SILVER FOR SOLDER.

Three Thieves Get Only \$14 for Two Heavy Bars of Bullion

THEY HAD STOLEN FROM A TRUCK.

A Junk Dealer Badly Fooled in the Value

of the Precious Metal. HIS MISTAKE POINTED OUT TO HIM.

And in an Attempt to Rectify It. Five Men Are Shortly Arrested.

f5 pounds, and worth \$2,200, were stolen tors, with a note to me, with the from a truckman in New York, December clerk of the society. The note and for solder. The three thieves, two receivers the book as I cared to, I returned and part of the silver have just been recovities book to the clerk, requesting

PERCIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, January 11 .- Inspector Byrnes has recovered part of the silver which, in the shape of two bars of bullion, was stolen from a truck in Washington street, near Beach street, in fog on the afternoon of December 20, and he has five men locked up at police headquar-

ters who are implicated in the robbery. On the afternoon in question John Barkley & Son, truckmen, were hired by Zimmerman & Forshay to cart a large quantity of silver bullion to a Cunard steamer at the foot of Clarkson street. All the way three young thieves, Edward Rock, John Keenan, alias Nagle, and Thomas, alias "Red" Dugan, were watching the silver burden, and at a time when the fog was thick they stole behind the truck, alid off two bars, weighing 75 pounds each, and disappeared with them. They took the bullien to William Gilmorton's junk shop, 453 ashington street.

SOLD IT FOR SOLDER.

The junk man thought it was solder, and after weighing it, gave the trio \$14, which they divided and left the place. The next day they returned to the junk shop with a newspaper, and read to Gilmartin a description of the stolen bars.

They told him they wanted the silver value of it, \$2,200. Gilmartin was a little dazed. He told them to give him back his \$14 and take away the stuff. They suggested a division of the proceeds, and he finally recovered from his dizziness and fell in with them. He gave them one bar to dispose of. They took it to Hoboken, and failing to sell it there returned it, and Gilmartin again became the custodian of both bars, which he deposited in the safe of a neighboring saloon.

Meantime, the young thieves became acquainted with Charles Seston, alias "Enabout a mile and a half west of Cuba dish Charley," a well-known three recently discharged from prison. He agreed to buy the bars. They met with Gilmartin in Seaton's house on Christmas Day.

A BARGAIN STRUCK.

Seaton's plan for disposing of the silver, it appears, was simple. He cut it up and took it in installments to the United States Assay Office. The first lump he took there weighed 265 ounces, on January 3. Last Thursday he called to get his money, \$261 50, and to leave 574 ounces more of the silver. The Assay office works for everybody, but it reserves the right to entertain any suspicion that may arise, and when Seaton called on Thursday, Detectives O'Brien and McCauley were on hand and arrested him. He was taken to police headquarters, and on Friday was remanded to the Yorkville Police Court,

THE QUINTET CAGED. The arrests were completed to-day, and the quintet, three thieves and two receivers, were all safely caged at the central office. The rest of the silver has not been recovered. in other cities. The prisoners will be arraigned at Yorkville court in the morning.

DEATH FOLLOWS A DEBAUCH.

A Philadelphia Millionnire's Son Who Couldn't Conquer His Appetite.

SPECIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATOR . SAN FRANCISCO, January 11 .- George Maris, son of Millionaire John M. Maris, glass manufacturer, of Philadelphia, was found dead in his room at the Palacs Hotel, this morning. His case is an unusual one. wife unsuccessfully for divorce, this morning. His case is an unusual one. On December 26, Maris, in company with an intimate friend, Clifford Harris, of Espland, arrived from New York, via Cape Horn, on the ship Elizabeth, after a journey of 136 days. In bidding the captain of the vessel goodby, he saded: "Well, captain, we are safe at last, and cured." Then he took his leave, and with Harris went to the Palace Hotel. Maris' trip to San Francisco was chiefly undertaken to overcome his appetite for liquor, and his tarewell remarks to the Captain indicate that he thought it had served its purpose, for on the voyage of over four months no intoxicant had passed his lips.

The hotel people gave orders that no more liquor should be sent to the rooms, but they got brandy and imbibed freely until it tor was called to the young man's room and found him dead. He had no besitution in saying that death was caused by alcoholism.

A MASQUERADE WITHOUT DANCING. The Advice of a Quakeress to a Party of

Merry Makers. PERCHAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR. WEST GROVE, January 11 .- A number of the most respectable people of this town arranged for a masquerade in the public hall here. To the dismay of the managers, the owners of the half forbade dancing. The guests assembled, however, in fancy costumes. Early in the evening Mary Singley, an orthodox Friend, accompanied by her father, appeared on the scene. She spoke words of admonition to the company, assuring them that if they danced they would meet with dire punishment after

No dancing took place until about midnight, when, just before separating, the company went through the "Virginia reel," which was not looked upon as particularly

ABDUCTED HIS OWN SON.

Sequel to the Escapades of Dr. Stillman-A

Beld Precedure. PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. PLAINFIELD, N. J., January 11.-Kirtland Stillman, the ten-year-old son of Charles P. Stillman, a well-known surgeon One Virginia Mayor Takes Prompt Action to and author, was abducted from the Irving school to-day. Dr. Stillman had some es-capades in New York asseveral months ago. His subsequent attempts to secure a divorce became a staple sensation in New York. Mrs. Stillman retained control of her child. This afternoon two men

A HIGH-TONED FRACAS.

Pant Southern Society Shooting Describe and Explained-Did the Jeff Davis Row Have Any Bearing on the Affair?

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE. NEW YORK, January 11 .- The police have not yet arrested Major William Hancock Clark, of the Southern society, who shot three times at Wilton Randolph on the steps of the society's clubhouse, 18 West Twenty-fifth street, on Friday night. Mr. Randolph says it is ridiculous to talk of a duel, but he has preferred charges against Major Clark to the Executive Committee of the society which are in part as follows:

"A month or two ago Mr. Clark left a Two bars of silver builion, each weighing | book, the sutobiography of one of his ances-20, in a fog. The three thieves sold their book were handed to me by the clerk booty for \$14 to a junk dealer, who took it and after reading the note and as much of him to thank Mr. Clark for me when he next called. A few days afterward I met Mr. Clark in the hall of the club and

hanked him for the loan of the book. "Friday evening, as I was leaving the ociety, I met Mr. Clark and Captain William Johnston in the hall, and was accosted by Clark. I stopped to speak to him, and he began by asking if I had read the book, and I replied that I had, and that I had acknowledged this courtesy before to him, and had left the book with the clerk from whom I had received it. He answered: 'Did you get' the letter accompanying it?' I replied that I 'Well,' said he, in rather an offensive tone, "Why didn't you answer it?" I replied that I did not think it required an answer, and that I certainly had no intention of treating him with discourtesy. He replied that it was not the way of

treating a gentleman's letter. "I turned to Clark and said: 'Now, what is it you want with me?" I then noticed that his hand was on his hip pocket, and I said to him, 'Clark, I see your hand on your hip, and I suppose it is on a pistol. I want to tell you that I am en-tirely unarmed, but if you have taken that position thinking to intimidate me and insult me, it can't be done.' Then followed more words, the blow and the shocting, when the police came up and stopped proceedings.

ACCIDENTS ON THE RAIL,

Trains Collide and Another Strikes Two Men.

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE.1 ROCHESTER, N. Y., January 11 .- The way freight on the Western New York and Philadelphia Railroad, north-bound, and to-day. It was near a curve, and the trains came together with great force. Both engineers and firemen jumped and were not injured to any extent. A brake-Seaton did not want to give more than \$500 for the plunder, but after considerable dickering consented to pay \$650, saying that

Were not injured to any extent. A brake-man named Walker, on the southbound engine, failed to jump and was caught, having both legs cut off below the knees. He was taken out, but no hopes are enterthe trouble he would have in cutting the salned for his recovery. The engines were silver up, and the risk he would have in badly wrecked, also a dozen-freight cars. disposing of it, was worth the margin. The hargain was struck; \$100 was paid down and Sbore struck John Bradley and Byer \$50 on the following day. Gilmartin got Hermans, at Lyons, who were crossing the \$150, and the remainder was divided among track in a buggy, but did not see the The men were dragged from the the snow with blood. Hermans had his neck, shoulders and arms severely cut, and is beside so hadly injured internally that he will probably die. Bradley escaped with a few slight bruises.

STOLE HIS SECOND CHILD.

A Commercial Traveler Creates a Sensatio at Buffale-Cauadian Law. SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. BUFFALO, January 11. - Josephine Warren, a bright, pretty child, 9 years old, was abducted to-day by her father, R. E. Warren, a well-known com-

mercial traveler. The abduction took place on Clinton street. Josephine was going to school No. 11, when her father. who was waiting in a cab, jumped out, dragged her into the cab and drove rapidly off. Mr. Warren drove down to Ferry John Barkley & Son, the truckmen, holding themselves responsible for neglect in losing the bullion, have paid the firm in full its value.

Street and crossed over the ferry to Fort Eric. A Buffalo police officer crossed over, and becoming satisfied that something was wrong got the Canadian authorities to detain the father and child. Mrs. Warren sent to Ft. Erie and stated the case. The authorities decided that the only charge on which they could hold Warreswas for taking stolen property into the Dominion, and that the clothes worn by the child might come under that head. Mr. and Mrs. War-ren were not divorced, so Warren was released and retained possession of the child. Warren also has their son, Lamont, whom

CONTRACTS CONFRONT THEM. And So the Haverkill Shoe Manufactures

Are in a Bex. HAVERHILL, MASS., January 11.—The dilemma by making the sake of peace. great lockout of boot and shoe operatives, which was to begin Monday morning, does not now look as bright to the manufacturers

as it did this morning. Nine of the wealthiest manufacturers had banded themselves to resist the demands of employes, and had pledged themselves to forfeit \$5,000 each in case they backed out more liquor should be sent to the rooms, but they got brandy and imbibed freely until it became occessary to call in a physician to attend Maris. Early this morning the doctor was called to the young man's room and found him dead. He had no heritation in had written three-year contracts with their men, and had signed an agreement to carry out the terms of the contracts, which ran for three years, and called for a raise of pay with each successive year.

Jennings, Friedman & Stevens are in an equally embarrassing fix because of verbal

THE GRIP REALLY WANING.

New York Sanitary Authorities Sure In-

fluenza is Leaving. NEW YORK, January 11 .- The grip is really waning, the sanitary authorities think. To-day there were 176 deaths from all causes in the city-26 less than on Friday. The report from the public hospitals contemplate the Germans as such innocent under the control of the Board of Charities and Corrections gave only six day. The report from the public hospitals Charities and Corrections gave only six heard of the exclusive virtue of that race. deaths, a reduction of nine from Friday and 29 from Thursday.

They accuse the Germans of endeavoring to eradicate from the country the Caselon and 29 from Thursday.

and 29 from Thursday.

Of the 176 deaths to-day, 53 were from pasumonia, 16 from bronchitis, 19 from consumption, 1 from influenza and 17 from in-

Protect a Prisoner.

CHARLOTTSVILLE, VA., January 11 .-It having been rumored that a mob would attempt to take a negro named Musco, charged with murder, and recently granted a new trial, from jail, and lynch him, the asked Miss Gilbert, the Superintendent, to allow Kirtland to go with them. Kirtland Guards last night who did duty at the jail. Governor McKinney was advised of the struction by the commander of the commander o asked Miss Gilbert, the Superintendent, to allow Kirtland to go with them. Kirtland Guards last night who did duty at the jail. Governor McKinney was advised of the answered yes and consented to go on being situation by the commander of the com-

ALL ELSE FORGOTTEN.

Political and Other Troubles Not Now Considered at Berlin.

FUNERAL OF EMPRESS AUGUSTA.

Every Possible Honor Paid to the Mortal Remains of Royalty.

THE ADSTRIAN PREMIER IN HOT WATER. His Attempts to Conciliate Two Nationalities Result

in Failure.

The most imposing ceremonies have attended the funeral of the Dowager Empress Augusta at Berlin. The services were a counterpart of the obsequies of her royal husband. The Czechs and Germans in Bohemia are making trouble for the Prime Minister of Austria.

COPTRIGHT, 1890, BY THE NEW YORK ASSOCIATED

PRESS. 1 BERLIN, January 11 .- Public attention concentrated to-day upon the funeral of the Empress Augusta to the exclusion of all other topics. The threatening news from Spain, the progress in Austria of the German Czech Conference, all seem of little import to the people here by comparison with the grandiose pageant of an Imperial

funeral. The final ceremony of the funeral was like the other parts-all planned to be a repetition of the funeral of the Emperor William. The religious services concluded in the Schloss at 12:30, and amid the tolling of church bells the cortege moved at once for Charlottenburg. The way was lined by troops and by various trade guilds, by students from the public schools, by members of veteran societies, and so on, and behind these thronged thousands of silent sympathetic spectators.

THE HIGHEST HONORS. The ecclesiastical services, as well as the military part of the seene, were a repetition of the honors paid to the renowned husband of the deceased, while the throng of family and official mourners was nearly as large and as illustrious. The Duke of Edinburgh represented the Queen of England as before. represented the Queen of England as before. In the immediate circle of family mourners were the King of Saxony, the Crown Prince of Sweden, the Grand Duke of Saxe-Weimar, Christia of Schlesweig-Holstein, the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Strelits, the Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, the Prince of Hohenzollern, the Grand Duke Francis of Austria, Prince William of Wurtemberg, Prince William of Wield the Princess of Austria, Prince William of Wurtemberg,
Prince William of Wied, the Princess of
Schletweig - Holstein, Saxe-Meiningine,
Saxe-Weimar, Waldeck, Pyrmont, Sondershausen and others. Beside these were many
representatives of foreign sovereigns.

The Emperor laid upon the coffin a magnificent palm branch, with long white silk
the person the Imperial arms and

ribbons bearing the Imperial arms and crown in gold. Baron Levetzow, President of the Beichstag, laid upon the coffin, in be-half of the Reichstag, a wreath of palma, white roses and camelias, upon the ribbons of which was this inscription: "The Reichstag to the First Empress Augusta, 'Blessed are the merciful for they shall obtain

BISMARCE'S TRIBUTE. Prince Bismarck sent a large wreath surrounding a cross of violets, and the Princess Rismarck a wreath of roses and lilies of the valley. The Kings of Italy and Roumania each sent exquisite tributes of flowers, as

did the sovereigns of almost all the German and foreign countries.

At the principal service on Thursday evening the coffin was inclosed and the Empress lay as if sleep. The choral piece, "I know that my Redeemer liveth," was sung as the Court entered. Rev. Koegel, Court Chaplain, in an eloquent address, reviewed Augusta's connection with German history during the last 50 years. He has since furnished to the Reichsanzeiger a list of special scriptural texts of which the Empress was particularly fond. These are Empress was particularly fond. These are the Epistle to the Romans xii, 12, and xiv, ; Matthew xxviii, 20; Corinthians x1, 9,

and others. NO LIMIT TO CHARITY. Among many anecdotes now made public in regard to the dead Empress is one that has an interest of actuality. In sending a gift to a distressed widow she was told that the woman's husband had been a Socialist, and she said: "I do not care what the po-litical opinions of the man were. I only remember that he has left a hungry fam-

To-day the houses in the Unter den Lin-den are draped with black, and the lamps are shrouded with crape.

It is expected that the conference of the Bohemian, German and Czech parties will end soon. The delegates are reticent respecting, the proceedings.

The Germans hold that Count Tanfe has asked them to help him solve the insoluble problem against themselves. In Bohemia there are 2,000,000 Germans and 3,000,000 Czechs. The Germans stand in that country

in a stronger position than the Ulstermen in Ireland. Yet Tanfe has ignored them fer 10 years and given rein to the Czecks. He now finds that in this he has not even pleased the Czechs themselves; they are not satisfied with the repeated concessions made to them at the expense of the Germans; yet he now asks the Germans to help him out of his dilemma by making further concessions for

NOT GOOD POLITICS. This they hold to be absurd politics. They themselves only demand that in the They themselves only demand that in the German speaking districts of Bohemia the German language shall be the official tongue, and that in the districts where there is a mixed population the language of the majority shall prevail. The Germans accuse Count Taafe of trying to make all Bohemia a Czech country, and in consequence of the success of his efforts in that direction they say that German Impacting

quence of the success of his efforts in that direction they say that German Imperial patriotism is disappearing.

They assert that the German element, which is the largest and strongest national mass in the Empire, has been kept down for ten years by combinations of the other elements made against it. In the coalitions of the national list elements there is none, they say, which could govern Austria alone they say, which could govern Austria alone with any other rationality ex-

or agree long with any other nationality ex-cept in opposition to the Germans.

The German party points out that the Czechs, who at heart are in sympathy with Russia, therefore hate the Poles, yet, de-spite this, the Poles unite with them against the Germans, who form the backbone of the country and upon whom alone the monarchy could rely in a orisis.

A DIFFERENCE OF OPINION. On the other hand, the Czechs do not of the 176 deaths to-day, 53 were from preumenia, 16 from bronchitis, 19 from consumption, 1 from influenza and 17 from influenza and complications. During the past week seven deaths were from influenza complicated with other diseases.

NO LYNCHING THERE.

One Virginia Mayer Takes Prompt Action to Protect a Prisoner.

One of the 176 deaths to-day, 53 were from the country the Czech language and institutions and whatever eige may stand in the way of German domination, and assert that they themselves have had fair play in the conflict only since Count Tanfe has been in office. They do not dispute the full right of the Germans to use their own language in districts occupied by them, but they hold that Bohemia should be independent as Hungary is, and claim that the Emperor should recognize their national rights and privileges by being crowned King of Bohemia at Prague, as the Emperors formerly were.

ors formerly were. The commandant of Bérlin officially de-nies the story that when the password was given on New Year's day the Emperor for-mally addressed the officers regarding smokeless powder, magazine rifles, etc.

THE IOWA IDEA.

Mrs. J. Elieu Fester Tulks Concerning the Bolt From the W. C. T. U .- Her Personal Enowiedge as to

the Shereham Hotel. CHICAGO, January 11 .- Mrs, J. Ellen Foster, president of the Iows W. C. T. U., passed through Chicago to-day on her way East, after having been in attendance upon a special meeting of the Executive Com-mittee of the Iowa W. C. T. U., and also the general mass convention of temperance people from the entire State. In an interview she said. "The Iowa union, though still technically auxiliary to the National Society is not in harmony with the said. not in harmony with the Parlian policy of the National Union and will at the next an-nual meeting sever its auxiliaryship. The vicissizades of the last Iowa election cause some apprehension among the Prohibition-ists that the State prohibition law might be repealed. There is, however, no responsible ground for this apprehension.

"The Republican party is pledged by platform and precedent to stand by the pro-

platform and precedent to stand by the peo-ple's will as declared in the adoption of the prohibition amendment. The election of a Democratic Governor did not turn on the question of prohibition. The transportation question and others of a purely local character determined the result.
"The Republicans have still a majority in the Legislature, and I believe a few Demo crats will be governed by their own temper-ance principles and the wishes of their constituents to vote against the repeal of the law. The convention just adjourned

was the largest and most enthusiastic of any ever held in the State."
"Will Senator Allison be re-elected?"
"He will. No man in the State is more 'How about the Shoreham kept by Vice President Morton?"
"I have always opposed and still oppose the use of a sale of intoxicating figures in any place under any conditions. The finest

notel in the State, the Savery House, Des Moines, has no bar. "What are the real facts about Morton's "I have visited the Shoreham. There is no bar. The proprietor, Mr. Keenau, did secure a barroom license. He does furnish,

by the authority thus conferred, liquors to his guests at their meals. He does not fur nish liquor by the drink. I saw his appli cation for the license. Morton's name is not "You consider the Shoreham then as be ing conducted on correct temperance princi

"By no means. It is an elegant family partment house, and first-class in the orapartment nouse, and first-class in the or-dinary acceptation of the term, but it is not conducted on temperance principles, and Mr. Morton's eminent position as a Christian gentleman and broad philanthropist clearly illustrates how much has yet to be accom-plished before the temperance reform will have done its work."

THEIR CLAIMS MADE.

New York and Chicago Have Their Inning Before the Senate World's Fair Committee-A Report Expected Some Time This Week.

WASHINGTON, January 11 .- New York and Chicago occupied the attention of the Senate Committee on World's Fair to-day, and the best aide of each ,was pointed out in eloquent terms. Chauncey M. Depew was the first speaker for New York. He asked if Americans would attend an exposition at any city in England but America-New York

lowed with an effort to show that no city could so well care for guests as New York. Ex-Senator Warner Miller and James Wood, President of the New York State Agricultural Society closed the case for great Gotham.

Mayor Cregier spoke first for Chicago, going into an elaborate eulogy of his town, referring especially to what it had done since the fire. Thomas B. Byran followed the Mayor in a humocome address in which the Mayor in a humorous address in which he charged New York with a lack of public spirit. E. T. Jeffrey attempted to show how Chicago was prepared to conduct the fair. He referred to Chicago's great railroad facilities, street car conveniences.

street car conveniences, sites, hotels, excursion boats, etc. As to the objection raised by Mr. Depew that European exhibits would be damaged by shipment to Chicago, Mr. Jeffrey said if New York got the show, Chicago exhibits would have to go over the same railroads. He ridiculed the idea. The conclusion of Mr. Jeffrey's remarks ended the open public discussion of the location of the World's Fair before the Senate Special Committee. Senator Hiscock stated after the hearing closed that he would call the committee together again Monday morning at 11 o'clock, and he ex-pressed a hope that a report upon the World's Fair bill would be made to the Senate some time next week.

THREE BODIES RECOVERED.

More of the Victims of the Calsson Disaste Brought to the Surface. LOUISVILLE, Ky., January 11.—Three more bodies have been taken out of the wrecked caisson to-day. The first was Monroe Rowling, who was lying uppermost at the bottom entrance of the air shaft. Excavating by the mud shaft was found impracticable when tried and the pumping air in to raise the cairson by pressure was resumed. It was noon when Rowling's body was sufficiently loosened to be drawn out. At 1:30 Smith's body, which, with Thomas Sopers', was wedged in the very entrance of the shaft, was drawn

The operation was difficult on account of the air pressing up and closing the door or escaping. Much air escaped while Smith was being extricated, and it required an hour more of pumping before Sopers could be got out. Thomas Ash was taken out late to-night. The bodies will be shipped to Headerson to-morrow.

INCREASED MEMBERSHIP. The Annual Report of the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

CHICAGO, January 11 .- The annual report of the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union for 1889, just published, shows a total membership for 1889 of 142,-348, a gain of 3,821 over the total paid membership of 1888. This does not membership of 1888. This does not include members who, for any reason, have falled to pay their dues on time, nor the large number of unreported unions, honorary members and Loyal Temperance Legions which, together with the 142,348 paid members, make the total membership and support of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union at least 200,000, and doubtless pages 250,000.

ess nearer 250,000. IN TIME FOR THE BLIZZARD. Prediction of Cold Weather Based on

Snow Buntings.
Pendleton Tribuns. Pah-de-dah, an Iodian from up the Colum-sia river, brought into town yesterday, alsnow

NO RADICAL CHANGE

In the Climate of Any Portion of the United States, Although

MANY PROPLE THINK THERE IS.

General Greely Gives Figures in Proof o His Conclusions. THE SHIFTING OF THE GULF STREAM

> General Greely says the present warm weather is not caused by any change in the Gulf Stream's course. He denies that the climate of either the Atlantic or Pacific coast is changing. The Washington bydrographic authorities and those in Boston de not agree on the Gulf-Stream-change the-

Belleved in by Bostonians, But Not by the Chi-

Signal Officer.

ISPECIAL TRIEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE. WASHINGTON, January 11 .- The re markably warm winter that has been experienced up to the present time in nearly all parts of the United States, has caused nquiries by the bushel to float into the ofices of the Signal Service, the hydrographic and meteorological divisions of the Navy Department, and other places where the phases of the weather are supposed to be inelligently studied. But so, far as can be ascertained, these bureaus are unable to furnish any satisfactory explanation of the

It is safe to say that General Greely, the chief of the Signal Service, is at a loss to account for the unusual state of things upon any basis of ordinary calculation. That is, he cannot point to any one reason or set of reasons that will explain the matter, although he can show in a thousand different ways what are the local causes that have brought about the very warm December.

NOT A BADICAL CHANGE. It can be stated at the outset that General Greely denies the proposition that has become so popular of late, that the climate of either the Atlantic or Pacific coast is undergoing a permanent radical change. The much mooted question of the course of the Gulf Stream, he says, has nothing whatever to do with the matter, as the most careful

to do with the matter, as the most careful observations and investigatious of the scientific bureaus of the Government fail to show that the Gulf stream is undergoing any unusual change. The only cause that would be apt to drive the Gulf Stream inward would be strong sea winds for a period of time, and the fact is that for some time past the prevailing winds have been off shore. It is also true that in Mississippi the increase in temperature has been even more marked temperature has been even more marked than on the Atlantic coast.

AGREE WITH GREELY. The officers of the Hydrographic Bureau of the Navy Department agree with General Greely in the opinion on this subject.

Mr. Hayden, who has devoted years to a
profound and conscientious study of the
subject, assured THE DISPATCH reporter to-day that there is not the slightest foundation for the claim so per-sistently put forth in some quarters that the Gulf Stream is rapidly changing its course. Mr. Hayden says that the more So, he said, Europe would hardly exhibit the matter is investigated the more the at any city but the conceded metropolis of fact becomes apparent that what are refact becomes apparent that what are reurke Cockran fol- Stream are but the Gulf causes, and that some totally different reason must be found for the unusual mild temperature along the coast at present.

In conversation with a DISPATCH reporter to-day, on the general subject of climatic changes General Greely, the chief signal officer said:

NOT A NEW QUESTION. This question of change in climate is not a new one, it having received careful attention in this country and Europe in past years. The endency of the human mind is to believe that local conditions are general, and that several weeks or more of very warm or cold weather are unprecedented. In Europe the ide are unprecedented. In Europe the idea of change in climate has been prominently brought forward in late years, and a number of the most distinguished meteorological investigators have carefully examined the subject and have unanimously arrived at the conclusion that the climate of Europe is not changing permanently. It may safely be said that this also applies to the United States. As illustrating the fact that excesses of temperature and rainfall are largely local it may be stated that during the present year, up to the first of December, the following local excesses in temperature have occurred.

CHANGES IN TEMPERATURE. New England, 11; Upper Lake region, 17; extreme Northwest, including Dakota and Montana, 83; the Missouri Valley, middle and extreme Northwest, including Dakots and Montana, 33; the Missouri Valley, middle and lower, 5; the north stope of the Rocky Mountains, 18; the Southern plateau districts, Arizona and New Mexico, 10; Utah and Wyoming, 5; Idaho and Western Montana, 21; Oregon and Washington, 22; Northern California, 14, and Southern California, 10. During the same period the deficiencies of temperature amounted in the Middle States to 5; in the South Atlantic States to 12; in Florida, 23; in Alabama and Mississippi, 13; Louisiana and Northern Texas and the Rio Grande Valley, 16; the east Ohio Valley and Tenpessee, 15; the lower lake region, 6; the Upper Mississippi Valley, 9, and the southern slope of the Rocky Mountains, 3.

The excesses of rainfalls have been as follows: In New England, 2 inches; the Middle Atlantic States, 24; inches; Florida, nearly 4 inches; the West Gulf States, 25; inches; Middle Rocky Mountain slope, 2 inches; Northern California, 4 inches; Southern California, 4 inches; Southern California, 4; inches; the West Gulf States to the amount of nearly 7 inches; the Ohio Valley, 5 inches; the Lower Lake region, 44 inches; the Upper Lake region, 45 inches; the Cheer Lake region, 45 inches; the Cheer, Missouri Valley, 35; inches; he extreme Northwest and Upper Mississippi Valley, 65; inches; Missouri Valley, 85; inches; Oregon and Washington, 105; inches, Slight deficiencies have also occurred in the Rio Grande Valley and Western Texas.

CONTRASTING CONDITIONS "These figures show, in short," continued General Greely, "That while California has had an excess of rain, Oregon has a very large deficiency. Similar contrasting conditions may be noted in other parts of the General Greely is equally emphatic in the belief that climatic shanges are not due to sun spots, as many people contend. The theory has been advanced by many, he says, that the deficiencies and excesses of tem perature and rainfall depend upon the number of spots observable on the face of the sun, and that the maximum and minimum of temperature and rainfall occur over the earth as coincident periods with the maxima and minimi of sun spots.

Blandford, the meteorological reporter o India, General Greely says, has examined the rainfall of that country for 22 consecutive years, and finally concludes that the total rainfall of India affords no evidence.

SUN SPOTS AND DROUGHTS. A similar examination was made by General Greely regarding droughts, by which it appears that despite the theory that the most rainfall should come in the years of maximum. Pah-de-dal, in Iodian from up the Columbia river, brought into town yesterday, almow bunting that he had killed up the country, and for which he desired \$10. The presence of these birds so far south at this time of the year is said by the weather prophets to be a ware indication to at the coming winter will be severe. The snow buntings remain upon the sunty are not in any way dependent upon the sunty are not due to any of the causes named, and that they are not in any way dependent upon the sunty passing over the country in high series.

Finding Out Whet They Have to De.

Washington, January 11.—Bepresentative Mason's special committee to inquire into the alleged ballot box frauds in Ohio the dal informal meeting the moraling, and down the sunty and missed his footing, as the step of the alleging car was broken off and the body forced over the platform for about 50 feet.

MISSOURI AND HALINOIS

A Shet in a Bival's Arm a Year Age, and a bleeping car was broken off and the body forced over the platform for about 50 feet.

MISSOURI AND HALINOIS

MISSOURI AND HALINOIS

MISSOURI AND HALINOIS

A Shet in a Bival's Arm a Year Age, and a bleeping car was broken off and the body forced over the platform for about 50 feet.

MISSOURI AND HALINOIS

MISSOURI AND HALINOIS

MISSOURI AND HALINOIS

MISSOURI AND HALINOIS

A Shet in a Bival's Arm a Year Age, and a fisiend with the set of the salesping car was broken off and the body forced over the platform for about 50 feet.

MISSOURI AND HALINOIS

A Shet in a Bival's Arm a Year Age, and a missed bin footing, as the step of the eleging car was broken off and the body forced over the platform for about 50 feet.

MISSOURI AND HALINOIS

MISSOURI AND HALINOIS

MISSOURI AND HALINOIS

A Shet in a Bival's Arm a Year Age, and a fisiend with the same of the cause

neident with the sun spots.

conditions of the United States are always local, although during December, 1889, the area of country having excessively high temperatures was much greater than usually

DIFFERS WITH GEN. GREELT.

Lieutenant Dower Thinks the Gulf Stream is Shifting.

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH BOSTON, January 11 .- THE DISPATCH correspondent to-day sought the Hydrographic office to find out something about the Gulf Stream. Lientenant Downer, who is in charge, said that he was satisfied from the reports presented by sea captains that the Gulf Stream had changed its course. "We have had from several sources," said he, "reports of the presence of warm water, about 50 or 60 miles from the coast. Nothing but the Gulf Stream could thus lower the temperature of the water. Then, too, the water in that part of the becam assigned on the maps to the Gulf Stream has suddenly become cold. That is one proof that the stream has shifted its position. Another proof is the presence along our coast of guld weed, so called, that is killed by cold water and sinks after floating a short time. It has never before been found here, showing that the stream is so near the shore that the weed reaches here before sinking. ."It stands to reason that that great body of water, warmer by 100 than the rest of

the ocean approaching the coast, would tend to increase the temperature. We are expe-riencing such a change, anyway, and you can draw your own conclusion as to the TAKING ACTION ON STRIKES.

The Central Trades Council Meets-New Delegates Initiated-Officers Appointed-Scoring the Traction Company in Strong

The Central Trades Council held its first meeting for the year last night with the newly elected delegates. The old President, Joseph L. Evans, and the old Secretary, Charles F. Warde, occupied their usual places. When the meeting was called to order Thomas J. Dicus, J. G. Snyder and M. P. Carrick were appointed a Committee on Credentials, and reported on giving seats

to the following delegates:

R. J. Davis and Fred Peoco. Carpenters'
Union No. 211; J. J. Flattery. John S. Nash,
William Moutgomery, John Westwater, J. G.
Snyder and George Appleton, Carpenters'
Union No. 142: David Aiken, I. M. U. No. 14;
A. M. Dayis, Electrical Union No. 3696, A. F.
L.: William Creamer, Theatrical Mechanics'
Assembly 16804, K. of L.; Bernard McCabe, L.
A. 1858, K. of L.; C. C. Mcllyar, Thomas
A. McNamee and Calvin Wyatt Printers'
and Decorators' Union No. 15: H. Frank and
James W. McNoldy, I. M. H. No. 68; Robert
Schroeder, German Journalists Assembly No.
904, K. of L.; J. O. Stuart, Bricklayers' Union
No. 2: D. A. Hays, C. Auth and P. Havey, Bottile Blowers' Assembly 6111, K. of L.; Frank
Tumelty, Box Makers' Assembly 1833, K. of L.;
John Furnan, L. A. 1874, K. of L.; W. B. James,
L. U. No. 50, A. F. G. W. U.; J. F. Waithers,
Teamsters' Assembly 7821, K. of L.; David
Waitz, Teamsters and Yardmen's Union
8795, A. F. L.; T. J. Diens, Charles F.
Warde, H. D. McGaw, N. Green, Joseph L.
Evans and T. A. Boullt, Typographical Union
No. 7; John Fernan, Cigarmaker's Assembly
1874, K. of L.; Joseph F. Whalen, Horseshoers'
Union No. 9; Dohn A. Baker, Bricklayers'
Plasterers' Operative Association No. 57. to the following delegates:

The report was adopted and the obligation administered to the delegates. Nomination of officers for the ensuing year followed These were: President, Joseph L. Evans; Vice Presidents, J. O. Stuart and J. Westwater; Recording Secretaries, Charles F. Warde, John Ehman and Thomas A. McNames; Financial Secretary, Levi J. Regan: Treasurer, Daniel McWilliams; Trustees, T. A. Boullt, Fred Peacoe, Robert Schroeder and J. F. Flattery; Sergeantat-Arms, T. J. Dicus and J. O. Stuart; Executive

Board, M. P. Canick, Gos Kriel, Robert Davis, J. L. Evans, J. G. Snyder, D. A. Hayes, Robert Schroeder, George Appleton, A. D. McGaw, John Ehman, J. O. Stuart, A. M. Davis and W. J. McKeever.

The election will be held at the next meet

A committee consisting of Messrs. Davis, Canick and McNames presented the follow-WHREAS, The gripmen and conductors of the Pittsburg Traction Company have been compelled by the inexorable antagonisms of Colonel Elkins to abandon their cars and stand in idleness in defense of their inalienable right to organize for their mutual benefit and protection.

right to organize for their mutual benefit and protection.

Whereas, The Trades Council of Western Pennsylvania, the mouthpiece of 75,000 workmen believing in and upholding the banner of organized labor, believing in the motto: "One for all and for all one," do hereby

Resolve, That in this compulsory "lockout" of our fellow workmen we see an emphatic and direct stab at the principles upon which we are banded together; and, be it further

Resolved, That we pledge to the striking gripmen and conductors of the Pittaburg Traction Company our unqualified and unanimous support, and urge upon all citizens to show by their withdrawal of patronage from this monopoly that "carpet baggers" cannot enter our city, and by force of capital grind our home with their iron heet.

The resolutions were adopted. A member

The resolutions were adopted. A member of the Electricians Union made a statement of their difficulty after which a committee composed of Messra. H. D. McGaw, Peacoe and McIlyar presented the following:

and McIlyar presented the following:

WHEREAS, The Allegheny Light Company having failed to live up to their agreement with their employes, and

Whereas, Under every conceivable pretext this company has discharged union men and filled their places with non-union men, therefore be it

Resolved, That the Central Trades Council of Western Penusylvania inderse the action of the Electrical Union No. 3095 in the stand they have taken against the unjust action of the Allegheny Light Company.

Resolved, That this Council urgently request all constituent bodies of this organization to render the electricians all the assistance in their power in their struggle for their just rights.

These resolutions were also adopted, and it was ordered that copies of both sets of resolutions be sent to all unions.

LOOKING FOR MR. DRAN. A Supposed Niece With a Fortune Huntles for the Agent.

Agent Dean, of the Anti-Cruelty Society.

is looking for a girl who is claiming to be a niece of his. Agent Dean states that the girl is supposed to be young, good looking and has a pocket full of money. From all that he can learn she arrived here this week, and claims to hail from Twin Sisters, Neb. and claims to hall from Twin Sisters, Neb.
She stated to certain people that she was a
niece of Agent Bean, and that her mission
to this city was to look up her sister and
mother. The girl claims that she is heir to
a large estate, and is looking for her folks in
order to have things settled up.
She is well supplied with money, and
goes about the city in a barouche. She also
claims that she has an uncle who is a bank
cashier in Nebraska, and that he is putting cashier in Nebraska, and that he is putting up the money for her. Agent Dean states that he has no knowledge of any relatives in Nebraska, and is anxious to meet the girl, who it seems manages to keep clear of him.

HE MISSED HIS FOOTING.

A Passenger Meets Donth While Jumpin From a Train.

SEWICKLEY, January 11 .- George Richey, member of Gen. Alexander Haye's Coun cil 27. American Mechanics, was killed at Sewickley to-night. He had evidently jumped off No. 8, due at this point at 9:12.

THURMAN CALLED ON

To Keep the Democratic Members From Bolting Calvin S. Brice.

EVERY STRING IS BEING PULLED

That Will Bring Pressure to Bear Upon the - Recalcitrants. THE OLD ROMAN'S SON HAS WEAKENED.

for the Nominee.

Brice appealed to Allen G. Thurman to prevent a bolt of the Senatorial nomination. By the advice of his father young Thurman has withdrawn from the movement, and pledges his support. The adherents of the rainbow-chaser are therefore once more coufident. Representative Smith still holds aloof, however. Governor-elect Campbell has arrived at the capital.

COLUMBUS, January 11.-The sentiment favor of a bolt of the Democratic Senatorial caucus and the defeat of Colonel Brice has materially lessened since last night. The pressure brought against the three recalcitrant members has been very strong. Democrats pouring in from all over the State to attend the mangural exercises Monday, and each of them with a pointed ridicule for the members who have proposed to bolt the caucus, has made their

sitions unenviable. In the course of a large number of interviews with Democrats, they not only express the opinion that there will be no bolt, but denounce in strong terms men who would contemplate such a course. Representative nominee and not because he thinks he is the proper man for the place. While Counts has said nothing, the friends of Brice believe he will be all right when the time comes to vote.

SMITH NOT FIXED YET. Smith, of Franklin county, is the least liable to vote for Brice of any of the members. Colonel Brice and his friends were thoroughly aroused last night. They pulled on every line of influence to get the three men right. Mr. Brice spent all evening and till 2 o'clock this morning with Judge

Thurman. 1t is supposed he wanted to get the influence of Thurman with Smith, who is an old ence of Thurman with Smith, who is an old neighbor. Mr. Brice was also with Judge Thurman this afternoon. It is well known here that Allen W. Thurman has had a deal to do with the preliminary work of organizing the proposed bolt. He boasted of the tact with much pride yesterday.

He was seen to-day, and after explising his part in trying to keep Democratic members out of the caucus, said: "I have just had a long talk with my father on the subject, and he has led me to believe that my seems ago there will be a general application for wholesale license where applicants can fill the legal requirements, and if a retail license application shall also go through it will suit the majority of applicants much better than the other and they will willingly pay for both.

BARNWELL'S BAD MEN,

BARNWELL'S BAD MEN,

BARNWELL'S BAD MEN,

Seet Carolina County. ject, and he has led me to believe that my course in so doing is wrong. I am one of those who readily yield when convinced I am wrong. I sincerely desire that those who remained away from the caucus should attend the latest that the second are the second and the second are th

MANY CONGRATULATIONS. Colonel Brice has received numerous congratulatory messages. Edgar M. Johnson, New York, and John G. Prather, member National Democratic Committee of Missouri, wired their congratulations. B. B. Milliken, of Hamilton, sent "hearty congratulations." Among those who paid their respects were the following: Elliott H. Pendleton, Cincianati, who said: "The Democratic party will be well and truly represented, and the Senate soon see you are there for business and to further the best interests of the needle." Georges Physical of the people." George Donnenworth "and 2,000 Democrats," Bucyrus, said: "Accept

ongratulations. Court House bell ringing, etc."

A. P. Gorman, Washington: "Congratulations. Your nomination is more than a personal compliment. It is the just recognition of splendid services rendered to the Democracy." D. McConville, Washington, sent his "best wishes." J. J. Richardson, member National Committee, Iowa: "Hearty congratulations. A national victory has been won." C. J. Canda, Treasurer National Democratic Committee: "Accept my hearty congratulations. Your election gives me genuine pleasure." Ben Lelevre, New York: "The next Senator from Ohio will be an honor to the State and Lefevre, New York: "The next Senator from Ohio will be an honor to the State and ountry. Accept my heartiest congratula-

Governor-elect Campbell, with the members of his family, except Mrs. Campbell, arrived this evening. Governor Foraker is preparing to remove to Cincinnati, He has his household goods packed.

LEAVING TO-NIGHT.

The Randall Club Will Go to Columbus With Flying Colors. Last evening the rooms of the Randall Club presented a very animated appearance. The house was crowded with members making their final arrangements for the Columbus trip to-night. Ed Smith, of the Baltimore and Ohio, was kept busy in the hall furnishing the necessary tickets for transportation, sleeping botths and meals, while a representative of a prominent hat store held forth in the dining room handing out as required "from a large pile of boxes" the regulation Randall hat in uses to suit

all comers.

The committee in charge of the "buffet" were surrounded by hampers and baskets that spoke strongly of the good things, eatsble and otherwise, that were in store for the lucky travelers. Hustle and bustle was the order of the night, and yet everything was moving in the usual thorough, systematic and business-like manner that character-izes all the undertakings of this club. The club will turn out upward of 200 men, headed by the Great Western Band of 30 pieces. That they will hold their end up at Columbus in a manner worthy of the organ-ization and the city from which they hall

goes without saying.

President Weival announced that Mr. Ed. Smith and his assistant, Mr. C. E. Gregory, of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, would be in attendance at the club house to-day from 1 to 9 o'clock P. M. to mable to attend sooner.

General Guthrie, who will act as marshal for the occasion, announces the route of march as follows: From the club house down Sixth avenue to Liberty to Market to Fifth to Smithfield, to the Baltimore and Ohio depot. The line of march will be unable to attend sooner.

taken up at 9 o'clock P. M. prompt.

While in Columbus the club will be the guests of the Jackson Club of that city, and om the many other invitations received the two days will be fully occupied. The Great Western Band have become infected already with the enthusiasm of the me

DREADFUL RETRIBUTION.

PLANING MILL BURNED.

A Fire in Scho Last Evening Causes a Loss of Nearly \$12,000.

The planing mill and box factory owned by S. L. Nelson, and located on Second avenue, Soho, near the car stables, was entirely consumed by fire last night, entailing a loss of about \$12,000. The fire was first dis-covered about 8:20 o'clock and an alarm turned in from box 92. The building being frame and two-stories high was a sort of a

when the firemen reached the scene the fire was raging fiercely, and Assistant Chief Steel turned in a second alarm. The department made a noble effort to save part of partment made a noose enter to save part of the building, but their efforts proved fruit-less. They succeeded, however, in con-fining the flames to the one structure, and it was totally consumed, with its entire con-tents. The second avenue car stables were in great danger for a time and were on fire from the heat, but the blaze was soon put

Mr. Nelson stated last night that the building and machinery was owned by W. J. Richey, from whom it was leased. The loss on these would amount to \$5,000 on machinery, \$4,000 on the building, on which there was an insurance of about \$3,000, but in what company he could not state. Mr. Nelson's loss was about \$2,500 worth of lumber on which there was no insurance. John Dykeman occupied a small portion of the building as a cabinet shop, but his

loss was small.

Mr. Nelson could not account for the origin of the fire, stating that the fires under the boilers had been put out at noon on Saturday, and he knew of no other fire in the building.

James McQuaid and Harry Mathews were arrested for interfering with the fire-men, and were locked up in the Fourteenth ward station.

LEGAL LIQUOR LORE.

Dispensers of the Ardent Are Getting the Law Down.

Two judges may sit to hear license applications, and Judge Magee is likely to be one. While their Honors say but little, it Munson has promised an emissary that he will vote for Brice because he is the caucus as more or less of a bore. Again, one Judge does not like the responsibility resting on him and likes company, but the business of the courts is beginning to accumulate, and all will probably find enough to do to disall will probably find enough to do to dis-patch it promptly without having liquor license to retard. Judge Magee states that he has not been off the bench a single day since early in September, except holidays. A wrinkle that seems to grow in popu-larity the older it gets is an application for both wholesale and retail license by the same person. As the Supreme Court has stated that it is mandatory on the lower courts to grant wholesale license where legal requirements are complied with, many aprequirements are complied with, many ap-plicants think it will do them no harm to apply for both kinds of license. As stated some weeks ago there will be a general ap-

South Carolina County.

CHARLESTON, S. C., January 11 .- A colored man charged with burglary, was taken from'a deputy slieriff near Robbins, they should."

MANY CONGRATULATIONS.

in Barnwell county, Tuesday night, while on the way to jail, and was tied to a tree by the roadside when he was shot to death. The shooting was done by masked men sup-posed to be white.

Every effort has been made to conceal the murder, and as the scene of the lynching is

remote from news centers it is alm possible to get complete information.

Who want the best medicinal effect from a pure stimulant, we most confidently recommend our PURE EIGHT-YEAR-OLD

WHISKY.

SUGO ANT EXPORT

Assured by numerous indorsements of Physicians and Invalids who have used our Old Export, we feel secure in asking for it your especial consideration. Hundreds of persons, since the prevailing epidemic made its appearance, have been using Old Export in moderation as a pre-

ventive with success. Sold in Full Quarts \$1, or Six for \$5

And can be obtained only from Jos. Fleming & Son. DRUGGISTS:

412 Market Street, PITTSBURG, PA. We can now send Old Export C. O. D. to any point, except to persons of known in emperate habits and minors. jall-nwrsu

TO THE PUBLIC. TRY Hunter's Ketchup



HUGO BLANCK, Chemist,

FOR SALE BY THOS. C. JENKINS.

