FIRST LADY FOR A DAY

Raby McKee's Mamma Presides With All Possible Grace at the

Given Under the Auspices of the Present Administration.

ONE OF THE MOST BRILLIANT SCENES

Ever Witnessed in the Parlors of the Home of the Chief Magistrate.

The first New Year's reception at the White House since the advent of President Harrison was given yesterday. Mrs. McKee prended, and her beauty and grace were the autiect of universal remark. All of the countries having diplomatic relations with the United States were represented.

WASHINGTON, January 1 .- The New Your began with a cold, disagreeable rain, which continued throughout the day, and this naturally had a depressing effect upon those who had prepared a programme for visits. The White House was, as usual, the central point of interest. There have been, of course, many similar occasions at this historic mansion, but those whose memory and experience add weight to their judgment argree that no one one of its prefirst received. They were presented by Secmemory and experience add weight to their fors has exceeded in brilliancy the first retary Blaine, assisted by other officials of

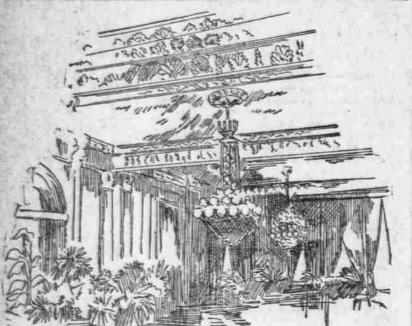
Mrs. McKee, the Vice-President and Mrs. Morton, the Secretary of State, and Mrs. S. B. Eikins, the Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. Windom, the Attorney General and Mrs. Miller, the Postmaster General and Mrs. Wanamaker, the Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Tracy, the Secretary of the Interior and Mrs. Noble, the Secretary of Actions were also and Mrs. Prok and the Secretary of Actions were also and Mrs. Prok and the Secretary of Actions were also as a secretary of the Secretar

Interior and Mrs. Noble, the Secretary of Agriculture and Mrs. Rusk and the Secretary of War and Mrs. Logan.

Colonel Ernest, of the army, and Lieutenant Parker, of the navy, acted as masters of ceremonies, the former making the presentations to the President, except in case of special presentations, and the latter repeating the introductions to Mrs. McKee, who INITIAL NEW YEAR'S RECEPTION occupied the place next to the President. The other ladies assisting were ranged next in order as follows: Mrs. Morton, Mrs. Windom, Mrs. Miller, Mrs. Wanamaker, Mrs. Tracy, Mrs. Nobie and Mrs. Rusk. The toilets of the ladies were singularly rich and headening and were greatly admired as and becoming, and were greatly admired on all sides.

THE TEMPORARY FIRST LADY. Mrs. McKee wore a beautiful dress of white armene silk, with square neck and full elbow sleeves, made a la Martha Wash-ington, the front being embroidered in white mousseline de soie. Her ornaments write mouseline de soie. Her ornaments were diamonds. Her manner was gracious and cordial, and added to her delicate beauty, created a decidedly favorable impression. She carried a large bouquet of Catherine Mermot roses, and followed the example of her mother in scknowledging general introductions by a bow instead of by shaking hands.

by shaking hands. The President, however, adhered to pre-cedent and shook hands with each one of the thousands who called. Back of the receiving line were a large number of specially invited friends, including nearly all the debutantes of the season.



THE EAST ROOM, AS IT LOOKED WHEN DECORATED.

present administration.

Certainly never before has there been at a White House reception such a large and distinguished representation from the other mations of the world. This was due to the presence, in addition to the large diplomatic and consular officers of other countries, of the delegates to the International Maritim Conference and the delegates to the Pan-Amercan Conference. The presence of these distinguished foreigners was naturally the leading feature of the reception.

The mansion had been specially prepared for the occasion, and, when the reception was at its height, presented a spectacle of unusual beauty and splendor. The full Marine Band, in gay uniforms of red and blue, was stationed in the vestibule just inside the main entrance, and, with but few intermissions, played lively and inspiring music from the time the President took his and at the head of the receiving line in the Blue Parlor until the last of the callers had taken his departure, a period of a little

over three hours.

The interior decorations, while not elaborate, were very effective consisting of a liberal distribution of tropical and flower-ing plants in all places where they could be displayed to advantage. The general effect was also beightened by the brilliant illumination of all the parlors, the bright gaslight being reflected from myriads of irridescent crystals and numerous French plate glass mirrors. Tall India rubber plants, mingled with delicate ferns and ivy, lined the main ridor and filled every alcove.

PLANTS IN PROFUSION. In the East Room, opposite the corridor, In the East Room, opposite the corridor, was a large bank of tropical plants tastefully arranged, reaching nearly to the ceiling, this dinner and at those following, and will

afficial reception given by the head of the the State Department. All were in full court costume, and added a brilliant coloring to the scene with their jeweled orders and profusion of gold lace.

ALL OF THEM THERE.

The most striking costumes were those worn by the Representatives of Russia, Great Britain, France, China and Corea. All the legations were represented, the Eng-lish and Chinese being the largest in point and his associates, of the Supreme Court; their condition. Whether eight hours la-Chief Justice Richardson, of the Court of bor would do it or not is another matter en-Claims, and his associates, and Chief Justice
Bingham, of the District Court, and his
associates. Next came the Congressional
contingent, which included all the Senators

or there is one thing certain and
there is one thing certain and
devote to their families, and the more time a
man gives to his family the better citizen he

and Representatives now in this city.

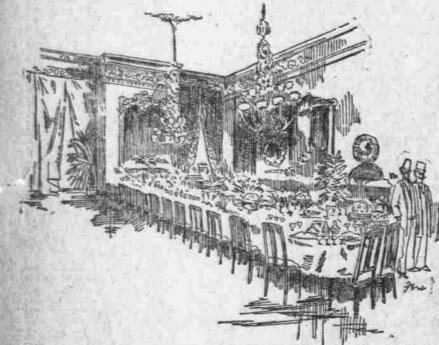
The officers of the army and navy and marine corps followed with Major General Schofield and Rear Admiral Jonet at the head. Next came many prominent public officials and then a large representation of Grand Army men. Then followed the re-ception to the public.

At the conclusion of the reception at the White House Vice President and Mrs. Mor-

ton held a reception at their new house, and Secretary Blaine received the members of the diplomatic corps at his residence. Secretary and Mrs. Tracy also received the officers of the navy, and Secretary Proctor

the officers of the army. FUTURE SOCIAL EVENTS.

The official programme for the season at the White House has appeared. Three state dinners and four large evening receptions will be given. The first state dinner at the White House will be given to the Vice President and Mrs. Morton and the Cabinet and the many broad mantels of the East | take her place with the President on the Boom were ornamented with choice plants | night of the diplomatic reception, which



HOW THE STATE DINING BOOM APPEARS WHEN SPREAD FOR DINNER.

in gilded pots. The Red and Green Parlors also contained a profusion of plants and flowers, but the Blue Parlor, where the reception was actually held, gave indication of first Saturday afternoon drawing room the having received the greater share of atten- 25th of January from 3 to 5 o'clock.

ekground for the receiving party. The ception proper did not begin until 11 clock, but the Vice President and the members of the Cabinet, with the ladies of their families, arrived shortly before that hour and were shown directly into the President's presence in the private parlor apstairs.

Hamburg Figs should be kept in the nursery, where they are particularly useful nease of constipation or indigestion, as they are liked by children and are prompt and efficacious in action. So cents. Dose, one fig. Mack Drug Co., N. Y.

THE PERFORMANCE BEGINS. When everything was in readiness, the President and party descended to the Blue Parlor and took their places in line. The

tion from the decorators.

In this room, in addition to a liberal diswill be given the evening of the 28th, and

In this room, in addition to a liberal display of rare plants, ferns and smilar, there was a profusion of cut flowers, including roses, pointestas, tulips, camelias, hyacintha, asalias, carnations, japonicas and begonias. These were banked in bright designs upon the mantels, and served to form a huge bounget on the central divan.

The large doorway at the back of the room was concealed by a number of tall large-lasved plants, which formed a beautiful background for the receiving party. The

All to go at 48 cents a yard. KNABLE & SHUSTER, 35 Fifth ave.

Marine Band signalled their arrival with the extremely familiar air, "Hail to the Chiet."

The party entered the blue room in the following order: Colonel Ernest and Lieutemant Parker, U. S. N.; the President and Lieutemant Parker, U. S. N.; the President and Indian Parker, W. S. N.; the Parker, W. S. N.; the President and Indian Parker, W. S. N.; the President and Indian Parker, W. S. N.; the President and I

400

THE 8-HOUR SCHEME

What Local Builders and Contractors Have to Say Thereon.

LABOR LEADERS VIEWS EXPRESSED

Opinions That Pittsburg Will be a Good Place to Begin.

OPPOSITION EXPECTED FROM K. OF A General Consensus of Ideas Upon a Vital Subtect !

the Masses.

Local views upon the most interesting subject of eight hours for a day's labor give every shade of opinion as to possibility, advisability and probable success. Opposition and encouragement carefully can vassed.

It appears from dispatches sent out from New York recently that the Federation of

to make the eight-hour law universal. This could only be done by a gradual movement on the part of the labor organizations, he said, but it would become a reality if it was worked in the right way. The carpenters and joiners, the bricklayers and stonemasons would have to be brought into the fold first and subsequently the other organizations by a gradual affiliation which would embrace every labor organization in the United States.

BUT LITTLE OPPOSITION.

He said that he expected little opposition to the scheme if the letters which he had received from employes could be taken as a criterion of what the others intended to do. The only opposition which he lears is from the working men who are now working long hours and are not confident of the success of the undertaking. It is intended to first en-list the building trades, and, by degrees, the others, he thinks, can be brought in. Yesterday afternoon a visit was paid to a number of architects, builders and contract-ors' offices in the city in order to obtain their ors offices in the city in order to obtain their views on the subject. The offices of A. Peebles, A. Y. Lee, J. A. Jacobs, U. S. Barker and George Daniels were visited by a DISPATCH representative. Mr. Jacobs was the only one who was in his office, and when asked what he thought of the movement, said he had nothing whatever to say about it, as he belonged to a labor organization, and would not commit himself in any way. himself in any way.

AN ARCHITECT'S OPINION. J. U. Barr, the architect, was seen at his office, No. 421/4 Sixth street, and said he was would like to see it adopted in Pittsburg.
"The laboring men work too long as it is," he said, "and anything which will ameliorate their condition should be welcomed by every liberal minded citizen. I am in favor of having the change benefit should be the condition to the condition of the change benefit and the change b of having the change brought about in a quiet way, and hope it will be accomplished without any strikes and unpleasantness between the employers and the employes. There are plenty of good men in this country who are apt and quick at any trade, but the men who have made a specialty of one thing for years, and are skilled mechanics must

be given the preference. A PLEA FOR FAIR TREATMENT. "I want to see the laboring men treated nything I can to better

Another gentleman speaking on the same subject, who did not wish to be quoted said that Mr. Barr's theory expressed his views almost entirely, and he would like to see eight hours be the workingman's time. When the laboring classes are contented the country is safer from in-ternal strite, and Anarchists, Communists and agitators would have to seek other fields in which to spread their pernicious

WHAT A CONTRACTOR SAYS. C. A. Balph, contractor and builder, of 41 Seventh avenue, was approached yesterday afternoon.

He was very averse to saying anything as an individual, but as a member of the Contractors and Builders' Union said: "The scheme will certainly be fought by the contractors and builders of this county. We are now thoroughly organized and can give the workmen a fight which they will hardly which. relish. They are now working only nine hours a day, which is too short a time for any man who wants to earn his wages. It takes entirely too long to put up a building now, and if the workmen would only come to some reasonable terms it would not only benefit us, but also themselves. They caught us napping two years ago, and almost before we knew it had reduced the time to nine hours. There is a limit to everything, and I believe they have now reached that limit."

NO TROUBLE ANTICIPATED.

Samuel A. Steel, of Steel & Hall, brick contractors, of Wilkinsburg, said he had nothing of importance to advance on the question except that he did not anticipate any trouble owing to the expected move. any trouble owing to the expected move. He had not received any official notification from any of the labor unions in which he was interested. "We leave the hiring of men to our foreman," said he, "and hold the foreman responsible for the quality of the work. They are also expected to hasten it as fast as possible, and we find that if the men want to they can do as much work in nine hours as they can in ten, if in the latter case, they are not disposed to rush. This is the stronghold of labor organizations in this country, and I suppose when the in this country, and I suppose when the movement is cocked and primed it will be first tried by the builders trades in Pittsburg and vicinity, and if they succeed here I do not doubt but they can make it almost universal in the United States."

THE MOVEMENT CAN SUCCEED. A member of the Builders' Exchange was found on Liberty street, and when told what Mr. Balph had said, a significant grin stole across his countenance, and when asked to give his views for publication consented to do so if his name were not used.

"THE DISPATCH can safely say that we are not Balph men by any means. I do not want to be known as trying to injure the Master Builders' Association, or throw cold water on Mr. Balph, but if the builders' trades start out to make the eight-hour trades start out to make the eight-hour movement a success they are going to succeed. The carpenters and joiners have the strongest union in the country. They are an intelligent lot of men and make the best citizens we have. I do not believe that they want to cripple contractors and builders, or indeed anybody else. I do not believe either that they would make any unreasonable demands, and indeed I do not know whether or not they are desirous of working only eight hours. They are, too, a sober whether or not they are desirous of working only eight hours. They are, too, a sober and home-loving set of men, as a rule, and if it will benefit them any to work only eight hours they ought to have their way.

MEN IN GOOD CIRCUMSTANCES. "The most of them own their own home "The most of them own their own homes and have an interest in the welfare of the community in which they reside. It is said, you know, that a healthy person, to enjoy perfect health, should have eight hours sleep, and taking this as an average, a man would not then have at most over five or six hours at home if he worked at last summer he had taken contracts for \$300,000 worth of new work, beside that which he had on hand."

K. OF L. OPPOSITION EXPECTED A. J. Harnuck, of E. Mages & Co., dealers in builders' supplies, believes that such a movement on the part of the Federation of Labor will be opposed by the Knights of Labor, but notwithstanding the federation would probably come out shead in the fight.

in the fight.

Joseph Keeling, of Keeling & Co., of the Southside, brickmakers, did not believe that the brickmakers would care about the eighthour movement as they now work by the piece, and often have a day's work done in weven hours unless delayed by breakages.
"We work two gangs, one goes to work at noon and the other at midnight. The night shift is frequently through by 7 in the morning, and nothing is then done till noon. I do not know how the feeling is among other trades, and do not care to commit myself on the subject, but if the men unite in demand-ing eight hours I suppose their request would have to be granted."

WHAT LABOR LEADERS SAY. Secretary William Martin, of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers, said:

"Personally I am in favor of a general ex-New York recently that the Federation of Labor was soon to inaugurate a movement against the contractors and builders who are now working their men over eight hours a day.

President Gompers, in an interview with the Associated Press representatives Sunday, said that an effort would soon be made

"Persopally I am in favor of a general extension of the eight-hour movement. I believe that it is perfectly feasible for the building trades to take successful action in this direction. In common with Mr. Weihe, I hold that not alone is it feasible, but desirable for certain trades to obtain for its members a limitation of the working hours to eight hours. And I believe that the feelings are not also an infavor of a general extension of the eight-hour movement. I believe that it is perfectly feasible for the building trades to take successful action in this direction. In common with Mr. Weihe, I hold that not alone is it feasible, but desirable for certain trades to take successful action in this direction. In common with Mr. Weihe, I hold that not alone is it feasible, but desirable for the building trades to take successful action in this direction. In common with Mr. Weihe, I hold that not alone is it feasible, but desirable for certain trades to take successful action in this direction. In common with Mr. Weihe, I hold that not alone is it feasible, but desirable for certain trades to take successful action in this direction. In common with Mr. Weihe, I hold that not alone is it feasible, but desirable for the successful action in this direction. In common with Mr. Weihe, I hold that not alone is it feasible, but desirable for certain trades to take successful action in this direction. In common with Mr. Weihe, I hold that not alone is it feasible, but desirable for certain trades to take successful action in this direction. In common with Mr. Weihe, I hold that not alone is it feasible, but desirable for certain trades to obtain for the building trades to take successful action in this direction. ing among a good many of the employers is favorable to the proposition. I have already expressed myself on this subject in THE DISPATCH and there is hardly any use in going over the ground again."

District Master Workman Ross said: "I

am very much in favor of the eight-hour day, but I doubt it it can be obtained by any concerted movement, or at any one time. I think it can best be obtained by a gradual movement in that direction; by gradually shortening the hours; and by being strictly conservative in the manner in which the object is attained. I haven't any doubt that employers would more generally favor it, if the movement were more

INTEREST WILL INCREASE. Editor John Ehman said: "A greater interest will be taken in the question as the time set by the tederation for a trial thereof, approaches. You may remember that a similar agitation was inaugurated in 1886. The greatest benefit that will result will be in cutting down the number of trades that you may be the property and trades that now work long hours, and as a result the employment of the greater number of men in these trades, with-out reducing the wages. The early closing movement among storekeepers and others, sprung out of the movement of 1886, and it will be extended and strengthened by the movement of 1890. I believe that the municipal governments will follow the ex-ample of the Federal Government and adopt the eight-hour week day. I am of opinion that the more employers study the question, the more they will favor it. Some of them may claim that their business will be interfered with, but if the movement becomes general, no injury will insue. I remember that 13 years ago the Chicago furniture deal-ers issued a circular favoring an eight-hour work day, as a remedy against overproduction in their particular line of trade.'

REGARDING EXTREME MEASURES. M. P. Carrick, of the Painters' Union, said: "President Sayward, of the Master Builders' Association, at the Boston convention, declared that he would not oppose the main principles of the movement that were at stake. He also said that he was a believer in shorter hours, but that he would mistaken or extreme. I believe that a majority of employers are in favor of the eight-hour sistem, and that they are in-clined to recognize from its fulfillment a disagreements; and soon no individual em-ployer could suffer from the enaction of the short day if the movement were general."

FATAL FALL FROM A TRAIN.

Editor Bowmar, of Woodford, Ky., Steps From a Sleeper to Death. LOUISVILLE, January 1 .- Dan M. Bowmar, formerly proprietor of the Woodford (Kentucky) Sun, and later a well-known business man of Chicago, was found dead on the Monongahela Road, 70 miles north of this city, this morning. He had fallen off the piatform of a sleeper in some way, and was crushed to pieces. He was preparing to commence the public

cation of a paper in a few days. He was widely known throughout the State and throughout the South and West. The Rock of Gibraltar Has not a firmer base than that on which the reputation of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters reposes. With shrewd discernment, the American public long since promoted it to the chief place in their esteem as a remedy for malaria, nervous diseases, dyspensia, kidney trouble, billiousness and constipation. As a tonic, alterative and diuretic, it ranks easily first.

Embroidery Sale. Soiled embroideries less than cost. See KNABLE & SHUSTER,

our line. B. & B.

Furs and cloaks got the knife so deep that 1890 will start off with a good cloak busi-ness. Boggs & Buhl.

PRICES slaughtered in cloak room.

KNABLE & SHUSTER, 35 Fifth ave.

Those who use Frauenheim & Vilsack's celebrated ale and porter pronounce it ex-cellent in flavor and very beneficial in its effect. Kept by all first-class dealers,

FURS and fur garments at less than cost. KNABLE & SHUSTER, 35 Flith ave. SOCIETY GALLERY, 35 Fifth ave., Pitts-

burg. Cabinet photos at reduced rates. A nice present with every dozen cabinets. Entrance by elevator. SILK handkerchiefs 19 cents, 19 cents.

KNABLE & SHUSTER, 35 Fifth ave.

ORPHANS' Court sale of real estate-Twostory brick house, No. 87 Logan st., Fri-day, January 3, 2 P. M.

ALL our black French sateens to go at 2 cents. KNABLE & SHUSTER, 22 cents. 35 Fifth ave.



Its superior excellence proven in millions on homes for more than a quarter of a centary. It is need by the United State Government indorsed by the heads of the great universitie as the Strongest, Pursus and most Healthfu Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does no contain Ammonia, Lime of Alum. Sold on to caps. PRICE BAKING POWDER CO. NEW YORK. CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS 1975-27 TREESE

COUNTING ON DOLLAR FOR DOLLAR. An \$500,000 Failure in Fend du Lac Pol-

lowed a by Statement.
FOND DU LAC, WIS,, December 1.—The Fond du Lac Furniture Company, the Fond du Lac Sash, Door and Blind Com-pany and the Wisconsin Land and Mining Company, known as the C. I. L. Meyer Companies, have just issued, through their assignee, a showing of Habilities of \$800,-

The heaviest creditors are Henry Sherry & Co., \$131,460; F. P. Sawyer, \$50,177; L. J. Meyer, \$72,481 60. The assets nearly equal the liabilities, and creditors will receive dollar for dollar.

A CAROLINA AVENGER'S WORK. The Brother of a Murdered Man Kills Three and Wounds Twelve.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., January 1 .- A terri ble tragedy took place in Mitchell county, North Carolina, 12 miles from Bakusville, the county seat. In a drunken row on Christmas three men were killed. On Friday Monroe Garland, a brother of one of the murdered men, rode up to a crowd in the same place and fired into the crowd, killing 3 and wounding 12.

Catarrhal Dangers.

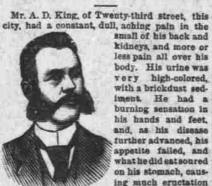
To be freed from the dangers of suffocation while lying down; to breathe freely, sleep soundly and undisturbed; to rise refreshed, head clear, brain active and free from pain or ache; to know that no poisonous, putrid matter defiles the breath and rots away the delicate machinery of smell, taste and hearing; to feel that the system does not, through its veins and arteries, suck up the poison that is sure to un-dermine and destroy, is indeed a blessing beyoud all other human enjoyments. To purchase immunity from such a fate should be the object of all afflicted. But those who have tried many remedies and physicians despair of relief or cure.

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE meets every phase of Catarrh, from a simple head cold to the most loathsome and destructive stages. It is local and constitutional. Instant in relieving, permanent in curing, safe, economical an never-falling.
SANFORD'S HADICAL CURE consists of on

bottle of the Radical Cure, one box of Catarrhal Solvent, and one Improved In-HALER, all wrapped in one package, with treatize and directions, and sold by all druggiats for \$1.
POTTER DRUG & CHEMICAL CORPORATION BOSTON. HOW MY SIDE ACHES

Aching Sides and Back, Hip, Kidney and Uterine Pains, Rheumatic, Sciatic, Neuralgic, Sharp and Shooting Pains, Prelieved in one minute by the Cuticura ti-Pain Plaster. The first and only painkilling plaster. A perfect, instantaneous, never-failing antidote to pain, inflammation and weakness. Especially adapted to relieve fe-male pains and weaknesses. At all druggist-25 cents: or of POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston, Mass. de80-MTh

HE HAD CONSTANT PAIN,



his hands and feet, and, as his disease further advanced, his appetite failed, and on his stomach, causing much eructation DR. SHAFER. of gas. His skin had

a yellow color: he could not sleep, was constantly tired and finally became so weak as to be unable to attend to any business.

After becoming cared he states: "This is to certify that I have received treatment from the physicians of the Polypathic Medical Institute, at 420 Penn avenue, and am entirely cured of my disease.

"A. D. King."

They treat successfully all forms of kidney and urinary diseases, chronic diseases and surgery. Office hours, 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., and 6 to 8 P.

Pears' Soap (Scented and Unscented) SECURES A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION OF ALL DRUGGISTS.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.



SOLID GOLD SPECTACLES And Eye Glasses, \$5 and upward. J. DIAMOND, Optician, a no24-108-TTSu 22 SIXTH ST., Pittsburg.

Turn This Over. Shop around all you like to compare our Trousers to Order at \$5, \$6 50 and \$8.

Good work and prices lower than any other house are the points of the compass with us in the Clothing we make. Take a look at our ready-made. Handle the goods and learn how true the workmanship is. We discriminate against poor quality invariably and poor work. You will find our Clothing like usual custom-made in style, fit and excellence. Good as it is prices go to the lowest peg. We have made special prices this day on Overcoats and Suits to fetch a big trade.

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RAILROADS

A LLECHENY VALLEY RAILROAD—
A Trains leave Union Station (Eastern Standard time): Kittanning Ac., 6:55 a. m.; Niagara Ex., daily, 8:65 a. m.; Huiton Ac., 10:18 a. m.; Valley Camp Ac., 2:36 p. m.; Oil City and DuBois Express, 2:06 p. m.; Huiton Ac., 3:50 p. m.; Kittanning Ac., 4:00 p. m.; Huiten Ac., 5:50 p. m.; Kittanning Ac., 5:30 p. m.; Braeburn Ex., 6:00 p. m.; Kittanning Ac., 5:30 p. m.; Braeburn Ex., 6:00 p. m.; Huiton Ac., 6:30 p. m.; Huiton Ac., 6:30 p. m.; Huiton Ac., 6:30 p. m.; Braeburn Ac., 1:30 p. m. Church trains—Braeburn 10:46 p. m. and 9:35 p. m. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Pittaburg and Buffalo, JaS. P. ANDERSON, G. T. Agt.; DAVID MCCARGO, Gen. Sups.

by knocking down the prices on Fur Goods, of which we have too large a stock. Do not suppose that winter is over. It is only just beginning. Now is your opportunity to secure real bargains.

Fine satin-lined Hare Muffs, 45c, worth 75c.
Finer and larger lined Hare Muffs, 75c, worth 31 25.
Finest Black Hare Muffs, 81, reduced from 81 50.
French Seal Muffs, 82, reduced from 83. French Seal Muffs, \$2 50, reduced from \$4 50. French Seal Muffs, \$3 50, reduced from \$5. Real Monkey Muffs, \$3, reduced from \$4 50. Real Monkey Muffs, \$3 75, reduced from \$5 50. Real Monkey Muffs, \$4 50, reduced from \$6 50.



CHILDREN'S and MISSES' MUFFS 50c up, just half price. All Stoles, Boas, Capes and all Fancy Furs Marked Away Down.

CLOAKS Still greater reductions, stock entirely too large. We will name lower prices than any of our competitors. Special drives in Newmarkets, Jackets, Plush Sacques, Misses' Cloaks HOSIERY An immense stock to be reduced.

37c. Real English Cashmere Hose, 38c and 48c. Misses' and Children's Wool and Fast Black Cotton Hoslery greatly reduced. GLOVES Bargains in lined Kid Gloves, lined Cashmere and Silk Gloves, Wool and Silk Mittens.

HANDKERCHIEFS Fine Initial, 100, 12%c and 18c. Colored bordered, Hemstitched, 5c, 6c, 8c, 10c and 12c. Fine Embroidered Handkerchiefs, 25c, 38c, 50c, 75c, \$1.

Gents' Hemstitched, 12% c, 18c, 25c and 37c. Some slightly soiled Handkerchiefs, from the Holidays, at half price.

All odds and ends in Corsets, Underwear, Rib-bons, White Goods, Embroideries, marked down regardless of value.

Rosenbaum&&

510, 512, 514 MARKET ST. AND 27 FIFTH AVENUE.

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FINE :: UNDERWEAR TO BE "BOUNCED"

TO-DAY. TO-DAY.

People who haven't bought their heavy Underwear yet (and, owing to the mild weather that has prevailed all along, their name is legion) will have a chance to buy the finest qualities to-day at scarcely more than half actual value.

From 8 o'clock this morning till 6 o'clock this evening we shall offer choice from our

Men's extra fine Natural Wool, single and double breasted Underwear, actual price \$1 35, for only Men's genuine Swiss Vicuna hair line stripe, ribbed bottom Natural Wool Underwear, worth \$1 75, for only
Men's celebrated Meddlicot fancy striped, extra fine all-

wool Underwear, worth \$1 50, for only Men's genuine imported, full regular made Scotch Wool Underwear, assorted colors, worth \$1 50, for only Men's finest quality Camel's Hair Underwear, warranted

fine Merino Wool, worth \$1 35, for only Men's genuine Star Knitting Co. extra grade Scarlet allwool Underwear, plain and ribbed, worth \$1 50, for only Men's Norfolk and New Brunswick fine white Cashmere Underwear, regular price \$1 75, for only

having all been sold), odd sizes only, regular value \$2 and \$3, will be closed out for only

MINETY NINE CENTS.

unprecedented Bargain Sale of Fine Underwear is for

TO-DAY, THURSDAY, ONLY.

Your special attention is called to the fact that the above goods are not a lot of spurious "seconds," but regular FIRST qualities, and don't forget this very important point.

requested to ask for the 990 Underwear counter immediately on entering the store.

Fifth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL. DENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD -ON AND after November 10, 1888, trains leave Union tation, Pittsburg, as follows, Eastern Standard

Station, Pittaburg, as follows, Eastern Standard Time:

MAIN LINE EASTWARD.

New York and Chicago Limited of Pullman Vestibule daily at 7:16 a. m.

Atlantic Express daily for the East, 3:20 a. m. Mail train, daily, oxcept Sunday, 5:20 a. m. Sunday, mail, 5:40 a. m.

Day express daily at 8:00 a. m.

Mail express daily at 8:00 a. m.

Mail express daily at 1:20 p. m.

Philadelphia express daily at 4:20 p. m.

Eastern express daily at 7:15 p. m.

Fast Line daily at 3:10 p. m.

Greensburg express 5:10 p. m. week days.

Derry express 1:00 a. m. week days.

All inrough trains connect at Jersey City with bests of "Brooklyn Anuex" for Brooklyn, N. Y., svoiding double ferriage and Journey through N. Y. City.

daily daily 5:10 p. m.

Mail Train daily 5:10 p. m.

Mail Train daily 5:10 p. m.

Western Express daily 7:45 p. m.

Pacific Express daily 12:45 p. m.

Chicago Limited Express, daily 12:45 p. m.

Chicago Limited Express, daily 12:45 p. m.

SOUTHWEST PENN HALLWAY.

For Uniontown, 5:20 and 8:25 a. m. and 4:25 p. m.

Minout change of cars: 12:20 p. m., connecting at Greensburg, Trains arrive from Uniontown at 9:45 a m., 12:20, 8:25 and 8:10 p. m.

WEST PENNSYLVANIA DIVISION.

From FEDERAL ST. STATION, Allegheny City.

Mail train, connecting for Blairwille. 5:45 a. m.

Express, for Blairwille. connecting for Blairwille. 5:50 a. m.

Express, for Blairwille. connecting for Blairwille. 5:50 p. m.

Butler Accom. 8:20 a. m., 2:25 and 6:45 p. m.

General Manager. Gen'i Pass'r Agent.

PALTIMORE AND OHIO EAILEOAD.
Schedule in effect November in 1889:
For Washington, D. C., Baltimore. Philadelphis and New York. 2:00 a. m., 11:00, 25:00 p. m.
For Connellsville, 25:46 and 3:00 a. m., 11:00, 25:00 p. m.
For Connellsville, 25:46 and 3:00 a. m., 11:00, 25:00 p. m.
11:00 and 4:500 p. m. For Mt. Pleasant, 25:40, 25:00 a. m., 11:00 and 2:00 p. m. For Uniontown, 25:26, 25:20 and 25:00 p. m. For Wheeling. 7:25, 20:40 a. m., 7:26 p. m.
For Newark. 7:26, 7:26, 20:40 a. m., 7:26 p. m.
For Newark. 7:26, 25:00 a. m., 7:26 p. m.
For Newark. 7:26, 25:00 a. m., 7:26 p. m.
For Newark. 7:26, 25:00 a. m., 7:26 p. m.
For Newark. 7:26, 25:00 a. m., 7:26 p. m.
For Columbus, Clackmant and Chicago.
7:25 a. m., 25:00 p. m.
Trains arrive from New York. Philadelphis, a. m.
Trains arr

DELL. General Hamager.

PITTSBURG AND CASTLE SHANNON R. R. Winter Time Table. On and after Decomber 1889, until further notice, trains will run as follows on every day, except Sanday. Easiern standard filme: Leaving Pittsburg 4:20 a. m., 7:10 a. m., 1800 a. m., 1800 a. m., 1800 p. m., 2:30 p. m., 1800 p.

FALL THOSE who will participate in this sale are cordially

RAILROADS. From Pittsburg Union Station.

Trains Run by Central Time.

SOUTHWEST SYSTEM—PANHANDLE ROUTE,
Leave for Cincinnati and St. Louis, d 1115 a. m.,
d 7:30 a. m., d 9:00 and d 11:25 p. m. Dennison, 2:25
p. m. Chicago, d 1:15 a. m. and 12:05 p. m.
Wheeling, 7:30 a. m., 12:05, 6:10 p. m. Steubenville, 5:25 a. m. Washington, 5:55, 5:35 a. m., 1:25,
122, 4:35, 1:35 p. m. Bulger, 5:10 a. m. Burgettstown, S 11:35 a. m., 5:25 p. m. Mansfield, 7:15,
2:30, 1:10 a. m., 1:36, 6:30, d 8:20, 5:20 p. m. MoDonaids, d 4 15, d 19:45 p. m.

TRAINS ARRIVE from the West, d 2:10, d 6:00 s.
m., 3:05, d 6:55 p. m. Dennison, 9:30 a. m. Steubenville, 5:05 p. m. Burgettstown, 7:15 a. m., 5:05
a. m. Washington, 6:25, 7:50, 8:43, 8:25 a. m.,
2:25, 6:25 p. m. Mansfield, 5:35, 5:35, 11:49 a. m.,
11:45, 8:55, 9:40 and 8 6:20 p. m. Bulgur, 1:40 p. m.
McDonaids, d 6:35 s. m., d 9:30 p. m.

Western Express, daily 7,452, m. Pacific Express, daily 7,252, m. Chicago Limited Express, daily 7,250, p. m. Past Line, daily 11,455, m. McDonalds, d 6:55 s. m., d 9:00 p. m. SOUTHW EST PENN HALLWAY. 11,455, m. NORTHWEST SYSTEM—FT. WAYNE ROUTE.—Leave for Chicago. d 7:25 s. m., d 10,000 change of eners; 12,45 p. m. connecting at Green, 12,25 and 5:50 p. m. without change of eners; 12,45 p. m. d 10,000 change of eners; 12,45 p. m. without change of eners; 12,45 p. m. west FENNSTLVANIA DIFISION.

Prom FEDERAL ST. STATION, Allegheny City. Mail train, connecting for Historical Common Syring dale Accommon. Synam. 215 p. m. Syring dale Accommon. Synam. 215 p. m. Syring dale Accommon. Synam. 215 p. m. Syring dale Accommondation. Synam. 215 p. m. Trains arrive at FEDERAL STREETSTATION:
Express, connecting from Butler. 10,25 s. m. Balarsville Accommodation. 11:00 p. m. Trains arrive at FEDERAL STREETSTATION:
Express, connecting from Butler. 10,25 p. m. Maji Train. 10,000 p. m. 150 p. m. Maji Train. 10,000 p. m. 150 p. m. Presport Accommodation. 11:00 p. m. Maji Trains. 11:00 p. m. Spring dale Accommodation. 11:00 p. m. Presport Accommoda

DEAF CURED by Peck's Pat. inyisible Tubular Ear Cushjons. Whispers heard distinctloads. Whispers heard distinctloads whispers heard distinctloads whispers heard distinctloads white are call forlinetrated book FREE. Soid only by F. HISOOX.

S53 Breadway, oor, 1816 St., New York. Ho agains.

BOILESTITESHWK

not to irritate the skin, worth \$1 50, for only Men's celebrated Glastenbury Knitting Co. Underwear, Men's best Swiss Coude, American Hosiery Co. and Winsted Hosiery Co. Underwear, worth \$1 50, for only

A lot of Men's extra fine imported Undershirts (Drawers In order to serve the rush that'll surely be attracted by these bargains as quickly and promptly as possible, we have placed all of the above goods together on one large counter in our Furnishing Goods department, and anybody can take choice

We repeat, however, and most emphatically, too, this special and