THE TOPICAL TALKER.

"The Yeomen of the Guard" as the following THE PHESIDENT-I have a song to sing, O!

THE PHESIDENT—I have a song to sing, O'
PITTSBURG—Sing me your song, O!
PRESIDENT—It is sung with a groan,
In a gruesome tone,
To the tune of a Senator's gong, O!
It's the song of a man who'd gladly pay
A good round sum to find a way
To make two pogs in one hole stay,
Two men in the Pittsburg P. O.
Heighdy! Heighdy!
Misery me! Lacadydee!
To picase Magee and sailsty Quay
In that blessed old Pittsburg P. O.
PITTSBURG—I have a song to sing, O!
THE PRESIDENT—Sing me your song, O!

PITEBURG—I have a song to sing, O:
THE PERSIDENT—Sung me your schg, O:
PITEBURG—It is sung with a smile,
All free from guile,
For it may prevent a wrong, O:
It's the song of a citizen voting free,
Who cares naught for A. nor a fig for B,
Hat who wants his mail as soon as may be,
And he says to the President, "Sir," says he,
"Till the fight is settled 'twirt Quay and Mages
Let Larkin stay in the P. O."

A PUP can be brought up in a great many

different ways; just as there are more methods of killing a dog than to choke him to death on

butter. Here's the very latest way to raise a pup. The youngest in a family of three, a boy

of immence acquisitiveness and precocity, brought home a tiny Newfoundland pup the

other day.
"Willie," said the boy's mother, "that pup is

too young—it is not more than a day old—you ought to take it back!"

"Oh, I know how to raise it, ma," replied the boy. "We'll feed it with a bottle."

After some skirmishing this young fancier,

after some skirmishing this young fancier, aided and abetted by his two sisters, procured a large wine bottle, which they partly filled with milk and warm water. One of the girls carried the bottle—which was to the pup what a hogshead would be to you—and the boy held the pup's mouth open. Most of the milk and

water went all over the pup's furry body. This style of feeding might have improved the dog's coat had it been persevered in, but the dog would have died had not one of the small girls

cried: "The right way to do is to pour the milk and water on a rag and let the pup eat the

milk, but the pup had no confidence in the rag
—his omnivorous appetite had not arrived. He
declined to be fed through the rag.

Then it was the boy's turn again, and with a

wild yell of joy, he shouted: "Oh! I know the very thing! The medicine dropper!"

So the physician's instrument for measuring

ninute doses was hunted up, and for hours

every day since the discovery that unfortunate pup has had its mouth held open to receive

nourishment from the dropper.

But the pup is getting fat, all the same, and

Some people insist that the robins are getting

scarcer and scarcer every season. Every sort of excuse for this lamentable fact is alleged, from

bad boys to wicked English sparrows.

Nevertheless on Sunday last about sunset

time I counted in a field of about two or three

mile of iron mills and their populous surround-

All down the Ohio valley, in fact, I hear of

the great plenty of these beautiful birds. The

catbirds seem to be quite numerous enough,

all Right.

LOUISVILLE, March 27.-Regarding Presi

There is no denying that the administration is

party lines. The batch of diplomatic nominations sent to the Scuate yesterday, completes the list of foreign places of importance to be filled and though containing some surprise it will on the whole give pretty general satisfactior. The nomination of Robert Lincoln as Minister to England is at once

HARRISON'S FIRST MONTH'S SALARY.

Mr. Cleveland Receives Three Days' Pay

for the Month of March.

WASHINGTON, March 27 .- President Harri

son received his first month's salary to-day. It

amounted to \$8,888 88, and was delivered to him

in the form of a Treasury draft.

The draft was for the month of March, minus
the first three days. Mr. Cleveland received
the President's salary for that portion of the

Quay and Cameron Out of Washington.

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.)

WASHINGTON, March 27 .- Pennsylvania was

inrepresented in the meeting of the Senate to-

mansions of Senators Quay and Cameron were

turned away disappointed. Mr. Cameron was in Harrisburg, in attendance at the wedding of his daughter, and Colonel Quay went to Phila-delphia this morning, to look at the pigs-in clover puzzle of the postmastership at short range. Both of the Senators are expected to

DEATHS OF A DAY.

Mrs. Mary Balley.

Mrs. Mary Balley, an old and well-known res

dent of this city, died on Wednesday morning at 6 o'clock. She was born in Fittsburg in 1816, her maiden name being MaryGraham, daughter of Maj. Graham, of the war of 1812. She married George

Wm McCandless, a brother of Judge McCandless, in

Wm. McCandiess, a brother of Judge McCandiess, in 1812. He died in 1830, teaving a son, Major W. G. McCandiess. She afterward married Sam Balley, of the old tron firm of Balley, Brown & Co. This second husband died in 1830, teaving the following children: Hohert G. Bailey, of Alles & Balley; Sam Balley, Jr., of the Union Storage Company: Emma W., Mary G. and Ida Balley; Mr. George Singer, Mrs. Cashing, Mrs. Dr. J. R. McClintock, Mrs. Harbugh and Mrs. Eliza Semple. The doceased was a member of the First Presbyterian Church, and had a wide reputation as an active, carnest Christian and a kind, loving mother.

Mrs. Frances L. Hanna

Mrs. Frances L. Hanns, one of the oldest residents of Allegheny county, sled the other day from old age and was buried yesterday. She was 74 years of age, and came to Springdale with her

74 years of age, and came to springuate with her parents from Fhiladelphia when she was 8 years old. The journey from Philadelphia to Springdale was made in wagons. When her father, John Keene, came here he purchased 350 acres of land at \$1 an acre. To-day the land is worth \$1,000 an

acre.

The deceased was married to J. M. Hanns, who survives her, and has a family of children. One of them is George S. Hanns, the oldest conductor on the West Penn Railroad. He has been connected with the road for 25 years.

Mrs. Hanns was a prominent member of the Methodist Church at Springdale. Her death was caused by old age.

Ex-Congressman Mahoney.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Ex-Representative Peter Paul Mahoney, of New York, died arthe Arlington Hotel this morning at 8:35 o'clock. Mr. Mahoney was taken sick two days after the inauguration of President Harrison, and for several days his death has been looked for. He retained consciousness until a short time before his death, and taiked feebly with those about his bed, and taiked feebly with those about his bed, and the members of his immediate family were with him when he died. The remains left here this afternoon for New York, and the funeral will aske place up Friday. Mr. Mahoney was a mative of New York City, where he was born June 23, 188. He never held any public office until he was elected to the Forty-ninth Congress as a Democrat.

Judge Jacob Burnet. CINCINNATI, March II.—Ex-Judge Jacob Bur-net, aged 72, died this morning.

day, and many office seekers who called at the

acres, no less than 22 red-breasted songstersand that, too, in a locality less than five miles from Allegheny City Hall, and within a

growing apace.

Journal:

So a rag was obtained and saturated with

Let Larkin stay in the P. O. Heighdy! Heighdy! Misery me! Lacadydee! Till the Senator bold and C. L. agree

Let Larkin stay in the P. O.

# Dispatch.

ESTABLISHED FEBRUARY 8, 1846. Vol. 64. No. 49. - Entered at Pittshurg Postoffice. Nevember 14, 1887, as second-class matter. Business Office—97 and 99 Fifth Avenue News Rooms and Publishing House-- 75. 77 and 79 Diamond Street

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Copies per issue.

TERMS OF THE DISPATCH.

POSTAGE PREE IN THE UNITED STATES. DAILY DISPATCH, One Year, .... DAILY DISPATCH, Per Quarter.
DAILY DISPATCH, One Month.
DAILY DISPATCH, Including Sunday, one DAILY DISPATCH, including Sunday, per DAILY DISPATCH, including Sunday, one

SUNDAY DISPATCH, one year ... 16 cents per week, or including the Sunday edition,

PITTSBURG, THURSDAY, MAR. 28, 1889.

THE DIPLOMATIC APPOINTMENTS.

The list of diplematic appointments which was sent to the Senate yesterday completes the distribution of the more important missions, and gives a tolerably clear view of the principles of selection. Robert Lincoln, for Minister to England, is a more creditable example of hereditary selection than Fred Grant's appointment. Mr. Lincoln, it is certain, will be a good representstive of the United States, although there is no evidence as yet that he will be an especially brilliant one.

Murat Halstead for Germany, and Allen

Thorndike Rice for Russia, are, like Whitelaw Reld's nomination to Paris strong appointments. While these gentlemen's position in domestic politics has aroused strong antagonisms, and in various respects been open to sharp criticism, no one will deny that they are men of marked ability and high mental equipment. But Mr. Halstead's diplomatic career is threatened at the outset by an idiosynerasy of our politics. The offended specter of Senatorial dignity rises in Mr. Halstend's pathway. and, it is intimated, will put a veto on his public services. This is on account of the very sharp criticisms which Mr. Halstead's paper made of the Senate's course in suppressing investigation into the purchase of Senator Payne's seat.

The position that the Senate would assume by such action would be a very remarkable one. It would be a practical avowal of the rule that criticism of the Senate's acts on public matters is forbidden, on pain of making the critic ineligible to office. A sort of fatality, too, appears to make the Senate quick to resent the criticisms that are just and required by the public interest. Schuyler's very moderate expressions on the policy of making a clean sweep are fatal, but Whitelaw Reid's attacks on the Grant administration are not objectionable. This incongruity will be most marked it Halstead's vigorous demands for the exposure of a rank piece of corruption are held to disqualify him.

A feature of the diplomatic appointments is that they do not represent any particular faction or interest in the Republican party. Reid and Rice were Blaine men, Halstead an man Lincoln a Gre It would be too much to expect any nonnortisans in the list; but the administration is evidently not permitting personal feelings to influence its appointments, at least in the diplomatic line.

A REASON THE OTHER WAY ..

From a meeting of Wilkinsburg citizens resolutions are reported against the proposed increase of Judges' salaries, and also against an allowance of mileage, because as it is said the Judges already ride on passes. This reason would be a very good one why a mileage rate should be established where Judges travel in the discharge of their functions, and the pass system abolished. It is poor policy to keep the Bench on such short commons that the corporation courtesies are acceptable. If there is any one class of officials for whom liberal pay is good policy it is the Judges. Whatever may be true of the country districts, where the cost of living is comparatively light, the present salary of \$6,000 per annum for Alleghenv county Judges, for instance, offers but an insignificant prospect of much of a competency for themselves or their families in old age. That good and able men are found to take the places, and sometimes eager to get them at that figure is true; but the same would The possibility of getting others to do the consideration in private business; nor is it As between paying a reasonable mileage, or even liberal salaries to Judges, or having them make ends meet by the "courtesy" of corporations, the public might wisely choose

# ELECTIVE POSTMASTERS.

The rush for postoffices which attends the inception of a new administration revives the proposal to leave the choice of postmasters to the people. The idea is not a new one: but it has received a notable impetus of late. The people of Winchester, Mass., recently adopted it by a meeting, somewhat on the town meeting plan to designate their choice, and the example has been followed at Hammondsport, N. Y., and other places to a degree that has attracted attention even at Washington.

Hon. Henry Cabot Lodge, who is the champion of the idea in its revived shape, arones that until the postoffices are taken out of politics, it is better that the nostmaster should represent the choice of the people in the locality of the office, than the choice of a single member who has followers to reward with plunder. This may be true of the country districts; but it is highly questionable of the city districts. Beyond that, in addition to the entire reconstruction of the constitutional theory which it involves, it cannot be viewed as a step in the direction of reform. Instead of being in the direction of removing the postoffices from-politics, it only pushes them further into politics and seems to fix them there irretrievably.

It might be a useful expedient for an administration to call upon the people to show their preferences in the choice of fourthclass postmasters of which the appointing power can, in the nature of the case, know but little; but any legal reform should be in the direction of taking the postoffices out of polities altogether.

A day or two ago a big steamer entered the port of New York with a cargo of bones. braska, Nevada, New Hampshire and Con- large cheek bones.

These anatomical remains were not of the necticut, bills on Constitutional amendusual sort, but relies of men and beasts | ments in the futerest of women's suffrage which have lain on the sands of the great | were voted down or shelved. These results, North African desert for centuries. An en- we repeat, the remonstrants regard as high terprising German has been gathering them | ly satisfactory. for years and now they are to be used by Americans for refining sugar, in manufacturing paper and as fertilizing materials. The bones of Arabs, Egyptians and Ethiopians, of camels, horses and lions, will help o sweeten our coffee, to form the pages of

Surely here is a superb chance for some The bravery of the Arab, his daring and powers of endurance, have been celebrated often in song and story. So have the superb characteristics of the Arabian steed, and of the latter's strength. who has not heard of the majestic attributes and enormous appetite of the African lion. To be sure the camel stands only second to the mule for obstinacy and ugliness of temper, though as a peripatetic tank the ship of the desert has rather the best of the human variety in the lower circles of our Arab; his horse and the African lion probably would outweigh the camel and fellah in double-bottomed bottles of extra thick | while the outside public has to pay \$1 25. glass with large corks and artistic labels.

Such a preparation would doubtless find favor with modern pugilists and others who are wanting in ferocity and blood thirstinice title, while a blue Arab on a yellow horse fighting a red lion would be a taking | ble because they cannot do it this week. trade mark. This suggestion is donated to the patent medicine maker free of all charges.

A TRANSPARENT PRETENSE

Itappears by a local article elsewhere that ome of the railway men are repeating their old and threadbare ruse of adopting certain lines of action, for reasons best known to what he has done. As he will have to do themselves, and charging it to the inter-State Commerce law.

The announcement that through rates from Pittsburg to points beyond the Mississippi River are withdrawn under the amended law, because of inability to understand whether they will conflict with the long-and-short haul clause, is, a peculiarly transparent example of this old and threadbare pretense. Its utterly factitions character can be shown in two ways.

First, the requirements of the fourth section have not been changed by the amendments. If the through rates which are withdrawn, are a violation of the new law, they were a violation of the law before. But it may be wise to remember that it is Second, the nature of that requirement is not Pension Commissioner Tanner's duty to very simple, and has been thoroughly un- make the pension laws. His functions derstood, ever since the law went into ef- cease with administering the pension laws fect. No one who has given any attention | which Congress enacts. to the matter, holds that it requires a railroad to keeps its local rate within the proportion of the through rates on freight passing over its line between points beyond its termini. The requirement is simply that, the practice of choking off investigation in the case named the rate between the into purchased seats in that awful body. Mississippi and Omaha shall not be greater than the whole rate from Pittsburg or New York to Omaha. This is the universal con- F. Shepard's name from the list of diplostruction of the act, and it so happens that it has an authoritative basis in the definition of a through rate, as "one contract and one yoyage" by the United States Supreme who, it is well known, regulates the dis-Court, in the case of Wabash vs. Illinois, decided before the inter-State Commerce act was passed.

One single fact exposes this pretense. Most of the lines which withdrew the trans-Mississippi rates are engaged in transporting freight from Chicago and Mississippi river points to New York. Everyone of them charges more on the same freight delivered through New York rate. They have a whether the law will permit the same thing of construction.

whether the law will permit the same thing west of the Mississippi river.

Another point is pertinent. If the law should be violated by excessive rates west of the Mississippi—which the railway interest has been protesting are ruinously low—the violators would be the trans-Mississippi roads and not those taking the freight from Pittsburg. The law does not forbid a cheap through rate. It forbids high local rates in excess of a certain standard fixed in relation to the through rates. Consequently the claim that this action is necessitated in order to protect the Pittsburg agents from the increased penul provisions of the the increased penal provisions of the amended act is exceedingly shallow.

The withdrawal of through rates to points beyond the Mississippi will probably be a great inconvenience to Pittsburg shippers. It is worth while, when that inconvenience is felt, to remember that it is due to the sweet will of the railroad agents and not in any degree to the inter-State Commerce act.

John Bright, the great English common hold good if the salary were much lower, er, is dead. For many months this sad event has been looked for, but nevertheless work at less cost is not always the ruling the removal of such a noble character cannot but demand the attention of the world. exactly the safest to apply to the Judiciary. Mr. Bright was not an Englishman of the insular sort; his sympathies were not confined to the limits of the British Empire. his abilities were at the service of all mankind. His heart and body, when at their strongest, were always to be found on the side of freedom and peace. During the war of the Rebellion his voice was loudly heard again and again, advocating the cause of the North. At all times he has shown the highest regard and warmest friendship for America

If in later years his fidelity to the cause of f cedom has seemed to waver, and he has been found in the ranks of those who are refusing to give Ireland her rights, it may be said in charity that advancing years brought with them infirmities of mind and body to dull the keenness of his judgment. He has done so much to succor the weak, to enrich the common people and to preserve peace, that he deserves to enter the kingdom of eternal peace amid the praises of his fellow men.

# WHAT SOME FIGURES SHOW.

The Massachusetts remonstrants against the extension of suffrage to women have favored THE DISPATCH with some statistics as to the recent legislative action on the suffrage question. To the remonstrants these statistics are presumably encouraging or else why should they circulate them? But we cannot so regard their significance. Let us examine the results in the women's suffrage cause. A municipal suffrage bill was defeated in

the Vermont Assembly by a vote of 192 to 39 This is apparently a rather severe blow to the women's suffrage movement, for a similar bill passed the Vermont Legislature two years ago. A bill of similar character was defeated in the Maine Assembly by 90 to 42 votes; and in the Senate of 17 to 9. In Massathusetts a municipal suffrage bill was defeated in the House on March 12, by 127 to 78.

In the Legislatures of Dakota, Ohio, Ne-

But it is not significant of the growing power of the women's suffrage party that so many attempts should have been made to secure favorable legislation? And do not the figures of the vote in the Houses of Vermont, Maine and Massachusetts show THE DISPATCH, and increase the wheat that the friends of the women's suffrage cause are many in number? In Massachusetts seventy-eight out of two hundred and genius to compound a new patent medicine. five Assemblymen voted to give women the right to vote in municipal elections. The remonstrants are doing their fair opponents good service in making known the growth

"This hotel is an exhalation of piety and scholarship," writes George Alfred Townsend, from the Ponce de Leon hostelry at St. Augustine. So much enthusiasm redolent of free champagne for the writer Considering the fact that the hotel is one society. But the desirable qualities of the of the investments for Standard Oil funds, the people who are not so favored, are justified in retaining their opinion that it is an element, if the bones were carefully ground exhalation of getting refined petroleum car down to powder, and then tastefully packed | ried by the railroads at 65 cents a barrel,

THE President's proclamation gives the Oklahoma land boomers a definite term for the endurance of their sufferings. They can ness. "Essence of Courage," would be a satisfy their land hunger after the 22d of next month. But most of them will grum-

> PRESIDENT HARRISON'S declaration that "the man I appoint to office will not be selected for what he has done, but for what he can do," is a first-class principle to act upon; but it is susceptible of some remarkable variations. Colonel Fred Grant, for instance, was obviously not selected for nothing in the Austrian mission, and that is just what he can do, the adherence to this · principle is demonstrated.

ANOTHER building put up in the winter season, has tumbled into ruins, this time at Binghamton, N. Y. The number of lives lost is sufficient to point the moral that brick buildings should be erected at a season of the year when they will stay built.

PENSION COMMISSIONER TANNER'S platform that every soldier and every soldier's family should have a pension if it is needed, is certainly broad gauge enough,

THE courtesy of the Senate is understoo to be getting up on its hind legs to revenge Murat Halstead's discourteous assaults on

THE painful absence of Colonel Elliott matic appointments seems to call for the sending of another letter from the pious journalist to the Secretary of the Interior tribution of the foreign missions and the hours of meeting for the Senate.

MARCH's lamb-like character is about the only thing that tempers the wind to the bulls and bears, who are otherwise suffering from a scarcity of spring mutton.

THE alarming intelligence that cable roads at Pittsburg than their proportion of the | cannot be built without the passage of that ding at Harrisburg, may be well right to do so under the law; and their | founded; but it is calculated to astonish any knowledge of the right exposes the hollow- man who will walk around the city and see ness of the claim that they do not know | two lines in operation and a third in course

# PERSONAL FACTS AND FANCIES.

THE handsome Duke of Portland has jus given his beautiful betrothed a magnificent sable cloak and a pearl necklace, which is said to be the finest in England. Ex-PRESIDENT McCosH returned to Prince

ton from his Western trip a few days ago in bad health, and has since been seriously ill. He is now much better, although still confined to his home. WALT WHITMAN is again confined to his

wall will make is again confined to his house in Camden, and his indisposition is so great that the "good gray poet" is unable to write at all. His physician, however, says that he is no immediate danger.

Mr. WALTERS, of the London Times, in tends to pay all the expenses of the Times' tom-foolery as well as the costs and damages which may hereafter be incurred, out of his private purse. It is estimated that it will amount to nearly \$2,000,000. Mr. Walters' in come from the Times was \$500,000 a year. MR. BRAUFOY, the Gladstonian who was

elected to Parliament at Kennington the other day, is said to be a descendant of that Beaufoy who, in 1787, moved the repeal of the test and corporation acts, and of whom Erskine May says: "From the force of truth and of a good cause, his admirable speech put to shame the arguments with which the first statesmen of

the day ventured to oppose him." THE Rev. Dr. Scott. President Harrison' father-in-law, keeps steadily at work at his desk in the Pension Office. His daughter and the President himself bave asked him to resign his position, but he refuses to live in idleness. Shortly after the election Mrs. Harrison wrote to her father asking him to quit work and live at the White House. Her husband also wrote to Dr. Scott cordially supporting his wife's request. But the old gentleman sturdily refused the temptation, and said that he had been so long used to the routine of his office that he could not give it up. His com panions in the Pension Bureau say that his habits and manners have not changed at all since last November.

# Windom's Winsome Ways.

Secretary Windom is a wonderful man. He has discovered a polite way of declining to ap-point people to office which pleases the appli-cants nearly or quite as well as the tender of a good official position. It would be difficult to mention a more remarkable feat than this. It appears that Mr. Windom is so bland, so sym thetic, and so regretful, all at once, that the applicant forgets what he came after and only longs for permission to die for the captivating Secretary of the Treasury at his own expense Mr. Windom is a genius and he deserves to live forever.

From the Louisville Courier-Journal, 1

A Chicago man professes to have discovere their dead. Two thousand years from now Chicago mummies will perhaps be kicked about the State of Illinois regardless of the present condition of things, or maybe they will be shipped to the museums of Symmesconia for the edification of those among the Symmes-gonians who are students of the ruces having

A Lay of the Postoffice-Row to Raise a A California Chinaman Fighting the Scott Exclusion Act to the End. Pup-Lors of Robins About. THE Pittsburg Posteffice is keeping a good many people awake at nights, and President Harrison and a fair representative of Pittsburg might sing together just now with eminent appropriateness some such version of the song in

Washington, March 27,—Should a quorum of the Supreme Court be in attendance to-mor-row, the Court will immediately proceed to the hearing of arguments in the case of Chae Chan Ping, appellant, versus the United States. This case involves the constitutionality of the Scott exclusion act approved by the President, October 1, 1888. The facts in the case, as set forth in the statement of counsel for appellant upon the motion to advance the case for argument, are as follows:

The appellant is a Chinese laborer and a subject of China, and departed from the United States for China June 2, 1887. Before doing so the applied found obtained from the Collector

he applied to and obtained from the Collector of the Port of San Francisco, the return cer-tificate required by Section 4of the Chinese re-striction act of May 6, 1882, as amended July 5, 1884. He returned to the United States Octostriction act of May 6, 1882, as amended only 6, 1884. He returned to the United States October 7, 1888, and presented the certificate to the Collector and claimed the right to land thereunder, but permission was refused by the Collector on the sole ground that under the provisions of the act commonly known as the Scott exclusion act of October 1, 1888, the certificate presented by appellant had been declared null and void and of no effect. He sued out a writ of habeas corpus in the United States Circuit Court, and after hearing, the Court ordered appellant remanded to the custody from which he had been taken. This custody was the captain of the ship which had brought him back to the United States.

From that judgment of remand Chan Ping has appealed to this Court. Ex-Governor Hoadly, of Ohio, and James O. Carter, of New York, will represent the case for appellant before the Court, and Solicitor General Jenks will appear for the Government, Messra, J. F. Swift, recently confirmed as Minister to Japan, Attorney General Johnson, of California, and S, M. White, of California, will also be present to look after the interests of the State of California in the case.

### DECRIVED BY SPIRITS.

Modern Jeremiah, Whose Prophesic Canned His Friends to Lose Money. ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., March 27 .- Jeremial Eigmie is a well to do farmer of the town of Hancock, shrewd and level-headed in ordinary business, but clean gone on Spiritualism. In all matters of importance he makes a practice of consulting the disembodied spirits of George Washington, Benjamin Franklin, Horace Greeley or other emment men who have passed away, and thinks that they give

him not only wise counsels but a foreknowledge of coming events and gift of prophecy like that bestowed upon Jeremiah of old The latter-day Jeremiah has always been an ardent Republican, and in the campaign of 1884, after consulting the spirit of Horace Gree-ley, astonished all his friends by the confident prediction that Cleveland would be elected. Some who had faith in his prophetic gifts were encouraged to make bets by the prediction and won handsomely. When the Presidental camencouraged to make bets by the prediction and won handsomely. When the Presidental campaign of 1888 came around these winners and others who wanted to be winners were clausorous for advance information as to the result. Seer Eigmie, after due application to the spirita, foretold that Cleveland would be reelected. The adverse result of the contest was a corker on his spiritual prognestications, and put all his betting friends "in the soup," Eigmie has published a card, in which he attempts to explain the fallure of his prophesy. He says:

"The first time that Cleveland ran, in a spiritual communication with Horace Greeley, that departed statesman told me that Cleveland would be elected. I asked him why he wanted Cleveland elected and he said it was because the spirits could control him. When Cleveland ran the second time I asked an unknown spirit who would be elected and was told Cleveland. I am now satisfied that this was a 1ying spirit, sent to deceive me and the Democrats, just as the Lord sent a lying spirit to deceive Ahab."

# AN IMPORTANT DECISION.

EVEN WATTERSON SATISFIED. Corporations. The Star-Eyed Goddess Thinks Harrison

dent Harrison's diplomatic appointments, Mr. Watterson will say in to-morrow's Couriergetting in some very astute political and party work in its appointments to office. With the exceptions of Wansmaker and Tanner, Mr. Harris, son, while selecting orthodox Republicans of the most pronounced description, has shocked the popular or moral sensibility, but rather has impressed the country with the idea that he is a clear-headed, well-intentioned man, working for the acts profess to authorize them. On the contrary, they expressly declare the opposite

A corporation cannot be formed by a private agreement between individuals. The franchise must proceed from the State; and even the State cannot compel people to accept its boun-ty. There is, in fact, no statute of the State providing for the formation of joint stock com-panies or limiting their organization. The con-terring of these privileges no more creates a corporation than would general legislation con-

# A DISGRACE TO JOURNALISM.

A Mugwump Organ Enraged Because Some Editors Get Offices. Special Telegram to The Dispatch. NEW YORK, March 27 .- The Evening Post in

No man who follows journalism really as a profession, and expects to be listened to as an articu-late-speaking man, can possibly find in office, given as a reward for newspaper "support,"

CHICAGO, March 27.-The Hon. Robert T. Lincoln was informed by a reporter this after-noon that he had been nominated by President Harrison to be Minister to England, When asked whether or not he would accept the posi tion, if confirmed, he said, "I shall consider the matter. I shall consider the matter shall consider my business interests carefully but what my business interests are I do not care to make public."

TALBOTTON, GA., March 27,-Mr. Jim Buck Brown, of Meriwether county, near the line of Talbot, was in the city yesterday. Mr. Brown is a tall, well-proportioned man, weighing 338 pounds. He has a brother and an uncle somewhat like himself, and the three weigh over one thousand pounds.

# CAUGHT ON THE GRIP LINE.

You may flirt with any girl you want,

And ask you, as she will, 'To send a check to Madam Blanck To pay 'My Milliner's Bill, ' Prop her then right on the spot— From that moment cease to call; For never, never pay her bill, While your "'Art is true to Poll."

Zandy-Why, he is the leader of New York's elebrated 600.
Vandy—And what is New York's celebrated 406?
Zandy—The cream of Gotham's society. Vandy-I guess you mean the seum of the mith

nteresting publication in three vol would like very much to show you. Mr. Brown-What is the title?

Book Agent- 'The Life of Grover Cleveland. " Mr. Brown-By whom?

Book Agent-Cotonel Dan Lamont.

Mr. Brown-I thought so: any other man could have put it in half a volume.

At least sometimes isn't nice, And that's when they've been eating Bresd and jam or milk and rice.

CAPITAL GOSSIP.

peaker Boyer Has the Courage of His Convictions-Poculiarities of the Liquor License Law-Some Democratic Plans-A Power Behind the Throne,

FFROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT. HARRISBURG, March 27.—Last week while talking of the failure of Mr. MacDonald to secure a special order for his bill to reduce liquor licenses to \$500 in cities of the third class, Speaker Boyer was heard to say that so far as he was concerned he considered high license no evil, and wouldn't care if the sale was made

evil, and wouldn't care if the sale was made higher rather than lower.

A gentleman who is friendly to Mr. Boyer says his record on the liquor question is so clear that it ought to give the greatest pleasure to the temperance element. Two years ago Mr. Boyer voted for high license because conscien-tiously in favor of it. Friends told him it was a very impolitic move—in fact, suicidal. His district is one of those compact ones, a few locks wide and about three or four times as long. The liquor men unquestionably have influence therein, and they were not favoring high license. Mr. Boyer, however, came back to the Legislature, and with the largest majority his district ever gave for anyone. He ran 100 votes ahead of the Presidental ticket. "Undoubtedly," said the Speaker's friend, "he lost votes because of his attitude on the high license question, but, just as surely, he made more votes than he lost. As it is with the Speaker himself so it is with the Republican party. It isn't losing anything by its attitude on the liquor question." A Liquor License Mix.

The peculiarity of the liquor situation in some of the third-class cities worries some of the representatives here. Up in Crawford county, for instance, are Titusville and Meadville. One accepted the Wallace Act and the other didn't. There is but slight difference in their population, but the one that didn't acicenses, while the other must pay \$500. It is licenses, while the other must pay \$500. It is the same in the case of Oil City and Franklin. In Venango county. The Attorney General ruled that a third-class city of less than 10,000 inhabitants (which couldn't become a city by right of its population under the Wallace Act, but which, being a city, remained one) was not affected by the recent Supreme Court decision as to classification of cities, except that it nominally came into the third-class. This, he held, left its license fee \$300.

Some Democratic Politics. Representative Wherry's solemn repuliation of a candidacy for State Treasurer, and his accompanying declaration that he would not take the office, is considered by the Republicaus to remove him from the race, but to still leave him where gubernatorial lightning may find him when it goes gyrating about seeking some one to strike. Ho one to strike. Hon, Henry Hall's assertion that Mr. Wherry was endeavoring to do his party a secretoe was not denied by that gentleman, and he is honest enough to believe that in this inhe is honest enough to believe that in this instance he is serving both his party and his State. It was stated in the Harrisburg correspondence of THE DISPATCH ON Friday last that the attack on the Sinking Fund Commissioners had been approved by Democratic State Chairman Kisner, ex-Lieutenant Governor Black and three members of the State Executive Committee. Other people are just finding this out now and making much of it. The Democratic leaders expect to gain by the attack, and to gain largely. Who their candidate for Treasurer will be, now that Mr. Wherry has taken himself out of the way, is a question, but Captain Clay, of Elk county, is spoken of as a good man for the place, whose popularity among the veteran element would by no means weaken the party.

"I think," said Senator McCreary, of Erie, "that we will adjourn very close to the 25th of April. I voted, you may remember, to refer

A Very Vexed Question.

of the controlling interest in the company, as the stock has been bought up quietly.

The Tennessee Coal. Iron and Railway Company is the wealthiest corporation doing business in the South, being a consolidation of the Pratt Coal and Coke Company, the Coalburg Coal and Railroad Company, and one or two other important companies. They own coal and iron lands, besides the famous Pratt mine, and also several important branches and mineral railroads of Alabama and Tennessee either with large blocks of stocks of several of the principal furnaces of the two States. The Manufacturers' Record has positive information that there is no real foundation for the rumors that Mr. Carnegie or Cooper, Hewitt & Co., have purchased a controlling interest in the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company of Alabama and Tennessee, but a controlling interest has been sold in New York, and there will be a change in the management at the annual elsetion next Monday. This is correct. Of course it does not preclude the possibility of Mr. Carnegie or any one else obtaining an interest hereafter. the resolution to the Appropriations Commit-tee, not because I was opposed then or now to an early adjournment, but because I thought we ought to take a few days to look about us. nore were a few bills in which I was interested myself and I didn't know just exactly where they stood. Of course I wanted to find out about them before I voted to adjourn. The work is getting along nloely now, and with the present disposition to rush things shown by the House we may get away for the Washington Centennial. A good many members want to go, but they want to adjourn sine die before going." There were a few bills in which I was intere

Behind Mr. Quny's Throne.

"Frank Welling Leach is more of a power i politics than you might imagine," said a gen-tleman who not long ago returned from Washington. "As Quay's private secretary he keeps track of about everything that is going and any local prominence in Pennsylvania. Par-ticularly in the case of minor appointments his 'This isn't one of our people' carries great weight with it, and the gentleman who isn't 'one of our people' may straightway write his name Dennis. The man who wants an office Magee men off his petition. Mr. Quay, some-how, seems to have a prejudice against them."

Had to Drink or Drown.

It is related of a convivial member of "the third House" that while recently on a pleasure trip he became abstemious and refused to drink any more. "We wouldn't have that, you know," said another. "That would have broken up all the fup." "How did you fix it?"

"Oh, a couple of us held him and I put the neck of the bottle in his mouth. Then he had to drink or drown."
"Yes." said another, "and when it comes to drinking or drowning, you bet --- isn't to drown if he knows himself." Simp

# ACME COUNCIL'S MEMBERS.

They Celebrate Their First Anniversary is a Grand Style.

Acme Council No. 219 Jr. O. U. A. M., did tself very proud last night; for the celebration of the first anniversary of that organization

was throughout a very creditable affair. An excellent programme of musical and vocal selections was rendered by some of the foremost performers of the city. The Toerge Orchestra was represented by ten of its mem-bers, and furnished the music at the concert as bers, and furnished the music at the concert as well as at the succeeding ball. Mrs. Mathilde Henkler, Miss Edith Harris, Mr. J. Boyd Duff and Mr. E. H. Dermitt sang together "Dance We Se Gaily," by Schubert, and they also appeared in the operatta "The Sleeping Queen."

Mr. Fred Toerge's violin solo, "Fantasia," from Sonambula, was rendered by that gentleman in his well-known artistic manner. Miss Lillian Burkhart's recitations were also very tavorably received.

Idilian Burkhart's recitations were also very favorably received.

Odd Fellows Hall, where the entertainment was held, had been very beautifully and gorgaously decorated with plants, flags and bunting. The place was througed with guests and it is hardly possible that the members of Acme Council will ever have a more successful anniversary celebration.

### YOUNG DRUGGISTS' RECEPTION. The Closing Event of the College of Phar

macy Commencement. The graduates of the Pittsburg College of Pharmacy held their reception last night in Cyclorama Hali, Allegheny. About 100 couples were present. Dancing was the order of the evening. Supper was served at 12 by Caterer Luther. Lather.

The grand march was led by Mr. H. D. Marshall and Miss Pritchit. The dancing continued until 2 o'clock this morning. The Committee of Arrangements were: Messrs. Howard Marshall, Sam Wentling, John Capenhover, B.

The formal opening of the fair, at the Coliseum, under the auspices of Lorena Lodge, K. of P., will take place this evening. The G. A. R. Band will be present, and the Horseshoe Four now performing at the Academy, will give some of their specialties. The De Wolf Division, of the uniform rank, will also be present to-night.

Oklahoma Open at Last. WASHINGTON, March 27 .- President Harrison to-day issued his long-looked-for proclamation opening the Oklahoma lands to settlement April 22 next at noon. He gives warning that "no person entering upon and occupying said lands before said hour of 12 o'clock noon, of the 22d day of April, 1889, hereinbefore fixed, will ever be permitted to enter any of said lands or acquire any rights thereto; and that the officers of the United States will be required to strictly enforce the provisions of the act of Congress to the above effect."

PHILADELPHIA, March 27.-Miss Mary Anerson, the actress, went for a drive through rairmount Park this afternoon. She is improving very rapidly, now that she is enjoying perfect quiet and rest. She took her first ride yesterday afternoon, going up through the park to the Wissahickon. She will probably take a drive every day now while the weather is fine. A LITTLE GOTHAM GOSSIP.

by smashing two panes out of the restauran door. He was arrested and to-day was com

A Good Start in Housekeening

Egyptian Embalming a Success.

The body embalmed by a Chicago man ac

Bound to Get Into Trouble.

Percy P. May, brother of Fred May, and Edwin Kelly, son of Eugene Kelly, the banker,

o the Thirtieth street station, where the pair

pent the rest of the night in cells. In con-

each in the police court this morning. May has a talent for getting himself in the news-papers. Two years ago he was horsewhipped by a woman.

An Elepement a Pailure.

Mrs. Alice Cannon, who ran away from her husband in County Kildare, Ireland, with her

two children, and eloped to this country with Patrick Condon, a neighbor, was sent back to-

day on the Guion steamship Wisconsin. Patrick

Mrs. Cannon resisted shipment so vigorously that she had to be bound and carried bodily on board the vessel. She threatened to commit

CARNEGIE NOT IN IT.

Although Valuable Southern Coal and Iron

Property Has Changed Hands.

of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Com-pany themselves do not know the truth about

rumors of the disposition that has been made of the controlling interest in the company, as

PALMER LIKES SPANISH ONIONS

So He Makes Up His Mind He Can Endure

WASHINGTON, March 27.-Senator Palmer

who has accepted the Spanish mission, said to-day: "I leave for Michigan to-night, but will

day: "I leave for Michigan to-night, but will return in a few days to be 'coached,' and then I shall bid a tearful adieu to my native land. My hopes of retiring from public life and giving up the remainder of my existence to the study of agriculture have again been shattered, and I become a wanderer. There will be compensations, though; I understand they raise a pretty good variety of onlons over there, and, like all enthusiastic farmers, I am interested in

Should Be Looked Into.

A man found hanging to a tree in Missour

had a card pinned to his back saying, "I die be-cause I am too durned lazy to live."

How it Got its Name

The Texas umbrella tree is becoming a favor

only shaped like an umbrella, but there is no

He Wants Two Days Rest

President Harrison wants two days of rest

church, and Monday, to transact a little public

ODD ITEMS FROM FOREIGN SHORES.

THE British record of football for 1889 shows

the appalling number of eight deaths and five

A SMALL leasehold property in Worcester shire is announced for sale by auction, hele

"for a residue of a term of 2,000 years created in

THE American skater, Joseph Donoghue.

great feat of covering ten miles in 33 minutes

A FIRM of great genius has offered the British

so that the purchaser of every stamp must see

the announcement before he moistens the gum

A FRENCH lady of acknowledged compe

excellence of 20 years ago. Well-appointed car-riages and fine horses can be counted on the fingers, where formerly they were invariable.

Against this the increase in the number of car

In the neighborhood of Haberstadt there is a yillage named Strobeck, of which all the inhabi-

tants are chess players. Chess is regularly taught in the schools, and every year there is a

public examination in the game, a distribution

of prizes in the shape of chess boards, and r

kind of chess tournament and festival at which the six best prayers in the locality are publicly

IT is said, in the Pall Mall Gazette, that each

year 15 people ont of every 1,000 marry, Of each 1,000 men who marry, 861 are bachelors and 139

widowers, while of each 1,000 women only 98

have been married before, and 902 are spinsters.

office-seekers-Sunday, to attend

From the New York Herald.]

From the Detroit Free Press. ]

time in the year it doesn't leave.

From the Philadelphia Times.

the year 1600."

21 1-5 seconds.

This is an Australian idea.

lages and horses is enormous.

feted and carried home in triumph.

Life in Spain.

BALTIMORE, March 27 .- Probably the officers

nd the children were reshipped with her

mitted for trial.

the body daily.

Ate More Than He Could Pay For.

The English sparrows are building their nests in the electric lamps in Atlanta, Ga. —Reuben Yarbrough, of Rockmart, Ga., INEW YORK BUREAU SPECIALS.)
NEW YORK, March 27.—William J. McShan went into a Park Row restaurant last evening, and ordered and ate: One plate of corned beal tilled 72 rats in his barn in a couple of hours and cabbage, two plates of roast beef, one of Irish stew, a bowl of vezetable soup, a disk of raw oysters, a plate of lamb potple, one of beef and beans, a mince pla, three apple dumplings, two cups of coffee, and a glass of milk. When he finished, he said: "I feel as if I could fight Sullivan now." The proprietor suggested that he should pay for the meal. McShane replied by smashing two panes out of the restaurant -New England manufacturers used 4,000,000 shoe boxes, costing from 25 to 50 cents cach, last year. -A Russian joint stock company is

building an immense boat theater to float up and down the Volga river. Performances are to be given at every large town. -A floating sawmill is in use at Flor-

CURIOUS CONDENSATIONS.

ence, Wis. The heat is 40x80 feet in size, and draws 17 inches of water. The mill hands live aboard, and the boat is moved along the river to wherever there is a fine lot of timber near the banks. Soon after losing his wife in January, 58-year-old Casper Grissing, of Montelair, N. J., began to pay attention to Miss Minnle Treen, a

pretty housemaid of 23. Minnie did not smile on his suit at first, but finally agreed to marry him if he would sell his \$4,000 house to her for \$1. The transfer of real estate was made on -The tinfoil so commonly used to wrap sturday, and the marriage took place to-day.

Neufchatel cheese, chewing gum, various kinds of candy, and all kinds of chewing to bacco, is said to be dangerous on account of the lead in it. Its use for wrapping articles of food has been forbidden in France. cording to the Egyptian process in the morgue, a week ago, has been kept near a hot stove ever since, in order to test the process. Al-

-W. O. Fluker, of Union Point, Gal, has -W. O. Fluker, of Union Point, Ga., has in his possession a genuine madstone, which he has had for many years, and which he has used repeatedly for mad dog bites, and with eminent success. The stone, though a small one, readily absorbs a pint of milk and distends four or five times its natural size. No patient to whom the stone has been applied for mad dog bites has ever been afterward troubled with any indications of hydrophobia, and it has been used in many severe cases. though the temperature of the room in which it lies is 100, there are as yet no signs of decom-position. Hundreds of people call to look at were arrested at 1 o'clock this morning for drunkenness and disorderly conduct. Kelly gave the name of Edwin Callaghan when taken

A salor in see andience leaped from the galery on to the stage, declaring he would not see a comrade come to harm. The officials of the hall were floored one after another by the man in his desperate efforts to reach the stage robbers, and four policemen only removed him after a violent struggle. He was perfectly sober, and had returned from a long voyage the previous day.

-Elder Morris related in a Windsor

-A hail storm which swept across New Hanover county, North Carolina, the other day, was the severest on record. The half-stones were of enormous size, and fell in stones were of enormous size, and fell in sheets. Many were as large as hen's eggs. Much damage was done, but the strangest fact of all was the killing of Benjamin Moore, a young colored man, by the hail. Moore was caught in the storm in the suburbs of Wilmington, and was beaten by the enormous halistones until he was completely exhausted. He was discovered, after the storm, lying helpless on the ground. He was bleeding at the mouth and nose, and his condition was so alarming that a physician was sent for, but before he arrived Moore was dead.

wife and two children, aged 3 years and 1 year, had pitched a tenton the river bank. The first night the father was awakened by hearing one of the children moaning. He lit a candle and found the girl apparently in a fit, and she died in a few minutes. She was buried on the spot next day. The infant child was placed in the bed previously occupied by the deceased the next night, when the parents were again awakened by the child moaning. The father immediately struck a light and saw a large brown snake gliding off the infant's breast. The child also died in great agony in a few minutes. Some carriers came and discovered the snake's hole under the tent. Digging down they quickly unearthed and killed the

A very curious custom of the Vienna Hofburg was brought before the public by the death of Crown Prince Rudolph. On the day after his death a large undertaker at Vienna received the order for an oak coffin, to be de-livered on the same day. The man asked for a little more time, but the order was that the coffin must be delivered the same day, otherwise it would be of no use. What was the re-

strument enters of attempts to enter a dwelling house in the night with intent to commit a
felony, he is to be guilty of felony; and, in addition to any punishment to which he is now
liable, he is liable to be sentenced to be privately whipped three times. In the case of an
offender who is under 16 years of age, the numite for shade purposes in California. It is not

> Is marriage a failure? Of course it is ot. Marriage is an assignment. Ocular demonstration-She-You were

net so dissipated before we were married.

He-ludeed I was, my dear; but when anybody told you so then, you wouldn't believe it. hall go as Cleopatra, but I don't know where to

acknowledged to be a great man abroad, but his title to the championship is disputed more energetically since a Norwegian named God-ager, on February 24, at Stockholm, did the trousers ready; I am forever indebted to you.
Tiedrich—Foreffer indebted? Nein, mein frendt,
dose drouser don'd go oudt mit dis store till de
bill vas seddied, spot cash, right avay aindt it!

Patriotism-"Clarence, dear, here is a very interesting article about 'The Liama of the Trans-Salkal,' remarked Eloise. "I don't care anything about it," replied Government an immense sum for the use of the national postage stamp for advertising pur-poses. The advertisement is to be printed on the back of the stamp before the gum is put on, larence, "Why don't the magazines print so thing about American pugilista?"

tence, who has been revisiting London after an absence of 20 years, remarks that the carriages and horses have sunk far below the average of

yivany, and every other State in the Union, too Something to Think About .- "No. Mr. deredith, you must put away this madness. I can never, never be yours; there is an insurmountable

THE LONDON "TIMES."

Oh, red rag to the Irish bull, How came you to be such a dull None but the donkey, daft and droll, Feeds on thisties, None other would have swallowed whole Those episties

MY STRIKE. I'd been her slave quite long enough,

Sometimes a word of thanks or two-I struck for higher fee: Boycotted, what else could she do But give herself to me? Another-She-You are a dramatic author

I believe?

Ho-Yes, Mias: that is my vocation.

She-I am about getting a divorce and I would like you to write me a piece in which I could star. I have the finest enerall ring in America, and if you could utilize that fact in the piece I should you could distinct the task in the price of should like you to do so, I have also composed a little poem, called "A Mouse in the Coffia," which I would like you to hear me rectle; it would give you come klos of my power. I forgot to state I am a well-known society amateur and my blood is

AN IMPORTANT TEST CASE.

He says:
"The first time that Cleveland ran, in a spirit-

Private Organizations Capnot be Taxed as NEW YORK, March 27 .- Judge Barrett, in the New York, March 27.—Judge Barrett, in the Supreme Court to-day, decided that joint stock private organizations are not liable to taxation as corporations. The case before him was brought on a writ of certiorari for the review of the Tax Commissioner's action in assessing the capital stock of the National Express Company. The company was formed in 1853, but is not incorporated. Since the organization, the Judge says, substantial privileges have been conferred upon joint stock companies. The privileges are undoubtedly corporate incidents, but do not in terms create corporations, nor do

an editorial to-day says:

given as a reward for newspaper "support," anything but discredit and confusion. An editor hired to preach certain opinions about men and measures is probably as despicable a phenomenon as can be found in a modern free State, and it makes no difference whether he gets his pay in advance or after the work is done. And of all ofdices with which he can be rewarded the least suitable is a foreign mission, because that lays the shame of our press before unfriendly and mocking eyes.

eyes.

Fancy for one moment what Bismarck, feeling as he does about the newspapers already, would think of an editor sent to him to represent a great republic as an Envoy Extraordinary and Mielster Plenipotentiary, in payment for three or four months campaign biather of very little more coherence or rationality or significance than the whinny of a war horse or the low moan of a bellicose bull!

Nothing Small About Them.

If your "'Art is true to Poll."
You may call on any girl you want, If your "'Art is true to Poll."
But should she runa debt quite large,

VANDY-Who is this fellow Ward McAllis

An itching soul is quite as potent as an itch-ing palm.—Joe Howard. But, Joseph, what's the matter with a good old itch right in the middle of the back, where you can't get at it? BOOK AGENT-Mr. Brown, I have here a very

Mary Anderson Monding Rapidly. PRESIDENT LARRISON won't kiss the babie And the bables now are sad; But we can't blame Mr. Harrison.

Twelve marriages out of every 100 are second marriages. The average age at which men marry is about 27, while the average at which women marry is about 25 years. Out of every 1,000 persons 602 are unmarried, 345 are married and 58 widowed. Over one-half of all the women

between 15 and 45 are unmarried. Married women live two years longer than single ones. If the mother dies first the father survives 914 the mother is 11% years, as an average. Two thousand four bundred and forty-one births oc-cur in England daily, about 33 for each 1,000 inhabitants. February is the month lo which the greatest number of births occur, June the month in which occur the fewest. The average number of births for each marriage is 4.33. In every 1,000 births 11 are twins.

-The process of manufacturing India ink

has been a secret with the Chinese for many centuries, but a firm of English chemists claim to have discovered a process of treating camphor with sulphuric acid that produces a pigment identical with India ink.

-An exciting scene was witnessed in the Gaiety Concert Hall, Birmingham, England, recently. A dramatic sketch was in progress, during which a sailor is drugged and murdered. A sailor in the audience leaped from the gal

Ont., Baptist church, the other evening, that one of his recent converts had a fearful vision one of his recent converts had a fearful vision a few nights ago. The new convert, who is a young colored man, saw hell, a place of liquid, boiling flames, rolling over and over, and gray-haired men rolling over and over in them; also he saw and heard a lot of young men popping up in the flames like a lot of popcorn in a stove fire. The elder drew a frightful picture of Gehenna, scaring his hearers so that several women went into fits, while men groaned and wept amid great excitement. The day after Mr. Morris was notified to drop the old-fashioned hell or stop preaching.

-A wagon with loading recently arrived at East Darr station, Queensland, from Bar-caldine, and the driver reports the following terrible tragedy: A man accompanied by his wife and two children, aged 3 years and 1 year,

"Why do I need to be 'conched?" Well, I can't say. My idea of diplomacy is to hold my apron extended until the plums drop. I never mistake hurry for activity—that's our great national error. Shall I like it in Spain? Certainly; but I wish I didn't have to go there and November. To spend my winter there wise it would be of no use. What was the reason for this haste? The Crown Prince lay already in his coffin, and no one else had died at the Hofburg. Presently, however, the reason was given that it is the custom to have always a coffin ready at the Imperial Palace. When the terrible news from Meyerling came to Vienna, the oak coffin which had been in readiness ever since the death of Archduke Franz Karl, the father of the present Emperor, was sent to Meyerling to receive the remains of the dead man; and according to tradition the Imperial house must not be without its empty coffin for 24 hours. until November. To spend my winter there and to live in the 'log house' all summers would be my ideal existence. I have no doubt that it will be very pleasant over there, but I am still patriotic enough to prefer a log house in Michigan to a castle in Spain." -A bill for the better protection of life and property by night has been introduced into anyone armed with a dangerous weapon or instrument enters or attempts to enter a dwell This man never hanged himself. An inquest

offender who is under 16 years of age, the number of strokes at each whipping must not exceed 25, and the instrument must be a birch rod. In the case of any other male offender the number of strokes at each whipping is allowed to go up to 50. The Court must, however, always specify in its sentence the number of strokes to be inflicted and the instrument to be used, and no whipping is to take place more than six months from the passing of the sentence. For the purposes of the measure the "night" is made to commence at 6 in the evening and to last until 6 in the morning.

TAKEN FROM LIFE.

A Rare Possibility .- Miss F,-I think I Mrs. A. -You will find all you need at fiffany's. Cholly-Ah, Tiedrich, I see you have my

Some of a Nomad .- Magistrate (to prismer)...Were you born in Pennsylvany? Prisoner...Yes, sir. Magistrate...Brought up in the State? Prisoner...Yes; I have been brought up in Penn...

obstacle."
"Ho not say so! Tell me what this insurmountable obstacle is, love, that I may crush it as I would a worm in my path."
"It's a husband in New York."

On wages far too simple; Had carried fans, bouquets and stuff, For just a smile's quick dimple.