

The Centre Democrat.

CHAS. R. KURTZ, - - PROPRIETOR

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EDITORIAL.

ROOSEVELT has pretty near the entire democratic platform. That is right for he knows a good thing, only proper credit should be given.

If Farmer Daley understands the situation, the editor of the Gazette gave him a double shuffle in the last issue that put Daley out of business.

If Colonel William Jennings Bryan doesn't hurry home there will not be a plank of his platform left outside of the White House.—Boston Globe.

HENRY QUIGLEY is not so sure of reaching the state senate this trip. A whole lot of obstacles are looming up in his pathway, in Centre, also over in Clearfield county.

DEMOCRATS have reason to rejoice that Farmer Daley was not nominated last week, as he would have polled a strong vote among the farmers of the county. John Noll knows that.

The republicans are still gunning around to find a decent man for governor. One fact appears to be settled, that if Watres is nominated by the Penrose machine more trouble will follow as the Lincoln republicans will not support such a man, and a revolt is sure to follow.

THE FAMILY being absent the cat and the parrot got into a fight, resulting in the latter losing all its feathers. On return of the folks the parrot cried out, "We had a hell of a time." That's what Roosevelt had this week in the Chandler-Tillman-Bailey-Knox-Spooner-Forker affair—Teddy losing all his feathers.

GIVE a thief six months control of the premises he robbed after he is charged with the theft and he will be very apt to destroy all evidence of his crime. So with the thieves who robbed the State Treasury for 30 years. They had six months in which to fix things and that they have completed the fixing is not surprising.

SUPPOSE Charley Freyberger should be elected to the legislature, would he not vote in favor of re-electing Penrose to the senate? That would be misrepresenting the sentiment of the people of Centre county. Outside of Judge Love and his little following of republicans, no one in Centre county is in favor of Penrose and that will block Freyberger's way at the polls.

If the Gazette had given Farmer Daley a "square deal" the republican county ticket would have had some different names on it. They took this occasion to punish Farmer Daley because he had a mind of his own during a recent judicial campaign. With all that, Mr. Daley polled almost every vote in the lower Baldeagle valley and defeated Capt. Fryberger in Philipsburg, but the organization, the Gazette and Love fixed him finally, but only by a narrow margin. That shows the man's strength and popularity with the public.

STATE TREASURER Betty's plan to safeguard the public funds by requiring banks and trust companies holding State deposits to render a sworn account of their loans and other information as to their condition and methods of doing business was approved by the State Board of Revenue Commissioners. Betty's plan is in the line of Treasury reform and will make it impossible for banking houses holding State funds to advance cash to politicians in exchange for public deposits without the fact being known, as was done under the reign of the old Treasury ring.

SENATORIAL candidates announce this week in another part of this issue. The first was Hon. Robt. M. Foster, who served two terms in the state legislature and is engaged in the mercantile business at State College. The next was Senator Wm. C. Heinle, who formerly filled that position and seeks another reelection from the district, which now is composed of Centre and Clearfield counties. Either of these gentlemen are competent and if nominated and elected would fill the position acceptably. It is reported that George Dimeling will receive the endorsement of Clearfield county; he likewise is a strong man. In any event therefore, democrats can be assured of a good candidate who will have chances of winning. Predictions are that this will be a democratic year, with gains all along the lines.

HONEST CONFESSION.

"The Republican party can no longer with safety permit itself to be identified with the railroad abuses and the Standard Oil crimes, as it has been identified with them in the Senate chamber. The American people are not indifferent to the fact that the leader of the party in the Senate, and the special champion of the tariff in that body, is the most ardent opponent of legislation for the regulation of the railroads, and is charged with special fondness for the oil company.

Such a man may wreck his party more swiftly and surely than its enemies can destroy it. We do not hesitate to declare that the Senators who have resisted the popular will in this contest with the railroads have done more to bring the party into disfavor, to put the tariff into jeopardy and to insure a Democratic majority in the next House than the Democrats could ever have done.

Even now the people plainly perceive that, if the battle for popular rights shall be won at all, the victory will be due to the fact that the Democrats turned in and helped the faithful Republicans. A party that can win triumphs for justice only with the help of its opponents really has not much to boast of, after all."

The above is from a leading republican paper, the North American, which is fearless, aggressive and outspoken, yet ever for republican principles.

The following is an extract from an editorial in the Williamsport Grit, a non-political paper of wide circulation:

"Fostered by a protective tariff, the moneyed and corporate interests of this country have grown so strong that they observe when convenient, but violate it when their purposes require. In other words, they serve notice that the next presidential campaign will be fought on the issue of the corporations vs. the people."

"This is the first time in the history of the country that money has opposed itself avowedly and openly to the people themselves. The campaign of 1892 presented conditions leading to the suspicion that corporate interests were taking a very interested part in the election. The campaign of 1896 in a large measure sustained the charge that corporate interests were behind the Republican candidate, although at that time conditions existed which seemed to deprive that charge of the force and influence it might otherwise have had. During the campaign of 1900 the same conditions were accentuated, so that the people were given little opportunity to register the protest that they otherwise would have made. The corporations propose to have their innings."

"With notice served so far in advance by the corporations, the people, the real rulers, ought to be able to demonstrate their power to continue the campaign of law enforcement now fully inaugurated. If they fully understand the political conditions, there is no doubt that they will do so. That they do understand them should be the purpose of every intelligent patriot, for the issue of 1903 will be of supreme importance to the general welfare."

SENATOR PENROSE, the creature of Quay and head of the machine, is busy at work to bring about harmony in the republican ranks. At the bottom of his "harmony" desire is his concern to be re-elected to the senate. If he were sincerely in favor of harmony, he would stand aside, and tell the republicans that in the interest of party harmony, he would not be a candidate for re-election. The main cause of the want of harmony is Penrose's candidacy—the honest element in the party is dead set against the rooster and will have none of him. Let the corruptionist step aside and see how soon there will be a change of sentiment among republicans in favor of "harmony."

The democratic primary election will be held in this county on Saturday June 2nd, and the convention on the following Tuesday. This will likely be the last convention as the new primary election law goes into effect next year.

Some women want to die before they get old, while others prefer to bleach.

CONGRESS.

We are hereby authorized to announce the name of H. S. TAYLOR of Bellefonte Borough, as a candidate for the nomination for Congress in the 21st Congressional district, subject to the rules of the Democratic party of Centre county and the Congressional conference.

ASSEMBLY.

We are authorized to announce the name of JOHN NOLL, of Bellefonte borough, as a candidate for re-election to the assembly of Pa., subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

SENATE.

We are authorized to announce the name of W. C. HEINLE, of Bellefonte, as a candidate for the office of State Senate, subject to the decision of the district conference.

We are authorized to announce the name of R. M. FOSTER, of State College, as a candidate for the office of State Senate subject to the decision of the district conference.

JURY COMMISSIONER.

We are authorized to announce the name of D. V. McCLOSKEY, of Boggs township, as a candidate for the office of Jury Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

We are authorized to announce the name of J. A. HAZEL, of Spring township, as a candidate for the office of Jury Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention.

A LITTLE ANCIENT HISTORY.

In the speech of Representative Hepburn for the encouragement of the "stand-patters," just reported in The Congressional Record, he took occasion to interpret Democratic platforms in favor of absolute free trade. It was nothing to him that the term "free trade" has always been conventionally used both in England and this country to mean a tariff for revenue only. Nor was he in the least concerned with the fact that a tariff for revenue has been the policy of every Democratic Tariff bill that has been passed or reported in Congress. But, while this method of argumentation appeared to greatly delight the "stand-patters," it was sadly marred by a suggestion of Representative Gilbert, of Kentucky, that the nearest approach to a free trade tariff was the act of 1857, which was enacted when a staunch Republican, Nathaniel P. Banks, was Speaker of the House and Lewis D. Campbell, a Protectionist of Ohio, chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, on which there were only three Democratic members. Mr. Gilbert might have added that the two foremost champions of this free trade tariff in the United States Senate were William H. Seward, the great leader of the Republican party, and Henry Wilson, afterward a Republican Vice President.

Of so strange a change from the tariff of 1857 to obstinate adherence to the Dingley act the explanation is simple enough, after all. The modern "stand-pat" Republican leaders have not the remotest political relationship with the party of Seward, Lincoln, Wilson, Sumner and Banks. They are merely the champions of the spoiliatory Trusts created by the Dingley tariff "masquerading in the name of Republican." The Republicans of 1857-65 would utterly disown them as degenerates having not one principle in common with the party that deliberately rejected a protective tariff plank in the national platform on which Fremont and Dayton were nominated at Philadelphia in 1856.—Record.

Weather Report.

Table with columns: DATE, TEMPERATURE (Maximum, Minimum), and weather conditions for May 10-16.

The Curwensville Review says: "The county in Pennsylvania that hasn't got a favorite son to push along in the direction of the governor's chair, is pretty hard up." In the same column, among other pointed paragraphs, is the following: "It is to be hoped, for appearances' sake at least, that Clearfield county's gubernatorial boom will have legs strong enough to carry it to Harrisburg."

They don't seem to be united over the gubernatorial prospects in Clearfield.

The world is full of women who can amuse the ordinary man. Can sing, dance or recite for him; can paint, write or decorate in a manner most pleasing, but the poor man often goes begging for a woman who can sew on buttons or mend his clothes; who can cook his food with economy and flavor it to his taste.

Your Wife

has just finished house-cleaning. Now do your part to keep the house clean, provide screen doors and windows.

Flies

are coming, don't let them find you UNPREPARED. Our stock of screens has been selected to suit everyone in style and price. Call while the assortment is complete.

The Potter-Hoy Hardware Co.

BELLEFONTE.

EYES THE SUBJECT THIS TIME.

We are PRACTICAL OPTICIANS

and guarantee satisfaction in every case.

EYES EXAMINED FREE Lenses changed if necessary, time in 5 years free of charge

C. D. CASEBEER,

Successor to F. C. Richards' Sons. Jeweler and Optician, Bellefonte.

All kinds of Repair Work promptly and neatly done.

COST OF LIVING.

The following Washington special appears in the New York Herald.

How the cost of living in the United States is mounting rapidly under the Dingley tariff, although the same commodities are sold much more cheaply for export is shown in a bulletin just issued by the Bureau of Labor, which says that wholesale prices considering the commodities reached a higher point in 1906 than at any other time during the sixteen years covered by the investigation.

The average of all commodities for 1905 was 15.9 per cent. above the average for the ten year period 1890 to 1899 29.2 per cent above the low price in 1897 and 2.6 per cent. above the average for 1904.

Compared with the years of lowest average prices during the sixteen years from 1890 to 1905 in each of the general groups of commodities the 1905 averages show farm products 58.6 per cent higher than in 1896; food and etc. 29.7 per cent higher than in 1896, clothes and clothing, 22.9 per cent higher than in 1897; fuel and lighting 39.4 per cent higher than in 1894; metals and implements, 41.8 per cent higher than in 1898; lumber and building materials 41.4 per cent higher than 1897, drugs and chemicals, 24.1 per cent, higher than in 1899; lumber and building goods, 51.5 per cent higher than in 1897; and articles included in the miscellaneous group 23.4 per cent, higher than in 1896.

Prices reached their highest point in December, 1905, when they were 19.9 per cent. above the average for the ten year period, 1896 to 1906.

This is the view others take. The Centre county republicans prove their regard for reform by endorsing for congress one of the most rabid machine men in the state—Judge Love. Williamsport Sun.

HOUSE-CLEANING

time is here. Carpets will be taken up—woolens are to be put away; the question is how best to secure them from moths. We can help you in this matter—"Red Cedar Flakes" is the surest and safest moth preventative. It does the work. Costs 15c., or 2 packages for 25c. You get it only at

GREEN'S PHARMACY COMPANY, BUSH HOUSE BLOCK, BELLEFONTE.

USEFUL HOMEMADE GLUES.

For Marble.—Melt equal parts of rosin and white beeswax and thicken with calcined magnesia, fine wood ashes or plaster of paris.

For Metals.—Mix plaster of paris to the thickness of cream with glue and add fine iron filings in the proportion of one-fifth of the entire weight.

For India Rubber.—Use one part of caoutchouc cut in chips and dissolved in three parts of naphtha. This can be obtained at rubber stores under the name of rubber solution.

For Leather.—Melt together four ounces of gutta percha, half an ounce of pitch, an ounce of crude rubber, a quarter of an ounce of shellac and half an ounce of oil. Use while hot.

For China and Glass.—A simple cement is made by mixing powdered glass with white of egg to the consistency of thick cream. Powdered chalk, eggshell or quicklime with hot water may be used instead of the powdered glass.

LATEST advices from Clearfield county are that several healthy candidates are after the republican nomination for State Senate and a clear field is by no means assured to Quigley, of Centre. Capt. Woodward must have been throwing out gold bricks last week to our people.

Some men expect medals for simply doing their duty.

Gillen, the Grocer,

Who Gives the Cash Buyer a Discount for Cash Only.

Price list for various goods including sugar, flour, rice, etc. with columns for 'Our Price' and 'Reg. Price'.

Highest Prices paid for Produce:

Table listing prices for eggs and butter.

GILLEN, THE GROCER, Allegheny St. Bellefonte, Pa.

A simple statement that one man's goods are better than another's carries no conviction with it. Our abundant faith in the surpassing excellence of our Ready-to-wear Clothing is ably sustained by the strong evidences of character in the garments.

We invite you to examine these clothes—to test, to compare them with the best that competition affords either in this city or elsewhere. Note the quality of the goods, the appearance, cut and style of the finished garments, and we are assured that you will grant, Montgomery's Clothing is in a distinct and surperior class which is entirely its own.

Spring Overcoats, \$5 to \$15. Spring Suits, \$7.50 to \$25. Children's Suits, \$2 to \$5.

MONTGOMERY & CO.

What Another Customer Wrote

IN OUR ADVERTISING CONTEST

"Why I Deal at Sim's."

First: I am sure of his goods—in this day of mixing wool with cotton so as to deceive one—I can ask him as to the quality of material and I am sure of a true answer.

Second: I have found by experience that he sells his clothing at more reasonable prices than elsewhere. I have tried his goods with others and found the wear and service is better.

Third: I like their way of selling; I am led to believe that they are as much interested as I to see that I get just the proper setting clothes and materials that will wear me.

The growth of this large store in a few years and the warm estimation it is held in by Centre County's dressers, shows that such treatment, quality of goods and reasonable prices are appreciated.

May this big store become bigger; may it ever adhere to its fine business principles.

J. T.

(As this article did not receive an award we do not feel it would be proper to publish the name.)

Sim, the Clothier,

Correct Dress for Men and Boys

Bellefonte, Pa.