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## PERVERTS HISTORY TO SHIELD THEMSELVES AFTERS

### A Reply to an Untruthful Charge in Gazette.

## "THOU SHALT NOT STEAL"

### President Roosevelt Says "The Liar is No Whit Better Than The Thief" —Another False Charge is Refuted —Tell The Truth.

The Gazette of last week was greatly agitated over the fact that on a certain day next month, or later, the Democrats of the state would open the campaign for State Treasurer with a number of meetings, and the speakers would take as their text the words "Thou shalt not steal." The Gazette then attempts to plunge into history and makes a desperate effort to prove that more than a generation ago Cobb, as secretary of the U. S. Treasury, and Floyd, as Secretary of War, plotted treason and depleted the treasury of the government, robbed the arsenals of arms and the munitions of war, and then joined in an open rebellion to destroy the government; and that we Democrats then did not shout, "Thou shalt not steal."

The present generation only knows of this as history. Floyd and Cobb, and some others, did not do what the Gazette stated. True they plotted treason and attempted to overthrow the general government and destroy the Union.

They stole nothing, nor did they appropriate any money or public property to their own use. There was from 12 to 20 millions in gold in the U. S. Treasury at the end of Buchanan's administration. Floyd, as Secretary of War, distributed arms, in pursuance of law as did all secretaries before him, to the arsenals North and South. From this fact after the civil war began he was falsely charged with having sent the arms and munitions of war to the South to aid the rebellion. Floyd who had gone south and joined in the rebellion learned of this charge; he sent word to the authorities at Washington absolutely denying the charge and offered to appear in Washington before any committee authorized to investigate the charge and declared, if the charge was found to be true, he would submit to any punishment that might be inflicted. The authorities at the time being Republicans, and the country engaged in war, never made an investigation and the small and ignorant have accepted the false reports as true.

In this treason, and purpose to destroy the government and overthrow the Union, no Democrat, as a Democrat, ever joined. But, by the million, they enlisted in the Union army and on every battlefield they rendered heroic service, giving life as cheerfully, as freely, and heroically as ever did a Republican—that the Union might live and the Government be preserved unto the generations to come.

Millions of Democrats could not "shout" to Cobb and Floyd that "thou shalt not steal," but they did—at the point of the bayonet, the crack of the musket, and the thunder of artillery—declare to them they were rebels and traitors, and should not divide the Union or destroy the government; and in doing this they were led by McClellan and Meade, Reynolds and Hancock, Slocum and Sickles, and a long column of others, all Democrats, who deemed it not only their highest duty, but their privilege and an everlasting honor to serve their country in her great need. And had they not led, not only the million and a half or more of Democrats who joined the armies of the Union, but all men of all parties who were willing to give all, even life, the government could not have been preserved.

To now have a wheezing, ill-grained, crooked editor, who above all else likes to hold office, snarl at Democrats and call them traitors because they undertake, as is their right, to hold up to the glare of the people the stealing done under the cover and protection of the Republican Machine of the state, is more than should be borne in silence from such a source.

The Gazette, however, goes back to the days of Cobb and Floyd and calls up the "palmy days of the Canal Commission and says the "atmosphere was rank with alleged graft." That is all there was of it, simply allegation. No Governor or Auditor General (as did Penny-packer and Snyder after denying that there was any steal) came out and admitted then over their own signatures that a building that was to cost \$4,000,000 had cost over \$13,000,000, and was not completed. Then there was no commission composed of Democrats and Whigs (there were no Republicans in those days), whose appointment was made necessary by the revelations of wrong and theft by a Whig treasurer,

nor was there ever any theft or wrongdoing of any Canal Commissioner, or other Democratic officer laid bare by any Whig.

In that ancient day, as there were but few corporations to tax for state purposes, and but little money at interest that could be reached for the same purpose, it was necessary, conceded to be so, by Democrats and Whigs alike, to tax real estates, trades, professions, etc., for state purposes.

But the Gazette gives another instance in which it insists that we Democratic "saints" failed to "shout." "Thou shalt not steal" and it asks "have they forgotten the remarkable exposure of Tamany Hall, of New York, under the regime of Boss Tweed?" It was not necessary to ask the question. The Democratic "saints" have not forgotten, nor can they ever forget Tamany Hall or Boss Tweed and his cohort of thieves of 1871. It is not now, and never was necessary to "shout" to them "thou shalt not steal." Boss Tweed and his gang were not exposed by Republicans for anything they did. The Democrats of New York, under the leadership of Samuel J. Tilden, uncovered the stealings of Tweed and his clique, exposed all they had done; had Tweed, Sweeney and Cornay and others convicted and sent to prison, and for his service in exposing and breaking up this great combination of thieves and sending them to prison the people of New York, in 1874 elected him governor of that great state; and while governor he exposed and broke up and imprisoned a gang of canal thieves which had been preying on the vitals of the state. For this, and the service rendered to the public in overthrowing the Tweed Ring, he was in 1876 elected President of the United States, and by means, the most foul, he was cheated out of the great office, to which he had been elected. No Republican then "shouted" "thou shalt not steal" over this great theft, but they ever since have gloried in the tremendous crime committed against Tilden and the people of the whole country.

The stealing done in and about the construction of the new state capitol, was not exposed by a Republican, nor by any of the Republican party. It was done by Wm. H. Berry, a DEMOCRAT of great ability, fine nerve, and unflinching courage. When the exposure was first made by him he was branded by the whole Republican organization and especially by this same Gazette, as "a Liar." During the entire campaign of 1906 this was kept up. No member of the Republican organization, nor any of its newspapers, nor even its present candidate for State Treasurer, John O. Sheatz, was known to denounce this tremendous steal.

The attempt to unload this great steal on Huston and Sanderson will not wash. They have only been the active instruments. There are Republicans, who stand high up in the organization, who have received their share of the great sum of money taken from the state for cheap furniture, packed bronze chandeliers and air. While it is true a Republican governor has promised that no guilty man shall escape, some of the guilty men are in Europe, the rendezvous of others is unknown, while Huston and Sanderson have camped on the line between the U. S. and Canada.

When and where did John O. Sheatz denounce this steal as a steal or say that "no guilty man shall escape"? When and where has he promised to overthrow the old, rotter, and corrupt manner of doing things in and about the office of the state treasury; and introduce new, clean, and wholesome business methods? There is nothing that Democrats can do in denouncing this great theft, that will anywhere or at any time reflect discredit on President Roosevelt. From one end of our great country to the other he has denounced theft and corruption. He sent a whole gang of P. O. thieves to prison. He made no distinction in politics either. It was Roosevelt who said "that no man who is corrupt, no man who condones corruption in another, can fulfill his duty to the public." The whole Republican organization of the state—say and do, and resolute what they will—is now attempting to condone and cover up the most gigantic steal of the ages.

In conclusion (it may be useless, though) we would remind the Gazette, President Roosevelt also upon a prominent occasion appropriately said, that while thou shalt not steal, "The liar is no whit better than the thief."

### The Doctors' Prices.

The Williamsport Sun says: "The physicians of this city will probably have a hard time convincing the public that their leap in the price for services is warranted, especially since the medicine administered is also to be charged for as extra. It's a big dose, and not a very pleasant one, either. Under the new schedule of rates for calls the man earning but nine dollars a week must work two days to pay for a single call of his family physician, if that call be made between 10 p. m. and 7 a. m. The probability is that there will be considerable fewer calls for doctors from now on."

## SOME GOOD ADVICE TO OUR COUNCIL

### Rulings of President Keller Are without Precedent.

## BURGESS VETOED NOTHING

### Additional Light Thrown on The Pruner Orphanage Question—Duty of Councilmen—Acts of Assembly Quoted—Arbitrary Ruling.

For the benefit of members of the town council in their proceedings relating to the Pruner Orphanage, a few words are not out of place. To this time the council seems to be hinging over the resolution passed in 1905 and designated "the rescinding resolution." Its purpose was to withdraw the consent of the borough to the acceptance of the bequest of Col. Pruner. This resolution, at least three lawyers, to wit Judge Love, Mr. Hewit and the Pruner Borough Solicitor agree is not in force, and as it stands is absolutely null and void.

Not because it was necessary, but to clear up the minutes and show by them that the present council was cognizant of the fact that a repealing resolution, though useless, had been passed rescinding the one of 1905. This rescinding resolution it was, ruled by the President of the council must be approved by the Chief Burgess. This was only done to block the majority of the council. The idea that a resolution rescinding a resolution that was ineffective would have to be signed by the Chief Burgess, is so ridiculous that it is a monstrosity.

Then at the next meeting the veto of nothing was brought up, and the President insisted that a veto, without giving any reason was right, in the face of the law which declares that if he (the Burgess) "shall not approve, shall return it with his objections to the council at the next regular meeting thereof." The veto of this resolution by the Burgess, however, amounts to nothing. He vetoed nothing.

There is better authority for saying that the resolution of 1905 was ineffective and of no force, than Love, Hewit or the Borough Solicitor, good as they are, in the case of Carpenter vs. Yeardon Borough, reported in 208 Pa. 396, a mandamus proceeding to compel the publication of an ordinance which had been regularly passed. In disposing of the case on page 400 the court said: "We think the learned trial judge was in error in entering judgment against defendants (the Borough). The Third section of the Act of April 3, 1851, P. L. 320, provides that it shall be the duty of the corporate officers, a majority of whom shall be a quorum, to cause to be published in at least one newspaper, if such be printed in the proper county, and by not less than twelve advertisements, to be put up in the most public places in the Borough, every enactment, regulation, ordinance or other general law, at least ten days before the same shall take effect." This is mandatory and until the provisions of the statute have been complied with, an ordinance is not effective and is as wholly inoperative as if the municipal legislative body had not acted in the matter.

"Publication is a duty imposed upon the corporate officers, and until it is performed no rights are granted, and the observance of no duty is enjoined, by the ordinance which can be enforced by or against the municipality. Before the statute has been complied with in this respect, the ordinance remains in the hands of the officers of the corporation awaiting the performance of an act by them essential to give it validity as a law of the borough." Wherever in this quotation the words "corporate officers" are used, the court of course means councilmen. They are the corporate officers.

In the face of this clear and concise statement of the law, it is apparent that when your President insisted that the repealing resolution of 1905 was in force, he was wittingly misled you. When he insisted that the recent resolution rescinding the resolution of 1905 had to be approved by the Chief Burgess, he did so, not because it was right, but because he is determined to defeat the establishment of the orphanage, and if this cannot be accomplished any other way, he stands ready to do so by erroneous and vicious rulings.

The Act of April 3, 1851, Sec. 3 stipulates that "It shall be the duty of the corporate officers, a majority of whom shall be a quorum, to meet once a month at least; to be sworn; to keep full records of their proceedings; to publish, etc., etc. When there is a quorum present you can do all kinds of business, pass ordinances, resolutions, regulations, etc., etc. Nowhere does the law require that ordinances must be passed by a majority vote of the whole council. When therefore the President insisted recently that a resolution must have a majority of the whole council, he was wrong. The only time when the majority vote of the whole council is needed is when the Burgess has vetoed an ordinance or resolution regularly passed as required by the Act of May 23, 1893.

The rescinding resolution of a few weeks ago was passed outright. Under the decision above quoted it was not necessary. But with it your minutes will forever show that you shut off the possibility of any one hereafter reviving the resolution of 1905.

The passage of the Organization ordinance would however close the door to the revival of the 1905 resolution. It is an old rule of law, that in all legislation, in case of conflict between two acts, the old must give way to the new. This applies to all ordinances and resolutions, indeed to all proceedings of councils.

FOR THE ORPHANAGE.

The Milroy Banking Co. opened its doors for business. The business the first day was beyond their expectation, the deposits amounting to over \$30,000.

Screen doors have their spring openings all summer.

## RECENT DEATHS.

MISS MARY E. GORDON—died suddenly Friday morning at her home in Verona, the little hamlet on the hill east of the Nittany Furnace. The deceased was thirteen years of age and seemed to be in perfect health up until a short time of her demise. During the morning she took a number of eggs to the chicken coop with the idea of setting a hen. Before she had accomplished her purpose the eggs fell from her hands to the ground. Some of the inmates of the house, noticing her queer actions, went to her relief and took her into the house. A physician was quickly summoned who found the young lady was suffering from a stroke of apoplexy, something that seldom occurs with one so young. Her one side was entirely paralyzed, and when she talked her tongue went to the side. She grew worse until Friday morning when she passed away. She was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Gordon, and an exceedingly bright young lady. She had many friends who will greatly miss her. She was in Bellefonte Wednesday with no indications that the vital cord was to be broken so suddenly. The funeral took place Sunday afternoon from the Evangelical church and was largely attended.

ROBERT HAMIL MOORE—died in Philipsburg, Friday afternoon at 1 o'clock. The deceased was born at State College, this county, November 25th, 1861, making his age 45 years, 8 months and 1 day. He has resided in Philipsburg about 17 years, being associated with his brother-in-law, Geo. R. Mock, in building up the extensive business of the Philipsburg Beef Co., whose wholesale plant has become one of our most flourishing industries. He was married to Miss Sallie Shreck, of Lemont, Centre county, to whom six children were born. She survives, together with two daughters and two sons, viz: Maude, Elizabeth, Frederick and Edward. His mother, residing at Mercersburg, and three sisters and two brothers also survive, viz: Mrs. Alice Johnstonbaugh, State College; Mrs. Margaret McGee, Williamsburg; Mrs. Maude Miller, Mercersburg; Archy, Juniata, and John, of Philipsburg. The deceased was a member of the Presbyterian church, and also a member of the school board. The funeral took place on Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment in the Philipsburg cemetery.

Mrs. ISABELLA STINE—wife of James Stine, the blind man, who keeps store on Thomas street, died Sunday afternoon at 5 o'clock after a prolonged illness from dropsy of the kidneys. The deceased was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Fetzler, of Boggs twp., and she was born in Boggs twp. August 10th, 1844, making her age 62 years, 11 months, and 12 days. She is survived by her husband, James A. Stine, the blind man who keeps the store on Thomas street, and the following children: Harvey R., of Bellefonte; Mrs. Miles Heaton, of Milesburg; Allison W., of Bellefonte; Clair E., of Johnstown; Ellis J., of Bellefonte. One child, Maggie, is deceased. She also leaves the following brothers and sisters: Frank Fetzler, of Clearfield; Michael Fetzler, of Johnstown; Mrs. Mary Butler, of Austin; Miss Lizzie Fetzler and Mrs. Susan Creps, of Clearfield. Sunday evening the remains were taken to the home of her daughter, Mrs. Heaton, at Milesburg, from which place the funeral services were held on Tuesday at 2 p. m. Interment was made at the Advent cemetery.

W. W. MAYES—died Monday afternoon, of last week, at the residence of his son-in-law, Dr. J. Finley Bell, in Englewood, N. J. He was apparently in good health, and was enjoying himself in a chair on the front porch; fifteen minutes prior to his demise Dr. Bell drove past the porch when the aged gentleman nodded to him, with no sign that anything was wrong. Shortly afterwards he was found dead by Dr. Bell's son. He evidently passed away peacefully as he was sitting in a perfectly natural position. Deceased was 82 years and 4 months old and was born in Ferguson township, Centre county, where he spent the early half of his life. Thirty years or more ago he moved to Clearfield county where he lived until about twelve years ago when he went to make his home with his daughter and son-in-law, Dr. and Mrs. J. Finley Bell. His wife died a number of years ago and his only surviving child is Mrs. Bell. The remains were taken to Granton where the funeral was held on Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. JOHN W. MERSINGER—died at her home July 24, in Tusseyville, having been an invalid for three years. The following children survive: Mrs. Alfred Osman, Altoona; John H. Mersinger, Rowles, N. D.; Mrs. Wm. J. Hess, Whitaker, Pa.; and Philip E. Mersinger, at home. Also the following brothers and sisters: John D. Decker, Potter Mills; Geo. Decker, Potter twp.; Conrad Decker, Coburn; Mrs. Peter Ripka, State College; Mrs. Wm. Reiber, Tusseyville; Mrs. Theodore Moyer, Port Royal; Mrs. James B. Weagley, Bellefonte. She was aged 71 years and 4 months. Interment took place at Tusseyville on Saturday.

MAX SCHELL—one of the best known citizens in the upper Bald Eagle valley, died at his home near Dix station, on Saturday evening, July 20, of general disabilities. Deceased was eighty-two years of age and was born in Bavaria, Germany. For a number of years he lived in Taylor township, this county, finally moving to a farm near Dix. He is survived by a family of five children. The funeral was held on Tuesday morning, interment being made in Oak Grove cemetery.

EDWARD KNEFF—whose parents reside near Port Matilda, but who for some time past has been employed as a clerk in the Vaican Trading company's store at Wallacetown, died recently of appendicitis. Deceased was about twenty-one years of age and a steady, industrious young man. He is survived by his wife who was Miss Lizzie Rothrock, of Centre Hill, and to whom he was married less than three months ago, his parents and a number of brothers and sisters survive.

## BUSINESS MEN WILL PICNIC AT HECLA

### All Arrangements Completed For a Large Gathering

## ON TUESDAY, AUGUST 20TH

### Centre and Clinton Counties Will Have Their Annual Reunion—Good Game of Ball—Splendid Line of Amusements

Don't forget that the Business Men's Picnic of Centre and Clinton counties will be held at Hecla Park, on Tuesday, August 20. Tuesday afternoon of this week an enthusiastic meeting of the executive committee was held at the Nittany Country Club. There were 37 members present, all of whom expressed themselves ready to do anything to make this outing a booming success. Just before the call was made for dinner, it was discovered that Frank Nagney, of Bellefonte, had just reached his 42nd birthday, there was one grand rush made for the gentleman and the friendly mob took him to the apple orchard where they began trying to batter down a tree, using the lower part of his anatomy as a battering ram. He was swung up against the butt of the tree forty-two times until his teeth were rattling; the result was he had to eat on a cushion while he partook of the sumptuous meal which was elegantly served, and for which the guests owed many thanks to Frank Warfield, freight and passenger agent for the Central Railroad of Penna. The meeting was presided over by A. C. Mingle, the president; assisted by J. C. Meyer, secretary; \$625 was assigned proportionately to the various committees for the amusements of the day. John D. Sourbeck, chairman of the amusement committee, stated that arrangements had been made for a game of base ball between the Philipsburg team and the Autos, of Lock Haven, for a purse of \$50. He reported other interesting amusements. Hard P. Harris suggested that the members of the committee take an active part entertaining the crowd which was well received. Frank Warfield, on behalf of the railroad company, stated that the train service on that occasion would be O. K. Joel Herr spoke of the kind of privileges that should be granted on the ground that day. He was opposed to fakirs and gamblers. Both the press of Lock Haven and Bellefonte was represented and as usual they had their share of the good things.

### A Cowardly Attack.

A workman at the Agricultural building at State College, named Curry, struck William Allen, a clerk in Meek's drug store, while the latter was chopping ice on the sidewalk in front of the store, Thursday morning. Curry claims that Allen had made some insulting remarks about his wife, which the latter denied, when all at once Curry struck him in the face, cutting his lip through and knocking him down.

Allen was so badly cut that the blood gushed out and formed into pools on the sidewalk. Curry stood over Allen and threatened to do him further injury if he attempted to regain his feet. He also stated that "he had a good mind to go into the store and kill the cur."

It appeared from the information that could be gathered in the matter that young Allen was not the author of the remarks attributed to him. The act was a cowardly one and the aggressor should be taught a lesson that he'll not soon forget.

### Two Shocking Accidents.

Charles D. Shoemaker, aged thirteen years of Conestoga, was shot and accidentally killed by his uncle, Henry Mull, of near Mifflinburg, Sunday morning. The young boy, with his grandmother, unexpectedly visited the Muls, who were at church when they arrived. They hid in the house expecting to play a joke on them on their return, were mistaken for burglars and the shot was fired before their identity was known.

### Tyrone—Hecla Picnic.

The Tyrone business men's picnic will be held at Hecla Park on August 29. The Herald thinks 3000 Tyroneans will attend. Fare \$1.25, children under 12 years 65 cents. An orchestra of 12 pieces will entertain the crowd en route and at the Park. All kinds of amusements and decent entertainments will be provided for. It will be Tyrone's biggest outing—free to all.

### Annual Camp Meeting.

The annual camp meeting of the Du Bois district, Oil City conference, Free Methodist church will be held in Athletic park Philipsburg, August 15 to August 25. There will be services each week by Rev. J. C. Davidson, pastor of Tyrone, has charge of the preliminary arrangements. Tickets are rented upon application to Rev. J. J. Zahnisher, district elder, of Fleming.

### Wagner Reunion.

The biennial reunion of the Wagner connection will be held Aug. 7, 1907, in Granger Park, Centre Hall. All the relatives and friends of same are hereby cordially invited to be present. Throw the cares of life away for that day and come enjoy yourselves. Bring provisions enough along and spend the whole day.

### A State College Instructor.

Charles L. Kinsloe, of Lock Haven, resigned his position as instructor in electrical engineering in the Western University of Pennsylvania at Pittsburg to accept a similar one at State College. He will enter upon his duties at the latter institution at the beginning of the college year in September.

## FACT, FUN AND FANCY.

### Bright, Sparkling Paragraphs—Selected and Original.

### THE LIVING PRESENT.

One life is all we have to live; Why burden any day with woe? It takes a moment to forgive The injury of long ago. Why waste a day remembering Sights that may not have been intended? Why dread the smart or fear the sting? Of blows that never have descended? Why let a joy unheeded pass? If we may claim it as our own? Why shape your lips to sigh "Alas!" When gladness may be in your tone? The joys we claim with those we give Should fade by day be fairly blended; One life is all we have to live, And soon its little span is ended. —S. E. Kiser.

When courtship ends in matrimony a man's troubles begin. Some men marry widows so they won't have to buy new furniture. Many a girl who says she wouldn't marry a man unless she could look up to him, ends by marrying a saved-off little runt which only comes to her shoulder.

### FOR BETTER STREETS.

Since the contractor has commenced work on the new State road between here and Milesburg the community is becoming interested more and more in the question of improving our highways. The citizens of Milesburg have come to the conclusion that the State road is a good thing for the community that takes advantage of the generous offer of the State, to bear the greater portion of the burden. They have found a petition to have the road extended through their town to the bridge across the Bald Eagle creek which would be an extension of about a half-mile to the part that is now under construction adjoining that Borough in Spring twp.

At the last session of Bellefonte council, Solicitor J. Thomas Mitchell, very thoughtfully brought this matter to the attention of the Borough fathers and it was received with considerable favor. His proposition was to have the State road extended through the borough limits taking in parts of the following streets: Linn, Allegheny, and out Bishop to the Spring twp. line. This would take in over a mile of the most frequently traveled portions of the town, and the state would pay about 75 per cent of the cost, as well as help to maintain it.

Some contend that the state does not put down roads that would extend from curb to curb in a town like this where the streets are about 50 feet wide. That quite likely is true, but then it must be remembered that a road that has a strip of about 16 feet wide properly macadamized would be a wonderful improvement on the present roads of our town. Then we must consider that we have water pipes, gas pipes and the steam heat mains all on the side of the streets to contend with and these would soon destroy any street along a side of that could be built. For that reason the state road would be sufficiently wide. The Borough street committee should go over this proposition very carefully and, if there is any such opportunity for bettering our streets at such a small outlay, they should take advantage of the offer at once and prepare a petition for that purpose.

### HAYWOOD IS ACQUITTED.

William D. Haywood, secretary and treasurer of the Western Federation of Miners, was acquitted on Sunday of the charge of having been a party to a conspiracy which resulted in the murder of former Governor Frank Steuneger, of Idaho. This verdict was unexpected to many close observers of the long trial, who up to the last moment predicted that the jury would fail to agree.

The prosecution made out a strong case, but not so strong as to eliminate all reasonable doubt in the jurors' minds of the defendant's innocence. It was hampered also by the fact that the chief witness, Orchard, confessed himself to be one of the worst criminals who ever lived, having murdered a score of persons, a fact which undoubtedly greatly influenced the jury in weighing his testimony. While his evidence was corroborated in some points by other testimony, nevertheless the jurors were not convinced of the truth of some of his most important statements.

The case excited so much popular feeling both for and against the prisoner that there was much doubt as to whether a jury could be found which would be able to agree. The difficulty arose over a strike and finally organized labor in that section became involved and many atrocities were committed. The state militia was needed to quell the riots and bloodshed was frequent. Haywood was charged with conspiracy to kill certain state officials, who had been assassinated.

### Labor Day.

The citizens in the vicinity of Snow Shoe will observe Labor Day this year by a grand picnic in the Driving park at that place, on Monday, September 2nd. There will be two games of base ball, morning and afternoon, between teams that will be selected later. There will be a good program arranged consisting of potato races, sack races, foot races and other sports. An orchestra will provide choice music for dancing in the pavilion. Choice refreshments of all kinds will be continuously on sale. Good meals will be served: Dinner from 11 to 2 p. m., at 50 cents; supper from 7 to 7 at 25 cents.

The picnic will be under the directions of St. Mary's Catholic church, of Snow Shoe, who extend a cordial invitation to all to attend.

### The Dale's Reunion.

The Dale Family reunion will be held Saturday, August 3rd, in the Grange hall at Oakhall. This is not only for the members of this distinguished family, but the public is cordially invited. There will be several excellent addresses by prominent members of the family, and others. At noon an elaborate dinner will be served, and from a social standpoint these annual gatherings have always proven a great success.