

DOINGS OF THE WORLD

A Classified and Comprehensive Account of the History-Making Events In All Lines of Thought and Action From Week to Week, Showing the Trend of Civilization Without Partisanship or Sensationalism — Entertaining, Instructive and Valuable For Future Reference.

POLITICAL

Philadelphia's Revolution.

The action of Mayor Weaver on May 23 in removing Director of Public Safety Smyth and Director of Public Works Costello was tangible evidence of his determination to lead the people in their war on the existing corrupt party machinery. Burning his bridges behind him and retaining ex-Secretary Root of New York and Judge Gordon of Philadelphia as his personal counsel, the mayor has marched resolutely at the head of the reform forces, prepared to take extreme legal action in defense of the city's rights.

Chief Justice Mitchell and Associate Justice Potter of the supreme court issued a writ of superseas suspending the operation of the injunction issued by Judge Ralston of the common pleas court forbidding the mayor's appointees, Director of Safety Potter and Director of Public Works Acker, from exercising the functions of their offices. Previous to the supreme court's action the mayor had ejected the ex-directors from their offices on the ground of trespass.

The storm of public wrath continued to increase from day to day, spending its force in various appeals and threats directed against the members of the city councils who had voted for the U. G. I. lease.

In the face of this furious onslaught the leaders of the powerful Republican machine, backed by extensive commercial interests which they have subserved, continued to show fight and prepared to begin impeachment proceedings against Mayor Weaver. The popular feeling against these men reached an intensity never before experienced. The fact was brought out that the reform organization could retain scarcely an attorney in all the city for the reason that all were in the service of some corporation connected with the machine. Wherever Mayor Weaver appeared in public he was acclaimed by the people as the hero of the hour. He has received messages of congratulation from Mayor Dunne of Chicago and many other city officials throughout the land.

Taft's Presidential Debut.

The Ohio Republican state convention, which met at Columbus May 24 and named the state ticket, headed by Governor Herrick, was significant mainly because of the prominent part taken by Secretary of War Taft and the enthusiasm displayed when his name was mentioned as a candidate for the presidency in 1908. Secretary Taft was chosen temporary chairman, and in his speech he accepted as his own issues the necessity of railroad rate legislation and the supervision of trusts. Nevertheless, he hoped his party would set its face like flint against the new Bryan programme of government ownership of railroads. He gave unstinted praise to the president, and this sentiment was echoed in the platform which was adopted by the convention.

Indiana Organ For Bryan.

In a deal completed May 24 the Indiana Sentinel, which was owned and managed by Tom Taggart, the Democratic national chairman of last year, went into the control of men known to be friendly to W. J. Bryan. The management passes to J. W. Allen.

Governor Douglas Not to Run Again.

In a letter to John J. Flaherty, chairman of the Democratic state central committee of Massachusetts, Governor William L. Douglas has announced his decision not to be a candidate for reelection. Governor Douglas says he has no taste for officeholding, much preferring his business and home life to public responsibilities.

Pennsylvania Democrats Aot.

Under the leadership of Colonel Guffey the Pennsylvania Democratic convention in session at Harrisburg May 24 named William H. Berry, the reform mayor of Chester, as its candidate for state treasurer and John G. Tead of Greensburg for judge of the

superior court on a platform confined entirely to state issues. It was decided to offer local co-operation with the Republican reform element of Philadelphia.

End of the Rate Hearings.

The senate committee on interstate commerce closed its hearings on the railroad rate question May 23 and adjourned until October before making its report. The testimony was largely against extending the powers of the interstate commerce commission.

LEGAL-CRIMINAL

Rebates Declared Legal.

By decision of the supreme court of Massachusetts reversing the conviction in a lower court it has been declared that it is not contrary to the laws of the state for a manufacturer to give reasonable inducements to his customers for the exclusive handling of his products. The law thus interpreted forbade manufacturers from making it a condition that the purchaser should not deal in the goods of another. The defendant was a salesman of the tobacco trust, who offered to jobbers a concession of 6 per cent below the trade if they would refuse to handle products of any other manufacturer.

Machen Pleads Guilty.

August W. Machen, the convicted postal official, who was recalled from the state prison at Moundsville, W. Va., to face additional charges of conspiracy in connection with a contract for postoffice supplies, appeared in court at Washington last week without a sign of prison garb and entered a plea of guilty. In doing so he explained that he did not directly or indirectly interfere with the committee that received the competitive bids in the case referred to, but he admitted that he did hold an interest in the contract and shared in the profits accruing from it. He declared, however, that he did not know or suppose at the time that in so doing he was violating the law. He now understands that this was a technical violation and in view of his present embarrassments and disadvantages he deems it best to submit. Mr. Machen was then sentenced to two years' imprisonment, to begin at the expiration of the two year term he is now serving.

Pullman Contracts Lawful.

The supreme court of Texas has decided against the state in its suit to recover penalties from the Fort Worth and Denver City railroad and the Pullman Car company for the violation of the antitrust law. It was held that the contract of the railroads for the use of Pullman cars exclusively was not in restraint of trade, inasmuch as sleeping cars are for the public benefit. Numerous other suits of this character will now be dismissed.

RELIGIOUS

Basis of Presbyterian Union.

The sessions of the Presbyterian general assembly at Winona Lake, Ind., showed from the beginning a spirit of unanimity which culminated in the unanimous adoption of the report of the committee to which was referred the answers of the presbyteries concerning the basis of union with the Cumberland Presbyterian church. This was that "the basis of union" should be adopted inasmuch as 194 presbyteries, or more than the required two-thirds, had declared themselves for it. Dr. Moffat, the moderator, then declared the basis of union adopted subject to a conference with the committee of the Cumberland church. Thus the Presbyterian church has plainly indicated its desire to unite with all other Presbyterian bodies that are ready to adopt revised standards.

The committee on divorce and remarriage reported gratifying progress toward stricter and more uniform legislation, and the assembly unanimously recommends that "ministers should refuse to marry divorced persons except the innocent party in a case where the divorce had been granted on Scriptural grounds." Nor then until assured that a period of one year has elapsed from the date of the decision allowing the divorce.

Church in Unionism.

At last week's meeting of the Presbyterian Ministers' association of New York city it was announced that the Rev. Dr. John B. Devins, editor of the Observer, had been appointed a delegate from the ministerial organization to the Central Federated union in accordance with a resolution of the association. Also, the Rev. Dr. Arthur N. Thompson of Jersey City was appointed a delegate to the central labor body.

New York Revival Begun.

About the steps of the New York city hall at noon on May 22 a crowd of citizens gathered and witnessed the opening of the nonsectarian summer revival which is to be conducted by the united Protestant ministers of the metropolis. A bugler of the Salvation Army called the meeting to order by playing "Nearer, My God, to Thee." After prayer and hymns the Rev. Dr. C. L. Goodell (Methodist), who presided, said that nothing tended to bring all of the churches closer together than this movement to work shoulder to shoulder for the common cause of godly morals and God's service. He referred to the charge that the clergy had no interest in the masses and said: "God help us if this is true. Help us to change. We do not ask you to join any particular church, but to give your hearts to God."

At the preliminary Carnegie Hall meeting, speaking of this campaign, Bishop Greer (Episcopal) said: "The gospel is not for one section of the city, but for all human life. The churches are rising above, ignoring and forget-

ting the differences of creed and are going to preach the gospel to the city."

The plan of campaign is to erect ten or more large tents in different sections of the city in which daily services are to be held, for children in the afternoon and for adults in the evening. Stereopticon pictures and music will help to attract attention and to interest all listeners. No collection is to be taken, as the expenses are to be paid entirely by private subscriptions.

SOCIOLOGICAL

Nine Carnegie Hero Awards.

The Carnegie hero commission, which met at Pittsburgh May 25, announced the first awards in the \$5,000,000 fund created by Andrew Carnegie. Three persons received silver medals, three bronze medals and three, whose husbands died while performing acts of bravery, received money. Also \$10,000 was voted to the fund for the survivors of the Brooklyn shoe factory explosion. Since the establishment of the fund 405 applications have been made to the commission. Of these 239 have been refused as not coming under the scope of the fund, 159 still wait investigation and nine have been granted.

The medals were awarded to Louis A. Bauman, Jr., age seventeen years, of Rodi, Pa., who rescued a boy from drowning; Lavine Steele, age twenty-seven years, of Iowa City, Ia., who risked her life to rescue a man who had broken through the ice in the Iowa river; the widow of Thomas H. McCann, who lost his life in rescuing an eight-year-old boy from drowning in the ocean, near Portland, Me.; to the widow of Gideon K. Marshall, age thirty-nine years, of Springfield, Pa., who went down into a gaseous well to rescue a laborer who had been overcome and himself was lost; to Alexander Cameron, age twenty-seven years, of Lindsay county, Ontario, who rescued a boy from drowning in the Sengau river; the widow of Seymour G. Leighton, who lost his life while rescuing two girls who were swept over a thirty foot water fall in a canoe; to John J. Healy, a hospital attendant at Ellis Island, N. Y., for saving the life of an immigrant girl who had jumped into the bay; to Ernestine P. Atwood, age seventeen years, of Melrose, Mass., who rescued a boy from drowning; John J. Riley, age forty-four years, for saving a man from drowning at Coney Island. Miss Atwood received besides the silver medal \$500 for educational purposes; Mrs. Marshall receives \$500 to pay off a mortgage on her home; Mrs. McCann received \$500 besides the medal.

Anti-race Suicide Homes.

Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, in association with several other wealthy New York women, has planned a skyscraper tenement house twenty-two stories high and covering a Brooklyn block for the purpose of furnishing families with children homes. No tenants without children will be taken. The ground floor will be occupied by a department store, and all apartments will have modern conveniences with large, sunny rooms. The rent will be reasonable. The building will be managed by women.

The Cost of Consumption.

Dr. Arthur Latham at the annual meeting of the London hospital Saturday fund declared that 16,000 people died every year in the city of London from a preventable disease due to filth—namely, the various forms of tuberculosis. He estimated that the loss from this disease in the United States was \$39,000.

SCIENTIFIC

Professor Loeb's Latest Work.

In a bulletin just issued by Professor Jacques Loeb of the University of California the latest step in the process of fertilizing the eggs of sea urchins is fully described. He is now able to form membrane in the eggs in the same order that it is formed in real life—that is, immediately after the spermatozoon enters. His method is to treat the eggs with a solution of fatty acid and sea water. In this the eggs remain from one-half to one and a half minutes. When transferred back to the sea water they form membrane which cannot be distinguished from that which is fertilized naturally. The eggs remain in normal sea water for five or ten minutes and are then put into a mixture of sea water and salt solution for twenty to fifty minutes. When taken out and placed in normal sea water again the formation of micromeres occurs as in normally fertilized eggs, and the rate of segmentation and development is precisely the same. The blastula cavity forms in these eggs as early and in the same way as in fertilized eggs and blastula begin to swim and rise to the surface as early as those developing from fertilized eggs. When the larvae which rise to the surface are collected and kept in a watch glass it is difficult to distinguish them from larvae produced from fertilized eggs.

A Color Photograph Plant.

A plant is being erected at Downingtown, Pa., by the Holgram Color Photo company for the purpose of coating and sensitizing their chemically prepared paper for making photographs in the colors of nature. This, says the Searchlight, is the first building ever erected for the purpose of preparing paper to receive color impressions directly from the negative.

Flour by Electricity.

A report of a new electrical method for producing fine white flour has been

LABOR

Troops Ready For Chicago.

After it was supposed that terms of peace in the Chicago teamsters' strike had been accepted by both sides all negotiations were declared off on account of the refusal of the express companies to take back any of their striking employees. The strike promptly spread to the lumber yard drivers, and work on all buildings in course of construction was thus impeded and 100,000 skilled laborers were indirectly involved. The lumbermen's teamsters refused to deliver goods to the strike bound firms, and on this account were discharged and their fellows walked out.

As soon as this situation developed Mayor Dunne communicated with Governor Deneen, and 6,000 militiamen were held in readiness for any difficulties. The arrest of parents and children connected with school strikes aroused the bitterest feelings among labor unions, and the federation pledged itself to withdraw all children from the corporation controlled schools if necessary. President Shea of the Teamsters' union fully expected to be sent to jail and was agreeably surprised on May 25 when Judge Koblasat decided that he was not guilty of contempt in refusing to answer some questions put to him by the attorney for the employers. Two express drivers, however, were sent to jail until they should consent to tell all they knew. Just at this juncture the situation was made more serious by the talk of a strike by all of the employees of the Union Traction street car lines.

Labor Arbitration Costly.

For the expenses of the new arbitration board created to settle differences between the Building Trades Employers' association and the labor unions of the same trades the sum of \$128,000 a year is to be raised. Each member of a union is to be taxed 10 cents a month, and there are 53,250 members. This will provide one-half of the required amount, and the employers will raise the other half. Each of the twelve members of the executive committee is to receive \$25 a month, and where men are required to act as witnesses or as committeemen they are to be paid for wages lost.

10,000 Rockmen Locked Out.

In view of the strikes declared and threatened by the unions of rockmen and excavators at New York the Protective Association of Stone Contractors decided May 22 to take the bull by the horns and lock out over 10,000 of the rockmen. This will hold up the construction of more than 100 buildings in Greater New York.

INDUSTRIAL

Long Distance Pipe Line.

The big pipe line which Standard Oil has laid from Kansas City, Mo., to Bayonne, N. J., is now ready for operation. This will enable oil to flow half-way across the continent. The new line connects at Whitney, Ind., with the already established line to Bayonne. An outlet is thus made for 6,000,000 barrels of oil which the Standard has stored up in western cities.

New B. and O. Offices.

The Baltimore and Ohio railroad has just authorized the construction of a general office building at Baltimore, to be the finest of its kind in the world, in place of the one which was destroyed by fire in 1904. It will be located in the heart of the city at Baltimore and Charles streets. It will be thirteen stories high, and in shape will be like the letter H and separate from all other buildings on all sides. The building is to be constructed by the Wells Bros. company of Baltimore at an expense of \$1,500,000. Every modern approved device will be availed of.

A New Mississippi Bridge.

A splendid new railroad bridge over the Mississippi river at Thebes, Ill., was dedicated and thrown open to traffic May 25 by the construction company organized in the interest of various railroads east and west of the river. The new structure is the only railroad bridge between St. Louis and Memphis and affords direct communication between the northwest and southeast.

A Municipal Ferryboat.

The last of five ferryboats to be built for operation by the city of New York between the Battery and Staten Island was launched May 20 at Port Richmond, N. Y. These boats represent an outlay of \$1,300,000. It is expected that these municipal boats will be running by September.

To Have the Fastest Train.

The officers of the Vanderbilt lines, over which the Twentieth Century Limited has been run between New York and Chicago, have decided to cut one whole hour from the train's schedule, thus reducing the time of the trip to nineteen hours. When this order goes into effect, June 18, they expect to have the fastest train in the world. This means that the train will have to make over fifty miles an hour, including all stops.

Flour by Electricity.

A report of a new electrical method for producing fine white flour has been

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The Successful Wife.

The successful wife keeps on hand a little boom in case of need. She keeps a surprise tucked up her sleeve, where it can be fired on a moment's notice. Maybe it is a carnation for his coat lapel. Maybe it is his favorite pudding served extra. Perhaps it is the baby's picture framed for his desk. Something she has ready, and when his affection needs jogging she does not hesitate to do the jogging.

Why, a bunch of violets or a knot of bright ribbon where it adds the most to a wife's charms almost makes a man forget that he is hungry. A saucy pinch with the usual kiss or a merry chase away from the accustomed greeting will almost make a man forget that he is married to the adorable creature. A stage whisper now and then and a twinkle of mischief are worth hours of cooing. The woman who burles her roughness on her wedding day robs her home of much of its happiness.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

A Guaranteed Cure For Piles.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Druggists refund money if FAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case, no matter of how long standing, in 8 to 14 days. First application gives ease and rest. 50c. If your druggist hasn't it send 50c in stamps and it will be forwarded post-paid by Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis Mo.



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Peaches 10c., 12c., 15c. and 18c. per pound. Apricots 15c., 18c. and 20c. per pound. Prunes 5c., 8c., 10c. and 12c. per pound. Raisins 10c. and 12c. per pound, either seeded or unseeded. Currants 10c. and 12c. per pound. Citron, Orange and Lemon Peel. Dates, Figs and fine Table Raisins. All these goods are well worth the prices named on them and will give good satisfaction.

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The foundation of our Mince Meat is good sound, lean beef and all other ingredients are the highest grade of goods. It represents our best effort and our customers say it is a success, and at 12c. per pound is very reasonable in price.

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