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NOT MUCH OF A MAN.

Champion Sullivan Described by His Trainer as a Brute Without Brains.

MULDOON SOURS ON HIM.

The Big One's Escapade at Chicago Costs Him Many Friends.

A DETECTIVE AFTER THE WHOLE GANG.

John L. Sullivan's Best Friends Disgusted With His Continued Drinking and His Lack of Business Ability—The Champion's Share of the Stake Money Dependent on His Backer's Generosity—Mrs. Kilrain Thinks the Newspapers Are Keeping Jake From Coming Home—Referee Fitzpatrick Surrenders to Governor Lowry—Rumors of a Big Speculation Made by Mitchell—Detective Norris Now Hunting the Party of Pugilists to Get Revenge on Kilrain.

John L. Sullivan, by his wild spree at Chicago and his unfeeling disregard of his parents' feelings, seems to be losing all of his best friends. His trainer, Wrestler Muldoon, now talks plainly of John's faults and foibles. John T. Norris, the Ohio detective, is about as angry at Kilrain, who, he claims, failed to pay him for his services, and he is now chasing the entire pugilistic party, with warrants for their arrest.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

NEW YORK, July 15.—If John L. Sullivan could be chained up when he misbehaved himself, and kept so until he reformed, he would be a great man for many years to come, and would have hosts of friends. The story of his behavior in Chicago, which was published to-day, has turned many of his friends against him, and unless he mends his ways he will receive no welcome when he arrives in this town, except from the army of parasites which has always surrounded him when his star was in the ascendant.

Billy Muldoon talked bitterly to-day of Sullivan's conduct. "He is as thoroughpaced a loafer," said Muldoon, "as I ever had anything to do with. All these stories about his great love for his parents and his generosity are the veriest bosh. A more unappreciative fellow I never saw, and now it appears to be useless to try and induce him to behave himself. The sooner the truth is told about him the better.

A Man With No Filial Affections.

"Shortly after the fight the telegram from Sullivan's father arrived, and Johnson and I had cleared the room of everybody and then read the dispatch to the big fellow. He didn't pay the slightest attention to it. His indifference so enraged Johnson that he told him he ought to be ashamed of himself. 'Your poor old mother is lying sick,' said Johnson, 'and you don't seem to care a cent. Why can't you be a man?'

"The matter with Sullivan is that he hasn't got any brain. After the fight the proprietor of the Spanish Fort, a resort just out of New Orleans, sent word to Sullivan that he would give him $1,500 if he would appear there once and be introduced from a platform to the patrons of the place. "Let him go to ——," was Sullivan's response. The next day the proprietor called on the big fellow and offered him

The Entire Receipts of the Place,

with a guarantee that the amount wouldn't be less than $1,500. Sullivan declined this offer just as brutally as he did the first. This will give you an idea of his business ability.

"Sullivan is a man with the lowest kind of tastes. It was difficult to prevent him from gratifying his low desires. That he is giving full play to them now is clear from the character of the locality in which he is frequently in Chicago. As for rum, why he loves it. He is a stubborn brute, and it is a mighty hard thing to compel him to do anything that he does not want to do. This talk about his being tempted to drink by friends is bosh. He drinks in order to satisfy a craving for liquor, and not because he is a good fellow."

Mr. Muldoon was asked regarding his statement that Sullivan was in Canada. "That was made in good faith," he replied, "and if Sullivan had

An Ounce of Sense or Honor

he would be there now. When I left him the address of a man in Canada, near Detroit, was given him, and it was fully understood that he would go directly there. I assured him that he would be well taken care of, and that he could remain there and get thoroughly rested and permit his hands to grow strong again. He promised faithfully to do so. He was to send me a telegram as soon as he arrived there. I have been waiting to get that telegram, and the first thing I hear is that he is acting the drunken loafer again in Chicago. My interest in him ended when the sponge was thrown up in Kilrain's corner, last Monday, but I was still anxious to be a friend to him. Disinterested friendship is something that Sullivan doesn't know anything about."

Sullivan's Share of the Stakes.

Mr. Muldoon was asked concerning the stake money, and what share of it Sullivan would probably receive. "His share will be mighty small," was the reply, "unless he stops drinking. He has no right to a penny of it, but both Johnson and Wakely, I understand, were resolved to give him their share of it. Under the circumstances money might just as well be thrown into the gutter. If it was given to him he would probably spend it in drinking saloons and less respectable resorts. His backers intended to act generously toward him, but they may change their minds now. It is not likely that a very large amount of money will be given him at once, but that small sums will be doled out to him at different times. I did more for Sullivan than I would for any other man in the world. I liked him, and believed that if he could be knocked into shape again he might behave himself. I sent my family away, and turned my home into training quarters, and

Labored Hard With Him.

"When he came to me his stomach was so weak that it could retain only the lightest kind of food. There was a hole in his neck big enough to hold your fist, and his flesh was as soft and flabby as a baby's. He looked like a man who would not live three months. I laid out between $300 and $400 in fixing the place up to accommodate him, and in other necessary expenses, exclusive of the household bills. My butcher's bill, while he was with me, averaged $100 a week. I intended to accept nothing for these services, but to tell Sullivan that the only pay I wanted was to see him behave himself and act like a man who had some respect for himself. If his backers intend to surrender much money to him while he is making a beast of himself, I may as well put in my bill and get some of the money."

Muldoon is pretty well tired out, and he intends to spend a few days out of town.

The Stakes Awaiting the Claimant.

Arthur Lumley, one of Sullivan's backers, said that it depended entirely upon the backers what amount of money the big fellow would receive. The entire stakes of $20,000 belongs to the three men who backed Sullivan, and it will be turned over to them in a few days. Stakeholder Cridge said that he was anxious to get rid of the money, but that he wouldn't surrender it until he received a formal notice from Referee Fitzpatrick, stating the winner of the fight. When this notice comes Mr. Cridge will notify both sides, and appoint a time and place for paying over the money. The place, he said, will probably be in the office of some disinterested newspaper.

Charley Mitchell arrived in town to-day, and early in the afternoon he appeared at the office of the *Police Gazette*. He was in a surly mood, and positively declined to be interviewed. "The other side has been doing all the talking so far," he said, "let them continue at it."

Mr. Kilrain Has Jake's Money.

In reply to a question regarding the statement that Kilrain owed him $2,000, and that he was going to attach the defeated pug's share of the gate receipts, Mitchell said that Jake didn't owe him a cent, and that Kilrain's share of the gate money, amounting to $3,600, had already been sent to Mrs. Kilrain.

A discussion has started as to the nature of Sullivan's title to the championship belt. The fact is, according to those who claim to know, that he can accept it only on the same terms on which it has been held by other champions. He must deposit $1,000 bonds to insure its safety, and he must defend it against all comers. If Sullivan gets possession of it, and his backers refuse to give him any money, it is likely the big fellow will ascertain its value by selling it.

SEEKING REVENGE.

The Ohio Detective Who Worked for Kilrain and Mitchell Now Running Them to Earth—John T. Norris Willing to Work for Any Master Who Pays His Men.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

SPRINGFIELD, O., July 15.—Detective John T. Norris left to-day in pursuit of Slugger Kilrain and party. He has requisitions for 20 of those who took an active part in the Mississippi mill, among whom are Sullivan, Kilrain, Muldoon, Cleary, Yank Sullivan, Mitchell, Pony Moore, John Murphy and Donovan. Norris now, instead of aiding the sluggers to escape the penalties of the law, is in the employ of Governor Lowry, of Mississippi, for the purpose of bringing them to justice.

Norris is not mad at the fighters, but his feelings are hurt. Kilrain and his party bunkoed him, and for once Norris found himself beat, so that he swore vengeance, and sought it in the employ of Governor Lowry. Charley Mitchell, trainer of Kilrain, and Pony Moore, Mitchell's father-in-law, employed Detective Norris to get them through the State of Mississippi and out of any State the fight might occur in.

What Norris Was to be Paid.

If Kilrain won the fight Norris was to receive $500; and if he lost, $200; unless Norris was compelled to go to Jackson, then he was to receive $300. This the detective did successfully.

The night after the fight Mitchell came to Norris and said they would settle in the morning. Norris went to his room and slept. He was aroused early in the morning by the proprietor of the hotel, who notified him of Kilrain and his party's flight. This left the detective in a predicament. He was forced to settle his hotel bill out of his own pocket, and received nothing for his services. He went to Jackson on the first train, and after Governor Lowry had received a telegram from Governor Foraker, recommending Detective Norris, he employed him.

Had Kilrain's party been arrested, Norris had with him a bogus affidavit charging Kilrain, Mitchell and Pony Moore with stealing five United States Treasury notes, each of the value of $100, from "Richard Forrester," of Athens county, in the State of Ohio, on or about July 3, 1889.

Some Singular Cognomens.

The affidavit was sworn to before "Recorder I. Wonderhoo." The State witnesses were "Richard Forrester," "Adam Goodsell," and "L. E. Phant." The warrant was indorsed by Kilrain, Mitchell and Pony Moore, who were willing to return to Athens county with the detective, waiving their claims to a requisition. In every State they went, one of these affidavits was made out; had they been arrested, Norris would have held them as his prisoners and had the best right to them, owing to the priority of arrest. The construction of the affidavit was perfect, and was greatly praised by Southern lawyers who read it.

Concerning the fight, Detective Norris said but little. He claims Kilrain did all the fighting, but that he might as well have hit a sofa as to strike Sullivan. Every time Kilrain struck the big fellow the latter would smile at Jake. Kilrain was a sick man, and returning from the fight Mitchell forsook him.

MRS. KILRAIN SOUR ON NEWSPAPERS.

She Thinks They Have Kept Jake From Reporting at His Home.

BALTIMORE, July 15.—Mrs. Kilrain, the wife of the erstwhile champion of the prize ring, is beginning to lose her good feeling for the newspapers. In fact, she openly denounces them for publishing every movement Kilrain makes, and she thinks that if the newspapers had only kept quiet, her husband would have been home before this.

"I believe they want to see Jake arrested," said Mrs. Kilrain to a reporter, "and publish all they can find out about him. If he did get home, and the newspapers would publish it, Governor Lowry would then send word to the police here to arrest him. I wish they would let him alone and give him a chance to get home."

SPIKING JOHN L.

How Kilrain Tore the Champion's Shoes to Pieces—Evidence That Sullivan Must Have Suffered Severely.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

NEW YORK, July 15.—All of Sullivan's friends who saw the big fight at Richburg agree that the champion was spiked by Kilrain in a most shocking manner. To-night at 6 o'clock Jimmy Wakely came into Bryan McSwyny's and turned over to him the shoes worn during the fight by John L. They are mute witnesses of what Sullivan must have suffered from having steel prods, three-eighths of an inch long, plunged into his feet again and again by Kilrain. They had box toes of three thicknesses of leather, but even those had been jammed flat. The spikes in Kilrain's shoes were three in number, each three-eighths of an inch in length from the surface and not sharpened like spikes in sprinting shoes, but one-eighth of an inch across at the point. On the left shoe from the upper instep toward the great toe, there is a gash two and one-half inches long which tore the leather on the uppers clear to the sole. There is another spike hole directly on top of the big toe, another on the base of the middle toe and one on the extreme end of the big toe. The inside of the shoe is stained with blood and shows that the injuries inflicted must have been severe. Kilrain must have inflicted these jabs with the front spike of his left shoe when they stood sparring.

In the wrestling Kilrain got his chance to get in his work on Sullivan's right foot by stepping on it when the men came together. This shoe shows a deep gash on the left side of the instep and another an inch below it on a line with the second toe. There is also a spike hole just over the middle toe, and the inside of the shoe is also stained with blood. McSwyny made the shoes used by Sullivan in his fight with Ryan, and says that after the fight they did not show a mark. Kilrain's shoes in the late fight are also said to be free from any evidence of their wearer having been spiked. Sullivan's shoes will be exhibitied to-day in McSwyny's window at 240 Broadway.

SULLIVAN STILL ON A SPREE.

The Champion of All Champions Yet Pouring in Booze in Chicago.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

CHICAGO, July 15.—John L. Sullivan is still in Chicago, and seems to be enjoying his visit. If enjoyment can be found in booze, John L. certainly ought to be happy, for he has done but little else since his arrival in the city than pour in grape and corn-juice. He doesn't talk or act as though he was in any hurry to leave, and in all probability he will be here during the rest of this week. He was up bright and early this morning, and the turn about the levee he took last night with Pat Sheedy and Tom Curley left no traces on his face of any evil effects it might have caused.

John was down town at about noon to-day. He visited a number of popular Clark street resorts, and finally drifted into the Turf Exchange. Here the big fighter continued to pour in bad whisky till his knees quaked and he couldn't tell one glass from two. He staggered about the place for awhile, and was finally taken out through a back door by his friends, and went back to Curley's. Meanwhile, the proprietors of the Turf Exchange did a great stroke of business by causing it to be announced that Sullivan was asleep in one of the rear rooms of the saloon. Hundreds of people crowded the saloon, the sidewalk and the street, all eager to get a glimpse of the great American prize fighter.

Sullivan took a short lay off from his spree and started out again after supper. He proceeded to do the levee in the neighborhood of Curley's saloon, in much the same manner as he did last night. Numerous complaints have come into the police stations asking that Sullivan be placed under arrest or be made to leave town. The police all make great boasts of their ability to keep their districts quiet, but Sullivan continues his debauch in spite of them.

TALK OF A BIG SPECULATION.

Mitchell Reported to Have Said His Party Would Realize $40,000.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

BALTIMORE, July 15.—Charley Mitchell evidently does not intend to set foot in Baltimore, and the reason of it, it is said, is that he has been informed of the hostile feelings of Kilrain's friends, who are more than ever convinced that the Englishman betrayed their favorite. This morning Mrs. Mitchell received a telegram from him, telling her to meet him at her uncle's, in Harlem, and to bring all the "traps" with her.

The rumors that Mitchell would try to get some of Kilrain's money from Stevenson, and then take the first steamer for England, have stirred up Mrs. Kilrain, who has had her suspicions of the sincerity of Mitchell ever since the fight, so when she learned of the telegram she also packed her grip and accompanied Mrs. Mitchell, to be on hand and represent her husband's interest with Stevenson.

Mrs. Kilrain's suspicions were everything but allayed by a letter she received from C. W. Hudson, a Chicagoan, who said that he had gone to the battlefield prepared to bet on Kilrain, but changed his mind when he heard Mitchell give a tip to an Englishman to put money on Sullivan, and assure him that they would make $40,000 on the fight. He also declared, after the third round, that he saw Mitchell telephoning with his eyes to Muldoon. The "spec" statement Hudson declared he had heard Mitchell make was that Kilrain was beaten two weeks before the fight.

ALL TO BE ARRAIGNED.

Aiders and Abettors in the Great Mill to Pay Dearly for Their Sport.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

JACKSON, MISS., July 15.—Bud Renard, Pat Duffy and other New Orleans men will be arrested as aiders and abettors in the Sullivan-Kilrain fight. Mr. Rich, who entertained Kilrain and furnished a spot for the fight, and Captain Jamieson, of Meridian, Miss., have also been put under bond for their appearance.

Attorney General Muller is preparing papers in a case against the New Orleans and Northeastern Railroad. Governor Lowry is receiving numerous telegrams from abroad, approving his course.

FITZPATRICK SURRENDERS TO LOWRY.

The Referee of the Great Mill Gives Himself Up to Mississippi Justice.

JACKSON, MISS., July 15.—John Fitzpatrick, of New Orleans, referee in the Sullivan-Kilrain fight, arrived here last night. He went to the Governor's office this morning, as soon as it was open, and informed the Governor that he had come to answer whatever charge there might be lodged against him for alleged violations of the laws of Mississippi.

Preliminaries were waived, and Mr. Fitzpatrick gave bond in the sum of $1,000 to appear at Purvis, Marion county, on Thursday, the 18th. This bond was promptly signed by citizens of this place.

Mitchell Ready to Sail To-Morrow.

NEW YORK, July 15.—A friend of Mitchell said this evening that Mitchell and Moore had arranged to sail for Liverpool on the Cunard steamer Etruria Wednesday morning.

A CRONIN SENSATION.

The Imprisoned Senior Guardian of Camp 20, Clan-Na-Gael,

MAKES SOME SERIOUS CHARGES.

The State's Attorney Has Been Making Efforts to Coerce Him,

TO GET HIM TO MAKE STATEMENTS.

As He Knows Nothing He Asks the Court to Release Him From Prison.

John F. Beggs, the imprisoned Senior Guardian of Camp 20, Clan-na-Gael, of Chicago, asks for a writ of habeas corpus on the ground that the State's Attorney and the police have been trying to force statements from him concerning the trial and execution of Dr. Cronin, concerning which Mr. Beggs professes ignorance. He will be heard today.

CHICAGO, July 15.—A somewhat sensational move was made in the Cronin case to-day. John F. Beggs, the imprisoned Senior Guardian of Camp 20, Clan-na-Gael, filed a new petition for a writ of habeas corpus, giving as a reason why he should be set at liberty that he has been jailed and indicted solely in the hope that he would thus be forced to turn State's evidence. The testimony expected of him, he says, has no foundation in fact. Beggs, in his petition, further says that while he was illegally imprisoned and secreted from his friends immediately preceding his indictment, he was taken before the State's Attorney, who tried to induce him to make certain statements, the facts so desired not being within the knowledge of Beggs, and that in the conversation the State's Attorney said in substance:

"By the newspapers you are condemned already, the only way, or the best way out of it for you is to stand with us," meaning thereby to stand with the prosecution, and further stating in the conversation: "If you will accept employment from us we will pay you for it," to which Beggs responded in substance:

UNABLE TO BETRAY ANYONE.

"If you mean by 'stand with you,' that I shall give you testimony by which any person or persons might be convicted of the murder of Dr. Cronin, I cannot accept your employment, for the reason that I have no facts which would tend to convict or even cast suspicion upon any person of causing the death of Cronin."

Soon after the conversation with the State's Attorney the indictment against Beggs was returned, says the petition, which adds:

There has been a persistent and determined effort on the part of the police officers and State's Attorney's office to compel this relator to divulge certain alleged facts stated in an anonymous letter to the State's Attorney tending to show that some action was taken in Camp 20 which resulted in the death of Cronin, which alleged facts this relator has failed to give, for the reason that the same do not exist.

Beggs takes up, in detail, the statements in the anonymous letter as follows:

Your petitioner most solemnly and sincerely affirms that there is not now, nor has there ever been, what is known and designated as an "inner circle" of the Clan-na-Gael society, and that there is not now, nor has there ever been an inner circle, a second circle, a second circle or any sub-division of said Camp 20, of said society, nor was a committee ever appointed by said camp to inquire into any alleged charge against Dr. Cronin, to the knowledge of this relator, and certainly not during the time in which this relator acted as Senior Guardian thereof, which was for a long time prior to the 4th of May, 1889.

HE DIDN'T HAVE CRONIN TRIED.

And the relator says that it is not true, as stated, in the anonymous letter, that he appointed a committee of seven, consisting of L. R. Buckley, Harry Jordan, Dennis O'Connor, John O'Malley, John F. O'Malley, Thos Murphy and Dan Coughlin, or any other persons, for the purpose of trying any charges preferred against Cronin or any person; that it is not true that said committee, or any other committee, ever investigated to the knowledge of this relator any charges preferred against said Cronin in Camp 20 at any time whatsoever, and that such facts could not have existed for a long time prior to May 4 without this relator's knowledge; wherefore this relator states that all of the material facts in the anonymous letter, which, as he believes, was used as the sole pretext for the indictment, are untrue in fact and can never be sustained by any proof whatsoever.

The State's Attorney, having stated that he did not desire at the present time to make public his case, Beggs offers to have the hearing take place in private. Judge Horton agreed to hear arguments on the petition to-morrow.

A TELL TALE LETTER.

Some One Implicated in the Death of Cronin Drops a Letter.

NIAGARA FALLS, July 15.—The following letter was picked up to-day on the Grand Trunk track near Stamford, two miles from here, by J. Kelliher, who gave it to James Quillan, an accountant of the Canadian Government Park. It bears no postmark or stamp, and is supposed to have been dropped by some one going West on the railway.

NIAGARA FALLS, March 11.

DEAR FRIEND—I have just arrived here and am waiting for the event that is to take place on the 4th. Be sure and make away with our —— enemy and spy, Dr. Cronin. Leave no corner in which there shall be any suspicion, and may the Holy Father bless you for the deed. I am in terrible anxiety.

Tell Dan to be very careful; also Kunze. Work for Ireland. Be true to the Clan-na-Gael No. 20. Your dear friend,

J. W. CAVANAUGH.

A Habeas Corpus Writ for Burke.

WINNIPEG, MAN., July 15.—Isaac Campbell, counsel for Burke, says the prisoner will be brought up one day this week upon a writ of habeas corpus, when the whole case will be reargued before another judge.

THE POSTMASTER CAPTURED.

He Was Enticed O'er the Border From Canada and is Now in Jail.

ERIE, July 15.—United States Marshal Balding, of Wilkesbarre, came to Erie today with James E. Farrell, the missing Starrucca, Pa., postmaster in custody. Farrell, who had been appointed under the late administration had been charged with robbing the mails of registered letters. Farrell went to Canada and has been staying at Niagara Falls, just across the border. He was enticed over to the American side and arrested. The Marshal left for Wilkesbarre to-night with his prisoner.

IT TAKES MONEY AND SAND

To Carry the New State of Washington for the Republicans.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Mr. H. P. Palmeiston, a prominent citizen of Washington Territory, arrived in the city this evening, and though he is a Republican he professes to believe that his party will have no sure thing in the elections which will soon be held in that new State. He asserted that the Republicans of the State are badly scared, and if they are to win it will require close attention from the National Committee, and a liberal expenditure of money.

OUR NEW STATES.

Efforts to Make Constitutions for Them—Universal Suffrage, the Indians and the Railroads—A Single House Legislature.

HELENA, July 15.—A petition of 148 citizens that universal suffrage be considered was referred to a committee. During the recess of the convention printed circulars to the same effect were pasted on the members' desks and on the walls. The Committee on Compulsory Education resolves to report unfavorably. The proposition to publish all general laws passed by the Legislature, and a preamble in regard to a bill of rights, were reported without recommendation. The Committee on Chinese and Other Labor Questions was given further time. B. C. Wyley, District Secretary of the National Reform Association, asks the convention to distinctly recognize in the constitution God as the source of all power, to teach Sabbath observance and moral questions in the schools and to lay the foundations for just legislation on marriage and divorce.

An Olympia, Wash., dispatch says: The committee has practically adopted the California judiciary system. There will be three or five supreme judges and 18 district judges; salaries of supreme judges $5,000, and of others $4,000. The convention, on a test vote, showed itself in favor of selling tide lands. The report of the committee was adopted, favoring submission to a popular vote at the same time of separate amendments to the Constitution. The House will be twice as large as the Senate.

A Bismarck dispatch says: The North Dakota convention discussed the judiciary without reaching a conclusion. Opposition to the single-house Legislature is growing up because it is noted the big corporations favor it. The question of taxation of the railroads is being agitated. A resolution looking to the taxation of mortgages has also been introduced.

A Sioux Falls dispatch says: In the South Dakota Constitutional Convention the Schedule Committee are wrestling with the Australian ballot system, and it is understood that they will recommend its adoption.

The South Dakota Convention will submit the question of prohibition to the people as a separate amendment to the Constitution.

QUAY AND HIS CATCH.

He Says the Stories Told of His Luck in Fishing are Fictitious.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

PHILADELPHIA, July 15.—Senator Stanley Matthew Quay arrived in this city this evening, from Atlantic City, en route for Washington. He stopped at the Continental Hotel, and as few of the party leaders were aware of his presence he wasn't troubled much by office-seeking visitors. The Senator, whose face was bronzed by exposure to the hot Atlantic City sun, said that he had thoroughly enjoyed his stay at the seashore. "The stories about the large catches made by our party are purely fictitious," said he. "We were out for five days, and our catch during that time was one drum-fish and a few kingfish."

Respecting the pending elections in the four new States, Senator Quay said: "The National Committee has not received any appeal from the four new States for assistance, but should an appeal be made we would, of course, respond to it. I haven't much information regarding the condition of affairs in these States, but I think each one of them is perfectly able to take care of itself. Of course three of them are naturally Republican. I have been away, and consequently don't know much about what has been going on."

Senator Quay will leave for Washington early to-morrow morning.

THEY PROPOSE TO STAY.

Senators Edmunds and Morrill, of Vermont, Will Not Retire.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

WASHINGTON, July 15.—In regard to the report that Senators Edmunds and Morrill, of Vermont, would both retire from the Senate at the end of their present terms, and that Secretary Proctor would be a candidate to succeed one of them, Mr. Proctor said to-day to the correspondent of THE DISPATCH that he had never contemplated such a thing for the simple reason that he didn't think that either of the Senators had a thought of retiring, and that as long as they desired to remain in the Senate they would be re-elected.

The report originated from an expression of some of the young Republicans of the State, who think that the vets ought to retire and give the youths a chance.

DESERTED BY HIS WIFE.

A Maimed Erie Brakeman Because of This Makes an End of Life.

ERIE, July 15.—Harlan Adelbert Grimm, 23 years of age, son of Mr. George Grimm, of Cleveland, suicided this morning by taking an overdose of aconite. The young man leaves a wife and one child. A little over a year ago while employed by the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway Company, he had one of his arms injured while coupling. The arm was amputated to save the young man's life. Being unable to work, his wife left him and secured employment in a hotel, and refused to return to him. He brooded over this, and finally ended his life as above stated.

THE FATHER OF THE G. O. P.

Hon. A. N. Cole, Who Claimed the Title, Dies at Wellsville, N. Y.

WELLSVILLE, N. Y., July 15.—Hon. A. N. Cole died at his home here last night. He was 67 years of age. He was well known throughout the State as an editor, politician and agriculturist, and as the "Father of the Republican party." In 1847 he established the Genesee Valley *Free Press* at Belfast, N. Y., it being the first Republican paper printed. He enjoyed the friendship of Horace Greeley, Chief Justice Chase and William Lloyd Garrison.

Pennsy Still Holds Out.

CHICAGO, July 15.—The Lake Shore and the Nickel Plate roads gave notice to-day that they would reduce the rates on all grain and its products to the basis of 20 cents a hundred pounds, Chicago to New York, taking effect July 18. All the Vanderbilt lines are now in this movement, the Michigan Central having issued its tariffs Saturday, following the lead of the Chicago and Grand Trunk. The Pennsylvania and the Chicago and Atlantic have not as yet applied the reduction to other grains than corn and wheat.

A $35,000 Fire Started by Robbers.

DENVER, July 15.—A Pueblo (Col.) telegram says: Fire at 2 o'clock this morning destroyed F. C. Taft's drygoods house and a number of small dwellings adjoining. Loss, $35,000; insurance $30,000. The fire is supposed to have been started by robbers.

Findlay's Twelfth Glass Factory.

FINDLAY, July 15.—Work was commenced this morning on Findlay's twelfth glass factory. The new factory will be a window glass house and starts ten pots. The building is to be completed in 90 days.

Canadian Exports Increase.

OTTAWA, July 15.—The value of the Canadian exports for the last fiscal year was $3,552,517 as against $3,245,067 for the previous year, an increase of $307,450.

MUST KEEP NEUTRAL.

Hippolyte's Agents in This Country Wideawake at All Times.

LEGITIME MUST NOT BE AIDED,

At Least, Not as Long as Secretary Tracy is a Brooklyn Lawyer.

GUNBOATS AND SOLDIERS FROM FRANCE

Said to Be Even Now on Their Way From Martinique to Port-au-Prince.

American officials are charged with clandestinely, at least, assisting Hippolyte in his war with Legitime. Secretary of the Navy Tracy is a member of the firm of lawyers who have assisted in fitting off gunboats and reinforcements to Hippolyte, but General Tracy's junior partner, Mr. Platt, says that the Secretary knows nothing of such matters.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

NEW YORK, July 15.—People in this city got information to-day that the State Department at Washington had received a letter bearing date July 12, and signed by Johannes Haustedt, the agent of Hippolyte in this city, stating that two French war vessels filled with troops were on their way to Port-au-Prince, to aid Legitime. The ships were part of the regular French squadron, stationed at Port Royal, Martinique, and, it was stated, all the French troops that could be spared from Martinique were aboard of them. The letter stated that this was positive information, got from confidential sources. It called upon the United States Government to notify the French Government that interference in behalf of Legitime would not be tolerated.

Mr. Haustedt dodged the questions about the letter to-day. He said he did not believe that French gunboats were going to Port-au-Prince. Minister Preston said he did not believe it either.

HINTS OF COLLUSION.

A Brooklyn paper of Sunday had a long letter, dated Port-au-Prince, complaining that the United States Navy is continually escorting merchant ships from New York into Legitime's "blockaded" northern ports, while the law firm of Tracy, McFarland, Boardman & Platt, of which the Secretary of the Navy is now the head, acted as counsel for Hippolyte's agents in New York in getting men-of-war off to reinforce Hippolyte's navy. It was also complained that his firm is still counsel for the merchants who are running Legitime's "blockade," which neither this administration nor its predecessor has ever recognized. Minister Preston, when asked about the matter today, said: "Well, perhaps in America such a state of affairs is all right and proper, but to a foreigner it looks queer. To be sure, Secretary Tracy did not enter the firm till after the Carondelet and Madrid trials were all over; but it is a well-known fact, nevertheless, that the firm are retained yet by the Hippolyte faction."

MR. TRACY'S PARTNER SPEAKS.

Mr. Platt, who was special counsel for Hippolyte's representatives in the trials, said to-day that General Tracy did not enter the firm until after his appointment as Secretary of the Navy, and long after the Carondelet and Madrid matters were ancient history. "I doubt," said he, "if he knows anything at all about the matter, or about our connection with it. I see no impropriety in representing a reputable client in a reputable case. I have all along believed Hippolyte's was the right side, and the winning side. Legitime is only a pretender. We took the case because most of the merchants on Hippolyte's side of the fight were clients of ours and wanted us to."

The statement that the revenue cutter McCulloch had been sold to Legitime for a gunboat was denied to-day by John G. Bolander, who bought her in Baltimore last February at auction. Stephen Preston, Jr., the son of Minister Preston, was the authority for the story.

STORMS IN THE WEST.

A Great Wind Storm at Princeton, O.—Curious Electrical Disturbances.

CINCINNATI, July 15.—Reports from Hamilton O., to-day concerning the storm of yesterday indicate that there was no loss of life. The loss of property at Princeton is estimated to not exceed $10,000. Damage to crops, fences, etc., is very great in the pathway of the storm, which was about a quarter of a mile wide. Many families were made homeless. From various places in Illinois, Iowa and Wisconsin heavy storms are reported. At Leavenworth, Kan., there was a heavy thunder storm with no rain.

Electric light wires were blown down at Evansville, Ind., charging buildings and pools of water with electricity. The fire department was called out, and, being unaware of the condition of things rushed into what was almost certain death. Horses and firemen alike were knocked down with electricity. Others rushed into a building that was apparently to be on fire was thrown down. Citizens rushed in and met a similar fate, and excitement ran high. A dozen or more men were rendered unconscious, but their lives were saved by laying them upon the wet ground.

HE VIOLATES THE LAW.

A Bank Officer Who Has Crossed the Border to Work for 40 Years.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—A number of perplexing questions have been presented to the Treasury Department in regard to the enforcement of the alien contract labor law so far as it applies to persons employed in this country, but who reside just across the Canadian and Mexican borders. Complaint has been lodged against an officer of a bank in Vermont, near the Canadian border line, who has his residence in Canada. He has crossed the border line to his business nearly every day for the past 40 years. It is charged that his employment is in contravention to the contract labor law. Complaint has also been made against the practice of allowing Canadian and Mexican laborers to enter United States territory for days' work. These matters are all under investigation.

No Oil Pipes Through Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 15.—The ordinance granting the Standard Oil Company the right to construct a pipe line to the center of the city was vetoed by Mayor Cregier tonight. An attempt to pass the ordinance over the veto failed. Mayor Cregier in his veto message took the ground that free franchises were a thing of the past, and that the proposed enterprise was too great a possible menace already.

Counterfeiters in Venango.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

FRANKLIN, July 15.—This section of the State is evidently being worked by a gang of counterfeiters, as silver dollars and half-dollars are being circulated very extensively and are of a superior quality. One merchant to-day found that his clerks had taken in $8 of the "stuff," while other storekeepers fared nearly as bad.

QUAY QUITE OFF.

He Fails to Keep an Appointment at Atlantic City to Talk About Pennsylvania Politics—Cooper Waits for Him, but Gets Left.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 15.—J. H. Harrah, of Beaver, the next United States Marshal at Pittsburg, came over from Brigantine Beach to-night, but Senator Quay failed to appear. The Philadelphians who have been here since Friday night in hopes of having a consultation with Quay regarding the Federal patronage in Pennsylvania were told that Quay could not discuss matters until a future date, notwithstanding the fact that the present engagement was made at his instance. Senators Penrose and Cooper at once arose and left the room in which the would-be conferees had been waiting all day, both expressing more than disappointment at the wily Senator's peculiar actions.

Penrose and the others, with the exception of Cooper, left for Philadelphia to-night with their hopes blasted. Cooper is still "red headed and hopeful," and determined to remain here until Quay came, if it took all summer. It is now, while Hastings is being lionized at Cape May and banqueted at home on the strength of his heroic efforts at Johnstown, that the field marshal is permitting the Gubernatorial bee to worry him more than ever, and he is confident of freezing out Reyburn, Delamater, Montooth and Hastings, if he can get an audience with Quay before any of the other aspirants gain his promise of support. Cooper is quartered at Congress Hall. Harrah is quartered at the Traymore.

Senator Quay reached here from Brigantine to-night, and went from the inlet direct to the depot, where he took the train for Washington. Cooper was not informed of his presence in the city until after Quay had passed through. Quay will be in Washington to-morrow, leaving for Philadelphia to-morrow night. He will remain there a day and then leave for Pittsburg.

A SLICK MAN GONE.

He Salts the Blue Ridge Summit and Takes in a Number of Victims.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

HARRISBURG, July 15.—George H. Levis, the notorious swindler who is reported as having died in Surrey, England, on June 27 last, did some of his crooked work in this city. He formed the Pennsylvania and Maryland Improvement Company and the Headlight Copper Mining Company, the object being to mine copper in Franklin county, on the Blue Ridge summit. His assertion that copper abounded there was vigorously combatted by the members of the Geological Survey, but Levis salted the mine, invited experts to examine, and on the strength of their report sold great quantities of stock. His victims are yet in the toils of a court suit for assessments.

When Levis fled from Harrisburg he went to Washington, where he played the same game. Jacksonville, St. Louis and Chicago followed, and it at last became so hot for him that he had to get out of the country.

SECRETARY LEWIS RESIGNS.

He Rakes the K. of L. and Says Miners Must Take Lower Wages.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

COLUMBUS, July 15.—W. T. Lewis, Secretary of the National Progressive Union of Miners, has sent his resignation to President John McBride. He writes a long letter in which he goes over the labor field and expresses the opinion that miners all over the country will be compelled to accept a reduction of wages, and refers to the point that the miners are divided into so many factions that they have lost a great deal of their power. Mr. Lewis does not wish to act longer as a general officer, and improves the opportunity to rake the K. of L. pretty strong. He goes in a few days as a representative of Scripp's league to Europe. Patrick McBryde, of Pennsylvania, Financial Secretary and Treasurer, will perform the duties of Secretary until a successor to Mr. Lewis be elected.

SHRIMPS WRECKING A FLEET.

$175,000 Worth of Coal Placed in Jeopardy by the Appetites of the Pests.

MEMPHIS, July 15.—For a week past the coal fleet, moored a few miles above the city, has been in jeopardy, and only by strenuous efforts and a large outlay of money have the owners succeeded in keeping the boats afloat. The fleet consists of 75 barges, containing 650,000 bushels of coal, valued at $175,000. The trouble was brought about in a most singular and unexpected manner. Shrimps, in countless myriads, have eaten out the oakum in the seams of the boats, letting the water in and rendering the services of a large number of men at the pumps necessary to keep the boats from sinking. The boats have been moved into the current which washed the shrimps off, and sawdust rammed into the leaks. Several days of labor will yet be required before the fleet is considered safe.

POLITICS IN MISSISSIPPI.

The Democratic State Convention to be Held To-Day—The Candidates.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

JACKSON, MISS., July 15.—The Democratic State Convention assembles here to-morrow. Aside from the 240 delegates who vote, there are hundreds of interested persons and spectators. J. M. Stone and J. R. Cameron are the most prominent candidates. The latter's strength lies principally in the fact of his being a farm