## Basket-Willow Growing

INDUSTRY BEING FOSTERED BY DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

BY ELLIOTT MITCHELL.

there are no bad acres in the United States is again brought to light leaves or sprouts appear, when they through the efforts of the Department will be ready to peel. of Agriculture to induce more general attention to the culture of the basket willow. There are very many farms in this country which contain some low land, and through which runs a small stream. This portion of the small stream. This portion of the small stream. This portion of the small stream is too often allowed to run to waste, dense growths of weeds and serup prospering in the rich moist shown that the articles made of boiled shown that the articles made of a fine white color, while those which understood, and more actively engaged in the general ground that all national pure food legislation.

"The question of pure food," he said, "is one that should be better understood, and more actively engaged in by people generally. We have secured legislation enabling us to prevent the importation of impure and harmful foods, but the people are apparently careless in regard to domes-

Although introduced in this country as early as 1840, willow growing in America occurs only in restricted localities throughout a relatively small portion of the country. On account of the isolation of these groups of growers with little or no connection, and because the growers are not in touch with basket makers, there has been little chance for improvement.

Secretary Wilson's statement that bundles of these cuttings should then

scrub prospering in the rich, moist soil, and the locality rarely visited by the farmer except when in search of some stray cattle which have come down to the brook for a drink.

Although introduced in this country as a 1840, willow growing in the scrub prospering in the rich, moist shown that the articles made of boiled willow are much more durable than those made from the white rods of spring peeling. The operation is so simple that old persons incapable of arduous labor can make fair wages



in Richmond, Virginia

Peeling Green Willow for Basket Work.



while this is not true of the conditions in western New York, the trade there demands only the cheapest grade of the steamed willow. But steam-peeled rods have a dark color, and hence cannot be used for fine baskets.

Worh of fine willow ware was imported. Since that date, however, the value of willow imports has decreased, due, probably, to the increase of willow growing in this country. The manufacture of willow is what might be termed a "house industry," in which the men women and chil-

Willows Grow on Corn Land.

The general idea is that willows will grow only on very swampy ground, but experience shows that all serious attempts ma'de on well-drained soil, even though of poor quality, have been successful. The ground is prepared just the ity, have been successful. The ground is prepared just the same as it would be for corn or wheat. Willow planting generally is done in the autumn; should be in rows, the sets or cuttings, according to older methods be, his belief that the farmers have more him be prospects. In older to study that the prospects. In older to study that the prospects. In older to the study of the study of the study of the same as it would be in rows, the same as it would be in rows, the sets or cuttings, according to older methods be. In fact the farmer had provided and procured a ladder with which be climbed one of the cornstalks. After surveying a fine growth of corn for miles around, the boy started to climb the Desert of Gobi was once a body more what the prospects. In older to the start also was of the dry-ing out process has been going on for thousands of years. The Turkestan and Siberlan low-lands were once substructions to the same as it would be in rows, the sets or cutting a surveying a fine growth of corn for miles around, the boy started to climb the procured a ladder with which be climbed one of the cornstalks. After surveying a fine growth of corn for miles around, the boy started to climb the farmers have more him before the was shown some climbed one of the cornstalks. After surveying a fine growth of corn for miles around, the boy started to climb the farmers have more him before the surveying and the procured a ladder with which be climbed one of the cornstalks. After surveying a fine growth of corn for miles around, the boy started to climb the farmers have more had provided and provided and



A WILLOW SWAMP.

exception through the country willows are planted from 9 inches to a foot apart in rows 2½ feet to a yard distant from one another, thus allowing from about 14,000 to 23,000 to the acre. This method of wide planting is followed for several reasons, it of course being cheaper to plant fewer cuttings, and the cost of cultivation being reduced, the wide rows allowing for the use of a plow. It is also un-derstood and held by the higher authorities that the more shoots from a stool or stump, the greater the yield. Where the cuttings have been planted on meadow or corn land, the first year the rows are hoed two or three times, and later run through with a light plow. In later years only the plow is used. On bottomland, however, they are only cultivated once, and there-fore only grassed with a sickle.

To Produce Straight Rods.

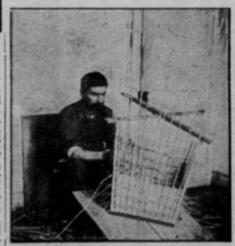
The Department of Agriculture has found that though there may be objection to close planting on account of of cultivation necessary, both the size and better rods are obtained from a heavier yield and longer, more even sized and better rods are obtained. The pering. While a yield of four the part three years; but with this years where the holts, over six tons are obtained from an aree planted in rows three feet apart, with a distance of one foot between holts, over six tons are obtained from an aree planted with the buds pointing upward, and that when placed in the six the state of the state of the constant the buds pointing upward, and that when placed in the six the state of the state of the constant the buds pointing upward, and that when placed in the six the state of the state of the constant the buds pointing upward, and that when placed in the state of the state flower, before the beans could seem the state of the constant the buds pointing upward, and that when placed in the state of the state of the constant the buds pointing upward, and that when placed in the state of the state of the state the state of the constant the buds pointing upward, and that when placed in the state of the state of the state that the deceased the state of the state that the document of the state of the constant the state of the state of the constant of the state of the constant the state of the state of the constant the state of the state of the constant of the state of the st The Department of Agriculture has

While this is not true of the condi- worh of fine willow ware was in

ing placed about ten inches in length money now than ever was theirs being placed about ten inches in length and planted in the ground until about only an inch and a half protrudes above the ground. Almost without trial panic. The year's crop of wheat, corn and oats will be larger. according to Mr. Wilson's experienced judgment, than were the big crops of last year. He says that the area capable of raising durum or macaroni wheat is now pushing well into the desert region. The yield of this wheat alone this year, it is believed, will exceed 20,000,000 bushels, a wheat, by the way, which grows where other wheat will not grow and which six years ago was an unknown

thing among American growers.

Mr Wilson gives us the pleasing information that housekeepers will find the prices of meat, dairy products and



MAKING WILLOW HAMPER.

poultry lower this winter than they have been for some time, owing to the heavy grain crops. Fattening cattle on corn at 50 cents a bushel, he said,

Chemist Wiley on Pure Food.

Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, the chief of the Bureau of Chemistry of the Department of Agriculture, has just returned from a tour of the British Isles, France and Germany, where he has been studying the preparation of food products—packing, shipping, and human consumption of foods. Dr. Wiley is a pure food man. He believes that we should all have pure food, or at least know what it is food, or at least know what it is adulterated with, and he is one of the most active advocates in the country of national pure food legislation.

"The question of pure food," he said, "is one that should be better un-



WILLOW IN THE PIT, SPROUTED, READY FOR PEELING.

which appeals to me beyond all oth ers—the effect of impure foods on invalids. People who are under the care of a physician, and are comstance is sufficient to illustrate the point. There is at this time a great demand for gluten flours. They are recommended for certain diseases, and there are various preparations on the market which are sold at high prices. Many of the so-called gluten flours contain but a small percentage of pure gluten; they are 'filled' with chalk and starchy substances, and are not at all what is claimed for them. This is one example; a hundred others could be named."

THE FLOOD OF THE COLUMN ASSOCIATION elled to eat prepared foods should

Exciting Experiences of Boy Lost In Field of Growing Grain.

that a great object of curiosity there covered with water. Professor Wright is a corn stalk of mammoth size reach- of Oberlin, who has made geology a ing almost up to the very roof of the life study, brings us new light upon the agricultural building. The history of subject. In writing on the subject of the stalk is perhaps as marvelous as the "Contributions of Geology to the the object itself.

Creditability of the Flood" he states the object itself.

hot wave which swept over the coun- stantly. The highest mountains were miles around, the boy started to climb the Desert of Gobi was once a body



PEELED WILLOWS.

his father would reap, he had failed to notice the rapidity of the growth of the stalk which he had ascended. As quickly as he stepped down, so much more rapidly the stalk seemed to grow, and he was no nearer the bottom than

his son, saw that it would be useless his conscience had made him suffer for him to hunt through the jungle of sorely. This amount was enclosed with waving corn, so he climbed to the top of his windmill and his anxious eyes National Treasury, the writer expressbeheld his boy waving his red bandana ind the bope that this full restitution and despair. Hastily summoning his neighbor and his other two sturdy and easy conscience. Contributions sons, they proceeded with axes to chop down the wicked stalk. Their axes, however, failed to find the same mark twice, so rapidly did the stalk shoot upward. Night came on without their accomplishing anything and the boy was left to what appeared to be a terrible fate. Like most Kansas is not a profitable performance, and that is what the farmer has been doing for the past three years; but with his opportunities, and existed for a his opportunities, and existed for a

CONTROL OF CANAL MATTERS.

Transfer to the State Department Under Secretary Root.

It seems to be generally accepted that the control of all matters in connection with the construction of the Panama canal is to be transferred from the War Department to the State Department. Under the law the work is to be performed under the direction of the President, and he originally intrusted it to Secretary Taft on the general ground that all national engineering works were properly the



portionate share of the government work and responsibility, and it is with a view of relieving him of a portion of his official burdens that President suggested the advisability of the transfer of the Panama Canal work to the State Department. Secretary Root's acceptance of the trust would enable Secretary Taft to devote more of his time to the con-

at the idea that there ever was a great flood, yet the testimony of the geologists, to say nothing of Ignatius Donnelly's theory of the submerged conti-A report which seems to have come nent of Atlantas, proves that at one from the Portland Exposition states time the entire earth's surface was It appears that prior to the last that the level of the land changes confry, a farmer in Kansas sent his fif- once below the sea-level, as is proven teen-year-old son out to take a look over the corn field and notify him of the prospects. In order to do this the son went to the implement shed which and is now drying up. In fact the drydown, but in his excitement at the of water equal to the Mediterranean in size and depth.

The valley of the Jordan in ages back was covered with water to a depth of from 1,000 to 1,400 feet, while changes of level and climate in Asia seem to prove that the Deluge once passed over the entire country.

Uncle Sam's "Conscience Fund."

The conscience fund of the Treasury is not, as is popularly supposed, an idle fund which is added to from time to time, lies dormant, and is never used. Contributions to this so-called fund are turned into the regular government receipts and on the books appear under the heading "To Account Conscience." This account was opened by the United States government in 1811. It would not be fair to infer from this fact that the American conscience had its awakening at so late a date in the country's history, but that year witnessed the first return to the government, as the result of the "still, small voice," of money of which it had been defrauded some time before. President Madison found on his desk

one morning an unsigned letter in which the writer confessed to defraudwhen he started.

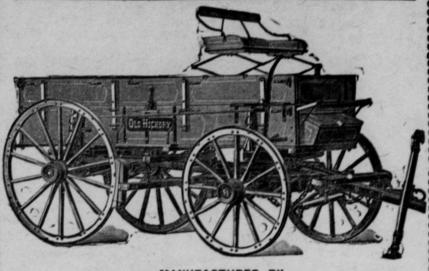
His father, noting the absence of ing the government of \$2, for which have since been received varying in amounts from a 2-cent postage stamp to ten thousand dollars or more. Up to date the amount received from

those who have defrauded the government and become conscience-stricken is over \$400,000.

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