



MISS LOUISA TWINING.

She is the Doynone of England's Poor Law Reformers.

It is not too much to say that for over half a century the name of Miss Louisa Twining, who was born in 1821, has been prominently before the world not only as the friend of her own sex in all classes of life, but as a pioneer in demonstrating that woman as well as man has her appointed work in the administration of her country's laws and that each can work best in communion with the other.

Miss Twining got into St. Giles' workhouse as an ordinary visitor to an old man, obtaining a ticket like other



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friends of the inmates, admitting her for one hour once a week. The horrors she saw there led her in 1857 to address a series of letters to The Guardian, which were reprinted under the title of "Metropolitan Workhouses and Their Inmates," and public interest being thoroughly awakened, the subject was brought forward in the house of commons by Lord Raynham, who asked for an inquiry into the management of such institutions and was refused.

Miss Twining then busied herself in getting a petition largely and influentially signed. The motion was introduced again, and finally the Workhouse Visiting society was started. By this time every one who ever thought about the subject was quite convinced that women ought to have some share in regulating institutions where so many women and children as well as sick people had to be dealt with, yet it was not until 1875 that the first lady guardian was elected in the person of Miss Merrington, who sat on the Kensington board. Miss Twining was elected in 1884 and continued to be a guardian for that parish for six years, and when she left to live at Tunbridge Wells she became the first woman guardian for the Tunbridge union.

How well her work has been done is shown by the fact that today no less than 355 poorhouses have women elected to their board of guardians.

Women and Clothes.

One of the feminine propensities for which men express a hearty detestation is the inclination evinced by most women for what may be called cloth talk, says an exchange. In public places of all kinds, churches even not excepted, men aver that where two or more women are grouped there inevitably will the ears of the helpless passerby or the ear of the theater neighbor be assailed by gossip about materials and cuts. Even intelligent women—college bred ones, men say—are bitten with this frenzy for perpetual dwelling upon the wherewithal with which they shall be clothed, so that contiguity to pairs or groups of women is something to be avoided if one would escape boredom.

It must be admitted that the charges of the men are not ill-given. Most women do talk and think about clothing to an extent that leaves comparatively little time for the serious consideration of other subjects. But, given the conditions of social life as they exist today, it is not clear how much less time could be given to the matter. The unwritten law for women in every grade of life is that they shall be ornamented, and, albeit the majority of women, because of circumstance and native endowment, fail utterly to attain this ideal, they are not freed from the obligation to strive to fulfill their decorative destiny. At every turn—unless their tent be pitched in the wilderness—are they reminded that, whatever their mental attainments, it is expected of them that they shall take on an interest in dress, and the woman who refuses to do so is regarded as unwomanly and dowdy.

Women as Dentists.

"Women have a special aptitude for dentistry, and it is a profession that is admirably suited to them in many respects," said a dentist. "Other countries have recognized this fact much more generally than ours, and Germany, Sweden and even Russia have many women dentists. The first woman in this country to receive a diploma in dentistry was a Miss Malsreel, who was a graduate of the Ohio Dental college in 1860. The second was Mme. Hirschfeld, who was graduated from the Pennsylvania Dental college in 1869 and afterward went to Berlin, where she was made court dentist and had the care of the teeth of the royal children. There are now nearly 500 women dentists in the United States, and they

receive exactly as much pay for their work as men do.

"The qualifications for success in dentistry are a good education, cultivated brain, tact, patience and gentleness and a thorough control of the nerves. The last quality is as likely to be possessed by women as men, as it is wholly a matter of temperament."

Don't Overdress Your Child.

You can't begin too early to train girls in taste and sense upon the subject of dress. The woman who dresses her little daughter expensively, who even goes without proper clothing herself to deck her girl in dainty, fresh, fashionable garb, does great wrong to herself and to her child. The fitness of things is reversed when the mother denies herself what is due her to give her child what she does not need. Under such circumstances fine dress is positively harmful to a girl.

If any one in the family is to be dressed in fashion and elegance, it should be the mother. Simplicity is absolutely necessary for good taste in all that relates to children. There is room for pretty color effects and for the refinements of suitability and all that, but departure from plainness of material and style in children's dress is a departure from good form. What shall be said for the woman who has such small sense of the fitness of things as to deny herself the dress suitable for her in order to put upon her child what is unsuitable and out of taste?—Woman's Home Companion.

Real Emancipation.

In The Atlantic Monthly Mr. William M. Salter asks, "What is the real emancipation of woman?" He then proceeds to point out that there may be great disadvantages from the competition of women with men in the labor market, but outweighing all evils which may ensue from such rivalry is in his estimation the greater evil of obliging women to marry for a maintenance. He would emancipate women from many obligations and among them from those of housewifery. He recognizes "the mournful fact" that many women can do little outside of the home and that in the home they have also little time for real companionship with their husbands, "being too anxious and careful about many little things." He concludes by saying that women must work out their own emancipation and must personally strive to obtain what they want, not expect that all good things are to come to them without effort.

Little Economies.

Save your time by learning to do the right thing at the right time and in the best, easiest and shortest way possible. Save your strength in the same way, and also by using labor saving machines. Take at least a few minutes' rest when you are too tired to do your work well, for not to do work right is a waste of time and strength.

Make it a pleasure for the children to "help mother" instead of a duty which they think is more than should be expected of them.

Save your patience. You may need it some time when greater than the present trials surround you, and if you keep losing it in part every day you can never get it together again.

The American Figure.

There is one point of the feminine figure which is always particularly cared for by the designer of American costumes, and that is the lines from the waist to the knee. Do you know that the American woman has a figure which is known in Europe as the American figure? The Frenchwomen are "hipless" compared to the American girl. The graceful, full and rounded lines of the well formed American woman is a subject of envy, and the Frenchwoman uses pads to simulate that particular outline which makes the American tailor make girl artistically graceful.

Dr. Blackwell, Medical Pioneer.

With the history of the admission of women to practice medicine the name of Elizabeth Blackwell must always be accorded an important place. After studying the science in the United States, Paris and London she went to practice in New York and founded there a hospital and medical school for women. She founded the National Health society in London and also assisted in forming the London School of Medicine For Women.

Chinese Embroidery.

A piece of rich Chinese embroidery is sometimes owned that it is found difficult to utilize. It can be enjoyed and its beauty artistically displayed by being framed and hung on the wall. Use no mat and inclose in a narrow gilt frame with rounded rather than flat surface. If it can be hung against a plain background its richness is more effectively brought out.

Putting Nails in the Wall.

The best way to put a nail in the wall for hanging up a picture is first to pierce the wall with a darning needle to find the crevice between the stones, then drive the nail. By so doing the wall is not made unsightly.

Scarfs in sheer linen in natural color make excellent bureau covers if embroidered in bright colors and placed over slips of pink or blue or cardinal scarlet which shows through the linen meshes.

As a substitute for cotton or silk thread for stringing pearl or other beads use a violin string. It will be found to be more serviceable.

The best beef has an open grain, a good red color, is not sticky, and the suit is white.

It destroys the sharpness of a knife to put the blade into hot grease.

LEFT FOR SOUTH AFRICA

Field Marshal Wolsley Sent to Scene of Boer War.

BRITISH CABINET IS WORRIED

Old General Says He is Going For His Health, But Rumor Asserts He Will Advise Kitchener—Situation is Still Serious.

London, March 15.—The question which all England is asking today is: For what reason did Field Marshal Lord Wolsley, who recently retired as commander-in-chief of the British army, and who was the hero of the siege of Sebastopol during the Crimean war, sail for Cape Town today? Lord Wolsley declared that his visit to the scene of the Boer war is to be made in search of rest and health. In this assertion he is seconded by the war office. Gossip will have it, otherwise, however, and connects the visit closely with the military situation in South Africa.

These persons, many of them of authority, point out that Lord Wolsley's knowledge of South Africa, gained as a fighter and administrator, might be highly useful to Lord Kitchener, either at the base, Cape Town, or at Pretoria. Others declare that his mission may be in the nature of a peace commissioner.

Of course there is not the slightest possibility that Lord Wolsley will supersede Lord Kitchener in command of the South African forces. He is too old for such duty. His departure, however, indicates that the confidence which the cabinet had in the war's alleged progress has been much shaken.

Whatever the true story may be, Lord Wolsley sailed today on the Walmer Castle. He was accompanied by Colonel Thornycroft, who, as commander of a force of irregular horse, did splendid service in the earlier days of the present campaign. Colonel Frank Rhodes and Arthur Rhodes, brothers of Cecil Rhodes, and Lady Methuen were passengers on the same steamer.

That the situation is still serious enough for even Lord Wolsley is shown by dispatches which state that in another drive of Boers, Sunday, by the five columns of British, who are sweeping the country between Frankfort and Lindley, Orange River Colony, the Boers, who were under Commandant Metz, escaped by stampeding a herd of cattle through the British lines, and breaking through the Hellbron-Wolve Holk blockhouses. Fifty Boer stragglers and a quantity of stores were captured.

MAY POSTPONE CORONATION

Belief That It May Be Delayed On Account of South African Casualties. Sheffield, March 15.—The Telegraph yesterday said that suggestions and official representations have been made in influential circles with a view to postponing the coronation, not only because of Lord Methuen's disaster, but also because of the long daily lists of casualties received from South Africa. The anxiety and grief that these cause hundreds of homeless ones, the paper says, would be in painful contrast to the rejoicings and feasting of the coronation.

Miles Wanted to Go to Philippines.

Washington, March 17.—Lieutenant General Nelson A. Miles, of the army, made a specific request to the war department to be sent to the Philippines, and in connection therewith submitted a plan by which, in his opinion, the war could be brought to an end without further loss of life to either side. He proposed to employ methods similar to those used by him so successfully in his Indian campaigns. Secretary Root, after due consideration, denied General Miles' request and disapproved the plan submitted.

Trotting Match For \$40,000.

Hartford, Conn., March 18.—The announcement was made yesterday that the trotting match between Thomas W. Lawson's Borlaima, 2:07, and E. E. Smather's Lord Derby, 2:06 1/2, for \$20,000 a side, will be decided at Charter Oak Park. The Hartford meeting will take place the first week in September, but as the Lord Derby-Borlaima contract calls for a race before September 1, the meeting may be advanced a day or two.

Scranton Railway Co. Advances Wages

Scranton, Pa., March 17.—The Scranton Railway company yesterday posted a notice of a general advance in wages. Formerly the scale was from 14 to 19 cents an hour. The new scale is from 17 1/2 to 19 1/2 cents an hour, the highest rate to be attained by three years' service. The strikers are demanding 20 cents an hour flat. It may be that they will choose to regard this as a concession to them and go back to work.

Governor Murphy's Appointments.

Trenton, N. J., March 18.—Governor Murphy sent to the senate last night a batch of nominations, among which were Samuel D. Dickinson, of Hudson county, for secretary of state, to succeed George Wurts, and Senator Thomas N. McCarter, of Essex, for attorney general, to succeed Samuel H. Gray. The governor also reappointed William Riker, Jr., of Essex, as supreme court clerk.

Ambassador White Will Not Resign.

Syracuse, N. Y., March 18.—State Senator Horace White and his father, Horace White, brother of Ambassador Andrew D. White, both say that the ambassador has no intention of resigning his post at Berlin. They assert that his health has improved during the last year and that he has given no intimation of retiring on his 70th birthday.

Dr. Greene, Discoverer of DR. GREENE'S NERVURA Gives Advice Absolutely Free. Call on DR. GREENE, or write to him personally at his office, 101 Fifth Avenue, New York City. He is a successful specialist on all nervous diseases resulting from overwork or excesses of any kind. Advice free.

DON'T SCOLD THE COOK THE VOCALION. If your meals are not good, you may be to blame for buying the cheap, poor groceries, thinking you are economical. SECHLER & CO. don't handle that grade of goods; instead, they have only the best and purest. Canned: Vegetables, Fruits, Meats, Olives. Evaporated: Peaches, Prunes, Pickles, Apples. Tropical Fruits: California Oranges, Imported Oranges, Mediterranean Lemons, Best Bananas. Meats: Mild Cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Dried Beef, Smoked Fish, Fresh Mackerel and other Fish.

Have You Seen It. We have one on exhibition at our store. Our stock of instruments is more complete than ever, and we don't need to apologize for anything in either tone and finish.

Our Price is Low and that amount will be divided into little sums which you can pay and scarcely miss them.

BEST GROCERIES at REASONABLE PRICES. Many years of experience enables us to detect the cheap, adulterated food products. They are dangerous to health, we won't handle them. That is why you should buy at SECHLER & CO BELLEFONTE, PA.

SECHLER & CO BELLEFONTE, PA. \$150.00 Worth of Tooth Brushes. That is the size of our Tooth Brush stock at this time. We have just received a large invoice from the factory of "Dehanme Delettre Et Fils," France, and these brushes we guarantee perfect. We sell them at 25c. and 35c. We carry a line of cheaper brushes from 5c. to 20c. but do not guarantee them—"the best are the cheapest." We also guarantee our "Aromatic Antiseptic Tooth Wash" to give satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25c. If you have never tried it call and get a free sample. Green's Pharmacy, BELLEFONTE, PA.

SPECIAL SALE REGISTER. Live Stock and Implements. This style of advertisement for public sales, enumerating all articles, like the following, we consider more effective than 50 Sale Bills—it appears in nearly 5,000 papers each week. Charge \$2.00. One mile northwest of Coburn, in Penn township, on One mile east of Pleasant Gap, Pa. Sale at 9 a. m. SATURDAY, MARCH 22nd, 1902. 3 Work horses, 1 driving mare 8 years old, 1 2-year old colt, 6 milch cows, 2 bulls, 3 young cattle, 4 shoats, 1 brood sow, 1 Deering under folding platform, 2 Johnstons mowers, 1 horse front and 1 rear cut, 1 Thomas hay tedder, 1 Thomas hay rake, 1 Penna. fertilizer grain drill, 8-horse power portable engine on wheels 10-horse Guisler separator 20 inch chop mill power cornsheller, 110 feet 5-inch 4-ply canvas article belt, clover seed separator, 2 Hench cultivators, 12-row corn planter, 1 roller, 3 Syracuse steelbeam plows, 1 horse Syracuse sulkey plow, 2 rows, 1 land roller, 1 spike harrow, 1 clover huller, 1 fodder shredder on truck for steam or horse power, 1 straw cutter, 1 fanning mill, 1 Kemp, 35 bushels manure spreader, 1 4-horse wagon, 4 in tire, 2 2-horse wagons, 1 2-seated platform spring wagon with shaft and pole, 1 top buggy, 2 set hay ladders, 1 hog galloper, 1 double Harpoon hay fork, rope and pulleys, 1 set of double iron pulleys with 18ft. 5/8 in. rope with latch to hold rope for hoisting pumps from deep wells, 1 cutter, 1 sleigh, 1 pr Bob sleds, 2 sets fgl harness, 1 set chain tugs, 1 double set spring wagon or buggy harness, single buggy harness, express harness flynets collars, double trees, single trees, set blacksmith tools, iron kettle, barrels, vinegar, cook stove, coal stove, mower knife grinder and log chains, Jos. J. GARRICK.

L. A. Gates will sell 8 head of horses including 1 bay mare 5 years old, 1 sorrel mare 7 years old, 1 gray mare 3 years old, 1 bay mare 12 years old, 1 bay mare 5 years old, 1 bay mare 15 years old, 1 bay horse 3 years old, 1 bay colt 2 years old, 5 milch cows, will be fresh about time of sale, 1 Hereford bull, 15 head of young calves, 2 cattle and calves, lot of sheep, 2 Chester white brood sows, 1 Jersey red boar, 7 shoats. IMPLEMENTS:— 1 4-horse wagon 4-inch tire, 1 new Conklyn wagon also 1 Kramer wagon, 3-seated spring wagon, 1 top buggy, 2 pair of bob sleds, 1 sleigh, 1 horse front and 1 rear cut, 1 Thomas hay tedder, 1 Thomas hay rake, 1 Penna. fertilizer grain drill, 1 Champion binder, 2 Champion mowers, Penna. cultivator with corn planter attachment, American sulkey plow, 2 rows, 1 land roller, 3 Oliver plows, 2 spring tooth harrows, 1 weed, 1 fanning mill, hay rope and tackle, 2 sets harness, 1 set chain harness, 1 set double driving harness, single driving harness, collars, bridles, etc. full set of butcher tools, 2 cook stoves, 1 hard coal stove, iron kettle, 1 Keystone dehorner. Geo. Waite, Auct. I. A. GATES.

3 miles east of Bellefonte near the Advent church on WEDNESDAY, MARCH 20th, at 9 a. m. LIVE STOCK:— 4 work horses—2 12-year old, 2 5-year old, 11 milch cows, some will be fresh by time of sale, 1 heifer, 9 shoats, 8-10c old, 17 shoats 3 mo. old, 2 large brood sows 15 head fine sheep. IMPLEMENTS:— ONE DEERING MOWER. Deering binder with truck, 1 Ohio mower, Hagerston grain drill with fertilizer, 1 Wagon by gum spring grain drill, 1 Albright sulkey cultivator, double-walking cultivator, 3 corn planters, one 12 double row Albright planter and another is Centre Hill planter grass and new, 2 top buggies, platform spring wagon with pole, 2 pair Bob sleds—one new, 2 hay rakes—one is new, O. C. hay tedder, fanning mill, 1 Harpoon hay forks with rope and pulleys, 2 Conklyn wagons—one is new, 2 pair hay ladders 20 lb long, land roller, 1 horse front and 1 rear cut, spike harrows, potato plow, corn scraper, 2 south Bend plows, metal beam plow, tug harrow, trace harness, set double driving harness with flynets, single driving harness, collars and flynets, 6 valr heavy flynets, collars, bridles, forks, rakes, double and single trees, seed corn, 1 valr creamery with 4-gal. glass cans, 2 large dinner bells, 2 large copper kettles—one has pat stirrer, cross cut saw, clover seed sower cook stove, parlor stove, clock, sewing machine, lawn mower, driving stone and other household furniture. Mr. Goheen, Auct. GEO. W. GARRICK.

3 miles East of Bellefonte, sale at 9 a. m. FRIDAY MARCH 22nd, 1902. 3 Work horses, 10 milch cows full blooded short-horn some will be fresh time of sale, 1 Poland China Boar pig, 1 head young cattle, 5 young good steers, 1 bull calf, 2 brood sows will have pigs about time of sale, 15 head of sheep, 4 shoats, 1 Poland China Boar pig. IMPLEMENTS:— 1 Deering binder, folding platform, 1 Osborne mower, 1 Gazelle hay rake, 1 farmer's favorite fertilizer, 1 horse grain drill, 1 Hench cultivator with double row corn planter attached, Centre Hill single corn planter, 3 South Bend plows, 1 horse front and 1 rear cut, 2 spring tooth harrows, 1 fanning mill, Michael, 14-horse wagon 3 inch tire, 12-horse wagon, 2 sets hay ladders on 12-seated platform spring wagon with shaft and pole, 1 Bob sled, 2 sets fgl harness, 2 sets buggy harness, 6 valr heavy flynets, collars, bridles, double and single trees, elder barrels, 1 Aquatic separator, model, 1 mangle range, pumpkin seeds, pitchforks, model. Jos. J. N-E-Auct. H. E. GENTZEL.

M. C. GEPHART Millheim and Bellefonte. Represented by H. C. Krape. Will be offered at public sale, at the Court House, in Bellefonte, on SATURDAY, APRIL 19th, 1902 at 2 p. m. the following described property of the estate of David D. Snodde. late of Boggs township. A FINE HOME:— Located in Boggs township, containing about ten acres, thereon erected a good TWO STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, with barn and other outbuildings and improvements. All the land is clear and under cultivation. Choice fruit on the property and is conveniently located, being bounded to wit: Beginning at a point in public road leading up Holt's Hollow on line of J. Kephart, thence by said Kephart, south 22 degrees east 25 rods to Pine Stump; thence by land of Geo. Noll, south 42 degrees east 35.5 rods. Thence by said same south 19 degrees east 12.7 rods. Thence by same south 25 degrees east 12.7 rods. Thence by same south 18 degrees east 31.5 rods to road; thence by same north 51 degrees east 10.5 rods. Thence by land of H. H. Harshbarger, north 21 degrees west 42 rods. Thence by same north 28 degrees east 10 rods to centre of public road; thence by said road north 20 degrees west 10 rods. Thence by same north 34 degrees west 30 rods. Thence by same north 25 degrees east 11.2 rods to place of beginning containing 10 acres and 24 rods. TERMS:—10 per cent of the bid is to be paid as soon as the property is knocked down; 5% of the balance when the return of sale is confirmed; absolute in one year; 1% in two years. Deferred payments to bear interest from the date of confirmation absolute and to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises. J. C. MEYER, AUY. J. B. SHOPE, Trustee. CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS. Beware of Counterfeits. Refuse all Substitutes. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in Red and Gold containers. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutes and imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. to the Manufacturer, CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS, in letter by return Mail, 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by DRUGGISTS. CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO. 2100 Madison Square, PHILA., PA. See this paper.