FORTY-FOURTH YEAR.

Our Pulse and Temperature Taken by Dr. Different.

CHANCES OF AN EPIDEMIC,

And What the Always Disagreeing Medical Men Say of Them.

DISEASE GERMS IN BAD WEATHER,

And Ditto in Imagination, Afford Good Texts for Information.

THE GRIP GETS A SHARE OF THE GOSSIP

This is a disease-breeding winter; yet it is the healthiest we could possibly have. Disease germs breed and multiply in warm winters; but they don't; besides which there are no disease germs. Hence we must have an epidemic in the spring; but we won't. There is plenty of Russian-Asiatic-American influenza here; yet not a single genuine, well-authenticated case of it anywhere near. Dr. Diagnosis, of Pittsburg and Allegheny, says so, and says it from at least 100 stand-

* That worthy citizen, General Public, is just now somewhat apprehensive with regard to his health, and hers. The uncertain state of the weather, and the many ailments abroad, are enough to make even the initiated decidedly uneasy. For the purpose of saving the prominent Pittsburger alluded to the trouble and expense of a visit to his favorite physician, no less than with the idea of entertaining and making him better, if not well, this morning's DISPATCH presents to its readers the opinion of almost every prominent disciple of Æsculapius accessible to interviews in the two cities.

THEIR GENERAL SCOPE.

These opinions embrace the weather, the influenza and the possibilities of infectious disease later in the year. Some eminent medical lights were, it is true, too ill to be interviewed. Others had gone out of town, possibly to escape the attacks of the griphunting reporter. But it will be found that the names of weight omitted from THE DIS-PATCH's list of physicians are very few

The opinions quoted will be found to vary also in some really important particulars. The old saying that "doctors differ" seems to be admirably illustrated in this case. However, the number of those doctors who discase or embryo disease, while hot weather fosters it, is a cerrect one. But I don't really think that the weather is quite life."

The old saying that "doctors differ" seems time. The general theory that cold kills to distinguish their symptoms from those of the subject and said: "There is not the subject and said: "There is no the subject However, the number of those doctors who very evil effects from the late unseasonable epidemic. weather will be found to outbalance those who hold contrary views.

GETTING DOWN TO GEIP. In regard to the grip, many are in doubt; future. That ought to do have among the but as a great majority they appear to think germs, ought it not? As I have told you, that the genuine European influenza has the grip increasing. None of the cases not yet appeared among us. They admit, however, that a severe form of a similar discase is preyalent in Pittsburg. Some hold greater portion of those interviewed say that | with the influenza. Continuing he said: physicians of standing hold that cold spell of cold, frosty weather. I admit that weather would be eminently beneficial in I am a bit afraid of this late unseasonable destroying the germs of disease and driving weather. As you say, cold lessens epidemaway the influenza. The majority favor ics and kills the germs of some diseases, this theory, while a small but strong minor- while warm weather acts in an opposite ity deny it altogether.

A talk with officials of the Health Bureau would seem to discredit the rumors of grip prevalence, and to point out a decrease in | fluenza, caused for the most part by the fog mortality during the past month. Pnen-monia, however, say the Health Bureau

Dr. Joseph N. Dickson said: "No doubt monia, however, say the Health Bureau that eminent Dr. So-and-So says a warm

Judge Public himself, however, may call up the physicians in turn and hear what they have to say. He can sift the evidence in a sieve the meshes of which are of his own making, and draw his own conclusions. smallpex, and Pittsburg has had no smallown making, and draw his own conclusions.

DOWN TOWN VIEWS.

Some of Our Best-Known Physicians Diangree-Front Bud for Germs and Good for Them-No Germs at All, Says Onc.

"A case where doctors disagree" is presented. Hardly any two of the most reputable physicians down town express like views on the probable or possible results of an unseasonable winter. Their divergent views are appended: Dr. J. B. McClelland said: "I don't think

the mild weather will prove injurious. As to its fostering diseases, how can it do that when there are no discases to foster? We have splendid sewerage facilities; our river carries away everything that might breed disease; what then can we fear? The weather? That is nonsense. The slight in-crease in temperature, how unusual soever but hot winters and cold summers are highit may be, can do no real harm in fostering | ly beneficial. It is nonsense to say that "You ask me whether the state of the of disease from the mortality lists, and they

I think I can answer no. In Russis, when | tent. The old saw about a 'green Christmas' the disease started there, the weather was and a 'fat graveyard' must have had its orianything but mild. In fact it was unsea- gin in a country district. It was a very lying sonably cold. Here the weather is unsea- old saw in regard to big cities. If the cold sonably warm. Under two different condi- weather comes the papers will have a real tions of climate, the same disease rages; con- grievance. sequently, it cannot be the weather which causes the disease. I myself am a victim of grip, and some of my near relatives have a great-a very great-number of grip pa- It is not so virulent by any means. With

MANY CLEARLY DEFINED CASES. "I should say there are over 2,000 cases of genuine grip in Pittsburg at present. What I call grip is a very different thing from simple influenza. It brings bone-aching,

and is quite sudden in its effects." Dr. C. C. Wiley: "The weather is like the world-good for some and bad for others. You will be very liable to estch pneumonin; but you may escape altogether. About the mildness of the season generating disease, or fostering germs of disease, that I don't credit. Why is there such a scare about a Russian grip? It is not Russian, because it mild winter? What do we send invalids to had its origin in Asia. Grip is not conte-

Florida for during the winter? Why, to esto enjoy a mild season. Yet we are fright-ened when the Florida climate takes a trip North, to return our visits. Believe me, the only thing wrong with the weather is the damp.

"About the Pittsburg grip? Well, although I am a specialist in nervous diseases, I have had during the past few days some grip cases. One was a Chicagoan; another had just left Boston, the remainder hailed from Pittsburg. I don't think it is in the least degree dangerous. All the people who came here with grip were also suffering from

IMAGINATION AND PASHION. "Can it be that panie has caused the very large spread of the disease? I am afraid society people think it chic to have the grip just now, and that swells the lists of those attacked in the newspapers." Dr. E. G. Matson said: "I have no fear

of any important epidemic being generated by the unnatural weather. There have been many mild winters from which no evil effects resulted. As to the grip it is hardly an epidemic here yet. A few days ago I was wrongly quoted by a local newspaper which represented me as saying that there were no cases of grip in town. What I really did say was that no cases had come under my individual knowledge. I think it quite possible that to a certain degree the grip may become contagious. I read in a French medical journal yesterday that in one of the large Parisian stores grip broke out about the middle of November, and by the end of the month there were about 7,000 cases among the employes. I have talked with many doctors, none of whom regard the Pittsburg grip as serious. It is a much less virulent type than the grip of 1840. Some of my patients insist that they have got the grip, and, as it does not so much matter what they call their attack, I let them have their own way."

ENTIRELY VICE VERSA. Dr. D. B. Sturgeon said: "I feel certain that this extraordinary mild weather (leaving aside the damp altogether) will be productive of disease. It as an established fact that, while cold, if not too prolonged in duration, kills the germs of disease, unusually warm weather on the contrary tosters them. Of course if the cold be too prolonged it is apt to exhaust vitality. But warm weather in winter is always dangerous. The whole year has been mild; disease germs have been plentifully fostered; what are we to expect? confess the outlook is not over agreeable. Yes, there is any amount of influenza abroad; It may be grip, and it may not be grip; but it differs materially from other forms of influenza I have beretofore met with. It is much more sudden, and it is attended with far more violent aches than the

ordinary influenza." Dr. M. M. Dewey met the inquirer with the cheerful remark: "Well, the grip is ncreasing rapidly." On learning the object of the visit, he said: "Oh, the a good deal, not only in minor details, but | weather! Yes, that is the latest scare. Well, there are some grounds for the scare this don't really think that the weather is quit advance the reassuring opinions and fear no hot enough to nurseus into any very serious

> WHAT THE FROST MAY DO. "Moreover, I sm convinced that we will have lots of cold, and even frost, in the near

have been fatal, however, and I know of none that are dangerous." Dr. James McCann announced that his that our local attack is contagious; but the father, Dr. Thomas McCan, was very ill

is nothing of the kind. A number of "It would be much better if we had a good manner. I don't believe there is any grip. though, whatsoever. It is all nonsense and newspapers. A great deal of very bad in-

people, is virulent. No cases of epidemic weather such as this would foster disease influenza have been reported at the bureau. | germs. But are there any such germs in ex-It is, of course, highly interesting to read | istence? I, for one, do not think so. It would, I grant you, be far better if we got winter will multiply the disease germs; that frost at once. A moderate temperature is equally eminent Dr. Somebody Else says it always favorable to disease, and the present won't, and that yet another learned M. D. | temperature of from 600 to 650 is moderate. says there are no such things as disease On the contrary, a low temperature, such as 300, destroys disease.

WHAT WE MOST NEED. "Dry, cold weather is what we want, instead of warmth and damp. The only 'cold pox epidemic since 1873. Is the influenza in Pittsburg? Yes; but not the same influ-

enza which is in Europe. What is the dif. ference? Well, while the European disease is specific influenza, and consequently contagious, ours is non-specific influenza, and consequently non-contagious, You remember a serious epidemic which broke out among Pittsburg horses, somewhere in the 70's? Well that was a specific and a contagious disease. The reason we all are sick alike of the non-specific influenza, is a very simple one; we are subject to the same influences of temperature and climate. There is no danger in the Pittsburg grip; but it is undoubtedly a very uncomfortable

thing to get." WARM WEATHER JUST THE THING. Dr. W. Snively said: "Warm weather, for cities at least, is tar better than cold. Cold mild weather begets disease. We must judge weather caused the grip. To that question have not increased to any remarkable ex-

Dr. Thomas S. Shaw said that there was a great deal of influenza in Pittaburg and Allegheny. "However," he continued, "I can afflicted in a similar manner. I have cannot think that it is the European grip, regard to the weather, I agree with the general statement that heat and damp usually tend to germinate disease, but I do not think that we have had near enough heat or damp enough of late to do any harm. Cold? Well, yes, cold would be rather ad-vantageous. We had a little cold the other day, and I think it did a great deal of good. I think the grip has much de-

creased." NOT BUSSIAN, BUT ASIATIC. "I think the grip is here in good earnest.

gious; but thousands can take it by inhaling cape the cold of the Northern climate and the same atmosphere. You see, grip has been

the same atmosphere. You see, grip has been proven to have traveled at a rate of 300 miles a day. Thus it would be but a few short strides for this disease to pass from New York to Pitusburg."

Dr. Mercur admitted that the general principle of hot weather generating disease is correct. "However," he continued, "I think we may regard the hot weather as pretty well over. That it has done very much harm during the time; it issted, I cannot help believing. It has been most unnot help believing. It has been most un healthy weather in many ways, and was the sause of countless colds, not to mention the influenza plague. If we do not get some really cold weather soon, there is some likelihood of a serious epidemic. Yes, I have seen several cases of pleurisy. There is also any amount of quinsy abroad; more, perhaps, than in any previous year for a

long time."
Dr. Byers said: "The warm weather car have done little harm in cities that are supplied with good sewerage. Of course, nousually high temperature in winter has always the effect of making people languid, and leaves them predisposed to the attacks of epidemics. You know that in hot countries, fever and malaria are much more prevalent than in temperate regions.

HERE WITH A VENGEANCE. "The grip is certainly here with a venge "The grip is certainly here with a venge-ance. I have many grip putients. One of them visited me yesterday whose tempera-was as high as 104 degrees. The grip can hardly be called dangerous, except in the case of persons whose lungs are affected be-fore it attacks them. I have one such patient, and I am very anxious about him. There is little doubt that the coming of cold weather and frost would drive away the inweather and frost would drive away the in-

Dr. J. H. McClelland was visited; but he was suffering from a severe attack of in-fluenza and was unable to make any state-

Dr. R. McClelland said: "Evil might easily spring from the warm, damp weather in the East End. There has been so much rain lately that the earth has lost the power of saturation. It consequently rejects moisture, and there are constant foggy exhalations from our roads and streets. Street rubbish does not decay, and germs of disease are sent forth for us to inhale. The disease are sent forth for us to inhaic. The absence of frost always has the effect of bringing these germs into activity. Frost generally destroys them before they can do any mischief. In Pittsburg, where there are paved streets, the exhalations are hardly worth mentioning. On the whole, however, I must say that I do not apprehend any epidemic article from this vate of things. demic arising from this state of things

COMMON AMONG EAST ENDERS. "The soi-distant grip is very common in the East End. There are hundreds of cases. My brother, Dr. J. H. McClelland, is a victim, and I have scores of grip patients under my care. Labor enthusiasts, no doubt, regard it as a sort of appropriate retribution, that several of the cable-car line company's directors are suffering from the grip. The grip is not dangerous; but it generally leaves its effects, such as weakess and chest trouble, behind it."
Dr. Sauds said: "There is a surprising lack of disease considering the weather.
Mild weather is particularly favorable to
the spread and development of disease, and
is not infrequently followed by severe epidemics. I must own I am surprised at the extraordinarily small death rate this sea-

son. I have about 15 cases of genuine grip.
Others are suffering from pneumonia and
ordinary influenza; but it is an easy matter
to distinguish their symptoms from those of "You are correct in Dr. Cameron said: saying that warm and damp weather, such as we have lately endured, is often the forerunner of disease. The question is, has there been enough heat or damp to do any appreciable harm? For my part, I to elect?"

think not. Cold weather, however, would be a great safeguard; and the sooner it makes its appearance there will be no trouble about the election." the better for everybody. The usual winter diseases are abroad, and throat troubles are much more common than of late years. I have noticed a little typhoid and some rather

virulent influenza. This is hardly the European influenza, but it is more severe

than any form of the disease I have yet IT DOESN'T TOUCH THE POOR. Dr. Frank McDonald said: "The weather? Well, the weather is excellent weather for members of the medical profession. The rest of the human race, however, will not find it by any means so agreeable. For invalids, and shose confined to their homes, the unnatural warmth is not so bad; it is even favorable for their recovery in some degree. I must say, that in my opinion, there are far more colds and coughs in weather like this than in the midst of frost and snow. Other diseases also increase, and there is hardly a doctor in town who will not tell you that his list of patients has been nearly doubled since these unusual atmospheric conditions set in. As to this weather generating diseases, that is as it maybe. I am not prepared to give a as it maybe. I am not prepared to give a definite opinion on the subject, but, this much I can say, the weather is distinctly impure. It may sow the germs of disease in the lungs, from which the patient will find it hard to recever.

"Now, with regard to our friend the 'grip." I don't believe you or I will get the win if we take proper care of ourselves.

grip if we take proper care of ourselves. First of all we must not take off our usual winter underwear under the impression that this delusively delicious weather is going to last. For the rest, if we take the ordinary precautions against taking cold, such as wrapping ourselves up when going into the open air from a heated room, we shall be all

OUT FOR THE UPPER CRUST. "I have about 26 cases of the grip; 12 of these are serious, but none so serious as to make me apprehend any danger. I'll tell you a curious thing I've noticed. The grip is almost altogether confined to the upper classes of society. I am city physician in a poor district, yet I have noticed not a single poor district, yet I have noticed not a single case of the grip among the laboring people. Of course you will laugh and say that many fashionable ladies call a slight cold 'la grippe' just because 'la grippe' is fashionable. That is true, but then I do not count these ladies in my list of influenza patients. That the grip will spread there is little doubt; that it will be dangerous, I don't believe half the deaths reported are the result of grip. Most of them come from a combination of bronchitis and pneumonia."

Dr. Dodge had just recovered from an attack of grip. He said: "I am a specialist in chronic diseases, and have for some years given to recovered. given up general practice. However, when I got the influenza myself, I was necessarily obliged to pay some attention to the subject. I think this weather is seriously detrimental to health; and its results later on will be only too apparent. You will find its relaxing influence will leave people quite weak, and at the mercy of any spell of cold or east wind, which may come later on in

the early spring.' A LADY PHYSICIAN'S VIEW OF IT. Dr. S. Cornelin O'Keefe considered that this wenther would result, if indeed it had not already resulted, in serious bron-chial trouble. She continued: "There is more influenza abroad than ever remember to have known in Pittsburg before, Besides this, diphtheria has been fairly prevalent, and I consider this as another result of the weather. The weather is terrible in the matter of prolonging colds and such ailments. The damp, maddy streets, the foggy weather and the frequent rains, make it a bad time for the wayfarer. As to the after effects of such a state of things they cannot be good. such a state of things they cannot be good, and I fear they are going to be had. You see all this warmth and dampness is prostrating. It opens up the pores of the skin

and keeps them open.
"You ask about the grip? Surely you don't believe that the influence now abroad Continued on Sixth Page.

STILL IN THE WOODS, a meeting of the Republican County Committee, held today his candidacy for Cov. Calvin 8. Brice Will Scarcely be

HIS ATTORNEYS HARD AT WORK

Elected Senator on Tuesday.

Studying the Statute Which Will Govern the Legislature.

REPRESENTATIVE SMITH SURE TO BOLT, And it is Very Probable That He Will be Supported by Other Members.

Calvin S. Brice and his friends are much worried by the report that his nomination will not be unanimously accepted by the Democratic members. Many lawyers are looking up the statutes to see what number of votes will be required to elect a Senator. There is a wide difference of opinion upon the subject. Every effort is being made to bring the bolters into line.

PRINCIPAL TRUNCHAN TO THE DISPATCH. COLUMBUS, January 10 .- The point raised exclusively in to-day's DISPATCH as to whether it will require a majority of all the members elected or a majority of those voting to choose a United States Senator next Tuesday has been receiving a great amount of attention in Columbus today. The law upon the subject reads as

follows:

Each House shall openly, by a viva voce vote of each member present, name one person for Senator in Congress from such State, and the name of the person so voted for who receives a majority of the whole number of votes cast in each House shall be entered on the journal of that House by the clerk or secretary thereof; or, if either House thaits to give such majority to any person on that day, the fact shall be obtered on the journal. At 12 o'clock meridian of the day following that on which proceedings are required to take place, as atcread, the members of the two Houses shall convene in joint assembly, and the journal of each House shall then be read, and if the same person has received a majority of all the votes in each House, he shall be declared duly elected Senator. But if the same person has not received a majority of the votes in each House, or if either House has failed to take proceedings as required by this section, the joint assembly shall then proceed to choose, by a viva voce vote of each member present, a person for Senator, and the person who receives a majority of all the wotes of the joint assembly, a majority of all the wotes of the joint assembly, a majority of all the votes of the joint assembly, a majority of all the wotes of the joint assembly, a majority of all the members elected to both Houses being present and voting, shall be declared duly elected. If no person receives a such majority on the first day, the joint assembly, shall mest at 12 o'clock meridian of vach succeeding day during the session of the Legislature, and shall take at least one vote, until a Senator is elected.

As soon as the danger was fully realized the Brice headquarters became lively for the time being, and General B. N. Rice, W. D. Hill and Frank Hurd were joined by other distinguished local lawyers, and they proceeded to investigate as to what would be required. They have spent the greater portion of the afternoon on the subject. The better judges whom one meets are of the opinion that 76 votes will be required to

General Rice was asked what there was out. But I am informed that they will all vote for Brice, that the matter has been looked after and the members are all right."
"Are you sure about the number it takes

RICE IS CONFIDENT. ral Rice claimed the members were all right on the vote, but has not seen them and was simply told such was the fact. Representative Smith, the old member from Franklin, stated to-day: "I told all inquirers six weeks ago that I would not vote for Brice in case he was nominated, and when I learned yesterday he had a sure thing in the caucus, I refused to attend, not desiring to be bound by it. The report circulated last night that I have sent word that I would report the tenders were the that I would support the nominee was the talk of a cheap politician, who had no au-thority for making any such statement." There can be no question about the position of Smith, and if a majority of the members elected is required Mr. Brice will have to secure at least the other two who were not in the caucus last night. Mr. Counts is about the streets to-day and says he was not feeling well last night. He refuses to say whether he will support the caucus nominee,

and, in fact, refuses to talk. PROBABLY AGAINST BRICE. It is claimed that he has told an intimate triend or two that he will not do so. Munson, the third member in the question, went to his home in Licking county to-day. He is an aged man, and is not only an intimate friend, but has great faith in Judge Thur-Representative Blue, of Licking, followed Munson to work on him in the interest of Brice, but whether he has accomplished anything or not remains to be seen Munson took an oath before leaving for home he would not support Brice. A. W. Thurman and Al Carlisle had

long consultation to-day. Thurman states that neither of the three men named will vote for Brice. He is quoted as having said they are pledged not to do so. The gossip on the subject is extensive. It is not be-lieved for a moment the members of their own accord would bolt the caucus. There is system in the action. The object is to select some other Democrat than Calvin S. Brice. Several schemes are reported. One is that Senator Marshall, of Dayton, who was the supporter of McMahon in the caucus, pro poses to be sick, as well as another Senator, next Tuesday, which, with the absence of the three who did not attend the caucus, will prevent a vote being taken.

ENCOURAGING THE BOLT. ENCOURAGING THE BOLT.

There are members who were in the caucus who are encouraging the movement, but they do not care to be known at this time. The Brice people state that in case the three members persist in a bolt they can fill out the vacancies by death by having Governor Campbell order new elections for Defiance, where Knapp died, and in Franklin, where is is thought Lawler will also die. This, of it is thought Lawler will also die. This, o course, would delay the election over

a proclamation for the election of a member to succeed Kuapp on the ground that the latter's funeral would not take place till tomorrow. Brice's attorneys are still looking over the law on Senatorial elections to-night.
Two off-hand opinions as to the number of votes required were secured by The Disparch correspondent. General MacMahon said: "I don't believe dead men will count. I think it will only require a majority of the actual living numbers." Lawrence T. Neal took an opposite view, and said: "I think it will take a constitutional majority of all the members elected. I would not like to go to a Republican Senate with a less number." A story was started to-night to the effect

that the Republicans were willing to vote for Allen G. Thurman in order to defeat

OSBORNE HAS A BOOM. Indorsed for Governor by Luxurne County Republicans-They Have Great Con-

fidence in Him-A Buckset WILKESBARRE, January 10.—Congress man Edwin S. Osborne is a happy man, At

ernor was unanimously indorsed through the medium of the following resolutions, which

SATURDAY, JANUARY 11, 1890-TWELVE PAGES

were adopted:

We recognize in E. S. Osborne a brave, truehearted soldier of the Republic, an honorable
and upright citizen, a successful lawyer, and an
honest man, and we know him to be a man true
to the Republican party and the people, when
in the past they have delegated their interests
to him. He has, on the battlefield and in civil
iffe, borne to victory both the flag of his country and the banner of his party. His course in
Congress, the firm position taken by him in the
dame of protection for American industries,
his champiouship of the soldler veteran, all entitle him to the commendation of the people
generally. Therefore, be it

"Resolved, That this committee here assembled, representing the Republicans of Luzerne
county, the home of General Osborne, take
great pleasure in heartily indorsing his candidacy for Governor, and hereby pledge themselves to use all honorable means to accomplish
his nomination and election as the Chief Executive of our State.

In addition to the above, another resoluwere adopted:

In addition to the above, another resolution, having in view the prompt organiza-tion for work in behalf of Congressman Os-borne, under the title of "the General Osborne Campaign Committee," was adopted.

The Evening Leader, commenting editorially on the action of the County Committee,

In the bold declarations of the Luserne leaders made yesterday it is certain that they mean to push things for Osborne, and that Senator Watres' ambitions for Lieutenant Governor must surrender to the inevitable.

DEMOCRATS DON'T BOLT. Marat Halstend Says Brice Cannot Beaten Out of His Election-Ho

Still Thinks | Foster Should

Not be Complimented. CHICAGO, January 10 .- Murat Halatead was in the city to-day on his way from Denver to Cincinnati. To a reporter he expressed himself on things political. He didn't place much reliance in the report which came from Columbus that Brice might not be elected by the Ohio Assembly after all, owing to the fact that one Democratic member is dead, another Democratic member is reported to be dying, and three others didn't attend last night's caucus. "There is, I know," said he, "talk of a bolt by the Democrats, but there is nothing in it. Democrats don't bolt. Brice will be

"Who will be the choice of the Republicans?" "I don't know. Probably Foster, but they shouldn't choose him. They ought not to give their vote, though a complimentary one, to a representative of the money inter-est in politics. Such a man is Foster. It est in polities. Such a man is Foster. It may be misfortunate, but it is true, and shouldn't be done. No, there is no possibility of their defeating Brice, no matter whom they nominate. But there is a future, and they should nominate a man for whom they would have nothing to apologize. Mr. Brice lives in New York, and is the representative solely of monopolies, trusts and millionaires. He isn't an Ohioan, and to give him a seat in the Senate is simply giving New York three Senators. Mr. Brice may have serious difficulty in holding his seat, on that account, for on New York seat, on that account, for on New York aqueduct bonds he swore he lived in New York, and he hasn't yet changed his place

ACCEPTED WITH AN IF.

Hen. John H. Thomas' Organ on the Result SPRINGFIELD, O., January 10 .- Regarding the salection of Calvin S. Brice by last night's Democratic caucus at Columbus, the Springfield Daily Democrat, Hon. John H.

Thomas organ, says: The nomination and election of either Thomas, McMahon, Seney, Baker, Hunt, Geddes, McSweeney, Neal or Outhwaite would Geddes, McSweeney, Neal or Outhwaits would have held the Democratic vote of the State entire, as well as the greater portion of the labor and independent vote, and would have allied new forces. The Democrat hopes the same is true of Mr. Brice, and accepts the situation as the result of the wisdom of the Democracy of the State. John H. Thomas, te whose efforts, more than to those pf any other man, is due the fact that there is a Democratic Legislature, is to be congratulated on the cratic Legislature, is to be congratulated on the open, honorable, honest canyass which he made for Senator. There was nothing dis-

made for Senator. There was nothing dishonorable or discreditable to the Democracy in his efforts to obtain the honor. It would be well for the Democratic party if it had more men in its ranks of the same sterling, able, incorruptible qualities.

While accepting the situation as gracefully as possible under the circumstances, the Democrat cannot refrain from declaring that there were instances in which certain members of the Legislature—a few—acted parts which are nothing less than a disgrace and a scandal upon the Democratic party. It would be unwise not call attention to this fact, for the party is ultimately injured by such unscrupulous characters.

NOT MUCH INTERESTED.

The Usual Arrangements for the Democratic Campaiga Committee. WASHINGTON, January 10 .- At a slimly

attended Democratic caucus this evening the usual resolution was adopted for the naming of the campaign committee, namely, that each State and Territory having Demo-cratic Representatives shall select one to represent it on the committee.

No formal method was provided for the selection of members of the committee from States whose delegations are solidly Republican, but the usual rule will be tollowed, allowing the committee to fill vacancies by

TWO YOUTHFUL LITIGANTS.

Chicago Boy of 6 Brings Sait Against Lad of 13 Years. CHICAGO, January 10 .- A lawsuit of a peculiar nature is on trial in Judge Tuthill's court. The complainant and defendant are both boys, the former being but 6 years old. The defendant, Freddie Moe-6 years old. The defendant, Freddie Moe-ker, is suing Phila O'Keef, who is 13 years than his boarding companions. The two old, for \$10,000 damages. In June, 1885, the O'Keef boy was visiting his aunt. He and some other little boys were throwing stones, and one of them struck Freddie, who was in front of his parents' house. The stone destroyed the boy's right eye sight. The young defendant denied, on the witness-stand to-day, that he threw the stone that caused the injury.

A judgment against a minor is of no

value, but the attorney for the Moeker boy said that young O'Keef would inherit some property when he became of age, and judg-PIPTEEN HORSES SUFFOCATED.

othered to Donth While Being Shipped I a Box Car. NEWARK, N. J., January 10 .- Eighteen horses were shipped in a car, via the Central yesterday, and when the car was opened this morning, 15 of the horses were found suf-

focated, only three being alive.

They had been shipped in an ordinary-freight car, and the lack of ventilation killed them. An Electric Light Employe Killed. NEW ORLEANS, January 10.-About 5 o'clock this evening a flywheel in the small dynamo room of the Louisiana Electric Light plant broke, killing Joseph Desben, oiler. The accident left the city in darkness until 9 P. M., when the machinery was set

53-SPORTS of a legitimate character will be fully covered in TO-MORROW'S 20-PAGE NUMBER. Horsemen will find therein all the latest gossip from the Blue Grass region.

HELP FROM ABROAD

To be Drafted in to Buck Against the Standard Oil Company.

MILLIONS OF FOREIGN CAPITAL To Construct New Pipe Lines From the Oil

Fields to the Coast. NEW WAY TO COMBAT MONOPOLY

Foreigners,

A combination of Pennsylvania oil producers and foreign capitalists is reported as about formed, whereby the Standard Oil Company will have a formidable rival. The plan is to construct new pipe lines to the coast for the producers, using the foreign capital for that purpose. President Rocke-feller, of the Standard, says he knows nothing of any such combination INPECTAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH, I

NEW YORK, January 10 .- A combination being made between some of the principal oil producers of Pennsylvania and the owners of foreign capital, for the purpose of constructing new pipe lines between the oil fields and the coast. The movement is the most important in the oil industry which has been attempted since the Standard Oil Company secured its monopoly of pipe line transportation. It contemplates the purchase, outright, of wells valued at \$10,-000,000; the construction of competing pipe lines, and a combination of many of the principal producers who do not sell their

The Standard Oil Company does not own the wells which supply it with oil. It acts nominally only as a transportation agent. It delivers to the well owners warehouse receipts for the oil delivered to it, and these receipts are negotiable.

'TIS ALL-POWERFUL. But as a matter of fact, the Standard Oil Company, as everybody knows, practically controls the price of oil, and it is all-power

ful in the trade. The American representative of the foreign capitalists who are interested in the scheme is a gentleman who has placed many millions of foreign capital in this country. He said, when asked about the matter to-He said, when asked about the matter to-day: "Yes, negotiations have been for some time in progress and are now well advanced for the purchase of Pennsylvania oil wells and the building of new pipe lines. It is intended to do the same business as the Standard Oil Company, but in combination with the production of oil. In the present situation about all the profit goes not to the producers, but to the transporting agent producers, but to the transporting agent, which nominally is all the Standard Oil Company claims to be. That company is obliged, under its charter, to transport all the oil offered it, but by a twisting of its privileges it completely controls the oil market, and the actual producers of oil ar-

MERELY TO MARKET IT. "The combination which is now under way is simply to enable producers in the oil

region to market their product without any manipulation of prices and squeezing of big profits by monopolizing middle men. All the wells included in the enterprise are All the wells included in the enterprise are in Pennsylvania."
"Do you propose entering into active competition with the Standard Oil Company?"
"Not unless it is necessary. We are not going into the enterprise to make war. We propose simply to bring the product of certain wells to the seaport market. If the Standard Oil recole starts were or retermined.

Standard Oil people start a war of rates we protect our interests. Mr. J. D. Rockefeller, President of the Standard Oil Trust, said to-day that he knew nothing about any combination be-tween oil producers and foreign capitalists for the construction of new pipe lines.

DRUGGED TO DEATH.

Three Men Arrested for the Alleged Murder of a Comrade-Jealousy Believed to Have Caused a Crime-Romance of a Marder. ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1

GOWANDA, N. Y., January 10 .- Police Justice Kavanaugh to-day held a partial examination in a case which promises to be very sensational in its nature. Earle Sillman, a farm laborer, worked and boarded on a farm at Persia, four miles from here, until his death from oplum poisoning, in Septem-ber last. Sillman had been in the habit of using the drug, and it was given out that he of the dog, it is said, showed evidences of died of an overdose. Subsequent developments tinge the death

arresting three companions of the dead man on a charge of murder. A complaint was made to the District Attorney some time since, but the evidence was difficult to secure. The three prisoners are William Burdick, John Hobseker and William Lacey, who were boarders at the house where Sillman lived. A pretty farm girl who was courted by Sillman and Burdick has since married the latter. District Attorney Waring claims to have enough evidence to make a case against all three prisoners. He refuses to give the de-tails, but the murder is attributed to jeal-ousy resulting from the favoritism of the girl for Sillman, and the fact that he seemed

lovers had an open rupture, and Hobacker and Lacey sided with Burdlok. The quarrel was a prelude to Sillman's mysterious death. Sillman's body was dug up last week and examined, and some marks were found about the head and neek that gave color to the suspicion that he died a violent death. It is believed that the three men forced Sillman to swallow a fatal dose of the drug, and that the injuries were inflicted while he was trying to avoid taking it.

TAKEN TROM A SINKING SHIP. Nineteen Sullers Rescued and Brought

Safely to New York. NEW YORK, January 10 .- The steamship Stag, which left Bremen on December 7, arrived here this morning. Her passage was so rough that it took her 31 days to make the voyage which usually takes but Railroad, from Pennsylvania to this city 16 days. When in latitude 54° 61', and latitude 230 44, the lookout sighted a sinking vessel flying a flag of distress. Two boats put off to the wreck, despite the heavy sens and returned with the captain, and a

crew of 18 men. The sinking vessel proved to be the Shakespeare. They had suffered much from exposure. The captain afterward died on the Stag and was buried at sea. The crew are now being cared for by the German Con-

Ham'lton Seeking a Divorce. ELMIRA, N. Y., January 10 .- Robert Ray Hamilton is in town collecting evidence for his divorce suit against his wife. She sought refuge in Elmira at the time she pretended to give birth to the \$10 baby, and she spent her time here with "Dotty"

KELLEY'S 2 ESSOR. State Senator Reyburn the Inside Track—Ja Chief Opposent

Date of the Elet ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH I PHILADELPHIA, January 10 .- Until this afternoon scarcely any other name was mentioned among local politicians as the prob able successor of Congressman William D. Kelley than State Senator John E. Reyburn, but it has been developed that there is a fear that because of the stand taken against Senator Quay by Scon-tor Reyburn, at Harrisburg, last winter, in the matter of the election of a chief clerk of the Senate; when Thomas B. Cochran, of Lancaster, was defeated for the place by Russell Erret, of Pittsburg, that the friends of the junior United States Senator will be

found opposing Senator Reyburn's advance The wiser heads say that as Reyburn is in line with Quay's friends in local politics no interference will be made. Within the past 12 hours there has been a great deal of talk 12 hours there has been a great deal of talk among the Republican workers of the district, many of whom favor the nomination of James Dobson, the big carpet manufacturer. Representative C. Harry Fletcher, who is also one of the secretaries of the Republican City Committee, in speaking of Dobson's chances for the nomination, said:

Should James Dobson be a candidate for the office the workers of his ward will be the office, the workers of his ward will be found in line working for his nomination. Should Mr. Dobson, however, dealed not to

be a candidate, my impression is that the next choice of the ward would be Senator John E. Reyburn, of the Fifteenth ward. Frineda of Charles A. Porter, who is to succeed Allen B. Rorke as Chairman of the Republican City Committee, say that Mr. Porter will favor Mr. Dobson's nomination, and that the Twenty-first, Twenty-eighth and Thirty-second wards will send almost united delegations to the nominating convention in layer of Mr. Dobson.

DATE OF THE ELECTION. It's Quite Liable to Depend on the Needs of s the Party. SPECIAL TRLEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE.4

HARRISBURG, January 10 .- Governor Beaver stated to-night that he would issue a writ for the election of a successor to Congressman Kelley at the municipal election, on the 18th of next month, if not sooner. The writ will probably be issued to the Sheriff of Philadelphia, soon after the funeral of the deceased, and the time to fill the vacancy will likely depend largely on the political exigencies in the lower House of Congress. If the Governor should not fix an earlier day than the 18th of February, it would be because of the state of t

would be because of the extra expense a spe-cial election would entail. Governor Beaver expressed his regret that Senator Reyburn should be mentioned as the probable Republican candidate, as his valuable service in the Senate could not easily be dispensed with,

IN MEMORY OF THE DEAD. The House Passes Appropriate Resolutions and Then Adjourns.

WASHINGTON, January 10 .- Immediately after the reading of the journal, Mr. O'Neill, of Pennsylvania, offered a series of appropriate resolutions on the death of Judge Kelley, which were adopted, and the House then, as a mark of respect, adjourned. A meeting of the Pennsylvania delegation was men and their negro companion. The fugitives fied up the Pennsylvania Railrond, held in the lobby of the House this afternoon, at which Mr. O'Neill presided.

Mr. Dalzell offered suitable resolutions concerning the death of Judge Kelley, which were adopted. The delegation re-solved to attend the funeral in a body. The

services at Philadelphia will be held on Sunday or Monday.

Vice President Morton has appointed Senators Sherman, Cameron, Manderson, Butler and Colquitt to represent the Senate

POISONED A MAN AND HIS DOG. lerious Charge Brought by Frank Loutwell Against His Wife.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE. SYRACUSE, N. Y., January 10 .- The grand jury in session in Oswego is considering a case of alleged poisoning. Frank Loatwell, of Orwell, Oswego county, accuses Last fall, Loatwell says, he went hunting, taking his dog and a lunch of bread and cake prepared by his wife. At noon he ate of the lunch and gave some of it to his dog, and soon afterward he became sick, and fearing that he had been poisoned, he are the for his dog, and soon afterward he became sick, and fearing that he had been poisoned, he started for his father's house, a mile away, which he reached in time to have antidotes prove effective. The dog died. The stomach

MURDERED BY MISCREANTS.

strychnine poisoning.

An Aged Single Woman Beaten and Choked to Death by Robbers.
TORONTO, January 10.—An old woman named Jane Speers was found in her house

in the rear of No. 18 Agnes street yesterday afternoon so badly assaulted and choked with a rope that she died a few hours later at the hospital from her injuries. Miss Speers was an old maid. She lived alone and was thought to have considerable money. About 4 o'clock yesterday her neighbor, Mrs. Ward, heard her call for help, and went to her spartments. She found Miss Speers lying on the floor with blood issuing from her mouth, nose and ears. She was taken to the hospital, and died at 7 o'eloek.

The police have not yet found the perpetrators of the crime. It is believed the first intention of the woman's assailants was rob-bery, and that, being interrupted by Miss Speers, they attacked her. Her house was sacked and all the valuables were stolen,

OVER IN CANADA NOW. An English Syndiente After All the Whole-

sale Grocery Stores. TORONTO, January 10 .- The wholesale grocers of this city, Montreal, Hamilton, London, Ottawa and Kingston, have been approached in behalf of an English syndicate, which is endeavoring to secure control of the wholesale grocery trade of Canada. It is understood that most of them have decided to sell out, and have, given options of their business for a certain length of time. Although the grocers are mum as to the details of the scheme, it is understood if the scheme should be a successful one, a board of directors would control the entire business of the country, but that for the present

each house would continue as it is.

Millions That Went Up to Smoke. CHICAGO, January 10 .- The annual report of D. W. Gillen, the reporter of the Fire Insurance Patrols system, which was made to-day, shows that the total loss in Chicago by fire during the year 1889 amounted to \$2,251,471 91. This amount exeds the loss of the year previous by about

\$5,000,000 to be Invested. BIRMINGHAM, ALA., January 10 .- It is reported that English capitalists will invest \$5,000,600 in Gadsden, Ala., and a later dis-patch from Gadsden says that negotiations are pending, and that the trade may be closed to-day.

MURDERERS KNOWN

The Coils Tightened Around the Slayers of Mrs. Paul Rudert.

AT THE RESUMED INQUEST TO-DAY

Positive Identity of the Criminals Will be Established.

KILLIAN IS WOUND UP IN THE MESHES.

Prisoners at Steubenville Thought to be Griffin and Conroy.

County and city officials who have been working on the murder of Mrs. Rudert, at Tarentum December 23, say that the identity of the criminals has been positively discovered, and will be revealed at the inquest to-day. Killian is said to be involved. Detectives have gone to Stenben-ville to see two prisoners there.

The murderers of Mrs. Rudert, of Tarentum, who was killed at 10 o'clock on the night of Monday, December 23, will be ap-prehended. This word was given out yesterday by detectives who have been working on the case.

There has been a general feeling among the people, ever since the foul murder occurred, that the perpetrators would never be brought to justice. They are supposed to be wandering thieves, not known here, and capable of escaping into the misty heterogeneousness of trampdom. This feeling will be dispelled to-day. The Coroner's inquest, which was adjourned from December 28 in order to allow County Detactive Langhorst time to discover the criminals, will be resumed at 9:30 o'clock this forences at the town hall in Tarentum. While the county detective has not discovered the men wanted, other officers working on the case, and the keen agents of a local detective agency, have succeeded in establishing, beyond a doubt, the identity of the men who killed Mrs. Rudert.

A POSITIVE VERDICT. The testimony to be adduced to-day will abow who the guilty parties are. The chain of evidence, as one of the workers in the case said yesterday, is tighter than a grip. The testimony will not only show who the but will connect Killian, now in custody, with the robbery which led to the murder. Coroner McDowell said yesterday that the evidence expected to-day would fix the criminality, and would enable the jury to bring in a positive variety assets. bring in a positive verdict accusing on men of Mrs. Rudert's murder.

Once that the verdict has been rendered. Once that the verdict has been rendered, the country will be flooded with copies of photographs of the accused men, which are in the possession of Inspector McAleese. If the men are not already in custody at Steubenville, it is expected that they will be found without much delay, in a work-

house somewhere within 100 miles.

The men who killed Mrs. Rudert are believed to have escaped across to the east side of the Allegheny river. On December 28 Chief of Police Donovan had his skirmish crossed the Monongahela and made toward the south or west. On December 31 two white men and a negro

committed a highway robbery near Bridge-ville, a short distance beyond Mansfield. A man named Ross was robbed of his watch and a roll of paper currency. Descriptions of the robbers sent to Inspector McAlesse convinced him that the miscreants were the same men who had fired on Denovan. They had crossed the Monongahela above Brad-dock and made across the country toward the Obio river.

MAY BE GRIFFIN AND CONBOY. Last Thursday evening Inspector Mc-Aleese received a telephonic message from Mayor Brashear, of Steubenville. The Mayor said that two men were arrested there, who, he thought, might be Griffia and Conroy, the "crooks" wanted for the Tarentum murder. The men had come into his wife, Roxie, of attempts upon his life, the town during the afternoon, and, walking this wife is under \$500 bail. They were up the main street, had stolen an overcoat married 11 years ago. Mr. Lostwell had a 12-year-old daughter by a former wife. This daughter, it is said, did not receive favor from her stepmother, which brought trouble between Loatwell and his wife.

They were in under 2000 bail. They were up the main atrest, had stolen an overcont from a frame in from of a clothing store. The proprietor called on the police. Two officers went after the thieves, and caught them at the dutakirts. The robbers fired several shots and fought desperately against several shots and lought desperately against arrest. They were overpowered and taken to the lockup. Mayor Brashear tried to give a description of the men by telephone, but just about that time the rain set in hard and the induction was too much for the long line. Inspector McAleese then wired Mayor Brashear for a description of the prisoners. At 4:30 yesterday afternoon the following telegram was received:

telegram was received:

STEUNENVILLE, O., January 10.

One goes by name James Kelly, 5 feet 5 inches, weight 170; dark hair, blue eyes. Other by name William McKann, 5 feet 7 inches, weight 180; dark hair, blue eyes; peculiar look in eyest large nose. Fought desperately when arrested.

O. BEASHEAR.

WATCHES AND RINGS. The telephone conveyed the information that the men when searched were found to have in their possession a lot of watches and rings. Inspector McAleese was not able to say that the men were Griffin and Conray, the descriptions being so vague, but he co sidered the arrests worth investigating. He wired Mayor Brashear at 11 o'clock that two officers would be in Steubenville shortly after 2 o'clock.

At 12:15 o'clock last night Detectives Coulson and Fitzgerald left this city on the Panhandle road for Steubenville. They will arrive there shortly before 2 o'clock, Pittsburg time. They expect to see the prisoners, and return to this city in time to get to Tarentum on the morning train, if the men under arrest in the river town be the men under arrest in the river town be the men wanted. Messrs, Coulson and Fitzgerald have in their possession full de-scriptions of the watches stolen from Rudert's store in Tarentum. Detective Fitzgerald went at the special request of Coroner McDowell.

SHOT DEAD BY A WOMAN. An Elmira Farmer Killed in a Dispute About Money.

ELMIRA, N. Y., January 10 .- At 4 o'clock this afternoon Chief of Police Little was summoned to the house of Mrs. Mary Ellenberger, in Church street, where it was reported a man had shot himself. When the Chief opened the front room it struck against the body of William Edwards, a well-to-do farmer, residing in this county. He was lying on his face in a pool of blood, and a revolver was found by his side. Mrs. Eilen-horser was the only licing towards of the berger was the only living inmate of the house. She said that she and Edwards had house. She said that she and Edwards had quarreled over money matters and that he drew a revolver and threatened to sheot her. In her attempts to take the weapon from him it was discharged, and a ball took effect in Edwards' head.

It was discovered that the ball had been fired into the back of Edwards' neek and that his coat collar had been turned by the

powder. Mrs. Eilenberger was arrested for the murder. Edwards and Mrs. Eilenberger have maintained intimate relations for several years. The woman is a widow. Edwards was married and had a family.

AT-HAGGARD'S BEATRICE, a faccinating romance, will please every reader. The second installment will appear in TO-MORROW'S 23-PAGE DISPATCH.