

The Racket.

7, 9 and 11 Crider's Exchange, Bellefonte.

THE NEW CORSET



THE CRESCO

Cannot break at the sides or waist. If U have trouble in this way, may be U had better look at them. They find them no where else in Bellefonte. Price \$1.00.

Do you know that The Racket Notion Department is a complete Notion Store, sales are increasing very fast, and I guess the reason is, the people are finding out that it's the best place to buy notions in this city.

Do U need a Step Ladder? We have a good one, with bucket support, that U can buy at 12 cents per foot, we have 'em in 4, 5, 6 and 7 feet. Figger out the price Uself and U will say, "What's the use to do without a Step Ladder."

G. R. SPIGELMYER.

Be Prepared...

FOR

Memorial Day,
Fourth of July
AND THE
County Centennial

BY PURCHASING

Hats,
Clothing, Etc.,

FROM US.

A Big Reduction Sale.

MONTGOMERY & CO.

TRUSSES



to fit. From \$1.00 up, at
KRUMRINE BROS., Druggists,
233 Bellefonte, Pa.

CORRESPONDENTS DEPARTMENTS

CONTINUED FROM 7TH PAGE

Millheim.

Mr. and Mrs. George Armbruster, of Farmers Mills, had business in town last week.

Rev. Benj. Hengst, a retired minister of Lewisburg, has been visiting friends here during the week. His first appointment was here in 1847; he preached an able sermon and delivered an eulogy on the death of Mrs. Rev. Buck, on Tuesday evening. He is a United Evangelical.

Chas Miller, son of Allison Miller, Jeanette, is visiting with his sister, Mrs. Royer; he is a painter by trade.

Mrs. F. P. Musser returned from State College where she visited her sister, Mrs. A. A. Miller.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Brungart, son and daughter Grace, from Brush Valley, spent Sunday with J. H. Reifsnider, Esq.

The rain on Monday night was refreshing to vegetation but was not sufficient on account of drought.

The sick during the week were Mrs. W. R. Reifsnider and James Wetzel, a son of F. F. Wetzel.

J. B. Hartman & Co. received their new engine and boiler on Tuesday for the purpose of running their foundry and machine shop. The old one gave out sometime ago.

P. H. Stover, from Coburn, lumber dealer, was sporting his new horse about town on Monday.

Mrs. W. S. Musser and daughters and Jimmie K. Reifsnider are now at Colchester, Ill., visiting Mrs. Harry Brown, sister of Mrs. Musser. They don't like the country on account of the rain and mud and the bad water.

Messrs Calvin Keen and Herbert Rishel returned home last week. They had been working at Altoona for some time.

Jasper Wolfe, of Bellwood, has bought and shipped another car load of baled hay.

W. C. Swanger, night operator from Nancy, and Mr. and Mrs. John McEnire from Athens, Pa., are visiting Mr. Swanger, on Water St.

S. D. Miller, printer from Lewisburg, spent Sunday with his parents.

Fairbrook.

Supervisors Hess and Sunday are running the stone crusher machines full time, in both precincts.

The wheat and grass crop in this locality will not be a heavy one; some wheat fields are entirely desolate.

Our ex County Treasurer, John Mitchell, is now confined to bed at his home, at Pine Grove Mills.

Isaac Campbell returned home from the Central State Normal School, at Lock Haven, last Saturday, looking quite well.

Rev. D. E. Hepler gave a fine discourse last Sunday afternoon to the G. A. R. boys and a full house in the Presbyterian church.

Geo. W. Keichline and wife spent a day last week with Mrs. Keichline's sister, Mrs. Starn, below Bellefonte, who is entirely helpless from a paralytic stroke.

Frank Bowersox, a student of Lock Haven Normal, is now in Philadelphia working in a drug store.

Some talk of Toe Hill ore mines to be put in operation. Men are now repairing the railroad track leading to the mines.

Gen. Taylor, of Big Valley, was on this side last week on business.

The refreshing rains are doing the crops good of all kinds.

Every family should take a paper through the coming great campaign, and you can satisfy yourselves by subscribing for the Centre Democrat, for it is the best paper for the least money in Center county. Think of it friends.

Walter Barr, an energetic school teacher, of McAlveys Fort, and Miss Mertyle Randolph, drove over Old Tussey last Friday to take in the sights of Center county and to call on their many friends; they returned home on Monday.

WEDDING.—Mr. Thomas Gates and Miss Mary Gardner, both of Rock Springs, will be married at the bride's home on next Wednesday, the 6th of June. Mr. Gates is a son of Wm. Gates, who has long been a citizen and a successful farmer, of this township and the bride is a daughter of Mrs. Sara Gardner, of Rock Springs. They will move on Mrs. Gardner's farm after the wedding tour.

Beech Creek.

Bert Smith and family last week moved their household effects to Flemington where they will in the future reside.

Charles Rothrock has sold his engine in his sorghum factory to W. I. Harvey, of Flemington, who shipped it to the saw mill he is placing at Hays Run.

Prof. Graffius Hubbard, principal of the schools of South Williamsport for the term just completed, is visiting at the home of his father, Joseph Hubbard, one of Beech Creek township's oldest residents.

The catches of trout made in the Scotac streams thus far this season have been unusually small.

Lloyd Kunes, of Berwick, Pa., came to the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dance Kunes, of Blanchard, to remain ten days, at the end of which time he will go to Ashland City, Mississippi, to remain some time.

Children's Day will be observed by the Sunday School of the Presbyterian church, by a special service Sabbath evening at 7 o'clock June 10th. Miss Murray and Miss Mame Quigley were appointed delegates to the Christian Endeavor convention at Lock Haven this week, to represent the Y.P.S.C.E. of the Presbyterian church.

George Harleman Post, 302 G. A. P. listened to a Memorial sermon at the Disciple church Sunday morning, delivered by Rev. M. E. Frick, pastor of the church. The post attended in a body and most of the old soldiers were in line. Rev. Frick's discourse was very eloquent and listened to very attentively.

Madisonburg.

A much needed rain came at last on Monday.

C. P. Long, of Spring Mills, proprietor of the large saw mill, north of town, was here on business, on Monday.

Miss Annie Miller is spending a week with friends at Spring Mills.

Mrs. U. S. Shaffer and Mrs. J. B. Hazel, were visiting at the home of the former's parents, at Jacksonville, over Sunday.

Frank Breon, of Spring Mills, was the guest of Miss Ida Vonada on Sunday.

David Shaffer, our bustling supervisor, has a large gang of men busy improving our roads.

By the present appearance of the fruit trees we have ample reason to believe that we will have an abundant crop of all kinds of fruit.

Jared and Adam Hazel, two leading carpenters of Bellefonte, are making some improvements on the former's home on Main St. this week.

Coming all the way from Penna Cave to court one's best girl, and then finding her entirely out of town, is enough to disappoint anybody. Isn't it Harry?

Geo. says he has rearranged his time table last week. Instead of going to Spring Mills on Saturday evening he will postpone it until Sunday and spend Saturday night with Agnes east of town. Of course, he says Annie don't know it and its not our intention to give him away, either.

"A Gorgeous Bound"

work of art has been issued in New York at an early outlay of over \$1,000,000 for which the publishers desire a Manager in this county, also a good solicitor; good pay to right party. Nearly 100 full-page engravings, sumptuous paper, illuminated covers and bindings; over 200 golden lilies in the morocco bindings; nearly 200 golden roses in the cloth bindings. Sells at sight; presses running day and night so great is the sale. Christian men and women making fortunes taking orders. Rapid promotions. One Christian woman made clear \$500, in four weeks taking orders among her church acquaintances and friends. Write us. It may lead to a permanent paying position to manage our business and look after our large correspondence, which you can attend to right at your home. Address S. C. Knowles, General Secretary, 12 East Fifteenth Street, bet Broadway and Fifth Ave., New York. C-14

A prize fight may be in rounds, but it is supposed to be also on the square.

FENCE LAW.

The people of the county are often interested in the fence laws of the state and frequently request the papers to furnish them with the same. Several such requests reached us the past month and we promised to comply. Last week the Keystone Gazette covered this ground very fully with an opinion furnished by Hon. A. O. Furst, which we give complete and it will be well for farmers and property owners to read same carefully and preserve it:

In pursuance of your request to furnish a statement of the laws of this Commonwealth regulating fencing, I will endeavor to do so briefly in a general way and upon a general review of the law. Of course, many questions may arise, and will arise in particular cases that will not be embraced in this view in this statement, simply for the reason that special facts are not treated of in this article.

The law regarding fences is entirely statutory with us. As early as 1700, an act entitled "An act for the regulating and maintaining of fences" was passed. The first section of this act provided as follows: "For preventing all disputes and differences which may arise through neglect or insufficiency of fences in this province, and counties annexed, be it enacted, that all corn-fields and grounds kept for inclosures, within the said province and counties annexed, shall be well fenced, with fence at least five feet high, of sufficient rail or logs, and close at the bottom; and whosoever not having their grounds inclosed with such sufficient fence as aforesaid, shall hurt, kill or do damage to any horse, kine, sheep, hogs or goats, of any other persons, by hunting or driving them out of or from the said grounds, shall be liable to make good all damages sustained thereby to the owner of the said cattle.

Provided, That all sort of swine going at large, contrary to the intent of an act made and passed this present session, entitled "An act for restraining of swine from running at large," shall not fall or be deemed within the construction of this act. But if any horse, kine, sheep, hogs or goats, or any kind of cattle, shall break into any man's inclosure, the fence being of the aforesaid height and sufficiency, and by the view of two persons, for that purpose appointed by the county court, found and approved to be such, then the owner of such cattle shall be liable to make good all damages to the owner of the inclosure, for the first offense single damage only, and ever after double the damages sustained. And all persons having any unruly horses, mares or cattle that are not to be kept off by such fences as aforesaid, are ordered and shall be obliged to take effectual care to restrain the same from trespassing on their neighbors' inclosures."

On the 4th day of April, A. D. 1888, this section of the act of 1700 was repealed. The result of this repeal was, to require every man owning stock to take care of the same himself. Prior to that time the law practically required the owner of land to fence the same with good and sufficient fence, for the purpose of preventing his neighbors' cattle from trespassing upon his lands. The reverse of the case now exists. The owner of cattle must protect them himself from trespassing. It does not matter whether a farmer has his lands fenced or not; his neighbor cannot permit his cattle to run at large, and thereby trespass upon another's lands. If he so permit his cattle to wander at large, and they commit a trespass upon land, whether the same be fenced or unfenced, the owner of the stock is liable to the party owning the land upon which the trespass was committed. Hence, the rights of the parties may be stated as follows: The owner of stock is responsible for any damage committed upon the lands of another, irrespective of the question of fences. This is the general law obtaining on this question.

There is, however, the question of partition fences, which, to some extent, does operate to change this principle. The third section of the act of 11th of March, 1842, provides: "When any two persons shall have lands adjacent to each other, or where any person shall inclose any land adjoining to another's land already fenced in, so that any part of the first person's fence becomes the partition fence between them, in both these cases the charge of such division fence, so far as is inclosed on both sides, shall be equally borne and maintained by both parties."

The fourth section of the same act provides how one adjoining owner may compel the other adjoining owner to contribute the one-half of the expenses of erecting the entire partition fence. The township auditors are constituted, by the act, fence viewers. Upon notice to the viewers, (and there should be notice to the owner, although not required by the act) the said viewers shall, within five days thereafter, view and examine any line fence, and shall make out a certificate in writing, setting forth whether, in their opinion, the fence of one has been already built, is sufficient, and if not, what proportion of the expense of building a new or repairing the old fence should be borne by each party, and in each case they shall set forth the sum which, in their judgment, each party ought to pay to the other, in case he shall repair or build his proportion of the fence, a copy of which certificate shall be delivered to each of the parties. If the party who shall be delinquent in making or repairing of any fence, shall not, within ten days after service of the certificate of the viewers, proceed to repair or build the said fence, and complete the same in a reasonable time, it shall be lawful for the parties aggrieved to repair or build the fence, and having done so, he may bring suit before any justice of the peace against the delinquent party and recover, as in other actions, for work, labor, service done and materials found.

Under this act it has been held by the Supreme Court that the owners of adjacent unimproved lands cannot call upon each other to contribute to the charge of a division fence between them.

Palmer vs. Silverthorn, 32 Pa. 65. An occupant is not bound to join in a division fence; he may set his fence, if it please him, not on the line of division, but within it; and if his neighbor extend his fence across the line to join it, it is a trespass.

Dysart vs. Leeds, 2 Pa. 488.

A party who, on the destruction of a partition fence, by accident, recedes from the former line, and erects a fence on his own land, is not bound to maintain the former fence.

In Dysart vs. Leeds it was held by the Supreme Court: "That an occupant is not bound to join in a division fence. He may set his fence if it please him, not on the line of division, but within it; and if his neighbor extend his fence across the line to join it, it is a trespass. But if the one party set his fence on the very line, the other may not only join a panel of his fence to it, but insert the rails into it

so as to extend a few inches beyond it; for when the charge assessed by the fence viewers is answered it becomes common property, and the use of it beyond the strict bounds of the license falls within the bounds of the maxim de minimis."

The principle of this case is that an occupant has a right to place his fence exactly on his boundary, in anticipation of its becoming a division fence; and consequently as much on his neighbor's land as on his own.

U. EVANGELICAL RESOLUTIONS.

The Ministerial S. S. and K. L. C. E. convention of Centre District, Central Pa. Conference of the United Evangelical church, was held at Lemont May 22-24. 19 ministers and 45 lay delegates were present. Earnestness characterized every member of the convention and therefore proved a feast of good things. The work done by each participant on the programme showed careful preparation. The following resolutions were adopted by the convention, setting forth their views and positions on the different topics, discussed:

WHEREAS, The shadow of death has fallen upon the home of our dear Brother Burt, pastor of Millheim circuit, in the departure from life's sojourn of his beloved wife, necessitating his absence from convention, whose presence we had fondly hoped to enjoy, and our hearts being touched with sorrow by the sad news; therefore,

Resolved, That we recognize in this hour the afflictive, but kind and all-wise Providence and bow in submission; that we sympathize deeply with our dear brother and family in their bereavement, and commend them to the God of all grace, who knows the sorrows of the heart and has a balm for the wounded, who said, "When thou passest through the waters, I will be with thee; and through the rivers, they shall not overflow thee."

Resolved, 1st, that we recognize the importance and responsibility of the primary department of the Sunday school, which should have the best possible qualified teacher, spiritual qualifications preferred to intellectual.

2d. That our Sunday school officers and teachers ought to recognize the responsibility of their work and manifest the same by regularity in attendance, visiting and gathering in scholars and aiming to secure their conversion.

3d. That we recognize a great hindrance in Sunday school work; the fact that many teachers do not realize their responsibility, hence, no preparation, irregularity of attendance, sometimes absent for no better reason than to visit friends, want of proper interest by parents, and lack in many schools of normal classes, or teachers' meetings.

4th. That we rejoice in the accomplishment of good by the K. L. C. E., but do not think it has as yet fulfilled its entire mission.

5th. That the aim of the League should be to attain to and lead a devoted life to his Master, manifested in faithfulness to the pledge.

6th. That in order to secure the greatest degree of efficiency in K. L. C. E. committee work we recommend that the committee be properly organized, hold at least two monthly meetings to plan and prepare written reports for the monthly business meetings and seek the guidance of the Holy Spirit in the performance of their work.

7th. That we recognize the spirit and genius of our United Evangelical church to consist in genuine conversion, knowledge of sin, genuine witness of the Spirit of adoption and holiness of heart and life under the abiding influence of the Holy Spirit.

8th. That in the sacraments of baptism and the Lord's Supper we recognize symbols of profession of our faith and sources of spiritual nourishment and hence urge our people to faithfulness in their observance.

9th. WHEREAS, We find no place in the New Testament Scriptures where the old tithegiving law has been repealed, but rather sanctioned; therefore,

10th. Resolved, That we recognize the necessity of a more thorough consecration of our means to God, and urge our people to aim at giving more largely and liberally to the Lord.

11th. That since total abstinence is a duty plainly taught in the Scriptures, and since the evils of intemperance are so flagrant and subversive of happiness, therefore, we pledge ourselves to practice and teach it as our only hope of realizing our true ideal of manhood.

12th. In view of the divinely ordained exercise of fasting and the God-approved custom of our fathers, who observed the Friday previous to each quarterly meeting occasion as a day of fasting and prayer with marked results in spiritual power and blessing; and each of our traveling preachers being enjoined by our book of discipline to appoint such a day; therefore,

13th. Resolved, That we as the ministers of Centre District recognize it as our duty to observe such a day.

14th. That we deplore the fact that our national government has failed to embrace the opportunity to give to the inhabitants of the Philippines a true idea of a Christian nation, but has instead thereof planted the iniquitous saloon system by raising our national stars and stripes over the four hundred saloons in Manila, for the existence of which our government is responsible.

15th. That we appreciate this auspicious hour in having the honor of living in the close of the 19th and the opening of the 20th century; and therefore put forth a proper effort in making an appropriate offering to God, showing our gratitude for this honored privilege.

16th. That we extend our sincere thanks to the kind friends of this community for the generous hospitality shown us during our stay among them, praying that God be with them till we meet again.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache, Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

The Standard Sewing Machine.



Every Mechanic

Will vouch for the superiority of Rotary over Vibrating Shuttle Machines. You will only require one in this life. It will outlast any human frame.

Every Standard

Rotary makes both Lock and Chain Stitch.

Reasons for Buying a High Speed "Standard" Rotary Shuttle Two-in-One Sewing Machine. Makes 176 Stitches While Others Make 100.

- 1 The "Standard" Rotary has the biggest bobbin of any lock stitch machine. Holds 100 yards of No 80 cotton.
- 2 Bobbin more quickly wound.
- 3 The first Stitch perfect without holding ends of threads.
- 4 The tension is released when taking out the goods.
- 5 The finest goods are not drawn or puckered.
- 6 Less noise than any other machine.
- 7 RUNS 75 PER CENT. LIGHTER THAN OLD STYLE MACHINES.
- 8 Is the most rapid sewer—makes two motions of the treadle to three of other machines in sewing the same length seam.
- 9 Tension not changed by change of speed, size of thread, thickness of goods nor length of stitch—what other machine can do as much?
- 10 Most elastic stitch. Thread does not break when seam is stretched.
- 11 Does not break thread when machine is run backwards.
- 12 The "Standard" Rotary Needle dips only once when making a stitch—old style shuttle needles dip twice—hence that much more strain and wear.
- 13 The "Standard" Rotary Shuttle never stops when the machine is in operation. Old style shuttles start and stop twice to each stitch. Just think of the extra strain and wear that this makes! The "Standard" Rotary Shuttle moves onward continuously without a jar.
- 14 Shortest needle used in lock-stitch machines—therefore less liable to bend and skip stitches.
- 15 Owing to the construction of the shuttle and face, the point of the shuttle always comes in proper relation to the loop, hence almost absolute freedom from stitch skipping.
- 16 Shuttle so constructed that it cannot hit the needle—hence no broken needles from this cause.
- 17 Protection and packing of needle bar and construction of take-up and feed make less liability to oil goods than in other machines.
- 18 The face plate can be taken off by a thumb-screw, thus enabling the operator to clean and oil the parts without displacing any of them.
- 19 Feed motions all positive—no springs used—hence machine will feed over all thicknesses of goods and seam without "chewing" the cloth, no matter what the length of stitch.
- 20 Will wear twice as long as other lock-stitch machines.
- 21 Every part is independent of every other part, and can be replaced at a trifling cost. Therefore you can keep a "Standard" Rotary practically a new life-time.
- 22 Brand new set of attachments, self adjusting, and fastened to the presser bar in place of the foot.
- 23 Stand wheel and treadle run on adjustable steel points, which insures the easiest, smoothest bearings known to mechanics, and the wear is for a life-time.
- 24 Bent woodwork of the finest construction and finish known to art.
- 25 Automatic keyless drawer and cover locks, peculiar to the "Standard."

The "Standard" Sewing Machine Co.

Represented by SARA C. BRICKLEY,

Cor. Spring and Bishop Sts.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

THE GLOBE

You Know Nothing

of our resources and possibilities of selling you merchandise at less cost than you pay elsewhere. Can't you come in this week. Actual proof is more convincing than say-so. Take a few spare moments to look at a few of these.

Wash Fabrics.

We thought of you when we were buying this lot we are telling you about; 35 pieces in all. Priced at 10c. and 12c. The 10c. kind are easily worth 14c.; the 12c. ones are reproductions of regular 20c. goods, dainty colorings—all fast. Patterns consist of rings, dots, stripes, bow knots and Fleurde Lis. There are no more to be had when these are gone. Don't put it off; COME NOW.

White Lawns and India Linens

have advanced in price. Nothing so suitable as these for white waists. Ours were bought last year. We anticipated the advance and bought heavily, consequently you can buy at same low figures at which we always sold these. Its a saving to you. Will you appreciate it?

Wash Chiffon.

Exclusive sale for this goods. 48 inches wide, 45c. per yard. Looks like Swiss and washes perfectly.

Persian Lawn 25c | Remnant of 25c. white P. K. 17c
Soft Muller 25c | Nainsook 15c

Special in Umbrellas.

26 inch frame, cocoa wood handle, steel rod, gloria silk, warranted not to fade or crock, \$1.25 value, 98c.

Millinery.

Lady-Smith Hats, Trimmed Sailors, Straw Walking Hats, New Shapes in Felts to be found in greatest variety only at

THE GLOBE

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BELLEFONTE, PA.