The Centre Democrat. Part 2. MAGAZINE SECTION.

## DIVA OF GRAND OPERA.

MPLE LIFE FOR MRS. JULIAN STORY WHEN SEASON IS OVER FOR EMMA EAMES.

Noted Singer Flies to Husband at Italian Home as Soon as Last Note of Contract Season t alls from Her Golden Throat.

There are thousands of Madame her sing this season, will think they know her well. They will have seen her in the trailing robes of Juliet, or cident. Oh! we have droll times." the simple gown of Marguerite; darkskinned as Aida or fair and white as Sympathy is meat and drink to the singer; but, in the spring when the big is in them. theater home of her triumphs is

As soon as she reaches her Italian estate she becomes Mrs. Julian Story. It is the beginning of the simple life; of household duties and dairy superintendence; of the friendship of little of favorite flowers in a personal garden, and the companionship of a husband.

Mrs. Story was reared in New Eagland; Mr. Story in Rome. They have a luxurious house in Paris, but it is this sunny mountain slope in Italy that awakens a responsive throb when the home longing is keen and the applause of the public fails to reach the heart.

OLD VALLOMBROSA MONASTERY.

Many years ago, W. W. Story, traveling for his health in Italy found the beauty of the Appenines

### "It's simply fine in you to come. Have some seltzer!" cried the lady. A hearty laugh from the group on the

terrace broke in upon her greeting and made her call hastily: "Don't tell any stories about me. Let us go over there," she said, rising, "one can never afford to miss a good laugh, and German dialect is too rare on these premises to be slighted I often wish that I had one of my own, or that Joe Weber, Lew Fields or Sam Bernard could hear some of the attempts at English that reach my ears during the opera season. Emma Eames' admirers who, hearing As it is, I can only enjoy them for a moment and repeat them afterward to some one who can perpetuate the in-

mor, and quite loses herself as she the young bride, Elsa. They will find listens to a group of story-tellers. Unin her a neighbor, giving plenty of like most strong personalities, she heart and strength and personality to does not rob those around her of poise those who weep or thrill as they listen. and ease, but possesses the rare faculty of bringing out the very best that

After dinner that wonderful even closed, Madame Emma Eames flies to ing music came in for its share. The Vallombrosa where sympathy awaits. last Wagnerian production to the popular songs of the season was the range. A fragment of "Tammany" was sung by that voice which will go down in history, and the chorus was taken up in many keys by the dinner guests. chickens, new puppies and old ponies, All had heard the voice before, but it was not Madame Eames of Grand Opera who sang. It was Mrs. Julian Story singing to her friends.

### From Above the Clouds.

The view of a storm-cloud from above is one of the most interesting sights ever beheld by man. According to a famous aeronaut, a storm view from that position has the appearance of a vast sea of boiling, upheaving snow. The falling of the rain can be distinctly heard, making a noise like a water to culminate in the stretch of land fall over a precipice. The thunder known as Vallombrosa. The monas-tery of the name, founded in the tenth loud, and the flashes of lightning ap-

# JUVENILE GARDENING.

JAMESTOWN EXPOSITION HAS A MODEL SCHOOL GARDEN OF A HUNDRED BOYS.

Practical Demonstrations by Department of Agriculture and Various States-Landscape Improvements and Beautifications.

Among the many novel features at the Jamestown Exposition is the garden work by school children. One hundred boys from the public schools a national success. Mrs. Story has a keen sense of hu- of Norfolk, Newport News and Hampton, near the Exposition grounds, were selected by their teachers to carry out flowers, shady lanes and streets and the plans for a school garden at the the Exposition are studies for the peo-Exposition. Special trolley cars con- ple, worthy of the most careful atveyed these young gardeners and their tention. It will not be an exposition



BELLEFONTE, PA. THURSDAY AUGUST 16, 1906.

vines.

builder will find worthy of following.

This fence is eight feet high, made of

several strands of wire, and running

over the wire in every direction, com-

pletely covering it, are vines of honey-

suckle, crimson rambler, rose and trumpet creeper, making what seems to

be an immense hedge of flowering

HOME IMPROVEMENTS.

its many thousand visitors with the

spirit of home improvement and with

a determination to go back home and

make of their own towns, or houses

and grounds models of beauty and con-

venience, it will go far toward proving

Rustic benches and bridges, pretty

walks under canopies of vines and

If the Exposition results in imbuing

THE 1000 YEAR OLD POWHATAN OAK.

teachers to the grounds, April 16, 1906, of commercialism, but one showing the and under direction of Warren H. beauties of nature and the value of Manning, landscape designer of the science in peace as well as in war.

Exposition, every boy was assigned to a small plot of ground in the garden and was given seeds to plant and instructions how to plant them. In these gardens are now growing beans, peas, parsnips, carrots, marshmallow, parsley and other vegetables. They are attended by their little gardeners and are kept clean and free from weeds, most of the boys taking a special pride

in their gardens. This is but a preliminary training given to his doings, incident to the prominence or the schoolchildren in gardening. a Jamestown Exposition. The romantic

RELICS OF JAMESTOWN.

Site of Exposition Battleground of Conflicts Between Early Settlers and Indians.

Of all the Smiths who have er most famous, due to the prominence

## FARM HIGH SCHOOL.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN EDUCA. TIONAL METHODS IN THRIV-ING KANSAS TOWN.

Consolidation of the Sod-House Schoos into a Large and Well Equipped high School-Students Imbibe the Spirit of Village Improvement.

Actual examples of successes-of things that already have been doneare more convincing than a thousand plausible arguments to prove what possibly can be done. The Department of Agriculture cites a case in Kansas, showing the practical operation of a county high school, which has done much for Norton County, and which, if faithfully worked out, in other instances, would give a tremendous impetus to any other county in any state.

Kansas has local option in the establishment of county high schools. As a result several sparsely settled counties or counties in which there are few large towns are supporting such schools. Norton County, which a few years ago was cotted with sod school houses, and which still has \$112 in value for a grain-judging many sod dwelling houses, now supports a good county high school in the village of Norton, a town c\* 1500 inhabitants, located near the geopraphical center of the county. The high school building is of brick, 2 stories high, over a well lighted basement, and is located on the outskirts of the village, where land can be easily secured. The basement contains furnace and fuel rooms, lavatories, and a course. It is proving popular in the gymnasium. On the first floor is a physics and chemistry room, a natural judice I had anticipated at the outset." history room, a music and art room, and the rooms of the business department. The second floor contains an assembly and study room and two re citation rooms. The apparatus and other equipment for the work in physics, chemistry, and natural history are exceptionally good for a small high school. There is also a good library and a reading room with current newspapers and magazines.

The expense of running the school in 1903-4 was \$9 588, including \$4,430 for teachers' salaries and \$5,158 for buildings, grounds, and incidentals. This was a year when considerable sums were spent for furniture, apparatus, supplies, and additional land. The running expenses for the first six months in 1905 were \$3,775. Heretofore five teachers have been employed, out this year there are six.

NO FARMING TAUGUT. Previous to this year the Norton County High School has offered college preparatory, normal, business and genFarm Notes,

Choice Fiction,

Current Topics.

the country for eight days in the interests of the new course of study. As a result, considerable interest was aroused in the proposed new work, a tentative agricultural course was outlined, and arrangements were made with the three farm implement dealers of the town to open their warehouses to the classes in agriculture and furnish experts to give instruction on the mechanics, care, and use of farm machinery.

### STARTING IN AGRICULTURE.

The agricultural work of the course includes botany, with special reference to variation, development of species, hybridization, and the influence of light, heat, moisture, etc., on the plant; soils and tillage; plant physiology, farm crops, grain judging, and horticulture; farm accounts; farm management, including farm plans, methods of cropping, farm machinery and its care, and rural economies with special reference to the problems of a

business nature that will be met on the farm; animal production and stock judging, and dairying. The teacher of agriculture reports that the implement dealers have given further evidence of their interest in the agricultural course by effering prizes aggregating contest, open to all young men in the country, and that these prizes have been supplemented by a \$15 suit of clothes from a clothing dealer. Continuing, he says: "I am well pleased with the way the boys take hold of the work. Out of 70 boys we have 9 enrolled in the agricultural course, and I think most of the first-year boys will take it up when they get to it in the school and entirely free from the pre-This is the nucleus of an important experiment in education. Norton is just in the edge of the great semiarid region of the Middle West. Agricultural practice in that region differs materially from that of the more humid regions on the one hand and from that of the irrigated districts on the other. The teacher of agriculture is thoroughly familiar with the agriculture of the region, and has but recently graduated from an agricultural college which is devoting much study to the problems of the hundredth meridian belt. The agriculture of this belt is extensive. Here one man works as much land as four or five men in the

East: he cultivates three rows of corn at one crossing of the field, and does other things on an equally extensive scale. Improved farm machinery makes 'his method of farming possible. It s therefore of the greatest importance at much attention to farm machinery e given in the agricultural course t the Norton County High School. "he cereals (corn and wheat) are the



MADAME EMMA EAMES. A Popular Favorite of Grand Opera.

century, was in the hands of a few | pear like streaks of intensely white monks. The scattering of the monastic light on the surface of the gray-colored order was the first of innovations. The vapor.

locality, famed for its health-giving properties, offers peace and immunity from the world, in a few hotels and sanitoriums. Two or three American millionaires have erected summer homes on near-by hill tops and several families of the aristocracy of Florence spend the hot months here in feudal strongholds.

The shooting box of the ancient Medici family, where the American poet lived and died, is occupied by his daughter; and Julian Story, because the spot is endeared to him through his father's memory, has built on a farm of many acres a great square tower and hall. Campiglioni is the farm, and Torre Di Campiglioni is the home, which signifies the happy abode of art and good fellowship.

and Story paints pictures, spends his energy wherever his portrait commissions may take him while his wife is singing. To the visiting friend of the singer the 20 mile trip from Florence was a fitting approach to her beautiful retreat. The road which eventually led up to the terrace of Il Torre was tied in bowknots, and worked out like a puzzle. The puzzle When the humming bird brays like an ass. was solved, however, and in the open living room or "loggia," Mr. Story gave me hearty welcome.

### ENTIRELY DEMOCRATIC.

The girl who had been separated ty professional etiquette from the great singer, looked forward with some apprehension to meeting a divinity in sweeping sun-embroidered velvet draperies. Soon Mrs. Story came out in a white duck skirt and a drawnwork shirtwaist. (A 50)

JOHN WESLEY'S "POEM."

Representative J. W. Gaines of Ten nessee, Created Roars of Amusement in the House, During Closing Days of Session by Reciting "When Democ-racy Will Die."

'When the lions eat grass like an ox, And the Asherman swallows the whale; When the terrapins knit woolen socks, And the hare is outrun by the snail; When serpents walk upright like men, And doodle bugs travel like frogs; When the grasshopper feeds on the hen, And feathers are found on the hogs; When Thomas cats swim in the air. And elephants roost upon trees;

When insects in summer are rare, And shuff never makes people sneeze; When the fish creep over dry land, And mules on velocipedes ride; When foxes lay eggs in the sand, And women in dress take no pride; When Dutchmen no longer drink beer, And girls get to 'preaching' on time; And limburger smells like cologne; When plowshares are made out of glass, And hearts of Tennesseeans are stone; When sense grows in Republican heads, 

In the Friends' burial grounds, in Salem, N. J., there stands the largest oak tree in the State and possibly the largest in the United States. It is now used as the "trade mark" of the New Jersey Forestry Association.

trial heat, as it were, for the race next days of Pocahontas and Captain John year. The actual work is to be taken Smith are vividly recalled by the old up at the Jamestown Exposition next spring.

PRIZES FOR BEST GARDENS.

Those who have made a success of of the three hundredth ar versary of their gardens this season will be given the first permanent English settlement preference next year and will have in America was once an Indian village their same gardens. The Exposition occupied by the Powhatans, the mest Company will give prizes or medals for the best cultivated garden on the Exposition grounds and the young east of the Ohio River several cengardeners will be given some valu- turies ago.

Near the State Exhibits Building ble lessons in agriculture. The U.S. Department of Agriculture and some stands a majestic live oak tree, the of the state departments will have ex- "Powhatan Oak," estimated to be perimental stations and gardens at nearly 1,000 years old, which was a the Exposition as object lessons to favorite camping ground of the Inthe young as well as older gardeners. dians before America was discovered

The young minds amongsthe visitors by the Palefaces. Here were held which have a bent toward agricultural councils of war when the only weappursuits will have an opportunity to ons in use were stone hatchets, stone learn much of value in the way of till- war clubs, spears with stone points ing the soil. They will learn when to and bows and arrows. plant, what to plant and how to plant, heads used were made of flint, chipped to get the best results. They will down to a cutting edge, almost also be given an opportunity to study sharp as a knife, every arrow head coils and their treatment, and how to representing many hours of hard and enrich and improve them. Tree plant- patient toil. Scores of these flint aring and transplanting will constitute row-heads are being found on the Exanother phase of Uncle Sam's object position ground, in excavating for lessons, as are done at other govern- streets and buildings. Some of them ment experimental stations. At the are broken, perhaps by striking some St. Louis Exposition Uncle Sam's gar. foe of the Indians in battle or some dens and the children's gardens proved wild animal-in those days the woods exceedingly interesting as well as in- about Hampton Roads were alive with structive to the farmers who were deer, bear and other animals. At Sewise enough to appreciate the bene- well's Point where these relics are fits to be derived from them. At the found were fought bloody battles be-Jamestown Exposition it is expected tween the early English settlers and Agricultural Department will the Indians and, according to old Inthe broaden its scope of instructions in dian traditions, this was also the many ways and surpass its efforts at batttle ground on which warring Indian tribes desperately contended for the right of domain, long before the

#### WILD WOODS BECOME PARKS

The landscape gardening which has transformed a wild woods into one of the most beautiful scenic parks, will Chesapeake Bay, the beautiful huntalso serve as an object lesson to farm- ing grounds along the water courses ers and all who have grounds to beautify with flowers, shrubs and trees. this locality made this particular More than a million plants and trees the Exposition аге growing on grounds, many of which have been transplanted; others are native to the Itos Among the trees transplanted dian nations that once controlled this were several hundred old trees, some comprising an apple orchard, whose trees were removed and planted formed into a magnificent internationaround the thirty-acre drill plain on al exposition ground, just outside the the grounds. These and the pines, cedars, dogwoods and other trees have not suffered by being transplanted. Even trees which were hauled many miles over land and water and planton the Exposition grounds are thrifty. They have all been handled under the guidance of landscape engin-The work has been done scien- can Institute of Instruction at New eers. tifically and skillfully. The results are Haven favoring the installing of inseen in the fine condition of the trees. dustrial departments in every efficient

The arrangement of trees, flowers school system. The institute also and plants of all kinds, in various placed itself on record as holding that parts of the Exposition grounds can in view of recent developments of disbe studied to great advantage by all honesty in high places and of the inlandscape gardeners, and the unique crease of crime in different directions, fence of wire and flowering vines, is it is the duty of the teachers to per-a study worth going miles to see, a sistently train the American youth in magnificent model which every fence honesty, integrity, and uprightness.

Virginia.

lated in any direct way to the leading Indian and frontiersmen's relics which have been dug up in preparing the ground for the Jamestown Exposition. The site selected for the celebration

The arrow

occurrence of the historic event which

the Jamestown Exposition commemo

rates. The valuable fisheries of what

are now called Hampton Roads and

and the many attractions peculiar to

point of land very desirable, and for

its possessions Indian tribes warred

with one another. Now, after cen-

turies have gone by and the old In-

region have passed away, their an-

cient battle fields have been trans-

corporate limits of the city of Norfolk,

Want Industrial Training.

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industry of the county-farming. The ounty superintendent of schools said great staples. that his attention had been forcibly

eral science courses, but no course re | eading field crops, hence the importance of grain-judging contes's and other school work relating to these

The county superintendent of schools firected to this lack in the curriculum has expressed the hope that the school of the high school by the experience may also do much work that will be of a young man who came to the school of immediate practical benefit to the rom one of the many large farms in agriculture of the country, such as the vicinity, took the four-year busi- testing seeds for viability, or germinness course, spent one year in a local ating power, and milk and cream for ank at \$30 a month, and then con- butter fat; treating oats and wheat



cluded that he would gain in both for smut and potatoes for scab; spray-purse and pleasure by going back to ing trees and garden crops for insect the farm. Such a young man, and pests and diseases, and making plans there are many like him in the Norton for farm buildings, roads, water sys-County High School, would have wel- tems, etc. Such work could be done comed an agricultural course, and largely by the pupils at school or on would have gone back to the farm the different farms on Saturdays. It much better prepared for the duties of would be educational and at the same life than he was with a business train- time would make the farmers feel ing. So the county superintendent of that they were getting some immediate schools and the other members of the tangible return for the taxes paid in

board of trustees decided that an support of the school. agricultural course should take the place of the general science course, and hired a graduate of the Kansas State

Agricultural College to teach agricul-Resolutions were recently adopted ture and other sciences in the high home be long, it arrives thin, exhaustat the closing sessions of the Amerischool. ture, while making a trip through the sented to it, it refuses to eat, conshort-grass country," learned of the tenting itself with drinking a little enterprise, became much interested in water, and then sleeping. it, and in response to an appeal for three hours later it begins to eat with aid sent a representative of the Office great moderation, and sleeps again of Experiment Stations to Norton to immediately afterwards. If its fight their their start it. The president of the has been very prolonged the pigeon Kansas State Agricultural College also will proceed in this manner for forty-responded to a call for assistance and eight hours before recovering its normade one of a party of four that toured | mal mode of feeding.

## The Homer Pigeon.

The homer pigeon, when traveling, seldom feeds, and if the distance to its Secretary Wilson of Agricul- ed, and almost dying. If corn be pre-Two or

St. Louis.