

CIRCLATION  
PART SIX  
OF 1907  
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# The Centre Democrat.

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FOR THE PART SIX  
MONTHS OF 1907  
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## DALE REUNION AT OAK HALL

Held on Last Saturday and Largely Attended.  
ABLE ADDRESSES DELIVERED  
Historical Sketches Read by Dr. J. Y. Dale, of Lemont, and Clement Dale Esq., of Bellefonte—A Royal Repast Under the Old Apple Trees.

Among the pioneer families of Centre County were the Dales. They located here at an early date and had a hand in developing its resources. It is therefore fitting that annually they should come together in a family reunion and, in a friendly way, revive memories of the past. Saturday this annual reunion took place at Victor Grange hall, at Oak Hall, which was largely attended by relatives and friends, a number of whom were from a distance. Everybody was in a social mood, thus the day was one of pleasure as well of profit. At 10 a. m. George Dale, president of the association, called the meeting to order. Rev. W. H. Dale, of Cleveland, Ohio, then invoked the Divine blessing. The secretary, Dr. J. Y. Dale, of Lemont, read the minutes of the previous meeting. First of the preliminary meeting held Dec. 27, 1905, for the purpose of effecting an organization and second the minutes of the first annual reunion held August 4, 1906. It was a source of gratitude to ascertain that no member of the Dale family living, in the east or west had passed away during the year, although the connection is quite large. After the preliminaries the regular programme was taken up. The principal feature of the morning was an excellent paper prepared by Dr. J. Y. Dale. The doctor had made special preparations and considerable research in order to give a complete history of the Dale family from the time Christian Dale, the first left Germany in 1749 to make his home in America. The paper dealt largely in local history which was most interesting, not only to the members of the Dale family but to friends and neighbors who had come to listen to the proceedings. At the noon hour the guests were invited to the orchard where beneath the shady boughs of the old apple trees, so familiar to many present, a sumptuous dinner was served. It was one of the old-fashion meals, served in the old-fashion way. The long table fairly screamed under its heavy load of choice viands. It brought to mind the days of the old homestead on the farm where everything was full and plenty. After the dinner the meeting was again called to order in the hall. Dr. Dale finished his paper which had not been completed before the noon hour. Dr. A. H. Tuttle, of the University of Virginia, and Prof. W. A. Buckhout, of State College, who had been interesting listeners to the entire programme, were called upon for short addresses. One of the interesting features of the afternoon exercises were a number of recitations by members who belong to the fifth and sixth generations of the Dale family. Among those who added interest in this respect were Sarah Dale, Mrs. Carrie Dale and Misses Catharine Dale, Anna Dale, Louella Dale, Mamie Dale and Master Edwin Dale. Clement Dale, the historian of the association, read the paper which dealt largely in the history of the first, second and third generations of the Dale family since they came to this country. The first three generations of this family have all passed away. The history presented by Mr. Dale was gathered from numerous records and papers in his possession and tradition handed down from one generation to another. This paper was elegantly prepared, showing that Mr. Dale was thoroughly acquainted with his subject. It was listened to with the closest attention. Brief addresses were made by Rev. J. F. Stonecypher, Rev. W. H. Dale, John S. Dale, Willard Dale, A. A. Dale, W. J. Dale and Henry Hoy. The entire exercises were interspersed with most excellent music furnished by a choir composed of members of the Dale family. The officers elected for the ensuing year were as follows: Geo. Dale, president; David E. Dale, vice president; Dr. J. Y. Dale, secretary; John S. Dale, assistant secretary; W. J. Dale, treasurer; Rev. W. H. Dale, chaplain; Clement Dale, historian.

**Executive Committee**—A. A. Dale, A. W. Dale, Philip S. Dale, Dr. James S. Dale, Edmund Dale.  
This closed the second annual reunion of the Dale family which was voted by all present to be a complete success.

**Council Meeting**  
Outside of the routine of business the following is worthy of note at the regular meeting on Monday evening.  
Assessed valuation of property in the borough was reported at \$1,625,436.84, netting in taxes \$21,149.84.  
Ordinances for the building of sewers on Allegheny, Howard and Bishop streets were passed. The question of taking advantage of the State Road appropriation was discussed. Col. Spangler was present and urged immediate action. A resolution was unanimously passed that a petition be prepared at once for that purpose, to be presented first to the County Commissioners and then to the State Highway Department at Harrisburg.

**Kicking on Price of Electricity.**  
Sundry business men are up in arms over what they term exorbitant charges for electric light on the meter system by the Edison company, which has a monopoly of the light business of the place, including gas. A large number of the business men have summoned a representative of the Westinghouse company and have determined to unite in putting up a plant of their own to light their stores, and which will be enlarged in time and the wires extended.

## TAG YOUR DOG.

The following is a brief summary of the new Dog Law. The new law relative to canines in Pennsylvania went into effect on June 1, and requires that every dog owner when he pays his tax receive from the collector a brass tag. This attached to the dog's collar, exempts him from annihilation at the hands of a constable or other officer. The tags are supplied by the county commissioners. On one side of the tag is stamped: "Centre County Dog Tag, 1907, Paid." Assessors assert that they have more trouble securing dog assessments than any other kind. They aver that people, many of them property owners to a considerable extent, think nothing of making outright misrepresentation regarding dog ownership. Many dogs are not returned. Those not returned cannot get a tag. Those without tags are to be shot, so says the law. The only remedy, apparently, is for those whose dogs are unassessed to proceed at once to get them assessed and get the proper tag. The collector must give an owner two days' notice either written or verbal, before he can send a bullet into an untagged canine. The tax collector or the constable of the district wherein the dog has "headquarters" is authorized to act as executioner. This warning is intended to save those dogs which may have been properly tagged the brass bit lost or stolen. It is predicted that there will be a big "howl" when the war of extermination opens on untagged canines. This week the county commissioners received a consignment of 5090 brass octagonal tags a little larger than a nickel. It has the following inscription: "Centre County Dog Tax, 1907—Paid." The centre of the tag has the space for the number. The Commissioners are sending the tags out to the various tax collectors this week, where you must apply for them, the tax being 50 cents and \$1.

## FOR PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.

Quite a number of citizens met in the law office of J. T. Mitchell Esq., in Temple Court, on Friday evening, for the purpose of organizing a Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, and having jurisdiction over the entire county. We believe the movement was started by ladies of the town, many of whom were present and took an active part in the proceedings, much to their credit be it said, they displayed remarkable intelligence in the discussions. Many of the leading men of the town were present, including Rev. Schmidt and Dr. Laurie. A permanent organization was effected by electing Col. James P. Coburn, president; J. T. Mitchell, secretary; Miss Louisa Valentine, treasurer. Board of Managers—Miss Emily Natt, Mrs. Frank P. Blair, Miss Harper, Frederick Kurz and Rev. A. Schmidt. A committee was then chosen to prepare a charter and draft a constitution and by-laws. It was made up as follows: John Blanchard, W. G. Runkle and J. Thomas Mitchell. The society to be called the Bellefonte Branch of the Pennsylvania Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. Within two days after this meeting a cause was reported which will probably be prosecuted just as soon as the society secures its charter. The need of such a society is very apparent, and no guilty person should be left escape. The person who ill-treats an animal would steal and do anything in the category of crime, thus he is an undesirable citizen and no mercy should be shown him. It is to be hoped that the good citizens, all over the county, may join in this movement by reporting any violation of the law along this line.

## Building Boom At The College.

Bellefonte will have to get a hustle on or State College will take a spurt one of these days and pass it in population. This summer, in addition to the building being done by the College proper, there are from ten to a dozen dwelling houses being erected in the borough by private individuals. And they are not cheap houses, as practically all of the buildings are of brick and will cost anywhere from three to twelve thousand dollars. Probably the largest and most expensive house being erected is one by James Lytle, which will have 22 rooms and will cost close to twelve thousand dollars. J. C. Meyer, of Bellefonte, is erecting a house there that will cost in the neighborhood of seven thousand while there are a number which will cost four and five thousand. This, in fact, is on a par if not in excess of values of real estate in Bellefonte, and it all shows unmistakably that the investors look for a continued growth at State College.

## Pure Food For Animals.

The new law regulating the sale of feed for domestic animals in Pennsylvania became operative on 1st, and state department of agriculture is prepared to enforce it. The act conforms closely to the federal law and makes no unnecessary features for marketing food in this state and will cause millers little trouble. The new law requires that all mixed feeds must be labeled, giving the names of the several ingredients. Officials of the department say its enforcement will tend to drive from the market all goods containing corn cobs, rice hulls, peanut shells, coffee hulls, oat hulls and like adulterants.

## Copperhead Snake in Corn Barrel.

While picking corn from a barrel Mrs. Irvin Showers thought the corn was being moved of its own accord, but upon closer investigation she discovered some shiny object in the bottom of the barrel. Suspicion was aroused and Mrs. Showers attention was called to the moving contents of the vessel. A pair of pincers were secured, and with these a large copperhead snake was drawn from between the ears of corn. Mrs. Showers had been picking close to danger.

## Followed Precedent.

A Pennsylvania bride has left her husband's home after a week's honeymoon, because the house he provided was located where copperhead snakes were so numerous that it was dangerous to stay there. It will be recalled that the first pair broke up housekeeping in Eden because of too much snake.

## ENORMOUS FINE FOR STANDARD OIL CO

Severe Penalty for Accepting Rebates From Railroads  
IS OVER 29 MILLION DOLLARS  
Will Appeal the Fine as Excessive—Enormous Profits Declared by the Company—The Consumer being Robbed by the Trust

Judge Kenesaw M. Landis, in the United States District Court at Chicago, fined the Standard Oil Company of Indiana \$29,240,000 for violations of the law against accepting rebates from railroads. The fine is the largest ever assessed against any individuals or corporation in the history of American criminal jurisprudence, and is slightly more than 131 times as great as the amount received by the company through its rebating operation. The case will be carried to the higher courts by the defendant company. Under the seven indictments still pending against the Standard Oil Company an additional fine amounting to \$88,440,000 may be levied against the company if found guilty on trial. There are in these seven indictments a total of 422 counts, and the maximum fine in each count would be \$20,000. The penalty imposed upon the company is the maximum permitted under law, and it was announced at the end of a long opinion in which the methods and practices of the Standard Oil Company were mercilessly scored. The Judge, in fact, declared in his opinion that the officials of the Standard Oil Company who were responsible for the practices of which the corporation was found guilty were no better than counterfeiters and thieves.

## WORST INDUSTRIAL METHODS.

Closely following the terrific blow suffered by the Standard Oil Company in United States Judge K. M. Landis' court at Chicago, Saturday, when the corporation was fined \$29,240,000, there comes one section of a report from Herbert Knox Smith, commissioner of corporations, to President Roosevelt, showing how the great oil company has piled up profits for 25 years and how the consumer has paid tribute to the comparatively few men who dominate the concern and who divide its earnings. Commissioner Smith mingles no words in conveying his disapproval of the manipulation of the oil industry by the Standard. In telling how its operations have affected the pocketbook of the people for a quarter of a century, he condensed some tremendous facts into the following terse sentence: "The total dividends paid by the Standard from 1882 to 1906, were \$51,922,904 averaging thus 24.15 per cent per year. The dividends, however, were much less than the total earnings. It is substantially certain that the entire net earnings of the Standard from 1882 to 1906 were at least \$790,000,000 and possibly much more. "These enormous profits have been based on an investment worth at the time of its original acquisition not more than \$75,000,000. "The history of this great industry is a history of the persistent use of the worst industrial methods, the exaction of exorbitant prices from the consumer, and the securing of excessive profits for the small group of men who over a long series of years have thus dominated the business. In a few days another section of the report will be made public, setting forth the importance of price discrimination in restraining the business of competitors and augmenting the profits of the Standard.

## Favorable Crops.

Haymaking and harvest was about ended with close of last week, both hay and grain have been a good crop and were hauled into the barns in fine condition. Owing to the cold spring the season was some three weeks later than usual, and farmers were in fears as to the outcome, but are well satisfied with the result—not often that crops were better. Providence knows what is best, always, and never forgets the farmer, even though men will give little concern over the good that the tiller of the soil should meet with. Corn, also checked by the unfavorable spring, is also catching up and a good crop is in prospect, if no early frosts nip it. Potatoes are likely to be abundant, and the oats is also fully up to an average, and of apples there will be plenty for pies, and for apple dumplings and "snits."

## Sadly Afflicted.

The Hughes family has been called upon to undergo a series of sad afflictions. Week before last the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Luther Hughes died quite suddenly and hardly had the news of that sorrowful fact been received until word came from Milwaukee, Wis., that Donald, the seven year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Hughes, had been stricken with paralysis and was in a critical condition. Monday Mrs. J. K. Dunkle, Rev. James P. Hughes' eldest daughter arrived in Bellefonte from Philadelphia, and Tuesday left for Milwaukee to assist the afflicted family. The latest reports from the child is that he is sinking, with practically no hope of recovery.

## Lewisburg Pays Damage Suit.

Because the Lewisburg borough neglected to properly maintain guard rails along an embankment on one of its streets it was obliged to pay a bill of damages \$1200. Jesse Petter, of Winfield, while driving along at the point designated above was thrown from his rig and killed, the horse having been frightened at a Reading railroad train. The suit for damages was settled for the sum named above.

## RUNAWAY COUPLE CAUGHT.

For sometime a young man by the name of Wilson Heaman had been in the employ of Thomas Beaver, Wednesday night of last week, he went to the livery stable of Frank Bartley and secured a horse, stating his aunt, who resides a short distance from Milesburg, was sick. Thursday afternoon, about 4 o'clock he appeared at the stable again and asked for a horse but was refused on account of his ill treatment to the horse the previous night. He stated that his aunt had died, and put up such a pitiable plea that he was finally given a horse with the promise he would be back early in the evening. He drove up to the Court House where he met John Knisely from whom he begged a dollar with which to purchase flowers to lay on the casket of his dead aunt. After leaving John Knisely he went to Lamb Street where he took in the buggy the direction of James Parks, and instead of going to where he said his aunt lay a corpse they drove to Snow Shoe, Clarence and then to Philipsburg. Failing to return at the appointed time Mr. Bartley became suspicious and he and officer Jodon started after them. Finding there was nobody dead near Milesburg they drove until Friday morning when Heaman with three girls in the conveyance, were caught on the other side of Philipsburg. The horse had nothing to eat, and was so worn out that it could not be brought to Bellefonte until Sunday, being compelled to stop several places along the line to give it a rest. Both the young man and the girl were brought to Bellefonte and placed in jail. After a while the girl was released. It is said that Heaman cut up about the same caper at Philipsburg sometime ago; he hired a livery horse and drove it over an embankment when the horse's leg was broken and had to shoot it. Heaman will be given a hearing this evening at 7 o'clock at the office of squire Keichline.

## Early School.

Monday morning William J. Dale, of Oak Hall, was in our office and showed us an interesting poem. In 1847 the good people in the vicinity of Oak Hall concluded to establish a Sunday school at that place. Owing to services during the day at other nearby points, it was difficult to arrange a suitable hour. Not daunted in their zeal, finally a suitable hour was selected that would not conflict with time for worship of the various denominations. It was 7.30 o'clock in the morning, and not a bit too early for those devoted people. For many years this Sunday School flourished under the direction of Prof. Wm. G. Waring, a noted scholar, who later became the head of Penna. State College. For the opening exercise there, was an appropriate song, composed by Prof. Waring which all committed. This was the poem that Mr. Dale had with him, and will be remembered by many who attended that Sunday School. In these days it is the most people to get to Sunday School by 9.30, 10 a. m. or 2 p. m.

## Business Men's Picnic.

Remember that Tuesday August 20th, the business men of Centre and Clinton counties will hold their annual picnic at Hecla Park. The program is completed and it is one of the best ever prepared. It is replete with everything that tends to amuse and please. Among the many attractions will be a game of ball between the Autos of Lock Haven, and the Phillipsburg team for a purse of \$200.00 and expenses. These teams are evenly matched and the game will be interesting. It will be remembered that the Phillipsburg team has not been defeated this season. One of the best bands in the State has been engaged to give concerts all day. If you don't care a fig for base ball you can dance all day. The program is filled with other amusements, so that time will not hang heavy on your hand. There will be plenty of cars and the train service will be of the very best.

## That New Bank.

The person who has been circulating the report that a new bank is to be started in Millheim has been indulging in a pipe dream or in something else (about three fingers deep) and all the stock that person could take in a bank wouldn't amount to 30 cents.—Millheim Journal.

## Fire Near Roopsburg.

Sunday night Samuel Thomas' house located along Spring Creek, above Roopsburg, was destroyed by fire. It was unoccupied at the time and was one of the prettiest little homes to be found in that community. It caught on the roof and the indications are it was the work of an incendiary. It caught fire about 8 o'clock and burned until 10. The farmers and neighbors labored hard to extinguish the flames but were unsuccessful. Mr. Thomas lives in Bellefonte and is employed at Lingie's foundry.

## Penny to Make Automobiles.

Though not yet officially announced it is stated that the Pennsylvania railroad has had drawings made and arrangements are about completed for the making of automobiles in the Altoona shops. The machine will be used in cities instead of cabs for the train service of the Penna. Railroad. The building of the automobiles may be done at the Juniata shops as one department will be entirely devoted to their manufacture. They will be large, handsome cars.

## Look At It Now.

All persons who thoughtfully remitted on their subscription during the past month of July will find proper credit given by a change of the date on their label this week. Look at it now, and in case of an error please notify the office at once. It is easier, and generally safer, to lend our moral support than our money.

## MONEY FOR GRAFT NONE FOR VETERANS

How the State Funds Were Juggled by Politicians  
THE PART PLAYED BY SHEATZ  
Had No Money for the State Pension Bill—Now the Veterans Will Have No Votes for Candidate Sheatz—Soldiers Indignant

The Republican machine in the State was hopeful that the turn-down the old veterans received at the hand of Stuart, in defeating the pension bill which was introduced for their relief, would soon blow over and that old veterans would fall in line and support Sheatz, the gang candidate for State Treasurer, this fall. In this the gang has received a severe jolt. The old boys who went through many sanguinary battles during the civil war, are out in open stand against the further rule of the gang. Veterans, who have been strong adherents of the Quay machine for years, openly take the stand against the gang, and in this and adjoining counties, open professions of supporting candidates other than that of the machine are frequently made and heard. Comrade Hayes Grieg, Secretary of the Fifth Penna. Reserves which organization recently held its annual reunion at Northumberland, is out in an appeal to the old soldiers to fight the gang bitterly. The members of the Fifth Penna. Reserve have been appealed to by him with the following card: "Dear Comrade:—At the late reunion of the Fifth Pennsylvania Reserves, held at Northumberland, on Wednesday, May 8th, 1907, a resolution was unanimously adopted, commending Senator Cochran, of Williamsport, for originating the bill to pension the old soldiers of the state and calling for an appropriation of \$1,000,000 for that purpose. His bill passed the Senate in that shape but when it reached the Committee on Appropriations of which John O. Sheatz, of Philadelphia, was chairman, it was so overloaded as to make it obnoxious, and passed in such a condition that Gov. Stuart was compelled to veto it. "This same John O. Sheatz presided when the old soldiers were given a hearing before the committee and by his remarks and rulings gave evidence of the fact that he wanted to kill the bill. He succeeded in doing so by raising the appropriations to a figure that was altogether unnecessary, but it was done to enable him and his colleagues to say that they voted for that pension bill, and put the Governor in a hole. "This same John O. Sheatz is a candidate for State Treasurer, and it is now up to you and every other old soldier, and the kin of every old soldier, and every man who is really the friend of the old soldier, to administer a stinging rebuke to this man Sheatz. It was so He is the first man mainly responsible for the defeat of the State pension bill, that presents himself before you for your suffrage. Without regard to party, he is not worthy of your support. You will be no less a Republican or a Democrat, by voting against him. Your first duty is to yourself and this is or will be, your first opportunity to show, whether you will permit pot-house politicians to play a fast and loose game with you. "Let your rallying cry be—'No State Pension For The Old Soldier.' No State Treasury For John O. Sheatz." Yours fraternally, WM. HAYES GRIEG, Secretary Fifth Reserve Assn. Columbia, Pa., July, 1907.

Another display of the trend of the times is in the action of the Union Veterans Legion, an organization of old veterans at Milton, which among its membership numbers many old soldiers of the civil war. Last Thursday the annual picnic was held at Milton park, and it was largely attended. A committee of the Union Veterans Legion consisting of Major John M. Caldwell, J. Harvey Hause and James M. Gibson, submitted the resolution relative to Governor Stuart's veto of the Cochran soldiers' pension bill: "Resolved, that it is the sense of the Union Veterans Legion, No. 108, at their annual picnic at Milton Park, July 25, 1907, that the action of Governor Stuart in his veto of the soldiers' state pension bill, and those who counseled and advised him in his action, did a great wrong and injustice to the old soldier. The protestations of their honor and respect for the old soldiers, that they never could repay the great debt they owe them, seems hollow in view of the action of the powers that be." If Sheatz is elected to succeed Mr. Berry as custodian of the people's money it will not be with the votes of the old soldiers. As chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, his efforts were to the end of defeating the Cochran Pension bill. This bill would have brought relief and assistance to many an old soldier and his family in his last days when it was most needed. The resolutions are to the point and clearly indicate what the old veterans will do.

## Great Painting Profit.

A new and sensational discovery has been made by the commission of a batch of papers relating to the contracts for the interior painting of the Capitol. According to these John H. Sanderson made 2100 per cent. profit on the work. The Commission has considered this new revelation and has embodied it in the final report. The papers were located by Attorneys Scariet and Stranahan and Secretary Calvert during their work in Deer Park, Md. They show that Sanderson paid the various parties who did the painting on the walls and ceilings 12 cents a square foot and that he collected \$2.52 a square foot from the State for the same work.

## Pure Food Tests.

During the latter part of last week Dr. William Frear, of the Pennsylvania State College experiment station, set up a temporary laboratory at Tyrone and, with the aid of Assistant Chemist Given, examined a large number of milk samples of Lewisiston, Huntingdon, Tyrone, Philipsburg, Bellefonte and the Second Bridgetown which was held at Tipton. The lemonade and soft drinks which were on sale at the camp were also sampled and are in course of examination in the station's laboratory.

## Cotton Ten Cents a Spool.

Homewives who have been reluctant to pay six cents for a spool of cotton, which they have been buying all their lives at four, will have to learn to pay 10 cents a spool, it is said. It has been selling for six cents since May 1st of this year. No time has been fixed for the raise. The city of Williamsport has given a site for a new armory and the state has promised \$50,000 for the erection of a magnificent building to house the four companies of the Twelfth Regiment in that place.

## FACT, FUN AND FANCY.

Bright, Sparkling Paragraphs—Selected and Original.  
Its the uppish fellow who refuses to be downed.  
All things come to those that wait—on themselves.  
Some men are never embarrassed, except financially.  
Even the tight-rope walker may keep his balance in the bank.  
A wise man is simply one who knows when he has said enough.  
Because man is made of clay it doesn't prove that every fellow is a brick.  
A river is fed by smaller streams, and they actually make its mouth water.  
When a girl goes back on a fellow it is generally because he is miss—under stood.  
Even when a fellow is on the defensive he is offensive to the people who don't like him.  
The offer of an engagement ring generally influences a girl to give a fellow the glad hand.  
The first thought of some people when they get to heaven will be to send a souvenir post-card.  
We can always think of a lot of reasons why other people ought to be satisfied with what they have.

## WEDDINGS.

JUSTICE-BILLET.  
Homer Justice, of Valley View, and Miss Marie Billett, of Coleville, were quietly married at the U. B. parsonage on Saturday evening, July 20, by the pastor, Rev. W. H. Spangler.

COLPETZER-SHUEY.  
Miss Lillie L. Shuey, daughter of Franklin Shuey, of Pleasant Gap, and John W. Colpetzer, of State College, were united in marriage by the Rev. J. B. Durkee, Tuesday morning, at the parsonage of the Pleasant Gap M. E. church.

FULWELDER-RUSS.  
Sunday evening Albert C. Fulwelder, of Harrisburg, and Miss Bertha Russ, of Philipsburg, were united in marriage by Rev. S. D. Wilson. The groom is a musician and is engaged in the piano business in the Capitol city, while the bride is one of Philipsburg most popular young ladies.

GROVE-WITMER.  
William L. Grove, son of Mr. and Mrs. Nathan J. Grove, of Lemont, and Miss Ella M. Witmer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John B. Witmer, of Pine Grove Mills, surprised their numerous friends by coming to Bellefonte last Wednesday getting a marriage license, then quietly slipping away to Watsonstown where they were married. They have returned home and taken rooms in Lemont where they will make their home, the bridegroom being a trackman on the Lewisburg and Tyrone railroad.

SPICHER-HECKMAN.  
An unpretentious but pretty wedding took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Heckman, on east Lamb street, Wednesday 31st, when their daughter, Miss Rebecca Heckman, was united in marriage to Calvin Spicher, of Williamsburg, but formerly of Potter twp. Only the immediate members of the two families were present to witness the ceremony, which took place at 11 o'clock and was performed by Rev. Ambrose M. Schmidt, of the Reformed church. The attendants were Miss Minnie Cole, as bridesmaid, and William Sholl, of Jersey City, N. J., as best man. Following the ceremony a delicious wedding breakfast was served after which the bride and groom were driven to Milesburg where they took the train for their future home in Williamsburg. The bride, who was the recipient of quite a number of valuable presents, has for several years been one of Centre County's best school teachers and is a young woman highly esteemed by all who know her. The bridegroom is a mail carrier in Williamsburg and a young man of splendid worth. They went to housekeeping at once in their own newly furnished home.

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