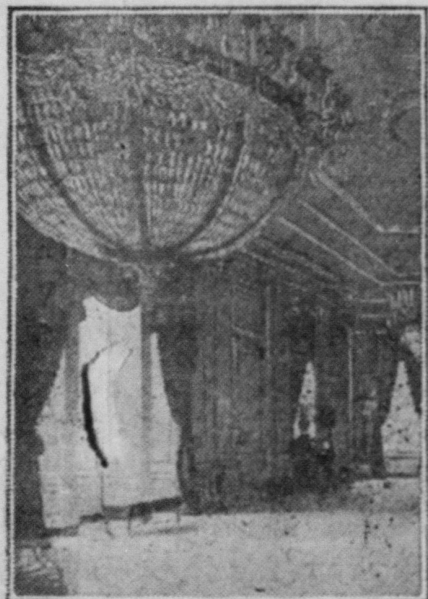


NATURAL WEALTH OF THE NATION

Its Conservation the Subject of an Important Conference at Washington. Governors of States and Territories Invited.

Irrigation, Forest Preservation and Maintenance of Waterways Among Topics to Be Considered.

THE conference which is to be held at the White House beginning May 12 is in many respects a unique and unprecedented affair. Its object is the conservation of the national resources, and this, of course, is a very broad subject. It includes forest preservation, improvement and maintenance of the inland waterways, irrigation of arid lands, preservation of public mineral lands or supervision of their development and many related topics. Americans have become accustomed to thinking of their country as possessing boundless natural resources. But it does not, and unless scientific measures are employed to preserve and maintain those which remain the nation ere many years will begin to feel the results of a policy of shortsightedness and neglect; hence the interest taken by all farsighted public men in this conference. It was called in consequence of the deep interest taken in the subject by the president himself. It is a well known fact that during Mr. Roosevelt's administrations a great deal has been done in the way of protection of the interests of the future in



EAST ROOM, WHITE HOUSE

public attention. Take the one subject of irrigation, for instance. In the east there is comparatively little realization of its importance. But reclamation of the American deserts means the foundation of new industrial empires and provision of new territory for our teeming millions. The Carey act has been described as "the new birthright of American citizens." Its purpose was to enable a man of modest means to secure a farm and home and make the farm pay for itself while supporting the family. Congress has passed few laws which in their working out have conferred more benefit on the country than this, and its good effects are only just beginning to be realized generally. The possibilities in the direction of peopling these deserts with a busy and prosperous population are just beginning to be understood. As an instance of the operation of the law the conditions in southern Idaho may be cited. It is about three years since irrigation was begun in one tract in this part of Idaho embracing some 240,000 acres. It was an uninhabited sage plain in 1904. Now the entire tract has been filled upon by settlers numbering from 12,000 to 15,000 people. Main street, Twin Falls, in the center of this section, has the appearance of a street in a long established city. Cars of household goods arrived during the present spring at the rate of ten a day. Some of the homes in the district look like houses in the fashionable suburbs of the large cities, they are so up to date in architecture and surroundings. Twin Falls has electric lighting and sewer and water systems, fire department and telephone system, banks, churches and hospital and several fine school buildings, one costing \$60,000. All this exists where there was nothing three years ago. And this is but a sample of what is going on through the reclamation of the deserts of the west.

Farming on irrigated land is in many respects an ideal occupation. Much of the drudgery of old fashioned farm life is eliminated. There are no droughts and no crop failures. The sunshine which makes all vegetation when watered, grow to the highest perfection is not interrupted by days of clouds when once the growing season begins. More than 300 days of sunshine a year are the rule in southern Idaho, and it is a rare day in any season when the sun does not show his face. Rains do not interfere with plowing, planting, cultivation or harvesting. Each farmer, by controlling the irrigating system of his own farm, controls the growing and perfecting of his crops. Irrigation has removed from the business of farming its uncertainty. The preservation of the forests is a matter intimately connected with irrigation and with the maintenance of inland waterways as highways of commerce. The government's chief forester, Gifford Pinchot, whose enthusiasm in the cause of the trees has been influential in securing a well organized national system for their protection and culture, will be prominent in the doings of the conference. It is said that the United States is now making inroads upon its forests at the astonishing rate of 100,000,000,000 board feet a year. The annual growth is not in excess of 40,000,000,000 feet. This makes the net annual drain upon the forests 60,000,000,000 feet, and at this rate in about thirty years, unless the system of protection to the forests is

extended, the country will have practically nothing left in the way of such natural resources. The desire of those interested in the conference at Washington is to make the policies of the nation and its several commonwealths structurally right in all that pertains to conservation of the natural resources of the people. Once established there will be little danger of such policies being overturned, no matter what political party may chance to be in power.

to this stationer: "May I ask, sir, why you so suddenly countermanded your order for those fountain pens?" "The young salesman," the other answered, "booked my order in lead pencil."

A Fortunate Young Man.
President Roosevelt met a well known young writer and asked abruptly, "Do you know Spanish?" "No, Mr. President, I do not, I very much regret to say," was the reply. "I am sorry to hear it," commented the chief magistrate, and the subject was dropped. Deeply impressed with the idea that had been pointed to a high office in the diplomatic corps, the young man set to work assiduously, dropping everything else, and soon acquired a proficiency in that language. He called at the White House and was cordially welcomed. In the course of conversation he said: "By the way, Mr. President, I know Spanish well. I both talk and read it with ease." "Oh, you don't say so! Then you ought to be one of the happiest men in the world. You can read 'Don Quixote' in the original."

Professional Pride.
"Literary fame is not always highly regarded by the people," says William Dean Howells. "I remember when I was in San Remo some years ago seeing in a French newspaper this notice by a rat trap maker of Lyons: 'To whom it may concern: M. Pierre Loti of Lyons, inventor of the automatic rat trap, begs to state that he is not the same person and that he has nothing in common with one Pierre Loti a writer.'"

A "Leetle" Absentminded.
Rufus Choate once endeavored to make a witness give an illustration of absentmindedness. "Waal," said the witness cautiously, "I should say that a man who thought he'd left his watch to hum an' took it out'n his pocket to see if he had time to go hum to get it—I should say that that feller was a leetle absentminded." —Everybody's.

A Bold Step.
To overcome the well-grounded and reasonable objections of the more intelligent to the use of secret medicinal compounds, Dr. E. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., some time ago, decided to make a bold departure from the usual course pursued by the makers of put-up medicines for domestic use, and so has published broadcast and openly to the whole world, a full and complete list of all the ingredients entering into the composition of his widely celebrated medicines. Thus he has taken his numerous patrons and patients into his full confidence. Thus too he has removed his medicines from among secret nostrums of doubtful merits, and made them Remedies of Known Composition. Not only does the wrapper of every bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, his famous medicine for weak stomach, liver or biliousness and all catarrhal diseases wherever located, have printed upon it, in plain English, a full and complete list of all the ingredients composing it, but a small book has been compiled from numerous standard medical works, of all the different schools of practice, containing very numerous extracts from the writings of leading practitioners of medicine, endorsing in the strongest possible terms, each and every ingredient contained in Dr. Pierce's medicines. One of these little books will be mailed free to any one sending address on postal card or by letter, to Dr. E. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., and requesting the same. From this little book it will be learned that Dr. Pierce's medicines contain no alcohol, narcotics, mineral agents or other poisonous or injurious agents and that they are made from native medicinal roots of great value; also that some of the most valuable ingredients contained in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for weak, nervous, over-worked, "run-down," nervous and debilitated women, were employed, long years ago, by the Indians for similar ailments affecting their squaws. In fact, one of the most valuable medicinal plants entering into the composition of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription was known to the Indians as "Squaw-Weed." Our knowledge of the uses of not a few of our most valuable native medicinal plants was gained from the Indians. As made up by improved and exact processes, the "Favorite Prescription" is a most efficient remedy for regulating all the womanly functions, correcting displacements, as prolapsus, anteversion and retroversion, overcoming painful periods, toning up the nerves and bringing about a perfect state of health. Sold by all dealers in medicines.

MRS. FRANK J. GOULD.

Wife of Jay Gould's Youngest Son and Her Reported Separation Suit. Three branches of the Gould family now enjoy publicity in connection with their domestic affairs. The press of the old world and the new has been



MRS. FRANK J. GOULD.

concerning itself a good deal with the affair between Mme. Anna Gould, formerly the Countess de Castellane, and Prince Helle de Sagan, and the divorce proceedings between Howard Gould and his wife have occupied attention. Now comes the report that the wife of Frank J. Gould has begun suit for a separation. She was Miss Helen Margaret Kelly, daughter of the late Edward Kelly and granddaughter of the late Eugene Kelly. Between the latter and the late Jay Gould there was the deadliest enmity. It is remarked as a strange coincidence that grandchildren of the two once bitter business enemies and rivals should have married only to have the union prove an unhappy one. A friend of the late Jay Gould once remarked to him: "You scoff at the scientific theory of heredity, but why do you and Kelly detest each other so much? Is it because your ancestors were on opposite sides at Cromwell's invasion of Ireland?"

The remark referred to the fact that Mr. Gould was a Protestant and Mr. Kelly an ardent Roman Catholic, so ardent that he opposed the marriage of his son Edward, Mrs. Frank J. Gould's daughter, to a Protestant, and for this reason the fact of such a marriage was kept a secret for some fourteen years. The Gould-Kelly wedding took place in 1901, and the groom took his bride on a cruise on his yacht. Mrs. Gould is considered a beauty.

The Vizier's List.

The sultan bade his grand vizier to prepare a list of all the fools in the kingdom. In due course the vizier brought his list of fools to the palace, and, lo, at the head of the list appeared the sultan himself.

"Why, O vizier, is my name at the head of your list of fools?"

"Sun of the universe, did you not but last week commission two entire strangers—to purchase six motor cars for you, and did these two strangers not depart with 100,000 sequins from the royal treasury?"

"Yes. What of it?"

"They will never return," said the vizier, "and therefore on my list!"

"But suppose they do return?"

"Then, sire, I will erase your name and place theirs in its place."

The Unwise Salesman.

A young fountain pen salesman, to his great joy, succeeded on his first trip in persuading a stationer to order 500 pens, but all of a sudden the stationer's manner changed to the young man.

"I countermand that order," he barked and hurried into his private office, slamming the door behind him.

Later in the day his bookkeeper said

MEN'S SPRING SHOES

It will be well worth the journey for any man to come and see our Spring Shoes. We've the best of Shoes—the sort of Shoes that have made our Shoe business so successful. We are showing

BEST SHOES MADE

We buy our Men's Shoes from Makers who have a reputation for making the best of Men's Shoes. We never offer our trade uncertain Shoes—or Shoes we can not guarantee. The Man, who has bought Shoes here, will be sure to come again. The man, who has never bought Shoes here, can learn something about Shoes, if he will step in "just for a look."

MINGLE'S SHOE STORE,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin.

THE FORTY BEACHES OF NEW JERSEY.

The one hundred and twenty-five odd miles along the New Jersey coast line from Long Branch to Cape May presents the greatest pleasuring section in the United States.

Upon the bluffs of the northern end and the gently shelving sands of the southern end are located forty resorts which entertain during the spring and summer season millions of pleasure seekers.

At no time in the year is this section more delightful than during the spring and early summer months. One who has not seen them at this season would marvel at their delights. The great pine belt, which extends through the center of New Jersey, fills the air with life-giving ozone, which combined with the salty tang of the sea and the open air exercise possible at all times, is exhilarating and tonic in the highest degree.

Long Branch, with its beautiful cottage-neighbors, West End, Hollywood, and Elmhurst; Deal and Allenhurst, largely devoted to cottage life; Asbury Park and Ocean Grove, attracting thousands yearly; Avon, Belmar, Como, Spring Lake, and Sea Girt, are a galaxy of attractive places upon the bluffs where "the country meets the sea."

Then the Barnegat Bay section, where Point Pleasant, Sea Side Park, Island Heights, Barnegat City, and Beach Haven, with other smaller places nearby welcome the summer sojourner.

Atlantic City, with its seven miles of beach and drives, and its charming suburbs, leads the island resorts, separated from the main land by the great salt marshes.

Ocean City, Sea Isle City, Avalon, and Stone Harbor; Anglesea, Wildwood, Holly Beach, and Wildwood Crest also have a large summer population.

And Cape May, with its new million dollar hotel and its wonderful improvements makes a fitting climax and holds a high place among the forty beaches.

The Pennsylvania Railroad is direct route to all of these resorts from all sections of the country. Its splendid train service makes each of them neighbor to all the rest and to the world at large.

Look in Our Windows

And see the finest line of framed pictures ever brought into our city, ranging in price from 10c to \$1.25. Then a glimpse inside and you will see pretty pastels, water colors, plain colored, etc. Slaughter sale of other people's Pictures left over 30 days. These pictures are suited for any room in the house or club.

GIVE US A CALL AND BE CONVINCED.

E. J. ECKENROTH.

BUSH ARCADE, BELLEFONTE, PA.

A. E. Schad

SANITARY PLUMBING

Estimates Cheerfully Furnished.

Eagle Block, Bellefonte, Pa.

Gas Fitting,
Furnace, Steam and
Hot Water
Heating,
Slatting,
Tin Roofing,
Spouting,
All kinds of
Tinware
made to order.

Ho, Fishermen!

Fishing Season is Here.

Are you ready for it? If not, let us help you get ready. We have
Rods from 5c up. Leaders from 5c up
Lines from 1c up. Reels from 15c up.

Files, Fly Books, Bait, Bait Boxes, and everything you need. The goods are right and the prices are right. Call and see us.

GREEN'S PHARMACY COMPANY.

Jno. F. Gray & Son

Successors to GRANT HOOVER.

Insurance

This agency represents the largest Fire Insurance Companies in the world. We are prepared to write large lines at any time.

—ALSO—

Life and Accident Insurance, and Surety Bonds.

Call on or address us at

ri der's Stone Bldg, Bellefonte

HARRY FENLON

Successor to Frederick K. Foster

Wm. Burnside

FIRE, LIFE, ACCIDENT AND TORNADO

INSURANCE,

BONDS of every description.

TEMPLE COURT,

BELLEFONTE, PA.



ONE OF OREGON'S BIG TREES.

extended, the country will have practically nothing left in the way of such natural resources. The desire of those interested in the conference at Washington is to make the policies of the nation and its several commonwealths structurally right in all that pertains to conservation of the natural resources of the people. Once established there will be little danger of such policies being overturned, no matter what political party may chance to be in power.

The meetings of the conference will be held in the east room of the executive mansion, where so many historic assemblages have gathered, but it will be the first time that apartment has held quite so representative a body, for practically all the governors of the different commonwealths, together with all the leading candidates for president and the only living ex-president, will meet with the head of the national government for the consideration of problems of national import. The governors of the various states and the five specially invited guests will be entertained at dinner by President Roosevelt on the evening of May 12, and the conferences will begin the next morning and continue for three days.

A general idea of the objects sought by the conference may be obtained by dividing the subjects to be considered under these heads:

First.—To conserve the national forests for the use of the people.

Second.—To furnish homes for the farmer in the desert by reclaiming the soil through irrigation.

Third.—To maintain unimpaired the public ranges for the grazing of live stock.

Fourth.—To retain control by the government of the public coal lands, to the end that the people may be insured of their proper use.

Fifth.—To place a homesteader on every plot of arable land, whether that plot be in a national forest, a public range or among the mineral lands.

Add to this the related subject of improvement of the inland waterways, and a fair view can be had of the general aims of the gathering.

The problems of this conference are among the most important before the nation today, and many of them appeal more closely to the people than some of a political nature which perhaps occupy a much larger share of