

## The Centre Democrat.

CHAS. R. KURTZ, - - EDITOR & PROP

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:  
Regular Price . . . . . \$1.50 per year.  
It paid in ADVANCE . . . . . \$1.00  
CIRCULATION OVER 2600.

### DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKETS

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL.  
HON. P. GRAY MEEK,  
Bellefonte.  
FOR CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE.  
N. M. EDWARDS,  
Williamsport.  
HENRY E. GRIMM,  
Doylstown.  
County Ticket.  
FOR ASSEMBLY.  
J. H. WETZEL,  
Bellefonte, Pa.  
J. W. KEPLER,  
Ferguson township.  
FOR JURY COMMISSIONER:  
FREDERICK ROBB,  
Liberty township.

### EDITORIAL.

JUST now Bryan is fishing; taking a rest for the fall campaign.

It is whispered that Al Dale is again being groomed for a legislative turn. Go in Bro. Dale.

A CAREFUL survey of the election returns of Oregon show a decided victory for the Democrats. The Republicans lost ground out there and they know it might well.

DEWEY says he will not be candidate for the vice Presidency on the democratic ticket this trip. Since he can't get the nomination for the first place he is satisfied better with what he has got. He is sensible.

THE Republican National Convention at Philadelphia, from the accounts in the papers, seems to be strictly a one-man affair and Hanna is the chap who is the hero of the gathering. What he says goes. Quay and Platt can't even grapple with him.

THE situation in China has grown decidedly alarming in the past week. The assembling of the foreign fleets seems to have aroused the ire of the empress and she ordered her forts to open fire. The result was that in a short time the fort was knocked to pieces and many were killed. Rioting and anarchy continues to prevail throughout the kingdom. Many towns have been burned by the "Boxers" and many foreigners have been killed, among whom are representatives of various European countries. It is China defying the world. The result is that all the powers are sending reinforcements there and China will be given a severe lambasting and the present ruling empress deposed. What the future of China will be is uncertain. She may be cut up in strips, dismembered, or a neutral government established. That paves the way for more contentions and international strifes.

### CLEARFIELD TICKET.

The Democratic County Convention was held at Clearfield on Tuesday. The following ticket was nominated:

Congress, J. K. P. Hall, Elk county; Assembly, Cyrus A. Woods, Bloom township, and C. C. Howe, Cooper; Sheriff Henry S. Knarr, Dubois; District Attorney, James A. Gleason, Houtdale; Jury Commissioner, E. K. Shirey, Clearfield; Coroner, W. B. Beamer, Decatur.

The contest for chairman resulted in the election of the present secretary of the county committee, John C. Barclay, over E. C. Shields, of DuBois. Barclay was also elected unanimously to fill out the unexpired term of the present chairman, George M. Dimeling, who resigned. John A. Stock, Clearfield; Dennis Dempsey, DuBois, and George E. Merritt, Cooper, were chosen Congressional conferees.

The convention was harmonious.

### LATE CONVENTION NOTES.

McKinley and Roosevelt will likely be named to-day, by acclamation. All candidates have practically withdrawn for harmony. Roosevelt will not refuse.

McKinley's platform has been unveiled and means:—expansion, protection, gentle treatment of trusts, gold standard, Isthmus canal to be built, etc.

Quay and Hanna have become reconciled—hatchet is buried. Nominations will be made to-day, Thursday.

### A Kingdom Built on Love.

Napoleon I, in his famous "Memoirs," writes: "Alexander, Cesar, Charlemagne, and myself founded empires. Christ also established a kingdom. While the former are to-day destroyed, the latter is more powerful now than it was at the beginning. The reason is, that our empires were founded on brute force, while Christ's is built on love. In consequence of this difference there are to-day millions ready to die for Jesus, while I am almost without one sincere friend."

### Karthaus Mining Company.

A charter was granted Monday at Harrisburg to the Karthaus Coal Mining company. The capital stock is \$3,000.

### AN INDEPENDENT VIEW.

Sometimes it is well to study political questions from an independent point of view. The Williamsport *Grid*, a non-political paper of prominence, makes the following editorial comment on the position of the two parties on the great issues:

#### REPUBLICAN PROMISES.

The Republican party enters this presidential campaign on its record. The party's record consists in the fulfillment, complete or attempted, of its promises made in 1896. The first and foremost promise related to the re-establishment of a protective tariff which was promptly fulfilled by the Dingley law. Reciprocity came next and several treaties were negotiated with European and West Indian countries only to be denied ratification by the Senate, there being several Republican members not in harmony with the party on this policy. The merchant marine followed and a bill to foster and encourage the same met with almost solid Democratic opposition to which was added a considerable number of republican votes from the interior. The important question of sound money was answered by the gold standard law; and the suppression of Trusts was attempted by the Littlefield bill. The navy received a substantial enlargement and the army was increased to meet extraordinary conditions arising from the Spanish war. Cuba was freed from Spanish oppression and is being advanced in self-government. The Hawaiian and Alaskan civil government bills were promoted. Porto Rico was given a temporary government. Free homesteads were secured by new laws, and all the expenses of the Government were liberally provided for. The Treasury will close the fiscal year with a big surplus.

On the other hand, domestic sugar production failed to get the protection promised, although competition with the new colonies was prevented. While pension appropriations were most generous, the administration of the Pension bureau did not receive attention. The projected Nicaragua canal ran up against the Hay-Pauncefote treaty which the Senate declined to ratify in response to the general protest of the people. Although present immigration laws were well enforced no legislation was enacted shutting out persons who can neither read nor write. A free ballot still exists only in name in some States, and lynchings have not been stopped, some of the most brutal occurring during the past two weeks. A National Board of Labor Arbitration is yet to be established. Woman's rights remain the same. No Territory has been given statehood. The Civil service instead of being extended has been abrogated in certain cases. Temperance has secured only individual attention. And this makes up the negative side of the Republican record, based upon the party's promises made in 1896. Whether it is such as to warrant the charge that Republicans have failed to justify their retention of power, remains for the people to say at the polls next November.

#### WASHINGTON COMMENT.

A peculiarly outrageous attempt to assess Government clerks for the benefit of the Republican campaign fund has just come to light in this city. It was designed to compel the clerks and other employees of Congress to pay over to the fund one-half of the extra month's salaries voted to them just before adjournment. The voting of this money, which this year amounted to some \$80,000, is a national scandal at the best. It is a gift pure and simple without any excuse and is always fought by the more conscientious members, but is always carried over their heads. Never before, however, has the party which voted it, turned around and demanded that half of it should be turned over for political uses. A few days ago the Republican employees of Congress received letters inviting them to call on Mr. Schrader, who was assistant secretary of the Congressional Committee in the last campaign. When the employees called they were asked for campaign contributions and any inquiries as to amounts, were answered with the suggestion that half of their extra month's pay would be acceptable, but that contributions would be voluntary and the giver could fix any other amount. The amounts given ran all the way from \$5 to \$10 up—in one instance, to a whole month's salary.

Washington is laughing over a statement given out by the Treasury Bureau of Statistics which innocently but flatly gives the lie to a recent statement of the War Department. Sometime ago R. P. Porter was employed to revise the Cuban tariff and among other changes reduced the duty on railway materials, 75 per cent. At the moment when he was preparing this reduction, Mr. Porter was making arrangements to resign from the Government service and enter the employ of the Van Horn syndicate, which had obtained control of all the railways in Cuba. Soon after, he did so. At the same time, the War Department made a statement excusing the reduction for the following reasons: "It has been apparent to all acquainted with the working of the Cuban tariff that the rate of duty upon the schedule for machinery and railway materials and supplies, namely, 40 per cent ad valorem, is too high. The effect of this has been to stop all importation of such articles, and the revenue from these schedules has been extremely small." Now the Bureau of Statistics issues a statement of Cuban imports for the past ten months, which shows that in that time there were imported into Cuba \$727,052 worth of specified railway articles and \$4,168,000 of machinery, about one fourth of which was for use on the railways. The duty on the total railway supplies was about \$500,000. Next year, it will be only \$200,000 on the same quantity. Meanwhile Mr. Porter is receiving a fancy salary from the syndicate which he served so well.

He is a very gullible chap indeed who will be convinced by the number of national banks organized under the

#### THE DEMOCRATIC RECORD.

The minority party must be the opposition party. Being in opposition, however, a party must not be without policy if it would have influence with the people. During this Republican administration the democratic party has been divided, yet has consistently treated questions likely to become political issues. As much responsible for the war with Spain as were the Republicans, the Democrats have insisted on an enlarged navy, better fortifications and the Nicaragua canal. On these lines the Democrats have essayed to become the American party, and, in pursuing their policy, consistently opposed the Hay-Pauncefote treaty which would have deprived the United States of the real benefits to accrue from the construction of that canal. Undoubtedly, the Democrats would have succeeded in tempering Republican expansion, had they presented a solid front, but while some accepted expansion and all it really involved, others took the more radical stand sounded alarmist views and invented anti-imperialism, with the result that the influence of the party was impaired. Still, it is not possible to estimate the benefit of this radical opposition until the future shall present something more tangible.

As to questions of internal policy the Democrats must be given credit first for modifying some provisions of the gold standard law; and second, for giving evidence of their opposition to Trusts, by voting for the Littlefield bill, a Republican measure. One must scan the records of Congress a long time to find another instance of opposition support to a measure of the dominant party; and though party politics were involved in the endorsement, a movement so consistent with professions. In this instance the Democratic members of Congress stood by their party platform to the "very letter and spirit of the law," as well as on several occasions where they have participated in investigations of industrial matters. To be sure, what the opposition party accomplishes is not disclosed by results so much as by the records of results, and it is upon these records that the Democrats must rely. Fortunate it is, that these records are complete and conclusive, that credit may be given where credit is due the results themselves notwithstanding. Consistent opposition would otherwise prove a more uncertain factor.

single gold standard law enacted by the republican Congress, that the new law is a good thing. But that seems to be the republican idea. Periodically since the law went into effect, Comptroller Dawes has given the press a statement showing the number of banks, etc. The last says that 362 applications have been made and 159 authorized to organize, with a total capital of \$8,645,000, and that the increase in National Bank Note circulation has been \$51,997,910. A careful and correct statement of the condition of these new banks a year or two from now will be much more important than the figures now given out.

The administration was greatly chagrined by the indifference of the people of Washington towards Gen. E. S. Otis, and took especial pains to add attractions to the reception given him by the people of Rochester, N. Y., his home city. Secretary Long sent the full Marine Band, at public expense, and Secretary Root, virtually ordered Gen. Joe Wheeler, now an unassigned Brigadier General in the regular army, to go to Rochester to help add enthusiasm to the occasion. Mr. McKinley has been made to realize, by the indifference of the public toward Gen. Otis, how unpopular his Philippine policy is with the people, and with the realization has come alarm. He knows that the responsibility for putting Otis in command in the Philippines, and keeping him in command after his unfitness for the position had been shown up, belongs to Wm. McKinley, and he fears that the people will be as indifferent towards Otis now. The spectre of doubt has become Mr. McKinley's constant companion.

The Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee is sending out a list of trusts-controlled goods, which have been, as a result raised in price; also a table showing that the farmers of the country are paying one-third more for everything they consume, than they were paying when the republican administration assumed power, while they have lost since March 4, 1897, by the decline of prices in farm products, the enormous sum of \$2,000,000,000.

#### LOW EXCURSION RATES.

##### TO CHICAGO.

For the benefit of all persons wishing to be in Chicago during the National Prohibition Convention, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell round-trip tickets to Chicago at rate of one fare for the round trip.

##### TO KANSAS CITY.

For the National Democratic Convention, to be held at Kansas City, July 4, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Kansas City from all stations on its line at rate of one first-class fare for the round trip. Tickets to be sold and good going July 1, 2, and 3, and to return until July 9, inclusive. These tickets will be good on all trains except the Pennsylvania Limited, and must be used for continuous passage.

##### EXCURSIONS TO ATLANTIC CITY.

Thursdays, July 5 and 19, and August 2 and 16, are the dates of the Pennsylvania Railroad annual low-rate excursions for 1900 to Atlantic City, Cape May, Ocean City, Sea Isle City, Avalon, Anglesea, Wildwood, Holly Beach, N. J., Rehoboth, Del., or Ocean City, Md. Tickets good to return within sixteen days, including date of excursion.

A stop-over of ten days will also be allowed at Philadelphia on the going trip, if passengers will deposit their tickets with the Ticket Agent at Broad

Street Station, Philadelphia, immediately on arrival.

Tickets will be sold from the stations at the rate named below:—

Clearfield	Train leaves	Rate
Philadelphia	9:25 A. M.	8.00
Williamsport	10:12	8.00
Tyone	12:50 P. M.	7.00
Atlantic City	Arrive 8:40	

For detailed information in regard to rates and time of trains apply to ticket agents or Mr. Thomas E. Watt, District Passenger Agent, Pittsburg.

#### SUMMER OUTINGS.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company announces the following Personally-Conducted Tours for the Summer and early Autumn of 1900:—

To the North including Niagara Falls, Thousand Islands, the St. Lawrence, Montreal, Quebec, trip up the Saguenay to Chicoutimi and return, Au Sable Chasim, Lakes Champlain and George, and Saratoga, July 21 to August 4, and August 11 to 25. Rate, \$125 from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, including all necessary expenses during the entire time absent. Proportionate rates from other points.

To Niagara Falls, excursion tickets good to return within ten days will be sold on July 26, August 9 and 23, September 6 and 20, October 4 and 18, at rate of \$10 from Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington. These tickets include transportation only, and will permit of stop over within limit at Buffalo, Rochester, Canandaigua, and Watkins on the return trip, except on the excursions of August 23 and September 20 from Philadelphia and tributary points, which will be run via Manunka Chunk and Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad. On these two excursions stop over will be permitted at Buffalo on return trip.

Five-day tour to Gettysburg, Luray and Washington September 15. Rate, \$25 from New York, \$22 from Philadelphia. Proportionate rates from other points.

A nine-day tour to Gettysburg, Luray Caverns, Fataul Bridge, Richmond, Old Point Comfort, and Washington, October 9. Rate, \$65 from New York, \$63 from Philadelphia, including all necessary expenses. Proportionate rates from other points.

For itineraries and further information apply to ticket agents, or address Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Philadelphia.



Some grocers are so short sighted as to decline to keep the Ivory Soap, claiming it does not pay as much profit as inferior qualities do, so if your regular grocer refuses to get it for you, there are undoubtedly others who recognize the fact that the increased volume of business done by reason of keeping the best articles more than compensates for the smaller profit, and will take pleasure in getting it for you.

COPYRIGHT 1898 BY THE PROCTER & GAMBLE CO. CINCINNATI

To err is human—and to stick to it is still more so.  
It is a waste of time and money to advertise for lost friendship.  
The root of evil is that of a neighbor's bog in your flower garden.  
Whisky makes a man noisy, but his love for it is a "still" affection.

**HOT** { POLITICS  
WEATHER.

**COOL** { Men's, Youths' & Boys'  
Spring & Summer Clothing.

**Prices at a Reduction of 40 Per Cent.**

They can be sold at a Reduction of 40 Per Cent. because they were recently bought from a manufacturer at a Reduction of 40 Per Cent.

**The Greatest Sale Ever Held in Centre County** has been in progress for several weeks. But, this Large Reduction Sale will end this week. It could not last longer for when intelligent people see such prices they immediately take advantage of them, so they are going too rapidly to last longer than this week.

If in need of a Spring or Summer Suit call and the prices will astonish you. Examine our line, compare our prices with others and then you will realize that here is the place to buy.

**GIVE US A CALL** and Color, Designs and Prices "will do the rest."

YOURS FOR BUSINESS,

**SIM, THE CLOTHIER,**

Reynolds Bank Building, Allegheny St.

BELLEFONTE, PENNA.