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JOHN M. HERR COMMITTS SUICIDE

Occurs on Sunday Morning Near
His Home at Blanchard

GUTS THROAT WITH RAZOR

Despondent over Domestic Cares
and Discouraged Over His Lot
He ends all in Rather a Tragi-
cal Manner.

On Sunday morning the villages of Blanchard and Beech Creek were thrown into a fever of excitement over the report that John M. Herr, a well known citizen of that community, had committed suicide by cutting his throat from ear to ear. He was a veteran of the Civil war and resided near the Hubbard bridge, three miles west of Beech Creek in Centre county.

About 5:30 o'clock Sunday morning Mr. Herr left the house and started for the spring with a bucket for the purpose of bringing water to the house, a distance of two yards. In the meantime, it is supposed he had secured a razor belonging to one of his sons. According to the trail of blood leading to the spring, it was found he committed the rash act a short distance beyond the house, at a point where a large pool of blood was found. He then continued his journey to the spring, procured the water and started towards the house, but had not proceeded more than twenty feet, when he sank down from exhaustion, due to the loss of blood, and must have expired in a short time.

On missing the father, one of the members of the family began a search for him, and at 7 o'clock found his body alone the path leading to the spring. He had a ghastly wound in the neck, the cut extending from ear to ear, and severing the jugular vein. Near the body stood the bucket containing the water into which the man's hat had dropped, as he fell to the ground. Dr. O. W. McEntire, of Howard acted as deputy coroner who appointed Justice of the Peace Milford Pletcher, of Blanchard, former of a jury to inquire into the cause of the death. The jury rendered a verdict to the effect that the deceased came to his death by his own hand in manner as described above.

The unfortunate man had been despondent for some time past, owing to domestic trouble, ill health and his inability to earn a livelihood. The wife became demented some years ago and was taken to the Danville hospital for treatment, and as her condition became greatly improved, she was released and returned to her home. In a short time, however, her mind again became affected which caused the hard working husband to become discouraged and despondent. All his time was occupied in caring for his demented wife as the poor overseers were slow in relieving him of the burden by again sending the unfortunate woman to the hospital. Herr threatened to leave home and go to his daughter in the west, and it is reported that the authorities informed him that if he did so his pension would be attached and the money used towards maintaining his wife. Being unable even to leave his wife alone for a short time, and brooding over his sad lot in life, Herr intimated to a number of the residents of that section that he would furnish some sensational news for the papers some day. Deceased was aged 71 years, and leaves his unfortunate wife, five sons and one daughter, the majority of whom reside at distant points.

Mr. Herr was born and raised in Nitany valley, and five years resided at Salona, where he is well known. He was a shoemaker by occupation, but of late years owing to becoming infirm he led a retired life. During the war he served in the 45th regiment, Company D, of the Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, and was a good and faithful soldier. During his service he received a gunshot wound in the head, from which it is thought he never fully recovered. After the close of the rebellion he located in the neighborhood where he took his life, and was respected by all who knew him.

The funeral was conducted in the M. E. church on Tuesday forenoon at 11 o'clock. Interment was made in the Clark cemetery.

Maclay Monument.

The commission recently appointed by Governor Edwin S. Stuart, consisting of Professor George G. Groff, of Bucknell university; Professor D. P. Stapleton, superintendent of the Union county schools, of Lewisburg, and Horace P. Glover, of Milliford, to erect a monument at the grave of Samuel Maclay, who is buried in Buffalo valley, one mile west of Lewisburg, has awarded the contract for the construction of the monument to the E. C. Rogers Stone company, of Sunbury. Samuel Maclay served as United States senator from Pennsylvania from 1803 to 1808, and was a brother of Wm. Maclay, Pennsylvania's first United States senator. The monument will be six feet square at the base, and about twenty-two feet high, and constructed of the best Barre granite. The monument will be completed by October 16, at which time the unveiling ceremony will take place.

GROVER CLEVELAND DEAD.

By telegraphic dispatch at the hour of closing the forms, the information comes of the sudden death of ex-President Grover Cleveland, at his home, Princeton, N. J. He had been seriously ill for over a month and was reported much improved. He was the only surviving ex-president, having been elected and served from 1885 to 1889 and from 1893 to 1897.

SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS.

The Undine Fire Company of Bellefonte have engaged some special attractions for their big picnic at Hecla Park, on the 4th of July. While the official programme has not yet been issued there is assurance that they will have more than enough to entertain the vast crowd with a varied line of attractions. During the past week they completed a contract which secures the Milton and the Watson town base ball teams for two games at the park that day. The first game will be called at 10:30 in the morning and at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. These teams are members of the Susquehanna League and have the reputation for playing swift ball.

Another attractive feature for the day will be the attendance of Company B, N. C. P., of Bellefonte, accompanied by the full bugle corps of the 5th Regiment. They will give an exhibition drill in the evening which will be concluded with a thrilling sham battle.

The usual display of fireworks take place in the evening on the lake, but on this occasion will have many new features that will make it one of the finest displays seen there. The official programme will be issued later that will give all the events of the day in their regular order.

There will be ample provision for the people in the line of good meals and other refreshments. The railroad company will supply excursion trains to run to and from the park at frequent intervals and the best of order will be maintained. Therefore spend the 4th. of July at Hecla Park.

Camping Out.

Camping out, along some of our picturesque streams and in the beautiful and romantic mountain gaps, serenaded by the rippling and gurgling pure water streams, will soon be in full swing.

With fishing for speckled beauties, nuzzling wild flowers and berries, romping room for the children, bathing, and numberless other genuine and health-giving enjoyments, there is a fascination about it all that sets fashionable and expensive sea-side resorts in the shade. There is health with it, pure air, pure water, and at less expense for a month than a fashionable resort, with its flummery would cost for only a few days. Our own county of Centre has scores of beauties, easy of access by rail, auto or other conveyance. A camp can be improvised at little expense and be comfortable, fuel free and in abundance, from wood that would otherwise rot. Try "camping out" for the season on to October, and you will have real genuine enjoyment, with all needed that Nature can throw in—like Salvation, "free and without price."

Hospital Notes.

Minnie Beaver, Millheim; Mrs. Lingle, Aaronsburg; Ellis Bierly, Milesburg; Mrs. Robert Woodring, Bellefonte; Mrs. Foreman, Howard, were discharged past week.

Frank Goodhart, of Centre Hall, was operated upon for appendicitis, on Sunday and is doing nicely.

Henry Vitalini, of Bellefonte, who underwent an operation is improving.

Mrs. Katharyn Williams, of Bellefonte, who underwent an operation is improving.

Mrs. W. M. Allison died on Tuesday morning of cancer of liver and stomach. Charles Holderman died Sunday morning of shock following severe burns of body.

Margaret Leggett, of Denison, Ohio, left for two weeks vacation.

Erba Reziman entered upon probation in nurses school for training.

James Porter, of Pottsville, treated for varicose ulcer of leg.

Bryan Wants Berry.

From a source which it has every reason to regard as trustworthy the Public Ledger has learned that the choice of William Jennings Bryan as his running mate on the Democratic ticket is William H. Berry, former State Treasurer. As stated by a prominent Democrat, the reason for Berry's selection as the tail of the ticket is a well known Eastern Democrat with a record and a man who will be likely to bring votes from the independent element to the support of the Democratic candidates.

Sadly Afflicted.

The four members of the family of Perry Witheright, at Curry Run, Clearfield county, this number embracing both Mr. and Mrs. Witheright, died of typhoid fever recently. In addition to this sad fact, the parents of Mr. Witheright are now in the hospital in Clearfield, suffering from the same malady, having contracted it while in attendance upon the son's family. The Witheright family were stricken with the disease something over a month ago.

Hecla Park Concerts.

The first of this season's concerts and dances will be given at Hecla Park, Friday afternoon and evening, June 26th with Christy Smith and his musicians in the stand. These concerts will continue throughout the season each Friday evening, with the exception of Friday, July 3rd. The usual low excursion rates of 25 cents for adults and 15 cents for children will obtain from Bellefonte to the park and return.

He's After Them.

Mayor Stevenson of Lock Haven, has decided that Sunday observance must be maintained in that city. He has instructed Chief of Police Wenker to serve notice on the proprietors of cigar stores, confectionery and ice cream parlors, small grocery stores, etc., that they must keep their places of business closed on Sunday. Those who disobey the mandates of the Mayor will be subjected to a heavy fine.

On The Water Wagon.

The Clearfield Daily Spirit remarks that the moving picture shows are taking in hundreds of dollars every week that the hotels used to get. This would indicate that Clearfield has an unusually large number on the water wagon. About the same is true in Bellefonte.

THAT MAN BRYAN'S REMARKABLE CAREER

A Few Points in His Early Career are Recounted.

A SENSATION IN CONGRESS

When He Made His Maiden Speech—Attracted the Attention of the Country—At 30 Recognized as a Statesman.

"Will some one please stand up and explain this man Bryan—the Phoenix who arises from the ashes of defeat stronger, better loved than ever?" This question was asked by a Pittsburg, Pa., man in a letter printed in the Christian Union Herald. This man had seen (to use his own language) "a wonderful thing come to pass." He had seen William J. Bryan "flouted by us easterners as a wild-eyed disturber of the peace" entering Pittsburg, "a city which gave the biggest comparative majority against him all cities in the nation and greeted by an enormous crowd with an attention and enthusiasm that passed description, holding them under spell of his marvelous eloquence for more than two long mortal hours and sending them away cheering and thinking."

"All this, mark you," said the Pittsburg man, "in the city of Pittsburg—intensely republican, 'conservative,' tariff loving Pittsburg—the stronghold and center alike of his democratic and republican enemies. If this can occur in Pittsburg, what must be his hold upon the people in communities where the what-is-right doctrine is not revered as here!"

From these scenes the Pittsburg man turned and in utter perplexity asked, "What is the explanation of Bryan?"

"What is the explanation of Bryan?" asked the Pittsburg man and then added: "A magazine writer attempted recently to explain him, but when the article was finished all he had proved was that Bryan had made a few honest dollars out of his political career, though the writer did not sufficiently emphasize the phenomenon that a political career has at last resulted in an honest if comparatively small fortune. Bigger fortunes than Bryan's have been made through political careers before now, but we are never tempted to describe them as honest."

"What is the explanation of Bryan?" asked the Pittsburg man, "Is it honesty? There are many honest men in the nation who have not his wonderful hold on the hearts of the people. Is it his intellect? His is not the most powerful intellect in the nation, strong though it is."

"Is it his eloquence? We are still under the spell of his incomparable voice, cutting wit and forceful sentences, but we know that his eloquence does not explain him."

"Is it the romantic quality of the career that began when the editor, just returned from reporting the convention which nominated his opponent, seizing the dramatic, critical moment, thrilled several hundred men into nominating an obscure lawyer and writer to the highest office of the land? Hardly."

Nor in the opinion of this Pittsburger is the explanation to be found in the combination of all four of the suggested explanations—honesty, intellect, eloquence and the romantic quality of his career. For, in the opinion of this writer, the combination could never have brought about the result described above in Scotch-Irish, conservative Pittsburg. We have watched and studied Pittsburg's political audiences for several years, and we have never seen the like of that which greeted Bryan. No rabble, but a fine body of representative, thoughtful men; not merely curious, but attentive that was disturbed by the magnetic attraction of his personality. They listened as men listen who have confidence in his sincerity and in his knowledge and in his truthfulness."

Sometimes the things for which we dig are to be found upon the surface. When the Pittsburg man said that his neighbors listened to Mr. Bryan "as men listen who have confidence in his sincerity and in his knowledge and in his truthfulness," he may have given the answer to his own question.

If, however, the Pittsburg writer yet finds it difficult to understand "what is the explanation of Bryan," he might approach the solution of the problem with higher hopes for results if he freed himself from some of the newspaper-made misconceptions concerning Mr. Bryan's career. It is hardly fair to say that when Mr. Bryan was nominated for the presidency in 1896, he was "an obscure lawyer and writer." Six years before his nomination for the presidency he had been nominated by the democrats as a candidate for congress in what seemed to be a hopeless republican district. In 1888 the republican candidate had carried that district by a large plurality. In 1890 Mr. Bryan carried that district by 6,700 plurality, although he had a populist opponent who received 13,066 votes. I think it is admitted in Nebraska that this result was largely due to the fact that Mr. Bryan and his opponent engaged in a joint debate. While the republican candidate was an able and resourceful lawyer and had committed himself to some of the reforms then growing in popular favor, Mr. Bryan plainly won the honors in a debate noted alike for its vigor and good humor.

In 1892 Mr. Bryan was re-elected, although his congressional district had been rearranged leaving it composed largely of republican counties. During his first term—on March 16, 1892—Mr. Bryan made his great tariff speech in the House of Representatives. And on that occasion—as will hereafter be shown by witnesses that

may not be said to be partisans of the Nebraska—he became a national figure. Those who had the privilege of hearing that speech will not forget it; nor will they fail to remember the stirring scenes enacted at its close. Bryan began his address at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon and closed at 10:30.

Over the report of that speech the New York World carried the following headlines: "Bryan Drowns Them All!" "Nebraska's Young Congressman Scores a Triumph in the House." "His Maiden Speech a Brilliant Plea for Tariff Reform."

Mr. Raines, of New York, and Messrs. McKenna and Lind Interrupt Him with Questions and are Silenced by Sharp Replies.

"Party Leaders Enthusiastically Applaud the Orator, and His Speech is the Talk of Washington."

Concerning that speech I now quote from the reports made by the New York World, the New York Sun, the Washington Post, the New York Herald.

The New York World said: "When Speaker Crisp appointed Mr. Bryan, of Nebraska, one of the committee on Ways and Means, some criticism was made on the ground that he was a new member and inexperienced in tariff legislation. But Mr. Bryan, today, in a three-hour speech, made the biggest hit of the debate and confirmed the Speaker's judgement of his ability. No more dramatic speech has been delivered at this session. Mr. Bryan has the clear-cut features of the Randall type. He spoke without notes, and his eye flashed as he made the chamber ring with the republicans sought to take advantage of his inexperience in Congress by interrupting him with questions, which would have puzzled much older heads. But Mr. Bryan brightened under this fruit and forced one republican after another into his seat. Old campaigners of the Reed school, like Raines of New York, and McKenna of California, found the young Nebraskan more than their match. A lawyer by profession Mr. Bryan argued his case with a dramatic directness that aroused not only the enthusiasm of the democrats, but won the applause of the galleries. When Mr. Bryan finished, the galleries applauded for fully five minutes, the democrats and republicans gathered about him and shook his hand warmly. This speech has been a revelation. No new member has received such an ovation in years. Mr. Bryan's speech was the talk of the town tonight."

The Washington Post said: "If, like Bryan, Congressman Bryan, of Nebraska, does not wake this morning, he will find himself famous, then all the eulogies that were passed on him in hotel corridors were meaningless. There was hardly anything else talked about, except the wonderfully brilliant speech of the young Nebraskan of the House."

The New York Sun said: "William Jennings Bryan, the young Democratic leader from Nebraska, whom Speaker Crisp placed on the Ways and Means Committee against the protest of a large element in the House, distinguished himself today by making the star speech of the present session on the tariff question. Mr. Bryan astonished his associates and the occupants of the crowded galleries by an exhibition of finished oratory seldom witnessed in the halls of Congress. He is only thirty years old, is tall and well built, with a clean-shaven face and jet black hair. Charles O'Neil, the father of the House, as he is called, says, Mr. Bryan looks something like the late Samuel Jackson Randall, who looked twenty-five years ago. An hour was given Mr. Bryan to speak, but when that time elapsed there was a general chorus of 'Go on, go on,' from both sides of the House. Members lingered in their seats and the spectators remained in the galleries till 10:12 o'clock, so intent were they in hearing the young legislator from the West. Not only was he logical but he was practical, and won for himself a place among the house orators beside the silver-tongued Breckinridge, of Kentucky, or the calm-voiced Henderson, of Iowa."

The New York Herald said: "Mr. Bryan took his seat he was the recipient of hearty congratulations from his party colleagues. Although this was his maiden speech, he showed every quality of a fine orator. No member who has addressed the House thus far upon the tariff question has received the same attention which was accorded the young Nebraskan."

Although Mr. Bryan's political opponents have told the world that Nebraska has often recorded its political vote against him, they have not given the testimony that will be cheerfully borne by any reputable citizen of this state: That William J. Bryan has never met with political reverses, but that he was accompanied by thousands of men, who, having had every opportunity for the study of the man, trusted him implicitly and admired him for the philosophy with which he met defeat, the vigor with which he waged the battle and the honesty with which he defended conviction.

And these will also say that in this day Mr. Bryan is stronger in Nebraska than at any other time in his career. He has won the way to the hearts of Nebraskans—regardless of political prejudice.

If I were asked to answer the question, "What is the explanation of Bryan?" I would quote the concluding paragraph of an editorial that appeared in the Omaha Daily World Herald during the closing hours of the congressional campaign of 1890. It was good then; it is good now:

"Nature has gifted Mr. Bryan with a remarkable face—such a face as could be carved on a coin and not be out of place. He has a physical vigor which makes his unstudied gestures forcible and emphatic. He has an eye which is by turns commanding and humorous. And he has a voice which is equally adapted to tenderness or to denunciation. All these natural gifts has William J. Bryan and to them is added a talent for research, a genius for accuracy and a nature for truth. Let Nebraska congratulate herself on the fact that she has an orator who possesses the physical

and mental qualities to make him a remarkable man in the history of this nation. And if the World-Herald reads the stars aright, the time will come when W. J. Bryan will have a reputation which will reach far beyond Nebraska—and it will be a reputation for the performance of good deeds." R. L. M.

Continued at bottom of next column.

BACKWARD STEP TAKEN AT CHICAGO

A Corporation Tool Nominated for
Vice-President.

ROOSEVELT IDEAS REJECTED

One of Speaker Cannon's Tools
Finally is Nominated—Adopts a
Platform that is Vague and Uncertain.

After the nomination of Secretary of War Taft, for President, at the republican convention in Chicago, last week, the balance of the ticket was filled in with little trouble. After a recess, the "leaders" got together and congressman James E. Sherman, of New York, was selected as Taft's running mate, for vice President. When the vote was taken there were a few scattering ballots, and Sherman was almost unanimously chosen.

The adoption of the platform met with some opposition, and a number of planks offered representing policies advocated by President Roosevelt, and which by special messages he vainly urged congress to adopt, were rejected wholesale. Secretary Taft is a man who sizes up well for the place, has had wide experience in public life and has long been in touch with the various departments of the public service. He is a man of marked ability, and thus far his public record has been free of any scandal or suspicion. His private life is also clean and commendable.

Taft was nominated as Roosevelt's choice, to continue his policies and complete certain measures which he advocated. Not so when they came to choose a Vice-President. Here is where the Roosevelt influence made a complete surrender, and jumped clean over the fence into the corporation past. This element they desired to control, so as to secure their co-operation in the campaign for Taft. They did it by permitting the nomination of Sherman, who for years was one of the ring leaders in congress and aided speaker Cannon in shaping and passing every piece of vicious legislation intended for the benefit of trusts, corporations, railroads, and against the public welfare. He was a notorious corporation tool, a constant spokesman for Wall street, and continually arraigned himself against any popular measure. Should he be elected, he would preside over the U. S. Senate, and with speaker Cannon ruling like a czar over the house, legislation in behalf of the masses would have hard sledding. Still worse, and it is possible, it would be a calamity to the nation were such a man to become our chief executive, for in that event there would be a high carnival among the plutocrats as they exploited the public. The nomination of Sherman was simply a bid for campaign booty, a sop to a dangerous element who too long have been absorbing too much of our country's wealth.

With compromises of this character, and vague declarations in the platform along the same line, the work of the Chicago convention comes far from being what was desired—it is a retreat from the Roosevelt administration and a shameful surrender to the corporations.

A Handsome Gift.

Last week, during the commencement exercises of the Pennsylvania State College, the Alumni association did a noble deed in recognizing the efficient services of Gen. James A. Beaver, who for two years acted in the capacity of president of the College. Soon after the death of the late George W. Atherton he took up the reins and was successful in carrying the work on without a breach. In acknowledgment of these duties so wisely performed, H. Walton Mitchell, of Pittsburg, presented to Gen. Beaver, a replica of St. Gaudens' "The Puritan" in bronze. The statue stands almost four feet high on a pedestal of verde antique marble and is a beautiful work of art. Gen. Beaver was very much affected at this mark of appreciation and accepted the gift in a speech fraught with intense feeling. It is a mark of honor and respect of which the General can always look upon with pride and consolation.

Y. M. C. A. Bible Conference.

The annual Bible conference of the state Young Men's Christian Association will be held in the auditorium at Eagles Mere, July 2 to 11. This conference is one of the features of the association that is always looked forward to by many of the boys. Among the speakers and leaders secured are James M. Gray, D. D., of Chicago; Thomas R. Thornburn, D. D., of Erie; Dr. A. T. Clay, of the University of Pennsylvania; Rev. Charles E. Hurlbut, of the Africa Inland mission, and Evangelist Chester Birch, the accomplished musician, who will have charge of the singing. It is expected that a number of young men will be present from Bellefonte.

Gets Carnegie Pension.

At State College Tuesday, word was received that the commission having the matter in charge had placed State College on the list of colleges entitled to share in the Carnegie retirement fund for pensioning college professors who have taught a certain number of years.

Thornton Osmond, dean of the school of mathematics and physics and the oldest professor in the college, was named as being entitled to receive a pension. The news was gratifying, as it was feared State would not be placed on the list at all.

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FACT, FUN AND FANCY

Bright, Sparkling Paragraphs—Selected and Original.

The convention at Chicago
But opened up the show,
A continuous performance,
Till November 3, you know.

A man of good judgment is usually one who agrees with us.

We do not know why watered silks should be classed as dry goods.

The fellow who is looking for trouble deserves all that's coming to him.

When you stop at a country inn you must put up with inn conveniences.

Even with an extensive vocabulary it is possible to be a man of few words.

Lots of men never know which side of the fence they are on till they fall off.

A girl always feels that she can afford to be mean to a fellow when she knows he likes her.

Celebrating a wooden wedding doesn't always demonstrate that the husband is a perfect stick.

When a fellow has more money than brains he also has more friends than he knows what to do with.

The person who first advanced the theory that two can live as cheaply as the one evidently never had twins.

WANTS BAD EGGS.

We want eggs and we want them bad," advertises a Kansas merchant.

INSURANCE.

Young men about to marry should see that their lives are insured before taking this important step. A liberal insurance policy always helps a widow to make a selection.

FRUIT.

Two young people of Plum Grove, this county, were married recently. The two from Plum Grove became a pair, although he no doubt thought her a peach.—Hale (Mo.) Husker-Leader.

IN THE SAME BOAT.

"We get some sad cases," said the attendant at the Lumpton lunatic asylum to the interested visitor, and opened the door of the first cell.

Inside was a man sitting on a three-legged stool, gazing vacantly at the wall.

"His is an unhappy story," said the attendant. "He was in love with a girl, but she married another man, and he lost his reason from grief."

They stole out softly, closing the door behind them, and proceeded to the next inmate.

This cell was thickly padded, and the man within was stark, staring mad.

"Who is this?" inquired the visitor.

"This?" repeated the attendant. "This is the other man"—Tatler.

CHICKEN ECCENTRICITIES.

Frank G. Harris, of Clearfield, says the Daily Spirit, has had a novel experience this spring in his chicken raising. He set a fussy old hen early this spring, but she was a gossiping old thing and went gadding about. A big rooster, observing the hen's defilement of duty, went on the nest and continued there off and on until he brought out 11 peeps from a setting of 14 eggs. Since that time the rooster stuck right to the little brood in hen style, until a couple of weeks ago he told them to go for themselves, and began an electioneering about the old nest for a new outfit of clean straw and another setting of eggs which he is setting on industriously. Every morning this Teddy rooster gets off the nest and comes out "De-light-ed," and then goes on duty again. This novel conduct of Mr. Harris' rooster is in part equalled by Wise Wallace's big belted hen at Pitch Pine Hunting camp which crows like a rooster every morning several times and then proceeds to lay an egg nearly as big as a goose egg.

MACCABEES' OFFICERS.

The Bellefonte Tent No. 100 Knights of the Maccabees held an important meeting the other evening in which considerable business was transacted. Deputy Great Commander Bush installed the following officers elect for the ensuing term: Past Commander, Laird Curtis; Commander, J. Thos. Mitchell; Lieut. Com., Harry Gehret; Chaplain, Chas. Moran; Sergeant, Samuel N. Ray; Record Keeper, Geo. T. Bush; Master of Arms, Curtin C. Taylor; 2nd Master of the Guard, Samuel T. Cherry; 2nd M. of Guard, Arthur Brown; Sentinel, Harry Grubb; Picket, R. S. Brons. This organization is adding new members right along, with comparatively a small loss. They have fine property and rooms and a hustling membership and are out of debt but the rooms are not furnished completely as they hope to have soon. The new ritual is very fine and the work of the same is attracting considerable interest.

MOTHER OF 30 CHILDREN.

Mrs. Abraham Golofsky, of Troy Hills, N. J., became the mother Thursday of four baby boys, all of whom though small, are apparently perfectly formed and in good health. The combined weight of the quadruplets is sixteen pounds, four ounces. Mrs. Golofsky, who is only thirty-two years old, is the mother of thirty children, fourteen of whom are living.

REWARDED SCHOLARSHIP.

E. L. Royer, of Rebersburg, who graduated from Bucknell University at the recent commencement, in competition and as a reward for high scholarship, was awarded a scholarship at Medico-Chirurgical Medical college.

WEDNESDAY two interesting games of ball were played at Howard, with Woolrich. The first game was won by Woolrich the score being 7 to 6. Howard won the second game by 9 to 4. This leaves Howard third in the League roll. Both game were well contested and some exceptionally good playing.

The late pastor, S. S. Bergen, will preach in the Presbyterian church at Port Matilda, next Sunday morning, 8th, and at Unionville in the evening and declare the pulpit vacant.