

A REMARKABLE SCENE

In the Trial of Henry E. Youtsey at Georgetown, Ky.

HE DENOUNCES ARTHUR GOEBEL.

The Prisoner Jumped to His Feet and Excitedly Declared the Brothers of the Murdered Governor Was Swearing His Life Away.

Georgetown, Ky., Oct. 10.—One of the most remarkable scenes ever enacted in a Kentucky court occurred last night in the trial of Henry E. Youtsey, charged with being a principal in the shooting of Governor Goebel, the defendant himself being the chief participant. The court room was crowded at the time, and the excitement was intense. Dea Armstrong, the Louisville detective, had just told of his talks with Youtsey before and after his arrest. Then Arthur Goebel was put on the stand and Judge Ben Williams, who for the first time appeared for the prosecution, directed the questioning.

Arthur Goebel said: "I talked with Youtsey the day he was arrested late in the afternoon in Frankfort in reference to the murder of my brother."

Just at this point Youtsey arose behind his attorneys and in a loud voice said: "It is untrue; it is a lie. I never spoke a word to that man in my life, nor he to me."

Col. Crawford told him to be quiet and sit down and others took hold of him.

"I will not sit down. I never said a word to that man. It is untrue."

He was shouting by this time, and every one was becoming excited.

Youtsey's wife sprang to his side, and while endeavoring to make him sit down could be heard saying:

"Now you have killed my husband; I suppose you are satisfied."

Then Youtsey hysterically shouted again:

"I am innocent—there is no blood on my hands; these men are swearing my life away."

Two or three deputy sheriffs went over and grabbed him. He struggled wildly and said:

"Let me alone. I will not sit down."

Arthur Goebel meanwhile sat sphinx-like in the witness chair, and never turned his head. Finally after Youtsey was forced into a seat he shouted again:

"Goebel is not dead. All the demons in hell could not kill him."

"Mr. Sheriff, if the defendant does not behave himself put handcuffs on him," said Judge Cantrell.

Meanwhile the audience could not be forced to keep their seats until the judge threatened to fine those who stood up. Youtsey settled back into his chair, closed his eyes and seemed in a state of collapse. He waved his handkerchief above his head in an aimless sort of way and groaned and cried hysterically. Finally quiet was restored and Judge Williams asked Arthur Goebel another question, when Col. Crawford asked a postponement of the trial until today on account of the defendant's condition. Judge Cantrell said he could see no cause or reason for the defendant's outbreak, but in justice to his attorneys he would postpone the case.

Youtsey still occupied his chair, with his eyes closed, apparently in a half fainting condition. After the crowd passed out Jailor Reed and deputies carried Youtsey to the jail, as he was unable to walk. Various reasons are assigned for his outbreak, the first being that his long confinement and strain of the trial caused him to become hysterical and lose control of himself. Another is that he is really demented, as shown by his remark that Goebel was not dead. He is being attended by physicians and relatives at the jail, and his condition is deemed critical.

Maniac Mother's Awful Crime.

New York, Oct. 6.—Mrs. Lillian Smith, of Inwood, borough of Manhattan, while insane yesterday, shot her two children, Mabel, aged 2 years, and Theodore, aged 3 years, and then committed suicide by shooting herself. Twelve-year-old Ethel is in a hospital seriously wounded. Before shooting the children Mrs. Smith, with the cunning of a maniac, tried to force them to drink carbolic acid. Long brooding over the prospect of death is said to have been the cause of the woman's insanity. Before committing the crimes Mrs. Smith sent her coachman and his wife, the latter also a servant in the family, out for a pleasure drive in her private carriage.

Deadly Tornado in Wisconsin.

Elwabik, Minn., Oct. 8.—A tornado which raged in this vicinity Saturday evening was the most severe ever experienced hereabouts. The storm cut a pathway 150 feet in width through the northwestern corner of this town, completely wrecking the buildings struck. The shaft houses and buildings of three mines which stood in the path of the storm were reduced to kindling wood. The property loss is estimated at from \$75,000 to \$100,000 and the known fatalities number nine, with a score or more injured—some severely, others only slightly.

Texas Wants Standard Oil Magnates

St. Louis, Oct. 10.—Requisition papers issued by Governor Sayers of Texas, were served on Governor Roosevelt here yesterday for the extradition of John D. Rockefeller, Henry M. Flagler and other Standard Oil men for alleged violation of the anti-trust law of Texas. Governor Roosevelt said he could not act on the requisition as long as he is out of the state of New York, as he is technically not governor. He said he will look into the case when he returns to New York.

Structural Steel For Japan.

Pittsburg, Oct. 10.—The American Bridge company yesterday closed a contract to furnish all of the structural steel to be used in the erection of a big arsenal at Kura, Japan. The money value of the contract is between \$250,000 and \$300,000. It will require six months to furnish the material, and it must be delivered at Kura within a year.

A WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED

Thursday, Oct. 4.

The population of Arkansas is 1,311,564; in 1890, 1,128,179.

Massachusetts Republicans renominated W. C. Crane for governor.

President Castro has issued a proclamation convening the congress of Venezuela for Feb. 20 next.

Standard Oil steamer sunk the tugboat Fleetwing at Philadelphia. David Strawbridge and Fred Hickman were drowned.

Twenty-one bodies were recovered from the debris at Galveston yesterday, making a total of 2,396 officially reported as recovered since the storm.

The American Tin Plate company and the Tin Workers' Union reached an agreement yesterday on wages for the ensuing year. The rate will be practically the same as last year.

Friday, Oct. 5.

Adam Erhart, aged 72, and Mrs. Sadie Gallagher, 70, eloped from Butler county, Pa., and were married at Etna.

Two men held up a Burlington road train near Council Bluffs, Ia. Express Messenger Baxter killed one, and the other escaped.

While cutting the grass over his wife's grave Frederick Fritz, aged 72, a prosperous farmer, living near Trenton, dropped dead.

There were 20,000 spectators at the 48 productions of the Passion Play at Oberammergau. Admission receipts totaled 1,200,000 marks, and villagers received from visitors about 4,000,000 marks.

Saturday, Oct. 6.

Birmingham, Ala., proposes to hold a great industrial exposition in 1905.

At a meeting of Baptist ministers in Southington, Conn., Rev. A. T. Hanna declared certain Baptist universities "hotbeds of heresy."

Benjamin Prime, 106 years old, and probably New York's oldest citizen, died yesterday at Port Richmond, S. I., where he was born a slave.

In a letter to a Philadelphia newspaper Wayne MacVeagh, who was Cleveland's ambassador to Italy, announces his support of McKinley.

Democrats of the Sixth New Jersey congressional district nominated William N. Coler, Jr., for congress. He is brother of Comptroller Coler, of New York.

Monday, Oct. 8.

The population of Delaware is 184,735; in 1890, 168,493; in 1790, 53,096.

At Lynbrook, L. I., 81-year-old Mrs. Caroline Bessler was burned to death by her clothing igniting.

The Alaskan cable, which was lost by the cable ship some time ago, has been recovered and carried on to Nome City.

Driven frantic by the cries of her children for food, Mrs. Mary Saybold, whose husband was ill, committed suicide at Yonkers, N. Y.

Collision between a Lake Shore and Michigan train and a trolley car at Chicago last night injured eight persons, one perhaps fatally.

Because one of their number had been discharged, a number of Italians, with sticks, stones and knives, attacked their bosses in the Lehigh Valley yards at Buffalo, N. Y., and were dispersed by the police.

Tuesday, Oct. 9.

In his New York tour Mr. Bryan will speak in 51 places and will occupy five days, exclusive of New York city and Buffalo.

Andrew C. Armstrong, one of the founders of Scribner's Monthly, died at his country home at Stamford, Conn., last night, aged 71.

Secretary of War Root, who for some weeks past has been ill at his Long Island home, is expected back at his desk in Washington tomorrow.

Arrangements for building 3,000 freight cars for the Baltimore and Ohio railroad by the Pullman company, at Pullman, Ills., were completed yesterday.

Isaac A. Swiegard, ex-superintendent of the Reading railroad, was held for trial in Philadelphia for discharging men for belonging to the Trainmen's Brotherhood.

A Capetown dispatch says: The Boers now occupy Wepener, as well as Rouxville and Ficksburg, in Orange River colony, and the British are attempting to surround them.

Wednesday, Oct. 10.

William Schrieber, a missing bank clerk of Elizabeth, N. J., is a defaulter to the amount of \$50,000.

Harry O. Dell, an expert forger awaiting trial at Riverhead, L. I., committed suicide by cutting his throat.

Forty or fifty persons throughout the United States have been arrested for refusing to reply to questions of census enumerators.

Crown Prince Frederick William will appear in Berlin during the coming winter in a series of court theatricals, assuming leading parts.

Major Edward Goldberg, United States Indian agent, died at Seneca Falls, Mo., yesterday from food poisoning. Mrs. Goldberg is also very ill from the same cause.

GENERAL MARKETS.

Philadelphia, Oct. 9.—Flour steady; winter wheat, \$2.92 1/2; Pennsylvania roller, clear, \$2.93 1/2; city mills, extra, \$2.75 1/2. Rye flour quiet and steady at \$2.10 per barrel. Wheat slow; No. 2 red, spot, in elevator, 74 1/2 cts. Corn firm; No. 2 mixed, October, in elevator, 46 1/2 cts. No. 2 yellow, for local trade, 48c. Oats steady; new No. 2 white, 25 1/2 cts.; lower grades, 25 1/2 cts. Hay firm; choice timothy, \$17.50 for large bales. Beef steady; beef hams, \$12.50 1/2. Pork firm; family, \$17.50. Lard firm; western, steamed, \$8.50. Live poultry quoted at 11c. for choice western fowls, 10 1/2 cts. for spring chickens and 9 1/2 cts. for ducks. Dressed poultry (fresh killed), choice western fowls, 11c.; old roosters, 10c.; Pennsylvania choice spring chickens, 12c.; western spring chickens, 12 1/2 cts. Butter steady; creamery, 16 1/2 cts.; factory, 15 1/2 cts.; June creamery, 14 1/2 cts. Imitation creamery, 10 1/2 cts.; New York dairy, 15 1/2 cts.; fancy Pennsylvania prints, 10 1/2 cts.; do. wholesale, 2c. Cheese dull and weak; large, white and colored, 10 1/2 cts.; small, white and colored, 11c. Eggs firm; New York and Pennsylvania, 50 1/2 cts.; western, regular packing, at mark, 50 1/2 cts.; western, loss off, 50c. Potatoes quiet; Jersey, \$1.13 1/2; New York, \$1.09 1/2; Long Island, \$1.09 1/2. Jersey sweets, \$2.25 1/2. Cabbage steady; Long Island, \$1.50 1/2 per 100. East Liberty, Pa., Oct. 9.—Cattle market steady; extra, \$5.00 1/2; prime, \$4.50 1/2; common, \$3.25 1/2. Hogs steady; extra fine heavy, \$5.50 1/2; assorted mediums, \$4.50 1/2; best Yorkers, \$4.40; light do., \$3.95 1/2; grassers, \$3.50 1/2; pigs, as to quality, \$3.25; roughs, \$3.00 1/2. Sheep steady; choice wethers, \$4.15; common, \$3.50 1/2; choice lambs, \$3.25 1/2; common to good, \$2.50 1/2; veal calves, \$2.50 1/2.

OPERATORS' SINCERITY

Questioned by Some of the Striking Anthracite Miners.

THE GATHERING AT SHAMOKIN.

President Mitchell Tells the Strikers That the Present Victory Is But the Entering Wedge For Better Conditions in the Years to Come.

Shamokin, Pa., Oct. 10.—President Mitchell, of the United Mine Workers, who came here yesterday to take part in a labor demonstration, was welcomed in a most enthusiastic manner by the thousands of striking mine workers in this section of the Schuylkill valley. The city was profusely decorated and all the stores and other business houses in the vicinity closed at noon and thousands of people came from surrounding towns to take part in the parade and to listen to Mr. Mitchell's speech at a mass meeting, which was held after the parade.

President Mitchell was enthusiastically received when he arose to address the assemblage. He spoke of the enthusiasm displayed by the men throughout the strike region and went into the situation as it now stands. In referring to the prospective ending of the strike he said:

"Every other strike that has taken place in the anthracite region has been declared off by your officers. Heretofore when men went on strike they remained out for a time and then the chief executive or the executive board declared the strike off without consulting the wishes of the strikers. I want to say, as I have said before, that this strike will never end until the miners through delegates in convention, end it for themselves. We have called a convention and you men are invited to send delegates there. You are invited to pass judgment on the operators' proposition. If you believe that they act in good faith; if you believe 10 per cent to be enough; if you believe that they will pay the 10 per cent for a year, then you must decide whether to return to work. On the other hand, if you reject the offer and continue on strike John Mitchell will be here to help you to it. I do not expect that this one strike will eradicate all the wrongs from which you suffer. I do not believe that the accumulation of 40 years of injustice can be wiped out at once, but I do believe that you have established an organization here that with each succeeding year will give you improved conditions of employment."

NO FURTHER CONCESSIONS.

Prominent Operators Declare They Have Reached Their Limit.

Scranton, Pa., Oct. 10.—Interviews with prominent operators here elicited a uniform declaration that no further concessions or modification of the present offer will be made and that the miners must take it or leave it just as it stands.

They say it is plain and complete, and contains all they can or will concede. The 10 per cent increase means that every man in the anthracite mines is to have \$1.10 for the work for which he formerly received \$1, the operators say. The powder item is simply a matter of bookkeeping. Instead of giving the miners 10 per cent increase flat he will have his credit side increased say 3 per cent and from his debit side will be subtracted 1 per cent or whatever percentage of expense the difference in the cost of his powder amounts to. The purpose is simply to put an end to the howling about powder being sold at exorbitant prices. Powder is the basis of the wage scale. It is explained, and to decrease its cost is to increase the wages. In this region a decrease of \$1.25 in a keg of powder means a 7 per cent decrease in the miners' expense. The other 3 per cent will be made up by increasing the allowance per car for cutting and loading. Where a miner gets \$1 a car he will under the new scale get \$1.03 1/3 cents a car. His net earnings will be the same whether he gets the increase flat or by figuring in the decrease on powder.

The fact that coal is high and that the demands of individual operators for better allowances will keep it high is suggested as a reason why those working under the sliding scale should not worry about being juggled out of their increase. The further fact that the operators do not want strikes, and that they realize the United Mine Workers' organization is here to stay, will, it is pointed out, have a tendency to dissuade any double dealing on the part of the operators, even if they were inclined to do a thing of this kind.

SOME MINERS' SUSPICIONS.

Few Operators May Reduce Wages After Getting a Supply.

Wilkesbarre, Oct. 10.—The leaders of the United Mine Workers of this part of the anthracite coal field do not speak as hopefully as they did of a settlement of the strike by the Scranton convention. Some of those interviewed are afraid that the offer of 10 per cent increase in wages made by the companies may not last long, and that after the men are back at work for awhile and the market is pretty well supplied the operators may reduce wages to the old figure. It is only fair to say, however, that not all the United Mine Workers are of this opinion. There is a strong sentiment prevailing that the increase in wages will be permanent. It would help matters along considerably in the convention if there was some one there authorized to speak for the companies on this point. But, of course, the companies will not have a representative on the ground, and if the convention appoints a committee, which it is most likely to do, to find out from the operators how long a period the increase will hold good, there is bound to be a long delay before the committee will be able to report. The convention will meet at Scranton on Friday next.

Municipal Ownership on Long Island

Hempstead, L. I., Oct. 10.—The taxpayers of the village of Hempstead voted yesterday on the question of municipal ownership of water works and electric plants and decided in favor of the proposition.

MR. BRYAN DENIES A CHARGE.

Receives Nothing For His Speeches. Committee Pays For His Train.

Peoria, Ill., Oct. 10.—In his speech here last night Mr. Bryan took occasion to answer the charge that he is being paid for his speeches. He said:

"I am not as rich a man as you would imagine from reading the Republican papers. I find it difficult to reconcile their statements about my financial condition. One time they say that I am so ambitious that I would spend all my money to be president and another time they say that I am so avaricious that I will not make a speech unless I am paid for it. I notice a criticism in the papers that the people of the towns through which our train passes have contributed to the expenses of the train and it was suggested that was for my benefit."

"I need not tell you that I receive nothing for making speeches, but, my friends, I want you to know that when men ride on trains they must either pay or else the railroad companies must furnish them with free rides. We do not want a railroad to carry our train free through the state, and therefore the state committee paid about \$1,000 for the train for yesterday and today. We believe it is better for people to pay their way and to be independent than to have corporations run them after election. I would a great deal rather have Republican papers criticize me because people along the road pay the expenses of the train than to receive free rides from the railroad companies and have corporations run me if elected."

A FILIPINO'S THIRST FOR REVENGE.

Paying Cash Prizes For Left Ears of American Soldiers.

New York, Oct. 10.—Sergeants Barton and Zimmerman, of the Forty-seventh volunteer infantry, who have recently returned from the Philippines to their homes in White Stone, L. I., report that while in an engagement with the Filipinos at Albay Sergeant Fowler, also of White Stone, shot and killed a handsome Filipino lieutenant named Marcus, and captured his sword. Lieut. Marcus was a son of Marcellus Marcus, a wealthy Filipino, who is known all over the island and who had hitherto been friendly to the Americans, though his son was not.

The death of the son aroused the father to a pitch of the greatest fury, and he swore he would spend every dollar he owned to avenge his death, despite the fact that young Marcus was killed in a fair fight. Barton and Zimmerman say that since then Marcus has raised a troop of 3,000 and has offered a reward of \$100 for every left ear of every member of the Forty-seventh regiment. This offer is said to have brought fruit, for every American killed was found to have his left ear missing and many Chinese and light colored Filipinos were found to have theirs missing also, which shows that the Filipinos are not above making money out of the old man's thirst for revenge. It is stated that Marcus is treasuring a string of more than 100 ears, not more than five of which could have been cut from members of the Forty-seventh regiment.

Accidentally Killed His Brother.

Lake Butler, Fla., Oct. 10.—Harry Anthony, one of the most prominent young business men of this section, was accidentally killed yesterday morning at 1 o'clock by his younger brother, Marvin Anthony. The brothers had been in a fox chase until midnight, and stopped at the country home of Dr. Anthony, their brother, three miles out, for a rest during the remainder of the night. Harry Anthony handed his gun to Marvin to hold while he unlocked the door. The gun was accidentally discharged and Harry killed instantly. Marvin became frantic with grief, and is now carefully guarded, as his friends fear he will take his life.

Soft Coal From the West.

Reading, Pa., Oct. 10.—Hundreds of railroads, who otherwise would be thrown out of work by the stoppage of anthracite shipments over the Reading railway, are now employed in bringing through soft coal from the west. Hundreds of carloads are delivered daily to the company at Harrisburg and Williamsport and rushed to Philadelphia and Port Liberty. Only 17 cars of hard coal were sent down the road yesterday. The average before the strike was 1,400 cars daily. The Schuylkill valley industries are now stocking up bituminous coal.

An Alleged Thieving Postal Clerk.

New York, Oct. 10.—Richard J. Carroll, who for a number of years has been the chief money order clerk in Branch E, of the postoffice in this city, was arrested yesterday for forging and raising money orders. Carroll was arraigned before United States Commissioner Shields, and his examination was set for next Saturday morning. Bail was set at \$2,500. Thomas A. Jardine, auditor of the postoffice, is complainant in the case. The amount of the alleged forgeries is believed to be very large.

Boers Put to Flight.

London, Oct. 10.—The Times publishes the following dispatch from Vrededorf, Orange River colony: The British column had a three days' fight, from Oct. 5 to Oct. 7, inclusive, with Gen. De Wet's commando of a thousand men and five guns. It took place in a veritable sea of mountains near here. The Boers were dislodged and dispersed, and they fled demoralized. The British casualties were slight.

India's Famine Conditions.

London, Oct. 10.—Lord George Hamilton, secretary of state for India, has received the following dispatch from the viceroy of India, Lord Curzon of Kedleston: "The general condition of the crops is excellent, and except in a part of Bombay, famine conditions are disappearing. The total number on the relief list has fallen to 2,746,800."

Charged With Infanticide.

Paterson, N. J., Oct. 10.—Miss Bertha Dobbs, 25 years of age, was arrested yesterday in this city and held without bail on the charge of having murdered her male child a few hours after its birth on last Sunday morning. The body of the infant was found by a detective yesterday.

Advertisement for Jewel Stoves and Ranges, featuring a large illustration of a stove and the text '3 Million in use', 'JEWEL STOVES AND RANGES', 'DETROIT STOVE WORKS', 'LARGEST STOVE PLANT IN THE WORLD', '30 years successful service', and 'DANIEL IRVIN'S SONS, BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.'

Advertisement for Central State Normal School, featuring an illustration of a building and the text 'Get an Education', 'An exceptional opportunity offered to young men and young women to prepare for teaching or for business.', 'Central State Normal School, LOCK HAVEN, Clinton Co., PA.', 'J. R. FLICKINGER, Principal, Central State Normal School, LOCK HAVEN, PA.'

Advertisement for Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills, featuring an illustration of a woman's face and the text 'It doesn't require horse sense to run an automobile.', 'CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS', 'Beware of Counterfeits. Refuse all Substitutes.', 'Safe. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. Buy your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Health for Ladies," to arrive by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists.', 'CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO., PHILA., PA.', '2100 Madison Square, PHILA., PA. Mention this paper.'

Advertisement for Patents, featuring the text '50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE', 'TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS &c.', 'Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Agent agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the Scientific American.', 'A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 per year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.', 'MUNN & Co., 361 Broadway, New York. Branch Office, 25 V St., Washington, D. C.'

Advertisement for Duff's College, featuring the text 'Duff's College', 'GIVES A BREAD-WINNING EDUCATION.', 'Enabling young men and women to meet the demands of this prosperous commercial age. For circulars address D. DUFF & SONS, 814 and Liberty Sts., Pittsburg, Pa.'

Advertisement for The Pennsylvania State College, featuring the text 'If You Wish to Become', 'A Chemist, A Teacher, An Engineer, A Lawyer, An Electrician, A Physician, A Scientific Farmer, A Journalist', 'in short, if you wish to secure a training that will fit you well for any honorable pursuit in life,', 'The Pennsylvania State College', 'Offers Exceptional Advantages.', 'TUITION IS FREE IN ALL COURSES.'

Advertisement for The Registrar, featuring the text 'THE REGISTRAR, State College, Centre county, Pa.', 'TAKING EFFECT IN SEPTEMBER, 1900, the General Courses have been extensively modified, so as to furnish a much more varied range of electives, after the Freshman Year, than heretofore, including History; the English, French, German, Spanish, Latin and Greek Languages and Literatures; Psychology; Ethics; Pedagogics, and Political Science. These courses are especially adapted to the wants of those who seek either the most thorough training for the Profession of Teaching, or a general College Education. The courses in Chemistry, Civil, Electrical, Mechanical and Mining Engineering are among the very best in the United States. Graduates have no difficulty in securing and holding positions.', 'YOUNG WOMEN are admitted to all courses on the same terms as Young Men. The FALL SESSION opens September 12, 1900.', 'For SPECIMEN EXAMINATION PAPERS or for CATALOGUE giving full information respecting courses of study, expenses, etc., and SHOWING POSITIONS HELD BY GRADUATES, address

Advertisement for \$500 Reward, featuring the text '\$500 REWARD', 'We pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Liverita, The Up-to-Date Little Liver Pill', 'They are purely Vegetable and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail. Stamps taken. Nervita Medical Co., Corner Clinton and Jackson Sts., Chicago, Illinois. Sold by For sale by C. M. Parrish, Druggists, Bellefonte, Pa.'

Advertisement for Baby's Voice and Mother's Friend, featuring the text 'Baby's Voice', 'It is the joy of the household, for without it no happiness can be complete. The ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so full of danger and suffering that the danger, pain and horror of child-birth can be entirely avoided by the use of "MOTHER'S FRIEND," a scientific liniment. By its aid thousands of women have passed this great crisis in perfect safety and without pain. Our book of priceless value to all women will be sent free to any address by Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.', 'Mother's Friend'