KEEP TO THE RIGHT AND AVOID TROUBLE

& FEW PRACTICAL RULES RE-GARDING THE PUBLIC ROAD.

MOW TO AVOID THE ACCIDENTS

Common Rules Daily Violated by many on Our Roads-Why You Should Keep to the Right-Avoid Liability-Turn Oot.

Whether you are on foot, driving a borse, riding a bycicle, riding a horse, Transing a motor puffy-puff, enjoy-ling your automobile, or driving a monded team; whether on the sidewealk or the public highway, "Keep to the right." This is both the custom and the law of the country, and its aniversal and prompt observance will prevent many of the disastrous vol-Msions now frequently occuring, and make unnecessary many a suit for damages from such sources. Great ments in methods of transportation within the past quarter of a century, and the inducements to pleasure riding and touring held out by them, gause many times more persons, going at higher rates of speed, to be apon the roads than formerly, and, even in county districts, the roads are often pretty well filled up. This condition requires greater care in coilisions and their disastrous consequences than in the days of less go-Eng. Therefore tringent rules are to form observance are assential to safeby and comfort on the road; and there is no rule of the road so important as "Keep to the right" and this at all times. No matter what wort of vehicle or other method of progress you may meet coming to-ward you, "Keep to the right," When you hear anyone in any sort of conweyance coming behind you, and travthe right," and do it promptly, that he may pass you in safety and go on at his own rate of speed—this is the andoubted right, and unless you do this, and a collision ensues, you are responsible for all loss, whether of life or property, and liable for damage. That leaves the party coming up

behind you, and wishing to go faster than you are going, no choice but to turn to the left, and that is the only exception to the rule of "Keep to the right." Difficulties, "run-ins," and "side-swipes," and serious accidents occur most frequently when this rule of the road is broken, or slowly and grudgingly obeyed, just at this point, and particularly when a loaded and necessarily slow-moving team is approached from behind by a rap-idly moving auto. The bounden duty of the team is to turn to the right, and do it as promptly as may be, when apprised of the approach of the faster vehicle. This is a "courtesy of the road," as well as a "rule of the road," and in obedience to this the auto driver should sound his signal of approach and a desire to pass, while yet a long distance away, and the rattle of a loaded wagon frequently prevents its driver from hearing readily, and courtesy re-quires that he should have timely and "Keep to the right," ample notice. whether on sidewalk or roadway, and this "do unto others, as you would that others should do unto you." This may be much easier said than done," but as our roads gradually grow wider, smoother, and in every way better as they surely will, the difficulties will disappear, and in the meantime a careful obedience of the rule, and obwervance of the courtesy of the road will greatly help. Keep to the right.

AUSTIN SILENT IN ITS GRIEF.

Hope-bereft Town Presents Desolate Scene.

"There is nothing spectacular about Austin now. It is just one scene of desolation and hopeless, terrible sadness. The people who have seen their dead and cannot recognize their homes in the tangled heaps of timber are curiously quiet in their grief." This was the description given re-

cently by Bromley Wharton, secretary of the State Board of Charities, who returned from a week of work in con-junction with Dr. Samuel G. Dixon, State Health Commissioner.

"The foreign women wail over their misfortunes, but the Americans are heroically quiet, and the fortitude of some of the women is striking. One woman went all week without shoes and did not complain.

"When I arrived at Austin it was raining, and such a dismal, disheartening scene I had never imagined could exist. Wreckage was piled everywhere, and as one walked along could see some intimate household thing-a baby coach or a rocking horse-sticking out of the heaps. hope I will never spend a more un-happy two hours than I did during my circuit of the town to get the naratives of the survivors.

"Many of the foreign women could not speak English, but, fortunately, one of the State police was able to speak a number of languages, and he translated their wants.

"Each day a long line of survivors Is formed to receive the food supplies handed out in bags. The houses are crowded with 10 or 15 persons in each room, and tents have been set up for the thousands of laborers employed in moving the debris.

"One can hardly walk through the town for five minutes without meeting a little procession carrying another body from the ruins to the Morgue. Many of the bodies in the Morgue can never be identified.

"The danger of typhoid fever from polution of the water has been mitigated a great deal by the precautions taken by Doctor Dixon, who has posted warning notices at several springs he believes have been contaminated.

"There must be many bodies of children in the wreckage. Before Gov-ernor Tener left he told me to take care of the 'kiddles' as well as I could but the terrible part of it is that so few living children are there.

"The people do not want to stay in Austin; at least the majority of them do not. The warning frequently giv-en the people about the danger of the Bayless dam has led to many out-bursts of reproach among them. If we had only gone away, they cry all the time, 'our children might be alive

A bushel or two of chestauts, shelbark walnuts or butternuts will be accepted by the publisher at market price for subscription.

CLEANING HOUSE.

Practical Ways of Making Work Easy and Successful.

If floors are much stained and cannot be done over wipe off carefully with gasoline, then rub to polish with a mixture of half a pound of paraffin and a quarter pound of beeswax melted and mixed when not with four Bond Issue Plan For Counties tablespoonfuls of turpentine. Beat until cold. Apply with flannel, rub with another piece and polish with an iron covered with wool padding and fine velveteen if you have no regular floor polisher.

Dark woodwork should be wiped off with warm soapsuds or a little gasoline and water, wiped dry, then polished dry, then polished with a little aquid veneer or any good furniture polish or a teaspoonful of vinegar or two of olive oil. Apply polish with one cheesecloth and rub with chamois. This same polish is good for furniture.

Soap is apt to yellow white paint, and if soapy water is not rinsed well it will leave it streaky. Bad soil can be with alcohol. Do not use ammonia on your woodwork.

If you do not superintend the washing of your own fine china insist upon the maid using a rubber pad in bottom of dishpan and not putting in too many pieces at a time.

Yellowed ivory can be whitened with safety by washing well with hot soapsuds and put while wet in hot sunshine for several hours. Repeat for lina. days, if necessary. Rubbing with a fine emery paper and polishing with chamois are also good.

Have a good carpet soap for rugs and carpets or use a fine olive oil soap, scrub well with the lather, rinse twice, once in lukewarm water, then in cold. Rub until nearly dry, then hang in air.

Brass can be polished by rubbing -precipitate kind used for tooth powder-rubbed into a paste with lemon juice. Let it dry on and polish with a chamois. There is an excellent red pomade that is a good brass cleaner.

Playtime Dress.

Rompers are ideal garments for the small girl's playtime when worn indoors, but on the street they are anything rather than becoming attire for little girls.

Indeed, many small tots object to rompers because they make them look like boys. One little girl whose mother is fond of the romper costume for



FROCK AND SUNBONNET OF CHECKED GINGHAM

ber daughter is named Tucker and when tricked out in the trousered garment is referred to by the family as Tommy Tucker of nursery fame.

Now, the little dress pictured of checked gingham, box plaited and made in one piece, is a sensible style for a playtime costume, and the sunbonnet of the same material is a picturesque addition to the outfit.

The Barber's Chair In the Nursery. Every mother knows how impossible it is to make the little folks stand still while tangled tresses are straightened out and curls brushed over the finger. Mother or nurse, brush in hand, chases the elusive youngsters all over the nursery before the coiffure is completed. The resourceful mother has hit upon a happy idea. A small red wooden chair, called the barber's chair,

made presentable. The children do not mind taking turns at the barber's chair and sit much more patiently than they are of the roads without permanently imwont to stand during the process of hair brushing.

is brought out, and the small person

must sit down while the locks are

An Economical Cake.

The following will make an excellent as well as an economical cake, which may be used either in loaf form or in layers: Have on hand a third of a cupful of butter, a cupful of sugar, large city whose accumulated wealth an egg yolk, half a cupful of milk, three egg whites, one cupful and a the county. Counties situated in this half of flour, sifted, with one tea- way could probably raise a revenue spoonful and a half of baking powder. Cream the butter in the usual way with the sugar, add the yolk and milk, then stir the mixture into the flour and baking powder. Last of all, fold the flour through the whole and bake should issue bonds for good roads conin greased pan.

HOW TO OBTAIN **GOOD HIGHWAYS**

a Remedy For Present Evils.

QUICKER AND BETTER ROADS.

Direct Tax Method Might Do For the Time Being, but the Issuing of Bonds Will Insure Good Thoroughfares For Generations to Come. Many Southern Counties Using Plan.

A study of the problems connected with the development of our nation has shown that we take first rank in wiped off with a rag dipped in kero- civil government, manufactures, comsene or with a little whiting damped merce and in the world's affairs generally, yet improved public road construction, the one phase of our American life upon which depend more than any other the certain prosperity and social comfort of a large majority of our citizens, has been neglected to a degree that is almost beyond the power of conception, says Dr. J. H. Pratt, state geologist of North Caro-

The old method of obtaining revenue for the construction of roads was by levying a labor tax, which required all ablebodied male residents of a state between certain ages to work on the public highways within their respective townships for a certain number of days per annum, but in lieu of with a mixture of powdered chalk this labor they could pay a certain amount for each day that they were required to work. While thousands of miles of public roads have been built by this means, there are but few miles of graded or improved roads constructed, and it is practically impossible to construct a system of good roads in this way. If it does not give good improved roads how can they be obtained?

Public roads are public necessities, and the benefits to be derived from their construction in the various counties composing the state are not only of great value to each county, but also to the state. Public roads are ready to serve all classes, they are common property of all the people, and all the people have the right and privilege to use them. Therefore why should not all the people bear some of the expense?

To carry out this work to the quickest and to the best advantage the county should issue bonds in order to secure the necessary funds.

It is a fair and equitable arrangement that future generations should pay for a portion of the improvements of our public roads, as they derive as great a benefit as the present generation. Too many have an idea that to bond their county will mean a very large increase in their taxes without their deriving any material benefits from their expenditures, not realizing that the increase in the value of property and the decrease in the cost of the maintenance of the roads and the wear and tear on horses, wagons and harness is so much money saved.

The issuing of bonds makes available funds in sufficient quantity to render possible the accomplishment of definite and desirable results.

They give almost immediately the benefit of good roads, while the payment for them is deferred for many years until the county has progressed in material wealth to enable it to pay the bonds without unnecessary inconvenience.

They obviate the necessity for a high road tax while accomplishing the results for which such a tax would be levied.

Let us consider briefly what a \$100,

000 bond issue would cost a county: In the first place, I believe the bonds could be sold as bearing 4½ per cent in-terest. This will mean that the interest on the issue of \$100,000 will be \$4,500 per annum. It will also be necessary to put by a sinking fund to take care of these nds on maturity. Such a sum as is necessary can be put by each year at 5 per cent interest and at the end of forty years will cover the bond issue. The amount that it will be necessary to put aside each year for this purpose will be \$933. This makes a total of \$5,433 that a county will have to raise each year to take care of this bond issue. This amount will not be as much as it would be necessary to raise by a high tax, 25 cents to 50 cents, which me counties have levied in providing the money for road construction. Suppose the assessed property valuation is \$3,000,000, a tax of only 20 cents on the \$100 would yield \$16,000 annually, which would be sufficient to pay the interest on the bonds, create a sinking fund and leave enough money, \$10,500, for the main-tenance of the improved road and to keep repair the roads in the county that are not being permanently improved.

This twenty cent tax is a small tax for good roads work and if this tax was levied without bond issue it would usually all be spent in maintenance

proving any of them. If a county or a township decides to try and raise the necessary revenue for good roads construction by a direct tax on the \$100 worth of property it would require an exceedingly high tax to accomplish the desired result, unless there was situated in the county a could be taxed for good road work in sufficient to construct improved roads throughout the county with a tax not running over 50 cents on the \$100 worth of property. The counties, however, without large cities or towns struction.

Gems In Verse

OLD FAVORITES.

THE LAST LEAF. SAW him once before, As he passed by the door, And again The pavement stones resound As he totters o'er the ground With his cane.

They say that in his prime, Ere the pruning knife of time Cut him down. Not a better man was found By the crier on his round Through the town.

But now he walks the streets. And he looks at all he meets So forlorn And he shakes his feeble head That it seems as if he said, "They are gone."

The mossy marbles rest On the lips that he has pressed In their bloom And the names he loved to near Have been carved for many a year On the tomb.

Long ago!-That he had a Roman nose And his cheek was like a rose In the snow But now his nose is thin, And it rests upon his chin Like a staff,

And a crook is in his back

And a melancholy crack

My grandmamma has said-

Poor old lady, she is dead

I know it is a sin For me to sit and grin At him here, But the old three cornered hat And the breeches and all that

In his laugh.

Are so queer! And if I should live to be The last leaf upon the tree In the spring Let them smile as I do now At the old forsaken bough Where I cling. -Oliver Wendell Holmes

THE MAIDEN'S CHOICE. GENTEEL in personage, Conduct and equipage; Noble by beritage Generous and free:

BRAVE, not romantic; Learned, not pedantic; Frolic, not frantic-This must be be.

HONOR maintaining. Meanness disdaining, Still entertaining Engaging and new.

NEAT, but not finical: Sage, but not cynical; Never tyrannical,

But ever true. -Anonymous

JOHN ANDERSON, MY JO.

John Anderson, my Jo, John, When we were first acqueint Your locks were like the raven Your bonnie brow was brent, But now your brow is baid. John, Your locks are like the snow; But blessings on your frosty pow John Anderson, my Jo!

John Anderson, my Jo. John, We clamb the hill thegither, And mony a canty day, John, We've had wi' ane anither. Now we maun totter down, John, But hand in hand we'll go And sleep thegither at the foot, John Anderson, my Jo. -Robert Burns

THE HOUSE BEAUTIFUL. NAKED house, a naked moor, shivering pool before the A garden bare of flowers and

And poplars at the garden foot-Such is the place that I live in, Bleak without and bare within.

Yet shall your rugged moors receive

The incomparable pomp of eve And the cold glories of the dawn Behind your shivering trees be drawn And when the wind from place to place Doth the unmoored cloud galleons chase Your garden blooms and gleams again With leaping sun and glancing rain. Here shall the wizard moon ascend The heavens in the crimson end Of day's declining splendor; here The army of the stars appear. The neighbor hollows, dry or wet, Spring shall with tender flowers beset, And oft the morning muser see Larks rising from the broomy lea And every fairy wheel and thread Of cobweb dew bediamonded. When daisies go shall winter time Silver the simple grass with rime, Autumnal frosts enchant the pool And make the cart ruts beautiful And when snow bright the moor expands How shall your children clap their hands!

To make this earth our heritage, A cheerful and a changeful page d's intricate and bright device Of days and seasons doth suffice. -Robert Louis Stevenson

A VISION OF BEAUTY. It was a beauty that I saw-

So pure, so perfect, as the frame Of all the universe were lame To that one figure, could I draw Or give least line of it a law; A skein of slik without a knot! A fair march made without a halt! A curious form without a fault!
A printed book without a blot! All beauty, and without a spot!! -Ben Jonson

BREAK, BREAK, BREAK. BREAK, break, break,

On thy cold gray stones, O sea And I would that my tongue could utter The thoughts that arise in me.

OH, well for the fisherman's boy that he shouts with his sister at play! Oh, well for the sailor lad That he sings in his boat on the bay!

A ND the stately ships go on
To their haven under the hill;
But, oh, for the touch of a vanished hand
And the sound of a voice that is still!

BREAK, break, break At the foot of thy crags, O sea! But the tender grace of a day that is dead Will never come back to me. BLOW AT MIDDLEMEN.

Grangers and Heads of Families Form Association.

Ten thousand heads of New York families, 500 retail dealers in 50 lines and several hundred farmers of the Pennsylvania State Grange have combined in an association in New York city to eliminate the middleman and lower the high cost of living. While the Pennsylvania grangers are completing negotiations with the association this week to handle their output canvassers are enrolling hundreds of other families in the movement and The association plans to act as clearing house between producer and consumer, dividing between them the

officers of the association are negotiating with the farmers of New York state to handle their products also. profit of the middlemen, through whose hands food commodities have hitherto passed. In the case of some farm products, the association finds that six middlemen or brokers have reaping profits before the products reach the consumer. The 500 dealers in almost every line of retail trade are members of the association and re-ceive their supplies, because of such membership, at lower than market rates. The heads of families are associate members.

Within seven days the association has produced nearly 5,000 of its 10,000 associate members.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

ADMININISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Estate of Mrs. Margaret Long, 1820
twp. decd.
Letters of administration in the above named estate having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Wills of Centre County. Pennsylvania, all persons indebted to the said estate are hereby requested to make payment and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present the same duly authenticated without delay to

JESSE LONG Admr.

x42
Spring Mills. Pa Estate of Mrs. Margaret Long, late of Gregg

CHARTER NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania on Tuesday, the 24th day of October, A. D. 1911. at Harrisburg, for a charter or letters patent to a proposed corporation under the name of the "CHERRY RUN COAL COMPANY, naving its principal, office at Bellefonte, Centre County, Pennsylvania, the purpose of which corporation is the mining, shipping and marketing of coal, mining, shipping and marketing of coal, GETTIG, BOWER & ZERBY.

FXECUTRIX'S NOTICE.

Estate of H. Y. Stitzer, late of Bellefonte Boro, deed.

Letters Testamentary in the above named estate having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Wills of Centre County Pennsylvania, all persons indebted to the said

estate are hereby requested to make payment and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present the same duly authenticated without delay to

HANNA M. STITZER, Ex.,

N. B. Spangler, Atty. x40 Bellefonte, Pa.

CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania on Tuesday, the 24th day of October, A. D., 1911, at Harrisburg, for a charter or letters patent to a proposed corre-ration under the name of the BIG SANDY COAL COMPANY, having its principal office in Belle-fonte. Centre County, Pennsylvania, the pur-pose of which corporation is the mining, shipping and marketing of coal.

GETTIG. BOWER & ZERBY.

AUTOSUPPLIES urge you too strongly, but really, you know, in every line of business in ev-

HIGH GRADE GASOLINE, BEST CYLINDER OILS, GOODRICH TIRES, PRES-TO-LITE TANKS, CEMENT AND PATCHES. REPAIR OUTFITS, AMPLE STORAGE ROOM,

WASHING AND POLISHING, COMPLETE REPAIR DEPART MENT, AUTOES TO HIRE.

Bellefonte Fire Proof Garage, JOHN SEBRING, Jr., Prop. Bellefonte - - - - Penna. (Entrance from Spring, Howard, Lamb or Allegheny Street.)

Values tlannels

Flannel season now on-stocks full, and ready for your demands. New Scotch, French, Viyella and Heavy Shrunken Flannels; Country Flannels, Shaker Flannels, White Flannels, Embroidered Flannels.

Great collection of new Scotch Flannels-stripes, and embroidered, 35c.

New assortment Vivella Flannels, for day and night wear-Shirts, Waists, Pajamas, Night Gowns-75c.

Hundreds of different patterns Silk Embroidered White Flannels, 45c, 50c, 60c, 75c to \$2.50 a yard-plain hemd, scallopt, or hemstitcht edge.

Yard wide woven stripe Flannelettes-fabric of much merit for Pajamas and Night Gowns, 10c. Woven Flannelettes, 61/2c,

71/2c to 121/2c. Fleect Cottons for House Dresses and Wrappers, 71/2c, 81/3c, 10c a yard.

Yard wide, 121/2c to 15c. The New Autumn Catalog contains complete Price List of Flannels and

BOGGS & BUHL. NORTH SIDE, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Beezer's Meat Market

HIGH ST., BELLEFONTE, PA.

We keep none but the best quality of BEEF, PORK, MUTTON, SLICED HAM All kinds of Smoked Meat, Pork Sausage, etc If YOU want a nice Juley Steak, go to PHILIP BEEZER

Centre ounty Banking Co., or ... r High and Spring Streets.

Receive Deposits. Discount Notes John M. Shugert, Cashler.

THE BAZAAR

J. S. GILLIAM, Prop.

Neck Ties, Ruffs, Jabots, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Corsets, Beautiful Waists, Dresses, Skirts, Sweaters. New Suits, new cut, new styles, \$6.98

The best Blankets yet, from 50, 65 89, 98, to \$1.25 and a grand one \$1.50 and \$1.98.

to \$15.98.

in shoes for yourself, for the school for the youth and for men, style, quality and price to suit all. Underwear in great variety, from 18c to \$1.50 each.

GILLIAM'S DEP'T STORE

At his yard, opposite the P. R Passenger station, sells only the best qualities ANTHRACITE AND BITUMINOUS

Also all kinds of-Wood, Grain, Hay, Straw and Sand.

Superior Screenings for lime burning, Builders' and plas-terers' Sand.

TELEPHONE CALLS Commercial No. 1321



ery community there is always one that stands forth above the others, especially for some particular feature. That is the case with this plumbing concern. We can explain thi to you in person better than in an advertisement. Call and see us or let us call and see you.

A. E. SCHAD.



AND SUBSTANTIALLY WELL

means that a house has extra good lumber put into it. That when it settles there will be few if any cracks in the walls and plaster, that it will have good, firm floor, that will retain good appearance, that the doors and trim and window sash will stay true with little shrinkage, making s warm home in Winter. If you would have such a house see to it that the lumber contract is given to the Bellefonte Lumber Co., whose reputation for fair and square dealing cannot be

BELLEFONTE LUMBER COM'P. Bellefonts, Pa.

Heed The Call

OF Weakened Kidneys

Take Nyal's Kidney Pills for

We guarantee them to give

prompt relief and effect a real

PRICE 50.

entire satisfaction.

KRUMRINE'S PHARMAGY
