

### FREIGHT RATES MUST REMAIN DOWN

SO RULES THE INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION.

### A VICTORY FOR THE SHIPPERS

Railroad Must Show Beyond the Semblance of a Doubt That Specific Rates Are Too Low, Before They Can Be Raised.

The shippers last Thursday won a thorough and complete victory over the railroads. The Interstate Commerce Commission handed down the decisions in the Eastern and Western freight-rate cases and in both rulings upheld the contentions of the shippers that the carriers are not entitled to any increase in tariffs.

The Eastern decision was handed down by Commissioner Prosser and the Western decision by Commissioner Lane. They are sweeping in their findings. For the first time in the history of the country the burden of proof, in proposed increases in rates, was shifted to the railroads, and they failed absolutely to make their cases.

The decisions are expected to have the most far-reaching results both to the railroads and the shippers, and, ultimately, to the consumer. While the cases at issue referred to but a limited zone of the country, the precedent established will be felt by every common carrier in the country.

Their effect is that no railroad can raise rates arbitrarily in the future. The fact that they are not paying high dividends or are not accumulating surpluses will not be taken as grounds, in themselves, for future raises. The railroads must show positively and beyond the semblance of a doubt that specific rates are so low that they actually are losing money in transporting certain parcels of freight.

Stock jobbery and speculation of property by the railroads, which heretofore have developed upon the stockholders to their loss, and not to the loss of the shipper and the consumer, according to the decisions.

The opinion prevalent at the commission is that the lines will readily adjust themselves to the new order of things. It is believed that they will operate from a safer position in the future than they have in the past, owing to the fact that they thoroughly realize now their position as far as increases in rates are concerned.

It further is believed that one of the results will be a determined attempt to improve management and a consequent reduction of expenses and scientific management by which Louis D. Brandeis, attorney for the shippers, maintained that the great systems could save \$1,000,000 a day, is expected to attract the serious attention of the magnates.

The decisions, eagerly awaited by railroads and shippers alike, were handed down late the day before. Proposed advances in class freight rates in official classification territory, aggregating among all the railways in the territory approximately \$7,000,000 a year, were disapproved by the commission. In the case involving the increases by the railroads in Western trunk line territory the commission also declined to approve the proposed advances in commodity rates.

The carriers in both cases are required to cancel on or before March 10 their advanced tariffs and restore their former rates, which are the rates now in effect. If this requirement be not complied with, the commission will issue a formal order suspending the proposed advances and putting into effect the existing rates for at least two years.

In the case of the Railroad Commission of Texas against the Atchafalaya, Topeka & Santa Fe railway and other carriers, known popularly as the "Southwestern rate case," the commission declined to disturb the commodity rates or the first-class rates ordered, however, to reduce the second-class rates, which were increased from \$1.21 to \$1.29, to \$1.25. On the remaining classes the reductions are required to restore the rates that were published.

The decisions were in the nature of a surprise to railroad officials and other experts who had followed closely the proceedings, a majority of whom believed that the commission would grant some increase to the Western lines, if not to the Eastern. After considering exhaustively the whole subject, however, from every viewpoint, the commission could not see its way clear to grant any advance in rates, although it concedes that, in the case of some of the roads, an increased revenue is needed.

### A BASELESS CLAIM.

Eggs and poultry are among the articles that will go on the free list in the United States. Some of the agricultural brethren here are disturbed over the threat of "Canadian competition." How little reason they have to be in is disclosed in a recent report from Consul Deedmeier, of Charlottesville.

This report shows that in the last fiscal year Canada exported 164,835 dozen of eggs, of which 39,917 went to the United States. If the annual Canadian export to all countries were sent hither it would not furnish a fourth of the breakfast tables of this city for a single day. The Canadian export to this country would scarcely suffice as an ingredient for the omelette consumed every day in this city. Where Canada sent us \$2,917 dozen we sent her her 757,316 dozen. In other words, for every egg sent us we sent Canada about twenty. Canada actually imported eggs from Germany, Russia and China.

As a matter of fact, even under the handicap of the Canadian tariff, our farm and forest products have been able to compete with the Dominion's in its own markets. We sold farm products in Canada to the value of \$20, 275,721 in 1909 and forest products to the value of \$4,492,635.

Thousands of cattle, tens of thousands of horses, scores of thousands of sheep, hundreds of thousands of pounds of butter we sold to Canada, which also took some of our dressed meats, and our wools, and nearly 70,000 bushels of our apples. Even wheat was sold there, 63,701 bushels, and 32,373 barrels of corn meal, and 46,096 barrels of wheat flour, and 147 bushels of malt, and 374,280 pounds of bread.

Why should American farmers be afraid of competition with Canadian farmers upon even terms, when, with the Canadian tariff duties to pay, these same American farmers are able to market their products in the Dominion.—New York Mail

### WOULD BE A DETECTIVE.

### Sunbury Youth Leaves Home for That Purpose.

The following is taken from Sunday's Philadelphia Press: "I'm brave, I am. I'm not afraid of the dark. Why, I would stay out on a dark street until two o'clock, I would, and I am not afraid of bushes, either."

"This was the argument advanced Saturday by Jacob Leas, trying to convince Captain of Detectives Souder that he should be given a job as a detective. Jacob came to town Friday night from his home in Sunbury, Pa., via the limited freight line. Jacob decried he is a teen yearling, but he looks to be about twelve. In fact his long trousers seem strangely out of place. But he says he is a wonder with a gun and knows all about a blackjack.

Jacob has an uncle living in West Philadelphia, for whom the detectives are looking, as they want him to take charge of the would-be sleuth.

### First Crucial Test.

In the meantime Jacob is a real detective, or thinks he is. Detective Cameron hunted out an old private detective badge and pinned it to the boy. Then he played a trick on Charles McLaughlin, chief of the bureau. McLaughlin had left his desk and wandered out into the hall to talk with Detective Wood about the reciprocity treaty with Canada.

"See that man?" said Cameron to Jacob, pointing to McLaughlin. "He is a bad man and should be arrested. You pinch him and bring him before the captain. Tell the captain that you have a prisoner who is wanted as a missing man."

Jacob seized McLaughlin, and after informing him that he was under arrest dragged him into "Cap's" office. Souder, who was onto the game, ordered McLaughlin back to his desk and told him not to be missing again.

Jacob said he was "onto" the solution of the Ashurst mystery. The missing Postmaster, according to his theory, had been murdered and buried beneath the Post Office. As for Dorothy Arnold, why, that was easy, but he declined to give up the solution that would lead to her discovery unless given \$2. Captain Souder and the other detectives said they did not have the change.

### FOR RE-ORGANIZATION.

All the democratic members of congress from this state, have signed a request to chairman Dewalt, that he call a meeting of the democratic State Central Committee for the purpose of effecting a re-organization of the Democratic party of this state, and eliminating the old stagers who have caused the trouble which resulted from the Allentown convention playing into the hands of the Penrose gang and thus bringing about the election of Tener as governor. The suggested re-organization meant the ousting of the set that defeated the will of the masses of the democracy by nominating a candidate at Allentown, for governor, who would meet defeat and put into the executive chair one who was after the manner of Penrose and his following.

Mr. Dewalt is strongly, and rightfully, suspected with having played into the hands of Penrose and his following, destroyed the grand opportunity of a democratic triumph in the state.

When the democratic congressmen about ten days ago sent their patriotic appeal to chairman Dewalt, they called a committee meeting to bring about harmony through a re-organization, he stubbornly refused, although the request had the endorsement of the democratic masses, as per the address of the democratic congressmen. Dewalt was insolent. He swore he would not move. At last, seeing that the end would be reached in spite of his obstinacy, he at last yielded.

The State Central Committee will be called, and the old manipulators of the party, that played in the hands of the Penrose machine at Allentown, will be bowled out.

### Varying The Monotony.

On Thursday in the House Delegate Wickersham, of Alaska, and Representative Mondell, of Wyoming, were the performers, and the Alaska coal lands formed the subject of discussion, which had somewhat an "inside" character. Mr. Wickersham calls Mr. Mondell a liar; the latter looks astonished but deigns no reply; the Alaskan dashes over and uppeccuts him in the face; Mr. Mondell sees the necessity for immediate action and responds with a left hook to the jaw and they clinch; loud calls for the sergeant-at-arms by Mr. Oldmstead, of Pennsylvania, who is subbing for "Uncle Joe," and a rush of members to the ringside; claims of foul were heard because "Uncle Joe" landed on "Mondell" while he was seated, and all prize rings record a man the privilege of arising before being struck; owing to the excitement the referee failed to make a decision, so the spectators clambered into the ring and separated the combatants; order finally restored and due apologies made to the House, incident closed.

### Contest For Boys.

In the hope of increasing the corn crop of the state, the department of agricultural extension of the Pennsylvania State College will open a corn-growing contest for boys. Any boy in Pennsylvania who is not over 20 years of age can compete.

The stipulations are that the corn shall be grown on a plot containing forty square rods, or one-quarter of an acre, that the planting and husking, weight and measurements of ten specimen ears shall be attested by two disinterested persons.

Prizes will be awarded to the three boys showing the best results in each county. To the three showing the highest number of points, a winter course of twelve weeks at State College, expenses to farmers' week here and three books on agricultural subjects will be awarded, respectively.

Boys desirous of competing will be given further information by writing the department of agricultural extension, which will forward a circular of suggestions.

### Improvement.

The Omaha Daily News says: "President Howard Elliott of the Northern Pacific is quoted as saying that there are 1,000,000 persons holding railroad stocks, averaging \$13,600 each. There are, of course, nearly 100,000,000 using the railroads, directly or indirectly and paying in one form or another all expenses of their operation, including dividends on stock. Up to a recent date the laws were made and administered for the benefit of the one in a hundred owning the railroads. Now it is proposed to revise that policy and have railroads conducted for the benefit of the ninety and nine who use the railroads but do not own them. The new policy is the better, by 99 to 1."

### FIRST AID TO INJURED.

### Useful Instructions Furnished Employees by P. R. R. Co.

That any employee or passenger on the Pennsylvania Railroad may receive immediate attention in case of sickness or accident, the Company is extending its methods of giving instruction on First Aid To The Injured. To this end demonstrations are to be given to employees and a circular card has been prepared for distribution to employees at the lectures delivered by Medical Examiners of the Company.

The printed instructions that will be distributed to all employees of the Pennsylvania Railroad are entitled "Hints on First Aid To The Injured," and as they apply to all manner of accidents we publish them omitting only that paragraph which speaks of the "First Aid Packet" furnished to all its employees by the company.

### FIRST AID TO THE INJURED.

The person in authority should take charge.

### Keep Cool.

Send for the Nearest Physician; give him as near as possible the character of the injuries. Do not wait to get a number of physicians, this can be done later if necessary.

Remove injured person from the wreckage, using the utmost care not to further injure him.

Stretcher. The stretcher can be used as a cot. It requires three men to place a person properly on a stretcher. Set up the stretcher, place it alongside the injured person. The three men should then stand at the side of the injured person away from the stretcher; one should place his hands under the head and shoulders, the other under the hips and the third take charge of the injured part; lift him up and lay him gently on the stretcher.

Keep The Crowd Away, so as to insure plenty of fresh air.

Examine the injuries carefully before doing anything.

Hands on open wounds with the hands, nor attempt to remove dirt, or apply unclean dressings of any kind, as infection may be introduced by so doing.

First Aid Packet contains two aseptic compresses wrapped in oil paper, one cambric bandage, one triangular bandage, and two safety pins. In dressing wounds place the compress on the wound without touching that part which comes in contact with the wounded surface, secure with the cambric bandage, and, if necessary, wrap the whole with triangular bandage. This latter can be also used as a sling and to secure splints. If the contents of one packet are insufficient, use more.

Hemorrhage. To arrest hemorrhage, place compresses on the bleeding part and secure firmly with the cambric bandage; if bleeding continues, apply more compresses and more pressure until bleeding ceases. If this fails, tie a bandage around the limb between the point of hemorrhage and the body, and twist tightly with a stick until bleeding stops. Then secure bandage.

Fracture. Broken bones should be treated with splints, the splints secured in position by triangular and other bandages. The splints should reach from below the lower joint to the one above the fracture. Folded newspapers, pieces of board, heavy pasteboard or anything sufficient to prevent movement of the broken ends of bones upon each other may be used.

Burns. Burns should be treated in the same manner as wounds. Do not forcibly remove clothing; cut the clothes away, if necessary. Where there is much pain, common baking soda dissolved in water may be used to saturate bandage. Don't use preparations of oil, as they are liable to cause infection.

Shock. Shock is a condition of almost complete absence of the signs of life, the signs being, pale, cold, clammy skin, etc. Don't give whiskey, or any other stimulants, or drugs; the principal requirements are internal and external heat by means of hot coffee, hot milk, and other hot drinks, and the application of heat by means of blankets, hot water bottles, hot bricks, etc. In cases of apparent drowning and electrical shock use artificial respiration as taught in First Aid lectures.

### A Bundle of Gold.

Treasurer Lie McClung has just looked over his balance sheet, a Washington dispatch says, and found the government had more than \$900,000,000 in gold coin, to say nothing of \$125,000,000 in bullion. Never before in the history of the government has it had so much gold piled up in its coffers. Not only is this a record-breaking amount for the government to have, but there is more gold in the present moment of the world than ever. Great Britain and Germany combined, or Great Britain and Russia combined. In other words, this government has more gold in coin and bullion than any other two nations. The vast golden hoard represents the accumulation of a long series of years. It is not ascribed to any particular financial development of recent occurrence.

### Getting the Right-of-way.

We observe from our exchanges that saurkraut dinners and suppers are becoming fashionable and popular in all sections at social functions and at the home table. It is a wholesome, invigorating dish, and much to be preferred to some of the fancy, stomach and bowels disordering things served at meal times. Centre county ever

### WHAT CURES ECZEMA?

We have had so many inquiries lately regarding Eczema and other skin diseases, that we are glad to make our answer public. After careful investigation we have found that a simple wash of Oil of Wintergreen, as compounded in D. D. D., can be relied upon. We would not make this statement to our patrons, friends and neighbors unless we were sure of it, and although there are many so-called Eczema remedies sold, we ourselves unhesitatingly recommend D. D. D. Prescription.

Because—we know that it gives instant relief to that torturing itch.

Because—D. D. D. starts the cure at the foundation of the trouble.

Because—it cleanses, soothes and heals the skin.

Because—it enables Nature to repair the ravages of the disease.

Because—the records of ten years of complete cures of thousands of the most serious cases show that D. D. D. is today recognized as the absolutely reliable Eczema cure.

Drop into our store today, just to talk over your case with us.

Greene's Pharmacy, Bellefonte, Pa.

## HOW HAPPY THE WORD 'CUTICURA' SOUNDS TO ME

For It Cured My Baby of Itching, Torturing Eczema. First Came When Between 3 and 4 Weeks Old. Used Everything Imaginable. 2 Cakes Soap and One Box Ointment Cured.

"I can't tell in words how happy the word 'Cuticura' sounds to me, for it cured my baby of itching, torturing eczema. It first came when she was between three and four weeks old, appearing on her head. I used everything imaginable and had one doctor's bill after another but nothing cured it. Then the eczema broke out on her face and neck and I really thought her ear would come off. For months I doctored it, but to no avail. Then it began at her nose and her eyes had to keep her in a dark room for two weeks. The doctor did no good, so I stopped.

"For about two weeks I had used Cuticura soap for her every day, then I got a box of Cuticura Ointment and began to use that. In all I used two cakes of Cuticura Soap and one box of Cuticura Ointment and my baby was cured of the sores. This was last November; her hair is growing out nicely and she has not a scar on her face. I can't praise Cuticura enough, I can take my child anywhere and people are amazed to see her without a sore. From the time she was four weeks old she was in eczema, she was never without the terrible eruption but now, thanks to Cuticura, I have a well child. Mrs. H. Householder, 2094 Wilhelm St., Baltimore, Md., May 10, 1910."

Cuticura Remedies are sold throughout the world. Cuticura & Chem. Corp., New Prosser, Boston. 2¢ Mail order. Latest 50-page Cuticura Book.

### WILL HAVE HARD TASK.

Not Enough Pastors in Central Conference to Fill Vacancies.

Bishop Anderson and his cabinet will have a big job on their hands when they get together in Bloomsburg next month to assign ministers to the Methodist churches in the Central Pennsylvania conference. Several vacancies exist as the result of deaths during the last year, and those who are opposed to the restricting of the conference are claiming that there are too many charges for the number of pastors and that it would be inadvisable to increase the number of district superintendents, as has been proposed, thus withdrawing another minister from active ministerial work.

The actual vacancies as they exist are: In the Harrisburg district, the pastorate at New Cumberland, due to the death of Dr. Munro at Carlisle, due to the retirement of Dr. J. H. Black; Littleton, due to the retirement of Rev. J. B. Mann. In the Altoona district, the retirement of Rev. Charles A. Biddle creates a vacancy, while in the Juniata district the death of Dr. G. D. Pennypacker, pastor of the Fifteenth Street church, Huntingdon, creates another vacancy. In the Schuylkill district, the death of O. G. Heck, pastor of the Berwick church, and the death of Rev. G. M. Hoke, pastor of the Shamokin church, created vacancies that are being supplied for the present, with the situation existing of the Berwick congregation.

Two FINE PROPERTIES. at State College. FIRST—The Gray homestead, premises on College ave., consisting of a 2 1/2 STORY BRICK HOUSE. This is a new building containing ten rooms, bath room, and large reception hall; is equipped with hot and cold water, hot water heating system, and all modern conveniences. Lot has a frontage of 42 feet and 156 feet in depth.

SECOND—A property located on Allen street consisting of STORE ROOM, DWELLING AND FLAT combined in one building. This is a 2 story frame structure, in good repair, in the business portion of the city. House contains seven rooms; store room is large and suitable for any business; the flat consists of seven rooms; large bath room. Property has frontage of 48 feet on a main street, and depth of 100 feet.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE. 10 per cent to be paid in cash, when either or both of the said properties are declared sold; the balance to be paid upon confirmation of the sale, within one year from said confirmation, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises, with 4 per cent interest. The purchaser, however, to have the right of pre-emption, at the purchase price in cash upon the confirmation absolute of said sale. L. F. ROAN, Auctioneer.

ELLA M. GRAY, G. OSCAR GRAY, Administrators.

### Sunday Ball is Legal.

Sunday baseball in Indiana was declared legal in a decision handed down by the supreme court of the state. Two years ago the Legislature passed a law allowing baseball on Sundays. A test case was made in a suit against Charles Carr, then manager of the Indianapolis American Association league team. The case was carried to the Indiana supreme court, which declared the law constitutional.

### NURSING MOTHERS

show the beneficial effects of

## Scett's Emulsion

in a very short time. It not only builds her up, but enriches the mother's milk and properly nourishes the child.

Nearly all mothers who nurse their children should take this splendid food-tonic, not only to keep up their own strength but to properly nourish their children.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Send 10c. name of paper and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Sketch Book. Each book contains a Good Luck Penny.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York

### LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

### AN EXCEPTIONAL STOCK OFFER.

We offer from one to five shares of a gilt-edge, guaranteed 8 per cent stock in a Pennsylvania Financial House at \$102.50 per share, par value \$100.00. Dividends payable 2 per cent quarterly. We guarantee to resell the stock for you, if desired, at any time, on 30 days' notice. This is an exceptional opportunity at the price. Write to-day for full particulars. 219 Federal Square, Harrisburg, Pa.

### EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John Bressler, late of Miles township, deceased. Letters of administration in the above named estate having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Wills of Centre County, Pennsylvania, all persons indebted to the said estate are hereby requested to make payment and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present the same duly authenticated without delay to HENRY MEYER, Executor, 213 Rebersburg, Pa.

### EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Samuel B. Meyer, late of Boggs township, deceased. Letters of administration in the above named estate having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Wills of Centre County, Pennsylvania, all persons indebted to the said estate are hereby requested to make payment and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present the same duly authenticated without delay to HENRY MEYER, Executor, Lock Box 274, Bellefonte, Pa. IVAH M. MEYER, Executors.

### FINE HOMESTEAD AT PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned offers at private sale his homestead, near the Milesburg brick-yard, containing 15 acres of land under high state of cultivation. Thereon is erected a two-story weather-boarded dwelling house, well suited for the premises and a shed. The buildings are in good condition. Thereon is an orchard of choice and better quality fruit, and a most excellent garden. Also two wells of never failing water, one near the house and the other convenient to the barn. Price \$900, on easy terms. WM. BROWN.

### LEGAL NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a Decree of Court dated Feb. 6, 1911, and filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Centre County, that the application filed by James Passmore in his life time, and certain corporations, as required by law, for Tavern License in the 2nd ward of Philadelphia, Pa., for one year from the First day of April 1911, said application to be heard March 14, 1911, at 10 o'clock A. M.

### ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Cyrus N. Phillips, late of Miles township, deceased. Letters of administration in the above named estate having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Wills of Centre County, Pennsylvania, all persons indebted to the said estate are hereby requested to make payment and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present the same duly authenticated without delay to W. HARRISON WALKER, WM. E. PHILLIPS, Admrs., 311 1/2 5th St., Spring Mills, Pa.

### CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of the State of Pennsylvania, on Monday, March 20th A. D. 1911, by Thomas F. Barrett, M. A. Powers and F. H. Callen, under the act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29th, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the incorporation of an intended corporation to be called PULVERBERG LIGHT, HEAT & FUEL COMPANY. The character and object of which is to manufacture and supply gas for light, heat and fuel, or any of them, to the public in the County of Centre, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein, or adjacent thereto, as may desire the same, and for these purposes to use all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

### PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

Estate of John F. Gray, late of State College, deceased. By virtue of an order issued out of the Orphans Court of Centre County, in the matter of the above estate, the undersigned administrators will offer at public sale, at the Court House in Bellefonte, Pa., on

### SATURDAY, MARCH 4, 1911.

at 10 o'clock, a. m., the following:

### TWO FINE PROPERTIES.

FIRST—The Gray homestead, premises on College ave., consisting of a 2 1/2 STORY BRICK HOUSE. This is a new building containing ten rooms, bath room, and large reception hall; is equipped with hot and cold water, hot water heating system, and all modern conveniences. Lot has a frontage of 42 feet and 156 feet in depth.

SECOND—A property located on Allen street consisting of STORE ROOM, DWELLING AND FLAT combined in one building. This is a 2 story frame structure, in good repair, in the business portion of the city. House contains seven rooms; store room is large and suitable for any business; the flat consists of seven rooms; large bath room. Property has frontage of 48 feet on a main street, and depth of 100 feet.

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ELLA M. GRAY, G. OSCAR GRAY, Administrators.

### SEEDS

"Fresh, Reliable, Pure Guaranteed to Please Every Gardener and Planter should test the superior quality of our Northern Green Beans."

SPECIAL OFFER FOR 10 CENTS. FAMOUS COLLECTION. 1 pkg. 60 Day Tomatoes. 20c. 1 pkg. 60 Day Eggplants. 20c. 1 pkg. 60 Day Cabbage. 20c. 1 pkg. Early Arrow-head Cabbage. 15c. 1 pkg. Patience Black Beans. 15c. 10 1/2 pkts. Choice Flower Seeds. 25c.

Write today! Send 10c. to help pay postage, packing and receive the above "Famous Collection," in the above mentioned quantities. GREAT NORTHERN SEED CO., 707 Ross St., Rockford, Illinois.

### Automobiles

We are Agents For The FRANKLIN, PEERLESS, POPE HARTFORD, THOMAS, HUDSON, WAVERLY ELECTRIC and HIGH GRADE TRUCKS.

A number of bargains in 2nd-hand cars that are practically new.

REPAIR SHOP and SUPPLIES.

John Sebring Jr. BELLEFONTE,

G. & C. Merriam Co. Springfield, Mass.

## E. K. RHOADS

At his yard, opposite the P. R. Passenger station, sells only the best qualities ANTHRACITE AND BITUMINOUS COALS

Also all kinds of Wood, Grain, Hay, Straw and Sand.

Superior Screenings for lime burning, Builders' and plasterers' Sand.

Commercial No. Telephone Calls Central No. 1321

## WANTED

I want a good man in this territory as Local Agent for one county, or as General Agent for a number of counties. This is a new proposition and offers you an opportunity to make from \$25.00 to \$50.00 a week and on up to \$8,000 or \$10,000 a year. You must be a man—young or old; but I want a man—young or old; who will take instructions, and who will do his level best.

One of my men (Hiram Purdy) took twenty-seven orders the first day out (last week) worth \$100.00. Twenty-six orders next day. J. J. Green started selling in Louisiana and became general agent, controlling extensive territory. At a single time he ordered fifty agents' outfits and office business right off the jump. Orders orders everywhere. L. J. Richardson sold six the first hour he worked. Ordered six dozen by wire. Every customer pleased. Machine absolutely guaranteed in every particular for life.

Brand new business for agents, 100 per cent profit to you. Sales roll up everywhere. 400,000 sold in Louisiana and became general agent, controlling extensive territory. At a single time he ordered fifty agents' outfits and office business right off the jump. Orders orders everywhere. L. J. Richardson sold six the first hour he worked. Ordered six dozen by wire. Every customer pleased. Machine absolutely guaranteed in every particular for life.

## The NEVER-FAIL CO.

662 Centre Bldg., TOLEDO, OHIO

## The Bazaar, J. S. GILLIAM, Prop.

We want to make this a banner week; will offer on Saturday week: 4-4 Brown Muslin, 6c. 500 yds. Apron (Gingham), 5c. 450 yds. Dress Gingham, 10c. 600 yds. Standard print, 6c. 500 yds. Shirting print, 6c. 300 yds. Dress goods, 10, 15, 25 and 35 cents.

200 yds. Bengal, only 12c. 500 yds. White Striped and Plaid muslin, 6, 9