TO BUILD A NEW FORTUNE.

NEARLY EIGHTY YEARS OLD, FORMER SENATOR STEWART BEGINS LIFE ANEW.

akes his Young Bride to Gold Camps of Nevada and Rears Comfortable Home-Still feels the Wine of Youth

having seen two generations rise and bath. pass away; a former Governor of Nevada, a mine owner of great wealth, as I can for my wife nd daughter," a United States Senator for eighteen said the old Senator, "They're not as years, William M. Stewart for long used to roughing it as I am." known as the "Santa Claus" of the Senate, is starting life anew amid the the entire house, and the grounds are gold fields of Nevada.

from Rhyolite, Nev., has, with his ator has purchased two hundred fowls wheat is cut. Up to the end of June willion

Senator Stewart; at one time he had appropriate to the country. been one of the rich men of that millionaires' club the Senate, owning one of the most magnificent private houses in Washington. In the earlier days he extracted huge fees from the law suits

model dairy in Virginia which put the last touches on a financial ruin that was begun when he tried to force a real estate boom in the direction of "Stewart's Palace," the gorgeous structures he had put up when he was The climate of Manchuria plays an one of the wealthlest men there.

Back Among the Boys.

story abode, ornamented with red and dications as to the climate of that rewhite stone. It has ten rooms, the gion and the character of the different bathroom dazzels with tiles and trap-seasons. He states that in the months At the age of seventy-eight, after pinngs and has a genuine shower of March and April there are strong

A wide veranda stretches around

being graded, fenced and sodded. With the virility of youth this robust and hearty old-timer, says a dispatch quaint little chicken house. The Senbred horses he has a large, sleek pair Fortune has played prankes with of mules, which he considers more

Of Another Generation.

He is as interested in all these preparations as though he were sixty



of western mines; at another time he has been down on his uppers; again he has been engaged in a big dairying probattle in life. The mules please him portunities of self-employment, have ject in Virginia; at other times he has as much as if he had never ridden be-dabbled again in Western mines and hind the handsomest teams and in the has run an Eastern mule farm.

and he immediately started forth again in the battle of life with the
purpose to again rebuild his fortunes.
The chances are more than even that
he will although he is nearly four

Not Crushed by Failure.

most luxuriouscarriages in the capitol.

score years.

The Senator expects to reap a profitable harvest from the various legal his feet time and again, the man who, matters arising out of the vast new gold fields which have been discovered in Nevada. He is an expert on minning law and has at least the precedent established of having received in former years a fortune as a single fee.

*250.000, then the largest sum ever received by any lawyer in the world in a single fee; the man who was in his prime when President Lincoln was assassinated, and who is the only liv-Whatever may be said about the Senator politically, his bitterest enemies will not deny that the physical make-up of the man is marvelous to the last degree and that his courage is splendid. He is of the type that



VIEW OF RHYOLITE, NEVADA, SENATOR STEWART'S NEW HOME.

cannot conceive defeat but goes on fighting.

"This air makes me feel like a four-year-old." he said as he landed in Nevada with his daughter and his not even great plety or overscrupulate had absolutely; the man who has not even great plety or overscrupulations here like Nevada. I tell you and I figure that I'll be doing a big law business here before long. Better to wear out than to rust out you know."

The Senator's new house was built from what he had saved out of his marian is actually Senator Stewart?

The same of the earth.

With His Favorite Punch.

With His Favorite Punch.

With His Favorite Punch.

From the Washington Post.

Colonel Watterson said he would affect the finest office buildings in the Not controlled the state of New York Sun.

It's a safe wager that he will enter it as usual, prodding the elephant.

It's a safe wager that he will enter it as usual, prodding the elephant.

CLIMATE IN MANCHURIA.

The climate of Manchuria plays an

important role in the war between Russia and Japan. Up to the present we have had but little precise informa-tion upon this point. M. J. Ross has The new Nevada home is a one- lately given the Scientific American insouthwest winds which bring with "I want to make it as comfortable them heat and moisture. At the end of March the winter season ends. The undersoil is still frozen at this time, but the ground can be worked for agriculture. April appears to be the only month of spring. At the end of this month the sowing of wheat commences. Summer begins in May, and at the end rain is rare and the sky is generally clear, while cloudy weather is an ex-

> or storms. It often rains for several days and nights without stopping. The soil is completely saturated and inundations are frequent.

> September is the harvest month, while October gives some of the finest weather of the year. At this time the climate is agreeable during the day and the sky is clear, with bracing air, while vegetation is at its height. At the end of the month the first night frosts begin to appear, and in November the cold weather commences and keeps up until March. At Mukden the temperature sometimes reaches a very low degree. During the day, however, the cold is not excessive, and sometimes in the middle of the winter the sun's rays become very warm, on account of the southerly position of that locality. The maximum temperature of summer is 100.4 deg. F. About ten months of the year are dry for the most part, and the excessive wet season only occurs during a month or so. At Niuchwang, on the north shore of the gulf of Liaotung, the mean winter temperature is 16 deg. F., and the mean for the summer, 74.8 deg. The mean annual temperature is 47.1 deg. F. The Russian maritime provinces have a very low mean annual temperature. At Vladivostock the average for the winter is 10.2 deg. F., and for the summer it is only 39.9 deg. F.

THE RIGHTS OF MAN.

to Make a Home on a Piece of Land.

The right to work, to employ one's to make regulations which will permit use it productively, and much of the land was so parcelled out to the great advantage of society. But cunning lawyers and unscrupulous men who want to reap where they have not succeeded in cornering large tions of the United States. The Retiring from the Senate last spring, he was again once more a poor man, and with his advanced years it was presumed by the unknowning ones he would sink into obscurity but like some others, "Bill Stewart has never known when he was down and out, and he immediately started forth at any least two controls and boyish, taking the keenest miles of public land. He does not want to his Washington palace about as a penny compares to a \$20 dollar gold piece, and yet he is immensely pleased with it.

When you see him laughing, boister-ous and boyish, taking the keenest miles of public land. He does not want revelations of the land frauds in miles of public land. He does not want to use it himself, and his only object is to make others pay him for the privi-lege of using it. He therefore makes it more difficult for men to employ emselves, and the rights of man are to that extent denied.

20th Century Empire Building.

Great as is the power of war in the building of an empire-and the Jap-anese-Russian war will probably make a great nation of Japan-there is an even greater force at work in the world that will in the end decide the fates of peoples. This is the power of one nation to absorb the individuals rather than to wipe out or swallow another government. The Twentieth Century will probably witness the greatest centralization of people nder vast empires, that the world has seen since the days of Roman greatness. When the century ends, the outlook is that there will be a half dozen first nations, created by assimilation instead of war Japan will be one, with its influence felt throughout Eastern Asia, Russia will, of course, advance, Germany will probably have absorbed Austria. The Latin races of Southern Europe may have combined for self-protection. England will go on empire building, and the United States will have spread over the continent, and maybe two continents, besides having ab sorbed vast numbers of peoples from all countries of the earth.

POLITICAL MACHINERY.

WAS NEVER SO PERFECT, FAR-REACHING AND EFFECTIVE AS TO-DAY.

At the Same Time the Voter Has Never Been So Independent-Educational Campaigns a Feature of Practical Politics.

J. J. Dickinson.

Only one aphorism is known to have been publicly uttered and reiterated by the late Orville H. Platt, a Senator in Congress from Connecticut for a quar-ter of a century and one of the really great statesmen of our time and coun-

parties for the people."

It was this:

"Ours is a government of parties by parties for the people."

It was by this rule that the fine old Yankee squared his vote at the polls and in the Senate. It guided his ception. The heat reaches a maximum at the end of July and first part of his partisanship, which, though never offensive, was always robust.

Insensibly the American people have adopted the Platt aphorism. Party or-



HON. GEORGE B. CORTELYOU, n Republican National Commi

ganization was never so strong and They Should Include an Opportunity discipline was never so rigid; party tional life. elf, comes from Nature, and not from in comparatively recent years. In chine, usually headed by one or more legislative action. If that is true, fact, the present generation of voters says the Detroit News Tribune, it follows that legislatures have no right Tilden showed the way. As a result of ing in the social scale from the highly to make regulations which will permit the cornering of opportunities for self-employment. The United States laws governing our national domain of land publican strongholds and was started close of one Presidential campaign to were originally designed to conform to the rights of man. Our homestead acts were designed to place the land in the hands of those who would actually closter and gave impulse within his unceasing are their activities that the which, under the tutelage of Tilden, sible to escape surveillance. had brought surprising victories to the Democrats.

The spirit of organization which now animates both of the great parties is recent history of the United Staes has not indolent or lukewarm between the American voter shown more indecampaigns. In an important sense, it pendence of thought. In fact, this is is as active now as it was when the one of the reasons for the unceasing lines of battle were drawn after the labor and vigilance of party leaders. national conventions of last summer To test public opinion, to follow popu had done their work. The difference between them is made conspicuous by reason of the fact that the Republican is one of the important functions of orparty is in power and its central organization. The American voter is inganization—the National Committee—is necessarily more in evidence than its party machinery of to-day is not creshaved. He must not have committed astonishing fact is learned that one is necessarily more in evidence than its counterpart in the opposition organiza-



THOMAS TAGGART. Chairman Democratic National Committee.

tion—the Democratic National Committee. These central bodies of the two great parties have lines of subsidiary organizations reaching down through the States, cities, Congressional dis-tricts and counties to the voting pre-

Between campaigns, the National Committees are neither idle nor unwatchful. The permanent headquarters of the Republican National Committee are in Washington, and are under the immediate supervision of Elmer Dover, the committee's secretary, and formerly Senator Hanna's private and confidential secretary. The committee's headquarters occurs rooms in one of

the President's request, he could direct the militant forces of Republicanism in the last campaign, has not been able to even nominally surrender the reins of party management, although the vast responsibilities of the Postmaster-Generalship devolved upon him at the

beginning of this year. It was under the Hanna regime that permanent headquarters of the Republican National Committee were established in Washington. Mr. Hanna set tional Committee settling quarrels between warring factions, quarrels that threatened so to disrupt the party between campaigns as to seriously darken tween campaigns as to seriously darken this land their future home, where its prospects in intervening State, Con-

gressional and city election The Democratic National Committee's headquarters are nominally in the offices of Chairman T. T. Taggart, in Indianapolis, though much of the work of that organization is still done in New York by August Belmont and Wm. F. Sheehan, the leading members of the Executive Committee in the last cam paign. As the Democrats have no Federal patronage to dispense, the work that falls to Messrs. Taggart, Belmont and Sheehan is of a purely advisory and supervisory character. without saying, of course, that the Hon. William J. Bryan has very great influence in the decisions as to policies, even though he is clothed with no offi-

cial authority. The organizations next in importance to the National Committee are the State Committees. In each of the forty-five States both of the old parties maintain central committees, whose fund tions within their respective jurisdic-tions are similar to those of the Na-

tional Committees.

The Congressional National Committee stands next in the line of our mill tant political system. These commit-tees are of comparatively recent origin, and are a logical development of our party government system. Each party in Congress selects its own committe before the expiration of the Congress and every man is at peace with his then in session. Each committee in neighbor. turn selects its officers, who, as a rule, are members of the House. Both of in accordance with the injunction:

"And in the seventh month on the se committees have permanent headare conducted those fierce biennial a holy convocation; no servile work struggles for control of the House of Representatives. Attached to each net shall it be unto you."—Numbers ommittee is a corps of salaried assist- xix,i.

ant secretaries, stenographers, etc. City, ward, county and precinct committees, State legislative and senatorial trict committees, not to mention the myriad host of political clubs of mush-room growth and others of stable life and permanent habitations, complete a line of political organizations that ramify overy avenue of compactivities. ramify every avenue of our activities carefully nurtured as at present; party and are in the woof and web of our na-

leadership was never so placidly recognized and implicitly obeyed by party workers. The change has come about course, avowedly—a well-organized maparty to a movement similar to that American voter finds it virtually impos

> With all this marvelous perfection of political machinery, however, it worthy of note that at no time in the lar sentiment in the making of platforms and the nomination of candidates party machinery of to-day is not created for the purpose of driving men, like sheep, to the polls or in the expectation of hoodwinking the voters. It exists for the purpose of crystallizing and making effective a particular political creed. It can do nothing more than this.
>
> shaved. He must not have committed any offence which would bar him from this sacred office. When he is ready lith," a silken cloth, and takes his stand a the altar, beside the rabbi, and at certain places in the service blows the solemn sounds.

ANCIENT AND MODERN JEW. Peculiar Customs in Blowing the Rams on Jewish New Years.

The customs of different religious bodies have undergone many changes since their inauguration, and these changes are as marked among the Jews as they are other religious bodies A few ancient customs, however,, are still followed out, as they were in the lished in Washington. Mr. Hanna set days of Moses, by the strictly ortho-the fashion of the chairman of the Na-dox Jews, especially in certain parts of Europe, and among those orthodox



ANCIENT MANNER OF BLOWING THE RAM'S HORN.

they may enjoy religious liberty. On September 30 is the Jewish New Year, this year Number 5666, one of the most sacred holidays to the Jew, in caucus in Washington usually just when all petty quarrels are forgotten,

The Jewish New Year is observed quarters in Washington, from which are conducted those fierce biennial a holy convocation; no servile work

But it is observed quite differently by the orthodox and the reform Jews. The cornet mentioned in the bible committees, Congressional committees in is made from a ram's horn, and is each district of the States, judicial disknown as the "shofar," and is used in



MODERN JEW BLOWING THE RAM'S

In the strictly orthodox church the man who has the duty of blowing the shofar must be an exceedingly strict

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