

BIG STEEL STRIKE ON.

Acting on President Shaffer's Orders, Thousands Quit Work.

TRUST OFFICIALS ARE RETICENT.

Movement Has Already Developed Immense Strength As President Shaffer Predicted—It May Be a Fight to the Finish.

The cause of the big strike has not yet been clearly explained. According to the trust conferees they did not refuse the Amalgamated Association the right to unionize their mills. President Shaffer's contention is that they did. There the matter stands.

Pittsburg, July 17.—Reports received from all sources connected with the great strike of the steel workers indicate that the members of the Amalgamated Association have matters well in hand and that the strike order was generally obeyed. Telegrams from various points where the mills of the American Tin Plate company, the American Steel Hoop company, and the American Sheet Steel company are located, tell of the shutting down of these plants in large numbers. In many cases the plants had been shut down by the first strike order which affected the sheet steel and the steel hoop companies only. The last order brought out all of the union plants of the American Tin Plate company, including such to the general surprise, the Monessen plant at Monessen, Pa. Another encouraging feature was the closing of the William Clarke's Sons company mill at Thirty-fifth street, in this city, which operated all day non-union, but when it came to shift turns last night none of the skilled workmen reported for duty.

Another victory was scored by the Amalgamated people this morning when the men of the Mingo Junction mills of the American Steel Hoop company refused to go to work. An attempt was made to get men to run the plant, but it was unavailing. District Vice President Larkins went to that place yesterday and induced the men to join the organization.

The closing down of the Clark mill and of the Monessen sheet mill are looked upon as telling victories, and the almost complete tie up of three companies in the district is encouraging. But one tin mill, that at Monessen, and one sheet mill at Dun-cannville remain at work. The fact that the National Tube mill men (non-union) received a substantial advance in wages Monday has caused discontent among the union men employed by the National Tube company at their Second Avenue plant and the Republic mill on the South Side. The men here think they are entitled to a similar increase.

When asked about President Mitchell's statement last night, President Shaffer said: "I shall not ask the miners to go on strike. God help the poor coal miner. He is the best union man in the world, and the poorest paid of them all. He has troubles enough of his own, and we have no desire to involve him. But while I shall not invite nor solicit a sympathetic strike, the Amalgamated Association stands ready at any time to effect an alliance with the United Mine Workers or any other kindred organization, many of whose members are employed by the United States Steel Corporation."

No Meeting in New York.

New York, July 17.—Yesterday a representative of the United States Steel corporation authorized the statement that no conference concerning the steel strike had taken place during the day and that none is likely to take place until the Amalgamated Association recedes from its present attitude.

Bishop Tries to Settle Strike.

Columbus, O., July 17.—Joseph Bishop, secretary of the Ohio State Board of Arbitration, is endeavoring to have the steel strike settled by arbitration. He made several appeals to President Shaffer of the Amalgamated Association, but thus far without success or encouragement.

COAL FIREMEN NOW OUT.

Tie Up in Anthracite Region Affects Half Million Men.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., July 16.—A strike of the stationary firemen of Pennsylvania, which, when complete, will throw half a million men out of work, began this morning at all places where the demands of the state firemen for an eight-hour day had not been granted. This was the outcome of an all-day convention here Sunday of 225 delegates, representing the employees of all the mines, mills and street railroads in the eastern and northern part of the state.

It is generally conceded that the duration of the strike will depend upon the miners. If they stand by the striking firemen, the lockout may be a long one, but if the miners return to work as soon as the companies fill the places of the strikers, the strike will be lost to the firemen. Despite tips sent out from headquarters of the United Mine Workers it is known that there is considerable friction between the United Mine Workers and the firemen. The miners think that the strike is inopportune and that the firemen should have waited until the present agreement between the operators and miners expire before making their demands. It is also alleged that when the miners went out on strike last fall the firemen remained at work and this has caused a little feeling too. Still the United Mine Workers must be governed by their leaders, and it is known that the heads of the organization in this section are in favor of the strikers.

KANSAS STILL SUFFERS.

Local Rains Have Been of Little Benefit to Crops.

Topeka, Kan., July 17.—While rain has fallen during the past 24 hours, in various parts of Kansas, the drought is not yet broken and little benefit has been experienced by the crops. The rains have been small local affairs, and their only effect has been to cool the atmosphere and freshen vegetation to a certain extent.

In the eastern division of the state crops are suffering more than in any other. The damage done in the central part is less severe, while in the western part the conditions are the most favorable. To obtain water for stock and for fire protection is a much studied problem and one that will not be solved until the coming of the rain.

How Major Schwenk Got Information.

Washington, July 17.—Some time ago the Spanish-American claims commission found itself in need of certain information of a confidential nature from Cuba bearing upon the many claims submitted. Major Alexander W. Schwenk, second artillery, of General Wood's command, was charged with the duty of collecting this information. He sent out circulars under a specially prepared letter head, bearing the name of the commission, which in the opinion of the commission were calculated to invite a wholesale submission of claims, something far different from the task the commission had in mind for him. Some of the circulars have reached Washington and the major has been instructed to change his mode of operation.

June Bugs Darken Zanesville.

Zanesville, O., July 15.—Zanesville was almost entirely in darkness last night as a result of the visitation of June bugs in countless numbers. Electric light globes are filled and the lights were completely smothered by the ashes of the burned bugs. The hotel offices were infested with such swarms that it was necessary to close the doors notwithstanding the intense heat. In several instances church services were interfered with. The river bridges were almost impassable to pedestrians. The atmosphere about the lights was filled with clouds of live insects and floors were covered to a depth of several inches by dead ones.

Cleveland G. A. R. Draws Color Line.

Cleveland, O., July 17.—Cleveland negroes are angry over what they consider an attempt of the citizens' general committee in charge of the G. A. R. encampment to draw the color line. The trouble arises because a separate committee of twelve representative negroes of the city has been appointed to entertain the visiting negro veterans during the annual encampment next September. The attempts to make the negro veterans a separate part of the encampment is resented. Those who have been named as such committee will refuse to serve.

Germany's Industrial Crisis Serious.

Washington, July 17.—If the debilitated condition of German industry continues much longer it will seriously affect United States trade with the Empire, says Consul Diederich, at Bremen, in a report to the state department, on the alarming industrial crisis that now threatens Germany. The laboring men of the country, he says, barely succeed in keeping body and soul together, while the monthly reports as to the number of men who are idle and seeking employment are startling. Then, too, Germany is preparing to harvest the poorest crop she has produced for many years.

Pope is Pleased With America.

London, July 17.—Cardinal Gibbons, who was entertained at dinner last night at the Brazilian legation, says: "The interest displayed by the Pope in the United States is as intense as ever, and he is thankful to know that the progress of the church in the United States keeps pace with America's commercial development. So far as the Philippines are concerned, there are many problems, including the disposition of church property, which the Holy See is anxious to have solved on the basis of fairness which characterizes American policy generally."

Philanthropist Spring Is Dead.

Chicago, July 17.—Charles A. Spring, Jr., who for years was manager of the McCormick Harvester company, died at his home here yesterday, aged 75. Mr. Spring attracted considerable attention years ago by putting \$250,000 as the limit of his fortune, announcing that when he found it exceeded that amount he would expend it in philanthropy. It is said he kept his promise.

Picketing Unlawful, Says Judge Clark.

Cincinnati, July 17.—Judge C. D. Clark, of the United States district court, during the hearing yesterday of the motion to dissolve the temporary injunction issued against the striking machinists, said that for picketing an injunction would be granted, but that acts of violence and even boycotting were not to be met by injunction.

Keller to Seek Vindication.

New York, July 17.—The Rev. John Keller, it was announced yesterday, will shortly take steps to prove himself innocent of the charges made by Mrs. Thomas G. Barker. It has not yet been determined what form the action will take, but it is said the matter will be settled in court. Mrs. Barker has stated she will only tell her story in court, never before an ecclesiastical body, so Keller will probably bring a suit for slander and have the case settled that way.

Toisoi Dangerously Ill.

London, July 17.—M. Tchertkoff, who is Count Tolstoy's representative in Great Britain, has received a telegram asserting that the famous Russian is dangerously ill with fever, accompanied by great weakness, and that his state is very serious.

FUNSTON ON AGUINALDO

Former Rebel Chieftain's Captor Tells How It Was Done.

MACARTHUR APPROVED PLANS.

Forged Letter Introduced Lieutenant Placino, a One-time Insurgent To Filipino Leader Who Was Taken Completely By Surprise.

Washington, July 13.—The war department yesterday made public Brigadier General Funston's report of the capture of Aguinaldo, made under date of May 6. This report presents in detail all the facts relating to the capture of Aguinaldo which were made public at that time. General Funston shows that his entire plan of the expedition was submitted to the commanding general of the department of northern Luzon, and then was sent to General MacArthur, by whom it was approved.

General Funston goes into details concerning the capture of the insurgent chief Lacuna with official writing paper bearing the headquarters seal; and of the forged letters to Aguinaldo, one introducing Lieutenant Placino as captain of a company which Lacuna desired to send the rebel chieftain. Placino had been captured some time before by the Americans, and consented to help capture the doughty Aguinaldo. Of the actual capture Funston says:

"The Maccabees started up into the town and we heard a few shots, followed by scattered firing. We hastily crossed the river, and running up to the town, found that the Maccabees were somewhat demoralized and firing wildly in every direction. They were gotten under control with some difficulty. Aguinaldo's guard of about 50 armed and neatly uniformed men had been drawn up to receive the reinforcements, and on being fired into broke and ran, a few of them returning the fire as they retreated. Aguinaldo, with his officers, had awaited in his quarters. Placino and Segovia entered the house to report their arrival, and after a short conversation Segovia stepped outside the house and ordered the Maccabees, who had just come up from the river bank, to open fire on the insurgents who were standing in line at a distance of about 50 yards. The Maccabees were so excited and nervous that their fire was very ineffective. But two of the insurgents were killed, the remainder in their flight throwing away 18 rifles and 1,000 rounds of ammunition.

"As soon as Segovia had given the order he ran into the house and opened fire on the officers surrounding Aguinaldo. He wounded Villa and Alhambra. The latter jumped out of the house into the river and was not seen again. Villa on being wounded surrendered, as did also Santiago Barcelona, Aguinaldo's treasurer.

"The five remaining officers escaped from the house and swam the river. Placino seized Aguinaldo and told him that he was a prisoner of the Americans. At this juncture the Americans arrived on the scene and gave their attention to getting the Maccabees under control and protecting the prisoners from them. One Maccabee was slightly wounded by a gunshot wound in the forehead.

In conclusion General Funston deals out praise generously to all who had a share in the expedition, mentioning Captain Hazard, Captain Newton, Lieutenant Hazard and Lieutenant Mitchell, while especially praising Lieutenant Taylor for the discretion he showed after obtaining the Aguinaldo letters. He also speaks in high praise of Commander Barry of the Vicksburg and the assistance the navy rendered him.

CLAIMS ROGERS' PROPERTY.

Harrisburg Woman's Strange Reason for Wanting Dead Man's Money.

New York, July 17.—A woman giving her name as Matilda Martha Patterson and her home as Harrisburg, Pa., appeared in Paterson, N. J., yesterday and claimed she was entitled to all of the property left by Jacob S. Rogers. She first called at the office of William Pennington, but finding that he was at Trenton, she told her story to Attorney Kircher. She told such a rambling and incoherent story that the attorney got rid of her, and then she went to the surrogate's office and demanded Mr. Rogers' money. She did not claim to be related to Mr. Rogers in any way, but laid great stress on the fact that her first initials were M. M., which are also the first letters in Metropolitan Museum. After she had left the surrogate's office her movements were not traced.

Denver Ministers to Reform City.

Denver, Colo., July 17.—The ministers of this city are considering the advisability of organizing a vigilance committee. Although it is against the thugs that the ministers will primarily direct their attention, the work which they propose to do at once is only preliminary to the really gigantic scheme they have under consideration looking to the uplifting of the entire community. They propose to establish an organization as far reaching as Tammany, but with a view to establishing law and order instead of political supremacy.

Carnegie Library at Charlottesville.

Richmond, Va., July 17.—A letter has just been received at Charlottesville, Va., from Mr. Carnegie, offering to give to that city \$20,000 for a library building, providing that the city will furnish a site and appropriate for the maintenance of the library \$20,000 per annum.

Still Another Carnegie Gift.

Stillwater, Minn., July 17.—Andrew Carnegie has offered Stillwater \$25,000 for a public library. A site has already been secured, and the council will provide the required income.

Coal Does Not Warm

Except through combustion. Food does not nourish except through digestion. You may as well hug a coal pile to get warm as expect to get nourishment out of food which you cannot digest. It is not the quantity of food which you eat which nourishes you, but only that proportion of it which is properly digested and perfectly assimilated.



A slight derangement of the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition, means some loss of the nutritive values of the food consumed. But when the stomach is seriously diseased the whole body in all its organs must suffer injury. Headache, disordered liver, palpitation of the heart and nervousness are often only symptoms of a diseased condition of the stomach. The aches and pains are simply the outcry of a starved body.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition. It makes the "weak stomach strong." It enables the body to assimilate food and so put on sound flesh and develop strong muscle. It cures diseases which seem remote from

the stomach, by curing the condition of the stomach in which disease originates. "The praise I would like to give you 'Golden Medical Discovery' I cannot utter in words or describe with pen," writes James B. Ambrose, Esq., of 1205 1/2 Mifflin St., Huntingdon, Pa. "I taken was down with what our physicians said was indigestion. I doctored with the best around here and found no relief. I wrote you and you sent me a question blank to fill out, and I did so, and you then advised me to use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I took three bottles and I felt so good that I stopped—being as I think, cured. I have no symptoms of gastric trouble or indigestion now."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. They do not gripe, do not bog the pill habit.

\$15,000 GIVEN AWAY.

THE HARRISBURG PATRIOT has made arrangements by which every subscriber has an opportunity to share in the distribution of \$15,000 by making an estimate on the combined official vote of Ohio, Massachusetts and Iowa cast for governor on November 5, 1901. Send in your estimate with 25 cents for one month's subscription to THE PATRIOT in advance. Each additional monthly payment in advance entitles you to an additional estimate. We will send you a certificate containing your estimate which will entitle you to any prize your estimate may secure.

Prizes to be Awarded as Follows:

Nearest estimate \$5,000	Tenth..... 25	SPECIAL PRIZES:
Second..... 2,500	Next 10..... \$15 each	Nearest estimate
Third..... 1,000	Next 35..... 10 "	before July 10..... \$1,000
Fourth..... 500	Next 142..... 5 "	Nearest estimate
Fifth..... 300	Next 160..... 4 "	between July 10
Sixth..... 200	Next 180..... 3 "	and August 10..... 700
Seventh..... 100	Next 200..... 2 "	Nearest estimate
Eighth..... 75	Next 260..... 1 "	between Aug. 10
Ninth..... 50		and Sep. 10..... 500

Read THE PATRIOT daily for full particulars and send estimates and money to THE PATRIOT COMPANY, Harrisburg, Pa.

ROLLMAN CHERRY SEEDER.

This peels a cherry seeder does not crush the cherry or cause any loss of juice. A practical man use for large, small or California cherries. The seed extracting knife drives deep 1/2 an inch and actually throws the cherry into another. The marking of the knife can be seen on the seeded fruit. Seeds from 20 to 30 per quart per hour. Ask your dealer for it. If he cannot find it anywhere in the U. S., express prepaid, on receipt of \$1. For further information write to the manufacturers, ROLLMAN MANUFACTURING CO., 150 Penn Avenue, Mount Joy, Pa.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

THOS. J. SEXTON, Attorney-at-Law.—Office on second floor of Eagle Block, Allegheny street. Money to loan; houses for rent and for sale. Collections and all other legal business given careful and prompt attention.

PORTNEY & WALKER, (D. F. Portney and W. Harrison Walker) Attorneys-at-Law.—Office in the First building, opposite court house. Prompt attention to all legal business.

J. K. JOHNSTON, Attorney-at-Law.—Office 4th floor, Temple Court. Practices in all the courts.

H. S. TAYLOR, Attorney-at-Law.—Office in Temple Court. Tax collector of Bellefonte borough. Collections promptly attended to.

S. D. GETTIG, Attorney-at-Law.—In Pruner Building, English and German. Legal business promptly attended to.

WILLIAM G. RUNKLE, Attorney-at-Law.—In Crider's Exchange, English and German. Legal business promptly attended to.

J. A. B. MILLER, Attorney-at-Law.—Practices in all the courts. Special attention given to collections. Office with Reeder & Quigley.

KLINE WOODRING, Attorney-at-Law.—Office in the Pruner Building, English and German. Prepared for all branches of legal service. Surveying and engineering.

N. B. SPANGLER, Attorney-at-Law.—Office in court house. District attorney.

W. C. HEINLE, Attorney-at-Law.—In Crider's Exchange, 2nd floor. Consultation in German and English.

JOHN M. KEICHLINE, Attorney-at-Law and Justice of the Peace.—In opera house block, opposite Court house.

J. C. MEYER, Attorney-at-Law.—In Crider's Exchange, Ex-district attorney, German and English. Prompt attention to all business.

JOHN J. BOWER, Attorney-at-Law.—Office in Eagle block. Practices in all the courts. English and German.

J. H. WETZEL, Attorney-at-Law.—Office in Crider's Exchange. Special attention given to surveying and engineering.

WILLIAM J. SINGER, Attorney-at-Law.—In Temple Court building, room No. 21, fourth floor.

ORVIS BOWER & ORVIS, Attorneys-at-Law.—In Pruner's building. Practices in all the courts. German and English.

W. F. COHICK, Attorney-at-Law, 2nd floor Crider's Exchange. Practices in all the courts.

Get an Education

An exceptional opportunity offered to young men and young women to prepare for teaching or for business. Four regular courses; also special work in Music, Short-hand, Typewriting. Strong teaching force, well graded work, good discipline and hard study, insure best results to students of

Central State Normal School

LOCK HAVEN, Clinton Co., PA.

Handsome buildings perfectly equipped, steam heat, electric lights, abundance of pure mountain water, extensive campus and athletic grounds. Expenses low. Send for catalog.

J. R. FLICKINGER, Principal.

Central State Normal School, LOCK HAVEN, PA.

PATENTS

DESIGNS TRADE-MARKS AND COPYRIGHTS OBTAINED

ADVICE AS TO PATENTABILITY FREE

Notice in "Inventive Age" Book "How to obtain Patents"

Charges moderate. No fee till patent is secured.

Letters strictly confidential. Address, E. G. SIGGERS, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C.

C. A. SNOW & CO.

OFF. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

PATENTS

DESIGNS TRADE-MARKS AND COPYRIGHTS OBTAINED

ADVICE AS TO PATENTABILITY FREE

Notice in "Inventive Age" Book "How to obtain Patents"

Charges moderate. No fee till patent is secured.

Letters strictly confidential. Address, E. G. SIGGERS, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C.

MONEY TO LOAN.

In amounts from One to Ten Thousands Dollars, on approved real estate security. Nothing below \$1000 accepted.

W. F. COHICK, ATT'Y.

14 Crider's Exchange BELLEFONTE, PA.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND BRANCHES.

In effect on and after Nov. 26, 1900.

VIA TYRONE—WESTWARD.

Leave Bellefonte 6:55 a. m.	arrive at Tyrone 11:30 a. m.
Leave Bellefonte 1:06 p. m.	arrive at Tyrone 5:50 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte 4:44 p. m.	arrive at Tyrone 9:01 p. m.

VIA TYRONE—EASTWARD.

Leave Tyrone 6:55 a. m.	arrive at Bellefonte 11:30 a. m.
Leave Tyrone 1:06 p. m.	arrive at Bellefonte 5:50 p. m.
Leave Tyrone 4:44 p. m.	arrive at Bellefonte 9:01 p. m.

VIA LOCK HAVEN—NORTHWARD.

Leave Bellefonte 6:55 a. m.	arrive at Lock Haven 10:30 a. m.
Leave Bellefonte 1:06 p. m.	arrive at Lock Haven 5:00 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte 4:44 p. m.	arrive at Lock Haven 8:01 p. m.

VIA LEWISBURG.

Leave Bellefonte 6:55 a. m.	arrive at Lewisburg 11:30 a. m.
Leave Bellefonte 1:06 p. m.	arrive at Lewisburg 5:50 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte 4:44 p. m.	arrive at Lewisburg 9:01 p. m.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY.

WESTWARD. EASTWARD.

PM	AM	STATIONS.	PM	AM
6:00	6:15	Tyrone	8:10	8:15
6:15	6:30	Port Matilda	8:30	8:35
6:30	6:45	Port Matilda	8:45	8:50
6:45	7:00	Port Matilda	9:00	9:05
7:00	7:15	Port Matilda	9:15	9:20
7:15	7:30	Port Matilda	9:30	9:35
7:30	7:45	Port Matilda	9:45	9:50
7:45	8:00	Port Matilda	10:00	10:05
8:00	8:15	Port Matilda	10:15	10:20
8:15	8:30	Port Matilda	10:30	10:35
8:30	8:45	Port Matilda	10:45	10:50
8:45	9:00	Port Matilda	11:00	11:05
9:00	9:15	Port Matilda	11:15	11:20
9:15	9:30	Port Matilda	11:30	11:35
9:30	9:45	Port Matilda	11:45	11:50
9:45	10:00	Port Matilda	12:00	12:05
10:00	10:15	Port Matilda	12:15	12:20
10:15	10:30	Port Matilda	12:30	12:35
10:30	10:45	Port Matilda	12:45	12:50
10:45	11:00	Port Matilda	13:00	13:05
11:00	11:15	Port Matilda	13:15	13:20
11:15	11:30	Port Matilda	13:30	13:35
11:30	11:45	Port Matilda	13:45	13:50
11:45	12:00	Port Matilda	14:00	14:05
12:00	12:15	Port Matilda	14:15	14:20
12:15	12:30	Port Matilda	14:30	14:35
12:30	12:45	Port Matilda	14:45	14:50
12:45	13:00	Port Matilda	15:00	15:05
13:00	13:15	Port Matilda	15:15	15:20
13:15	13:30	Port Matilda	15:30	15:35
13:30	13:45	Port Matilda	15:45	15:50
13:45	14:00	Port Matilda	16:00	16:05
14:00	14:15	Port Matilda	16:15	16:20
14:15	14:30	Port Matilda	16:30	16:35
14:30	14:45	Port Matilda	16:45	16:50
14:45	15:00	Port Matilda	17:00	17:05
15:00	15:15	Port Matilda	17:15	17:20
15:15	15:30	Port Matilda	17:30	17:35
15:30	15:45	Port Matilda	17:45	17:50
15:45	16:00	Port Matilda	18:00	18:05
16:00	16:15	Port Matilda	18:15	18:20
16:15	16:30	Port Matilda	18:30	18:35
16:30	16:45	Port Matilda	18:45	18:50
16:45	17:00	Port Matilda	19:00	19:05
17:00	17:15	Port Matilda	19:15	19:20
17:15	17:30	Port Matilda	19:30	19:35
17:30	17:45	Port Matilda	19:45	19:50
17:45	18:00	Port Matilda	20:00	20:05
18:00	18:15	Port Matilda	20:15	20:20
18:15	18:30	Port Matilda	20:30	20:35
18:30	18:45	Port Matilda	20:45	20:50
18:45	19:00	Port Matilda	21:00	21:05
19:00	19:15	Port Matilda	21:15	21:20
19:15	19:30	Port Matilda	21:30	21:35
19:30	19:45	Port Matilda	21:45	21:50
19:45	20:00	Port Matilda	22:00	22:05
20:00	20:15	Port Matilda	22:15	22:20
20:15	20:30	Port Matilda	22:30	22:35
20:30	20:4			