THE PLOT THICKENS.

Another Body Threatens the National League.

LOCAL OFFICIALS' VIEWS.

Al Johnson Makes His Final Statement About the Scheme.

SOME VERY CONFLICTING STORIES.

A Very Successful Finish of the Beaver Shooting Tournament.

GENERAL SPORTING NEWS OF THE DAY

The minor leagues threaten to join the Brotherhood against the National League if the latter does not act reasonably. The local club officials laugh at the report. Brotherhood authorities tell conflicting stories. The Beaver shooting tournament closed. There was good racing at Nashville. Jack McAuliffe definitely challenges Carroll. Teemer may go to Australia and row Searle.

As the day of the Brotherhood meeting draws near, the public interest in it becomes more intense, that is as far as the baseball public is concerned. Now that the eve of the meeting has arrived, almost all those business men and players who previously declared that they knew nothing about anything relating to a revolt against the League are declaring themselves. The most amusing part of the business, however, is the conflicting statements of all those who "know all about it." They cannot possibly be all in the right, and it will be interesting to find out finally who really escapes being in the wrong. The latest is from Minneapolis, the city which a few days ago sent out the very stupid story of Mr. Spalding laying plans to back the Brotherhood. A dispatch from Minneapolis last evening reads as follows:

WHAT MORTON SAYS.

Secretary Morton has notified the managers o clubs in minor leagues in every part of the country to send representatives to the Western Association's meeting. An alliance, offensive and defensive, will be formed, and then all will lay back on their oars to await the action of the League and Brotherhood meetings.

If the League passes unreasonable rules relating to the minor association, Morton's plan is to receive propositions from the Brotherhood. Should these propositions not meet with favor, a general session of the minor leagues is pretty sure to result.

Morton has a big scheme for the government of these associations, which has in view the Western Association becoming to the minor associations what the National League has been in the past. In a nutshell, Morton proposes that the Western Association will become an open competitor to the National League.

The officials of the local club were asked their opinion about the above last evening and they laughed heartily over it. President Nimick was inclined to think that the object of the statement was to lead people to understand that if the League and Association do not grant the minor leagues all they want they will join the Brotherhood. Mr. Nimick, however, very wisely argues that it will be soon enough to talk about the minor leagues when it is known that they wish any direct change of the National agreement.

WILL TREAT THE MINORS FAIRLY.

He states that most assuredly the National Agreement Committee, as in the past, will deal justly with everybody. The intimation from Minneapolis, however, is generally understood to be a garbled talk with Secretary Morton. The purpose of it is apparently to intimidate the League to give up everything to the Brotherhood.

Tim Keefe has also been talking, and his statements are very much contrary to what he said a few weeks ago. Then he plainly stated that the players would decide on nothing definite until their representatives had met the League magnates. Now Timothy says that Monday's meeting will decide as to whether or not the Brotherhood will meet the League at all. But the most interesting expression of opinion o: the matter is from the extremely philanthropic Mr. Johnson, who seems prepared to sacrifice everything in order to place the poor down-trodden ball players on a bed of roses. Mr. Johnson's latest to a Cleveland reporter is as follows:

MR. JOHNSON'S LATEST.

The story telegraphed from Boston giving the assignment of men to the various clubs is nothing but a fake. No one can tell what men will play in the teams next season. We have made up our minds what men we will ask for, and I tell you that there will be three strong batters in the team. There is a wrong impression about this business, and people cannot grasp the idea. The best people in the country will back the clubs. One of the first things we did after the plan had matured was to pass a resolution saying that no professional gambler can hold stock in the clubs. This is to raise the standard of the game. Twenty thousand dollars is the limit of the capital stock in each city, and $20,000 in Cleveland is just as good as $20,000 worth in New York or Boston. That is because the basis of division of the receipts will be 50 per cent of the gate receipts, grand stand and every other source of income. This will seem to equalize the matter and put the weaker clubs on as strong a basis as the stronger ones.

Evidently there are going to be some first-class financiers in the new organization because it will be quite a feat to launch a new club on new grounds in many cities on a capital of $20,000. However, that matter stands like this: Johnson says it is well fixed; Keefe says it is not quite fixed; Ward says the players will meet the League; Hanlon says nobody knows anything about what will be done, and many reporters have the Brotherhood contracts signed, the teams made up and the managers appointed. Now is the opportunity for good guessers to try their powers, and guess who is right. It is really a very interesting state of things.

THEY WANTED MUTRIE.

Truthful Jeems Refuses an Offer From the Brotherhood.

The latest move on the part of the backers of the new Brotherhood scheme has been to make an attempt to secure James Mutrie to manage the Brotherhood team in this city. When the scheme was first made known the *Sun* was not backward in saying that the New York end of it was James J. Coogan, and this has turned out to be a fact. Manager Mutrie was not at all backward in telling the story last night of how the attempt had been made to get him to leave the New York club. He said that Mr. Coogan had come to him and said:

"Will you take a moderate salary to manage the new team that is to be started in this city?"

"No," was the reply.

"Will you take a handsome salary?"

"No," said Jim, "I will never leave the men who have made baseball in this city; I will stand by them to the end. There is not enough money to make me do otherwise."

"Then Mr. Coogan is the man who is backing the scheme?" remarked the reporter.

"I don't know about that; but I think he is or he would not have come to me. I know one thing, and that is, he will find that offering $200,000 for a well-organized club and a good plant will be a far different thing from sinking $200,000 in an experiment. Let them do as they please, I think that we will be right in this town next season."—*N. Y. Sun.*

Quoit Pitching.

McKEESPORT, November 1.—The indications to-night are that not less than $1,500 McKeesport money will go with a big crowd to Suters to-morrow to be placed on John Jinks in his contest with Charles Carmen, of Suters, in which the men will pitch a game of quoits for $100 a side—61 points—clay end pegs set 30 feet apart. Alexander Morrison, of Suter, is stakeholder. The second game for the same amount of stakes is to be pitched at McKeesport three weeks later. Both men are highly reputed as quoit pitchers. In the recent contest for $100 a side pitched at McKeesport Jinks won, defeating Carmen by 20 points.

Lyons and Von der Ahe.

PHILADELPHIA, November 1.—In the suit of Second Baseman Harry Lyons against Chris Von der Ahe, President of the American Association of Baseball Players, and of the St. Louis Baseball Club, the latter filed in the Court of Common Pleas yesterday his affidavit of defense. Mr. Von der Ahe denies that the American Association paid $1,000 or any other amount to be distributed among the players of the winning club in 1888, but awarded the $1,000 for the benefit of the treasury of the management of the winning club.

RACING AT NASHVILLE.

The Betting Timid, But the Contests Good and Exciting.

NASHVILLE, November 1.—A threatening sky did not prevent a large attendance at West Side Park to-day. The track was fair, the starting exceptionally fine and the racing all good. The betting was still timid.

First race, selling, for 2-year-olds, allowances, five furlongs—Starters: Kentilworth, Billy W 102, Willie M 103, Nannie P 105, Penhartan 106, Mary H 107, Trifle 107, Happiness 109, Fakir 110, Romaine 112, Langlemness 115. Fakir won by one length. Romaine second, three lengths ahead of Happiness, third. Time, 1:05.

Second race, selling, purse, 3-year-olds and upward, seven furlongs—Starters: Scula 105, Cora Fisher 106, Lakeview 108, Pantalette 111, Birthday 111, Harry Ireland 115. Scula won by four lengths, Pantalette second by three lengths ahead of Cora Fisher, third. Time, 1:30½.

Third race, purse for maiden fillies, 2-year-olds, to carry 105 pounds each, four furlongs—Starters: Semaphore, Emma Q, Miss Joe, Jessica, Lucille, Destruction, Silva Pianta. Jessica won by one length, Destruction second, by a length in front of Silva Pianta, third. Time, :53¾.

Fourth race, purse, for all ages, 5 pounds below scale allowances, fifteen-sixteenths of a mile—Starters: Cecil B 81, Queen of Trumps 104, Brandolette 104, Marchma 106, Osborne 112, Tom Hood 112. Cecil B won by a neck, Brandolette second, a head in front of Tom Hood, third. Time, 1:36½.

Fifth race, selling, purse, for 3-year-olds and upward that have not won at the meeting, allowances, six furlongs—Starters: Story Teller 90, Lady Rose 92, Vivian 92, Weeks 95, Van Rensaler 102, King Roxbury 107, Puente 107, Ban Boy 107, Carlton 108. Carlton won by a length, Vivian second, by a length and a half in front of Weeks, third. Time, 1:17¾.

Sixth race, same conditions as fifth, six furlongs—Starters: John Moore 89, Boy Blue 95, Boot Jack 95, Consign 96 (3 over), Irish Dan 102, Kate Bensberg 104, Littrell 107, Balance 107, Katie S 110. Littrell won by a neck, Bootjack second, Katie S third. Time 1:17½.

The entries for to-morrow, Saturday, at West Side Park, are as follows:

First race, 2-year-old maidens, half mile—Venango 107, Miss Longford 107, Little Rabbit 107, Mary K 107, Dan K 107, Secret 107, Fremont 110, Lowe Burford 110, Radcliffe 110.

Second race, thirteen-sixteenths of a mile, selling—Buckler 102, Fosteral 103, Governor 103, Koko 106, Longbrook 107, Pritchett 107, Donovan 107, Elsie B 108, X 108, Regardless 109, Pete Willis 109, Kittie B 110, Vattell 111, Amos 112, Dyer 113, Cashier 115, Gymnast 117.

Third race, handicap, mile and seventy yards—Longalight 106, Carus 104, Rambler 103, Quotation 100, Stoney Montgomery 100, Queen of Trumps 102, Climax 103, Pell Mell 98, Ten Like 100, Somerset 102, Surch 109, Prince Fortunatus 103, Bertha 107, Arundel 103, Woodcraft 116, Nevada 105.

Fourth race, three-quarters of a mile, handicap—Innocence 104, Lizzie C 107, Kittie Cheatham 113, Fair 107, Mt. Lebanon 110, Carter B 100, Frank Shaw 108, Morse 98, Kennedy 88, Lens Ban 104, J B Freed 104, Armell 104, Polemus 100, Romaine 105, Mora 112.

Fifth race, five-eighths of a mile, selling, divided—Gipsey Girl 85, Miss Clay 90, Gov. Ross 93, Straight Flush 93, Sheridan 93, Vatican 93, Nettie Kent 100, Black Diamond 103, Mediator 103, Osborne 103, Holland 116.

Sixth race, five-eighths of a mile—Boy Blue 88, Weeks 93, Glen Heart 95, Bootjack 98, Harambourc 98, Rowland 104, Mamie Fonso 108, Col. Hunt 108, Ruth 110, Catherine B 111.

Extra day Monday.

THE BEAVER SHOOTERS.

Their Big Tournament Closes and Some Good Contests Take Place.

BEAVER FALLS, PA., November 1.—The second day's shoot at the tournament at Geneva Park to-day had about as large a crowd as the day previous. None of the Pittsburg shooters were present. Two matches on the programme were omitted. The others resulted as follows:

Match at nine single standard blue rocks, J. P. Peacock, of Syracuse, N. Y., and J. R. Hunter, of Beaver Falls, Pa., tied on blue rocks straight.

Match at ten single blue rocks, J. P. Peacock won with ten straight.

Match with five live pigeons, Peacock and Hunter tied on five birds straight.

Match at ten live pigeons, Peacock got ten live birds straight and Hunter nine.

Match at ten single standards, Peacock won with ten straight.

In the match for Beaver county shooters only there were 17 entries. Each man shot at 12 blue rocks. Charles Garvin took first prize, $25 corduroy hunting suit; John Hunter, second prize, a $12 pair of shoes; J. E. Close, third prize, a leather game bag; John M. McGaw, fourth prize, 100 loaded shells.

An extra match at five sparrows was tied by Peacock, Close and Wilt Nair, with five straight. Hunter got second money.

HE WAXES WARM.

Jack McAuliffe Says a Few Plain Words to Carroll.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

NEW YORK, November 1.—Jack McAuliffe issued the following challenge from the *Police Gazette* office to-day:

To whom it may concern:

I have read the many bluffs called challenges from Jimmy Carroll, of San Francisco, in regard to contending for $5,000 to $10,000 a side, the Police Gazette champion belt and the lightweight championship, which I have held for over two years against all comers. Now, if Carroll or any lightweight in America means business and is ready to arrange a match, I am ready to sign articles to fight at 133 pounds, with gloves, for $5,000 to $10,000 a side. To prove I mean business my backer has posted $500 with the *Police Gazette* and when Carroll or any other lightweight covers my money a match can be ratified to take place either within 100 miles of New York, or in the California Athletic Club, if the latter will put up a purse large enough. JACK MCAULIFFE.

A Winning Magnet.

PHILADELPHIA, November 1.—The 2:35 pacing race at Philadelphia Driving Park was finished to-day, Magnet winning the fourth heat, which, with the two he won yesterday, gave him the race. Time, 2:30.

The 2:22 trotting was won by W K, who took the third, fourth and fifth heats. Yorktown Belle won the first and second. Time, 2:26, 2:24½, 2:24½, 2:27¾, 2:24.

The 2:19 class was won by Onie D in straight heats. Time, 2:21¼, 2:21¾, 2:20¾. Alexander Boy was second.

The 2:37 trot was unfinished after three heats, of which Rose W. Perrin won the first two and Heracc the third. Time, 2:35½, 2:32½, 2:34.

He May Row Searle.

McKEESPORT, November 1.—It is very probable that John Teemer, the McKeesport sculler, will go to Australia within the next month to row Searle. The gentleman who backed Beach has offered to back Teemer and defray his expenses in crossing the water if he will go to Australia and row Searle, and while Teemer has not decided as yet, it is probable that he will conclude to do so, and will in that event sail on November 25. There is nothing to hold him, and he has a new boat. He is not in training, and of course is aware that Searle has the advantage of rowing on Australian water. Teemer's many friends are in hopes that he will take the opportunity and chances. He will decide within a week.

Elizabeth Winners.

ELIZABETH, N. J., November 1.—First race, six furlongs—Glenmound won, Meriden second, Crackman third. Time, 1:20¼.

Second race, one and one-eighth miles—Tristan first, Theodosius second, Castaway II. third. Time, 2:05½.

Third race, six furlongs—Lisimony first, Robespierre second, Tulla Blackburn third. Time, 1:21¼.

Fourth race, match, one and one-fourth miles—Glendale beat Barrister in 2:19.

Fifth race, six and one-half furlongs—Tinstaff first, Pelham second, Brussels third. Time, 1:28½.

Sixth race, one and one-sixteenth miles—Oregon first, Stockton second, Quesal third. Time, 1:59.

The Local Curlers.

The members of the Caledonia Curling Club held a meeting last night to make arrangements for their winter's programme. The leasing of a suitable rink was the chief business, and while no definite choice was made, it was stated that a splendid location was available. The club will have a series of international contests during the winter and good prizes will be offered.

Sporting Notes.

SHEA, who was cut with a razor by Tommy Kelly, is rapidly recovering.

WILL the thud be heavy, that is, very heavy on Monday evening after the Brotherhood meeting?

IF the Brotherhood moguls do half what has been claimed they will do on Monday it will require all the space of a big paper to tell it.

A. B. GEORGE, the English pedestrian, defeated J. C. Devereaux in a half-mile race at New York on Thursday. Time, 2 minutes 3 3-5 seconds.

THE receipts of the Brooklyn Club in the world's championship were $8,228 65. The players, including Manager McGonigle, each received $399 29.

IT is now in order for the Allegheny county league to conspire against the National League. Everybody else in the baseball business has, according to reports, done it.

JIM O'ROURKE is of the opinion that a soap bubble will burst next Monday. Not that the Brotherhood will go under, but that some of the frivolous reports in circulation will be exploded. Where so many of the writers get their Brotherhood stories is a mystery to him.—*New York Herald.*

MIKE NOLAN, the young Irish featherweight, who intends to challenge Cal McCarthy, met Jack Williams, who gives Boston as his birthplace, in a fight to a finish, with skin gloves, for a purse of $200, in a barn up in Westchester late on Wednesday night. He succeeded in defeating Williams by a blow on the stomach in the second round. It was a short but desperate battle while it lasted, and in favor of Nolan from the start.

YOUNG MITCHELL, of the Pacific coast, has been challenged by Charley Turner, of Stockton, to fight for $1,000 a side. Turner is the colored middle-weight who recently knocked out Bill Hennessey. Since then Turner has backers ready to match him for from $1,000 to $2,000 against any middleweight in America. Young Mitchell has refused to meet Turner, claiming he would lose caste if he met a negro. California sporting men claim that Young Mitchell's excuse is a flimsy one and that he is afraid to meet the colored fighter.

MANY inquiries are made as to what clubs led the League on different days of the season just closed. In answer the following will show what they would like to know: April 24 and 25, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Boston and Indianapolis; April 26 and 27, Philadelphia; April 29, New York and Boston; April 30 to May 3, New York; May 4, Philadelphia; May 6, New York and Boston; May 7 to 9, Boston; May 10, New York; May 11 to 21, Boston; May 22, Boston and Philadelphia; May 23 to August 12, Boston; August 13 to 15, New York; August 16 to September 14, Boston; September 16 to 25, New York. September 26 and 27, New York and Boston; September 28 to 30, New York; October 1, Boston; October 2 to 5, New York.

IRON WORKERS FOR THE SOUTH.

Southern Industries Advancing With Giant Strides.

The city lost some of its iron operatives last night by the departure of nine rollers for the South. They were engaged by Mr. Charles Valet, of the Birmingham Rolling Mill Company, of Birmingham, Ala., to work in those mills, of which he is superintendent. Mr. Valet was formerly a roller in the Moorhead-McCleane Company mills. Among the party were Jacob Ward, roller, formerly of the Republic Iron Works; Conrad Hahn, Nicholas Williams and Oscar Harrison, rollers, who worked in Shoenberger's mills and William Rogers.

Mr. Valet was emphatic about the future of the iron industries in the South. Some of the mills were built within a stone's throw of a rich ore and within a few miles of a good quality coal. The country was being opened up at a greater rate than the people in the North supposed.

Regarding the growth of Birmingham, he said that it now had a population of 22,000, an increase in such a time unparalleled in this country.

THE STRIKE DECLARED OFF.

The Hocking Valley Miners Agree to Let the Dispute Rest.

The Hocking Valley trouble between the miners of the National Progressive Union and the Knights of Labor has been declared off. John Flannery yesterday received the following letter:

A telegram just received from John Nugent, at Straitsville, O., says the N. P. U. in mass meeting last night declared the strike off for the present.

The trouble grew out of an attempt of the N. P. U. to compel all miners in the district to pay assessments into the check-weighmen's fund. The K. of L. miners were already paying money for this same purpose, and they refused to pay tribute to another organization for the same purpose.

WILL EXTEND THE STRIKE.

Reports to That Effect From the Monongahela District.

Reports state that the strike for 3 cents at several coal works where the men were at work at the 2½ cent rate, will extend to other places in the Monongahela district. Reports from the Youghiogheny district state that Baltimore and Ohio cars are now more plentiful, but that Scott's works and also the Youghiogheny slope works are only operating partially.

TWO SIGNERS YESTERDAY.

L. M. Morris' Yielding Regarded by the Molders as a Victory.

Two more concessions were made to the molders yesterday. One was that of L. M. Morris, of Twenty-third street and Liberty avenue, who employs 50 men. The fact of Mr. Morris' yielding is regarded by the strikers as the greatest victory they have yet gained. The other signer to the increase is the Springfield Foundry Company, Smallman and Thirty-second streets. It employs nine men.

TROUBLE AT THE BLACK DIAMOND.

The Open Hearth Department Men Threaten to Strike.

There is a report that the heaters in the open hearth department of the Black Diamond Steel Works will strike on Monday, owing to a change the company propose to make in their wages. They have hitherto been paid by day work, and in the future the firm will pay them on the tonnage system.

A Mountain in the Road.

The large contract of 1,000,000 fire brick for the new blast furnace at Cripple Creek, Va., which was placed in this city Thursday, was awarded to the Savage Fire Brick Company in the Monongahela House, and not to the Mount Savage Company, as was published.

Will Meet the Chambers-McKee Rates.

In window glass circles it was said that the Window Glass Manufacturers' Association, at their meeting on Monday next would put up the price of the product to a level with that announced yesterday, by the Chambers-McKee Company.

FREE TO-DAY!

Free To-Day!

Every boy!
Every boy!

getting a new suit or overcoat at Kaufmanns' to-day will be presented with a large and complete

tool chest,

containing a full outfit of all kinds of boys' standard tools. Remember it makes no difference how low the price of the suit or overcoat may be, the tool chest goes free with every one.

Every girl!
Every girl!

getting a new coat or cloak at Kaufmanns' to-day will be presented with a very handsome

zinc-trimmed trunk,

14 inches long and 10 inches high, with first-class lock and key and regular inside partitions. These trunks, which retail for $1, are given absolutely gratis with every girl's cloak to-day.

KAUFMANNS',
KAUFMANNS',
Fifth avenue and Smithfield street.

1,000

Men's heavy durable overcoats, in blue, black and brown shades; equal to any $12 overcoats other dealers sell. Our price to-day six dollars—$6. P. C. C. C., Cor. Grant and Diamond sts., opp. the new Court House.

Read About the Bulgarian Scarfs

To-day. JOS. HORNE & CO.'S Penn Avenue Stores.

ASK your plumber for Anderson Gas-Saving Burner. ws

Men

Who never wore ready-made clothing in their lives will be surprised and delighted with the garments we are selling to-day for $13 and $15. They represent overcoats really worth from $28 to $35. P. C. C. C., Cor. Grant and Diamond sts., opp. the new Court House.

NEW puff scarfs, at James H. Aiken & Co.'s, 100 Fifth avenue.

B. & B.

Ladies' vests 25 cts. to finest silk. Also the new and genuine "Jenness Miller" union suits. BOGGS & BUHL.

ASK your plumber for Anderson Gas-Saving Burner. ws

TIED FOR TEN YEARS.

Exact Conditions of the Agreement Between Two Big Railroads.

MANY RUMORS THAT WERE OFF.

A Joint Through Line Formed for Passenger and Freight Traffic.

THE BASIS OF THE CONTRACT SIGNED.

No Foundation for the Stories Told About President Hughitt.

The agreement between the Union Pacific and the Chicago and Northwestern Railroads, about which there has been so much controversy, is at last in print. There are a number of points at variance with all that has been supposed to be contained in the document.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

NEW YORK, November 1.—The agreement between the Union Pacific and the Chicago and Northwestern Railroads has at last been put in print, and there certainly is nothing in it to warrant the statement in a Chicago dispatch that "everybody connected with the two roads seem alarmed by the storm created by the move," and that President Hughitt has absolutely refused to say what the contract was like or whether it provides for mutual transfers of all business.

THE DISPATCH correspondent is in a position to give all the important points in the agreement, drawn up and signed by Presidents Adams and Hughitt on the 18th of October. It provides, in the first place, that "a joint through line for the transportation of persons and property shall be established by the parties hereto between all stations on their respective lines, and that the point through which the same shall pass shall be Council Bluffs, Ia. Said joint through line shall be advertised and known as the Chicago, Union Pacific and Northwestern Line."

THROUGH TRAFFIC.

is construed to cover all business received from or delivered to connecting lines of railway or lake transportation lines, as well as to business on the lines of the Union Pacific and the Northwestern system. It is significant that an exception is made as to all business of the Union Pacific in Kansas or along the line of the Kansas division of the Union Pacific. It will be noted that this exception leaves the way clear for the Union Pacific to make precisely the same arrangement with the Chicago and Alton, so far as the Kansas division is concerned, that being the only part of the Union Pacific system with which a similar connection, very advantageous to both companies, could be made.

It is agreed that joint through passenger service shall be undertaken just as soon as either party gives notice of its desire to establish such a service, and each party is to furnish its proper proportion of the equipment, and the trains are to be made up in accordance with the judgment of the general managers, and the service must be equal to that furnished by my competitors. Each company is to

KEEP UP ITS OWN EQUIPMENT,

and to receive the ordinary car mileage for equipment used on the line of the other. The Northwestern is to make rates on all joint business west bound, and the Union Pacific is to make east-bound rates, but existing rates are not to be reduced unless such action is found necessary in order to meet the competition of other lines.

All questions arising from the operation of this contract are to be settled by an arbitration committee made up of the two Presidents, two directors, one selected by each board, and a fifth party, to be selected by the two directors. Each company is to keep up its equipment, arrange its own schedules, and manage its own traffic. Through rates are to be based in accordance with the provisions established by the percentage book No. 2, but in case the proportion accruing to the Northwestern falls below half a cent a ton per mile, all further reductions, if any, shall be made in the Union Pacific proportion, and until that drops to three-quarters of a cent per ton per mile, then the reduction shall be divided by pro rata on the basis of one and a half miles for every mile on the Union Pacific and one mile for every mile on the Northwestern. This, it will be seen, provides for the differentials which have always been allowed to the Union Pacific, and further differentials are provided for with some considerable detail.

KEPT AS ITS OWN.

The Union Pacific retains the full advantage of differentials to Colorado points, and in any connecting business any proportion due the Southern Pacific Company or the bridge tolls is to be deducted before the division is made. Two cents for passengers per mile is fixed as the minimum rate to be charged on the Northwestern. Each party agrees, also, to keep its equipment in good order, pay the usual rate for car mileage, settle its own loss and damage claims, and send carload freight through without transfer.

Full accounts are to be kept, monthly statements rendered, and either company to have access to the books of the other, and all balances to be promptly paid, irrespective of any individual claims submitted for arbitration. If the presidents cannot agree, then the matter is to be referred, as provided, to the Arbitration Committee. Neither company is to give to any other company any better terms or facilities in any way than are offered to each other. At points competitive between the Union Pacific and the Northwestern lines the traffic is to be divided as nearly as possible in proportion to earnings and tonnage. Any charges that may be made in the division of rates, either by agreement or arbitration, are to continue in force for six months from the time the change is made.

A TEN-YEAR CONTRACT.

The agreement takes effect to-day, and is to continue for ten years. A similar contract is made between the Omaha and Republican Valley, Chicago, St. Paul and Indianapolis, and Omaha and the Union Pacific, the connecting point to be Sioux City, Ia., and the joint lines to be known as the Lake Superior, St. Paul and Union Pacific line. The provisions in regard to the exchange of traffic are almost precisely similar to those in the Northwestern contract, but Lake Superior points are made points common with Chicago and St. Paul, Minneapolis and common points are made common with the Mississippi river.

The Union Pacific is to receive an arbitrary at 5 cents per 100 pounds on all traffic before division is made, and the Sioux City bridge toll is also to be deducted before the division is made. The same provision is also made for any reductions necessary to meet competition, the minimum for the Eastern lines bing fixed at half a cent per ton per mile, and for the Union Pacific three-quarters of a cent. The other provisions in the contract do not differ from those in the Northwestern contract, and the Union Pacific assumes the carrying out of the contract for the section of the Omaha and Republican Valley Road, which it owns.

It is important to note that there is nothing in the contract to prohibit either company from receiving traffic from any other connecting company on terms equally favorable.

The Æsthetic Will be Out in Force

At 9 this morning for those Bulgarian scarfs. JOS. HORNE & CO.'S Penn Avenue Stores.

☞ENGLISH CUSTOMS are described in to-morrow's DISPATCH by Knickerbocker, who depicts the scenes at county fairs and in the rural inns.

THE GARRITSON INQUEST.

Eye-Witnesses Describe the Encounter at Hastings Station—The Victim Was Allowed to Bleed to Death.

The inquest on the death of Thomas Garritson, the lad of 17 years who was killed by Edward Abbott at Hastings station, was conducted by Coroner McDowell yesterday afternoon. The first witness examined was Hezekiah Garritson, father of the deceased. The boy left the farm at Harrietsville with a younger brother, Harvey, to go to a coal mine, where he had some friends, at 9 o'clock Sunday morning. He returned after the family had retired Sunday night, his jaw hanging down and his face bleeding.

Susan Garritson said that her brother told her, when he came home, that he was on the depot platform at Hastings station, a mile and a half below Harrietsville, when Edward Abbott and James Wells came along. Wells was cursing, and Abbott was carrying a flask. Wells called Garritson a vile name, and when Garritson resented it Wells and Abbott both struck him, Abbott throwing the flask, which struck him on the cheek, the flask breaking and cutting his cheek.

John Garritson testified that he met his brother on Sunday evening at Hastings, just before the fight occurred. He noticed that his brother had been drinking. He saw Wells and Abbott approach, but was engaged in conversation with another man a short distance away, when he heard a scuffle, and looking around he saw his brother strike Wells, and then saw Abbott throw the flask which struck the deceased.

Harvey Garritston testified to having accompanied his brother on Sunday and to his taking several drinks. The scene at the station platform, as described by him, was that when Wells and Abbott came up, Wells called the deceased a vile name, to which he replied by striking Wells a heavy blow in the face with his fist. Wells staggered, and Abbott, who had a quart flask in his hand, threw it with great force, striking Garritson on the cheek. Garritson fell, the blood streaming from his face, and Wells and Abbott both jumped back, pulling revolvers and exclaiming, "Stand back or I'll shoot!" The witness got his brother up and took him home.

James Wells, when sworn, denied much of the testimony of the other witnesses, and the Coroner had some difficulty in getting a clear statement from him. He told, however, of how he and Abbott had spent part of the day in a "speak-easy" kept in a shanty at Bridgeville, where they drank a good deal of beer. Abbott bought a flask of whisky, most of which he and the witness drank while walking to Hastings station Sunday evening. The witness spoke to Garritson when they met at the station and was struck in the face by him. Abbott then threw the flask, which contained a small quantity of whisky. When it struck Garritson it broke and Garritson fell. Witness denied that he had a revolver or that he called Garritson the vile name ascribed to him by the other witnesses.

From the testimony it appears that a brother of the deceased went to Bridgeville Sunday night for Dr. Kidds, but the latter refused to go to attend the injured man, because, he said, he did not feel well. Dr. Newcomer was then asked to go, but he refused to go also, sending a solution which he ordered applied to the wound. No doctor went near the young man until Monday afternoon, and he had been bleeding profusely ever since the wound was received.

Dr. E. G. Hustler testified on the stand that death resulted from hemorrhage, but that the case had not been properly treated. The witness said he had been called to attend the case on Wednesday, and arrived about ten minutes before the young man died. He had held a post-mortem examination and found that the facial artery had been severed, causing the patient to lose control of his lower jaw. If he had attended the case he would have tied up the artery.

The testimony of a number of other witnesses was taken, after which the inquest was adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning, at Mansfield.

CONSIDERABLY MIXED.

Two Southside Women Get Into a Quarrel and Sue Each Other.

Mrs. Eliza McCarthy and Mrs. Catherine Thomas allowed themselves to fall into a bad temper yesterday, the result being that there is an information against Mrs. Thomas before Alderman Schafer, charging her with assault and disorderly conduct, and one before Alderman Succop alleging the same offenses against Mrs. McCarthy. The latter lady lives in Virgin alley, near South Thirteenth street, and yesterday Mrs. Thomas was a caller there at her sister's house. Her children accompanied her. During the day they became involved in a juvenile fight with the youthful McCarthys. The two mothers appeared on the scene of conflict at the battle's height and called a truce. A wordy war ensued between the parents, which soon became tame and more vigorous proceedings were indulged in. Each woman believes her cause to be the just one, hence the suits against each other for assault and battery.

Manesse Expected Home To-Night.

Alderman Manesse is out of the city, but his friends deny he has fled to escape prosecution in the blackmailing cases. At his office last evening all inquirers were told that the Alderman would be at home this evening.

LOCAL ITEMS, LIMITED.

Incidents of a Day in Two Cities Condensed for Ready Reading.

STEPHEN LAKONY, who was committed to jail by Magistrate Brokaw, a few days ago, on complaint of Inspector McKelvey, for felonious assault and battery on Josef Kosmoski, was bound last evening by a new commitment from Alderman Schafer. Kosmoski made the complaint before Schafer, and the prisoner was held in bail of $2,000 for a hearing at 3 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, November 12.

THE General Putman Council of the Jr. O. U. A. M., No. 125, gave an elegant ball at the Lawrence Turner Hall, last night. There were at least 600 people present, and everything passed off smoothly. At 12 o'clock an elegant supper was served. The balance of the time was spent in dancing and listening to the cadence of sweet music.

THERE is a dangerous bar running out into the river from the north bank near the Panhandle bridge. It has been caused by the stream coming down from the hill at that point. A barge struck there yesterday morning and it required six boats to pull her off.

PATRICK MCNALLY was brought to the Homeopathic Hospital yesterday afternoon suffering from severe injuries about the shoulders and back. He was knocked down and run over by a team of horses at the corner of Second avenue and Try street.

Two cars of a freight train became derailed in the Lake Erie yards a short distance below the depot yesterday evening. As a consequence, the Pacific express was detained an hour from leaving the depot. There was no damage done to the freight train.

THE semi-yearly change of the resident doctor stationed at the Mercy Hospital took place yesterday. Dr. J. A. Conway, who has had charge of the surgical department, goes to the medical ward, and Dr. T. S. Speer takes his place.

KATE RUSSELL, a well-dressed young woman who claims to live at Hazelwood, was arrested last night by Detective William Shore at the corner of Ross street and Second avenue. She was charged as a suspicious person.

A LITTLE girl named Weisser is at the Central Police station. She is about 11 years old, and so tongue-tied that she cannot speak intelligibly. Her home is believed to be at Chartiers.

SNEAK thieves entered the house of J. W. Morgan, on Cliff street, last night, while the family were eating supper, and stole an overcoat valued at $25 from the hatrack in the hall.

JOHN MADDEN is the defendant in a suit for assault and battery before Alderman Hartman as the result of an altercation with a fellow-workman in A. M. Byers' mill yesterday.

THE Mercy Hospital received three typhoid fever patients yesterday.

☞MRS. E. LYNN LINTON, in to-morrow's DISPATCH, will discuss the criminalities of children.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The PEOPLE'S STORE

We continue last week's bargains in

CARPETS AND TABLE LINENS

Everybody pleased.
Best bargains we ever offered.
A clear saving of 25 per cent on every yard of Carpet and Table Linen.
It will pay you handsomely to come.
Of course you know we have the largest assortment of

CLOAKS AND WRAPS

for Ladies, Misses and Children. Everything from a Stockinette Jacket at $2 to the finest Alaska Seal Skin at $225.

For made up

SUITS

For LADIES, MISSES and CHILDREN,

SEE OUR STOCK.

CAMPBELL & DICK,

FREEMASONS' HALL, FIFTH AVENUE.

no2-TTS

UNCLE SAM'S ACCOUNTS.

The Public Debt Decreased Over Nine Millions in the Past Month.

WASHINGTON, November 1.—The following is a recapitulation of the debt statement, issued to-day:

INTEREST BEARING DEBT.

Bonds at 4½ per cent	$ 126,809,350 00
Bonds at 4 per cent	647,288,800 00
Refunding certificates at 4 per cent	113,490 00
Navy pension fund at 3 per cent	14,000,000 00
Pacific Railroad bonds at 6 per cent	64,623,512 00
Principal	852,635,172 00
Interest	6,427,800 99
Total	$ 858,062,972 99

DEBT ON WHICH INTEREST HAS CEASED SINCE MATURITY.

Principal	$ 1,885,875 26
Interest	152,406 41
Total	$ 2,038,281 67

DEBT BEARING NO INTEREST.

Old demand and legal tender notes	$ 346,737,489 80
Certificates of deposit	12,340,000 00
Gold certificates	120,927,229 00
Silver certificates	277,319,944 00
Fractional currency, less $9,375,694 estimated as lost or destroyed	6,915,600 47
Principal	$ 764,420,321 97

TOTAL DEBT.

Principal	$1,618,941,369 23
Interest	6,580,207 40
Total	$1,625,521,576 63
Less cash items available for reduction of the debt	$419,235,136 99
Less reserve held for redemption of United States notes	100,000,000 00
	519,235,136 99
Total debt, less available cash items	$1,106,286,439 64
Net cash in the Treasury	45,333,762 40
Debt, less cash in Treasury November 1, 1889	$1,060,952,677 24
Debt, less cash in Treasury October 1, 1889	$1,070,055,520 96
Decrease of debt during the month	$ 9,104,853 72
Decrease of debt since June 30, 1889	13,065,944 23

CASH IN THE TREASURY AVAILABLE FOR REDUCTION OF THE PUBLIC DEBT.

Gold held for gold certificates actually outstanding	$ 120,927,229 00
Silver held for silver certificates actually outstanding	277,319,944 00
U. S. notes held for certificates of deposit actually outstanding	12,340,000 00
Cash held for matured debt and interest unpaid	8,488,052 86
Fractional currency	1,891,353
Total available for reduction of debt	$419,235,136 99

RESERVE FUND.

Held for redemption of United States notes, acts of June 14, 1878, and July 12, 1882	$ 100,000,000 00
Unavailable for the reduction of the debt:	
Fractional silver coin	22,737,859 90
Minor coin	154,780 47
	22,892,630 37
Certificates held as cash	$ 37,604,106 00
Net cash balance on hand	45,333,762 40
Total cash in the Treasury as shown by Treasurer's general account	$ 825,087,726 76

DEBT OF THE PACIFIC RAILROADS.

For bonds issued and interest paid by the United States, and condition of the sinking fund act of May 7, 1878:	
Principal outstanding	$ 64,623,512 00
Interest accrued and not yet paid	1,292,470 24
Interest paid by the United States	82,495,