The Republicans in Portugal Stronger Than Ever.

HARD TO KEEP IN CHECK.

Demonstrations of Lisbon Students Causing Much Trouble.

THE GRIP TAKES A NEW HOLD.

An American Musician Gets Into Hot

Water in London. LIABLE TO DO TIME FOR LIBEL

Details of the prospects of a revolution in Portugal have been received. The Republicans insist that not one jot of Portugal's

rights in Africa shall be conceded to England. Demonstrations of students in Lisbon continue to annoy the authorities. An American has gotten himself in trouble in London by bombarding the Lord Mayor's physician with libelous postal cards. The grip causes another scare in London. Nobles and royal personages are sadly

(BY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH.) PARIS, January 14 .- A Portuguese gentleman, holding a diplomatic position here, but a strong Republican, has received a letter from Lisbon, written before the crisis now prevailing there, which throws light on the events which led to it. The writer says the Republicans of all shades of opinions recently held a meeting, at which a resolution was immediately adopted, declaring that not one jot of Portugal's rights or territory in Africa should be conceded to England, A petition was drawn up and presented to King Carlos, urging him to maintain a firm attitude, and informing him that a union had been effected throughout the kingdom between Republicans and Monarchists, to oppose any agreement with England that would compromise the interests and the honor of Portugal.

NOT PREPARED TO FIGHT. Reply was made on behalf of the King, that Portugal was not in a position to go to war with Bogland, and that it would be better to make a peaceful settlement, even though concession was made, so long as honor was maintained. This brought forth an answer from the Republicans, warning the King that any concession whatever would be fatal to the monarchy.

does not wish to offend England, for he may have to soon seek a refuge on her hospitable shores, and he would not hasten his downfall by an act which would disgrace him before the nation.

The writer states that the Republican party was never stronger in Portugal than it | quacking. s now. It has 97 associations, containing in all 18,000 active members. Among its distinguished members are:

ALL PROMINENT MEN.

Latino Celho, Secretary of the Academy of Sciences, and member of the Cortes for Lisbon; Rodriguez Freitas, journalist, and also member of the Cortes; Senhor Braga, member of the Municipal Council of Lisbon; Senhor Lima, director of the Seculo: Eliaz Garcia, professor at the military school; Dr. Arriago, formerly member of the Cortes for Madeira, and Senhor Pinheiro, late member for Lisbon, All these gentlemen were once supporters of the Monarchy. Senhor Braga is a powerful orator, and his eloquence is making many converts to the cause of Republicanism. His political works, of which he has published more than 20 since his conversion, have great influence upon the minds o

voung men. The Republican party is divided into four groups—the Nationalists, the Radicals, the to read a statement first. This satisfaction being denied him, he was bound in his own demarcation between these groups are not strictly drawn. The divisions lay over into each other, and in case of a great emergency the party can easily become one.

WHEREIN THEY DIFFER,

peninsula. The other groups belong to the Positivists' school, and are allied with the Positivists of Brazil.

The Republicans of Portugal are more numerous in the provinces than in the cities, but are fast increasing in numbers in Lisbon, Oporto, Lilla Real and Aveira, In Lisbon people in the smaller branches nie the letters would not be answered, and of industry—shopkeepers, clerks in commercial houses — are enthusiastic Republicans. Only a small majority of the workmen as yet are Republicans, but they can be easily converted at the right two ago to say he couldn't afford to pay a moment. When the time comes-and it is now quickening its pace—the great majority of the sons of Portugal will be found marching shoulder to shoulder toward the royal

LISBON EEPT IN A STEW.

A Press cablegram from Lisbon to-night envs: The demonstrations of students continue to keep the city unquiet. To-day they weiled the statutes of the old Portuguese navigators, around the Camoens monument, as a sign of national mourning. The crowd looked on with sympathy, and the Council of the Guild Hall School shouted: "Down with England?" "Down with the Piratesl" A revolutionary outbreak is possible at any moment. General Vasco Guedes, Governor of the Indies, has been appointed Minister of War, and will statutes, it is probable that he will be puncome home at once.

In the new Ministry, A. De Serpa Pimen tal, Councillor of State and President of the Cour des Comptes, is President of the Ministry, Minister of the Interior, and ad interim, Minister of War; Senhor Logronaz is Minister of Justice, Senhor Branco Minister of Finance, Senhor Arroyo Minister of Marine, Senhor Ribeiro Minister of Foreign Affairs, Senhor Arones Mininter of Works. Senhor Pimental has had

an interview with the King. ALL REPORTED TRANQUIL. The mails from Mozambique confirm the report that the country in the course of the Zambesi river is tranquil. Lieutenant Gordon passed through the whole Sanhati district, subjecting the rulers to the of Portugal. They were rejoiced at the Portuguese assurance Crete, and to reinforce the troops in Spakia. that Portugal would prevent other tribes Fresh emeutes are anticipated.

from raiding their country. The expedition suffered a great deal, and endured much privation. All hands lived for 45 days on putrid buffalo meat. No force was used, and not a shot was fired. Sultan Macangire is expected at Quillimane, to ratify his vassalage to the King of Portugal. Gangemhama is preparing for war with Binguana; but the Portuguese officials at Inhembane hope to avert the conflict.

A BULLETIN FROM THE PLEET.

ON BOARD THE ATLANTA,
SQUADRON OF EVOLUTION,
LISBON, December 30, 1889.
At 3 o'clock to-morrow the squadron of evolution leaves for Taugier, Morocco, Our Admiral and Flag Lieutenant were the only members of the squadron who witnessed the corona-tion of the King. Admiral Walker and the tion of the King. Admiral Walker and the commanding officers of the ship of the squadron were the invited gousts of the King at a State banquet last night at which all the notables of Portugal and the diplomatic corps were present. Friday the English residents of Lisbon challenged us to a game of football. A scratch team, composed mainly of the cadets of the fleet, was promptly organized, and, on a spacious green before Cintra's famous castle, in the presence of numerous spectators, the American boys fairly did up their opponents to perfection. Nother team played the other's game, but the Americans said: "We'll play your way first, then you play ours." This proposal was agreed to, with the result mentioned. The Englishmen took their defeat gracefully, and after the comtest entertained the American team at dinner. The Admiral is expecting a visit from the Portuguese King, and said to-day the squadron had been ordered to man arms and receive him with the customary honors.

with the customary honors. The commercial associations of Lisbon and Oporto have issued a statement in regard to the political situation. They pro-test against the circulation of reports that difficulty exists in the way of the formation row his money. As Lord Garmoyle he of a new Cabinet, and declare that the country is tranquil. They are unaware of the existence of any Republican agitation. A howling mob of students and others burned an English flag at Coombra, to-day. At Oporto it is proposed to start a fund to purchase an ironelad.

LIBELED IN RHYME. AN AMERICAN MUSICIAN IN FOR

He Pelted an English Physician With Posts

THY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH.

Cards, Giving Him Pits-When He Attempted Poetry, Patlence Censed to be a Virtue.

LONDON, January 14 .- Jerome Hopkins, an American musician who has been lecturing on music and producing his oratories in London and the provinces for the last 19 months, stands a chance of doing "three months' hard." When Hopkins gave a concert in London a year or more ago the name of Dr. Thomas Boor Crosby, the Lord Mayor's physician and one of the most eminent medical practitioners of London, appeared on the list of patrons. Hopkins said that Crosby owed him for tickets, after the concert was over, and sued him for £3, Crosby won the suit, and since then Hopkins has been carrying on a one-sided ndence with him from all over En-

Hopkins' favorite method of communication was by postal cards, and these Cros-by has been finding for a year or so on his breakfast table, in Gordon Square, and on his desk at Fenchurch street. Sometimes the monarchy.

The King is in a fearful dilemma. He loes not wish to offend England, for he may a blackguard, thief, or perjurer. Another time Hopkins would draw a parallel between Crosby and the late Judas Iscariot, Anon, a skull and cross bones would come, to taunt the physician with his professional failures, or a card would arrive containing a sketch of a duck in the act of

DREW THE LINE AT POETRY.

Crosby stood it all until Hopkins began to write poetry to him. When he came down to breakfast, about 10 days ago, he found his servants laboring hard to suppress grins. He was surprised until he took a postal card from the table reading: With nobles and gentry Boor Crosby aspires To pass as a companion for which he requires His name in big print as a patron of music, or fiddling is surely much nicer than physics; ut when for his hours pay day comes around, uoth Sawbones, "No guinea from me, "I'll be bound."

That was too much for Crosby. He wrote more, or he would prosecute him. Hop-kins replied on a post-card: "Well, pay what you owe me, you lying thief." Then the debtor applied for a warrant.

Hopkins, who is giving musical enter-tanments in York, was brought to London to-day and arraigned before Alderman Fowler at the Mansion House. Crosby said he would let the matter drop if Hopkins would apologize and promise to cease writing. Hopkins said he would apologize if allowed recognizances of £100 to appear for trial at Old Bailey February 3.

WHY HE DID IT. Hopkins went back to York at once. He said to me in a tone of much jubilation: "Well, I've brought this all on myself, but The Federalists advocate the union of I want to show some things up. I want to show some thin book agent. I sued Crosby, with a lot of others, for subscriptions and won all but his. He escaped on a technicality, that on the envelope containing his tickets I had marked 'present,' as we do in America. The jackass of a Judge decided that as I had marked it 'present' it was a present to him. I thought I'd have some fun with him, and wrote him daily letters. His lawyer wrote, informing guinea for tickets, but would like to have his name remain on the list. I've had Major Generals and members of the nobility do me out of ten shillings, too.'

DRIVEN TO HIS COURSE. Dr. Crosby told me that he was sorry to be compelled to prosecute Hopkins, but he had been driven to it in self-defense. He said "For a year now I have been getting these blackguardly epistles, which make me a laughing stock of my servants and clerks. I allowed him to use my name as patron, at his urgent request. He of Music. I purchased no tickets and owe him nothing, but I have been put to large legal expense by his persecutions." As the English libel laws are very strict, and Hopkins' post cards come within the

LONDON'S UNUSUAL DEATH RATE.

Influenza Adds Considerably to the Greatly Increased Mortality. LONDON, January 14.-The Registrar's return of deaths in the Metropolitan district for the week gives 2,747. This is 810 above the average. Of these deaths 67 are classified as due directly to influenza, but 1,069 are reported as due to diseases of the respiratory organs. This is 522 in excess of the average of deaths from such diseases. The Registrar's returns for Ireland show

that the epidemic there is decreasing. Ordered to Revictual His Fortress ATHENS, January 14.—Chakir Pasha has been ordered to revictual all the fortresses in

KILLEN GIVES A CLEW MOWING THEM DOWN.

Lord Cairns and Lord Napier, of Magdaia, Victims of the Grip-The Scare in London Revived-Royalty and

IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY. LONDON, January 14 .- Lord Cairns and Lord Napier, of Magdala, have died of influenza. Lord Hartington is very ill, and also the Duchess of Teck and the Countess of Zetland. The general scare is renewed. Lord Wineborne was unable to receive the Prince Wales and Prince George at his country seat, being suddenly stricken down, and authoritative rumor says that the Princess of Wales is speezing and unable to go out, This bad news throws a damp upon social

Forbes Dawson, who will be remembered ere, and had come to the front as a promis ing young actor at the Strand Theater, in "Our Flat," died of the grip to-night. Several clergymen have also within a couple of days. Metropolitan Railway (underground) is running very short-handed. The same cry is heard from the postoffice and all the public offices, barracks, everywhere. Gravy beef, legs of beef and jars of beef tea are doubled in price. George Dundas, son of the Irish Viceroy, Lord Zetland, is seriously

The clubs are full of gossip about Cairns and Napier of Magdala. Cairns was a long, red-headed fellow, with no brains to speak of, very unlike his celebrated father, who, the son of a butler, rose to the woolsack. He was unpopular in society, but tolerated compromised a breach of promise suit with Miss Finney, alias Fortescue, then a chorus girl, now a star. His only brother is presumptive heir to the title—his baby daughter being barred, as the title does not descend in the formal line. Tady Chirag is only 21 and female line. Lady Cairns is only 21, and very beautiful. A posthumous son is ex-pected. An aunt of Lord Cairus, Mrs. McCalmont, died of Russian influenza. He caught it at her tuneral. The Earl's mother, brother and sister are all ill. Lord Cairns was left a great deal of real estate by an aunt. The old Earl was said to have been the original of *The Judge* in Gilbert's 'Trial by Jury."

One hears everywhere respect and regret for the death of Lord Napier of Magdala. From a simple officer of engineers he rose to be a field marshal, and died Governor of the Tower, the highest and most coveted military post in the service. A public funeral will be given him and he will probably be buried in Westminster George Royce, of the firm of Peterson &

Royce, diamond marchants of New York, lied to-day at the Holborn Viaduct Hotel, from pneumonia, the result of influenza.

PREFERRED TO EXECUTE THEMSELVES Some of the Czar's Bodyguard Commit Sul-

elde Because Under Suspicion. St. Petersburg, January 14 .- Colonel Voicikoff, an officer of the Czar's bodyguard, and some other officers of the same corps have committed suicide. It is supposed they were implicated in a recently discovered plot against the life of the Czar. It is reported the Czar's brother, the Grand Duke Sergius, will shortly be banished from the capital for meddling with

AGAINST THE STANDARD.

the City of Toledo Can Maintain Natural Gas Lines.

SPECIAL TELE-BRAM TO THE DISPATCH. TOLEDO, O., January 14 .- The case of Fellows versus the city of Toledo, which is the action brought by the natural gas companies to prevent the city from issning \$750,000 worth of gas bonds to construct a city pipe line was this afternoon decided by Judge Jackson in the United States Circuit Court in favor of Toledo. The gas companies sought to enjoin the issue and sale of the bonds upon the grounds that an act of the Legislature authorizing the city to issue bonds was unconstitutional, for the reason that it permitted the city to incur the debt for supplying the city with natural gas, which was not a public purpose. It is also claimed by the natural gas companies that the law is a special act, because it applies to cities of third grade of to Hopkins that he might have one week to because it applies to cities of third grade of apologize and promise to annoy him no the first class, and it violates the existing contracts between the cities and gas com-panies for the furnishing of gas. The law was held to be constitutional in every particular, and the suit was dismissed. This decision confirms the right of the city of Toledo to build its own pipe line, and supply its citizens with natural gas. As is well known, the natural gas companies are owned by the Standard Oil Company rests, and the victory over the Standard is an important one.

BALLOT REFORM IN JERSEY.

A System Similar to the Australian Plan Under Consideration. TRENTON, N. J., January 14 .- In the Legislature to-day was introduced a ballot reform bill. It provides:

First-Ballots must be printed at the public spense,
Second—All candidates of conventions shall Second—All candidates of conventions shall have their names printed on the ballots; party conventions may certify nominations; nominations for State offices must be certified by 8,000 voters; the nomination papers may contain the political designation and must be filed with the Secretary of State 20 days before the election, and, in case of municipal elections, 10 days before the election.

Third, the form of the ballot is according to Third, the form of the ballot is according to the same system and in the same style as the Australian ballot. Two sets of ballots are provided for, one to the voter and the other a fac-simile to be given to the voter as a specimen to ballot; also a fac simile of the ballot shall be printed in two newspapers prior to the election. The voter is to have a secret place to work his ballot, and inspectors are given the right to mark the votes of illiterate voters upon taking an affidavit of secrecy. Each polling precinct shall be guarded by a police officer who shall enforce the law.

SNOW IN THE NORTHWEST.

Severe Storms All Through the Upper Misaissippi Valley.

ST. PAUL, January 14 .- Severe weather is reported generally throughout the Northwest. A blizzard is raging at Bearslog, Minn, the drifts being piled 20 feet high. A piercing north wind accompanies the storm. Train and wagon traffic is at a standstill. The first great storm of the season has struck Grand Rapids, extending all over the Upper Mississippi region. At New Salem the very air was darkene

by falling snow, and pedestrians could not see their hands before them. At Wabash 13 inches of snow has fallen. The highways are seriously blockaded and trains are behind time. From Neche, N. D., comes an account of a veritable blizgard, which raged for 37 hours, rendering all travel impossible through the drifts.

A SOUTHERN PIRE EATER

Wants the Fifteenth Amendment to the Federal Constitution Abrogated. JACKSON, MISS., January 14.-General A. M. West, from Marshall county, yesterday introduced in the Senate a memorial to

He Weakens and Attempts to Exonerate Conroy and Griffin. Nobility Special Marks.

JEWELRY UNBARTHED AT A CAMP.

Detectives Guided to the Hiding Place by the Suspect Himself.

His Story Considered a Ruse by the Police to Bhic Himself,

Killen, who with Griffin and Conroy has from the first been charged with complicity in Mrs. Rudert's murder at Tarentum, by the regular police officials, yesterday weak ened and told a long story. He exculpate Conroy, is not certain about Griffin, and says the third man was a negro, which is regarded as an effort to shield himself. He revealed the hiding place of some stolen jewelry.

At last the facts in connection with what appears to be the most generally mismanaged murder case on record in Allegheny county are coming out, and through no executive ability on the part of the people in charge of the case. Killen, the ferryman, has commenced to weaken, and tell stories of more or less improbability. He started out yesterday to make a confession, and like the woman who went to the priest and contessed all her neighbors' sins, he is liable to do a pretty heavy penance. He tried to exonerate Griffin and Conroy from implication in the murder, and said the third man in the crowd was colored, but does not know who the others are.

To make this assertion more binding he offered to go out with County Detective Langhorst and Private Detective Gilkinson yesterday afternoon and show them where some of the jewelry captured in the murderous raid was concealed. About 4:15 P. M. he was taken from the jail in custody of the two detectives and Detective Fitzgerald, of the regular police force, accompanied them by invitation. They went up the Alleghenv Valley road to Valley Camp, according to Killen's directions, and he there unearthed a watch and several other pieces of jewelry, stating they had been given to him by three men who took his skiff on the night that Mrs. Rudert was murdered. would not be sure about Griffin, but

knew Conroy, and was positive he was not WHAT THEY DON'T KNOW. The principal information obtainable from the police officials is with regard to what they do not know on the case. The responsi-bility appears to have been divided, and although the Superintendent and Inspector McAleese say they will lend all the aid possible toward the capture of the criminal they seem to be hampered by the action of Detective Fitzgerald last night, when asked about his trip to Valley Camp, put a look of innocence four inches deep upon his classic countenance, and declined to talk upon any terms, although the nestioner saw him start with the others. Inspector McAlesse said that of course all the aid he could lend would be given toward the capture of the thieves and mur-

derers, but as to what action he had taken or would take he was as eloquent as a Little Neck clam.
Assistant Superintendent O'Mara made a very long and unsatisfactory explanation of the necessity of catching murderers generally, as murder is a bad habit to contract but as to what he was doing in the matter he was not at all disposed to speak. He thought that the alleged confession just bore out the first judgment of Detectives Coulson, Fitzgerald and McTighe upon the murder, and that Killen was possibly twisting a rope for his own neck. He did not see any need to speak on the matter if Kil-len had already spoken, but was willing to

let the matter stand upon its merits. HIS STORY NOT BELIEVED. All this accumulated mystery is making the case only more interesting, and, while the jewelry found yesterday has been held over for identification to-day by the county fficials until Mr. Rudert comes to the city. the question is asked why they could not have crossed the river and seen Mr. Rudert immediately after regaining the stolen property. Killen's story is taken with a large allowance of chloride of sodium by the po-lice officials, who say that he knows the men implicated thoroughly well, and could point them out at any stage of the game. His story of the third man being colored is regarded as a ruse to throw the officers off his own seent, and there is no doubt in the mind of the average police officers, many of whom were questioned on the subject last night, but all of whom have strict injunctions to keep a sharp look-out for the parties wanted; that the first conclusion by Coulson, Fitzgerald, and Mc-Tighe was the correct one, and that Griffin, Conroy and Killen were the guilty people Detective Fitzgerald knows Griffin well and having at one time been instrumental in sending him over the river would be highly pleased to report the operation, especially in a case like the present. He took him before from Canonsburg jail, and is only anxious for a chance to take him again this time. The condition of the case is such, however, that no one will speak each being afraid that the other will utilize his remarks, and the most barefaced and shocking murder of the Allecheny county record is allowed to go unwhipped of justice, because a slight rivalry exists in the question of priority. HIS CLEW BATHER VAGUE.

To show the excitement aroused by the murder question a man from McKessport wrote THE DISPATCH stating he thought he could locate Peter Griffin. Detective Fitzgerald went there yesterday morning and discovered that the gentleman had purchased a watch some two months ago from a man whom he could not describe accurately, believing at the time the watch to have been stolen. This was the only clew the detective could get, and he left in dis gust, with a positive leaning toward indictng the gentleman for receiving stolen prop-

Inspector McAleese thinks that if Killen has made a statement it is done simply to save his own hide, and he is more inclined to that belief since being informed that Killen wishes the third man to the deed to be onsidered colored. The police force is evidently greatly at work on its first theory, and at any moment Conroy and Griffin ma be expected to arrive in the company of a pair of handcuffs and one of Brown's "finest," although neither Assistant Superntendent O'Mara nor Inspector McAleese will admit that such is the intention.

M'DOWELL DENIES IT. The report published in an evening paper resterday that Alexander Killen, the man accused of the Tarentum murder, had made a con'ession of his part in the muder of Mrs. Rudert, is positively denied by Coroner Mc-

Congress asking for the abrogation of the Fifteenth Amendment to the Federal Constitution, and instructing the Mississippi delegation in Congress in accordance therewith.

The memorial further directs the Secretary of the State of Mississippi to furnish a copy to the Governor of each State in the Union to be laid before their respective legislatures.

The Sunday Disparch and the article published on Monday morning, sent Monday for Coroner McDowell, with word that he had something he wished to say to him. The Coroner desired to have with him a stenographer, at the time he went to talk with Killen, and as he was unable to secure the services of the man he wanted on Monday, he sent word to Killen that he could not see him for a day or two.

Daly as counsel, and Mesars. G. Montague, Joseph S. Case and W. H. Faber, the witnesses to the will.

The witnesses to the will.

The witnesses to the first necessary preliminary steps. The documents were then sent to the Surrogate for his signature. which formally admitted the will to probate.

PITTSBURG, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 15, 1890.

An interview will probably take place this afternoon. Assistant District Attorney Haymaker will probably accompany the Coroner when the interview takes place. He is taking care of the case for the Commonwealth Killen, the jail officials say, does not seem to be very restless. He has been in several bad scrapes before, and is not be-

lieved to be a squealer.

From another source it was learned to be pretty certain, however, that he did make a statement to a local official, in which he acknowledged that Conroy and Griffen were

parties to the robbery at Tafentum. He said that he acted only as a ferryman, rowing the men across the river, breaking his oar in the operation. He declares that he THE THIRD MAN HE SAYS WAS COLORED

knew nothing about the operation until after he was arrested.

It transpires that "Nosey" Allen is suspected of being concerned in the Tarentum affair. The detectives working on the case all seem to think that he had some knowl-

edge of it. THE WOMAN IN THE CASE. The re-arrest of the woman who acknowlged to a DISPATCH reporter while on her way to jail the first time, having lived with Killen for three years, will probably furnish one key to the situation. She is held under \$500 bonds, to appear as a witness, and that she knows more than she cares to say at present all the authori-ties are confident. Her arrest and possibly subsequent information will give a good clew to the reasons for Killen's revelation of the whereabouts of some of the plunder yesterday, and it is regarded as more than probable that she can furnish the clew to the hiding places of Griffin and Conroy, whose arrest will now, it is thought, be only a question of a few days.

CANNON WHIPPED INTO LINE,

Rules Will be Medified to Conciliate Some Others.

IPROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT. WASHINGTON, January 14 .- The Republican members of the House Committee on Rules met this morning and spent some hours in considering the code of rules to be esented to the House. They hoped that Mr. Carlisle, notwithstanding his announcement that he would have nothing to say on the subject in committee, would be present, but Mr. Carlisle is at present suffering from an indisposition which attacks him periodi-cally, and would not have been able to attend under any circumstances. The Republican members will meet again to-morrow and without waiting any longer for Mr. Carlule, who is the only active Democrat on the committee, Mr. Randall being still confined to his room, will probably order a report to be made to the House some time

during the week.
It is understood that Mr. Cannon's opportunity sition to some of the changes proposed has been overcome, and that he will support the code as reported. Mr. Reed, however, has not been able to whip into line all of his party associates, and it is quite probable that the code will be subjected to several modifications before it is adopted.

POSTMASTER M'KEAN A BUSY MAN.

hustling the Treasury Department to honor the requisition of District Attorney Lyon for the furnishing of his office, and so on. In this matter, the Department, which has

delayed so long, has promised to act promptly, and Mr. Lyon will speedily have a brand new office.

Mr. McKean this atternoon called on Controller Lacy, of the Bureau of Currency, accompanied by Messrs. William H. Reed and James F. Burke, to have a talk about Mr. George Shepard's candidacy for Bank Examiner. Mr. Shepard is backed by Senator Quay, and would doubtless be appointed anyway, but as a matter of form, Mr. Lacy dssired to hear citizens of Pittsburg testify to Mr. Shepard's fitness for the position.

A FASHIONABLE WEDDING.

The Presence and Presents of the Vander

bilts Add to the Occusion. SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. NEWPORT, January 14 .- A very fashion able wedding took place here this noon, the bride being Miss Whipple, eldest daughter of John Whipple and granddaughter of the late Governor Swann, of Marvland, The bridegroom was Pemberton Hare Powel, son of ex-Mayor Powel, whose father was the owner of Powelton, near Philadelphia. The bride and groom were the recipients of many costly presents, the donors including Cornelius, W. K. and F. W. Vanderbilt, The Vanderbilts came from New York to attend the wedding. The bridemaids were Miss Whipple, sister of the bride, and Miss Smith, of Philadelphia, and the best man

was John Whipple, Jr., brother of the The bride wore white silk with long weil. and carried a bouquet of white roses. wore no jewelry. The ceremony took place in the celebrated picture gallery in the Governor Swann estate, near the beach, which was decorated with plants, darkened, and then brilliantly illuminated with electricity. Rev. R. B. Peet officiated.

QUITE A BRILLIANT AFFAIR. President Harrison's First Evening State

Reception a Success. WASHINGTON, January 14 .- The first of the evening state receptions of President Harrison's administration was onite a brilliant affair. It was given in honor of the Diplomatic Corps, whose members attended more generally than at most state receptions, not excepting even those at which they are the special guests of the evening. The fact is in part attributable to the presence of the delegates to the Pan-American Conference, many of whom had never wit-nessed an event of the kind in this country. Among those present were the members of the Cabinet, nearly all the Justices of the Supreme Court, many Senators and Representatives, and a large number of other persons in official society, with the ladies of their families. The President was assisted in receiving the guests by Mrs. Harrison, Mrs. Morton, and all the ladies of the Cabinet households except Mrs. Proctor, who is not in the city, and to do so, saying that he had given the Mrs. Blaine, who, it was explained; was ter some attention and could find none. absent on account of a recent death in the family, and the illness of Walker Blaine, who has a severe attack of influensa.

THE SHOENBERGER WILL O. K. It is Formally Admitted to Probate and Will

be Carried Out. ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, January 14 .- Mrs. Alice E. Shoenberger, widow of the late John H. Shoenberger, the millionaire whose will was filed for probate vesterday, went to the Surrogate's office to-day with Alex. T. Mason, Mr. Mason and Mrs. Shoenberger Nowell.

Killen, after reading the report of the inquest in THE SUNDAY DISPATCH and the Daly as counsel, and Messrs. G. Montague, Joseph S. Case and W. H. Faber, the within the will.

AN ABSURD VERDICT.

Judge McConnell's Opinion of the Finding of the Cronin Jury.

KUNZE IS GRANTED A NEW TRIAL. No Evidence at All to Show His Connection

With the Murder. THE OTHER PRISONERS SENTENCED.

aughlin, Burke and O'Sullivan on Their Way t the Penitentiary.

Judge McConnell has granted a new trial to Kunze, sentenced to three years for comolicity in the Cronin murder. The verdict. so far as it concerned this prisoner, is denonneed as an absurdity by the Court. Kunze has been admitted to bail and may never be tried again. The other three prisoners already occupy cells at Joliet.

CHICAGO, January 14 .- Judge McConnell has rendered his decision upon the application for a new trial of the persons convicted of the murder of Dr. Cronin. He

I think it would be mere pretense for me to take more time to deliberate on this matter. I would not arrive at any different conclusion in several days. It has weighed upon my mind during the trial—all through it—that the defendants should have a fair trial. Since its conclusion It has weighed upon my mind whether they had a fair trial, whether the jury had reached such a conclusion that within the limits a Judge has a right to question whether the verdict was a just one. It was a just one, so it would be a mere pretense for me to take more time, though I have listened with attention and with interest to the arguments of counsel. Judge Wing made one suggestion that de-I think it would be mere pretense for me t Judge Wing made one suggestion that de-serves attention. This is that the defendants were prejudiced by not having been granted separate trials, yet the trial disproves it, beseparate trials, yet the trial disproves it, because the theory most generally accepted by the public and urged by the State, that the conspiracy was formed in Camp 20, was not accepted by the jury, as shown by their acquitting Beggs. The jury concluded that there was a conspiracy existing between Coughlin, Burke, O'Sullivan and o hers, to kill Dr. Cronin by their several acts that it was not formed in Camp 20.

Now, as to the jury, of course it is more satisfactory to a trial Judge to have a jury of men absolutely without opinion as to the merits of the case, and this course was followed in securing the first four jurors, but was dropped when it became evident that it would be impossible to obtain such a jury in the county. The impression of a trial Judge as to the character of a juror from his whole examination would be taken by a higher court as the judgment of a jury. From the manner in which the question was approached I am convinced that if any one had watched the manner of the trial judge during this trial they would have been certain that the court was determined to have a fair jury. I think that any opinion formed by any juror who sat on this case was merely a casual opinion not firmly held. ing the first four jurors, but was dropped when

Being Solid Himself, He Has Time to Help
Others.

'FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]
WASHINGTON, January 14.—Postmaster
McKean was one of the busiest men in
Washington, to-day. He flitted hither and
yonder, about the Departments, executing a
commission for others, touching upon his
own needs at the Postoffice Department,
hustling the Treasury Department to honor one evening. That was the next time he ap-peared in the case. Niemann, the saloon keeper, did not identify Kunze positively, and the jury had no right to be more positive than

NO MOTIVE FOR KUNZE. This murder sprang out of Irish politics in some way. It is not necessary to even conjecture how, but there is no motive for Kunze to have taken part in this crime. Even if Mertes and James were to be believed and Niemann had been more positive, there is no difficulty in reconciling these facts with his innocence. I mean to say he might have been in the Clark street flat and other places and still have been innocent. I believe that the verdict of the jury was not only unwarranted by the evidence, bu was an absurdity. As to other defendants I overrule the motion for a new trial.

Little Kunze was on his feet in an instant,
blurting out, in his broken English: Thank you, Your Honor, I am very much

obliged for your kindness.' "You are not indebted to me for any kindness," disclaimed the Court.
"Is there any motion for arrest of judgment?" asked the Court. JUST FOR FORM'S SAKE.

Forrest. "Yet I will make motion to have it on record." "All right," said the Court, "Overruled. And now have the prisoners anything to There was a moment's suspense, and then big Dan Coughlin rose, and said in firm, distinct tones: "Your Honor, I am inno-cent. I was convicted by perjurers." O'Sullivan's turn came next, and his voice trembled slightly as he said: "I have not much to say. I protest my innocence before God and man, and the time is not far distant when it will be shown. I was convicted by a prejudiced jury and perjured evidence. I do not ask for mercy. I ask for justice. I have not had justice."

to say: "I am innocent. I always knew that in England they allow perjurers to go on the stand and convict innocent men, but I never knew it was done in America." THE CLOSING SCENE. Moments of silence followed, and the Court said: "Will the prisoners rise." The three men rose again, and the Court im-posed sentence in these words: "Following and confirming the verdict of the jury, the judgment of the Court is that you be taken to the penitentiary at Joliet, and their con-

Burke stopped chewing gum long enough

fined for the term of your natural lives." Coughlin and Burke heard the words without losing their command of their feelings, but O'Sullivan's lips quivered and his face had a worn, pinched expression. The defense was granted 60 days to file a bill of exceptions. It was announced that Lawyers Forrest, Donahue and Wing had been retained to take the case to the Supreme Court in its March term. Lawyer Forrest asked that the usual stay of execution until a supersedeas could be securedabe granted, and by that request precipitated a heated debate, the State's Attorney protesting vigorously, and demanding that the prisoners be at once sent to Joliet Judge McConnell intimated that he would be willing to grant a stay for the sake of humanity if he were sure he had authority to do so, saving that he had given the mat Kunze was then admitted to bail in the sum of \$5,000. The State's Attorney opposed the motion for bail, and subsequently contended for \$20,000. Judge McConne however, did not coincide, and explained that he would have discharged Kunze if there were no new evidence against him, but the State's Attorney had informed him

MAY NEVER BE TRIED. Judge Longnecker intimated that if they let Kuuze stay in jail a few days he might conclude not to bring him to trial at all, but let him go. He promised to let the court and counsel know this week and accordingly no effort will be made to get Kunze out on bail in the meantime. To-night the three prisoners Coughlin Burke and O'Sullivan, were hurried to a train and taken to the State's prison at Joliet. The trio were handcuffed and mannoled together. Burke was in the center,
O'Sullivan on the left and Coughlin on the
right. Thun O'Sullivan had only his left
hand and left leg free, Coughlin a right
hand and left, while Burke was steel-bound,
hands and feet. O'Sullivan took the matter bitterly to heart, and wept a little.

Suppossas to a number of witnesses in Ohio,
suppossant telegraphic
suppossas to a number of witnesses in Ohio,
suppossant to a number of witnesses in Ohio,
suppossant to a number of witnesses in Ohio,
suppossant to Joliet. The trio were handeuffed and man-

Burke laughed outright. Coughlin was furious, and denounced the proceedings as

an outrage.

The Sheriff, a police captain two office The Sheriff, a police captain two omers and three deputy sheriffs of uted the guard to the depot. To deer were driven in a closed carrist the streets half a mile, the porters. At the depot the regular the streets half a mile, the porters. At the depot the regular than the policy was hastily taken aboard and the job of the particular begins. the penitentiary begun.

EVENING THINGS UP.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, January 14.—Representa ive Burrows' bill to increase the efficiency

Surrows' Bill to Increase the Efficiency o the Pension Bureau-A Considerable Addition to Salaries All Around -Some of the Needs.

of the Pension Bureau proposes to increas the medical staff of the bureau from 22 to 29 men, with a considerable addition to their salaries all around. The staff now consists of a medical referee at \$3,000 a year, an assistant medical referee at \$2,250, two surgeons at \$2,000 each, and 18 medical examiners at \$1,800 each. The Burrows bill increases the salary of the medical referee to \$4,000 and of his assistant to \$3,600; adds one more surgeon, and raises the salaries of all to \$3,000, and increases the number of medical examiners to 24, at \$2,500 salary.

Since Commissioner Raum came in, efforts have been made to improve the propriate enough money to make the desired changes. The Commissioner considers that he needs at least 30 more medical examiners, in order to bring his business up to the point where the whole force can work to the best advantage. There are now about 1,500 clerks employed in the Bureau. They have the handling of the claims in their early stages, turning them over to the medical division for final adjudication on technical points. The result of the dispersenting beautiful and the stage of the claims in their early stages, turning them over to the medical division for final adjudication on technical points. The result of the dispersenting beautiful and the stage of the trouble in which 100 of the insurgents were shot. The cable gave only an inkling of the trouble in the stage of the stage of the trouble in the stage of the stage of the trouble in the stage of the stage of the trouble in the stage of the stage of the trouble in the stage of the stag points. The result of the disproportion be-tween the clerical and medical force is that, in the medical division, the papers of thous-ands of unfinished cases are stacked up awaiting attention. This congestion causes a general demoralization of the office, and

all the work suffers in consequence.

It would be chesper in the long run, in the opinion of the Commissioner, to increase the medical force now sufficiently to keep abreast of the clerical force, and thus expedite the clearing up of the docket. The most expensive way of dealing with such business is to have one part of the office with more on its hands than it can possibly attend to, while another part has run so far ahead as to have got lazy.

SHOCKING CASE OF CRUELTY. Dying Woman's End Hastened by Her

Landlady Evicting Her. ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. BOSTON, January 14 .- A shocking case of cruelty was brought to the attention of the police last night, which, if it had occurred in Ireland, would have aroused the

the constables to clean out the room. They did so, taking out everything except the bed on which the poor woman lay dying. They even took out the window-sash, in order to freeze out the occupants. The stove was dumped in the back yard and the fire was extinguished, so that it was impossible to finish cooking a dish of gruel which a little daughter was preparing for her mother. The sudden change in the temperature of the room was fatal, and in a few hours the poor woman died. Her name was Elizabeth

Carroll. A GANG OF INFANT BURGLARS.

Six Little Chaps Who Stole Everything They Could Tackle. PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH .: NEW YORK, January 14.- Detectives

secreted themselves in the half-finished building at the corner of Leonard and Baxter street last evening in the hope of discovering who had been stealing the plumbers' and carpenters' tools from the basement "I know of no ground for one," said Mr. every night for the last week. About 9 o'clock they saw six very little boys approach. Four went downstairs, opened the door with a key and entered, while the other two remained on the sidewalk and watched for the police. The detectives arrested the two boys standing outside and then went down and arrested the four. They had a lot of new faucets packed up in a box ready to

take away.
At the Tombs to-day they described them selves as Vito and Jacomo Ardito, aged 8 and 10 years; Louis Canova, aged 10; Louis Repotzi, aged 8; Louis Gardella, aged 12, and Michael Caravanto, aged 11 years. They were committed for examination to the care of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children. Altogether, the six children have stolen \$400 worth of tools.

SAVED FROM THE KNIFE. Young Man Finds His Father's Corpse

On the Dissecting Table. ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1

CINCINNATI, January 14.-Just as the class in waiting at the Cincinnati College of Medicine was gathered about the body of an old man on the dissecting table to-day, and the knife of the instructor was about to be used, a young man entered the room, and giving one look at the dead man, threw himself on the body, crying: "My father! Oh,

my poor father!"
The young man was John Daly, and the body on the dissecting table was that of his father, Carroll Daly. The old man was ad-dicted to drink, and had died without his relatives knowing anything of his where-They saw the death notice, howabonis. ever, and began a search for the body, with the result above described. The body was

NO PROGRESS TO REPORT.

ecretary Windom Knows Nothing New of the Pittsburg Surveyorship PROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT, 1 WASHINGTON, January 14 .- "I am no arther to-day in the matter of the Pittsburg Surveyorship than I was vesterday," said

Secretary Windom at 4 o'clock this after-The Secretary would give no indication as to the probable winner, but thought he might be able to throw some light on the subject after his conference with the President to-morrow.

THE BALLOT-BOX FORGERY.

of the Subpenned Witnesses Expected to be Present.

WASHINGTON, January 14 .- Chairman Mason, of the Special House Committee charged with an inquiry into the alleged Ohio ballot-box forgery, has sent telegraphic REBELLION IN BRAZIL

CENTS

A Regiment Strikes for Higher Wages and a Pitched Battle Ensues.

THREE

THE REPUBLIC'S FLAG TORN DOWN

And the Old Imperial Banner is at Once Hoisted in Its Stead.

ONE HUNDRED INSURGENTS ARE KILLED

and Twenty-One of the Ringleaders Are Court-Martialed and Shet.

A Brazilian regiment struck for higher wages and the barracks in which it was stationed was attacked by the Government and 100 of the insurgents were killed. The revolt was suppressed. Then 21 of the ringeaders were court-martialed and shot. The Provisional Government is finding it hard to suppress feeling in favor of Dom Pedro.

PRECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR. NEW YORK, January 14.-Until to-day the Provisional Government of Brazil had ucceeded, by its strict censorship, in keeping from the outer world the news of efficiency of the Pension Bureau forces, and an appeal has been made to Congress to appropriate enough money to make the desired final suppression by a midnight battle in the mutiny of a regiment of artillery in

on shore when the fight occurred, but found it very hard work to learn the facts, for the Government tried by every means possible to spread the report that the trouble was only a quarrel among the regiment officers. CAUSE OF THE REVOLT.

The insurgents, according to the story told by Captain Grimes to-day, all belonged to the Second Regiment of Artillery, which was stationed at Sao Christavao barracks, just outside Rio. For some time the privates and non-commissioned officers had been dissatisfied on account of the failure of the Government to increase their pay to 2 milreis a day, as had been promised them at the downfall of the empire. The police got 2 milreis, while the artillery and privates got only 134 milreis, and often had police

duty to perform.

The ill feeling toward the Government culminated, on the evening of December 17, in an open revolt. The men threw down their arms, the Republican flag floating over the barracks was torn down, and the old Imperial banner was hoisted in its stead. A few triends of the Empire joined the insurgents at the barracks, which had been barricuded as soon as the mutiny was sprung, Fortunately for the Government, the other regiments did not join in the dem-onstration, as had evidently been expected by the revolting soldiers.

THE BARRACKS ATTACKED. .

When the news reached President Da-Fonseca, he ordered all the available cavalry and infantry to be got together, and an attack was made on the Sao barracks. As the mutineers refused to surrender, a pitched battle was begun, in which the insurgents fought stubuornly. The forces of the Government finally The forces of the Government finally pre-vailed, but it was not until over 100 of the rebels had been killed. Then the others gave themselves up. It was after midnight before things had quieted down. For three or four hours the firing was almost incessant, and its noise was distinctly heard on board the Herschel, which was lying at

anchor in the harbor.

At 2 o'clock in the morning Silveira Martins, Assis Martins, Barao De Lagos, Dr. Lima Duarte, Dr. Ferreira Vianna and Commendador Brage, prominent Imperialists, were pounced upon at a house in Rio, where they were holding a meeting. Martins is the popular deputy of Matte Crossa, a warm friend of Dom Pedro, who had only a short time before been released. Dr. Vianna was Minister of Justice in the Conservative Ministry, and Crossa is one of Rio's leading merchants. According to Captain Grimes, they were put under formal arrest, with orders not to leave the house,

which was guarded by the soldiers. THE RINGLEADERS SHOT. On December 18 martial law was prolaimed at Sao Christavao, and 21 of the ringleaders, principally non-commissioned officers, were court-martialed and shot. The Colonel of the Second Regiment was senenced to death, but was still alive when the Herschel sailed, although kept a close

prisoner. "By the time we left Rio," said Captain

"things had apparently quieted down, but there appears to me to be a strong feeling among the citizens in favor of the empire, which is kept down only by the uilitary display."

The chief officer of the Herschel menioned, as a significant fact, that as soon as the firing began on shore the half-dozen gunboats in the harbor lowered the republi-can flags, and did not hoist them again

until the revolt was quelled.

until the revolt was quelled.

President Da Fonseca, according to Cap-tain Grimes' information, has had several very severe attacks of heart disease, which he Rio papers wery studiously refrain from chronicling. The day the Herschel sailed he was unable to leave his house. YELLOW FEVER AND SMALLPOX. While the Herschel was at Rio, Captain Grimes was the only man to go ashore. There were a dozen cases of yellow and almost as many of smallpox in Rio at the time. The reports from the provinces show that things are usually quiet, and the

rule of the Provisional Government was undisputed.

Mr. Charles R. Flint received a letter from Rio to-day under date of December 18 which says the outlook is not resssuring. The letter confirms Captain Grimes' account

of the mutiny. RAIDED THE BLIND PIGS.

South Dakota Saloon Demolished by Eight Indignant Wives.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. MAYVILLE, S. D., January 14 .- At Haton, a small town north of Mayville, the "Blind Pigs" have had it all their own way for some time, and have openly defied the law. On Monday eight women from the country whose husbands have been spending nearly all their time in these places prepared themselves with axes and other weapons, marched in a body to the saloon and began chooping and smashing everything in the

The leader is a quiet and assuming woman, but when she learned that she had signed a mortgage on the farm in order that a saloon bill could be paid, she could stand it no longer, and got together seven other women and made the raid.

Sherman's Anti-Trust Bill Reported.

WASHINGTON, January 14.-The Senate Committee on Finance at its meeting to-day continued the consideration of Senator