"THE BELLE OF BATTLES." brigades of Bee and Bartow of John

RELICS OF THE BATTLEFIELDS OF BULL RUN.

Two Ancient Citizens Who Viewed the Battleground.

Ninety Year Old Witnesses.

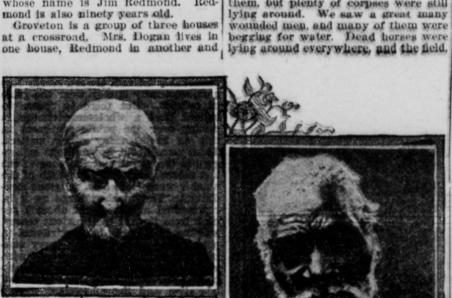
August 28, 29 and 30 are the battle days of the Second Bull Run. August 30 was Mrs. Dogan's ninetieth birth-day. The forty-third anniversary of the defeat of Pope by Lee and Jackson will be celebrated on the field of Groveton, the centre of the opposing armies, by a reunion of veterans and a birthday celebration for the Belle of Battles. The two observances will be so interwoven that it would be hard to separate one from the other. Another feature of the observance will be that particular prominence will be given to an old-time colored man whose name is Jim Redmond. Redmond is also ninety years old.

Groveton is a group of three houses at a crossroad. Mrs. Dogan lives in

ston's army fighting to stay the Federal advance.) "After fighting there for some time our boys ran back from Buck Hill over to the Henry place, the Slaughter and Cared for the Wounded.—Both Still Living on sas." (The whole of Beauregard and Johnston's armies were taking posi-"The Belle of Battles" is a title-a tion on the Henry farm.) "Then the sort of a nom de guerre-borne by a Yankees followed up Henry Hill. The shooting had got so furious now that we couldn't hear any single musket, and the firing of the cannon was so fast that only once in a while could we pick out a single shot. The country down there was now so covered with dust and smoke that we couldn't freeze, and by throwing out the liquid to freeze, and by throwing out the ice shouting from the shooting. Now and then we could not distinguish the shouting from the shooting. Now and then we could see lines of men running two miles south of Sudley. These were important names in the heroic age of the Republic. venerable woman who lives at Grove- shooting had got so furious now that age of the Republic.

Though the old iady was known to the men of the Federal armies of the Potomac and Virginia, and to the Confederate army of Northern Virginia, as though they were all too interested and excited to the Sugar Camps in the Woods. confederate army of Northern Virginia, and is still known the country round as "The Belle of Battles," her name is Mrs. Lucinda Dogan. She is ninety years old, has an excellent memory, good teeth, does not wear eye-glasses and can walk miles at a stretch.

Were all too interested and excited to The boiling was generally done in the open woods, and with no shelter from the weather, leaves, pieces of bark, ashes, drippings from the trees and other impurities fell into the open went back that way, and finally the field got so full of them and they made stretch. such a dust running that we couldn't see them. The shooting quieted down so we could hear single shots, and the dust in the Henry field got higher and thinner. We knew the Yankees were thinner. We knew the Yankees were running. About six o'clock that evening my husband and I drove over to the Henry place. The old house was a heap of smoking ashes. My old friend Mrs. Judith Henry, who was siek in bed, had been killed that morning by a shell which broke through the house and burst in her bedroom. All the trees about the place had been shot the mouth of the augur hole and wooden a detailed description of methods of trees about the place had been shot adoption of the augur hole and wooden a detailed description of methods of down so that only the stumps were standing. Parties of Confederates structive ax-cut and open wooden were picking up dead men and burying them, but plenty of corpses were still carried to the fire or sugar house in lying around. We saw a great many



the third is occupied by a tenant farmer of the Dogans. Both Mrs. Dogan and Jim Redmond saw the battles of Buil Run and looked upon the fields in all their gory horror. When the firling had ceased, Mrs. Dogan and her chilled the same of the both the firling had ceased, Mrs. Dogan and her chilled warned of Second Battle. dren, an among the dead and wounded carrying buckets of water and "gourd" gust 20, 1862, that Mrs. Dogan, after dippers, giving drink to the moaning soldiers, many of whom, of course, told by a staff officer of Stonewall were dying. All the old folk in the Jackson to move off her farm, as there battle region of Virginia say that the would be fighting there that day. most horrible sound that comes from a battlefield is the chorus of cries for water which come from the wounded. down the pike, and the night before After his labor as a volunteer water Jackson had taken up his position

BELLE OF BATTLES.

Groveton is on high ground, but Henry Hill, the junction of the War-renton pike and the Sudley road and the valley of Young's Branch, all a mile to the east of Groveton and the real red fighting ground of that red Sunday. July 21, 1861. It was from this hill that Mrs. Dogan and Jim Redmond watched the first battle. It is interesting to let Mrs. Dogan tell the story of the fight in her own way. She said:

By An Eye Witness.

"The Yankees were all around Centreville and our boys were laying burial parties only shoveled mounds box has been evolved the modern to the history of the de Lesseps failure. along Bull Run. Some of our troops of dirt over the bodies where they portable arch, made of fron, lined with Even if the canal is to cost a billion along Bull Run. Some of our troops of dirt over the bodies where the bodie army which had slipped away from Patterson's troops in the Shenandoah Valley and was re-inforcing Beaure-"Early Sunday morning we heard shooting down the pike towards the Stone Bridge, and my husband called out that the Yanks were coming. We went up to the top of that hill yonder and some of the neighbors hill yonder and some of the neighbors also came up. We could see the smoke rising above the trees about the Stone Bridge." (This was Tyler's division of the Union army engaging Cocke and Evans' brigades posted on the extreme Confederate left, "Off towards Sudley we could see clouds of dust rising over the woods." (This was McDowell with the divisions of was McDowell with the divisions of Hunter and Heintzelman executing the flank movement. "After the shooting had been going on for half an hour we could see crowds of men running back from the Stone Bridge to the Sudley road and then going north towards Sudley. Southern troops were coming up from towards scattered throughout Northern Virgamanssas, marching across the Henry farm, then over Buck Hill and on towards Sudley." (The Confederates oners at Fairfax court house, the wards Sudley." (The Confederates had discovered the Union turning whole party ate breakfast at Mrs. Domovement and were preparing to check it.) "Not long after all this, the ness in the Congressional inquiry into Sudiey. We could hear the sharp fied that Longstreet and staff took cracking of the muskets and the loud breakfast with her on the morning of reports of the cannon, and could hear August 29 and that regiments of his men shouting. Not long after, the men who had marched towards Sudley came running back through the woods and over the fields, stopping to shoot now and then. More Confederates were coming from Manassas and were forming on Buck Hill and the Matthews farm." (These were the shoot now farm. The corps were marching down the pike corps were marching down the pike corps were marching down the pike to corps were marching down the pike to corps were marching down the pike to corps were marching down the pike the pike to discouraged an' de cricket's keepin' dark. De lightnin' bug's so warm dat he's affective and cleanly, but, of course, can be carried out only where sugar is made on a large scale.

While these improvements have come with the course of time, it is not to be gwine to go?

It was more than a year later, August 20, 1862, that Mrs. Dogan, after would be fighting there that day. There had been heavy fighting the day before around Gainsville, three miles carrier, Redmond worked with a along the abandoned rallroad bed from burial party digging the long, deep Gainsville to Sudley, and which passes trenches in which the Confederate about 800 yards back of the Dogan dead were laid. Longstreet through Thoro near the Dogan house is a hill from which a good view may be obtained of Henry Hill, the junction of the Warrenton pike and the Sudley road and reached her father's house, two not reached her father's house, two miles away, when a Union battery and supports took station near the Dogan house and opened on Jackson's line. All that and the next day there was fierceand bloody fighting around Grove-ton. Of the conditions there she said:

"Funeral parties of both armies parties of men were collecting the lowed to escape. wounded and putting them in rows here in the yard and wherever there was shade. Doctors were cutting off legs and arms and the meaning was awful. They hadn't brought in all the wounded. There were hundreds scattered all around the farms. The children and I took buckets of water out into the fields and we worked that way all day and into the night, doing what we could for the poor fellows. Most of the wounded on our farm were Yankees, but that didn't make any difference to us after they got hurt. All our bed sheeting and table linen went for bandages."

The Famous Moseby Men.

Mrs. Dogan's house was the rendezvous of Moseby's "Rangers," "scouts," "bushwhackers," "pirates," variously shooting began between the pike and the Fitz-John Porter case. She testi-

MAKING MAPLE SUGAR.

THE AMERICAN INDIANS THE FIRST SUGAR PRODUCERS.

and the Yankees after them. More They Dropped Red Hot Stones Into the Sap. The Present Industry an Important One. Much Adultera-

From time unknown the Indians concave bark into the lower ends to salers, who, as a rule, mix it with glu-convey the liquid into a bark trough cose and other adulterants.

For a hundred years or more the con- the United States is about 30,000,000 ticed by the Indians, except that the cooking vessels were made of iron or

potash kettle was suspended over the fire from one end of a long, heavy pole,

buckets by hand or with a shoulder turns to their owners. The bulletin alincreased the gathering tank was intro- practices of adulteration largely duced, and where the work is on a large scale, pipes are often run through the "bush," as the grove is sometimes called, connecting with the sugar house or with the large storage tanks on the roadside, while in one large Adiron-dack sugar grove a narrow-gauge rail-way is used for collecting sap.

The Passing of the Kettle.

About the middle of the nineteenth century there was a change in the ac-tual process of sugar making, through the adoption of an iron pan in place of the old kettle. The earliest form of evaporator was probably a shallow pan about 30 inches wide, 6 inches deep, and from 6 to 10 feet in length. This

supposed that their adoption has been universal, for there are still many parts of the country in which sugar is produced only in a small way, and almost every form of sugar making, even the primitive may yet be found. Many NORTHWESTERN TRANSPO eaters of maple sugar, as a matter of fact, prefer the coarser open kettle sugar to the smooth, delicately flavored sugar produced by improved evapora-tion. The former is darker in color and stronger in the maple taste. Honest protapped the sugar maple trees for ducers endeavor to market their sugar sweets. They made diagonal cuts in and syrup direct or through the assothe trunk and drove reeds or pieces of ciations, instead of selling it to whole-

The New England States are the sap by dropping hot stones into it. In some cases they allowed the liquid to freeze, and by throwing out the ice sufficient water was removed to allow The total production of maple sugar in

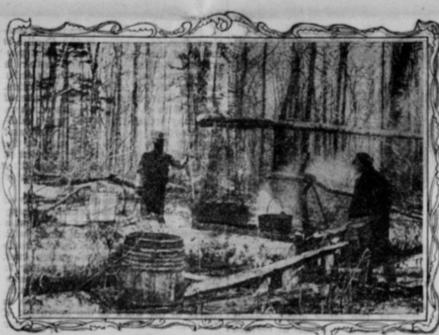


yoke; but as the scale of operations so describes the various methods and

Versed in Pig Language.

Wages of farm laborers in England are enticing. An advertiser in the Wimbledon, England, Gazette wants "a lad about 20; must be a churchman Wimbledon, England, Gazette wants "a lad about 20; must be a churchman of good education, who can drive a horse and cart, assist in the stable and garden (melons and cucumbers), milk cows and understand pigs; must be accustomed to wait at table and of gentlemanly appearance; early riser and tectotaler; good references required. The wages of this farm hand of di was supported by a thin-walled fire-box versified accomplishments are to be of stone or brick. The greatest por- | \$50 a year, but he must lodge out and

allowing the sap to enter at one end of gaged upon an experiment that will be evaporator and to flow from side to cost more in time and money than any side through succeeding compartments, one has been willing to admit. But the



BOILING MAPLE SYRUP IN THE OLD FASHIONED WAY.

were burying the dead, though they reaching the other end in the form of canal will be built, even though enhad not long been at this horrible syrup. This is practically the form of canal will be built, even though the enwork. The Confederates dug long, evaporator in use to-day. Improve gineers are compelled to go a mile deep trenches and laid their men in ments have been made in the method for a foundation for their works. The ground that way. The Union of firing, and from the old, rough fire United States will never add a chapter

Steam Pipe Evaporators.

series of steam pipes is placed in the evaporating pan and the sap made to flow around them. The process is



through. But it may happen many times before the job is done that, as Mr. Payne suggests, the people will recall those all-night speeches of Probably the latest improvement in Senator Morgan and be willing to have syrup making is that adopted by a them enrolled among the masterpieces manufacturer in the Adirondacks. A of American oratory."

The Blithesome Locust.

From The Washington Star. Look here, Mistuh Locus' bug, a' screechin' in de tree, We been a lis'nen' to you till we's tired as we kin be. You singin' an' a-playin' like you hated

feh to quit. You 'pears to has you s'picions dat you made a pow'ful hit. De leaves is gettin' yaller an' de grass is turnin' brown,

An' de sun he keeps a-hlazin' on de country an' de town. It's dat 'ar conjur chorus dat you sings dat makes it so. I ax you, Mistuh Locus', ain' you never

You holler in de daytime an' you holler

gwine to go?

in de night. You's got de moon discouraged till You's got de moon discouraged this she's slidin' out o' sight.

An' when you kep' a singin' till we's all a feelin' sad.

You stahts to play de fiddle, an' you plays it mighty bad.

De tree toad is discouraged an' de cricket's keepin' dark.

De lightnin' bug's so warm dat he's

While these improvements have come with the course of time, it is not to be where the show.

I ax you, Mistuh Locus', ain't you never gwine to go?

NEW WATERWAYS.

NORTHWESTERN TRANSPOR-TATION ROUTES.

Canals Which May be Cut Through Michigan and Wisconsin Peninsulas.-Enginering Difficulties Not

The canal, ancient institution though it is, so far from having outsived its uses, commends itself with increasing urgency as the years speed by. Canals do not hold their place in the public cye directly as means of cheap trans-port, but as short cuts between great

navigable waters.

A short cut is a time-saver, and a time-saver is a money-maker. And this is the universal demand.

From the days of the Pharoahs a wa ter-link between the Mediterranean and the Red Sea was talked of and a cheration or so ago the Suez Cana became a fact. So well established in now that commerce between Europe and the Orient marvels how it got along before De Lesseps made a dream come true. Then on our continent was the Eric Canal that brought the Great Lakes in touch with the Atlantic through the Hudson River. There was the Manchester Canal, the Kiel Canal and the Soo Canal. The Panama Canal is in near prospect, a ship canal between the inland seas and the Mississippi River is in mind, and now comes



a proposition to join Lakes Superior and Michigan 135 miles west of Saul ward into the Little Bay de Noquette, due north of Chicago. Of the 40 miles across the peninsula only about 16 would need to be dredged.

Many Miles Shorter.

The time is perhaps not distant when was supported by a thin-wanted hre-box versified accomplishments are to be followed the first of stone or brick. The greatest portion of the under surface of this pan being exposed to the heat of the first caused more rapid evaporation, the use of less fuel and a quality of syrup and sugar far better than by the kettle method. The manufacture of this new style of pan led to the erection of buildings for their shelter. Then followed a form of pan with partitions to cause an alternating flow, this improvement allowing the sap to enter at one end of which were overcome in the Eric. Chesapeake and Ohio and other great American canals. The commerce of the Great Lakes is vast enough to deserve all the short cuts which engineering shill and wealth can command.

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