



FOR YOUNG FOLKS

ELEPHANTS.

In Olden Times These Big Animals Were Used in War. The circus elephant is almost as old as the world, for the ancient Romans had an eye to business as well as our own circus men.

But the elephant is also spoken of in the history of the Bible. King Lysias of Syria in 103 B. C. led 120,000 men and thirty-two war trained elephants against Judas of Maccabae and won the battle. Elebar, the brother of Judas, killed one of these elephants, but



AN ELEPHANT BRIDGE.

was himself buried and crushed to death underneath the colossal body of the animal as it fell.

Elephants were also found in the army of Hannibal when he made war upon the Romans in 219 B. C. The trunk, head and neck of this animal are most easily hurt, and therefore Hannibal had iron mail coats made for them which covered these parts.

There is a case on record where an elephant was taught to walk over a tight rope in a Roman circus, which is something that our modern circus trainers have not yet been able to do with their animals.

YOUR PLAYMATES.

Some "Don'ts" That Every Boy Should Always Bear in Mind.

Don't snub a boy because he wears shabby clothes. When Edison, the inventor, first entered Boston, he wore a pair of yellow linen breeches in the depth of winter.

Don't snub a boy because of the ignorance of his parents. Shakespeare, the world's poet, was the son of a man who was unable to write his own name.

Don't snub a boy because his home is plain and unpretending. Abraham Lincoln's early home was a plain and unpretending log cabin.

Don't snub a boy because he chooses a humble trade. The author of "Pilgrim's Progress" was a tinker.

Don't snub a boy because of his physical disability. Milton was blind. Don't snub a boy because of dullness in his lesson. Hogarth, the celebrated painter and engraver, was a stupid boy at his books.

Don't snub a boy because he stutters. Demosthenes, the great orator of Greece, overcame a harsh and stammering voice.

Don't snub him for any reason, not only because he may some day out-strip you in the race of life, but because it is neither kind nor right.

Rules For Children.

Be prompt at every meal. Never shout, run or jump in the house.

Shut every door after you without slamming it. Let your first, last and best friend be your mother.

Carefully clean the snow or mud off your boots before entering the house.

Never interrupt any conversation, but wait patiently your turn to speak. Never sit down at the table or in the parlor with dirty hands or tumbled hair.

Always speak kindly and politely to servants if you would have them do so to you.

When you are told to do or not to do a thing by either parent, never ask "why."

Tell of your own faults and misdoings, not of those of your brothers or sisters.

Conundrums.

What is the board of education? The schoolmaster's shingle.

What gives more milk than a cow? A milk cart.

What insect frequents district schools? The spelling bee.

Why should a doctor never be sea-sick? Because he is accustomed to sea (see) sickness.

What is the difference between an old dime and a new cent? Nine cents. Why is a girl or boy adding six and seven like a lame dog? Because he puts down three and carries one.

His Color.

"Now, what is your favorite color?" "Asked Dorothy of Ned. 'Sometimes I think mine's purple; sometimes I think it's red. The grass and trees and bushes—why, all those things 're green!'" "That Dorothy was puzzled. I know!" "Was plainly to be seen.

"But Ned had no such trouble. After a thoughtful frown that lasted half a minute. He said: 'My favorite's brown—The brown like grandma's cookies—And tops of biscuit—oh. There's not another color. As nice as brown, I know!'" "Youth's Companion.

HAVE AN ALARM CLOCK.

It May Save You Many Minutes For Yourself During the Day.

Does the average housekeeper know how important an article of household furnishing is the alarm clock?

A young friend of mine, about to marry, said to me: "I intend to purchase as the first article for my home the most necessary and important one, as an omen for the future. Now, what shall it be?"

At my reply, "An alarm clock," she appeared so surprised that I delivered a little lecture on the value and uses of the same, somewhat as follows:

The average home maker and home keeper breaks down frequently, not so much from overwork as from lack of rest, for there is a vast difference between the two. She just "keeps going" all the time all the long day through and often into the night and never thinks of conserving her energy or her strength by the frequent brief resting times she might have did she know the use and value of an alarm clock.

There may be, perhaps, five or ten minutes before the bread need come out of the oven and it has reached that stage and the temperature of the oven is such that it requires no looking after. She might just as well drop down on the couch for five or ten minutes' rest, and she is so tired she may fall asleep and not awake until the bread is overdone, says the Ladies' World.

Again, the children's noonday lunch is ready, but they won't be home from school for fifteen minutes. Lunch must be on the table when they reach the house, else there is a fair probability that they will be late for the afternoon session, and so she dare not rest or close her eyes.

REAL MINT SAUCE.

A Recipe That is Vouched For by an Experienced Cook.

Mint sauce is usually a delusion and a snare, being merely very sharp vinegar and a few fragments of tasteless mint leaves. Real mint sauce is another thing. Here is a recipe vouched for by an experienced cook: Let the water from the cold water tap run over a bunch of mint until it is perfectly clean of dust, strip the leaves from the stalks, tear them in small pieces and put in a bowl. Pour boiling water over the mint and cover the bowl closely. A little sugar may be added with the hot water, as it helps to bring out the flavor of the leaves. Make a roux of a tablespoonful or more of the gravy from the pan in which the lamb was roasted, with a little flour. Add the water in which the mint has soaked and thin with more of the gravy and a little water. The sauce is not to be a

gravy. Season with salt and paprika. Unless a strong flavor of mint is liked, strain the leaves from the sauce before serving.

The simplest mint sauce is made by steeping the chopped mint in boiling water, about half a cupful to a handful of mint, covering the bowl and placing where it will cool quickly. Let it stand for three-quarters of an hour, when add a little sugar, salt, paprika and four tablespoonfuls of mild vinegar.—New York Post.

NURSERY NOTES.

Thoroughly cleanse the nostrils before going to sleep. This gives a free nasal respiration and with children prevents their becoming mouth breathers.

Children that are delicate or ailing require a great deal of kindness, but a firm hand as well, or they will become unbearable cranks.

Dry children's ears carefully, both in the folds and behind, using a very soft towel or old handkerchief. Careless drying of this delicate organ will produce deafness.

Dried grapes or raisins should be given with caution to children, and, indeed, they are better altogether without them, for they are liable to disorder the digestive organs.

Small children should be allowed to drink as much water as they like. It helps to clear the system of effete matter quickly and so keep the stomach and bowels in good condition.

Letter Paper.

An authority on letter and all correspondence paper declares unreservedly for white paper, while acknowledging that women may use colors when they are in good taste. Pale color paper tints only should be their choice. For formal correspondence letters or devices should be stamped, not printed. Monograms or initials unless uncommonly well executed had better be omitted and Roman type substituted, says Vogue. In this respect American taste is thought superior to foreign. The same authority advocates pictorial headings upon special country house stationery, these to be printed. These landscape headings are much in vogue in England and should find equal favor with us. The chance for having charmingly suggestive and attractive picturesque sketches made for this purpose lends itself to a vista of possibilities of beauty not to be neglected by owners of country seats.

An Insuperable Objection.

"I would like to give myself to you as a Christmas present," said young Poore to Miss Rocks.

"Papa does not allow me to receive expensive presents from young men," replied the maiden.—Town Topics.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON VII.

Fourth Quarter, International Series, Nov. 12.

Text of the Lesson, Ezra viii, 21-32. Memory Verses, 21-23—Golden Text, Ezra viii, 22—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

[Copyright, 1905, by American Press Association.] We have before us today the record of a journey which occupied about four months (vii, 9) and was participated in by about 1,800 people, carrying with them 600 talents of silver and 100 talents of gold (about \$3,500,000), in addition to vessels of gold and silver and brass, and, although the dangers of the journey were many, they were delivered from all their enemies and reached their destination in safety without any human protection whatever.

This is something worth inquiring into, for in these days of "fear on every side" if we can learn to "serve Him without fear in holiness and righteousness before Him all the days of our life, being delivered out of the hand of our enemies" (Jer. xx, 3; Luke i, 74, 75), it would greatly glorify God. All these things were written for our benefit (Rom. xv, 4) that we may learn how to have the hand of our God upon us for good (verse 22; vii, 6, 9, 28), in the face of our enemies. Many years had passed since Zerubbabel and his company of 40,000 had gone up from Babylon to Jerusalem by the decree of Cyrus (chapter ii, 1, 64, 65)—the temple had been rebuilt and the passover had been kept (vi, 14, 22)—but as time sped on the tendency to wander away from God, which is common to all, became very manifest and Israel had become very much mixed up with the people of the land (ix, 1, 2). It is the purpose of God that His people should be specially His own, a people for Himself, in whom He can live and through whom He can make Himself known to others (Ex. xix, 4, 6; Isa. xliii, 21; Ps. iv, 3; Tit. ii, 14, R. V.), and all conformity to the ways of those who are not of God grieves the Spirit of God and hinders Him in His loving purpose. If this rebellion against God is persisted in He will chasten His people, for "whom the Lord loveth He chasteneth" (Heb. xii, 6; Rev. iii, 19; Amos iii, 2). He had just chastened Israel for seventy years in Babylon and had restored them, according to His promise by Jeremiah, but they were already proving themselves the same rebellious, stiff-necked Israel (Deut. ix, 6, 24). So it is always, and the men like Abel, Enoch, Noah, Abraham, Elijah, Elisha, Ezra, Nehemiah, are few indeed. When such men are found, the way that God can turn things in their favor is seen in chapter vii, 1-23, supplying them with abundance, to be freely used for the work and according to the will of God. The whole heartedness of Ezra toward God is seen in the first verse of our lesson and in vii, 10.

When Ezra might have had soldiers and horsemen for the asking to protect them on their journey it must have seemed to human wisdom great

folly not to ask for them, for many would say, "Does not God use such instrumentality?" But Ezra had become acquainted with Him who was to Israel a pillar of cloud by day and a pillar of fire by night, to guide and protect Israel in all their wilderness journeying. He knew of the hosts which Elisha's servant saw when his eyes were opened (II Kings, vi, 17). A real Christian is a supernatural kind of person who walks by faith, not by sight, and to whom things unseen are more real than all things seen by our natural eyes. There is no spiritual benefit in fasting for its own sake, but when we desire God and to know Him more than we desire food for the body, when we honestly humble ourselves before Him and desire above all things His will, His way, His glory, then He will not fail to show Himself strong in our behalf.

We are always passing through an enemy's country, and the prince of this world as a roaring lion is ever seeking whom he may devour, for we wrestle not against flesh and blood (visible things and people), but against the powers of darkness and wicked spirits in the heavens (I Pet. v, 8; Eph. vi, 12); so we must never cease to watch and pray, but we need have no fears, for He that is with us is stronger than our adversary, and "if God be for us who can be against us?" As truly as Ezra and his company reached Jerusalem in safety so shall all the redeemed of the Lord be delivered out of the mouth of the lion and from every evil work and be preserved unto His heavenly kingdom (II Tim. iv, 17, 18). Not our faithfulness, but the faithfulness of our God and Saviour, is our comfort as we journey on through life.

The silver and the gold and the vessels delivered to the priests to be watched over and kept safely and handed over to the proper persons at Jerusalem suggest to the believer that he also has certain things delivered to him for which he must give an account, as it is written, "So, then, every one of us shall give account of himself to God" (Rom. xiv, 12). The analogy is, however, not a very good one, for these priests delivered up at their journey's end only what they had received in Babylon, whereas the believer, having received at his conversion, or at the beginning of his life journey (for no one has life till he receives Christ, I John v, 10; John i, 12), his pound or talent or talents, is expected to so use on the way that which he has received that he can gladly testify to His increase at the judgment seat of Christ (Matt. xxv, 27).

The salvation we freely receive is to be worked out, and we are debtors to all who have not received the gospel to give it to them speedily (Phil. ii, 13; Rom. i, 14-16). Kept by the power of God, safe in the hand of our Redeemer, we are to let Him use us in any way He pleases for His glory.

Week's News Condensed.

Continued from page 1, this section.

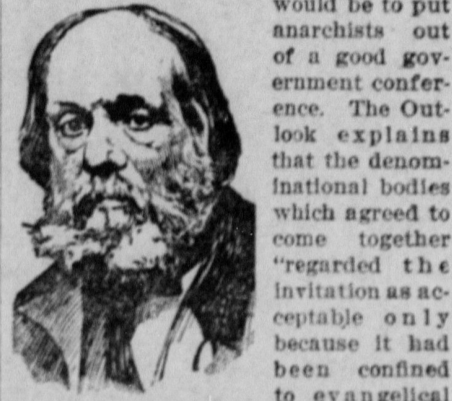
RELIGIOUS

Professor Mitchell Guilty.

The board of bishops of the Methodist church, in session at Washington, charged by a narrow majority the charges of heresy preferred against H. G. Mitchell, professor of Hebrew in the Boston university.

Discussing Unitarian Exclusion.

Nearly all of the church papers are discussing the decision of the committee of the coming interchurch conference of federation to refuse admission to the distinguished delegates of the Unitarian church—namely, Dr. Edward E. Hale, ex-Secretary John D. Long and Dr. Samuel A. Eliott, president of the Unitarian association. The evangelicals say that the exclusion of Unitarians is just as reasonable as it would be to put anarchists out of a good government conference.



Edward Everett Hale.

and that the committee had to base its decision as to the admission of delegates upon the relation of the church bodies concerned rather than on an estimate of individual character. The Christian Advocate defends the exclusion by saying that the greater part of the work of the conference will depend upon "the evangelical interpretation of the presence and mission of Christ" and adds that the Unitarian conception of Christ "is as far from ours as the best strictly human being that ever lived is from God." The Church Standard says that if there is anything on which the Unitarians are agreed it is an expressed denial of the divinity of Christ. The Congregationalist says the truth is that the majority of the people of the time have not joined in the march of modern theological progress. The secular press almost unanimously condemns the act of exclusion.

Bad to Praise Tainted Gifts.

In a sermon at Sinai temple, Chicago, Dr. Emil G. Hirsch took the position that while it was the duty of a multimillionaire to endow churches, hospitals and schools, it was immoral to praise him for his gift. He argued that the gift was an act of restitution.

MISCELLANEOUS

Cotton Workers Accept Offer.

Four out of five of the unions in the textile trade at Fall River, Mass., have voted in favor of accepting the compromise offer made by the Manufacturers' association. This is for a 5 per cent increase in wages, with a sliding scale of profit sharing contingent on the relation of the price of wool to the price of print cloth.

8,066,672 People in New York State.

The official figures of the New York state census disclosed a population of 8,066,672, of which 4,014,394 is represented in the population of Greater New York. The state's population in 1900 was 7,258,894, and that of the metropolis was 3,437,202.

Morton Statue Unveiled.

The statue of J. Sterling Morton, best known as the founder of Arbor day while he was secretary of agriculture in the Cleveland cabinet, was unveiled at Nebraska City, ex-President Cleveland delivering the principal address.

First Snow For the West.

The last day of October was marked by the falling of the first mantle of snow over the states between the Mississippi and the Rockies except in the southern tier.

Accidents.

The California express on the Santa Fe was derailed in a walled cut near Kansas City, Mo., causing the death of twelve persons and the injury of twenty-five.

Six officials were killed by an explosion in the Hazel Kirk mine near Monongahela, Pa., while they were investigating a slow fire.

The blowing out of the head of a large boiler in the central power station of the United States Electric Light company at Washington killed two men instantly and badly injured three. One of the principal street car lines was put out of business for several hours, and a part of the city was without light.

The Swedish steamer Johan and the Russian bark Antares collided and foundered in the North sea recently, and twenty-six of the crews were drowned.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Mrs. LENA M. ADAMS, late of State College, Pa. dec'd. Letters of administration in the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay, to CHAS. H. KURTZ, admr., c. t. c. Bellefonte, Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of C. C. TAYLOR, late of Spring twp., Pa. dec'd. Letters testamentary upon said estate having been granted by the Register of Wills to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims, to present them for settlement. CHARLES SMITH, Executor. Harry Keller, Atty. x 49

COURT PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, the Honorable Ellis L. Orvis, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 14th Judicial District, consisting of the county of Centre, having issued his precept, bearing date the 24th day of October 1905, to me directed for holding a Court of Common Pleas Orphans' Court, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, in Bellefonte for the county of Centre and to commence on the

14th MONDAY OF NOVEMBER, being the 17th day of November, 1905, and to continue two weeks, notice is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen and Constables of said county of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the 7th day with their records, inquisitions, ex-aminations and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand at Bellefonte, the 24th day of October, in the year of our Lord 1905 and the one hundred and twenty-ninth year of the Independence of the United States.

H. S. TAYLOR, Sheriff.

SPECIAL TERM.

Whereas, the Honorable Ellis L. Orvis, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 14th Judicial District, consisting of the county of Centre, having issued his precept bearing date the 10th day of September 1905, and to me directed for holding a special term of Court of Orphans' Court and Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in Bellefonte, for the County of Centre and to commence on the third Monday of November, next, being the 23rd day of November 1905.

Notice is hereby given that all persons summoned are hereby notified to attend. Given under my hand at Bellefonte the 17th day of October 1905, and the one hundred and twenty-ninth year of the Independence of the United States.

H. S. TAYLOR, Sheriff.

WRIT IN PARTITION.

To the heirs and legal representatives of Frederick Gummo late of Patton township, deceased.

Take notice that in pursuance of an order of the Orphans Court of Centre county Pennsylvania a writ in partition has been issued from said Court to the Sheriff of said County, returnable on Monday the 27th day of November 1905, and that an inquest be held for the purpose of making partition of the real estate of said decedent on

SATURDAY NOVEMBER 18th 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m.

at the late residence of the decedent at which time and place you can be present if you see proper. Frederick Gummo, Port Matilda, Pa., John Gummo, Penna. Furnace, Pa., Andrew Gummo, Zion Centre county, Pa., Davis Gummo, Buffalo Run Pa., William Gummo, Westboro, Taylor county, Wis., Charles Gummo, Rib Lake, T. York county, Wis., Minnie Gettig, Andrew Gettig, Braddock, Pa., Lizzie Dunlap, Samuel Dunlap, Pine Grove Mills, Pa., Emma Lanck, Adam Lanck, State College, Pa., Kat Gummo (present Post Office address Straus burg, Germany) Residence in Patton township Centre county, Pa., George Gummo, Buffalo Run, Pa.

All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in Patton township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit:—Beginning at a stone corner on line of John Henderson, thence along said line 10 degrees west 80 perches to stone corner thence north 80 degrees east 80 perches to a pitch Pine, thence south 10 degrees east 80 perches to a pitch Pine, thence south 80 degrees west 80 perches to the place of beginning containing 40 acres more or less and being part of a larger tract of land formerly belonging to Major Hunter, and known as the Graiz tract.

H. S. TAYLOR, Sheriff's Office Bellefonte, Oct. 18, 1905.

G. F. JODON, Auctioneer,

Bellefonte, Pa.

Offers his services to the public as an auctioneer. Farm sales a specialty. x45

Sechler & Co.,

PURE FOOD

and Fine Groceries.

Baker's Steel Cut Coffee is above comparison with any goods on the market, and is well worth the attention of every good house-keeper.

Everybody wants good pure Vinegar; our Darby goods will please you sure.

Fine, large, fat, Salt Mackeral, boneless. They're beaut's.

After a long search we have made a find in Dried Beef. It is properly cured and properly sliced; try it. Our Hams and Bacon are fine.

If you are not altogether suited on Lard, try the goods we have. It is light in color, not from bleaching, but from care and cleanliness in rendering. It is good, pure and sweet Lard.

SECHLER & CO.,

Pure Food and Fine Groceries.

We are After You!

We want you to buy your Shoes of us. We have got an object for you. We are adding a FREE PREMIUM DEPARTMENT to our store, something that has never been done by any store in Centre county. Our premiums will be of a kind that will help you

to Furnish Your Home!

Premiums that you will not have to buy large amount to get them. Rugs, Rocking Chairs, Beautiful Pictures, Lace Curtains, Clocks and a full line of Silverware. Articles that will make your home cosy and comfortable. They will all be given free if you buy your Shoes of us.

WHY NOT BUY FROM THE STORE THAT HELPS YOU?

Yeager and Davis,

The Shoe Money Savers, BELLEFONTE.

Premium room open for your inspection at all times.