

### The Centre Democrat.

**FRED KURTZ, SR.**  
Editor.  
**CHAS. R. KURTZ,**  
Editor and Proprietor.  
**A. C. DERR,**  
Associate Editor.

**SWORN CIRCULATION OVER 5,500**

**TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:**  
**SUBSCRIPTION.** \$1.50 PER YEAR  
Persons who send or bring the money to the office and pay in advance, \$1 per year. CENTRE DEMOCRAT clubs with N. Y. three-a-week World for \$1.50. Publishers Stockman for \$1.50. Published weekly every Thursday morning. Entered in the postoffice at Bellefonte, Pa., as second-class matter.

The date your subscription expires is plainly printed on the label bearing your name. All credits are given by a change of label the first issue of each month. Watch that after you remit. We send no receipts unless by special request. Watch date on your label. Subscribers changing postoffice address, and not notifying us, are liable for same. Subscriptions will be continued, unless otherwise directed. We employ no collector. You are expected to send or bring the money to this office.

#### EDITORIAL.

#### DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COMMITTEE MEETING.

In compliance with the provisions of Rule Five of the rules governing the Democratic Party in Centre County, the Annual Meeting of the Democratic County Committee will be held in the Grand Jury room in the Court House in Bellefonte, on **TUESDAY, the 15th day of August, 1911, at 10 o'clock.**

In the forenoon, to transact such business as may be properly brought before the meeting. All members of the committee are desired to be in attendance. **A. B. KIMFORD,** Bellefonte, Pa., Chairman.  
**July 25th, 1911.**

There is still turmoil in Mexico. Last week there was a rebellious uprising in one of the districts in which a number was killed. Insurrections are a common thing in that turmoil-stricken land.

According to the opinion of a New England judge, the simple word "damn" is not swearing, hence the user of it cannot be fined for profanity. How would it be were one to use as a swear word, mildam, or Amsterdam, or if wanting to make it heavy, use the word Rotterdam?

Reciprocity with Mexico similar to Canadian reciprocity is proposed in a resolution introduced recently by Representative Burselon, of Texas, calling on President Taft immediately to start negotiations with Mexico "looking to freer commerce between the two countries." Go ahead—keep the reciprocity ball rolling.

Germany and Morocco have some misunderstanding and there is war brewing between the two countries. France and England side with Morocco which may have a tendency to avert a war. Morocco alone is no match for Germany, but with France and England on her side the odds would count against Germany.

Another democratic measure is proving good. In postal savings banks established in second class offices, up to June 30, \$777,748 had been deposited and \$109,974 withdrawn. The average amount of the 26,889 deposits on June 30 was \$57.57. Postmaster General Hitchcock recently extended the postal savings class post offices.

Making a change in the high tariff on wool cutting in half, will not meet with disfavor from those purchasing woolen goods. The unjustly high tariff on wool has taken millions of dollars from the pockets of the consumers and put the money upon the piles of the millionaire beneficiaries of the high tax, of which the government only received a mere bagatelle.

The Keystone in Philadelphia, and many counties of the state, have been getting much alive within the past two weeks which is causing much uneasiness among the gangsters and their allies. Last year's uprising of the people, as shown by the result of the elections all over the country, is bringing a harvest of victories against the standpatners, is gaining strength all along, and announces the election of a democratic president in 1912.

In the Senate the farmers' free list bill succeeded in passing Tuesday afternoon in modified form, not far removed from its original shape. The passage was effected by a coalition of Democrats and insurgent Republicans. The bill in its original form had previously been voted down after a heated conflict in which many amendments fell by the wayside. A motion to reconsider recalled it to life and with a few changes it went through by a combination vote. A conference committee will be necessary before final action is taken.

If the honest element of the republican party would follow the example of the democrats, and go to housecleaning in Philadelphia, to get rid of the gangsters, who boss the party and the city, robbing and plundering these many years, they would, like the democrats, rid their party and Philadelphia of a den of thieves. Republicans have complained, as have the democrats, over scandalous wrongs. The democrats finally took the bull by the horns and now are enjoying a thorough and successful housecleaning better than a vacuum cleaner would do it. Let republicans do likewise. Make the bosses knock under, or vote with the reorganized democrats and knock the rascals out.

The department of justice is planning immediate prosecution of all trusts or monopolies which do not dissolve or take other steps to obey the Sherman law as it has been interpreted in the Standard Oil, tobacco and powder trust cases. Attorney General Wickersham is authority for the statement that all such will be brought before the courts as soon as proceedings can be instituted against them. The democrats for years have been protesting against the robber trusts, but the powers that have ruled Washington gave these plunderers of the masses the right-of-way all along, regardless of the flagrant wrong enriching the greedy sharks, at the expense of the toilers, the bone and sinew of the republic. But the democratic cry against the wrong is beginning to take root and prosecutions to the utmost extent should be instituted and the full penalties of the law meted out. No more state capitol fooling.

The impression prevails with some people that there will be an election in this county for chairman of the local political parties at the coming primaries, on September 30th. Some went so far as to announce personally their purpose of being candidates, and it has been asserted in print that such an election will be held. Inquiry at the County Commissioner's office elicited the information that there was no provision in the recent act of assembly for such an election at the coming primaries. By consulting the official notice in the papers this week you will find that there is no provision for such an election this fall, and that should settle the matter for all who are in doubt. Further, the question has been carefully considered by competent attorneys and they give us the same assurance. For this reason there will be no occasion for a nice little squabble in either party, for such a position.

#### CANDIDATE WITHDRAWN.

The following letter was sent to this office on Tuesday for publication and is fully explanatory:  
Bellefonte, Pa., July 21st, 1911.  
Dear Sir:— I wish to notify you that I have this day withdrawn as a candidate for the nomination for Treasurer of Centre County, and you will, therefore, discontinue my announcement in your paper. I have been contemplating this action for several weeks, and my withdrawal is caused by important business which requires my close personal attention.

I wish to take the opportunity at this time to thank all my friends in the county for their kindly interest in my behalf for the nomination for Treasurer, and I also hope for the success of all the nominees of our party at the polls next fall.

Respectfully,  
**J. M. CUNNINGHAM.**  
For some time past Mr. Cunningham has been in Williamsport working on a new scale that promises to be a large sale. It was a proposition that demanded his entire attention, and in choosing between politics and what seemed a good business proposition with a future, he concluded to withdraw. In our opinion he was one of the most formidable candidates in the field who generally gets what he goes after. As Mr. Cunningham can be taken at his word, the above letter needs no further explanation as to his attitude towards the party or his reasons for stepping out at this time.

#### THE TRUTH.

When you find yourself involved in an argument of your own seeking and discover that you know nothing about the subject, the correct thing to do is to call the other fellow a liar. That will be accepted as evidence of your command of facts and of the other fellow's ignorance. It is conclusive. If you can prove that you are telling the truth when you say that the other fellow is not truthful.

For example, there is a great ado among the followers and supporters of the high tariff leaders because the wicked Democrats claim that reciprocity with Canada is of Democratic origin. No, no, say these robust worshipers of high tariff that find it rather difficult to walk in the footsteps of their overlord, who declared for reciprocity while his colleague from the same protectionist state voted against it. They contend that it is not a Democratic doctrine; that it was conceived by a Republican president, and it is "thoroughly in line with Republican tariff doctrine," and that everybody who says otherwise tells an untruth, amen.

If the leaders are right, then Republican leaders and Republican campaign text books have been murdering the truth for years.

The reciprocity bill which was passed finally by the senate last Saturday is opposed to every shred of the Republican doctrine of protection because it establishes absolutely free trade of products. That is the very antithesis of the Republican doctrine. John Dalzell put it into a sentence when he declared on the floor of the house for "Republican reciprocity in non-competing articles and in nothing else." The Republican party has denounced, arraigned, abjured and condemned the Democratic party for carrying out a reciprocity agreement with Canada about the time the Republican party was born.

The party of Great Moral Ideas denounced the Democratic reciprocity legislation of 1854 because it provided that articles which were "of common production in the two countries" should be admitted into each free of duty. If that were not contrary to the Republican doctrine it would not have been condemned by speakers or makers of text books. The articles which were exchanged between the two countries, as all articles of commerce are exchanged between the States, included grain, flour, animals of all kinds, fresh, smoked and salted meats, cotton seeds, vegetables, fruits, fish, poultry, eggs, hides, furs, stone, slate, butter, cheese, tallow, lard, ore, coal, pitch, turpentine, ashes, timber, lumber, flax, hemp, tobacco and rags. Keeping in mind the commercial changes of nearly sixty years, let the truth tellers look at the bill which President Taft submitted to the Congress, and they will find that with the

exception of flax, hemp, cotton and tobacco, the principal articles named in the foregoing list are to go untaxed from one country to the other, have been placed on the free list in recent years, or are to be exchanged with substantial reductions of duty. Let them read their histories and they will learn that in 1857 the revenues derived from the tariff was overlarge and the whole country demanded further reduction and the tariff was revised downward in that year.

#### NO ROOM FOR PESSIMISM.

Agricultural conditions in Pennsylvania, as indicated by the returns of the census of 1910, show that the farmers of this State are keeping step with the great army of industrial progress. In a statement covering Pennsylvania farm statistics, issued recently by the Census Bureau, the pessimist will find no comfort. The prophet of evil who, in his mind, sees approaching the day of farms abandoned and over-run with weeds, will get no satisfaction from this official statement which shows that during the last ten years the value of domestic animals, poultry and bees in this State grew from 162 million dollars to 141 million dollars, an increase of 28 per cent. The value of domestic animals, exclusive of poultry and bees, moved up from 97 million dollars in 1900 to 133 million dollars in 1910. It is a strikingly interesting fact that although there are now in Pennsylvania 40,688 licensed automobiles, horses and colts in the State are valued at 192 million dollars more than all the cattle. The figures are: horses and colts, 67 million dollars, cattle 47 million dollars.

Moreover, the value of horses per head has greatly increased. In 1900 the average value of horses per head in the United States was \$44.61, in Pennsylvania the average value of horses more than one year old in 1910 was \$128.23 and we had 511,254 of them or a total value of more than \$65,959,350, or a half million dollars, with 30,959 yearling colts with an average value of \$76.00 and 6,955 spring colts with an average value of \$35.56.

With all these splendid prices for horses and colts, only about two out of every hundred farms in the State reported colts foaled in 1910. But we believe our farmers are more and more coming to realize the profits that may be realized by the intelligent breeder of horses. The total value of all the horses in Pennsylvania increased 65 per cent between 1900 and 1910.

According to this report there were last year in Pennsylvania 218,394 farms on which were 1,585,570 cattle, of which almost a million were dairy cows with a total value of 36 million dollars and an average of \$3.67. During the next ten years are striving to see a great increase both in the number and the individual value of dairy cows, because our farmers are learning that there is a handsome profit in good cows and a positive loss in poor ones.—Patriot

#### THE PATH OF DUTY BLAZED.

The great pivotal state of New York is regarded as safe to the Democrats in the national contest now so near at hand. New Jersey, which for a time had strayed from the fold, has rallied to the democratic leadership of Woodrow Wilson, and is again safe and sound as the bearer of a Democratic standard. Ohio, long a hot bed of Republican misrule and oppression, has stood loyally by Judson Harmon, and is practically lost to the opposing party. The states of the great northwest are cutting the bonds that have held them to the "regulars" and Democratic strength is ascending with the speed of a rocket. Many of the hitherto solid Republican states in the east and middle west are straining at their moorings, while armies of voters everywhere are turning in the directions of the Democratic party as the agency to guide them to the desired reforms and to lift the burden that has borne them down.

This is the enlightening spectacle that presents itself to the Democrats of the good old state of Pennsylvania. With the rising sun of Democracy illumining the horizon can the party in this state afford to ignore the advantages that are being made by the personal animosities should guarantee a repetition of the old-time "Machine majority" which is always "pointed to with pride" by the unscrupulous and corrupt bosses who have a tight clutch on the state's throat? Are there any real Democrats in Pennsylvania who fall to take cognizance of the gloating of the people's enemies in their hope for a division of Democratic strength? True Democrats of Pennsylvania will follow the splendid example of the party in other states and give their support for the contest. Let disruptionists join the corruptionists, but let all loyal Democrats rally under the flag of reorganization, justice and strength. If they do this it is not yet too late for the party in Pennsylvania to be ready to make itself strong to recruit its growing lines and to enter the campaign in better shape than for many years. The path of duty is thoroughly blazed and there is no reason why a single Democrat in Pennsylvania should make a mistake.—Pittsburg Post.

#### Editors Plan Organization.

Organization of a state association of Democratic newspapers is the latest projected of the reorganized Democratic state central committee. Warren W. Bailey, of the Johnston Democrat, and ex-Mayor Fred C. Kirkenhall, of the Wilkes-Barre Times Leader, are said to be active advocates of such an organization, with a considerable number of other editors also rooting for it.

#### Juniata College

Maintains its A. B. Course at a high standard. A member of the College and University Council of Penna. Offers thorough college preparation in its Academy. Has lengthened its Normal Course to four years. Encourages Bible study, as organized in the Bible School. Presents excellent opportunities for Music. Gives careful commercial training, including shorthand and Typewriting. Has an Experienced Faculty, seven large Buildings, complete Equipment, healthful Location.

The Fall Term of 1911 will open Sept. 18th. For catalogue, address **President, Juniata College,** Huntingdon, Pa.  
**x35**

#### A SOURCE OF TRUST EVILS.

The farther the investigations at Washington are pushed the more damning appears every phase of the trusts' domination of business. It is patent that the trusts could not have kept their hold on business without the active co-operation, the secret connivance, or the encouraging helplessness in some manner of an Administration at Washington.

As concerns the Sugar Trust and the Steel Trust the friendliness of an Administration is undeniable. The criminal conduct of the Sugar Trust was shielded and protected at Washington until the prosecution by Geo. H. Earle, Jr., exposed both the trust and the Roosevelt Administration, and forced the government to prosecute. This trust fixed prices, the statements of its living officers to the contrary notwithstanding. Letters left by former officers of the trust who are now dead give the lie to all those statements, and so does the experience of all dealers in sugar. The Steel Trust fixed prices and parceled out and limited the output of its several members.

There is said to be evidence in the Department of Justice and the Bureau of Corporations that the Harvester Trust has had a monopoly which brought profits in two ways. It is said that all dealers buying from the trust had to sign an agreement that they would not handle the machinery of any other concern. The trust would generously accept the notes of farmer purchasers at six to ten per cent, while it could get all the money it wanted at three and four per cent from the banks in which the farmers deposited their earnings.

Wherever one turns there is an industrial trust that commands markets and fixes prices and every one of them has had the protection of Republican Administrations.—Star-Independent.

#### PADDED ROLL CALL.

Committeemen D'ny Being at Dewalt Hall Meeting. Affidavits are on file at the headquarters of the Democratic state central committee at Harrisburg from six members of that body who avow that they attended the reorganizers' meeting last week, did not attend the Guffey-Dewalt outlaws' meeting and did not authorize anyone to attend the outlaws' meeting or any other meeting of the Beaver. An affidavit is expected from a seventh member. All the men in question were "voted" as present either in person or by proxy by the old organization.

The six men who have filed the affidavits are as follows: H. H. Wilson, of Beaver; John R. Henniger, of Butler; James G. Paul, of McKean; C. W. Walker, of Somerset; P. H. Culbertson, of Venango, and George Zuendel, of Forest. The county committeeman who has not yet filed an affidavit is T. M. Mohney, of Clarion, but it is said at the state headquarters that he probably will file it. Secretary James I. Blakessie has the original affidavits locked up in a safety deposit vault.

All are alike the deponent swearing that as a duly qualified member of the committee he personally attended and participated in the meeting of the Democratic state central committee, held in the rooms of the board of trade and was enrolled and voted in the said meeting. He was not present at the meeting in Chestnut street hall and did not participate nor vote therein, nor authorize anyone in any manner to do so for me or in his name.

Wednesday morning O. H. Nason, of Julian, came to Bellefonte to seek surgical attention for a painful cut extending across several fingers of his right hand, which he sustained while operating a circular saw that morning. Dr. Fisher dressed the hand for him.

#### To Keep a Bed From Damp.

The best way to keep a bed from damp, if left for a week or two, is to leave a blanket on the top after it is made. Take the blanket off before using and you will find it quite safe.

#### Uncle Si's Philosophy.

"I dunno," says the Ottawa Republic Uncle Si, "but the council ought to abolish street corners. They seem to breed loafers."

#### Habit of Some Men.

Because there is always room at the top some people make it a point to begin there and work down.—Philadelphia Press.

#### A Huckleberry Wail.

The State College Times complains bitterly that huckleberries, which are a bountiful crop, are sold in that town for ten cents per quart, whilst outside the pickers offer the berries at five cents per quart. The only sure way to get ahead would be to go out on the mountains, so convenient there, and pick 'em. Pleasure and profit would be the reward. Picking huckleberries comes under the head of an outing.

—Most news, least money—The Centre Democrat.

#### Potato Worth Two Beers and Nickel.

A new legal tender has appeared in Milliken, Colo., caused by the scarcity and high price of potatoes. P. A. Murphy stepped into a saloon a Melliken, ordered a glass of beer, and when that was gone a second, and then laid on the bar a potato. Murphy called for his change. The bartender gravely returned home a nickel and put the potato in the cash drawer.

—Everybody reads the Centre Democrat; because it contains the most news.

**We Are Here to Do Your Printing**

**We Have a Large Assortment of Type Ready to Serve You**

**WE PRINT**

**What You Want, The Way You Want It And When You Want It**

INBUILT

That is one secret of the success of this Typewriter.

ALL the writers ALWAYS in sight

Necessary devices which, with other typewriters are attached (at an extra price) or else built as parts of "special" machines with only one use (at a more exorbitant price), are *inbuilt* in every NEW MODEL

L. C. SMITH & BROS. TYPEWRITER

All these kinds of work—and others—done by one simple typewriter, our regular correspondent machine, without any extra cost in attachments.

**BALL BEARINGS**—throughout—typebar, carriage, segment—all important frictional points made anti-frictional.

The *inbuilt* devices save you the price of attachments (costly things, these attachments); the ball bearings save work and wear.

And this *complete* machine costs no more than others which must have expensive attachments to make them complete.

To buy a typewriter without investigating the L. C. SMITH & BROS. would be like buying silver without looking for the "Sterling" mark.

Send for the Free Illustrated Book.

L. C. SMITH & BROS. TYPEWRITER COMPANY

133 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Penna.  
WILLIAMSPORT, PA. BRANCH . . . . . 125 FOURTH STREET

Finklestine's Clearance Sale Finklestine's

Clearance Sale

This Sale means more to you than the ordinary annual sale for the reason that in addition to the usual clearing of all departments, we will sell at sacrifice prices the goods with which our store at York has stocked. Owing to a re-leasing of the store room at York, we decided to discontinue business at that place and have the goods shipped to Bellefonte for a quick sale. This compels me to have a large sum of money with which to settle with my brother for his share of the store at York. We need the money, you need the goods. Either Now Or Later—This means that stocks in all departments must be sacrificed. Costs does not cut any figure. Every stock contributes to this stupendous sale, so if you do not see advertised what you want you are sure to find it reduced to a minimum. The price are such that we will not sell to dealers, nor will we accept any telephone or C. O. D. orders. All discounts are suspended and no goods will be sent on memorandum. Compare these prices is all we ask, and you will be convinced that here is the real money saving sale of the year.

Ladies Hosiery, a good quality, reg. price 15c a pair—now 9c.	Mens' and Boys' Caps, wonderful goods, val. at 35c—now 19c.	Infants Hose, Black & Tan, reg. price 12 1/2c—now 8c a pair.	Ladies Ties, reg. price 25c—now 19c.
Extra wide Ribbon Silk & Satin Taffetas, reg. price 35c—now 19c.	Ladies Dutch Collars & Jabots, reg. price 25c—now 19c.	All Colors Veiling, a large variety, reg. price 20c a yard—now 10c.	Fine Val Laces, wonderful values, reg. price 10c—now 4c.
Nice lot of Galleons for White Dress trimming, reg. price 20c a yard, now 10c a yard.	A Big Line of Extra Wide Embroideries, reg. price 20c a yard, now 9c a yard.	One odd lot Satin Ribbons to close out quick, reg. price 5c—now 2c.	Talcum Powder, reg. price 10 & 15c a can, all new goods—now 5c a can.
Childrens Stockings, a wonderful value, guaranteed, reg. price 12 1/2c a pair—now 9c.	Clothes Pins, reg. price 3c a doz—now 1c doz.	Bay Shirts, Blue Chambray, reg. price 35c—now 23c.	POST CARDS a big lot to close out cheap. Views and up to date, 8 for 5c—2 for 1c and 3 for 1c.
THE GREATEST VALUES EVER OFFERED FROM 1c TO 25c. NOTHING OVER 25c IN THE STORE EVERYTHING UNDER. THE 2nd FLOOR WE CARRY ALL BETTER GRADES OF GOODS.			