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THE INAUGURAL OF WOODROW WILSON

DEMOCRATIC HOSTS ASSEMBLE AT NATIONAL CAPITAL.

SUFFRAGETTES ARE INDIGNANT

Paraders Annoyed by Unruly Crowd—Largest Inauguration Seen in Washington—Princeton Students Eliven Occasion—Had Fine Weather.

After many years of wandering the Democracy is now in the "promise land." Their return was celebrated at Washington, D. C., on Tuesday afternoon by the inauguration of Woodrow Wilson as President, and Thos. R. Marshall as Vice President, of the United States for the next four years. To support them they will have a House of Representatives that is fully in accord with their party, and a Senate that has a small Democratic majority that is expected to co-operate with them on all important measures.

The inauguration was attended by a record breaking throng that came from all parts of the country, and the parade was one of the most imposing pageants ever witnessed at the national capital. The weather was most propitious and the entire program for the day was carried through without a significant event to mar the occasion.

One of the original features at this inaugural was the demonstration by the suffragettes on Monday. Their much advertised parade came off on Monday afternoon and was one of the novel features of the week. It was the first demonstration of the kind ever seen in Washington, and the women who are seeking the opportunity for participating in the right to vote, bent every effort to make it an impressive national event. The arrival of the women bakers from New York helped to advertise the affair. In consequence, on Monday a curious crowd thronged the streets of Washington and when the parade started the crush was so great that it interfered with the women in the long procession and at times they could scarcely pass along the route. The crowds cheered and hooted and the fair paraders were the constant object of most amusing comment and ridicule. Some grumblers and became intensely indignant and complained to the police for protection, who seemed to be powerless to handle the mob. The result of their demonstration was that they were the common object of ridicule, and since then have been fuming over their experience.

Washington City was never more gaily attired than for the occasion of Wilson's and Marshall's inaugural. When Wilson and his cabinet were accompanied by several train loads of enthusiastic students who helped to create excitement and noise for their former schoolmaster during their stay in Washington. Up until the last day was the list practically confirmed, and the announcement proved a surprise in a number of instances.

The inaugural ceremonies took place on Tuesday afternoon between one and two o'clock. The Vice President took the oath of office in the Senate Chamber, and some minutes later the President appeared on the stand at the east entrance to the capitol and the oath of office was administered to him by Chief Justice White. The ceremony was attended by President Taft, members of his cabinet, prominent government officials, representatives of foreign countries, immediate members of his family and other prominent citizens all of whom were on the stand, while an immense crowd was assembled in front. President Taft very courteously stood by the side of his successor as the oath of office was being administered, and at his conclusion very warmly congratulated President Wilson and pledged his support to help make the administration a success. After brief congratulations by those who were close by, President Wilson began his inaugural address, which proved one of the finest ever made on record, and during the delivery important passages were received with outbursts of applause. It was a marvel for its force and brevity—many called it a "classic." The full text of the address appears elsewhere in this issue.

At the conclusion, President Wilson accompanied by Ex-President Taft in the same carriage, started for the White House, and the great pageant moved down Pennsylvania avenue. After a brief lunch the parade again moved and President Wilson reviewed the long line of marchers from the stand erected in front of the White House grounds. President Taft saw part of the demonstration, and then took his departure for a brief visit to the south. The parade continued until midnight, and then was not ended.

It is said that Washington city never in its history had such a large throng to entertain as at this inauguration. The city on this occasion surpassed itself in the decorations, and the general welcome extended to the new administration was most hearty and sincere.

ELK ROAMING ON MOUNTAIN.

Three of the elk brought from Wyoming to the state lands on the south mountain, near Renovo, were liberated last week and allowed to roam at will. They have returned to the enclosure several times to feed upon the hay which is used to feed the elk that are in the enclosure. All these animals are thriving nicely and will be returned to the mountains, on which they may provide themselves with food.

INFORMATION WANTED.

About November 15th, Ralph J. Weaver, aged 15 years, left his parents' home at Hubersburg, since then he has not been heard from. Dark hair, blue eyes, light complexion, right arm and shoulder is small than left. Any information as to his whereabouts will be appreciated by his parents. JACOB H. WEAVER, Hubersburg, Pa.

CLASSICAL CONFERENCE.

Will Be Held at Centre Hall, March 25 and 26.

The Simultaneous Every-Member Canvass Campaign classical conference will be held at Centre Hall, Pa., March 25-26, 1913. The tentative program for the classical conference is as follows:

Evening—Address: "The Hedderberg Catechism and the Church of To-day," by Dr. A. M. Schmidt. Address: "The Benevolent Work of the Reformed Church, Setting Forth the Work of Home Missions, Foreign Missions and Other Benevolences," by Rev. Wm. E. Harr.

Wednesday Morning—"Statement of Facts and Conditions in the Classis as to Church Membership and Gifts for Benevolence," by Rev. W. D. Donat. "The Plan of Work of the Every-Member Canvass Campaign," by conference leader, "Personal Evangelism, to Emphasize Definite Christian Service," by Rev. W. M. Hoover. "The Congregational Missionary Committee and its Work," by Rev. E. T. Rhodes. "Consecrated Possession—Stewardship," by Rev. Geo. A. Stauffer.

Wednesday Afternoon—Conducted by the representatives of the Simultaneous Campaign Committee on Conference and Training. "The Unified Plan of Missionary Education and Giving," by Rev. S. C. Stover. "The Educational Campaign," by Rev. Wm. E. Harr. "The Weekly Offering for Benevolence," by Rev. E. T. Rhodes. "The Every-Member Canvass," by A. Luckenbach. Plans for following up the Classical Conference.

Wednesday Evening—Address: "The Missionary Tasks of the Reformed Church at Home and Abroad," by Rev. S. C. Stover. Address: "A Worthy Part in the Campaign," by Rev. W. D. Donat.

Let all come prepared to enter into the discussion of all the topics.

MARRIAGES.

Long—Royer.

At the United Evangelical parsonage, Centre Hall, on Sunday evening, J. Gardner Long, of Spring Mills, and Ruth A. Royer, of Potomac, were married by Rev. S. A. Snyder.

At the United Brethren parsonage in this place on Saturday afternoon, March 1st, Charles Boone, of Howard, and Miss Tessie DeLong, of Nittany, were united in holy bonds of wedlock. The ceremony was performed by the pastor, Rev. C. W. Winey. They expect to make their future home in Howard.

Mensch—Martin.

On Friday afternoon of last week Harry Mensch, son of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Mensch, of Aaronburg, and Miss Carrie Martin, of Sunbury, were united in marriage at the home of the bride in Sunbury. Mr. Mensch who is wire chief for the United Telephone and Telegraph Company with headquarters at Sunbury, is quite well known in Bellefonte having been located here at one time. He is a very popular young man and his many friends here will wish for him a happy matrimonial voyage on the sea of matrimony.

Some Changes at the Post Office.

Fred Montgomery, son of the late Postmaster W. W. Montgomery, and who recently passed the civil service examination and was appointed a substitute clerk at the Bellefonte Post Office, was on Tuesday, March 4th, appointed an auxiliary clerk in said office. This means that although still a substitute clerk he will be steady employed in the office all day. At the same time Ernest Arderly, who is substitute letter carrier and will be steadily employed in the future. This practically gives this office an extra carrier and extra clerk. This is due to the eight hour law which will not permit a clerk or carrier to work over the eight hours in one day. All extra work must be done by the auxiliary clerk and carrier, Ralph Struble, who is the Parcels Post carrier will likely be appointed a substitute mail carrier.

Dr. Hayes Sells Home to G. H. Leathers

One of the largest transfers of real estate that has taken place in Bellefonte for some time was consummated on Tuesday, when Dr. G. H. Hayes sold his beautiful country home near town to George H. Leathers, the real estate dealer, of Howard, Pa. Besides the handsome home and well equipped stables there are twenty-six acres of land. The price paid is said to have been \$19,900.

Just what Mr. Leathers expects to do with the property we could not learn, although it was rumored that he had purchased it for a firm in New York who would make a stock farm out of it. It was also rumored that it would be divided up in building lots and sold provided Bellefonte experiences the boom that everyone is hoping will take place this summer.

His Reward a Nickel.

Arthur Young, twelve years old, returned to George Haines, a man reputed to be wealthy and a large land owner at Sunbury, a roll of \$1,000 in bills which the lad had saved from being blown into the Susquehanna river between Sunbury and Shamokin Dam. Haines thanked him, and pulling some change from his pocket, he picked out a five cent piece and telling him that he was an honest boy, passed on his way.

Scarlet Fever in Sugar Valley.

Two more cases of scarlet fever developed in the stricken village of Rosecrans, Sugar valley Saturday morning, making in all about 25 cases, now under quarantine. The physicians in that valley are doing their utmost to prevent any further spread of the dread disease and in this are being assisted by the state board of health. Two deaths occurred last week.

Nothing Doing at Hotel.

The hotel at Beech Creek, for which a liquor license was granted to Jacob Bastringer January 29th, still remains closed. Mr. Bastringer has failed to put in an appearance and no one appears to venture an opinion as to what is actually to be done with April 1, the date for lifting licenses, only a month distant.

Ten Curwensville couples found the marital yoke too galling and decided to go alone via the divorce route during 1912.

"WE SHALL RESTORE NOT DESTROY"

THE KEYNOTE OF PRESIDENT'S INAUGURAL ADDRESS.

AN APPEAL TO PATRIOTIC MEN

Points to Tariff, Banking and Currency, Trusts, etc., as Needing Attention—Correct Evils and Preserve the Good.

The address in full follows: "There has been a change of government. It began two years ago, when the House of Representatives became Democratic by a decisive majority. It has now been completed. The Senate also to assemble will also be Democratic. The offices of President and Vice President have been put into the hands of Democrats. What does the change mean? That is the question that is uppermost in our minds today. That is the question I am going to try to answer, in order, if I may, to interpret the occasion.

Seeks a Change.

"It means much more than the mere success of a party. The success of a party means little, except when the Nation is using that party for a large and definite purpose. No one can mistake the purpose for which the Nation now seeks to use the Democratic Party. It seeks to use it to interpret change in its own plans and point of view.

"Some old things with which we had grown familiar, and which had begun to creep into the very habit of our thought and of our lives, have latterly looked critically upon them, with fresh, awakened eyes; have dropped their disguises and shown themselves alien and sinister. Some new things, as we look frankly upon them, with hope and confidence, have come to us from our own convictions.

"We have been refreshed by a new insight into our life as a people. It is life is very great. It is incomparably great in its material aspects, in its body of wealth, in the diversity and sweep of its energy, in the industries which have been conceived and built up by the genius of individual men and the limitless enterprise of groups of men. It is great, also, very great, in its moral force.

"Nowhere else in the world have noble and heroic women exhibited in more striking forms the beauty and the energy of sympathy and helpfulness and counsel in their efforts to rectify wrong, alleviate suffering and set the weak in the world upon their feet. We have built up moreover, a great system of government, which has stood through a long age as a model for those who seek to build up a better world. It will endure against fortuitous change, against storm and accident. Our life contains every great thing, and contains it in rich abundance.

Evil With the Good.

"But the evil has come with the good and the good has been corroded. With riches has come inexcusable waste. We have squandered a great part of what we might have used and have not stopped to conserve the exceeding bounty of enterprise which would have been worthless and impotent, scoring to be careful, shamefully prodigal as well as admirably efficient. We have been proud of our industrial achievements, but we have not hitherto stopped thoughtfully enough to count the human cost, the cost of lives snuffed out, of energies overtaxed and broken, of the fearful physical and spiritual cost to the men and women who have borne the burden of it all has fallen pitilessly the years through.

"The groans and agony of all had not yet reached our ears, the solemn moving undertone of our life, coming up out of the mine, the factory and out of every home where the struggle with the great government went many deep secret things which we too long delayed to look into, and scrutinize with candid, fearless eyes. The great government we loved has too often been made use of for private and selfish purposes, and those who used it had forgotten the people.

Duty to Cleanse.

"At last a vision has been vouchsafed us of our life as a whole. We see the bad with the good, the debased and decadent with the sound and vital. With this vision we approach new affairs. Our duty is to cleanse, to reconsider, to restore, to correct the evil without impairing the good, to purify and humanize every process of our common life without weakening or sentimentalizing it.

"There has been something crude and heartless and unfeeling in our past and there has been a great deal of thought has been. Let every man look out for himself, let every generation look out for itself, while we reared giant machinery which made it impossible that any but those who stood at the levers of control should have a chance to look out for themselves. We had not forgotten our morals. We remembered well enough that we had set up a policy which was meant to serve the humblest as well as the most powerful with an eye single to the standards of justice and fair play, and remembered it with pride. But we were very heedless and in a hurry to be great.

"We have come now to the sober second thought. The scales of heedlessness have fallen from our eyes. We have made up our minds to square every process of our national life again with the standards we so proudly carried at the beginning, and have always carried at our hearts. Our work is a work of restoration.

Hits Economic Conditions.

"We have itemized with some degree of particularity the things that ought to be altered and here are some of the chief items: A tariff which cuts us off from our proper part in the commerce of the world, violates the just principles of taxation and makes the government a facile instrument in the hands of private interests; a banking and currency system based upon the necessity of the government to sell its bonds fifty years ago and perfectly

CABINET OFFICERS SELECTED BY WILSON

MEN WHO WILL ASSIST THE NEXT PRESIDENT.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN HEADS LIST

William B. Wilson, of Pennsylvania Chosen for New Department—Promoted Progressive Democrats—Able Body of Men.

The members of President Wilson's cabinet were not officially announced until Wednesday when their names were sent to the Senate for confirmation. But nearly all of the members selected were with the President in an official capacity at the inaugural ceremonies, and the most conspicuous among them and the one to receive the greatest amount of attention was the great Congressman of Nebraska—Hon. William Jennings Bryan.

Those who are to fill the Cabinet posts, including the newly created post of Secretary of Labor, the bill providing for which was signed by President Taft Tuesday morning, and a record of their lives, are as follows:

Secretary of State.

WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN, publisher and editor. Born at Salem, Ill., March 19, 1860. Home, Lincoln, Neb. Educated at Illinois College. Democratic candidate for President of the United States, 1896, 1900 and 1908. Served in Spanish war. Made trip around world in 1906.

Secretary of the Treasury.

WILLIAM GIBBS M'ADOO, lawyer and railroad president. Born near Marietta, Ga., October 31, 1863. Home, Marietta, Ga. Practiced law in Tennessee and New York. Builder of first tunnels under Hudson River. President of Hudson & Manhattan Railroad.

Secretary of War.

LINDLEY M. GARRISON, jurist, formerly United States marshal. Born at J. Home, Merchantville, N. J. Son of an Episcopal clergyman, brother of Justice Charles G. Garrison, of the New Jersey Supreme Court. Appointed to the Chancery Court in 1904 and reappointed by Chancellor Mahlon Pitney, now a member of the United States Supreme Court.

Attorney General.

JAMES CLARK M'REYNOLDS, lawyer. Born at Elkton, Ky., February 3, 1852. Home, New York city. Educated at Vanderbilt University and University of Virginia. Practiced law at Nashville, Tenn., many years Assistant Attorney General of the United States, 1903-1907. Afterward specially retained by Government in anti-trust matters, particularly in tobacco and coal trust suits.

Postmaster General.

ALBERT SIDNEY BURLESON, Congressman and lawyer. Born at San Marcos, Texas, June 7, 1863. Home, Austin, Texas. Educated at Texas A. and M. College, Baylor University and University of Texas. Assistant city attorney, Austin, 1885-1889. Attorney Twenty-sixth Texas Judicial District, 1891-1896. Member of Congress since 1899 and re-elected to Sixty-third Congress.

Secretary of the Navy.

JOSEPHUS DANIELS, newspaper owner and editor. Born at Washington, N. C., May 18, 1862. Home, Raleigh, N. C. Educated at Wake Forest College. Editor of "The Advance" at Raleigh; "State Chronicle" 1886, and the Raleigh "News and Observer" since 1894. Democratic national committeeman from North Carolina.

Secretary of the Interior.

FRANKLIN KNIGHT LANE, lawyer. Born on Prince Edward Island, Canada, July 18, 1864. Educated at University of California. Practiced law in San Francisco. Candidate for Governor of California, 1902. Member of Interstate Commerce Commission since 1905 and at present chairman.

Secretary of Agriculture.

DAVID FRANKLIN HOUSTON, university chancellor. Born at Monroe, N. C., February 17, 1866. Home, St. Louis, Mo. Educated at South Carolina College and Harvard University. Dean of faculty, University of Texas, 1899-1902. President Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, 1902-1905. Chancellor of Washington University, St. Louis since 1908.

Secretary of Commerce.

WILLIAM COX REDFIELD, Congressman and manufacturer. Born at Albany, N. Y., June 18, 1858. Home, Brooklyn, N. Y. Educated in public schools. Engaged in iron and steel manufactures since 1882. Served in Sixty-second Congress.

Secretary of Labor.

WILLIAM BAUCHOP WILSON, former United States Congressman. Born at Blantyre, Scotland, April 2, 1862. Home, Blossburg, Pa. Came to the United States, 1870. Educated in public schools. Miner from 1871 to 1898. Member of National Executive Board which organized United Mine Workers of America, 1890. Member of Congress since 1907. Author of bill creating Department of Labor.

FIRST CABINET MEETING.

President Wilson's first official statement Wednesday to the effect that he would not see any office seekers in person except when he himself has requested the interview.

Senator Kern, of Indiana, was elected the Democratic caucus chairman, carrying the title of majority leader. Senator Gallinger, of New Hampshire, was chosen the Republican caucus chairman.

The first cabinet meeting lasted one hour. The time was devoted to introductions and a general informal discussion of state affairs and the probable policy of the new administration.

At the conclusion of the meeting, the cabinet officers dispersed to their respective offices where they were sworn in as soon as their appointments were confirmed by the Senate.

DOINGS IN JUVENILE COURT.

On Friday morning at a session of Juvenile Court before Judge Ellis L. Orvis, testimony was taken in the case of two young girls charged with being incorrigibles. The first case was that of Zilla Beckwith, a twelve year old daughter of C. F. Beckwith of Turinship. Her father of the child is a laboring man and is away from home all day, and the child refuses to stay at home and is beyond the control of her parents. After hearing the testimony the court decided to put her under the care and guardianship of the Managers of the House of Refuge at Glenn Mills. The court therefore made a decree committing her to this institution and appointed D. Paul Fortney to deliver her to the proper authorities, and with the girl in charge, he left for Glenn Mills, Delaware county, Saturday morning.

The other case was that of Letitia Bathurst, age 14, Probation officer, Rev. Ambrus Schmidt, informed the court that he thought a good home could be secured for the girl with her grandparents at Milesburg and that they could control her. It was decided by the court that she should be given a trial with her grandparents, with the understanding that they should report to Rev. Schmidt from time to time as to her conduct.

IN THE NAME OF RELIGION!

Revenge for being ousted from the parsonage of the Madisonville Christian church at Scranton, Pa., was sweet Monday to the Rev. J. D. Fry, pastor, when three of the five elders refused to pay the \$5 fines imposed for forcible entry of the parsonage and spent one hour in jail before they were released on a writ of habeas corpus.

"Glory hallelujah! Revenge is mine. Take the sinners to jail, the triumphant preacher cried as the deputy sheriff led them from the court room. In the street he exhorted the crowd to gaze upon the three elders of the church on their way to prison.

"Oh, Lord, I want to occupy a different place in heaven than they," declared the pastor as he clasped his hands and glanced reverently toward the sky, Isaac Bliesecker, one of the elders, is 83 years old.

It is no wonder that the congregation was anxious to be rid of such a man from their pulpit. He certainly is unfit to preach the gospel of Christ.

PLEASE TAKE NOTE.

All persons who remitted to us on subscription during the month of February will find that proper credit has been given by a change of the date on their label this issue. If you sent us any money during February look at your label now, and in case of any error please notify this office at once.

All subscribers whose label is dated "March 12" are now over one year due on subscription and in order to comply with the postal laws, unless the same is immediately expressly renewed, the same will receive the same under separate wrappers and special postage and will be charged one cent extra each week for the postage. You will have to pay this extra postage, all because of our negligence. Therefore, give this your attention now.

A \$75,000 Post Office Building for State

The last act of the Taft administration before he retired from power was the passage of the famous "Pork Barrel bill" which carries with it the appropriations for public buildings throughout the country. Centre county's slice from the Pork Barrel consisted of a \$75,000 appropriation to build a post office building at State College. It was Centre county's turn to get an appropriation, and had not Bellefonte's postoffice receipts fallen below those of State College, the new building would have come here, instead of at State College. It behooves Bellefonte to stir herself or our neighboring town will become the metropolis of Centre county.

Our neighboring county of Clinton gets \$100,000 for a new public building at Lock Haven. Clearfield gets a new building at Patton and Blair county gets \$25,000 for the selection of a site at Tyrone.

Slight Fire at Hamilton's Planing Mill.

On Thursday evening of last week a fire broke out in the planing mill of Thad R. Hamilton, located on Decatur alley in the rear of the public building. It was first discovered by Patsey Bathurst, who lives on Penn street, and who saw the fire from his residence. He at once turned in an alarm and the Logan Hose Company responded promptly, and by their efforts soon had the fire extinguished. The fire started in the first story among was sawdust and was caused by an overheated journal. It was fortunate that the fire was discovered at an early hour, had it broken out later in the night a serious conflagration might have ensued. The loss is estimated at about \$125.00 fully covered by insurance.

A Saving to County.

By a recent decision of Supreme court sustaining the decision of Judge Kunkle of Danville, Centre county as well as all others having patients at the Danville asylum, will save \$2.50 per week on each criminal patient in that institution.

The law provides that the county shall pay \$1.75 per week and the state, \$2.50 for the keep of its insane. The hospital authorities wanted to collect the whole of the \$4.25 from the counties and cities for indigent criminal insane. Locoming and Northumberland refused, on the ground that it was illegal, but all of the others paid. The hospital then sued Locoming, making a test case. The hospital lost in the lower court, and the lower court is sustained.

Another Advancement.

Word has just been received here of the good fortune of a former Centre county boy, F. P. Rocky, a son of Mrs. John P. Rocky, of Zion. The young man has been employed as collector for the Port Chester branch of the Reliable Clothing Company, and this week was promoted, having accepted the position as manager of the store, a very responsible position, one that carries a very nice salary. We are glad to see Mr. Rocky forging to the front in his chosen occupation, and his many friends here will congratulate him on his success.

NEW GAME PRESERVE FOR CENTRE COUNTY

WILL PICK A SUITABLE LOCATION THIS WEEK.

WILL BE 3000 ACRES IN AREA

Sixth of the Preserves in the State—Will Bring a Lot of Elk—Under Consideration For Some Years—Fine Hunting Ground.

Somewhere in the wilds of Centre county, in which the state forestry department controls about 80,000 acres of mountain lands, a new game sanctuary will be established this week. This move, which is of prime importance to the sportsmen of the entire state, was decided upon by members of the state game commission last week, although it has been under consideration of the commission, will take to the woods this week, pick out a suitable tract and locate the boundaries of the sixth of the system of Pennsylvania's state game preserves. This forest sanctuary will, like others already established, be 3,000 acres in area and will be made the breeding place of all animals native to the state.

The prime reason for the Centre county preserve at this time is the desire of the commission to go further with elk propagation. Two herds of 25 animals each have been planted in the Clinton and Clearfield preserves, but the commissioners want to locate another and perhaps a larger one in Centre county which is peculiarly adapted to the needs of elk. There is lots of waste land over which the animals can range in this county and this will furnish fine hunting grounds.

More attention will also be paid to the white-tailed deer of this section.

Tom Heflin on Votes-For-Women.

Many of our readers remember Representative Tom Heflin, of Alabama, who came here near the end of the Wilson campaign and made a witty and eloquent speech in the Court House. They will be interested to know that he has aroused the ire of the suffragettes by a speech at Falls Church, Va., the other day.

He threw a bomb into the ranks of the suffragettes of that community, and advised the Virginians to take no part in the passport which American women will give in Washington on March 3.

"Religion will do more to uplift American manhood and womanhood than all the votes a suffragette can get in a ballot box," he declared. "The cause of suffrage is a bad one. As has been said a million times, the place of the woman is at home; by the fireside and in the bosom of her family."

"Place in her hands the ballot, induce her to occupy the plane of man, and you will destroy all that is feminine in her. Woman is loved for her femininity. Make of her a man, and you will lose a man's ambitions, and you will blot from her character all that is beautiful."

"Do not let the woman vote. She has enough to do to look after the home. The man who builds that home and furnishes it will do the voting for both."

His remarks aroused the wife of Speaker Clark. She said: "I am a suffragist and will march in the parade March 3. I did not intend to take an active part until Representative Heflin gave us a slap in the face in a speech at Falls Church the other night. There is nothing that fires a woman like a lick in the face from a man."

ELKS ELECT OFFICERS.

The annual election of officers for the ensuing year was held by the Bellefonte Lodge of Elks, No. 1094, in their lodge rooms in the Elks home on Monday evening, March 3rd. There was a large attendance of members and the following officers were elected: Exalted Ruler—Harry Eberhart. Leading Knight—Homer Barnes. Loyal Knight—William D. Zerby. Lecturing Knight—Edward Gehret. Secretary—W. C. Armstrong. Treasurer—A. E. Kimpert. Tyler—Milton Kerns. Trustee for three years—A. C. Minigle.

A Remarkable Student of Scripture.

The death of Samuel McGinley occurred February 19th at his home in Julian, and he was buried at Julian the following Saturday.

Samuel McGinley, who was well known in Bellefonte and vicinity, was a remarkable man in one particular at least. It is said that he had read the bible through from beginning to end seventy-six times. As to the truth of this statement we cannot vouch, but that he was familiar with chapter after chapter so that he would quote them as fast as the words could fall from his lips to this fact we can bear positive statement. His prayers also teemed with scriptural quotations and were most powerful and effective. On many occasions he was seen sitting in the shade of the trees on a summer day reading his bible with his humble shanty at the Tyrone Iron works, near which place he was employed. Samuel McGinley was a man who prayed the Lord for everything.

A Deal has been closed by I. W. Seaman and Thomas B. Palmer.

of Unionville, secure possession of 2,400 acres of timber lands in Somerset and Westmoreland counties, a half interest of which was owned by the estate of the late W. A. Crist, of Johnstown, and the remainder by E. J. Berwind, Thomas Fisher, B. L. Simpson and W. T. Geddes. The price is said to have been in the neighborhood of \$80,000.

DuBois proposes to celebrate "Old Home Week" during week of June 15th being the 25th anniversary of the big fire. It certainly is a propitious time for "Some doings."

Word has just been received here of the good fortune of a former Centre county boy, F. P. Rocky, a son of Mrs. John P. Rocky, of Zion.

The young man has been employed as collector for the Port Chester branch of the Reliable Clothing Company, and this week was promoted, having accepted the position as manager of the store, a very responsible position, one that carries a very nice salary. We are glad to see Mr. Rocky forging to the front in his chosen occupation, and his many friends here will congratulate him on his success.

The latest in the line of progressive business is a large cement plant at Winterburn, Huston township, Clearfield county, to cost \$1,000,000 and be erected immediately.

Some Clearfield land owners in that section will live on easy street next year.

(Continued on page 4, 1st Col.)