

TURKEY EXPOSED

Reforms in Macedonia Denounced By Bulgaria.

A TERRIBLE CATEGORY OF CRIME

Wholesale Massacre, Torture, Incendiarism, Pillage and General Oppression Exposed in Memorandum to Powers.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Aug. 17.—The Bulgarian government has presented a memorandum to the powers setting out at great length the condition of affairs during the past three months in Macedonia since the Turkish government undertook to inaugurate the promised reforms. The most precise details, dates, places and names of persons are given in the memorandum, the whole constituting a terrible category of murder, torture, incendiarism, pillage and general oppression committed by the Ottoman soldiers and officials. The Bulgarian government guarantees the absolute truth of every statement, and challenges the Porte to disprove a single charge made in the memorandum.

The memorandum begins by stating that during the past three months the Ottoman government has taken a series of measures with the alleged intention of inaugurating the era of promised reform and of assuring peace and tranquillity to the Bulgarian population of Europe and Turkey but which have had the contrary effect of further exasperating the population and reviving the revolutionary movement.

Wholesale massacres, individual murders, the destruction of villages, the pillaging and setting fire to houses, the arrests, ill treatment, tortures, arbitrary imprisonment and banishment, the closing and disorganizing of churches and schools, the ruining of merchants, the collection of taxes for many years in advance—such, proceeds the memorandum, are among the acts of the Ottoman administration of the vilayets of Salonica, Monastir, Uskub and Adrianople.

The memorandum relates in detail a number of such cases in each vilayet. Beginning with the vilayet of Salonica, it states that in the town of Salonica itself the Bulgarian professors of the university, the students and shopkeepers, in fact all the intelligent Bulgarians in the city, have been cast into prison. One hundred and twenty soldiers entered the village of Gorna-Ribniza May 19 and tortured to death five men and two women. During the first three months of July, 35 villages in the district of Tikvesh were subjected to the depredations of the Turkish soldiers and Bashi-Bazouks. The villagers were beaten and tortured, the women violated and the houses plundered while the administrative authorities looked on.

In the vilayet of Monastir, artillery bombarded and razed the flourishing town of Smerdesch, the 300 houses being left a heap of ruins. At the beginning of July two Greek bands with the connivance of the authorities pillaged Bulgarian villages and murdered many of their inhabitants.

In the vilayet of Uskub the entire Bulgarian population has been systematically persecuted since last May. The director of the normal school at Uskub was imprisoned because his library contained the "revolutionary" works of "Othello" and "Les Miserables."

In the districts of Palanka, Koschani, Koumanovo and Gostigar the prisons are filled with Bulgarian priests, schoolmasters and merchants. During June the soldiers and Bashi-Bazouks terrorized the inhabitants of the Schit district, torturing the people with red hot irons. Similar atrocities perpetrated in the vilayet of Adrianople are listed.

At Smerdesch over two hundred Bulgarians were shot, killed with swords or burned to death. Over 250 houses and the churches and schools were set on fire with petroleum and pillaged, the property being sold by the soldiers and Bashi-Bazouks in neighboring places. Similar scenes occurred at the villages of Gorna-Ribniza, Igomenez, Dobrilaki and Nikoden. The villagers there abandoned their homes and fled to the mountains. Over 3000 men, women and children fled from the Sanjak of Seres, and even more from the Sanjak of Kırkkisse.

In conclusion, the memorandum denies that Bulgaria fomented the revolution in Macedonia, and says the above exposures condemn Turkey's government in Europe.

Christian Villages Destroyed.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Aug. 18.—A despatch received here from Uskub says that 600 Bashi-Bazouks, under the command of Albanian chiefs, who are notoriously cruel, have pillaged and destroyed a number of Christian villages in the districts of Debre and Okrida. The Turkish authorities, it is added, connived at the outrages and furnished the Bashi-Bazouks with old uniforms in order that they might appear to be regular soldiers.

River Full of Mutilated Bodies.

Berlin, Aug. 18.—According to a despatch received by the Frankfort Zeitung the river Monastir, Macedonia, is full of the mutilated bodies of women and children who have been massacred by Bashi-Bazouks.

Grasshoppers Stall Trains.

Red Lodge, Mont., Aug. 18.—Grasshoppers are so thick in this section that they are interfering with the operation of trains. Locomotive wheels are made so slippery that when the engines stop it is difficult to start them again. The grasshoppers have eaten the range bare.

A WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED.

Wednesday, August 12.

Yellow fever has broken out at Monterey, Mexico, and an epidemic is feared.

The Grand Circle of Pennsylvania, Brotherhood of the Union, held its annual convention at Allentown.

Herbert W. Bowen, United States minister to Venezuela, sailed for Europe on the steamship Kronprinz Wilhelm.

The remains of the late Brigadier General A. E. Woodson were interred at Arlington National Cemetery, Washington, D. C., with military honors.

Nearly all the mines in the Cripple Creek, Col., district are closed on account of strikes. The men demand an 8-hour day and recognition of the union.

Thursday, August 13.

The International Typographical Union has decided to meet next year in St. Louis.

John Lang and John Meyers, miners, were killed by a premature explosion of dynamite in a mine at Iron Mountain, Mich.

Frederic Mac Monnies, of New York, has been ordered to design a statue of General McPherson, to be erected in Washington, D. C.

Isaac Markley, a wealthy farmer of Marshalltown, Ia., charged with wife murder, and out on \$10,000 bail, committed suicide by hanging.

E. E. Johnson, bookkeeper for the Commercial Bank, of Duluth, Minn., has been arrested, charged with embezzling \$45,000 of the bank's money.

Friday, August 14.

The first bale of South Carolina cotton was sold at Augusta for 20 cents per pound.

The Pennsylvania Fraternal Order of Eagles decided to hold next year's convention at Reading.

Patrick McHenry, of Newark, N. J., is under arrest at Cheyenne, Mo., charged with murdering a miner.

Two white miners are dead and three seriously injured as the result of an explosion in a mine at Coal City, Ala.

Milton Gregg was struck by an express train on the Pennsylvania Railroad, near Lancaster, Pa., and instantly killed.

Saturday, August 15.

Crops and property in Davis county, Ky., were damaged to the extent of \$10,000 by a hailstorm.

The government has withdrawn from entry 150,000 acres of public land in Colorado, to be used for irrigation.

G. R. Creighton was arrested in New York for forging notes for \$12,000 on the law firm of Townsend & Wardell.

The first meeting of the Alaskan boundary commission will be held September 3 in the British foreign office, London.

H. S. Faulkner, former member of the St. Louis house of delegates, was convicted of perjury in the boodling investigation and sentenced to three years' imprisonment.

Sunday, August 17.

In a rear-end collision of trolley cars at Kansas City 15 persons were injured, two fatally.

Bee Washington, a negro, was lynched at Line Store, Miss., for murdering Stanley Wood, a white man.

An international exhibition of American horses will be held at Louisville, Ky., September 28 to October 3.

The Pennsylvania forestry commission will place a stone tablet at Grafenven in honor of Thaddeus Stevens.

A. Merle Henberg, aged 14 years, of Dushore, Pa., fell into a "Y" cog gearing at the Bernice breaker and was literally ground to death.

Tuesday, August 18.

Cardinal Gibbons has left Rome for Chambrey, France, 45 miles from Geneva, Switzerland.

Twenty-two Calumet men were arrested near Ogdensburg, N. Y., for unlawfully crossing the Canadian border.

Receivers have been appointed for the Oliver Refining Company, of Norfolk, Va. Liabilities, \$272,000; assets, \$370,625.

Miss Maude Crofton, aged 24, hanged herself with a shawl strap at the Richard Grundy Sanitarium at St. Dennis, near Washington, D. C.

Charles Elow and James Scanlon, Pennsylvania Railroad employees, were seriously injured at Metuchen, N. J., by a 1000-pound butting block falling on them.

In a head-on collision between passenger trains on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad at Long Lake, Ill., two trainmen were killed and many passengers injured, three fatally.

GENERAL MARKETS

Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 17.—Flour was steady; winter superfine, \$2.95@3.15; Pennsylvania roller, clear, \$3.40@3.60; city mills, extra, \$3.15@3.35. Rye flour was quiet, at \$3.15 per barrel. Wheat was firm; No. 2 Pennsylvania red, new, \$4.40; corn was firm; No. 2 yellow local, 61 1/2c. Oats were quiet; No. 2 white, clipped, 41c.; lower grades, 39c. Hay was steady; No. 1 timothy, \$21 for large bales. Beef was steady; beef hams, \$19@20. Pork was firm; family, \$20.50. Live poultry, hens, 13c.; old roosters, 9c. Dressed poultry, choice fowls, 14 1/2c.; old roosters, 10c. Butter was steady; creamery, 22c. per pound. Eggs were steady; New York and Pennsylvania, 21c. per dozen. Potatoes steady; new, 80c. per basket.

Baltimore, Md., Aug. 17.—Wheat strong; spot contract, 81 1/2c@81 3/4c.; spot No. 2 red western, 82 1/2c@82 3/4c.; steamer No. 2 red, 77 1/2c@77 3/4c.; southern, by sample, 66@61 1/2c.; do., on grade, 77 1/2c@81 1/2c. Corn firmer; spot, 57@57 1/2c.; steamer mixed, 55@55 1/2c.; southern white corn, 56@60c.; do. yellow, 56@61c. Oats firmer; old No. 2 white, 40c.; old No. 2 mixed, 35 1/2c@36c. Rye quiet; No. 2, 55 1/2c.; No. 2 western, 56 1/2c.

Live Stock Markets.

East Liberty, Pa., Aug. 17.—Cattle slow; choice, \$5.20@5.35; prime, \$5@5.15; good, \$4.90@5.10. Hogs active; prime heavy, \$5.65@5.75; mediums, \$5.95@6; heavy Yorkers, \$5.95@6; light Yorkers and pigs, \$6@6.10; roughs, \$4@5. Sheep steady; best wethers, \$4.20@4.40; culls and common, \$1.60@2; yearlings, \$3@4.75; veal calves, \$7@7.50.

THAT RED STAIN
On the handkerchief sends a chill to the heart of the woman who had kept on thinking—"the cough will get better after a while." Now she knows the fight for life is on and looks eagerly around for medical aid.

A 1008 page book, free for the asking. You can get the People's Common Sense Medical Advisor, the best medical book ever published, FREE by sending stamps to pay expense of mailing ONLY.

BROOM STOCK BOOMS.
60 CENTS A SHARE.
75 CENTS A SHARE.
The high place the New Broom gained in public favor is due to the Company's ability to produce solid proof of every statement.

20 Other Applications for Sub-Companies Now Pending.
WE ASSERT AND CAN PROVE
That the demand for the New Broom is as wide as the civilized world.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.
ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF REAL ESTATE.
One mile north of Houserville.
SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 5th, 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.
The following accounts have been examined, passed and filed of record in the Register's office for the inspection of the creditors, debtors, and all others in anywise interested.

INFORMATION WANTED:
Certain patrons, through negligence, or for peculiar reasons known to themselves, remove from one locality to another, without notifying this office.

Its Easy to match prices; Its Hard to match quality.
We manufacture a tooth wash at 25c. There are hundreds at same price. What we claim for ours is not a better price, but a BETTER QUALITY.