

ALLIES AT TIEN-TSIN

A Junction Formed For Attack on Chinese.

FEARS FOR SEYMOUR'S COMMAND.

Situation Grows More Gloomy, and Absence of News From Peking Is Thought to Mean Destruction of Relief Force and Legations.

LONDON, June 26.—The British cruiser Terrible has arrived at Chifu from Taku with the latest news, which is as follows: "Eight hundred Sikhs and 200 Welsh fusiliers have effected a junction with the American, German and Russian forces which had been cut off by the Chinese about nine miles from Tien-tsin. It was proposed to deliver an assault upon the Chinese forces at Tien-tsin last night (Sunday)."

It is not clear what forces united. It would seem that one relieving force, cut off, had been relieved by another. At any rate, it is apparently certain that the allies arrived in sufficient force at Tien-tsin Sunday to attack the besieging Chinese.

"Foreign official opinions here," says a dispatch from Shanghai to The Daily Express, dated yesterday, "inclined to believe that the worse has happened to the legations at Peking and to Admiral Seymour as well. Even if the legation, were safe on June 19 there is no guarantee that they are safe now. The situation, in fact, grows more and more gloomy. The entire absence of reliable news from the capital seems to justify the worse construction which can be put upon it."

"Bad news comes from Nanking, where the unrest is said to be growing hourly. Viceroy Liu Kin Yih has telegraphed the British authorities that he has ordered the five Chinese cruisers which have been lying off the harbor here to proceed to Nanking."

"General Ma's army," says a correspondent at Shanghai-kwan, "consisting of 4,000 men, left a week ago for Peking, and General Sung Ching's force numbering 2,500 men, left for the same place on June 15."

"A careful estimate of the number and armament of the Chinese troops around Peking puts the total at 300,000, and it is calculated that these troops possess

220 7 centimeter Creusot guns, 18 Krupp and 150 Maxim.

"Their supply of ammunition is practically inexhaustible. It has been mainly supplied by a German firm at Carlowitz. Fully three-fourths of the Chinese forces are badly drilled, wholly undisciplined and quite unfamiliar with modern weapons."

Another Shanghai dispatch says: "Li Ping Heng, former governor of Shanghai, who is intensely anti-foreign, has gone to the Kiangyin forts, on the Yangtze. He has declared his intention of resisting the landing of British forces in that region."

MINISTER WU'S MOVE.

China's Representative at Washington Seeks an Armistice.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—The chief development yesterday in the Chinese situation was the effort of the Chinese minister, Wu Ting Fang, to secure an armistice in the operation of American troops until Li Hung Chang could reach Peking and bring about a cessation of the disorder. The proposition is rather a novel one and is based upon the representations of the viceroys of the important provinces of the Yangtze-kiang valley that they can maintain order without the aid of foreign troops and that the presence of the foreigners would act merely as an incentive to disorder.

Minister Wu brought these representations to the attention of Secretary Hay, who consulted the president. The latter's decision, as subsequently conveyed to the minister, was that, while the assurances of the viceroys for continued quiet were fully appreciated, the United States could not bind itself not to send its forces to points where disorder actually existed and where the safety of our officials and citizens was endangered.

Technically speaking, in the absence of a state of war, this was not a proposition of armistice, but high government officials said it amounted practically to an offer of armistice and a refusal on the part of the United States to make the arrangement.

The state department remains without information from Minister Conger and any other source, the only dispatch received being from Consul John Goodnow, at Shanghai, saying he had heard nothing from Peking since the 14th inst. On the whole, the day was one of anxiety and a lack of definite information on the main points.

General Hall will command the American land forces in China.

Troops Land at Taku. TSING-TAU, June 26.—Eight thousand allied troops have landed at Taku, including 1,200 Germans. A French officer who has succeeded in getting through from Tien-tsin to Taku says that the Russians alone have lost 150 killed and 300 wounded. The German gunboat Hita, up the Tien-tsin river, reports that masses of Chinese are nearing Tongku and that an immediate attack is expected.

Sandford and His Salts Arrive. BRUNSWICK, Me., June 23.—Evangelist Sandford of the "Holy Ghost and Us" society arrived at Shiloh, in Durham, yesterday, with 50 saints, converts to the faith, made by Mr. Sandford in his trip through the far west. Among those baptized at Shiloh this week were ex-Mayor Ryan of Wainwright and Sanders Spaulding of Fitchburg, Mass.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Notable Events of the Week Briefly and tersely told.

The north Atlantic squadron sailed from Boston for Newport.

The Australian commonwealth bill passed its third reading in the house of commons.

The war department has arranged for an early withdrawal of several regiments from Cuba.

The president was invited to visit Atlanta on July 20, the anniversary of the battle of Peach Tree Creek.

Sir William Conway will sail from Liverpool June 27 en route to the Bolivian Andes for an exploring expedition.

Monday, June 25. A tornado did great damage in Beaver county, O. T.

Grasshoppers are destroying the crops in northwestern Iowa.

Heavy and continued rains have caused great damage to crops in Georgia.

George Lakin, 19 years old, died in Baltimore from the effects of a blow from a baseball.

Stroke Higginson of the Harvard varsity eight broke his leg while playing ball at New London, Conn.

The naval board of construction has decided in favor of superimposed turrets for three new battleships.

Saturday, June 23. General Wood has removed a number of high salaried professors in the University of Havana.

Governor Rollins of New Hampshire has issued a proclamation fixing "Old Home Week" in August.

Admiral Dewey's wife has bought Big Fish island, not far from Halifax, and will build a summer residence there.

Logan & Coates, the Peckskill (N. Y.) storekeepers, were held in \$6,000 bail each on charges of swindling 77 firms.

B. H. Roberts, who was elected to congress by Utah Democrats and refused admission to that body, has been convicted of bigamy by a jury at Salt Lake City.

Friday, June 22. Count Muraviev, the Russian minister of foreign affairs, died suddenly.

The funeral of Mr. H. Walter Webb was held at Scarborough-on-the-Hudson and was a grand affair.

Another woman was brutally beaten in St. Louis for riding on the transit company's cars.

A Brooklyn jury awarded \$20,000 to Jacob M. Sacs, who was run down by a brewer's wagon.

The khedive of Egypt arrived in English waters, but was too much overcome with seasickness to proceed to London.

Lady Randolph Churchill has announced that she will marry Lieutenant George Cornwallis West of the Scots guards in July.

Clarence Mayer, extradited from New York to Cuba on a charge of raising checks, was sentenced to eight years' imprisonment in Havana.

Edward H. Denniston, index clerk of the assembly, has been indicted by the Albany county grand jury for altering the Rochester school bill.

Thursday, June 21. The University of Pennsylvania athletic team sailed for Europe.

Fire did \$35,000 damage in the livery stable of M. M. Mullin at Newark, N. J.

One life was lost and six persons were badly burned in a hotel fire at South Bend, Ind.

One million one hundred thousand dollars in gold bars was removed from the treasury for shipment to Europe.

The south polar expedition promoted by Captain Oscar von Bismarck of Berlin will start at an early date from Hamburg.

At the request of the four national banks of Los Angeles the comptroller of the currency has designated Los Angeles a reserve city.

Wednesday, June 20. The wife of Senator Beveridge of Indiana died in a sanitarium at Danville, N. Y.

The business portion of Bloomington, Ill., was swept by fire, with a loss estimated at nearly \$2,000,000.

Fire destroyed the plant of the Commonwealth Mining company at Pierce, A. T., causing a loss of \$500,000.

Two Americans, escaped from Tagal prisons, reached New York and told of tortures endured and witnessed in the Philippines.

The National Building Trades council, has issued an edict forbidding union workmen from seeking employment in several large cities where there are strikes.

BASEBALL SCORES.

Results of Yesterday's Games in the National League.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 0 5 1 3 2 1 0 3 —35 New York, 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 —2 Hits—Brooklyn, 23; New York, 9. Errors—Brooklyn, 1; New York, 2. Batteries—Kennedy and Farrell; Carrick, Hawley and Bowerman.

At Boston—Boston, 0 7 1 0 6 2 4 0 —20 Philadelphia, 1 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0 —4 Hits—Boston, 19; Philadelphia, 8. Errors—Boston, 9; Philadelphia, 4. Batteries—Dineen and Clements; Bernhard, Conn and McFarland.

At St. Louis—St. Louis, 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 —2 Cincinnati, 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 —0 Hits—St. Louis, 7; Cincinnati, 1. Errors—St. Louis, 2; Cincinnati, 2. Batteries—Powell and Criger; Breitenstein and Peitz.

Table of Percentages.

Table with columns for City, W., L., P.C. Brooklyn, 24 17 .586 Philadelphia, 22 20 .520 Boston, 25 25 .500 Pittsburgh, 25 27 .481 Chicago, 24 28 .462 Cincinnati, 22 28 .444 St. Louis, 21 27 .438 New York, 19 29 .398

Ice Trust Not Indicted.

NEW YORK, June 26.—The grand jury has dismissed the complaint which had been brought against the officers and directors of the American Ice company, better known as the Ice trust. The complaint, charging them with conspiracy, was presented to the grand jury by Assistant District Attorney Unger, representing Colonel Gardner. The jury heard but three witnesses and after a brief deliberation reported to Judge McMahon in the court of general sessions that the evidence was insufficient to warrant the finding of an indictment.

Showers in India.

LONDON, June 26.—The viceroys of India, Lord Curzon of Kedleston, cables that frequent showers have fallen in the Deccan and elsewhere, but that copious rains are wanted in order to enable the natives to engage in plowing and sowing the autumn crops. The famine situation is unaltered. The governor of Bombay cables that there were 10,277 deaths from cholera out of 15,479 cases during the week ending June 16.

Sandford and His Salts Arrive.

BRUNSWICK, Me., June 23.—Evangelist Sandford of the "Holy Ghost and Us" society arrived at Shiloh, in Durham, yesterday, with 50 saints, converts to the faith, made by Mr. Sandford in his trip through the far west. Among those baptized at Shiloh this week were ex-Mayor Ryan of Wainwright and Sanders Spaulding of Fitchburg, Mass.

DEATH IN A WASHOUT

Thirty-seven Lives Lost in a Railway Disaster.

PASSENGERS BURNED IN CARS.

Wreck Near McDonough, Ga., Caused by a Cloudburst Which Carried Away the Roadbed—Only One Car Saved.

ATLANTA, June 25.—A passenger train on the Macon branch of the Southern railway ran into a washout and a half north of McDonough, Ga., and was completely wrecked. The wreck caught fire, and the entire train with the exception of the sleeper was destroyed. Every person on the train except the occupants of the Pullman car perished. Not a member of the train crew escaped. Thirty-seven people in all were killed.

The train left Macon at 7:10 p. m. and was due in Atlanta at 9:45. McDonough was reached on time. At this point connection is made for Columbus, Ga., and here every night the Columbus train is coupled and hauled through to Atlanta. This time, however, for the first time in many months, the Columbus train was reported two hours late on account of a washout on that branch, and the Macon train started on to Atlanta without its Columbus connection.

Tremendous rains of daily occurrence for the past two weeks have swollen all streams in this part of the south, and several washouts have been reported on the different roads.

Camps creek, which runs into the Ocmulgee, was over its banks, and its waters had spread to all the lowlands through which it runs. About a mile and a half north of McDonough the creek comes somewhat near the Southern's tracks and, running alongside it for some distance, finally passes away under the road by a heavy stone culvert. A cloudburst broke over that section of the country about 6 o'clock in the evening and presumably shortly after dark washed out a section of track nearly 100 feet in length. Into this the swiftly moving train plunged. The storm was still raging, and all the car windows were closed.

The passengers, secure as they thought and sheltered comfortably from the inclement weather, went to death without an instant's warning. The train, consisting of a baggage car, second class coach, first class coach and a Pullman sleeper, was knocked into kindling wood by the fall. The wreck caught fire a few minutes after the fall, and all the coaches were burned except the Pullman car.

Every person on the train except the occupants of the Pullman car perished in the disaster.

Six Killed in Railway Collision.

GREEN BAY, Wis., June 25.—A north bound passenger train on the Chicago and Northwestern road loaded with excursionists bound for the saengerfest in this city collided at 10:15 o'clock yesterday morning with a freight train at Depot, five miles south of here. Six persons were killed, one is missing, and 32 were injured. The accident happened just as the passenger train was pulling into the station. A double header freight was backing into a side track to let the passenger by, but had not cleared the main track. Those injured were nearly all in the second coach.

PLANS FOR PEACE.

General MacArthur Gives Large Assurances to Filipinos.

MANILA, June 25.—General MacArthur has given a formal answer to the Filipino leaders who last Thursday submitted to him peace proposals that had been approved earlier in the day by a meeting of representative insurgents. In his reply he assured them that all personal rights under the United States constitution excepting trial by jury and the right to bear arms would be guaranteed them.

The promoters of the peace movement are now engaged in reconstructing the draft of seven clauses submitted to General MacArthur in such a way as to render it acceptable to both sides.

The seventh clause, providing for the expulsion of the friars, General MacArthur rejected on the ground that the settlement of this question rests with the commission headed by Judge Taft.

A detachment of the Fortieth regiment, under Captain Thomas Miller, left Cagayan de Misamis, island of Mindanao, scouting, June 13. During the morning of June 14 they encountered a strongly ambushed and entrenched force of the enemy. The Americans' attempts to charge were frustrated by the Filipinos' pitfalls and traps. The advance line consequently ran under a heavy fire in front and on its flanks and fell back on Cagayan. The American loss was nine men killed and two officers and ten men wounded.

Bryan's Cousin For Governor.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., June 23.—The Democratic convention after a day's balloting met again at 8 p. m. yesterday. On the forty-first ballot Mays withdrew in favor of Milton, on the forty-third ballot Beggs withdrew, and on the forty-fourth ballot William S. Jennings received the requisite two-thirds vote, and his nomination was made unanimous amid a scene of wild excitement. The nominee is a first cousin of William Jennings Bryan of Nebraska. He is a native of Illinois, but removed to Florida in 1886. He is 37 years of age.

Wheat Crop a Failure.

CHICAGO, June 23.—The Times-Herald today publishes a crop report prepared by Snow, the crop expert, who has just completed a two weeks' trip through the states of Minnesota and North and South Dakota. He declares the situation a national calamity and claims the wheat failed the worst ever known. He estimates the Dakotas as promising only 20,000,000 bushels each and Minnesota 35,000,000 bushels, a total of 75,000,000 bushels, against 200,000,000 bushels last year and 225,000,000 bushels in 1898.

Turret Question Settled.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—Secretary Long has approved the findings of the naval board recommending that three of the five new battleships shall be built with superposed and waist eight inch turrets and that the remaining two of the new battleships shall have quadrilaterally arranged eight inch turrets.

Harvard Defeated by Yale.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., June 22.—Ten thousand people saw Harvard defeated by Yale on Soldiers' field yesterday afternoon by a score of 15 to 5 in a ball game which was never in doubt after the fifth inning.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Notes Political and Otherwise on Matters of Public Interest.

By Andrew J. Palm.

We are holding Cuba merely long enough to teach her how to do the government itself. The enormous steels that have already occurred in the postoffice department will be a fine object lesson for the Cubans, but it will take them a long time to put up as big a steal as was done by their American teachers. The most essential things necessary to good government, honesty to prompt right doing and the courage to perform "plain duty," are so sadly lacking in the McKinley administration that the president is regarded as a Pharisee when he sets up as an example for others to follow.

The directors of the Commercial Travelers and Hotel Men's Anti-Trust League held a meeting recently in New York and adopted a resolution pledging the League to support the nominees of the Kansas City convention. A committee was appointed to arrange for a meeting of several thousand drummers at Kansas City on the Fourth of July. In '96 a great majority of the commercial travelers supported McKinley, but McKinley prosperity has driven thousands of them out of business, and this year they will do their full share toward driving McKinley out of the presidential chair that he has disgraced.

The armor plate contractors will put up handsomely for the Republican campaign fund as a reward to the party for killing the proposition to establish a government plant. The armor plate manufacturers, like many others, sell their goods cheaper abroad than at home, and the men who uphold such business transactions must be receiving a reward for their perfidy to home interests.

When Senator Pettigrew declared in the senate that the ship building firm of Cramp & Co. had been compelled to put up \$400,000 to the Republican campaign fund in '96 the pure and undefiled Mark Hanna became white with rage, and denounced Pettigrew as insane. Mr. Pettigrew however, didn't seem disturbed by Mr. Hanna's charge, but kept right on prodding him with unpalatable truths. Senator Pettigrew says that he received his information from the senior member of the firm of Cramp & Co., and as that member has not denied it, Mr. Hanna's rage was evidently the more sincere because of the truth of the charge.

Gen. Fred Funston, who thinks he is a greater man than Washington, put two Filipino prisoners to death "to make an example of them." This and many other similar transactions will set us before the world as an example to be shunned, not imitated. We call ourselves a Christian nation, yet do things that would shame an ordinary devil.

Congress adjourned after one of the shortest regular sessions on record. It failed to do its "plain duty" as laid down by McKinley in regard to Porto Rico, and passed a financial measure that no other congress has dared to do, showing that the money power is constantly growing more brazen in its demands and all the time getting congress more completely under its control. The anti-trust bill passed the house with a burrah, just for effect, because it was well understood that the senate would quietly put it to sleep. The ship subsidy steal and the Nicaragua canal steal were not passed, owing to the effect they might have on the coming election; but they are not dead, merely postponed, and if McKinley should again be elected and congress be Republican they will pass. Under Bryan, however, they will have no show, and as he is certain to be our next president these steals will not receive governmental sanction.

The attempt of Mayor Ashbridge and Director English, of Philadelphia, to bulldoze Hon. John Wanamaker proved a sad failure. Like the man who played with the hind feet of a mule, these two gentlemen are not nearly so happy looking as they were before, but they know more, having learned something new in the fool's school of experience. They know now to a certainty that the better people of Philadelphia will not tolerate an unwarranted attack on a respected citizen. The impudence of these men is equaled only by their stupidity. They thought to blackmail Mr. Wanamaker, a gentleman who has never shown any lack of courage, by telling him that spies had been on his track when in Europe, and that something would be exposed unless he would cause The North American to stop its attacks on Ashbridge and English for their questionable acts as city officials. Mr. Wanamaker promptly exposed the scheme, and public feeling rose to such a pitch in the Quaker City that a mass meeting was held and the indignation against Ashbridge and his tool, English, was expressed in strong terms. If they do not resign and give up the positions they have disgraced it will not be because the best people of Philadelphia do not desire it. Mr. Wanamaker's public life is an open book containing no record of wrong doing, while his private life has been one worthy of imitation at which no character traitor has dared to point the finger of suspicion. He has a strong hold on the people of the state for what he has done and is doing for better government. When postmaster general he advocated the government ownership of the telegraph and a wider use of the mails in the interest of the common people. To him belongs the credit of first recommending rural mail delivery. He has done more to overthrow Quakerism in this state than any other man, and is to be admired for the enemies he has made.

A big standing army is a confessed menace to a republic. Its cost is a tremendous tax upon the people. American voters are not so helpless as the people of Europe, crushed almost to earth by the burden of militarism. It will be the fault of these voters if they consent to assume such a burden. The European policy of militarism and taxation for militarism has no excuse for existence in this country.—St. Louis Republic.

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In effect on and after May 28, 1900.

Table with columns for Stations, Time, and Direction. Includes routes like Tyone-Westward, Tyone-Eastward, and Harrisburg-Northward.

LEWISBURG & TYONE RAILROAD.

In effect May 27, 1900.

Table with columns for Stations, Time, and Direction. Includes stations like Montandon, Lewisburg, and Fair Ground.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY

Table with columns for Stations, Time, and Direction. Includes stations like Tyone, Erie, and Harrisburg.

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOES BRANCH.

Time Table in effect on and after Nov. 20, 1899.

Table with columns for Stations, Time, and Direction. Includes stations like Bellefonte, Snow Shoe, and Harrisburg.

THE CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNA.

Time Table effective Jan. 21, 1900.

Table with columns for Stations, Time, and Direction. Includes stations like Harrisburg, Philadelphia, and New York.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.

To take effect Apr. 3, 1900.

Table with columns for Stations, Time, and Direction. Includes stations like Harrisburg, Philadelphia, and New York.

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