adds: The basis of our brotherhood is the insurance system. The first intimation which I got of our division being in arrears, either for insurance moneys or strike assessments, came from a delegate to the Denver convention, from another division, after that convention adjourned last fail. Van Tassel, who was our taleasts did not report to a saveling about journed last fall. Van Tassell, who was our delegate, did not report to us anything about the action of the convention regarding delinquent divisions. I started an investigation on December & by appointing the investigating committee, without saying anything to Van Tassell about it. He got wind of the matter, and on January 4 he sent to the Grand Secretary of Insurance all the money due upon that account. That makes us safe on that score. Since his suspension I have acted in his place, and I shall do so until some final step is taken. This cannot be taken until the committee reports, probably not before the final step is taken. This cannot be taken until
the committee reports, probably not before the
February meeting. We cannot tell until the
individual receipts of the members have all
been examined, just how much is due to the
strike fund. The assessments amounted to \$55
per man, and I have word that assessment No. 3
has not been paid over. That was \$9 per man.
Chief Arthur writes me that our charter will
not be suspended on this account, if the men
have paid Van Tassell. Neither will the division have to make the sum good, in that case.
He will look to Van Tassell for the money.
Unfortunately, Van Tassell is not bonded.

Van Tassell explained his shortage by
saying that he lent several thousands of
dollars to a brother, who died soon after

dollars to a brother, who died soon after borrowing it. Said an engineer of the borrowing it. Said an engineer of the Central to-day:

We all supposed that our division had paid all the assessments for the strike. We had paid them gladly. Not only that, but ours was one of the divisions which raised an individual subscription of its own accord, over and above the voluntary contributions which Chief Arthur called for at the beginning of the strike. We assessed curselves 35 a month for three months, and allowing for only 100 members contributing, which is low, that would make \$1,500. Many men did not care for receipts, and others have lost them. So far as I hear, the Grand Secretary does not know much about this subscription. And then to be reported delinquent on the third assessment, and to have Grand Secretary Hayes announce that "the New York Central men were not loyal enough."

Another Central employe said to THE DISPATCH representative:
Quite a number of secretaries of insurance of other divisions have been deficient in their assessments, and thirty or more divisions are reported belind on "Q," strike money. It was sent on to Cleveland by bucketfuls, and all the reports which divisions ever got of it were built remittances. Of course, the only proper ways for the division secretary to send an itemiszed statement of what each man pays, and for the Grand Secretary to issue a list to each division monthly, showing what each man has been credited with. Everybody has complete confidence in the Grand officers, and it has simply been taken for granted that all the insurance money and the \$1,500,000 collected for the "Q" strike was properly handled.

Another Central employe said to THE