

GREAT EMANCIPATOR.

Tribute of Postmaster General Smith to Abraham Lincoln.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN AT COLUMBUS.

The Democratic Orator Devotes His Address to a Review of the Life of Jefferson—Senator Hanna on "The Business Man in Politics."

East Orange, N. J., Feb. 13.—The third annual Lincoln day dinner of the Republican club of East Orange was given last night. Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith spoke on "Abraham Lincoln" and Congressman Charles B. Landis, of Indiana, responded to the toast "The Republic of Today."

Lincoln was a leader born for a great crisis. The overruling hand of God, and not the wisdom of man, had placed Abraham Lincoln at the head of the nation at the hour when he was needed.

Abraham Lincoln was the savior of the nation and the prophet of its great home developments, and President McKinley, the champion of protection, was destined to lead our great nation to industrial supremacy among the nations of the earth.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN AT COLUMBUS. Devotes His Address to a Review of the Life of Jefferson.

Columbus, O., Feb. 13.—The 92d anniversary of the birth of Abraham Lincoln was celebrated here last night by the Jefferson, Jackson and Lincoln League with a dinner at the Columbus Auditorium.

"Never has this nation been more in need than it is today of an earnest and thorough revival of Jeffersonian principles. While other statesmen, appearing at different crises and meeting the responsibilities of their respective times, have made partial application of Democratic principles, Jefferson is the only one who formulated a Democratic code applicable to all times, all situations and all people."

"He was called a demagogue by his enemies, and yet he exhibited a moral courage which none of his detractors has ever possessed. He condemned slavery when the system was popular in his state and in the nation, and he did it three-quarters of a century ago before emancipation crowned Lincoln with martyrdom and immortality."

"At this time, when corporate monopoly is fast extinguishing industrial independence, we need a revival of the Jeffersonian spirit which demands a government administered according to the doctrine of equal rights to all and special privileges to none."

SENATOR HANNA ON "BUSINESS." "No Fear When the Issue is Between Republicanism and Socialism."

New York, Feb. 13.—On the 92d anniversary of the birth of Abraham Lincoln and in honor of his memory the Republican club of the city of New York gave a banquet last night at the Waldorf-Astoria.

"Politics is business, and very serious business at that. As for me, in the discharge of the duties of which I have been called, I have noted with pride and pleasure the ready response of the business man to any appeal to him on behalf of the needs of his country."

"We had a great example of that at the close of the last campaign, when those thousands of business men of the metropolis stood for principle. I am here to thank you for what you did then. Upon you must largely depend whether the great principles for which Lincoln stood and for which we stand shall perpetuate the foundation of our government and its polity."

"The influence of the business man in politics is more far-reaching than one would at first imagine. We don't wish to arraign class against class. The great mass of workingmen who are the employees of capital and, therefore, the partners of capital, wield a great influence either for good or evil as they are made to see things. It is the duty of the business man of America to show that great class—the most powerful because of its numbers—that we do not discriminate between classes, but that we have their welfare at heart. Then we have no fear, when it comes to an issue between republicanism and socialism."

A WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED

Thursday, Feb. 7.

Women followers of Dowie, the faith cure healer, wrecked five Chicago drug stores.

A train wreck on the Erie road at Greenville, Pa., resulted in five deaths and injuries to a score.

The British government, in view of recent Boer activity, will send 30,000 more troops to South Africa.

Lorenzo Priori, electrocuted at Sing Sing prison yesterday for the murder of Vincenzo Garaguso, died protesting his innocence.

Dr Homer C. Stuntz, of Mount Vernon, Ia., has been appointed presiding elder of the Methodist Episcopal church in the Philippine Islands.

Friday, Feb. 8.

The senatorial deadlock in Delaware continues, with no signs of an agreement.

Senator Hanna has been elected a member of a Grand Army post in Cleveland.

Charles Yost fought with Fred Hoffman in the latter's New York grocery store, and Yost was stabbed to the heart.

George and Helen Gould were appointed receivers of all income of the Countess de Castellane in excess of \$200,000 annually.

Robert W. Steele, first territorial governor of Colorado, died yesterday at his home in Colorado Springs. Mrs. Steele died Tuesday. Both grip victims.

Saturday, Feb. 9.

The wage conference of miners and operators at Columbus, O., agreed to continue last year's scale.

David Hunter McAlpin, the millionaire tobacco manufacturer, died at his residence in New York yesterday, aged 85.

A heavy snowfall following in the wake of last week's blizzard delayed trains on all railroads entering Chicago last night.

Mrs. Nation, the Kansas saloon wrecker, lectured the members of the legislature, charging them with neglect of duty.

It is rumored that Crown Prince Frederick William, of Prussia, will marry Princess Ena, of Battenberg, daughter of Princess Beatrice.

Sunday, Feb. 11.

Samuel Dodd, for 12 years chief of police of Camden, N. J., died yesterday of pneumonia, aged 60.

Thirteen-year-old Fanny Levant has been arrested at New York, charged with circulating counterfeit pennies.

N. K. Fairbanks, once known as the "Lard King," has retired from the Board of Trade at Chicago, selling his membership for \$2,000.

The American Tin Plate company has secured control of the Empire State Can company, of Geneva, N. Y., and the price is said to be \$125,000.

At Manila, Ia., robbers got away with an express safe containing \$40,000. Three men are under arrest, but the money has not been recovered.

The employees of Armour & Co., of Chicago, Ill., are to present to the Armour institute a \$10,000 memorial window for P. D. Armour, Jr., who died in 1899.

Tuesday, Feb. 12.

Maurice Thompson, the author, is dying at Crawfordsville, Ind.

Cuba's new constitution makes Gen. Gomez, a native of Porto Rico, eligible for the presidency.

Reports have been received from Delagoa Bay asserting that the natives of the northern Transvaal have risen against the Boers.

Henry J. Ellicott, the sculptor, long identified with public works of importance, died suddenly in Washington yesterday from pneumonia, aged 51.

Mrs. Nation, the Kansas saloon wrecker, announces her intention to organize women to smash all saloons, first in the United States, then Europe.

A mob was besieging the jail at Crested Butte, Colo., and threatening to lynch George Burio, he committed suicide by hanging. Burio was arrested on a charge of having criminally assaulted Kate Muffich, 12 years of age. He declared he was innocent.

Wednesday, Feb. 13.

Rolla Wells was nominated for world's fair mayor of St. Louis by the Democratic convention.

At Erie, Pa., last night the boxing contest between Billy Smith and Owen Ziegler was stopped by the sheriff.

Both houses of Oregon's legislature adopted resolutions to abrogate the negro clause in the state constitution.

Northern and central New York are fast deep in the worst blizzard of the winter, and in some respects in recent years.

Joseph Patterese, Italian miners, were killed by a fall of coal in a mine at Dubois, Pa.

At Kansas City, Mo., Mrs. Ella Seelye, disguised as a man, shot and slightly wounded her former husband, from whom she was divorced ten years ago. She was arrested.

GENERAL MARKETS.

Philadelphia, Feb. 12.—Flour quiet; winter superfine, \$2.25; Pennsylvania roller, clear, \$1.95; city mills, extra, \$2.05; Rye flour quiet and steady at \$2.95; corn dull; No. 2 white, spot, 42¢; No. 2 yellow, for local trade, 45¢; Oats dull; No. 2 white, clipped, 25¢; No. 2 yellow, 26¢; Hay steady; Choice timothy, \$1.25; for large bales, \$1.35; No. 2 yellow, for local trade, 45¢; Oats dull; No. 2 white, spot, 42¢; No. 2 yellow, 45¢; Beef steady; Beef hams, \$18.50; Pork firm; family, \$16.25; sugar, cured hams, in tiers, \$4.10; Lard steady; prime city refined, in tiers, 85¢; butchers, loose, 75¢; Live poultry quoted at 10¢; for heavy hens, \$1.00; for light do., 75¢; for old roosters, 95¢; for young chickens, 12¢; for spring ducks, 80¢; for turkeys, 100¢; for geese, 120¢; Dressed poultry at 10¢; for choice western fowls, 65¢; for old roosters, 120¢; for choice and fancy nearby chickens, 120¢; for large western, 120¢; for solid packed extra turkeys, 120¢; for choice to fancy western ducks and geese, for western geese, \$1.25; for fine goods; medium and low grades dull; solid packed extra, 25¢; fancy Pennsylvania prints jobbing at 20¢; do. wholesale, 20¢; Cheese quiet; New York full cream, fancy, new, 15¢; part skims, new, 10¢; Swiss cheese, 15¢.

East Liberty, Pa., Feb. 12.—Cattle market steady; extra, \$5.50; prime, \$5.00; 4-6; common, \$3.75; Hogs active; prime mediums, \$5.75; best Yorkers, \$5.50; good light Yorkers, \$5.00; heavy hogs, \$4.50; pigs, \$3.50; rough, \$4.25; Sheep steady; choice wethers, \$4.00; common, \$3.50; choice lambs, \$4.00; common to good, \$4.50; veal calves, \$17.50.

HARRISBURG LETTER.

Measures That Occupy the Attention of the Lawmakers.

THE "RIPPER" BILL AMENDED.

Members From the Northeastern Section, It is Believed, Will Now Withdraw Their Opposition—A New Employers' Liability Bill.

Harrisburg, Feb. 13.—The senate committee on municipal affairs met last night and reconsidered the "ripper" charter bill for second class cities, which was recommitted by the senate yesterday for further amendments. It is believed that the members of the legislature from the northeastern part of the state will now withdraw their opposition to the measure as amended.

One of the amendments provides that the salary of the city recorder, who takes the place of the mayor, and who is appointed by the governor, shall receive a fixed salary ranging between \$3,000 and \$10,000 a year, and that the salaries of the heads of departments shall be fixed at a sum not over \$5,000 or under \$2,500 a year.

After the governor's appointee shall have retired from office, and the city recorder is elected by the people, his salary and those of the heads of departments appointed by him shall be fixed by councils.

Under the new amendments the city recorder appointed by the governor need not consult councils on his appointments or removals, but when the city recorder is elected by the people then the appointments must have the approval of councils.

Other amendments provide that third class cities making the transition into a second class city shall retain such third class laws as they may think necessary; that the system of letting contracts shall remain the same as now in vogue in the cities affected by the bill; that the controller and city treasurer be elected by the people; that the city recorder appoint the city solicitor and that the city treasurer may be appointed delinquent tax collector by councils.

A bill creating in the banking department a bureau of building and loan associations was introduced in the house of representatives last Thursday by Mr. Calder, of Dauphin county. The bill creates the office of superintendent of building and loan associations, who shall be appointed by the superintendent of banking and receive a salary of \$3,000 annually, and shall have supervision of all domestic and foreign building and loan associations doing business in Pennsylvania.

An employer's liability bill similar to the Massachusetts law was presented by Mr. Jones, of Philadelphia. The bill provides that where personal injury is caused the employee shall have the same right of compensation and remedies against the employer as if the employee had not been an employee.

A bill creating a department of mines was presented by Mr. Philbin, of Lackawanna. It provides for a chief, whose salary shall be \$4,000 a year, and two assistants, one of whom shall be a mining engineer.

Mr. Bricker, of Beaver, introduced a bill to prevent burgesses and councilmen of boroughs from soliciting or receiving bribes and to punish by a fine of \$5,000 or five years' imprisonment any person who may offer to bribe the same.

Mr. Smythe, of Philadelphia, introduced a bill repealing the 12th section of the act of June 18, 1885, relative to the vacation of school children. The introduction of the repealing bill is the outgrowth of a case of exclusion of a young girl from the public schools in Philadelphia which has attracted a great deal of attention and given rise to a protracted controversy and much litigation.

The measure known as the Quay county bill, to create a new county, with Hazleton as the county seat, was reported adversely in the house last Friday.

Senator Sproul, of Delaware county, chairman of the senate committee on railroads, introduced a bill Monday night which is of great importance, considering the various consolidations and schemes for consolidating railroads having lines through this state.

The state constitution adopted in 1874 expressly forbids railroads or corporations from absorbing or acquiring parallel or competing lines, and the Sproul bill looks toward providing in the statutes the constitutional provisions and putting them in distinct form. The bill provides that such an acquisition may be attacked in proceedings at law upon the instigation of the commonwealth, and makes any violation a misdemeanor, for which the officials of such offending corporations may be indicted and punished individually or collectively.

In the house a resolution was offered by Mr. Bliss, of Delaware, and adopted, making a special order for the bill appropriating \$25,000 to the Keystone state commission to the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo.

A bill, introduced Monday in the senate by Senator Grady, of Philadelphia, prohibiting the publication of certain crimes before the law has passed upon them, is causing much discussion, and it is likely a strong fight will be made against its enactment. The bill provides that nothing shall prevent the publication of the facts where persons so accused shall have become fugitives from justice. The parties wishing to publish the news, however, must first obtain the written consent of counsel.

Democratic State Chairman Rilling arrived here Tuesday for the purpose of urging Democratic members of the legislature to take up the matter of ballot reform. Last night he issued a statement in which he says: "Notwithstanding the great, important and universal demand for ballot reform, a month has gone by since the meeting of the legislature and yet we find practically nothing done towards meeting the great demand of the people. Independent Republicans here is the most important matter before us for our consideration. You said you were in favor of such a measure. Now stand by us and help us pass it."

TOWNGREW RAPIDLY

PROSPERITY FOLLOWS OPENING OF A RAILROAD.

Moribund Region Quickened Into Life by Modern Transportation Facilities—Electric Lights and Schools Come With the Railroad.

The completion of the Gulf and Ship Island railroad to Jackson, Miss., within the past few months has opened up to the merchants of the capital city a vast territory hitherto inaccessible save by means of the antiquated ox teams which formed the only transportation facilities to the interior towns.

Since the completion of the road and the inauguration of a double daily passenger and freight train service new towns have sprung up, and old towns have taken on new life to such an extent that they would scarcely be recognized as the sleepy villages where the inhabitants would almost stagnate for want of a change. Newcomers rarely explored that section of Mississippi then.

The advent of the new road has had its effect on that part of the state, and what was once a wilderness is now certain to be a rich country, dotted here and there with new towns, populated with industrious people who have invested their capital in farm lands and sawmills and who will send the products of their investments to the commercial centers.

The trade at the various new towns on the Gulf and Ship Island road is phenomenal. It has probably broken all records heretofore achieved by any new road in any part of the country. The drummers have found this territory to be the most lucrative in Mississippi, and the "boys" are working the towns by the score.

The road traverses a large area of the long leaf pine lands. This belt of pine timber is said to be the most valuable in the south and contains in all about 4,500 square miles of timber. Sawmills have already been erected at many of the principal points, and others are in course of construction.

Farm lands are plentiful, and the facilities for getting the cotton to the market having been improved by the construction of the new road, it is safe to say that the cotton acreage next year will be increased.

There are numerous towns along this road from Gulfport to Jackson which have forged to the front, but the largest and most widely known is Hattiesburg, situated at the junction of the Gulf and Ship Island and New Orleans and Northeastern roads.

That city now lays claim to a population of between 5,000 and 6,000. In a few years' time this number will be doubled. It has the wealth and the progressive people behind it which are an assurance that Hattiesburg is going to gain.

The land on which Hattiesburg is built was public land in 1881, and 100 acres of it were homesteaded by D. H. McInnis, and the remainder or the greater part of it, some 2,000 acres, was entered at the United States land office by Captain W. H. Hardy. But Hattiesburg, strictly speaking, is only about 16 years old, dating the beginning of its history from the opening of the New Orleans and Northeastern road in November, 1883.

The town was founded by Captain W. H. Hardy and named for his wife, Mrs. Hattie L. Hardy, who died in May, 1895.

For a number of years the little village struggled along. Those who had faith in its future were content to remain, while others who were not so sanguine as to the development of the town folded their tents and departed for more promising fields. Those business men whose intellect was keen enough to penetrate the future and invest their money there are now reaping their reward, and day by day they have the pleasure of seeing their investments grow in value.

On the completion of the Gulf and Ship Island road there in 1896 the town began to grow rapidly. On every side industries sprung into existence, and the town threw aside its mantle of indolence and invited immigration and capital to come and share in its new fortunes.

Banks were organized; mills were built; waterworks and electric lights were constructed; a high school building costing \$12,000 was erected; brick stores took the place of frame ones; in fact, the town grew almost by magic into a city of importance.

In Hattiesburg one of the largest lumber mills in the south is located. The J. J. Newman Lumber company owns and operates this mill, which has a capacity of 200,000 feet per day. It has its electric plant and waterworks, the latter supplied by two six inch artesian wells. The company employs about 1,200 hands and cuts the timber from about 35 acres of land per day.

There are also located the C. W. Rich Lumber company and the Hattiesburg Lumber company, both doing a lucrative business.

The water for the waterworks is supplied from two artesian wells, which have sufficient pressure to force a stream over a two story building.

The construction of an adequate sewerage system is one of the possibilities for the near future, and bonds to the amount of \$25,000 will be issued for this purpose.

Improvements in the way of new mercantile buildings and handsome residences are manifest on all sides. The completion of the two projected railroads into Hattiesburg—the Mobile, Jackson and Kansas City and the Natchez and Gulf road—will make the city one of the most important railroad centers in the south, sure to become a central point for manufacturing enterprises.

A Name Twice Made Famous, Now a Shining Mark for Imitators.

The name "Chase," twice made famous, is a shining mark for the unscrupulous to pounce upon and appropriate in order to foist upon the public their worthless preparations. These birds of prey, by using the name Chase, expect the public to be fooled into believing they are the medicines of Dr. A. W. Chase, who first became noted as the author of the world-famed Dr. Chase's recipe book and family physician, and whose fame is now doubly increased by the wonderful success of his Nerve Pills, with Nerve, Brain and Blood troubles. They play upon the name Chase, but dare not use the initials "A. W."

They imitate, but dare not counterfeit the portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, which identifies the Nerve Pills now recognized as infallible for building up pale, weak, thin-blooded, nerve exhausted sufferers. Who are nerve-tired and brain-weary. Who are easily exhausted. Who are wakeful—cannot sleep. Who have nervous headache. They remove the cause of blood impurities, securing refreshing sleep and impart strength. They build up people who find their strength and vigor waning. They settle irritated nerves, replace languor and lassitude with energy and animation. Cure Nervous Dyspepsia.



The above is the right kind prepared by the Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y., 50 cents per box. All others are imitations.

LEGAL NOTICES.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of GEO. W. BROWN, dec'd, late of Boggs township. Letters of administration on said estate having been granted to the undersigned all persons indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims or demands against the same will present them without delay for settlement to the undersigned.

W. E. BROWN, Yarnell, Pa. Forney & Walker, Admr. All vs.

CAUTION NOTICE.

At a constable's sale the following personal property of Henry Bartholomew, of Nitany, was purchased by the undersigned—2 horses, cow, wagon, buggy, household goods and all other personal property and all parties are hereby cautioned not to meddle with same.

WM. ALLEN, Nitany, Pa.

NOTICE.

The undersigned Overseers of the Poor District of the Borough of Bellefonte, hereby give notice that they have sufficient funds on hand to pay all just claims against said Poor District, and that they will pay all proper debts of said Dist. presented to them for payment on or before the 1st of the next year, viz: March 1st, 1901.

JOHN TRAFFORD, R. S. BROUSE, Overseers of Poor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of MELVILLE KUNES, dec'd, late of Liberty township. Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them without delay to the undersigned.

MABEL KUNES, Adm'r. Wm. G. HUNKLER, AU'Y. Bianchard.

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New Crop Florida Oranges 30c. 40c. and 50c. per dozen.

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