CONTINUAL DELAY

WHY IT IS NECESSARY TO GUARD THE SUPREME COURT

WHO GOT THE \$6,000,000 STEAL

There Must Have Been a Divy-Why a Machine Candidate is Undesirable-Put a Clean Man There-Let Justice Rule.

The "speedy" trial and punishment of the capitol grafters moves slowly along, as such cases usually do. Four of the accused men were tried fairly and most exhaustively in the Dauphin county court, and convicted. That was nineteen months ago. After another burst of speed the Superior Court approved the verdict of the trial court and refused to grant the new trial for which the petitioners prayed. Last week the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania agreed to hear an appeal from the decision of the Superior Court. Time will be consumed in preparing this appeal, and perhaps it will not be argued until a new member will have taken his place on the Supreme Court Bench. In the meanwhile nothing has been done in the matter of the prosecution of surviving defendants on the many pending charges against them.

This procrastination has not tended to improve Pennsylvania's reputation. The State has an evil name and there are many willing hands to stone it. For instance, "Collier's" lately gave in brief outline the facts as to the cost of the erection of the capitol and the cost of furnishing it is learned by the investigating committee. It placed the actual cost of the furnishing at \$3,-000,000 and the sum paid by the Commonwealth at \$9,000,000, which sums are believed to be approximately correct. It adds: "Somebody got \$6,-000,000 of the people's money. The names of all contractors and sub-contractors who worked on this \$13,000,-000 job are known. As yet not a man has served one hour in jail for the theft of any part of that \$6,000,000. Perhaps when the sum is so large the performers are immune."

It is always safer to steal a million dollars than a ten dollar bill, not only in Pennsylvania, but in other States. The man with a million can retain able counsel, versed in the intricacies and the opportunities of the law, and may escape punishment on technicalities or what not, while the obscure thief is railroaded to jail as a warning to others who might be tempted to steal a ten dollar bill. That, no doubt, is what "Collier's" means when it speaks of immunity. And we do not like its reference, in a recent number, to the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, It said that an eminent law writer warned students "not to pay too much heed to the decisions of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, at least during the past fifteen years," because "the Pennsylvania railroad appears to run that tribunal with the same success that it does its own trains." That is a criticism that Pennsylvanians will not approve. Although time is being frittered away there remains hope that the Supreme Court will sustain the decision of the Superior Court and affirm the verdict of the trial court, and that the prosecution of the looters will proceed after a delay of two years.

But, if there is the smallest ground for the criticism-which amounts almost to an accusation-of the Supreme Court which is reprinted in "Collier's" the electors of Pennsylvania should take extraordinary care that a Penrose Machine candidate be not elected to that court in November. Not that we believe the Pennsylvania railroad is interested in the graft cases, but a majority vote of the Justices would reverse the inferior courts in the pending grafter appeal. We do not undertake to say that the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania is not upright, nor that it can be controlled or influenced by any corporation or political power. We do not believe that it can be proved that it is "run by the Pennsylvania railroad," or by the corporation which Hearst mentioned so frequently in the Presidential campaign. But it is the general belief that the men accused of ooting the State treasury did not keep all the plunder, but had to divide with persons on the inside. It is unthinkable that the bosses let the little fellows get away with six millions of dollars. And the little fellows might give the big fellows away if they were hard pushed. In the circumstances it seems the part of wisdom to elect to the Supreme Court Bench a candidate who is not connected or identified with Philadelphia's "corrupt and criminal combination masquerading under the name of Republicans,"

It is an undisputed fact, never even denied, that Von Moschzisker is a product of the Philadelphia machine and always made himself useful. Do you want this man in our Supreme

Fatal Explosion.

Mrs. Ann Weader, aged 50 years, was burned to death by an explosion of turpentine at her home in Lewistown on Thursday afternoon. Mrs. Weader was suffering from a bad cold and was about to apply turpentine to her chest as a remedy. Before so doing she removed a plate from a wood stove and held a tightly corked bottle of turpentine over the flames in order to heat the liquid before using it. In a very short time there was an explosion which scattered the liquid and ignited Mrs. Weader's clothing. Her daughter, Mrs. Charles Stumpp, who was in the next room witnessed the accident, but before she could render assistance the mother was fatally

burned, dying in a very short time. The explosion set fire to the room, but the damage in this way was not large.

Taken by Powerful Man.

No man is so powerful that he does not have to take Sexine Pills when he feels knocked out. There is no doubt that Sexine Pills are the greatest tonio on earth. They are absolutely guaranteed for any form of nerve weakness in men and women. Price \$1 a box; six boxes for \$5. Address or call C. M. Parrish, druggist, Bellefonte, where they sell all the principal remedies and do not substitute.

SHERIFF'S

IN GRAFT CASES Election Proclamation!

THE CONSTITUTION.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

stitution of the Commonwealth of Penn-

tion Eight.

to fill: if the vacancy shall happen dur-

ernor shall nominate to the Senate, be-

fice, a person shall be chosen to said of

fice on the next election day appropriate

election day appropriate to such office

In acting on executive nominations the

Senate shall sit with open doors, and, it

confirming or rejecting the nominations

of the Governor, the vote shall be taken by year and nays, and shall be entered

Amendment Two-To Article Four, Sec

State at general elections. No persor elected to the office of Auditor Genera

State Treasurer shall each be four years and they shall be chosen by the qualified

one thousand nine hundred and nine shall serve for three years, and his suc

ward, district or borough shall elect more than two justices of the peace or alder men without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such town

ship, ward or borough; no person shal be elected to such office unless he shal have resided within the township, borough

ward or district for one year next preceding his election. In cities containing over
fifty thousand inhabitants, not more that
one alderman shall be elected in each
ward or district." so as to read:—

Except as otherwise provided in this
Constitution, justices of the peace of
aldermen shall be elected in the severa
wards districts, boroughs or townships

wards, districts, boroughs or townships by the qualified electors thereof, at the

municipal election, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be

such case of vacancy, in an elective

which reads as follows:-

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH. I. W. E. Hurley, High Sheriff of the County of Centre. Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. do hereby make known, and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid that an election will be held in the said county of Centre on the

The first Tuesday in November,

being the 2nd. of November. A. D. 1909, for the purpose of electing the several persons her in-after named, to wit: One person for Judge of the Supreme Court.

One person for Auditor General.
One person for State Treasurer.
Two persons for Jury Commissioner.
And for the approval or dis-approval of certain Amendments to the State Constitution.

Places For Election.

I also hereby make known and give notice hat the place of holding elections in the sever-il wards, boroughs, districts and townships, within the county of Centre is as follows: For the North Ward of the borough of Beller nte, at the Logan Engine house on east How-

For the South Ward of the borough of Bellein the Court House in Bellefonte. the West Ward of the borough of Belle-in the carriage shop of S. A. McQuistion.

For the borough of Centre Hall, in a room at Runkel's hotel.

For the Borough of Howard, at the public school house in said borough.

For the borough of Millheim, in the old school house, now the Municipal building.

For the borough of Milesburg, in the borough ouiding on Market street.

puilding on Market street.

For the First Ward of the borough of Philipsburg, in the Reliance Hose house.

For the Second Ward of the borough of Philipsburg, at the Public Building at the corner of North Centre and Presqueisle street.

For the Third Ward of the borough of Philipsburg, at the Hale school house, northeast

Posturg, at the Hale school house, north-east orner of Sixth and Presqueisie streets. For the borough of South Philipsburg, at the welling house of John Summers. For the borough of Snow Shoe, in the bor-

ough building.

For the borough of State College, on the second floor of the Holmes building.

For the borough of Unionville, in the Grange Hall in said borough.

For the township of Benner, north precinct, at the Knox school house.

For the township of Benner, south precinct. For the township of Benner, south precinct. t the Hoy's school house. For the township of Boggs, north precinct, at

or the township of Boggs, east precinct, at hall of Knights of Labor, in the village of

For the township of Boggs, West precinct, at

For the township of Boggs. West precinet, at the school house in Central City.

For the township of Burnside, in a building buned by Wm. Watson at Pine Glenn.

For the township of College, at the school house in the village of Lemont.

For the township of Curtin, north precinct, at the school house in the village of Orvis.

For the township of Curtin, south precinct, at the school house near Robert Manns.

For the township of Ferguson, east precinct, at the public house of R. R. Randolph, in Pine Prove Mills.

For the township of Ferguson, west precinct, and the precinct of the public house of R. R. Randolph, in Pine Prove Mills.

Grove Mills.

For the township of Ferguson, west precinct, at Baileyville Hall, in the village of Baileyville.

For the township of Gregg, north precinct, at Murray's school house.

For the township of Gregg, east precinct, at the house occupied by Wm, Sinkabine at Penn Hall.

Hall.
For the township of Gregg, west precinct, in a room at Warren Wood's hotel at Spring Mills.
For the township of Haines, east precinct, at the school house at Woodward.
For the township of Haines, west precinct, at the hotel in Aaronsburg.
For the township of Haifmoon, in I. O. O. F.

For the township of Haifmoon, in I. O. O. F. hall in Stormstown.

For the township of Harris, at the school house in the village of Boalsburg.

For the township of Howard, in the township public building.

For the township of Huston, in a building owned by J. C. Nason in the village of Julian.

For the township of Liberty, east precinct, at the school house in Eagleville.

For the township of Liberty, west precinct, at

For the township of Marion, at the shop of Samuel Aley in the village of Jacksonville. For the township of Miles, east precinct, at the dwelling house of Joseph Wolf at Wolfs'

For the township of Miles. Middle precinct, at the wagonmaker shop of W. J. Weber in Rebersburg.

For the township of Miles. West precinct, at the wagonmaker shop of W. J. Weber in Rebersburg.

For the township of Miles. West precinct, at the store room of Elias Miller in Madisonburg.

For the township of Patton, in the shop of John Hoy at Waddle.

For the township of Penn, in a building formerly owned by Luther Guisewhite, at Coburn.

For the township of Potter, north precinct, at the Old Fort hotel.

For the township of Potter, south precinct, at the hotel in the village of Potters Mills.

For the township of Potter, west precinct, at the store of Geo. Meiss, at Colyer.

For the township of Rush, north precinct, at the school house at Cold Stream.

For the township of Rush, south precinct, at the school house in the village of Cassanova.

For the township of Rush, west precinct, at the school house in the village of Completion.

For the township of Rush, west precinct, at the school house near Osceola Mills, known as the Tower school house.

For the township of Snow Shoe, east precinct, at the school house in the village of Clarence.

For the township of Snow Shoe, west precinct, at the school house in the village of Clarence.

For the township of Snow Shoe, west precinct, at the house of Alonza A. Grove, in the village of Moshannon.

For the township of Spring, north precinct, in the ware room of David Miller, in Bush's Addition.

For the township of Spring, south precinct, at the public house of John C. Mulfinger, in Pleasant Gap. For the township of Spring, west precinct, in the hall occupied by the Coleville band at Cole-

For the township of Taylor, in the house rected for election purposes at Leonard Merry-

For the township of Union, in the township public building.

For the township of Walker, east precinct, at the hotel of Frank Emerick, in the village of Nittany.

Nittany.

For the township of Walker, middle precinct, in Grange hall, in the village of Hublersburg.

For the township of Walker, west precinct, at the dwelling house of John Royer in the village of Zion
For the township of Worth, in the hall of the
Knights of the Golden Eagle in the village of
Port Matilda.

List of Nominations.

The following is the official list of nomina The following is the official list of homina-tions made by the several parties, and as their names will appear upon the ticket to be voted on the 2nd day of November. 1909. at the differ-ent voting places in Centre county, as certified to, respectively by the Secretary of the Com-monwealth and the Commissioners of Centre

REPUBLICAN NOMINEES

State Treasurer, J. A. Stober. Auditor General. A. E. Sisson. Judge of the Supreme Court, Robert von Mosebzisker, John D. Decker.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES

State Tteasurer. George W. Kipp. Auditor General. James Woodward Clark. Judge of the Supreme Co Cyrus LaRue Munson. Jury Commissioner.
J. Adam Hazel.

PROHIBITION NOMINEES

Frank Fish. Judge of the Supreme Court,
Harold L. Robinson.

SOCIALIST NOMINEES

State Treasurer, Auditor General. William Parker. Judge of the Supreme Court, Sydney A. Schwartz. than one alderman shall be elected in each ward or district.

Amendment Four-To Article Five, Sec

tion Twelve.
Section 5. Amend section twelve of article five of the Constituton, which reads as follows:-"In Philadelphia there shall be estab

lished, for each thirty thousand inhabitants, one court, not of record, of police DROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE and civil causes, with jurisdiction not PROPOSED AMERICAN SUBMITTED TO exceeding one hundred dollars; such THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMON- courts shall be held by magistrates whose WEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR term of office shall be five years and REJECTION, BY THE GENERAL AS- they shall be elected on general ticket SEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH by the qualified voters at large; and in OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUB-LISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRE-TARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PUB- the election of the said magistrates no voter shall vote for more than two-thirds of the number of persons to be elected PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF when more than one are to be chosen salaries, to be paid by said county; and Proposing amendments to sections eight shall exercise such jurisdiction, civil and and twenty-one of article four, sections criminal, except as herein provided, as eleven and twelve of article five, sec- is now exercised by aldermen, subject to tions two, three, and fourteen of article such changes, not involving an increase eight, section one of article twelve, and of civil jurisdiction or conferring political sections two and seven of article four- duties, as may be made by law. In Philateen, of the Constitution of Pennsyl-vania, and providing a schedule for ished," so as to read as follows:—

carrying the amendments into effect.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following are proposed as amendments to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following are proposed as amendments to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following are proposed as amendments to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following are proposed as amendments to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following the court of t term of office shall be six years, and they sylvania, in accordance with the provi- shall be elected on general ticket at the sions of the eighteenth article thereof:

Amendment One—To Article Four, Secvoters at large; and in the election of the said magistrates no voter shall vote Section 2. Amend section eight of article for more than two-thirds of the number four of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, of persons to be elected when more than one are to be chosen; they shall be com-"He shall nominate and, by and with pensated only by fixed salaries, to be the advice and consent of two-thirds of paid by said county; and shall exercise all the members of the Senate, appoint such jurisdiction, civil and criminal, examples a Secretary of the Commonwealth and cept as herein provided, as is now exam Attorney General during pleasure, a ercised by aldermen, subject to such Superintendent of Public Instruction for changes, not involving an increase of four years, and such other officers of civil jurisdiction or conferring political the Commonwealth as he is or may be duties, as may be made by law. In Philaauthorized by the Constitution or by delphia the office of alderman is abollaw to appoint; he shall have power to ished.

fill all vacancies that may happen, in of- Amendment Five-To Article Eight, Secfices to which he may appoint, during tion Two.

the recess of the Senate, by granting Section 6. Amend section two of article

the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session; he shall have power to fill any vacancy that may happen, during the recess of the Senate, in the office of Auditor General, State Treasurer, Secretary of Internal Affairs or Superintendent of Public Instruction, in a judicial office, or in any other elective office which he is or may be authorized to fill; if the vacancy shall happen during the session of the Senate, the Governor shall nominate to the Senate, which reads as follows:—

"The general election shall be held annually on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, but the General day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto," so as to read:—

The general election shall be held biennially on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each thouse consenting thereto, "so as to read:—

The general election shall be held annually on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, but the General assembly may be law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto," so as to read:—

The general election shall be held annually on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, but the General day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto, "so as to read:—

The general election shall be held annually on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, but the General day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto," so as to read:—

The general election shall be held belowed the first Monday of November in each House consenting thereto, "so as to read:—

The general election shall be held belowed to the first Monday of November in each House consenting thereto," so as to read:—

The general election shall be eight, which reads as follows:—

"The general election shall be held belowed to the first Monday of November in each House consenting the first Monday of November in each House consenting the first Mo

the Governor shall nominate to the Senate, before their final adjournment, a proper person to fill said vacancy; but two-thirds of all the members of each in any such case of vacancy, in an elective office, a person shall be chosen te
said office at the next general election,
unless the vacancy shall happen within
three calendar months immediately pretion Three.

ceding such election, in which case the Section 7. Amend section three of article election for said office shall be held at eight, which reads as follows: "All elections for city, ward, borough the second succeeding general election.

In acting on executive nominations the Senate shall sit with open doors, and, in of service, shall be held on the third Senate shall sit with open doors, and, of service, shall set with open doors, and, of service, shall set with open doors, and, of service, shall be taken of the Governor, the vote shall be taken all judges elected by the electors of the by year and nays, and shall be entered on State at large may be elected at either the journal," so as to read as follows:- a general or municipal election, as cir-He shall nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of cumstances may require. All elections for judges of the courts for the several all the members of the Senate, appoint judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers for as Secretary of the Commonwealth and an Attorney General during pleasure, a Superintendent of Public Instruction for the municipal election day; namely, four years, and such other officers of the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Mon-Commonwealth as he is or may be authorized by the Constitution or by law year, but the General Assembly may by year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all to appoint; he shall have power to fill all vacancies that may happen, in office to which he may appoint, during the return the members of each House consenting to which he may appoint, during the recess of the Senate, by granting commis-sions which shall expire at the end or shall always be held in an odd-numbered year.

their next session; he shall have power to fill any vacancy that may happen during the recess of the Senate, in the office of Auditor General, State Treas urer, Secretary of Internal Affairs of "District election boards shall consist of Superintendent of Public Instruction, is a judicial office, or in any other elective office which he is or may be authorized a judge and two inspectors, who shall be chosen annually by the citizens. Each elector shall have the right to vote for the judge and one inspector, and each inspector shall appoint one clerk. The first elec-tion board for any new district shall be fore their final adjournment, a prope, person to fill said vacancy; but in any selected, and vacancies in election boards filled, as shall be provided by law. tion officers shall be privileged from arrest upon days of election, and while en gaged in making up and transmitting reto such office according to the provisions of this Constitution, unless the vacancy turns, except upon warrant of a couri of record or judge thereof, for an elec-tion fraud, for felony, or for wantor breach of the peace. In cities they may shall happen within two calendar months immediately preceding such election day in which case the election for said offic shall be held on the second succeeding claim exemption from jury duty during their terms of service," so as to read:-

District election boards shall consist of a judge and two inspectors, who shall be chosen biennially, by the citizens at the municipal election; but the General As-sembly may require said boards to be appointed in such manner as it may by law provide. Laws regulating the appointment of said boards may be enacted tion Twenty-one.

Section 3. Amend section twenty-one o.

article four, which reads as follows: to apply to cities only: Provided, That such laws be uniform for cities of the same class. Each elector shall have the "The term of the Secretary of Interna Affairs shall be four years; of the Audi-tor General three years; and of the State right to vote for the judge and one in spector, and each inspector shall appoint one clerk. The first election board for any new district shall be selected, and Treasurer two years. These officers shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the vacancies in election boards filled, as shall be provided by law. Election offcers shall be privileged from arrest upor days of election, and while engaged in or State Treasurer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecu-tive terms," so as to read: making up and transmitting returns, ex cept upon warrant of a court of record The terms of the Secretary of Interna or judge thereof, for an election fraud Affairs, the Auditor General, and the for felony, or for wanton breach of the peace. In cities they may claim exemp-tion from jury duty during their terms of electors of the State at general elections but a State Treasurer, elected in the year

Amendment Eight-To Article Twelve

Section 9. Amend section one, article twelve, which reads as follows:—
"All officers, whose selection is not provided for in this Constitution, shall be cessors shall be elected at the genera election in the year one thousand nine hundred and twelve, and in every fourth year thereafter. No person elected to the office of Auditor General or State Treasurer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecutive terms.

Amendment Three—To Article Five, Section Fierer. elected or appointed as may be directed by law," so as to read:-

All officers, whose selection is not pro-vided for in this Constitution, shall be elected or appointed as may be directed by law: Provided, That elections of State tion Eleven.
Section 4. Amend section eleven of ar officers shall be held on a general election day, and elections of local officers shall "Except as otherwise provided in thi.
Constitution, justices of the peace or al
dermen shall be elected in the severa be held on a municipal election day, except when, in either case, special elections may be "equired to fill unexpired terms.

Amendment Nine—To Article Fourteen. wards, districts, boroughs and townships at the time of the election of constables by the qualified electors thereof, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of five years. No township

Section 10. Amend section two of article fourteen, which reads as follows:—
"County officers shall be elected at the general elections and shall hold their offices for the term of three years, beginning on the first Monday of January next offer their elections and until their next after their election, and until their successors shall be duly qualified; al vacancies not otherwise provided for shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law," so as to read:— County officers shall be elected at the municipal elections and shall hold their offices for the term of four years, be-ginning on the first Monday of January next after their election, and until their successors shall be duly qualified; all yacancies not otherwise provided for, shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law.

provided by law.

Amendment Ten—To Article Fourteen.

Section Seven.

Section 11. Amend section seven, article fourteen, which reads as follows:—

"Three county commissioners and three county auditors shall be elected in each shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for term of six years. No township, ward district or borough shall elect more than two justices of the peace or aldermetwithout the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such township ward or borough; no person shall be elected to such office unless he shall have resided within the township, borough ward or district for one year next preceding his election. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, not more

eounty auditor snail be filled, by the court of common pleas of the county in which such vacancy shall occur, by the appointment of an elector of the proper county who shall have voted for commissioner or auditor whose place is

to be filled," so as to read:-Three county commissioners and three county auditors shall be elected in each sounty where such officers are chosen, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven and every fourth year there-after; and in the election of said officers each qualified elector shall vote for no more than two persons, and the three persons having the highest number of votes shall be elected; any casual vacancy in the office of county commissoner or county auditor shall be filled by the court of common pleas of the county in which such vacancy shall occur, by the appointment of an elector of the proper county who shall have voted for the commis-

Schedule for the Amendments. Section 12. That no inconvenience may arise from the changes in the Constitution of the Commonwealth, and in order to carry the same into complete opera-tion, it is hereby declared that-

sioner or auditor whose place is to be

the case of officers elected by the people, all terms of office fixed by act of people, all terms of office fixed by act of years all terms of office fixed by act of years and in the one bundred and thirty-fourth year of the Independence of the United States of the Independence of the United States of the Legislature may change the length of the term, provided the terms for which such officers are elected shall always be for an even number of years.

The above extension of official terms shall not affect officers elected at the general election of one thousand nine hundred and eight; nor any city, ward, borough, township, or election division officers, whose terms of office, under existing law, end in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten.
In the year one thousand nine hundred

and ten the municipal election shall be President has been away from Washheld on the third Tuesday of February, as heretofore; but all officers chosen at that election to an office the regular term of which is two years, and also all elec-tion officers and assessors chosen at that election, shall serve until the first Monsand nine hundred and eleven. All officers chosen at that election to offices the term of which is now four years, or is these amendments or this schedule, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred magistrates, and aldermen, chosen at that ction, shall serve until the first Mon day of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen. After the year nineteen hundred and ten, and until Legislature shall otherwise provide all terms of city, ward, borough, town-ship, and election division officers shall begin on the first Monday of December in an odd-numbered year.

All city, ward, borough, and township officers holding office at the date of the approval of these amendments, whose terms of office may end in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of December of that year. All judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and also all county officers, holding office at the date of the approval of these amendments, whose

terms of office may end in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January, one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

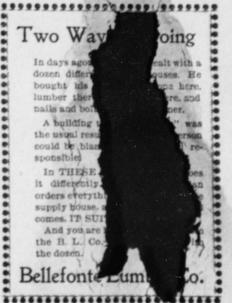
A true copy of the Joint Resolution ROBERT MCAFEE, Secretary of the Commonwealth

Notice is hereby given, that every person, ex-cepting Justice of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States, or of this the Government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordenate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the Legislative. Executive or Judiciary department of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district is, by law, incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or cierk of any appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no in-Given under my hand and seal at my office in

W. E. HURLEY, (Seal.) Sheriff of Centre county.

Taft Not Tied to his Job. On November 10, when President Taft returns from his swing around the country, he will have been the executive head of the United States

Government 250 days. Since his inauguration, March 4, the ington 43.2 per cent of the time. He has been in Washington 142 hays and away from the capital 106 Cays.



Honest Shoes

Honest Advertising

Note the following lines carried-- If there were any better, we would have them --

THE REGAL, DOUGLAS, and BANISTER FOR MEN.

COUSINS, QUEEN QUALITY, CARLISLE, FOR LADIES.

DAYTON, WATSONTOWN, and HOMERS FOR BOYS.

High Cut, Durable, and Comfortable.

If you are particular about your Shoes come here-There are no Shoes too good for our patrons.

See our new line of HOSIERY, for Men, Women, Boys, and Children. Bad Boys Stockings-Best Wearing.

Mingle's Shoe Store.

~************************

FIVE REASONS WHY

YOU SHOULD HAVE A BANK ACCOUNT

Because-Your money is safer in Bank than any-1st

A bank account teaches, helps and encourages 2ndyou to save, so as to increase your balance.

Paying bills by check is the simplest and most convenient method, as well as the safest, as your check becomes a receipt for the debt it pays.

A check book is more convenient to carry than a wallet filled with bills and coin, and if your check

book is lost you can obtain another without cost, but If you lose your wallet it is a different story. It gives you a better standing among business

5th men to pay by check rather than in cash; to be known as having money in the bank strengthens your credit. The Bellefonte Trust Company welcomes small checking accounts as well as deposits on interest, on

which it pays 3 per cent interest semi-annually. Open an account without delay with

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