

A TRUCE DEMANDED  
By President Cleveland, and  
Agreed to by Bismarck,  
PENDING A CONFERENCE.

MADE PUBLIC NOW BY CONSENT.  
A Plan for Samoa's Government Proposed  
by Bismarck and West

The President yesterday transmitted to Congress the proposal of Prince Bismarck for a resumption of the conference on the basis of native independence and equality of rights among the treaty powers. The Secretary of State says that the governments of Germany and Great Britain have consented to the publication of the protocols of the last convention. In his acceptance of Prince Bismarck's proposal to renew the conference, Secretary Bayard requests a truce, and that the German officers at Samoa be directed to cease belligerent operations pending the decision of the conference.

WASHINGTON, February 8.—The "protocols," or official minutes of the conferences on Samoan affairs held in this city in 1887, together with additional correspondence on the subject, were laid before Congress this afternoon by a letter of transmittal from President Cleveland. The Secretary of State says that the governments of Germany and Great Britain have consented to its publication. Secretary Bayard, in his letter to the President, says:

"The subject of our relations to Samoa, and our rights and duties under the treaty powers with that country and with the other treaty powers of the Samoan Government, under the city of international law, having been placed by you before the Congress, it seems proper that the fullest information in regard to the Executive should be furnished, and the agreement to consider the situation of the conference of 1887 as official has also caused the papers now sent to me to be sent up to this time withheld from publication.

SLIGHTLY ANTI-CIPATORY.  
The first inclosure is a telegram from Minister Plenipotentiary to Secretary Bayard, dated Berlin, February 1, in which he says that the statement in your letter of transmittal President Cleveland says that the governments of Germany and Great Britain have consented to its publication. Secretary Bayard, in his letter to the President, says:

"On February 1 Secretary Bayard wrote as follows to Count Arco Valley, German Minister at Washington: Referring to my note of yesterday, I have now the pleasure to inform you that a telegram just received from Mr. Bismarck, at Berlin, states that the subject of my instruction to him in reference to the declaration of martial law by the German Consul at Apia had been anticipated, and that the assumptions of the German Consul should be followed, and that such action, if it had been taken, would have been rebuffed by the German Government. This was wholly in the line of the note verbal you read me this morning."

BISMARCK'S INSTRUCTIONS.  
The memorandum of instructions of Prince Bismarck to the German Minister at Washington, read by the latter to the Secretary of State February 4, is as follows: The present situation in Samoa, regarding the interests of the three treaty powers, renders it necessary to bring to an end the present position of those islands in an understanding of the future of those islands to stop the bloodshed, accompanied by barbarous customs, of those not numerous tribes, for whose welfare, according to the treaty powers, it is a duty of the treaty powers to provide. Prince Bismarck, in consequence, considers it a duty of the treaty powers to put an end, by the agreement of the treaty powers, to the troubles which have originated in Samoa, by the restoration of peace among the Samoans themselves, and so make an end to the bloodshed and the horrors of a civil war conducted with barbarous cruelty among the natives. The best remedy seems to be a resumption of the conference which took place between the representatives of Germany, England and the United States, at the year 1887, in Washington, and that time adjourned without any possibility of their representatives coming to an agreement. In consequence I have now proposed to you to resume, with Germany and the other treaty powers, the consultation regarding the Samoan question.

MUST MEET AT BERLIN.  
The last conference took place at Washington. According to the equal rights of the three treaty powers the conference should take place in regular turn. Based upon this opinion, I am directed to invite the Government of the United States to take place at Berlin. A similar invitation has been sent to the British Government. I am also directed to declare that any proposition that Germany should not be satisfied with a neutral position in the Samoan Islands is unfounded. It is already declared in the last conference (of 1887) to neither our intention to put in question the independence of the three treaty powers, nor the equal rights of the treaty powers. We simply desire to create a condition which offers permanent security to the islands, and which grants permanent safety to the commercial interests of the three treaty powers. On February 5 the Secretary of State sent a communication to Count Arco Valley, stating that the President is in the desire expressed by the Chancellor to bring the blessings of peace and order to the remote and feeble community of semi-civilized people inhabiting the islands of Samoa, and that he clearly recognized the duty of the powerful nations of Christendom to deal with these people in a spirit of magnanimity and benevolence.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND'S VIEWS.  
On behalf of the United States Government, the President instructs me to express his acceptance of the proposal of the Government of Germany to resume the conference in this city between the representatives of the United States, Germany and Great Britain, which was suspended on the 26th of July, 1887—such consultation to be resumed at once, and undertaken for the purpose of establishing peace and an orderly, stable government in the Samoan Islands, on the basis of their recognized independence and the equal rights of the three treaty powers. The resumption of the conference upon the general lines advanced by each of the treaty powers, as set forth in the protocols of the conference embracing certain points of agreement which appear to present a hopeful prospect for securing the welfare of the islands, and such a neutralization of territorial jurisdiction as will prevent preponderant control by any nation and secure equality of the treaty powers in navigation to all. The sooner this conference is resumed the better. And in view of the deeply regrettable loss to Germany, as it appears to me, of the opportunity of being proclaimed, and further armed action should be resorted to, a contention of arms by such a scanty band as the Samoans against the vast resources of Germany has, of course, but one result, assured in advance, and would be manifestly futile. There is no feature of equality in such a struggle.

A TRUCE CALLED FOR.  
As the assurance of Prince Bismarck that the pacification of the Samoan group and the occupation of a neutral position by his only object, it is tenderly accepted by the United States as it is tendered by Germany, it is suggested in furtherance of the desired result of the conference that instructions to suspend belligerent action and await the action of such conference should at once be telegraphed to their respective officers in Samoa by the three

treary-making powers. To continue to prosecute a war of destruction and reprisal, even upon admitted provocation, would surely be inconsistent with the objects of any of the three powers. It is hoped, therefore, that the forwarded to Samoa without delay. The agreement of the native chieftains, and the treaty powers, it is confidently expected, will at once cause a cessation of hostilities among the natives; and their speedy election of a King would certainly be a long step toward harmony. Except as the conditions may be changed by a treaty of a King, by the three treaty powers, deemed essential that affairs in Samoa should remain in statu quo pending the conference. If we may indulge the hope which the adoption of this suggestion promises, for a successful issue of the conference, the Government of the United States will at once take steps to be properly represented at the meeting of such conference in Berlin.

NO FOUNDATION IN FACT.  
The statement read to me as emanating from the German Consul at Samoa, in which he finds fault with the conduct of Captain Leary, of the Nymphe, and of Mr. Blacklock, the United States Consul, as violative of the instructions of this Government to maintain an impartial attitude in the conflicts in Samoa, do not appear to be substantiated by an avowal of any personal knowledge of the facts, but must have been based on information and belief only, or repeated at second-hand and must be treated as merely hearsay evidence. The conflicting statements of the German Consul will be brought to the attention of Captain Leary and Mr. Blacklock, and their reply will be communicated. Much allowance must be made for the excitement prevailing at Samoa, which is unfavorable to accuracy or modesty of statement, especially of those concerned as actors.

The protocol of the first conference, at which are present Secretary Bayard, Mr. Alvensleben, and Sir Lionel West, contains the views of the three diplomats as the form of government that should be provided for Samoa. The German representatives set forth that Malietoa having notoriously violated his treaty rights with Germany, and having but a small minority of followers among the natives, Tamasese having the support of a great majority, an election of a new King must take place. Then, in order to secure peace and order in the islands, a foreign representative should be appointed as adviser to the King, and to act as the mandatory of the three treaty powers. He also suggested a renewal of the principle of absolute equality of the three powers on the islands.

MR. BAYARD FOR HOME RULE.  
Secretary Bayard suggested a scheme of constitutional government for Samoa with a native Legislature, securing its independence and autonomy, including an acknowledgment of Malietoa as King and Tamasese as Vice King. The English Government, through Sir Lionel West, suggested an agreement among the treaty powers that one of them should, as the mandatory of the other two, act as adviser of the Samoan Government, and in view of the preponderance of German interests there, was willing to let Germany have the first term of five years. England agrees with Germany in acknowledging the necessity for the election of a new King. All the representatives proposed the organization of a large committee to be charged with the question of titles. No discussion occurred at this conference.

At the second meeting, Secretary Bayard stated the points upon which he understood all were agreed. He then moved a long discussion of the details of the Government to be created. Secretary Bayard consented to a new election, but insisted that it should be free and unswayed; that the customs of the Samoans should prevail in it, and the result of the election should be announced and declared by the three Consuls, who should not otherwise participate in the proceedings. Sir Lionel West said he could assent to that proposition. The natives must elect a King and the election must be free. Mr. Alvensleben inquired whether they should not take into consideration the probability of the natives not arriving at an election. Should not a law be passed which would fix an election should take place? If it should not take place within that time, then the three powers should agree upon a King. Mr. Bayard thereupon proposed to create Malietoa as King, but Mr. West and Mr. Von Alvensleben persisted in opposition to this. The latter also inquired whether the newly-elected King, to which Mr. Bayard replied in the negative, insisting that there must be a free election.

THE POSITION OF GERMAN.  
Mr. Von Alvensleben then read a formal statement of the position of his Government, in which he says there is only one course—place one foreign officer at the head of the administration, and to invest him with sufficient powers to take measures required for the maintenance of peace and order, as well as for the prosperous development of commerce and intercourse. Germany having the largest interest should nominate the official. Mr. Bayard said the native Government was to preserve its own existence, and the idea of the United States was that there should be an equality of rights between the powers. Mr. Von Alvensleben said that was intended.

At the third meeting Mr. West read a paper in support of the mandatory scheme, and said that the British Government was willing to act as the mandatory of the other two powers for the first term of five years. NEUTRALITY INSISTED UPON.  
At the next session Mr. Bayard said he had not the slightest desire to exercise any preponderance over Germany and Great Britain, but he did desire to see the native influence upheld by the three powers, equally and for a common purpose. He desired also to advert to the importance of the practical neutralization of the islands. At the fifth meeting Mr. Bayard declared that the three powers should insist on an equality which would grow larger, but Mr. West would not concede this point.

At the last session, on July 26, Mr. Bayard, in reviewing the German proposition, said: "The plan, as proposed and explained by Mr. Von Alvensleben, is substantially a foreign autocratic government based on mercantile interests, and all experience has shown what necessarily result from such an attempt, and that under its aegis the best of the objects we have all distinctly proposed is certain. I do not see why we should not recognize at the outset, and sell out to an spirit of self-governing freedom and self-respect. Germany and the United States have heretofore given strong instance of their respect for the prompt disavowal of the arbitrary and unactionable acts of their respective Consuls (Steubel and Greenbaum), and it is noticeable that these people in a spirit of magnanimity and benevolence."

THE CONDUCT OF FOREIGNERS.  
has been the cause of more disorder and discontent in Samoa than any spontaneous action of the natives, who, whenever they have acted improperly and immorally would appear to have been well served by the intervention of some foreign agent. We cannot, therefore, condemn native self-government in advance, for it has not been shown to be the cause of any element is entitled to favorable consideration and to be fairly tested. Would it not, therefore, be better to hold on to this conference until the autumn, and thus give time to the British and German Consuls to submit their protocols to their respective Governments, in order that instructions may be re-issued to a more definite character, to the aid of which we may be enabled to come to an agreement? Mr. Bayard's proposition to adjourn until autumn was then agreed to.

The Conference Will Open Shortly.  
LONDON, February 8.—The Samoan conference will open in a few days. Lord Charles Bessford's visit to Berlin is in connection with this matter.

Joaquin Miller continues his tour. "The Juoquin Miller," to tomorrow's DISPATCH. "The Juoquin Miller," to tomorrow's DISPATCH. "The Juoquin Miller," to tomorrow's DISPATCH. "The Juoquin Miller," to tomorrow's DISPATCH.

FINE PIANOS AND ORGANS.  
At Palace of Music—Pianos, \$50 to \$300—Organs, \$50 to \$100.  
We have an unusually fine lot of second-hand pianos.  
3 Steinways.  
3 Chickering's.  
2 Knabes.  
Also Decker Bros., Fisher, Hale, Shouning, Emerson, Mellor & Hoene and others. Many of the above as good as new. Prices from \$50 to \$300; excellent pianos in every respect. Organs made by Smith, Shouning, Taylor & Farley, Prince, Keil and others, from \$30 upward. Call and inspect the same. Fine new stools and covers included.  
Don't delay, as these prices will soon clear our floors. Remember the address, MELLOR & HOENE, Palace of Music, 77 Fifth avenue.

Another Opportunity.  
For buying high grade furs at wonderful low prices. We want to dispose of all our furs and making big reductions in price. You can save money by coming here. Seal coats, seal jackets and small furs all must go.  
SPECIAL ARRANGEMENTS.  
Purchasers can arrange to take securities at present, or leave them with us and pay for them during the summer months. This is a rare opportunity for buying seal coats at easy terms. C. A. SMILEY & Co., Manufacturing Furriers, 28 Fifth avenue.  
P. S.—Measures taken and garments made for present or future delivery. D

THE PEOPLE'S STORE,  
531 and 533 Wood Street.  
Great removal sale.  
Today all winter wraps for ladies, misses and children at 50c on the dollar. Come early for pick. CAMPBELL & DICK.

For To-Day Only.  
Here is something that interests every clothing buyer in Pittsburgh. For to-day we have the finest selection of pick of any overcoat in our entire stock for \$10. \$10. This means that you can look through our magnificent stock of imported kersey, chin-chilla and castor-beaver overcoats, silk and satin lined and trimmed in the most expensive manner, marked \$25, \$30, \$40, and take your choice and pick-to-day only at \$10. Our new spring goods are arriving daily, and we must have room.

Sees After Being Blind Twenty-One Years.  
Mr. Gus H. Taylor, Indiana county, Pa., lost the sight of his left eye when but 11 years old. Lately the other failed, so as to prevent him following his occupation, compelling him to seek relief. On the 26th of January Dr. Sadler, 804 Penn avenue, removed the opaque lens, and his capsule entered from the inside of the eye-ball, restoring his sight. On Thursday last, ten days after the operation, he was discharged, the eye being healed.

J. DIAMOND, Optician,  
322 Sixth Street, Pittsburgh.  
Specialties and Eye-examinations, and the use of every defect of sight. Field and Opera Glasses, Telescopes, Microscopes, Barometers, Thermometers, etc.  
AMERICAN EYES made to order, and warranted. Always on hand a large and complete stock. J&T

THE DEAF SOUND DISC  
which is the same to the ear as the sound it produces, and is the only and best remedy for deafness.  
M.A. WALLING, Importer, Conn.

THE LEADER AND B. A. C. Scarfs  
To-day—latest patterns in light and medium shades—to-day, in men's furnishing department. JEN. HORNE & CO.'S, Penn Avenue Stores.

WILL PRICE shows more new neckwear to-day than any two houses in the city. All new; from 50c. up to the finest.  
We have in stock Clark, Clark & Flag's, leader and B. A. C.; also their extra fine, the protean, rival and locksmoth. You never saw such an assortment.  
WILL PRICE, 47 Sixth st.

Men's Early Spring Neckwear Display.  
Come and see all the new shapes and colors—50 cents, 75c. \$1 to \$1.75; best goods and largest assortment.  
JEN. HORNE & CO.'S, Penn Avenue Stores.

ALMIRA and Malaga Grapes,  
Bananas, Florida Oranges and all kinds of Foreign and Domestic Fruits,  
JOHN DEERE & CO., 908 LIBERTY STREET, PHOENIX, ARIZ.

D. R. SPEER & CO.,  
FRAMES SANB, DOOR  
AND BOX FACTORY,  
THIRD STREET AND DUQUESNE ST., PHOENIX, ARIZ.

ELECTIONS.  
PLENITION—CENTRAL BANK, PITTSBURGH.—The annual election for Directors of this bank will be held at the Chamber of Commerce, No. 47 Fifth avenue, on TUESDAY, February 12, 1890, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 1 p. m. M. HUNNING, Cashier.

OFFICE ALLEGHENY BRIDGE CO.,  
PITTSBURGH, February 11, 1890.  
PLENITION—AN ELECTION FOR PRESIDENT—Managers and officers of the company for erecting a bridge over the Allegheny river opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, will be held at the Chamber of Commerce, No. 47 Fifth avenue, on MONDAY, MARCH 14, next, at 2 o'clock P. M. W. ROSEBURY, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE PENNSYLVANIA CONSTRUCTION CO.,  
No. 132 First Avenue, City.  
PLENITION—THE ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of the Pennsylvania Construction Company will be held at the Chamber of Commerce, No. 132 First Avenue, on MONDAY, February 11, 1890, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M., for the purpose of electing the directors to serve for the ensuing year. J&T

MANSHFIELD COAL AND COKE COMPANY,  
PITTSBURGH, January 12, 1890.  
PLENITION—THE ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of the Mansfield Coal and Coke Company will be held at the Chamber of Commerce, No. 102 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa., on TUESDAY, February 12, 1890, at 2 o'clock P. M., to hear the report of the board of directors for the ensuing year, and to act upon such other business as may be brought before them. JOHN R. SELLIN, Secretary.

PITTSBURGH AND CASTLE SHANNON RAILROAD COMPANY.  
GENERAL OFFICE, 1031 STATE STREET, SOUTHWEST CORNER, FEBRUARY 4, 1890.  
PLENITION—ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of the Pittsburgh and Castle Shannon Railroad Company will be held at this office on TUESDAY, February 11, 1890, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M., for the purpose of electing a President and ten directors, to serve during the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before them. E. J. REAHER, Secretary and Treasurer. fe-3-3

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.  
SKIN, SCALP AND BLOOD  
Diseases Cured by Cuticura Remedies When Hot Springs, Doctors and All Other Medicines Fail.  
Having been troubled with eczema seven years and a half and having been cured by the CUTICURA REMEDIES when all other methods and remedies failed, I deem it my duty to recommend them. I visited Hot Springs to no avail, and tried several doctors without success, and at last our principal druggist, Mr. John P. Finlay (to whom I feel under great obligations), pointed me to CUTICURA, and I consented to give them a trial with the result that I am perfectly cured. I do not now know about eczema. I think I can show the largest surface where my sufferings sprang from of any one in the State. The CUTICURA REMEDIES are the best blood and skin cures manufactured. I refer to Druggist John P. Finlay and Dr. D. C. Montgomery, both of this place, and to Dr. Smith of Lake Lee, Miss.  
L. A. BRUCE BEACH, Greenview, Miss.  
Mr. Beach used the CUTICURA REMEDIES, at our request, with results as above stated. A. B. FINLAY & CO., Druggists.

SCROFULA 7 YEARS CURED.  
I have been troubled with scrofula seven years, which first started on the top of my head, giving me infinite trouble, with constant itching, causing off dry scales, and a watery liquid exuded from under the scales. I treated it for seven years unsuccessfully, and was finally cured by CUTICURA. One cake CUTICURA SOAP, and one bottle CUTICURA RESOLVENT completely cured my skin becoming perfectly clear and smooth.  
Mrs. ROSA KELLY,  
Rockwell City, Calhoun Co., Iowa.

SKIN DISEASES 5 YEARS CURED.  
YOUTH CUTICURA REMEDIES did wonderful things for me. They cured my skin disease, which has been five years standing, after hundreds of dollars had been spent in fruitless remedies. Nothing did me any good until I commenced the use of the CUTICURA REMEDIES. Our house will never be without them.  
MRS. ROSA KELLY,  
Rockwell City, Calhoun Co., Iowa.

NO RHEUMATIZ ABOUT ME!  
To cure in minutes the Cuticura Antirheumatic Plaster relieves rheumatism, Sciatic, sudden, sharp and nervous pains in the back, joints, arms and legs. The first and only pain-killing Plaster. 25c. cuts. fe-w-3

WHEN THE DEAFNESS IS CAUSED BY SCARLET FEVER, COLDS, MEASLES, CATARRH, AC. THE USE OF THE INVISIBLE DEAF SOUND DISC, which is the same to the ear as the sound it produces, and is the only and best remedy for deafness.  
M.A. WALLING, Importer, Conn.

J. M. MORRIS,  
312 CHAMBERS ST., NEW YORK.  
DEAR SIR—For 20 years I have been going to sea, and up to last month by exposure to cold and rain, followed by taking the care of my digestive organs, have got my kidneys into such a state that I did not get a single day in comfort. I bought Dr. J. C. Ayer's "CATHARTIC PILLS" and tried it, and was astonished to find my bowels regular and comfortable. I am now the only curative medicine I ever found.

W. M. E. SPYER, Optician,  
64 SMITHFIELD ST., PITTSBURGH, PA. fe-7-78

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215 CHAMBERS ST., NEW YORK.  
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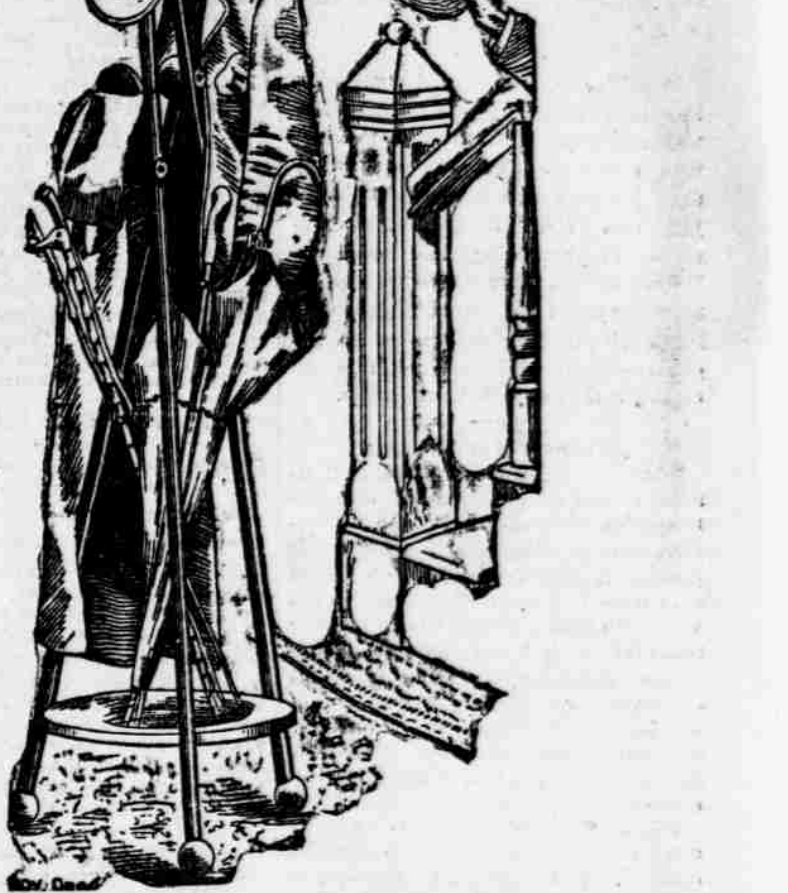
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BEST QUALITY  
and PRICE.  
You can buy next winter's Clothing now at our prices, and coin money by the transaction.  
It's as profitable to you as if you were a partner in our business, because the profit on the goods falls to your share.  
Are you interested in Trousers made-to-measure? Look at our \$5 and \$6 50 grades.  
At \$8, more and better styles; there are no such Trousers made except by a very few tailors, who know how to charge big prices.

Wanamaker  
& Brown,  
Sixth street and Penn avenue.

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You can buy next winter's Clothing now at our prices, and coin money by the transaction.  
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RAILROADS.  
PITTSBURGH AND CASTLE SHANNON R.R. Co. Winter Time Table. On and after October 15, 1889, further notice, trains will run as follows on every day except Sunday, Eastern Standard Time.  
Pittsburgh to Castle Shannon, 11:00 a. m., 2:30 p. m., 5:00 p. m.  
Castle Shannon to Pittsburgh, 8:00 a. m., 11:30 a. m., 3:30 p. m., 6:00 p. m.

ONE OF THESE MOST USEFUL AND MAGNIFICENT  
Hat Racks and Bric-a-brac Stands  
will be presented to every customer buying not less than \$10 worth of goods in our store to-day. It makes no difference whether you buy Clothing, Cloaks, Shoes, Hats or Furnishing Goods, just as long as your purchase amounts to \$10 (or over) you will be entitled to the above royal gift—an article for which you would have to pay \$5 in any furniture store. Everybody will remember the excitement created when we gave these elegant Hat Racks away last November. Well, we have a few hundred left and, as stated above, will present one to-day, Saturday, with every purchase of \$10 or more. This is an extra inducement to attract your trade, and thereby make our great House-Cleaning Sale a success. We guarantee our prices fully one-third lower than at any other store in this city, and our grand gifts are thrown in, on top.

Our House-Cleaning Sale  
is drawing big crowds every day, showing conclusively that there is no dull trade here low prices rule.

TO-DAY, SATURDAY,  
Special Bargains will be offered in every department, a saving of not less than 33 per cent being guaranteed to every patron.

RAILROADS.  
PITTSBURGH AND WESTERN RAILWAY  
Trains (City Station) Leave. Arrive.  
Butler Accommodation, 6:00 a. m. 7:10 a. m.  
Pittsburgh to Buffalo, 7:10 a. m. 11:00 a. m.  
Buffalo to Pittsburgh, 11:00 a. m. 1:00 p. m.

KAUFMANN'S,  
Fifth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

AGGRESSIVE!  
Our phenomenal growing business demands more room! We are, therefore, obliged to get more counter space, and carpenters will soon be at work making alterations. Some shelves, counters, and a great deal of our stock MUST BE MOVED.  
We start this Week

For Unequaled Bargains and Costly Presents  
Come To-Day.

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Our phenomenal growing business demands more room! We are, therefore, obliged to get more counter space, and carpenters will soon be at work making alterations. Some shelves, counters, and a great deal of our stock MUST BE MOVED.  
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