A KNOTTY PROBLEM.

lawyers Try to Solve What the National League Is.

ECKER'S CASE A PUZZLER.

anager Phillips Says the League is a Myth.

SOME SENSATIONAL QUESTIONS.

Mitchell, the Ball Player, Wrongly Arrested for Robbery.

GENERAL SPORTING NEWS OF THE DAY

The question of "What is the National Baseball League?" caused considerable forensic eloquence and argument yesterday in Common Pleas Court No. 1. The query, which at first sight appears easy to answer, puzzled all the limbs of the law who essayed to solve it and probably the solution is now surrounded with more mystery than it ever was. The problem was the main feature of the Decker case, well known to all baseball patrons. Mr. Decker, it will be remembered, was a League umpire during the early part of last season. He was discharged by President Young and conse-quently sued the National League for the bal-If it does this, can its action not be termed con-spiracy? These are two or three questions out of dozens that suggest themselves in this con-troversy. Doubtless, the case is one of the most interesting that has been introduced in the history of the League. ance of his salary for the year. Through his attorney, Mr. John D. Watson, writs were served on John I. Rogers and President N. E. Young, as directors of the League. The League attorney, Mr. Scott Ferguson, put in a demurrer, claiming that the service wasn't legal because the League was not defined.

Yesterday arguments for and against the de-murrer were heard by Judges Stowe and Slagle, and as a result there were many interesting things said about the legal and moral status of the National League. Mr. Watson, though a young lawyer,

REALLY HELD HIS OWN on the question against such an expert lawyer

as Mr. Scott Ferguson. The former displayed remarkable knowledge concerning the law and professional baseball clubs and his arguments would, doubtless, have delighted the Players' Brotherhood. He held the attention of the Court from beginning to end of his argument and finally scored a good point.

Mr. Ferguson briefly opened the case by stating why the demurrer should prevail. In substance he contended that the service was not by any means legal, inasmuch as it had not defined or specified who or what the National League is. In other words the plaintiff had not definitely pointed out who the defendant was. Then commenced the argument as to "what is the League." The Court-asked Mr. Ferguson to define the League, and he replied: "It is an association of corporation and part-

nership clubs." Evidently believing that this was not sufficient he added: "I really don't know what it is

Mr. Watson contended that if it was a corporation it had no legal right to exist in Pennsylvania. There was no law by which it could be chartered as a professional baseball organization. It stood, in relation to the law, the same as did corporations for cable car lines before a special act was passed allowing them to be chartered. The League, he contended, was not registered according to the requirements of the act of 1851. Mr. Watson further contended that the act of 1866 allowed the service on Messrs. Young and Rogers, as the writ was issued in the name of the Commonwealth. He was also asked to define the League, and he re-

is. It is party of men banded together who buy and sell human beings like stock. This party of men own these players and make contest against each other just as men owning roosters make them attack each other in a

After more arguing of a spirited kind the After more arguing of a spirited kind the court intimated that the service was defective because the League had not been clearly defined. The Court, however, stated that the case would not be dismissed. Messrs. Rogers and Young will be held as agents of the League until the matter is further considered. It was understood that Mr. Ferguson will in the meantime be expected to instruct Mr. Watson as to what the League is, or who the legal defendants really are so that a better writ will be served. Last evening Attorney Watson was satisfied that the legal standing of the National League in this State has been effectually assailed. He felt confident that if the League is not defined ething will be done to make its agent re-mible. The fact that the Court still holds Mesers. Young and Rogers seems to give force to this opinion. It seems reasonable to expect that there must be responsibility some-where. However, the case promises to be a However, the case promises to be a malone, as Mr. Watson means to use egal device at command to test it thiy. It is the first time on record that the League has been assailed in any such way. If the Court finally non-suits the plaintiff in If the Court finally non-suits the plaintiff in the present instance a writ will be served on President Nimick as "an agent" of the League. At any rate, Attorney Watson claims that there are many methods available to test the case. "I have an idea," he said, "that we will become stockholders in the League before long, because I am persuaded that we will be enabled by law to attach some of the stock of Messrs. Rogers, Young, Nimick or Day." It may be remarked that the legal contest is not may be remarked that the legal contest is not now so much a contest to obtain Mr. Decker's arrears of salary as it is to prove what the League is. Mr. Watson is determined to have this solved, and many good people are behind him.

GOT THE WRONG MAN.

Charles Mitchell, the Ball Player, Proves His Innocence.

es happens that constables and po licemen arrest the wrong man. The clearest proof of this is probably the case of Charles Mitchell, the ball player, who was arrested last Saturday at his home in Allegheny for complicity in the Wilkinsburg robbery. Mitchell is a young fellow who is a stranger here and never knew what arrest was until last Saturday, when two constables from Wilkinsburg visited his sidence. One of them swore that he saw anticheil at withinsourg on the night of the robbery, and forthwith displayed a warrant, charging Mitchell with murder and two or three lesser crimes. Mitchell was lodged in jail, among thieves and scoundrels of the deepest dye, despite his protestations of innocence. Indeed, he ddn't really know that there had been any assault and robbery at Wilkinsburg at all.

Yesterday at the hearing at Wilkinsburg a restering at the hearing at whikinsong a begion of witnesses was on hand to prove that on the night of the robbery Mitchell was in the billiard rooms of Morris & Kuehne, Allegheny, and that's where he was. The scores of people who patronize that place know him and saw him all evening. Of course he was readily acquitted yesterday, but his friends are urging him to seek reparation for such an insult and decradation.

Dayton, O., asking his terms to play with and manage that club. It is likely that his terms, which he will forward to-day, will be accepted. It can be said with safety that Mitchell is an intelligent and honest fellow.

PEPECIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATCH.

FINDLAY, February 20.—The long-delayed cocking main between Findlay and Lima birds took place in a barn about five miles east of this city at an early hour this morning. The contest was for \$25 a fight, with \$100 on the main. Only Shattles were fought, however, of which Findlay won 5 and Lima 3. A good deal of money changed hands on the result, and over 200 sports were in attendance.

The Pointer Club. New York, February 20 .- At the first annual neeting of the Pointer Club, held this a ter noon at Madison Square Garden, the following among othere were elected officers: John S. Wise, New York, President; B. F. Seilner, Dayton, O., Third Vice President; Executive Committee, C. M. Munhall and Dr. J. R. Daniels, Cleveland, O.; J. H. Winslow, Philadelphia; Stoddard, Dayton, O., and M. V. B. Eaunders, Detroit.

Will Start To- Box. The 38-hour female pedestrian contest will start to-day at the London Theater at 12 o'clock. There will be seven starters. The race is for prizes aggregating \$250 and the female championship of Allegheny county. A lively contest is expected between Aggie Harvey, Clara Belle, Mrs. Robinson and Jennie

Manager Phillips Defines What He Thinks

the League Is, A tour among the local baseball authorities last evening revealed the fact that probably nobody in Pittsburg can define what the Na-tional Baseball League is. It would be worth-less to enumerate the answers given, except that of Manager Phillips. He was told of the COFFEY FIRED THE FATAL SHOT. details of the argument at court yesterday, elsewhere reported in this issue, regarding the

himself concerning the question.
"Well," he said, "one of the smartest lawyers in New York says it is a myth. I am of that opinion. The League is not a partnership, ac-

Decker case and evidently was a little puzzled

in New York says it is a myth. I am of that opinion. The League is not a partnership, according to law; in reality it is only a certain number of men, in a party, who have agreed to abide by their own decisions in playing a certain number of haseball games."

"If the League is a myth, do you think the League can take action against anybody?"

"As the League, I don't think it can."

"How about Rowe and White when their term of reservation with the Detroits expires?"

"Well, in that case, they will have been transferred to Boston and Pittsburg, and these clubs will have chaims on them."

"Would this transfer stand the test of law?"

"I don't expect it would, but it would stand the test of baseball law. The fact is that baseball cannot be carried on according to all the commercial requirements of law. Baseball and law are two different things. Of course, when it comes down to individual clubs it is different. According to what President Nimick tells me the Pittsburg club is in connection with the Pittsburg Athletic Association, but the two are distinct. The club was bought by the association at a sheriff's sale, and this makes a great difference. However, I repeat that the more people try to find out what the League is the more they will discover it is a myth."

Undoubtedly the question opens out numerous possibilities. If the League is a myth, it would be interesting to know who owns Denny, Glasscock, Myers and Boyle, of the Indianapolis club. The latter does not hold them, because the League bought the franchise. Of course the question again is: Who bought the other human beings or commodities? because nobody knows who the League is. But if the League is not a reality, or not a legal organization, how can it assume to prevent players gue is not a reality, or not a legal organiza, how can it assume to prevent players a making a livelihood where they choose?

A PERILOUS SWIM. Steve Brodie Does a Daring Feat on an Icy

Steve Brodie, the bridge-jumper, accomplished a midwinter swim in the East river yes terday under difficulties. The swim was the result of a wager of \$50, laid by James Shea, that Brodie could not make the trip from Ninety-second street to Brooklyn Bridge in his

He started from Ninety-second street at 12:25. His suit had not been properly adjusted and it leaked. Before he had gone 100 yards he was soaked with ice-cold water. At Eightieth was soaked with loc-cold water. At Eightein street a tug with a load of spectators ran against him and upset him. As he was helpless on his face in the water, he came near drowning before he was turned right side up. Brodie was accompanied by a yawl as a guide boat. In it were Patrick O Brien, James Shea and the newsboy who is called "Swipes," At Sixteenth street the yawl was overturned by a facether and the invested were though in the street of the part were though in the street was the same though in the street was the same though in the street was the same though in the same were though in the street was the same though in the same than the same tha ferryboat and the inmates were thrown into the cold water. Brodie's dry clothing went with them. The men swam about, righted their boat and bailed it out, and, with stream-ing garments, rowed on after Brodie. Just before he reached the bridge he seemed almost exhausted and Shea bet \$25 more that he could exhausted and shea bet \$25 more that he could not complete the journey. He lost, for Brodie passed the bridge at 1:45 and went on to the Battery, where he arrived half frozen at 2 o'clock. Thousands of people witnessed his progress from piers and the bridge.—N. Y.

THE WIZARD'S REPLY.

He Offers to Play Daly or Anybody Else Any Game. CHICAGO, February 20.-Last evening, speak

ing of Daly's challenge, Jacob Schaefer, said:
"Daly is a second-class player and I don't
care to waste my time with him. Though I am willing to play him or anyone else any game on a billiard table for \$1,000 a side, I can't leave A STRONG DEPINITION.

"What is the League? I'll tell you what it is, it is party of men banded together who have and sall human beings like stock. This game," he continued, "if he wants to play so

little notoriety, that's all, and they always want me to come to New York to play them. When they really want a game with me they can have it. They were willing to play Carter for \$2,50 a side when they knew he couldn't raise it, but they don't make me any such offers.'

Woodard's Combination Sale. LEXINGTON, KY., February 20 .- At W. T. Woodard's horse sale here to-day 83 head brought \$35,120. Those bringing \$500 and over

Hattie Russell, by Mambrino Russell, R. S. Stoner, Paris, Ky., \$1,020; Kitty Tracey, by Fiorida, T. C. Jefferson, \$1,000; Allie Gould, by Jay Gould, M. R. Bissell, Grand Rapids, Mich., 11,370; Laura V. Smith, by Allandorf, S. A. Pea oody, Columbia City, Ind., \$520; Jessie McGregor by Robert McGregor, W. R. Bissell, \$720; Susie W. by Legal Tender, Witherspoon, Versallies, Ky., \$700; Tirzah, by Lord Russell, H. Ormsby, Anchorage, Ky., \$625; Kokomo, by Victor von Bismarck, J. H. Bryant, Springfield, Ill., \$600; Coralya, by Dictator, J. C. Flanders, Knoxville, Tenn., \$541; Vortex, by Onward, Harry Witsil, Wilmington, Del., \$1,219; Pilotta, by Mambrino Pilot, H. Ormeby, \$500; Lottle McGregor, by Robert McGregor, E. A. Collins, \$600; Red Prince, by Red Wilkes, H. Ormsby, \$340; Elf King, by Harold, John McDonald, Mt. Sterling, Ky., \$640; H. I. Henry, by Mambrino Dudley, S. B. Black, Lexington, Ky., \$13,500; Instinct, by Princeps, L. Broadheud, Spring Station, \$1,200; Mary Linn, by Messenger Chief by Brown Chief, Dr. W. Madera, Summit Mills, Pa., \$1,425; Victoria, by Victor von Bismarck, H. Seed, Lexington, \$500; Piermont, by Almont, W. W. Van Zandt, Chicago, \$1,025; Minnie Keen, by Young Jim, James Monroe, Cincinnati, \$220; Geraldine, by Stanton, George Scattergood, Philadelphia, \$600. by Robert McGregor, W. R. Bissell, \$720; Susle

Will Wait Until April. Manager Swartwood, of the Hamiltons, has

lecided to sign no more players until April. Yesterday afternoon he said: "We have 11 men signed and we will only need one or two more. I want a catcher, but I'll wait until April 1. When that time arrives many of the big clubs will be releasing men, and I think I'll secure :

English Racing.

LONDON, February 20.—The race for the Sandown grand prize, a handicap hurdle race, was run at Sandown park to-day, and was won by Mr. C. Hibbert's 5-year-old bay colt Cas-tilian.

Sporting Notes. THE great question now certainly is: "What is the League?"

THE opinions of all the League magnates as to what the League is would be interesting. HUNTER-You cannot legally hunt any game attween now and July 4, when you can kill

E. C. HOLSKE offers to match an unknown to fight Cal McCarthy at bantam weight for \$500 a

SULLIVAN declares that he will be all right to fight Kilram and intends to commence training this week.

PETE BROWNING has developed a taste for reading love stories of very deep plots. He is preparing to get married. IRE WEIR refuses to fight Murphy because the managers of the proposed fight decline to advance him any money.

THE injuries sustained by Charley Mitchell in his fall from the vehicle the other day are more serious than expected. bers of the picked nine which is to play against the Phillies in Florida next month. Kelly says: "No one in the business will work harder than I to get into condition when I start in, and I am in dead earnest to show my friends in Boston how to play good ball.—Philadelphia Press.

LOCAL ITEMS, LIMITED.

Incidents of a Day in Two Cities Condensed for Ready Reading. HANDSOME new marble slabs from Georgia. are being placed on the office counter at the Duquesne Hotel.

ALDERMAN BURNS has sued James Rodgers before Alderman O'Donnell, charging him with assault and battery. THE Allegheny Bessemer Steel Works, which were closed down for several days on account of high water, resumed operations THE Lake Erie officials think they will have

about nine carloads of people from their line to go to Washington. They will be transferred to the Baitimore and Ohio at Rankin. WASHINGTON, February 20 .- The Presi-

dent has signed the Nicaraguan canal

WHO KILLED MYER?

Ed Slattery's Lawyer Plainly Tells the Pardon Board That

If His Client is Pardoned Re Will Conclusively Prove What He Says.

NO LEGISLATION WORTH MENTIONING. Significant Figures From the Reports of the Fire

Insurance Companies.

Sensational statements were made to the Pardon Board vesterday in Ed Slattery's case. The claim is made that if his case is favorably acted upon it will be shown beyond doubt that Ed Coffey killed Meyer at Schuetzen Park. The Legislature met and

adjourned last night. Important fire in-

surance figures and the business of the

Monongahela Navigation Company are given from the reports filed at Harrisburg. PSPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. HARRISBURG, February 20 .- Among the cases argued before the Board of Pardons to-day was that of Edward Slattery on an application for a rehearing, W. D. Moore, of Pittsburg, appearing for the prisoner. The reasons submitted for its favorable consideration were: The prisoner had nothing to do with the murder of Henry Meyer at Schuetzen Park. The evidence on which he was convicted was purely circumstantial, and tended more toward his innocence than his guilt. Several persons have declared that Edward Coffey committed the crime. The jury having recommended his pardon, going toward showing the doubt of his

guilt, its action ought to be entitled to great weight in view of the character of the testimony on which they based their verdict.

A letter from Mrs. Slattery was also filed asking that her son be given a rehearing, in order that his innocence may be established. In addition an affidavit was submitted from Lewis Reed, stating that he had heard a man named McMahon say that he saw Edward Coffey shoot Henry Meyer. Another affidavit from James Conway, who was present at the shooting, was to the effect that Slattery was not in a position to have done the shooting at Schuetzen Park. If the applica-

tion was favorably considered he would have evidence produced by Thomas M. Marshall and William Reardon, attorneys for Edward Coffey, to the board stating that Coffey had committed the crime. Affidavit would also be produced from a boy, who occupied a cell next to Coffey's, showing that the latter confessed to having killed Henry Meyer. Alman named Sinclair, in-dicted with Coffey, would make affidavit that he saw Coffey fire the fatal shot. Mr. Moore also appeared for Conrad Redinger, Allegheny, convicted of mayhem. William Blakely appeared for James C. Brown, Allegheny, convicted of misde-meanor. The case of William Cook, Alle-

letters of Ben Brill and Cook, printed in THE DISPATCH to-day, to show that great injustice had been done Cook by the sentence of 13 years in the penitentiary.

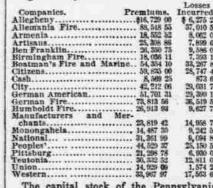
The case of Sarah Jane Whiteling, who murdered her husband and two children in Philadelphia, was argued on an application imprisonment for life, based on the alleged mental irresponsibility of the prisoner, and the fact that her execution would be abhor-rent and repulsive to the best feelings of humanity and shocking to the women of Phitadelphia, Similar action was asked in the case of William Killer, convicted of

having taken action in any of the cases. BAD YEAR FOR INSURANCE.

murder in the first degree in Philadelphia. The board adjourned late to-night, without

Not Much Money Made by Fire Companies According to Reports Filed.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. 1 HABRISBURG, February 20 .- The fire insurance business in this State the past year has been very unprofitable owing to the unusually large number of destructive conflagrations. According to reports filed at the Insurance Department the loss ratio of 16 companies of other States doing business in Pennsylvania is over 100 per cent, and the average loss on business in this State of the 42 home companies and the 117 companies of other States and countries is above 70 per cent. Very few fire insurance companies made any money the past year on business done in Pennsylvania. The home companies, all of whose offices but one are located in Phila-delphia and Pittsburg, have done better relatively than those from the outside. The following shows the business of the Pittsburg fire companies:



The capital stock of the Pennsylvania fire insurance companies is \$12,360,000, and their surplus, \$9,509,252 24.

VERY LITTLE LEGISLATION.

A Fruitless Senate Session-An Insurance Bill Enlivens the House.

IFROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT. HARRISBURG, February 20 .- The two Houses of the Legislature met at 9 o'clock this evening after their holiday. Bills on first reading occupied the time of the Sen-

to submit to the people a Constitutional The House considered bills on second eading, and after a debate in which some sharp remarks were made, passed Mr. Pugh's bill to compel foreign insurance companies doing a fidelity and casualty business in Pennsylvania to give satis evidence that they have a capital of \$10,000 for each line of insurance they are engaged in, and compelling them to take out a license to carry on each. Life, fire and marine companies are exempt from the provisions of the bill. A test vote on the measure showed 92 in favor and 28 against. Bills also passed second reading giving boroughs the right to levy on property

benefited for the paving, etc., of streets and the construction of sewers. MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION.

The Receipts and Expenditures of the Slackwater Concern During the Year.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE 1 HARRISBURG, February 20 .- The annual report of the Monongahela Navigation Company, filed in the office of the Secretary of Internal Affairs, shows receipts as follows: Tolls on coal and slack, \$186,000 46; on coke, \$3,391 95; on freight, \$77,283 36; on passengers, \$6,122 80; other sources, \$89 65; a total of \$272,888 22. The expenses were as follows: Maintaining real estate, \$90,784 65; dividend of 4

per cent on 30,756 shares of stock, \$60,334; interest, \$14,110 35; State taxes, \$11,019 05,

The par value of the outstanding stock is \$1,537,800.

a total of \$176,258 05.

\$14,110 35; State taxes, \$11,019 05,

A FREE TRADE FIGHT.

George and the Radicals Downed Amid Great Confusion-The Battle Not Yet Over-Strong Resolutions Presented by the Committee.

CHICAGO, February 20.-The radicals and conservatives in the tariff reform convention fought it out to-day. The free traders had the best of it in the debate, but when a vote came the chairman decided that tariff for revenue had the best of them. The discussion was precipitated in the middle of the afternoon session by the unex-pected presentment of a report by the Com-mittee on Resolutions, as follows:

First-We hold that it is the natural right of every man to freely exchange his labor or the product of his labor to the best advantage. We declare ourselves unaiterably opposed by the so-called protective system, and demand the prompt abrogation of all protective features from the tariff.

ures from the tariff.
Second—We believe the American nation will reach its full measure of prosperity only by enacting at the earliest day practicable such legislation as will apply the American principle of free trade between the States to the United States in their relations to the world. The reading over, a dozen delegater jumped to their feet and a lively wrangle ensued. A viva voce vote was taken on the first section. It was carried almost unanimously. The big debate of the day was on the second part of the report. Eugene M. Wilson, of Minnesota, and W. S. Fofrrest, of Chicago, led the conserva-tives, while W. T. Croascale, Hugh Pente-cost and Henry George marshalled the op-

position. Mr. George closed the fight shout-

ing: "I am in favor of free trade." [Ap-plause.] "Free, free, free, unrestricted rade." [Applause.]
The Chairman resolutely supported others who wanted to speak and put the question Tremendous roars for and against went up the spectators carried away by the con-tagious enthusiasm joining in the clamor. "The second part of the resolution is lost," shouted the Chairman. He was not done saying so before a storm of cries for division ascended. The Chairman paid no attention to this, but peremptorily declared a motion to adjourn in order, and after great con-fusion the hall was gradually cleared, the free traders announcing that they would demand a reconsideration to-morrow

To-night orations on tariff reform topic were delivered before a great audience by Henry George, Captain Codman and J. S.

ENDED A BRACE GAME. The Noted Kate Maxwell Objects to Her

Men Being Robbed at Faro-She Takes the Money Back at the Point of a Gun and Burns Down the House.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] CHEYENNE, February 20.-Lawless Kate Maxwell, the dashing Belle Starr of Wyom ing, has finally done something more commendable than the acts which have kept her name before the Rocky Mountain people for the past four years. Last sea-son was very profitable to the Maxwell gang, and they had plenty of provisions and considerable cash when the winter set in. All the men except the foreman, Sam Mason, who was once s faro dealer for Pat Sheedy in Chicago, spent the greater portion of the time in the gambling house of Mike Farley and Joe Boden at gheny, robbery, was represented by Samuel A. Ammon, who dwelt considerably on the the new tewn of Bessemer. They lost

> Kate heard rumors that the gambling was "on the square," and Mason to Bessemer to investigate. The foreman reported that the men were being systematically robbed. This aroused Kate's Strapping on her belt with two sixoters she started for Bessemer with Ma son. They entered the gambling house to gether. Kate walked up to the faro table and said to Farley: "Youv'e robbed my men at a brace and I want the money

Farley smiled and reached for his revolver in a drawer. As he did this Kate covered the gambler with her gun. Her retainers leveled their revolvers at the rest of the attaches of the shop. Mason then opened the drawer and took out nearly \$9 000 in each which he handed over to Kate. Then she set fire to the house, which was burned to the ground.

AN UNDERGROUND BATTLE.

Electricians Fight Over the Question of the Proper Place for Wires.

CHICAGO, February 20 .- The convention of the National Electrical Association took up the question of underground wires. The committee appointed at the last meeting to obtain statistics and facts on the underground system of conduits, reported that the committee had communicated with all the electric light companies in the United seem that the placing of wires underground has proved a failure in most, if not all, ininsulation and defective mechanical construction. None of the companies put their wires underground unless compelled to by

municipal authorities. municipal authorities.

Prof. Barrett, City Electrician of Chicago, raised a breeze by taking exception to the statements in the report. He said that the underground system of conduits in Chicago was a success, and a big success, and the municipality of Chicago proposed to extend it. Mr. Johnson, of Philadelphia, said that the underground system was also in success ful operation in the Quaker City. He argued that the report as submitted should be reversed. All other business was laid aside for the day, and the question of declaring the underground system a failure was brought to a vote again, and each time in a slightly different form. Invariably the system. The convention made the subject a special order for to-morrow.

PLOGGED BY WHITE CAPS.

A Band of Kentucky Regulators Whip Sev eral Colored Thieves.

SEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPARCH.1 PARIS, Ky., February 20 .- Saturday, while the darkies at "The Cedars," the breeding farm of Captain Thomas E. Moore near Shawhan, were preparing to take a lot of horses to the Lexington combination sale, about 30 White Caps rode up to the stable and called for James Goodman, col-The call was answered by Goodman ate, the most important being the measure sticking his head out of one of the stable windows, and as he did so several shots were fired at him. At the report of pistol shots the 20 darkies in the stables ran in every direction, and the White Caps followed and captured Goodman. They stripped him and gave him about 100 lashes. He was charged with stealing, and had recently returned from a New York penitentiary, where he had been sent for stealing whisky from Bowen's dis-

> Another negro, charged with stealing, received about 40 lashes. In their flight several sulkies and break-wagons were destroyed. The men wore white caps, with long ears, white coats, and their horses were covered with cotton. They have also notified several residents of the neighbor hood that they must "keep in the middle of the road" or they will be attended to.

CARNOT A FAILURE.

He Cannot Make Up His Mind at a Critical Period of His Life. LONDON, February 21 .- The Paris corre-

spondent of the Times says: With sincere regret it must be said that President Carnot, during this crisis, has made a very poor impression regarding his capacity as a ruler, and that he has virtually ceased to exist as head of the executive. Only the profound respect for his honesty and patriotism shields him. His political weakness is a real misfortune for the nation just now. The Soleil says that the situation has

triking resemblance to that which precedes the downtall of President Grevy. Th Autorite asserts that several Deputies have decided that unless a Ministry is formed tomorrow they will move the suspension of the sitting until 5 o'clock to compel President Carnot to make up his mind.

CALIFORNIA KICKING.

She Will Have a Portfolio in President Harrison's Cabinet.

OR DISCOVER THE REASON WHY.

General Noble is New Doubtful, and Estee is a Rising Star.

THE PROSPECTS OF THE TWO MILLERS. Warner May Refuse the Farming End. But Law

Partner is All Right.

California has made a vigorous protest against being left out of the new Cabinet. The result is a decided change in the probable slates. Noble is now regarded as an uncertain quantity, and Rusk is also doubtful. Law Partner Miller seems to be sure.

INDIANAPOLIS, February 20.-The visit of Congressman William V. Marrow, of California, and his long conference with General Harrison to-day has given a new impetus to Cabinet speculation and prognostication. The California Congressman arrived from Washington by the morning train, and went out to General Harrison's about 10 o'clock. He was not indisposed to talk about his visit immediately on his arrival, and said that he came to protest at California and the Pacific slope being left without representation in the Cabinet, as was currently reported.

It was apparent from his conversation, prior to his meeting the General, that he was disgruntled and inclined to feel indignant at the suggestion that the slope had been left out in the Cabinet slate, as at present arranged. There is no doubt but that he brought with him a pocket full of letters, protests and petitions from the Pacific slope Congressmen and Senators.

FEELING BETTER. When Marrow returned to his hotel, after passing some five hours in the company of

the President - élect, he was an exceedingly pleasant frame mind, a marked contrast with disposition he manifested on first land ing, but he had been hermetically sealed by some one and to all inquiries and importuni-ties he would make no statements touching

upon the Cabinet. . He said that he was not at liberty to talk of Cabinet matters, and it he were he hard-ly knew what he should say. He could not therefore authorize any statement as to the prospects of the Pacific coast securing a place in the Cabinet. It was significant, however, that the Congressman would not admit that his trip was a failure, and that no encouragement had been given him on behalf of the slope. He did not think Californians would regard a Cabinet officer from Colorado as representing their section and left a very decided impression that Gen-eral Harrison had given him some encour-

As corroborative of this conclusion Mr. Morrow, just prior to his departure for Washington this evening, told a gentleman who is interested in California's prospects: "The slope will be all right; more than this

I can't say now."

There is a general remodeling of Cabinet slates since Morrow's visit, and the Interior Department is being awarded the slope. with Estee a probable winner. This is the position that the Californians have been asking for from the start. As a conse-quence General John W. Noble's appointment is not regarded with that certainty that surrounded it last evening, as it is argued that Missouri's claims from a political standpoint are second to California. A serious uncertainty has developed regarding heralded as surely selected.

No one here has yet been able to satisfy

himself as to Governor Rusk's selection for the war portfolio, and, in view of his geographical proximity to Windom and mas, it is considered exceedingly probable that the war office may be tendered to some Eastern man. As to the situation in New York nothing reliable is known here, and doubts are being cast upon Warner Miller's acceptance of the Department of

Agriculture.

The belief is fast settling into a conviction that the next Attorney General will be W. H. H. Miller, the former law partner and close personal friend of General Har-rison. His selection is being conceded by nearly all the best posted persons, but not from political reasons. It is regarded that if law partner Miller is slated for the Department of Justice it will be from personal easons and because General Harrison knows of his legal abilities, and from a desire to have among his advisors an intimate personal friend.

HITTING THE BROTHERHOOD.

Reading Engineers Quit Because It Was of No Use to Them. PHILADELPHIA, February 20 .- In re-

gard to the employes of the Reading deserting the Brotherhood one of the ex-members of the division was asked what effect the wiping out of No. 321 would have upon the engineers of the Pennsylvania Railroad system. He said:

I am not in a position to speak for them, but I know that they, in common with the Reading engineers, have been long since satisfied that engineers, have been long since satisfied that the order has become powerless to protect their interests, and of late has been simply a means of taxing all of us enormously for the support of the engineers thrown out of em-ployment by the ill-advised and unsuccessful strike on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy road, and I have no reason to believe but that they are as tired of this as we were. These are the reasons that principally caused us to dis-band.

When asked if he knew of any engineers being threatened with discharge if they did leave the brotherhood, he said: "I do not. We wound up because there

was no use in our any longer keeping up the organization. Out of about 100 members

not more than a dozen were in good standing. We died of a sort of dry rot." REATS THE PROZEN POST HORN.

Edison's Phonograph Examined by the American Institute of Mining Engineers. PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. NEW YORK, February 20 .- There was a carnival of music this morning in Edison's laboratory, and Llewellyn's compositions, both vocal and instrumental, were rendered by musicians whose names, many of them, are widely known, yet the musicians were not there. They had sung or played to the phonographs at various times within a few months, and to-day the sounds were reproduced for the benefit of the members of the American Institute of Mining Engineers, present to the number of about 250.

Such has been the improvement in the phonograph of late that, by connecting a funnel with the receiver, the distinctly heard throughout a large room. The visitors, among whom were many ladies, were highly pleased with the

RAILROADS ARE UNDER FIRE.

were talking dolls there which recited

that talks, sings and plays. There

An Important Examination of the Inter-State Commere Commission.

CHICAGO, February 20 .- The Inter-State Commerce Commissioners this morning resumed their inquiry into the methods of doing business by the Northwestern railroad lines. Officers of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul and of other roads ex-plained their tariffs. The hearing is expected to last several days, and is expected to furnish the data for a ruling by the commission under the terms of the inter-State

A SCARED WITNESS.

Continued from First Page.

with a recital of Fenian doings perfectly well known, and had only just reached a point of real and relevant interest when the Court adjourned for the day. It is possible that Pigott's examination will last the STRANGE MISSIVES.

It may be even several days before Sir Charles Russell will be able to take him in hand. Therefore the following correspondence, which passed between Pigott and Mr. Patrick Egan eight years ago, will will assist outsiders to form a judgment as to his character:

IRISHMAN,
FLAG OF IRELAND AND SHAMROCK,
DUBLIN, February 27, 1881. My Dear Mr. Egan:

My Dear Mr. Egan:

I received your note of yesterday, but had not opportunity of writing till to-day. The matters I wish to communicate to you are, I think, of great importance and of such an extraordinary character that you might well be warranted in regarding it with much doubt, but it is, nevertheless, strictly true.

On this day week I received an anonymous letter stating that on the Monday following a couple of gentlemen would call upon me and make a proposition to me, which, if I accepted, would turn out very greatly to my advantage. Accordingly, on Monday evening they came out to my house in Kingstown. They declined to give me their names, and I have not the faintest idea who they are. The interview lasted a couple of hours, and I make not the faintest idea who they are. The interview lasted a couple of hours, and to make a long story short, they asked me to publish a statement in the Irishman and Flag, which they showed me, and stated that I might name my own price for doing so, and I would be indemnified against costs and expenses of any legal proceedings which might arise out of its publication. The thing purports to be a true statement of the expenditure of League funds, and is, I think, an outrageous libel from beginning to end. It, however, makes very circumstantial charges, mentions names, gives dates, and also what is alleged to be an authentic copy of correspondence between people in the country and the executive of the League. and also what is alleged to be an authentic copy of correspondence between people in the country and the executive of the League, which consists of demands on the one hand for funds to defend parties accused of complicity in outrages and for the support of the families of evicted tenants, and on the other curt and explicit refersh;

My own opinion is that the whole affair is a tissue of falsehood, but it is so artfully done and so apparently truthful that its publication would, I think, be likely to do much harm. As a matter of course I refused point blank to have anything to do with it at first, but on consideration I thought it best to prolong the chat in order, if possible, to find out the source from which it proceeds. I did not succeed in this, but requested time to give the matter further consideration. This was assented to, and when I am prepared to give a final answer I am to ad-vertise in the Irish Times (the form of adver-

PIGOTT IS DOUBTFUL.

emphatic refusals.

vertuse in the Irish Times (the form of advertisement is agreed upon), and then the parties will again call upon me.

My first and strong impression was that * * were the originators of the affair, but from cautious and effective inquiries I made at headquarters I am perfectly certain this is not the case. They have neither hand, act nor part in it. But I have also ascertained certain things which make me conclude that the moving spirits in the affair are castle people. This may seem to you incredible, but I feel sure it is a fact. I have opportunities of hearing occasionally how things are proceeding in that quarter, and I have learned just now there is great activity among the officials, and there is an appearance of mystery observed which is an appearance of mystery observed which indicates there is something wrong.

I know for a fact that large numbers of writers—that is, supernumerary clerks—have been brought from London, and they have been sworn to secreey as regards the work they are engaged in. Our Irish clerks would not be trusted, and this fact and other things which I won't trouble you with gave me absolute as-surance that this move has its origin in Dublin Castle.

MONEY WAS AN OBJECT.

From what I hear too I fear there will be dirtier work done by them yet than we have any conception of. The grave aspect of the matter to my mind, however, is the suspicion that there are traitors in the camp; that some one in your confidence, or of other gentlemen of the League, has sold us out. God forbid I should endeavor to create an unfounded suspicion in your mind about anyone. The whole affair may be a fabrication, but from the casual glance I got at the document I came to the conclusion that if any of the statements it contains have the slightest foundation in fact they must have been obtained from some one in the confidence of the League leaders. At all events, there can be no harm in your being

on your guard.

I have not mentioned this matter to anyone, nor will I do so. I will be guided by your advice. If this thing were published it could be exposed, and this course may recommend itself to you: but on the other hand English newspapers would make the most of it, and would not trouble themselves over-much with the subsequent exposure of its falsehood; and I think it is hardly possible its publication would not produce mistrust to at least some extent. Beside it would be welcomed by our Fanian friends beyond anything that could Fenian friends beyond anything that could possibly occur, and I cannot conceal from myself the fact that it would serve me in their estimation; and I need hardly tell you how great an object money is to me just now, and I have reasons to believe that these people will give me anything I ask. But I consider myself in honor bound to you, and, bad as I am, I can really say I have always been true to th

SHORT OF FUNDS.

You might, I think, perhaps, have been more liberal with me. I wanted £560 at least, and you gave me but £200. This left and still leaves a deficit of £300, which is greatly embarrassing me. But I can't doubt that you would have given me the larger sum if you could have managed it, and even yet, if in your power, that you will do so. At all events, in this matter I am quite at your command. I can easily understand why those people desire to have this thing published in the *Fishman.* They know the only chance of producing any effect in the way they desire is to have it circulated among the inhabitants of Great Britain and the United States, particularly in the United States. They can't but be aware that its publication in any of the Government or landlord papers would fail to produce any effect among League sympathizers, except to give rise to the idea that it was only a weak invention of the enemy; and they are also aware of the impossibility of getting it published in any paper which is in harmony with the League. In short, it is believed they consider the *Fishman* the only medium which is at all available for them, and only because its proprietor is vary impecunious, and, as some say, not over scrupulous.

scrupulous.

I shall auxiously await your reply, and will make no move in the matter till I hear from you. 1 am, dear Mr. Egan, faithfully yours,
RICHARD PIGOTT. To this letter Mr. Egan repli thanking Mr. Pigott for the informatio conveyed and saying there could be only one course open to them, namely, to reject the offer. The following is Mr. Pigott's re-

A LITTLE BOLDER.

snonse:

DUBLIN, March 9, 1881.

My DEAR Mr. EGAN—I was glad to get your note of the 6th inst, as I thought you had decided to not take any notice of my letter, and I was about to take a step which I could not recall. It is well you should well understand the nature of this document I am asked to publish. It would be, I think, very damaging publish. It would be, I think, very damaging to the League, even though it may be proved to be mainly built up of Indrications.

It proceeds in this way: It gives the amounts received by the League and acknowledged from week to week, and also the sums stated to have been disbursed. The total amount, so near as I can recoilect, said to have been received by the League up to the end of February is 49,000 in round numbers. Then there has been taken from the relief fund £10,000, and from the surplus of the defense fund estimated at £18,000, in all not far short of £70,000. Then, payments for which the League takes credit in its weekly reports are put down at under £10,000. Then it is asked what has become of the large balance, and the statement goes on to show that so much was paid to one memof the large balance, and the statement goes on to show that so much was paid to one member of Parliament, so much to another, so much for this, that, and other election expenses, and so on, while it is asserted that shoals of letters from evicted tenants for assistance were being received and disregarded at the League office. Then it is asked why the remaining funds were taken to France, and the answer is given in order that they might be out of the way, not of the Government, who dare not lay a finger on them, but of the people to assist whom it was sent. It is to be kept to sustain Parliamentary agitation and support members of Parliament. Then there is something about a change of treasurers in America, made at your suggestion in order that the

PUTTING ON THE SCREWS. This is but the baldest outline of the thing

which, in my opinion, is very damaging. My reason for thinking the castle people are the prime movers is that articles have appeared in the Express with much the same tendency, but infinitely more guarded and cautious. I inclose one which appeared yesterday. Now, you will see from inclosed note, if I publish this docu-ment I will get £500, and will not be required to went I will get 1000, and will not be required to vouch for the correctness of any of the state-ments it contains. I may even throw doubt upon them. There is, therefore, nothing to pre-vent me publishing it except my arrangement with you. That, however, I can get over by

The PEOPLE'S STORE

GREAT REMOVAL SALE FOR THIRTY DAYS MORE.

Our entire stock of Dress Trimmings at half prices, consisting of Braids, Tinsels, Jets, Marabots, Fringes, Cords, Tassels and Gimps,

Buttons, Ornaments and Laces. We call particular attention to our stock of LADIES' MUSLIN UNDERWEAR, made up Skirts, Children's small Woolen Dresses, from I to 4 years, Baby Wear, long Dresses and short Dresses, Robes, Cloaks, Slips, Wrapping Blankets, Shoulder Shawls, all away down to bottom prices. Ladies', Gents' and Children's UNDERWEAR and HOSIERY. Gents' Furnishings of every style, AWAY MUCH BELOW THE USUAL PRICES. Everywhere you turn you meet something attractive, not only for its beauty or utility, but principally its very low price.

CAMPBELL & DICK.

531 and 533 Wood Street, Pittsburg.

paying you the amount you advanced me, and the arrangement ceases to be binding.

To come to the point, therefore, I am in desperate straits. I must have money somehow, or throw up the sponge at once. I cannot afford to let so lucky a chance of saving myself literally from ruin go. No matter what the consequences are, I must and will take this offer unless you come to my assistance. I will close with these people, send you the full amount I owe you, print the thing and await events unless you stand by me.

All I want from you is a temporary loan of £300. Surely you can manage that. It may he difficult, but it is to be done. I know perfectly well this will leave me in perfectly smooth water, and I will take no further notice of these other fellows. The money will be sure to be repaid, and will prove to be the best laid out money the League has ever expended. Be good enough to give this matter your earliest and most favorable attention. If I don't hear from you by Monday evening I shall be reluctantly compelled to close with those people, because my affairs are now arrived at such a crisis that delay will be fatal.

Faithfully yours, RICHARD PIGOTT.

EGAN'S CURT REPLY.

Pigott inclosed in the foregoing a copy of this note, purporting to come from the persons who made him the offer on March 5, 1881: Your decision is still anxiously awaited. You are not required to authenticate any of the statements made. You may even throw doubt upon them and invite contradiction. You are only asked to print this document. Will wait another week for your answer, and if you agree to publish £500 will be lodged to your credit in any bank you please in Dublin or elsewhere.

Mr. Egan replied as follows: PARIS, March 11, 1881. PARIS, March 11, 1881.

SIR—I understand your letter, which reached me on Monday, it is a threat that unless I forward you money by Monday next you will close with the Government, and, in consideration of the sum of £500, publish for them certain documents, which you believe to be false, against the Land League. Be it so, Under against the Land League. Be it so, Under any circumstances I have no power to so apply any of the funds of the League: but if I had the power, I would not under any circum-stances act upon it. Whenever any such accu-sations are made we will know how to defend

ourselves. Yours truly, PATRICK EGAN. In a conversation at Folkestone about the Parnell commission to-day Mr. Gladstone said: "We are now on the eve of exploding a vast Mr. Joseph R. Cox, a Nationalist member of elmilar remark at Maid

would completely upset the Times' case.

TRI-STATE NEWS. Condensed Special Dispatches From Surrounding Communities That Are Tribu-

tary to Pittsburg. ISAAC BOGART has been elected Burgess of

THERE are 15 applicants for Superintendent of the McKeesport schools. AT Butler the Democrats elected a Burgess

and a majority of the Councilmen.

THE Republicans of Ludwick elected their entire ticket, with the exception of constable, A MUTUAL stock association has been organized at McKeesport. A live stock hospital will be built.

THE Democrats of Altoona elected a Controller, 6 out of 8 Selectmen and 17 out of 31 Common Councilmen. ALBERT BOSKEY, of Braddock, refused to

pay his taxes, amounting to \$7 26. He was locked up about 24 hours, when he relented, settled the amount and was released. THOMAS BENTLEY, an employe of the Standard Works, near Mt. Pleasant, was instantly killed last night by falling from

CONSTABLE NILTCHER, of Braddock, has

secured judgment against a Port Perry store-keeper in the sum of \$100 for selling elepmar-garine. In this case the prosecutor gets one-half. JOSEPH CRAIG, a prominent citizen of Pleas ant Unity, while conversing with some persons in the postoffice at that place last evening, fell over on the floor and expired immedi-

JAMES McCAFFREY, brother of Dominic McCaffrey, is confined in the Youngstown city prison on the charge of wilfully destroying property. He hurled a beer keg through a sa-J. W. Moore, of Greensburg, has purchased at assignee's sale the Wynn Coke Company's

plant, at Oliphant, consisting of 70 ovens and 85 acres of coal. The price paid will not a little over \$40,000. AUSTIN BILLIG, a roller at Brown, Bonnell & Co.'s, Youngstown, alipped and fell while at work yesterday, his right foot passing into the rolls. The mangled leg was amputated, and it is probable Billig will survive.

MISS EMMA THOMAS, of Greensburg, was badly burned yesterday by her clothing catching fire from a grate. Her mother was also badly burned on the hands and arms in her efforts to extinguish the flames. It is thought MRS. ANNA LEWIS has brought suit against

the Pennsylvania Railroad Company at Youngstown, to recover \$10,000 alleged damages upon the grounds that her husband was killed on a public highway that has been illegally taken possession of by the defendant. Fine at Riegelsville, Pa., early yesterday morning destroyed an entire block, including the G. A. R. Post rooms, Dr. Lever's store. Adams & Sherry's store and merchandise, and the libraries and other property of the Metho-dist and Lutheran Churches, Loss \$30,000;

partly insured.

THE proposition of the Rochester Water Company to the voters of that borough for the defeated. It received 27 votes in a total of nearly 600. A big fight was made on Council-men. For the first time in many years the Democrats have a majority in that body. Ar a Hungarian wedding, three miles from which clubs were freely used, one of the men was finally struck a number of blows with an ax and died from his wounds the following day, Three of the participants were arrested, but Mike Rusnak alias "Liverpoot," who made use

of the ax, is still at large. THE count of the vote in Carlisle was not finished until yesterday morning. Hon. Theo-dore Cornman was elected Mayor by the Democrats by a small majority. The Republicans succeeded in getting in two Councilmen from the Third ward and one from the Fourth, thus forming a tie in the Councilmanic Board. Returns from outlying districts of the county show small Republican gains.

THE advocates of the prohibitory amendment reld a convention in the Opera House at Washington, Pa., yesterday. Many delegates from all parts of the county were present. Hon. A. W. Acheson was made permanent chairman and a long list of vice presidents and secretaries were named. Mr. Acheson made an address in favor of the amendment. A campaign fund of \$250 was subscribed.



THE WEATHER. For Western Penn-

Virginia and Ohio, fair and warmer: southerly winds. PITTSBURG, February 20, 1889. The United States Signal Service officer in

Mean temp. 20
MaxImum temp. 25
Minimum temp. 15
Range. 13
Precipitation.00 River at 5 P. M., 11.6 feet, a fall of 4.4 feet in th

Ther.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAMS TO THE DISPATCH. 1 WARREN-River 1 8-10 feet and stationary. Weather clear and cold. MORGANTOWN - River 10 feet and falling. Weather clear. Thermometer 27° at 4 P. M.

BROWNSVILLE-River 14 feet 5 inches and

River Telegrams.

falling. Weather clear. Thermometer 270 as

A Concert at the Fair. The fourteenth annual concert and reception of the original Grand Army Band was given last night at the fair in the Coliseum. The selections by the band were interspersed with solos by Mr. E. H. Dermitt, Mr. E. D. Fuller, Mrs. M. Henkler

Policemen Extinguish a Fire. The explosion of a lamp about 7 o'clock last evening set fire to some empty barrels in the cellar at the corner of Federal and Robinson streets, Allegheny. Officer Mo-Curry and Lieutenant McNimery threw the

and Miss Irene Sample.

a serious conflagration.

burning barrels into the street and prevented

regular but leaves them in worse condition than before. The liver is the seat of trouble

must act on it. Tutt's Liver Pills act directly on that organ, causing a free flow of bile, without which, the bowels are always consti-

Sold Everywhere. OFFICE, 44 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK. Headquarters for Fresh Drugs, Pro-

prietory Medicines and Pure Liquors. The Oldest Wholesale and Retail Drug House in Pittsburg. One of the secrets of our success is we aim to treat our customers as we wish to be treated ourselves regarding purity and quality of goods. This course makes permanent customers, besides we make uniform low prices to all. In our retail department buyers and customers will find a larger and more complete stock than elsewhere, embracing a full stock of all the eld and new proprietory preparations of the day. And buyers will not only save money and time, but annoyance by calling on us direct. As wholesalers we offer hig inducements to dealers. We buy all our goods through first hands, brokers and the manufacturer.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY of Pure Wines and Liquors for medicinal pur-poses, embracing full lines of both Foreign and Domestic, at prices for the age, and qual-ity of the goods that is not, and cannot be met, some of which we quote: some of which we quote:

Pure eight-year-old export Guckenheimer
Whisky, full quarts, \$1 00, or \$10 per dozen.

Overhoit Pure Rye, five years old, full quarts,
\$1 00, or \$10 per dozen.

Finch's Golden Wedding, ten years old, full
quarts, \$1 25, or \$12 per dozen.

Gin, Pure Holland, our own importation, full
quarts, \$1 25, or \$12 per dozen.

Dunville's Old Irish Whisky, quarts, \$1 50, or
\$15 per dozen.

Bis per dozen.

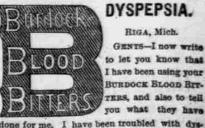
Ramsay's Old Scotch Whisky, distillery as Islay, \$1.50 per bottle, full quart.

Wise's Old Irish Whisky, distillery at North Mail, Cork, \$1.50 per bottle, full quart.

All of the different varieties of California. Wines you purchase from us are the very best, and only 50 cts. for full quarts, or \$5 00 per dox. Send for complete Price List, mailed free to NO MORE C. O. D.'S.

Owing to the late decision of Judge Mer-hard, of Mercer, Pa., with reference to sending Wines or Liquors of any kinds C. O. D., we will have to decline all C. O. D orders in the fut-ure. All orders for Wines or Liquors will have to be accompanied by the cash, P. O. order or

10S. FLEMING & SON, Druggists. 412 Market street, Pittsburg, Pa., Corner of the Diamond.



to let you know that I have been using your BURDOCK BLOOD BY

pepsia for years. I commenced the use of your BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS and they have brought me out all right. The use of three

done for me. I have been troubled with dys-

WM. H. DELKER.