Pharmacy.



A WOMAN PASTOR.

Rev. Mary A. Safford Is a Prominent Unitarian Minister.

One of the most prominent and successful ministers among the western Unitarians is the Rev. Mary A. Safford of Des Moines, Ia. Miss Safford, who is a zealous and untiring worker in all that pertains to her church organization, is accredited with having organized and built up more flourishing churches in the west than any other one minister. During her pastorate th Sloux City, Ia., which extended over fourteen years, she became well known on account of the unusual liberality shown toward her fellow workers in other and widely different religious de-



REV. MARY A. SAFFORD.

nominations, and she was one of the arst ministers in the country to receive in her pulpit representatives of the religions of the far east as well as the allen workers at home. Miss Safford possesses a rare intelligence, combined with a broad sympathy and a ready wit. In addition to her work in the church she always has been active in all matters pertaining to the progress of her own sex, and through her own individual efforts many young women have found a coveted scholarship in college or in similar ways have been materially assisted. For the last two years Miss Safford has held the office of state secretary of the Western Unitarian Sunday School association.

Let Children Rend Freely.

It will simplify life for a great many parents and guardians of book loving children if they would remember that a book is one thing to a child and another to an adult. Those who find their children devouring all the books within reach are sometimes unnecessarily bothered for fear the children will be corrupted by the older literature of the world or by some modern novel of doubtful morals.

The chance of such a catastrophe is so small in the case of a child who is really fond of reading as to be practically nothing. The reason is that such a child reads all books for the story or the descriptions or the element of interest, whatever that may be, which it understands.

In all the older poets there is enough beauty and interest to hold the attention without any of it being given to the suggestive passages, and it is this which the child enjoys. The rest of the book is beyond its experience and therefore uninteresting. It is shocking or distasteful to the grown person be cause the latter reads into it the full meaning of the author by the light of experience or maturer knowledge. The child, having no such light, is undisturbed and uncontaminated.

The normal boy and girl are fully aware of not understanding everything in life, but there are so many interesting things in sight that it is not worth while to bother about the others. Ruskin's advice was good-to turn girls and boys into a good library and let them browse. Unless their attention is called to a book by a prohibition they will almost invariably select what interests them-that is, what is good for themand ignore the rest .- New York News.

Children's Questions,

Little folks are wont to ask the most terribly embarrassing questions at times, and the more intelligent the children are the more they will want to know, for the active little brain of a clever child is always asking the why and wherefore of everything. In dealing with children's questions be careful to discriminate between those which are asked from the desire to know and those which are the outcome merely of a childish love of talking. The latter are often best dealt with by saying quite gently, "If you think a little, dear, you will be able to answer that for yourself." To questions of the former class reply if possible as carefully as you would to an adult questioner. If the matter be beyond the child's comprehension or unsuitable for explanation to one of tender years, don't make any foolish or evasive answer. Say simply: "I cannot explain that to you now, for you are not old enough to understand it. By and by, when you are older, if you will come and ask me again, then I will do my | thing of beauty. best to tell you what you want to know." If parents would speak thus to their children instead of snubbing or laughing at their questions, they would keep their confidence and by and by would be referred to for information which boys and girls are sure to want and which is best learned from a father's or mother's lips.

Books and Bookshelves, Books have had many appreciative

tributes from the master minds of all | flannel will clean linen shades.

ages. One phase of their usefulness that appeals in a very practical manner to homemakers is the help they give in furnishing the house. When this fact becomes more generally recognized and better understood, there will be a freer and more generous distribution of books through all the different rooms. A room filled with books of reference, sets of standard authors and collections of miscellaneous writings is too exclusively a literary workshop for the ordinary household. It is better adapted for the use of the professional worker, who must isolate himself among surroundings and with appliances that will carry him forward in his career. The charm of the modern living room is its informal concentration of the family interests. Books, magazines and papers may form a large share of the attractive qualities of this room. A corner for writing may be established with a table or desk well lighted for evening use. Shelves for the books may be built against the walls or hung from the picture molding. Small stands for holding magazines and comfortable chairs drawn near the windows will add to the pleasures afforded by reading, while the books themselves form a specific part in beautifying the room.

Useful Wall Paper Scraps. No scraps of wall paper should be thrown away. They can be utilized in a dozen different and pretty ways. One of the charming things makable from them in a lamp shade. Cartridge paper in old rose, oak yellow, stone brown, sage green and regimental gray makes especially smart shades of the plain,

-Delineator.

colonial or empire patterns. Take a yard and a quarter of the paper and cut from it a wide strip on the bias. Fold it around the wire onpire frame and paste it up one seam as invisibly as possible. Bind the top and the bottom of the shade with a narrow strip of smooth paper, paper border or ribbon. The binding may be either darker or lighter in tone than the paper of the shade itself. The results got by this simple means are so good that many women now buy paper or beg scraps of wall paper from wall papering establishments. When cartridge paper is used, it can be decorated in any of a dozen different ways prints, marine views, photographs, etc. -Good Housekeeping.

When Contentment Reigns.

The chief aim of every family should be contentment. Without this quality no home can be maintained on the lines of peace, happiness and progress. Contentment will bring more comfort than scores of costly paintings or thousands of dollars' worth of furniture. It is a great study. It means all that home life stands for, says Margaret E. Sangster in Success.

Those who imagine that home is only a place in which to sleep and eat have a mistaken idea of the most constructive measures of life and little or no regard for their country. The men and who have located and estab lished homes are the ones who maintain good government and not those whose lives are given to idle roaming and whose homes are "under their hats."

The Casserole.

"Since we have adopted the casserole." comments a housekeeper. "stews previously endured, but always detested, by the family have disappeared from the table. Even Irish stew becomes idealized if cooked in this covered earthen dish. All flavors are held and absorbed by the meat and vegetables, so that a most savory whole is the result. The second day's serving of a roast of lamb, the meat sliced and cooked in the casserole with rice and macaroni, is preferred to the first cooking by every member of the family."

Turpentine.

At the home of a certain notable housewife the visitor marks the fresh healthful odor that prevails there. "Stuffiness" in a house being a hard thing to conquer, she was asked how she achieved this desirable feature. She replied that she was in the habit of having a small quantity of turpentine added to all scrubbing water used in the house, and this necessarily did much to purify the atmosphere.

Daily Eye Bath.

A daily eye bath is recommended by oculists. To dash water that has been slightly salted into the eyes is suggested by one physician as being all that is necessary. Another thinks an eye sponge essential, but all agree that to keep the membrane of the eye healthy and brilliant the eyeball should be washed regularly like any other member of the body.

Match Scratches.

Marks on the kitchen wall which have been made by careless hands in striking matches will disappear if rubbed with the cut surface of a lemon, then with a cloth dipped in whiting. Wash the surface with warm soap and water and quickly wipe with a clean cloth wrong from clear water.

A good pine floor need not be stained. as is popularly supposed, unless a stain is preferred. Treated systematically with a good polish, it soon becomes a

Damask dinner cloths and napkins should have a bem a trifle less than a quarter of an inch wide. This should be hand sewed and very neatly done.

"Serve hot dishes hot and cold dishes cold" is a rule that should hang framed in a prominent part of every kitchen.

Powdered bath brick applied with

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

To polish fretwork first rub it over with sandstone, then dip a cloth in linseed oil and rub the wood well with

A rug that is getting old should have backing of stont canvas sewed to it. This will help to strengthen it and will prevent its curling.

A butler's trick for polishing fine glass is to dust it over with a bag in which is a little powdered indigo or other blue. Afterward rub hard with chamois.

Glass articles are rendered less susceptible to changes of temperature by being boiled in water to which a little salt has been added. This hardening method is also efficacious for crockery and china.

Stains of mahogany may be removed by rubbing them with a cork dipped into a little oxalic acid and water. When the stains have disappeared, wash the wood thoroughly with pure water, then dry and polish as usual.

Those who are troubled with ants of various sizes and colors will appreciate he knowledge that paregoric in water will attract the pests to their certain destruction. Prepare a cup of it and then gloat over the "catch" next morn-

Bran Washing.

Bran washing may be used with great advantage for cretonne, colored mustine and silk or cotton embroidered work. Unless the article be excomively dirty no soap is needed, and the only soap premissible in any case is curd. Boil two handfuls of bran in quart of water for fifteen minutes, strein through muslin. Put the bran on to boil again, as you will want a second supply for rinsing, and if the article be very dirty more than one supply of water will be needed for its washing. Make the hot bran water cool by adding one quart of cold water. Now wash the articles, and you will be surprised to see how the dirt comes out under the influence of the braa. When all dirt is removed, rinse first in topid bran water and then in plain water. Fold the articles, pass through the wringer and iron while still damp. They must be ironed on the wrong side. A thick pad of felt -water colors, magazine pictures, old ; put beneath embroidered work will make it stand out well. If there is any fear of the color running, a tablespoonful of salt may be added to each quart of water. No starch is necessary, as the bran gives the slight stiffness re-

A Doctor's Dietum.

A woman's complexion and the keeping of her youth are two subjects which never grow stale, says Woman's Life, however much they may be written about. For this reason I offer no apology for referring to the subject here in order to quote what one of the popular scientific writers has been saying. He believes that we should all be far better if we ate less. "Eat less. drink less, do everything less, but eat, drink and do what you like," is indeed the dictum of Sir Francis Laking, King Edward's physician, as a formula for living long and bealthfully. The writer in question believes that those who live beyond the accepted seventy are, as a rule, those who have lived in a very spare manner, and a spare life is that which prevents a woman growing fat at forty when the pleasures of the table begin to compensate her for other pleasures which she has to put aside.

Miss Helen Gladstone.

Miss Helen Gladstone, daughter of the great prime minister, devotes her life to charitable work among the poor of east London. She is warden, which is equivalent to head worker, of the Woman's University Settlement in that forlorn district known as Southwark. Miss Gladstone was vice principal of Newnham college, Cambridge, until a year before her father's death, when she resigned to become his secretary and constant companion. For several years after his death she lived in strict retirement and has only recently taken up public affairs. There is said to be a striking personal likeness between Miss Gladstone and Mrs. Bramwell Booth, although the daughter of the prime minister is the more intellectual of the two and has little of the evangelical.

A Change of Corsets.

A valuable discovery has been made that half of woman's ills come from wearing the same pair of corsets every day. There is some truth in this statement for the reason that pressure is always exerted upon the same place and one gets tired in spots.

A change of corsets would naturally mean a change in pressure. The same holds equally good in shoes and hats. If people would only consider these small things, much discomfort and annoyance could be avoided. The poor liver gets credit for all our ills.-Philadelphia Press.

The Toothbrush.

The teeth should be brushed twice a day with plenty of simple tooth powder, which is mainly composed of chalk. Use a tiny stiff toothbrush, so small that it can readily be turned round in the smallest mouth. The tops and edges of the teeth should also receive careful attention. If the toothbrush is properly used, it should never be allowed to last longer than a month. when a new one should be substituted.

Yellow Linen.

Yellow linen can be blenched in this manner: Make a strong suds with soap and hot water. Soak the articles in this for a few bours and then spread on the grass in the sun. When they become dry, dip again in the suds. It may take several days and nights to whiten them. If you have no place to spread the articles, bang them on the line.-Ladies' Home Journal.

Nothing so Good for Coughs, and Colds.

Mr. J. N. Pekins, Druggist of Lawton, Okla, who has been in business eleven years, says of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, that during all this time he has never had a bottle of this remedy returned as not having given satisfaction, proving conclusively that this preparation will do all that is claimed for it There is nothing so good as this remedy for coughs, colds and croup. It is pleas ant to take and as it contains no injurious substance may be given to a child with perfect confidence. For sale by Green's

BEEZER'S MEAT MARKET ALLEGHENY ST . RELLEFONTE, PA.

We keep none but the best quality of

BEEF, PORK, MUTTON, SLICED HAM All kinds of Smoked Meat, Pork Bausage, etc. If you want a nice Juicy Steak go to PHILIP BEEZER.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

Letters of administration on the estate of Mary E. Gates, late of Spring township, deceas ed having been duly granted to the undersigned he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebeted to the estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement,

WM. GROH RUNKLE, Admr.

x-41 Bellefonte, Pa.

A MENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION PROPOSED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA. PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

A JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to section ten of article one of the Constitution, so that a discharge of a jury for failure to agree or other necessary cause shall not work an acquittal.

quittal.
Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Common-wealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met. That the following be proposed as an amendment to the Constitution; that is to say, that section ten of article one, which reads as follows:

follows:

"No person shall, for any indictable offense, be proceeded against criminally by information, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service, in time of war or public danger, or by leave of the court for oppression or misdemeanor in office. No person shall, for the same offense, be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall private property be taken or applied to public use, without authority of law and without just compensation being first made or secured," be amended so as to read as follows:

follows:

No person shall, for any indictable offense, be proceeded against criminally by information, except in cases rising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger, or by leave of the court for oppression or misdemeanor in office. No person shall, for the same offense, be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; but a discharge of the jury for failure to agree, or other necessary cause, shall not work an acquittal. Nor shall private property be taken or applied to public use, without authority of

law and without just compensation being first made or secured.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.

W. W. GRIEST.

Secretary of the Commonwealth.

A MENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION
PROPOSED TO THE CITIZENS OF
THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENER.
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OF PENNSYLVANIA. PUBLISHED BY
ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE
COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF
ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

A JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met. That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:

with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:

Amendment.

Add at the end of section seven, article three the following words: "Unless before it shall be introduced in the General Assembly, such proposed special or local law shall have been first submitted to a popular vote, at a general or special election in the locality or localities to be affected by its operation, under an order of the court of common pleas of the respective county after hearing and application granted, and shall have been approved by a majority of the voters at such election: Provided, That no such election shall be held until the decree of court authorizing the same shall have been advertised for at least thirly (30) days in the locality or localities affected, in such manner as the court may direct.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.

W. W. GRIEST,

Secretary of the Commonwealth.

INFORMATION WANTED.

Certain patrons, through negligence, or for peculiar reasons known to themselves, remove from one locality to another, without notifying this office. We are anxious to locate them so that they may receive their paper regularly and for other reasons, important to us. Any one who can furnish the present address of the following will confer a special favor. We give the former address:

the former address:
OBCAR OSMAN. Tyrone.
A. A. ALBEANDER, Meriden, Ill.
MRS. J. C. STOVER. Rosecrants, Pa.
A. WALKER, Snow Shoe.
STERL WALKER, Hawk Run, Pa.
GEO. E. BUTLER. Philipsburg, Pa,
W. B. CONFER, Yarnell, Pa.
H. K. WALKER, Yarnell, Pa.
H. K. WALKER, Yarnell, Pa.
R. HALL, Johnstown.
W. H. CORMAN. Windber, Pa.
A. F. MILLER. Laurelton, Pa.
R. O. BRAUCHT, Lewisburg.
MRS. GEO. PENTZ, DuBois, Pa.
E. FAUST, Otto, Wyoming.

Three Fine Farms

-at-Private Sale !

Estate of Jacob Garbrick, dec'd. late of Marion twp.

The undersigned executors offer the following valuable real estate at private sale, all of which is located in Marion township, Centre county, about 3 miles west of Jacksonville.

NO.1-148 ACRES FARM known as the Jacob Garbrick homestead. NO. 2-135 ACRE FARM.

Adjoins the above and is known as the "Jacob Harter farm"

NO. 3-123 ACRE FARM

adjoins above and is part of the "McAuley tract." NO.5-100 ACRES TIMBERLAND

north of above lands on Muncy mountain.

The above farms are located in the heart of Nittany valley, is fertile, improved limestone soil that yields good crops, and each is complete with substantial buildings, orchards, spring and well water, close to schools and churches, and handy to good markets. They are desirable properties for either a home or investment.

For terms and further information inquire

HENRY GARBRICK, Zion, Pa. GEORGE GARBRICK, Bellefonte

the well known





EYE SPECIALIST. Williamsport, will be at the

Larimer Building TWO DAYS ONLY, Tuesday & Wednesday

OCTOBER 21st and 22nd, from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

Prof. Angel's reputation for his ability and workmanship is well established in Bellefonte and vicinity. He gives universal satisfaction. Those who want the best treatment for headache, weak or defective eyesight, should go to no other but wait for him.

2mmmmmmmmmwk DO YOU CATCH COLD EASILY?

We have a Cough Cure made especially for people who catch cold easily. It stops the cough immediately. It clears the throat and heals the irritated surface. Keep it in the house constantly and your cold will never be able to get headway enough to cause trouble. This Cough Cure is pleasant to take, sets well in the stomach, causes no distress, and brings a sense of relief as soon as taken. It is called Pestoral Balsam, Price 25 cents per bottle.

GREEN'S PHARMACY,

Bush House Blk. Bellefonte.

GARMAN HOUSE

High Street, opposite Cour House, Bellefonte, Pa. Entirel New. New Furniture. Steam Heat. Electric Light, and a modern improvements.

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MONEY TO LOAN

In large and small quantities on approved security. Farms for sale. Real estate bought and sold W. G. RUNKLE, Att'y,

Crider Exchange. Bellefonte.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND BRANCHES.
In effect on and after Nov.74, 1901.

eave Bellefonte 9 53 am. arrive at Tyrone
il 05 am, at Altoona, 1.00 pm; at Pittsburg

11 (6 a m, at Altoona, 1.06 p m; at Pittsburg
5 50 p m.
Leave Bellefonte 1 65 p m; arrive at Tyrone
2 20 p m; at Altoona 3 10 p m; at Pittsburg
6 55 p m.
Leave Bellefonte 4 44 p m; arrive at Tyrone
6 00; at Altoona at 6 50; at Pittsburg at 10 45
VIA TYRONE—EASTWARD.
Leave Bellefonte 9 53 a m, arrive at Tyrone
11 05; at Harrisburg 2 40 p m; at Philadely
phia 5 47 p m.
Leave Bellefonte 1 05 p m, arrive at Tyrone
2 20 p m; at Harrisburg 6 45 p m; at Philadely
phia 10 20 p m.
Leave Bellefonte 4 44 p m, arrive at Tyrone
6 00; at Harrisburg at 9 45 p m.
VIA LOCK HAVEN—EASTWARD.
Leave Bellefonte, 9.22 a. m. arrive at Lock
Haven. 10.30, leave Williamsport, 12.46 p.m.
arrive at Harrisburg, 3.15 p m., at Philadel
phia at 6.25p. m.
Leave Bellefonte 1 05 p. m. arrive at Lock
Leave Bellefonte 1 05 p. m. arrive at Lock

arrive at Harrisburg, 3.15 p. m., at Philadel phia at 6.23p. m.

Leave Belletonte 105 p. m. arrive at Lock Haven 216 p.m.; at Williamsport 2.48 p.m.; Harrisburg, 5.60 p.m.; Philadelphia 7.32 pm; and Buffalo 7.40 p.m.

Leave Belletonte, 8.16 p. m., arrive at Lock Haven, 9.15 p. m.. leave Williamsport, 1.35 a. m., arrive Harrisburg, 4.15 a. m., arrive at Philadelphia at 7.22 a. m.

Leave Belletonte at 6.40 a. m., arrive at Lewisburg at 9.05 a. m., Harrisburg, 11.30 a. m., Philadelphia, 3.17 p. m.

Leave Belletonte, 2.15 p. m., arrive at Lewisburg, 4.42, at Harrisburg, 6.50 p. m., Philadelphia at 10.20 p. m.

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LEWISBURG & TYRONE RAILROAD. In effect Nov. 26, 1900.

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4 10 9 e0 Bellefonte...... |6 40 2 15 BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE BRANCH. Time Table in effect on and after
Nov 20, 1899.

Leave Bellefonte....... 9.53 a. m. and 5.45 p. m.
Arrive at Snow Shoe...11.26 a. m. " 7.27"

THE CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNA Time Table effective Jan 21 1000

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* Daily. + Week Days. f 8:00 p. m. Sunday
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Philadelphia Sleeping Car attached to east
bound train from Williamsport at 11:30 p. m.
and west bound from Philadelphia at 11:36 p. ml
J. W. GEPHART.
General Supt

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DELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.

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People who buy their Groceries at Sechler & Co's., invariably say:

COMMON REPORT:

"SECHLER'S Groceries are the best." ' "You can always depend on SECHLER'S."

"What you get from SECHLER'S is pure." "SECHLER'S prices are always right."

"In the end you save money by dealing at

SECHLER'S."

Ask the intelligent, careful, economical housewives of Bellefonte, and they all prefer to

DEAL AT SCEHLER'S.